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### Granted by their Majesties

# King WILLIAM

AND Stylound

# Queen MARY,

TOTHE

## INHABITANTS

OF THE

## PROVINCE

OF THE

Massachusetts-Bay

IN

## NEW-ENGLAND.

#### Boston in New-England :

Printed and Sold by Samuel Enceland and Timothy Green, by Order of His Excellency the GOVERNOUR, Council and House of Representatives. MDCCXLII.

86 M. P. C 127,150 By Ersh. Abon. 19.72.

#### The CHARTER of the Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New England.



ILLIAM and MARY, by the Grace of GOD, King and Queen of England, Scotland, France and Ireland, Defenders of the Faith, &c. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting. Whereas His late Majesty King James the first, Our Royal That K. Predecessor, by his Letters Patents under the Great games I. Seal of England, bearing Date at Westminster the granted to the third Day of November, in the eighteenth Year of Council at his Reign, did give and grant unto the Council Devon. established at Plymouth in the County of Devon, for the Planting, Ruling, Ordering and Governing of

New England in America, and to their Successions and Affigns, all that Part of All that Part America lying and being in Breadth from forty Degrees of Northerly Latitude, of America from the Equinoctial Line to the forty eighth Degree of the faid Northerly Latitude, Degrees Nor. inclusively, and in Length of and within all the Breadth aforefaid throughout Latitude, all the Main Lands, from Sea to Sea, together also with all the firm Lands, Soils, Grounds, Havens, Ports, Rivers, Waters, Fifhings, Mines and Minerals, as well Royal Mines of Gold and Silver, as other Mines and Minerals, Precious Stones, Quarries, and all and fingular other Commodities, Jurisdictions, Royalties,

Priviledges, Franchifes and Preheminences, both within the faid Tract of Land, upon the Main, and also within the Islands and Seas adjoining: Provided always, that the faid Lands, Islands, or any the Premises by the faid Letters Patents intended or meant to be granted, were not then actually poffessed or inhabited by any other Christian Prince or State, or within the Bounds, Limits of Territories of the Southern Colony, then before granted by the faid late King Fames the first,

ditaments, and Precincts, Seas, Waters, Fishings, with all and all manner of their Commodities, Royalties, Liberties, Preheminences and Profits that should

by divers of his Subjects in the South Parts : To have and to hold, possess and To hold in enjoy, all and fingular the aforefaid Continent Lands, Territories, Islands, Here-Fee.

from thenceforth arise from thence, with all and singular their Appurtenances, and every Part and Parcel thereof, unto the faid Council, and their Successors and Affigns for ever to the fole and proper Ufe and Benefit of the faid Council, and their Succeffors and Affigns for ever: To be holden of his faid late Majesty King James the first, his Heirs and Succeffors, as of his Mannor of East Greenwich in the County of Kent, in free and common Sockage, and not in Capite, or by Knights Service : Yielding and Paying therefore to the faid late King, his Heirs and Succeffors, the Paying the fifth Part of the Oar of Gold and Silver, which should from Time to Time, and fifth Part of at all Times then after happen to be found, gotten, had and obtained, in, at, or Gold and Silwithin any of the faid Lands, Limits, Territories or Precincts, or in, or within ver.

any Part or Parcel thereof, for or in Respect of all and all manner of Duties, De-

more at large appeareth:) and whereas the faid Council established at Plymouth in the County of Devon, for the Planting, Ruling, Ordering and Governing of New England in America, did by their Deed indented under their Common Seal, That the bearing Date the Nineteenth Day of March, in the third Year of the Reign of Councilar Ply Our Royal Grand-Father King Charles the first, of ever blessed the most granted our Royal Grand-Father King Charles the first, of ever blessed mouth grant, bargain, fell, enseoff, alien and confirm to Sir Henry Rosevell, Sir John Young, Resealt and Knights, Thomas Southcott, John Humphreys, John Endicott, and Simon Whetcombe, others. their Heirs and Affigs, and their Afficiates for ever, all that Part of New England in America aforefaid, which lies and extends between a great River there, England by commonly called Monomack, alias Merimack, and a certain other River there calcertain

mands and Services whatfoever, to be done, made or paid to the faid late King James the first, his Heirs and Successors (as in and by the faid Letters Patents, amongst fundry other Clauses, Powers, Priviledges and Grants therein contained,

led Charles River, being in a Bottom of a certain Bay there commonly called Bounds.

Maffachusetts,

Maffachusetts, alias Mattachusetts, alias Maffatusetts-Bay, and also all and singular those Lands and Hereditaments whatsoever, lying within the space of three English Miles on the South Part of the faid Charles River, or of any and every Part thereof; and also all and fingular the Lands and Hereditaments whatsoever, lying and being within the space of three English Miles to the Southward of the fouthermost Part of the faid Bay called the Massachusetts, alias Mattachusetts, alias Massatusetts-Bay; and also all those Lands and Hereditaments whatsoever which lie and be within the space of three English Miles to the Northward of the faid River called Manomack alias Merimack, or to the Northward of any and every Part thereof, and all Lands and Hereditaments whatfoever lying within the Limits aforefaid North and South in Latitude, and in Breadth, and in Length, and Longitude, of and within all the Breadth aforefaid throughout the Main Lands there, from the Atlantick and Western Sea and Ocean on the East Part to the South Sea on the West Part, and all Lands and Grounds, Place and Places, Soil, Woods and Wood-Grounds, Havens, Ports, Rivers, Waters, Fishings and Hereditaments whatfoever, lying within the faid Bounds and Limits, and every Part and Parcel thereof; and also all Islands lying in America aforesaid, in the said Seas, or either of them on the Western or Eastern Coasts or Parts of the said Tracts of Land, by the faid Indenture mentioned to be given and granted, bargained, fold, enfeoffed, alien'd and confirmed, or any of them; and also all Mines and Minerals, as well Royal Mines of Gold and Silver, as other Mines and Minerals whatfoever in the faid Lands and Premiffes, or any Part thereof, and all Jurisdictions, Rights, Royalties, Liberties, Freedoms, Immunities, Priviledges, Franchifes, Preheminences and Commodities whatfoever, which they the faid Council established at Plymouth in the County of Devon, for the Planting, Ruling, Ordering and Governing of New England in America, then had, or might use, exercise or enjoy, in or within the said Lands and Premises, by the same Indenture mentioned to be given, granted, bargained, fold, enfeoffed and confirmed, in or within any Part or Parcel thereof: To have and to hold the faid Part of New England in America, which lies and extends, and is abutted as aforefaid, and every Part and Parcel thereof; and all the faid Islands, Rivers, Ports, Havens, Waters, Fishings, Mines, Minerals, Jurisdictions, Franchises, Royalties, Liberties, Priviledges, Commodities, Hereditaments and Premifes whatfoever, with the Appurtenances, unto the faid Sir Henry Rofwell, Sir John Young, Thomas Southcott, John Humphreys, John Endicott, and Simon Whetcombe, their Heirs and Affigns and their Affociates for ever, to the only proper and abfolute Use and Behoof of the faid Sir Henry Rofwell, Sir Toung, Thomas Southcost, John Humphreys, John Endicott, and Simon Whetcombe, their Heirs and Assigns and their Associates for evermore: To be holden of our faid Royal Grand-sather father King Charles the First, his Heirs and Successors, as of his Mannor of East Greenwich in the County of Kent, in free and common Sockage, and not in Capite nor by Nights Service, yielding and paying therefore unto Our faid RoyalGrandfather, his Heirs and Successors, the fifth Part of the Oar of Gold and Silver which should from Time to Time, and at all Times hereafter happen to be found, gotten, had and obtained in any of the faid Lands within the faid Limits, or in or within any Part thereof, for and in Satisfaction of all Manner of Duties, Demands and Services whatfoever, to be done, made or paid to Our faid Royal Grandfather, his Heirs or Succeffors (as in and by the faid recited Indenture may That K James more at large appear. And Whereas Our faid Royal Grandfather in and by his I. by Letters Letters Patents under the Great Seal of England, bearing Date at Westminster the Patents con fourth Day of March, in the fourth Year of his Reign, for the Confideration firm to Sir fourth Day of March, in the fourth Year of his Reign, for the Confideration firm to Sir Happy Robertly, Sir Henry Rofwell therein mentioned, did grant and confirm unto the faid Sir Henry Rofwell, Sir John Young, Thomas Southcott, John Humphreys, John Endicott, and Simon Whetcombe, and to their Affociates after named, viz. Sir Ralph Saltonstall, Knight, Isaac Johnson, Samuel Aldersey, John Ven, Matthew Craddock, George Harwood, all these Vaffall, Theophilus Eaton, Thomas Goffe, Thomas Adams, John Brown, Lands before Samuel Brown, Thomas Hutchins, William Vaffall, William Pincheon, and George Foncroft, their Heirs and Assigns, all the said Part of New England in America, lying and extending between the Bounds and Living in the Samuel Brown.

ture expressed, and all Lands and Grounds, Place and Places, Soils, Woods and

To hold in Fce.

paying &c.

and others,

Wood Grounds, Havens, Ports, Rivers, Waters, Mines, Minerals, Jurisdictions, Rights, Royalties, Liberties, Freedoms, Immunities, Priviledges, Franchifes, Preheminences and Hereditaments whatfoever; bargained, fold, enfeoffed and confirmed, or mentioned or intended to be given, granted, bargained, fold, enfeoffed, aliened and confirmed to them the faid Sir Henry Rofwell, Sir John Young, To have and to hold the faid Part of New England in America, and other the Premifes thereby mentioned to be granted and confirmed, and every Part and Parcel thereof, with the Appurtenances, to the faid Sir Henry Rofwell, Sir John Young, Sir Richard Saltonstall, Thomas Southcott, John Humphreys, John Endicott, Toung, St. Kibertombe, Ilaac Johnson, Samuel Aldersey, John Ven, Matthew Craddock, George Harwood, Increase Nowell, Richard Perry, Richard Bellingham, Nathanael Wright, Samuel Vaffal, Theophilus Eaton, Thomas Goffe, Thomas Adams, John Brown, Samuel Brown, Thomas Hutchins, William Vaffall, William Pincheon, and George Fexeroft, their Heirs and Affigns for ever, to their only proper and absolute Use and Behoof for evermore: To be holden of our faid Royal Grandfather, his Heirs and Succeffors, as of his Mannor of *Eaft Greenwich* aforefaid, in free and common Sockage, and not in Capite nor by Knights Service; and also yielding and paying therefore to Our faid Royal Grandfather, his Heirs and Succeffors, the fifth Part only of all the Oar of Gold and Silver which from Time to Time and at all Times after should be there gotten, had or obtained, for all Services, Exactions and Demands whatfoever, according to the Tenor and Refervation in the faid recited Indenture expressed. And further Our faid Royal Grandfather by the faid Letters Patents did give and grant unto the faid Sir Henry Rofwell, Sir John Young, Sir Richard Saltonstall, Thomas Southcott, John Humphreys, John Endicott, Simon Whetcombe, Ijaac Johnson, Samuel Aldersey, John Ven, Matthew Craddock, George Harwood, Increase Nowell, Richard Perry, Richard Bellingham, Nathanael Wright, SamuelVassall, Theophilus Eaton, Thomas Gosse, Thomas Adams, John Brown, Samuel Brown, Thomas Hutchins, William Vasfall, William Pincheon, and George Foxcroft, their Heirs and Affigns, all that Part of New England in America, which lies and extends between a great River called Monomack, alias Merimack River, and a certain other River there called Charles River, being in the bottom of a certain Bay there commonly called Maffachufetts, alias Mattachufetts, by certain alias Maffatufetts-Bay; and also all and singular those Lands and Hereditaments Deferipions. whatfoever, lying within the space of three English Miles, on the South Part of the faid River called Charles River, or of any or every Part thereof; and also all and fingular the Lands and Hereditaments whatfoever, lying and being within the space of three English Miles to the Southward of the southermost Part of the faid Bay called Maffachusetts, alias Mattachusetts, alias Maffatusetts-Bay; and also all those Lands and Hereditaments whatsoever, which lie and be within the space of three English Miles to the Northward of the faid River called Monomack alias Merimack, or to the Northward of any and every Part thereof, and all Lands and Hereditaments whatfoever lying within the Limits aforefaid, North and South in Latitude, and Breadth, and in Length and Longitude, of and within all the breadth aforefaid throughout the Main Lands there, from the Atlantick or Western Sea and Ocean on the East Part, to the South Sea on the West Part; and all Lands and Grounds, Place and Places, Soils, Woods and Wood-Lands, Havens, Ports, Rivers, Waters and Hereditaments whatfoever, lying within the faid Bounds and Limits, and every Part and Parcel thereof; and also all Islands in America aforesaid, in the faid Seas, or either of them on the Western or Eastern Coasts or Parts of the faid Tracts of Lands, thereby mentioned to be given and granted, or any of them; and all Mines and Minerals, as well Royal Mines of Gold and Silver as other Mines and Minerals whatfoever in the faid Lands and Premifes, or any Part thereof; and free Liberty of Fishing in or within any of the Rivers and Waters within the Bounds and Limits aforefaid, and the Seas thereunto adjoining; and of all Fishes, Royal Fishes, Whales, Balene, Sturgeon, and other Fishes of what Kind or Nature foever, that should at any Time thereafter be taken in or within the faid Seas or Waters, or any of them, by the faid Sir Henry Roftvell, Sir John Young, Sir Richard Saltonstall, Thomas Southcott, John Humphreys, John Endicott, Simon Whotcombe, Isaac Johnson, Samuel Aldersey, John Ven, Masthew Craddot.

George Harwood, Increase Nowell, Richard Perry, Richard Bellingham, Nathanael Wright, Samuel Vassall, Theophilus Eaton, Thomas Gosse, Thomas Adams, John Brown, Samuel Brown, Thomas Hutchins, William Vassall, William Pincheon, and George Foxcroft, their Heirs or Affigns, or by any other Person or Persons whatfoever there inhabiting, by them or any of them to be appointed to fifh therein. Provided they Provided always, that if the faidLands, Islands, or any the Premises before mentioned, and by the faid Letters Patents last mentioned, intended and meant to be granted, trench on any were at the Time of the granting of the faid former Letters Patents, dated the third Day ons or Rights. of November, in the Eighteenth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King James the first, actually possessed or inhabited by any other Christian Prince or State, or were within the Bounds, Limits or Territories of the faid fouthern Colony then before granted by the faid King, to be planted by divers of his loving Subjects in the South Parts of America, That then the faid Grant of Our faid RoyalGrandfather should not extend to any such Parts or Parcels thereof so formerly inhabited, or lying within the Bounds of the Southern Plantation as aforefaid. those Parts or Parcels so possessed or inhabited by any such Christian Prince or State, or being within the Boundaries aforefaid, should be utterly void: To have and to hold possess and enjoy the said Parts of New England in America, which lie, extend, and are abutted as aforefaid, and every Part and Parcel thereof; and all the Illands, Rivers, Ports, Havens, Waters, Fishings, Fishes, Mines, Minerals, Jurisdictions, Franchises, Royalties, Liberties, Priviledges, Commodities, and Premises whatsoever, with the Appurtenances, unto the faid Sir Henry Roswell,

Sir John Young, Sir Richard Saltonstall, Thomas Southcott, John Humphreys, John Endicott, Simon Whetcombe, Isaac Johnson, Samuel Aldersey, John Ven, Matthew Craddock, George Harwood, Increase Nowell, Richard Perry, Richard Bellingham, Nathanael Wright, Samuel Vaffall, Theophilus Eaton, Thomas Goffe, Thomas Adams, John Brown, Samuel Brown, Thomas Hutchins, William Vaffall, William Pincheon, and George Foxcroft, their Heirs and Affigns for ever: To the only proper and absolute Use and Behoof of the said Sir Henry Roswell, Sir John Young, Sir Richard Saltonstall, Thomas Southcott, John Humphreys, John Endicott, Simond Whetcombe, Isaac Johnson, Samuel Aldersey, John Ven, Matthew Craddock, George Harwood, Increase Nowell, Richard Perry, Richard Bellingham, Nathanael Wright, Samuel Vassall, Theophilus Eaton, Thomas Goffe, Thomas Adams, John Brown, Samuel

To hold in Fee,

paying &cc.

And made politic.

Brown, Thomas Hutchins, William Vasfall, William Pincheon, and George Foxcroft, their Heirs and Affigns for evermore: To be holden of Our faid Royal Grandfather, his Heirs and Successors, as of his Mannor of East Greenwich in the County of Kent, within the Realm of England, in free and common Sockage, and not in Capite nor by Knights Service: And also yielding and paying therefore to Our faid Royal Grandfather, his Heirs and Succeffors, the fifth Part only of all the Oar of Gold and Silver which from Time to Time and at all Times hereafter, should be gotten, had or obtained for all Services, Exactions and Demands whatfoever. Provided always, and His Majefties express Will and meaning was, that only one fifth Part of all the Gold and Silver Oar abovementioned in the whole, and no more should be answered, reserved or payable untoOur faid Royal Grandfather, his Heirs and Succeffors, by Colour or Vertue of the faid last mentioned Letters Patents, the double Refervations or Recitals aforefaid, any Thing therein contained notwithstanding. And to the End that the Affairs and Business which them a Body from Time to Time should happen and arise concerning the faid Lands, and the Plantations of the fame, might be the better managed and ordered, and for the good Government thereof, Our faid Royal GrandfatherKing Charles the first, did by his faid Letters Patents create and make the faid Sir Henry Rofwell, Sir John Young, Sir Richard Saltonstall, Thomas Southcott, John Humphreys, John Endicott Simon Whetcombe, Isaac Johnson, Samuel Aldersey, John Ven, Matthew Craddock, George Harwood, Increase Nowell, Richard Perry, Richard Bellingham, Nathanael Wright, Samuel Vasfall, and Theophilus Eaton, Thomas Goffe, Thomas Adams, John Brown, Samuel Brown, Thomas Hutchins, William Vaffall, William Pincheon, and George Foxeroft, and all fuch others as should thereafter be admitted and made free of the Company and Society therein after mentioned, one Body politique and corporate in Fact and Name, by the Name of the Governour and Company of the Massachusetts-Bay in New England, and did grant unto them and their Successors divers Powers, Liberties and Priviledges, as in and by the faid Letters Patents.

Patents may more fully and at large appear. And, Whereas the faid Gover- Whereupon nour and Company of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, by Vertue of the they settled a faid Letters Patents did fettle a Colony of the English in the faid Parts of America, became very and divers good Subjects of this Kingdom, encouraged and invited by the faid populous. Letters Patents, did Transport themselves and their Effects into the same, whereby the faid Plantation did become very populous, and divers Counties, Towns and Places, were created, erected, made, fet forth, or defigned within the faid Parts of America, by the faid Governour and Company for the Time being: And whereas in the Term of the Holy Trinity, in the thirty fixth Year That in 1684 of the Reign of our dearest Uncle King Charles the Second, a Judgment was of Chamery a given in Our Court of Chamery then sitting at Westminster, upon a Writ of Judgment Scire facias, brought and profecuted in the faid Court against the Governour was given that and Company of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, that the faid Letters those Letters Patents of Our faid Royal Grand-Father King Charles the First, bearing Date should be canat Westminster the 4th Day of March, in the fourth Year of his Reign, made celled vacaned and granted to the faid Governour and Company of the Maffachufetts-Bay in and annihilatand grantest to the last Correction and Company of the Manjacongers-hay in da, and final Men. Mew. England, and the Enrollment of the fame, should be cancelled vacated and annihilated, and should be brought into the faid Court to be cancelled, (as in the Court to and by the faid Judgment remaining upon Record in the faid Court doth more be cancelled. at large appear: ) And whereas feveral Persons employed as Agents in behalf of Our faid Colony of the Maffachusetts-Bay in New-England, have made their humble Application unto us, That We would be graciously pleased by Our The Agents Royal Charter to incorporate Our Subjects in Our faid Colony, and to grant of that Colo-and confirm unto them fuch Powers, Priviledges and Franchizes as in Our to re-in-Royal Wisdom, should be thought most conducing to Our Interest and Service, corporated. and to the Welfare and happy State of Our Subjects in New-England: And We being graciously pleased to gratify Our said Subjects; and also to the End Our good Subjects within Our Colony of New-Plymouth in New-England aforefaid, may be brought under fuch a Form of Government, as may put them in a better Condition of Defence, and confidering as well the granting unto them as unto Our Subjects in the faid Colony of the Massachuseus-Day Our Royal Charter, with reasonable Powers and Priviledges, will much tend not only to the fafety, but to the flourishing Estate of Our Subjects in the faid Parts of New-England, and also to the advancing of the Ends for which the faid Plantations were at first encouraged; of Our special Grace, certain Knowledge, and K, William & meerMotion, have willed and ordained, and We do by these Presents for Us, Our Q Mary unite Heirs and Successors Will and Ordain, That the Territories and Colonies com- the Massachumonly called or known by the Names of the Colony of the Maffachusetts-Bay, fetts New-Plyand Colony of New-Plymouth, the Province of Main, the Territory called Accada, mouth and the or Nova-Scotia; and all that Tract of Land lying between the faid Territories Main & Novaof Nova-Scotia, and the faid Province of Main, be erected, united and incor- Scotia &c. into porated: And We do by these Presents unite, erect and incorporate the same one real Prointo one Real Province by the Name of Our Province of the Maffachusetts-Bay in New-England; and of Our especial Grace, certain Knowledge, and meer Motion, We have given and granted, and by these Presents, for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, do give and grant unto Our good Subjects, the Inhabitants And grant to of Our faid Province or Territory of the Maffachusetts-Bay, and their Successors, the Intabiall that Part of New-England in America, lying and extending from the great Lands herein River commonly called Monomack, alias Merimack, on the North Part, and from bounded and three Miles Northward of the faid River to the Atlantick or Western Sea or described. Ocean on the South Part, and all the Lands and Hereditaments what foever lying within the Limits aforefaid, and extending as far as the outermost Points or Promontories of Land called Cape-Cod, and Cape Malabar North and South, and inLatitude, Breadth, and in Length and Longitude, of and within all the Baredth and Compass aforesaid throughout the main Land there, from the said Atlantick or Western Sea, and Ocean on the East Part towards the South Sea, or Westward as far as our Colonies of Rhode-Island, Connecticut, and the Narragansett Country: And also all that Part and Portion of main Land, beginning at the Entrance of Pifcataway Harbour, and fo to pass up the same into the River of Newichwannock, and through the fame into the furthest Head thereof, and from thence North-Westward, till one hundred and twenty Miles be finished,

and from Pifcataway Harbour Mouth aforefaid North-Eaftward along the Sea Coast to Sagadebock, and from the Period of one hundred and twenty Miles aforesaid to cross over Land to the one hundred and twenty Miles before reckoned up into the Land from Piscataway Harbour through Newichwannock River, and also the North half of the Isles of Shoals, together with the Isles of Capawock, and Nantuckett near Cape-Cod aforefaid, and alfoLands and Hereditaments lying and being in the Country and Territory commonly called Accadia, or Nova-Scotia, and all those Lands and Hereditaments lying and extending between the faid Country or Territory of Nova-Scotia, and the faid River of Sagadebock, or any Part thereof; and all Lands, Grounds, Places, Soils, Woods and Wood-Grounds, Havens, Ports, Rivers, Waters, and other Hereditaments and Premifes whatfoever, lying within the faid Bounds and Limits aforefaid, and every Part and Parcel thereof: And also all Islands and Islets lying within ten Leagues directly opposite to the main Land within the said Bounds: And all Mines and Minerals, as well Royal Mines of Gold and Silver, as other Mines and Minerals whatfoever in the faid Lands and Premifes, or any Part thereof. To hold in To have and to hold, the faid Territories, Tracts, Countries, Lands, Hereditaments, and all and fingular other the Premises, with their and every of their Appurtenants to our faid Subjects the Inhabitants of our faid Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, and their Successors to their only proper Use and Behoof for evermore, To be holden of Us, Our Heirs and Successors, as of our Mannor of East-Greenwich, in the County of Kent, by Fealty only in Paying, &c. free and common Sockage: Yielding and paying therefore yearly to Us, Our Heirs and Succeffors, the fifth Part of all Gold and Silver Oar, and Precious Stones which shall from time to time, and at all Times hereafter, happen to be found, gotten had and obtained in any of the faid Lands and Premifes, All Lands, or within any Part thereof: Provided nevertheless, and we do for Us, Our Heirs and Succeffors grant and ordain, that all and every fuch Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, and all other Estates, which any Person or Persons, or Bodies Politick, or Corporate, Towns, Villages, Colleges or Schools, do hold and enjoy, or ought to hold and enjoy, within the Bounds aforefaid, by or under any Grant or Estate duly made or granted by any General Court formerly held, or by Virtue of the Letters Patents herein before recited, or by any other Lawful Right or Title whatfoever, shall be by fuch Person and Persons, Bodies Politick and Coporate, Towns, Villages, Colleges, or Schools, their respective Heirs, Succeffors and Affigns for ever, hereafter held and enjoyed, according to the purport and intent of fuch respective Grant, under and subject nevertheless to the Rents and Services thereby reserved or made payable, any Matter A faving for or Thing whatfoever to the contrary notwithstanding. And provided also, That Samuel Allen's nothing herein contained shall extend, or be understood or taken, to impeach or prejudice any Right, Title, Interest or Demand, which Samuel Allen of London, Merchant, claiming from and under John Majon, Esq. deceased, or any other Person or Persons, hath or have, or claimeth to have, hold or enjoy, of, into, or out of any Part or Parts of the Premises situate within the Limits above mentioned: But that the faid Samuel Allen, and all and every fuch Person and Persons, may and shall have, hold and enjoy the same in such Manner Conveyances (and no other than) as if these Presents had not been had or made. It being our further Will and Pleasure, That no Grants or Conveyances of any Lands, ced for want Tenements or Hereditaments to any Towns, Colleges, Schools of Learning or to any private Person or Persons, shall be judged or taken, to be avoided or prejudiced, for, or by Reason of any want or defect of Form, but that the fame stand and remain in force, and be maintained and adjudged, and have effect Governour, in the fame Manner as the fame should or ought before the Time of the faid renor and Secre- cited Judgment, according to the Laws and Rules then and there usually practifed noranoecretary appoint and allowed. And we do further, for Us, Our Heirs and Succeffors, will, esta-ed by the blish and ordain, That from henceforth for ever there shall be one Governour; one Lieutenant, or Deputy-Governour; and one Secretary of Our faid Province or Territory, to be from time to time Appointed and Commissionated by Us, OurHeirs and Succeffors; and eight and twenty Affiftants, or Councellors, to be advising and affifting to the Governour of Our faid Province or Territory for the Time being, as by these Presents is hereafter directed and appointed:

Which

Hereditaments, &. formerly granted to any Town, College, or School of Learning, confirm'd.

Claim.

Grants or not prejudiof Form.

And ordain that there shall be a King. Eight and Twenty Counfellors as hereafter

is expecft.

Which faid Counfellors or Affiftants are to be conflituted, elected and chosen in fuch Form and Manner as hereafter in these Presents is expressed. And for the better Execution of Our Royal Pleasure and Grant in this behalf, We do by these Presents, for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, nominate, ordain, make and constitute Our trusty and well-beloved Simon Broadstreet, John Richards, The Name. Nathanael Saltonstall, Wait Wintbrop, John Phillips, James Russell, Samuel Seevall, of the first Samuel Appleton, Bartholomew Gedney, John Hawthorn, Elisha Hutchinson, Robert or Assistants.

Pike, Jonathan Carwin, John Jolliffe, Adam Winthrop, Richard Middlecot, John Foster, Peter Serjeant, Joseph Lynd, Samuel Heyman, Stephen Mason, Thomas Hinkley, William Bradford, John Walley, Barnabas Lothrop, Joh Alcot, Samuel Daniel, and Silvanus Davis, Elgrs, the first and present Counsellors or Affistants of Our said To continue Province; to continue in their faid respective Offices or Trusts of Counsellors until May, or Affistants until the last Wednesday in May, which shall be in the Year of Our 1693 and un-Lord one Thousand fix Hundred ninety and three, and until other Counfellors or ti Others are Affistants shall be chosen and appointed in their stead, in such Manner as in these Presents is expressed. And we do further by these Presents constitute and appoint Our trufty and well-beloved Isaac Addington, Esq; to be Our first and appointed. present Secretary of Our said Province, during Our Pleasure. And Our Will The Goverand Pleafure is, That the Governour of Our faid Province for the time being, shall nour may aften the have Authority, from time to time, at his Discretion, to affemble and call together Counsellors& the Counsellors or Assistants, of Our said Province for the time being: And that with seven the faid Governour, with the faid Affiftants or Counfellors or feven of them at the leaft, shall and may from time to time hold and keep a Council for the ordering and directing the Affairs of Our faid Province.

And further, We will, and Court to be by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, do ordain and grant, that held the last these shall and may be conversed held and held and last the state of the conversed held and last the state of the sta there shall and may be convened, held and kept by the Governour for the time Wednesday in May annually being upon every last Wednesday in the Month of May, every Year, for ever, and &c. at all fuch other times as the Governour of Our faid Province shall think fit and To confift of appoint, a Great and General Court or Affembly; which faid Great and General the Gover-Court or Affembly shall confist of the Governour and Council or Affistants for and such Freethe time being; and of fuch Freeholders of Our faid Province or Territory as holders as shall be from time to time elected or deputed by the major Part of the Freehol- shall be elecders, and other Inhabitants of the respective Towns or Places who shall be pre-fent at such Elections; each of the said Towns and Places being hereby im-prective powered to elect and depute two Persons and no more to serve for and repre- Towns. fent them respectively in the faid Great and General Court or Assembly. To Each Town which Great and General Court or Affembly to be held as aforefaid, We do may electric hereby, for Us, Our Heirs and Succeffors, give and grant full Power and Authority from time to time to direct, appoint and declare what Number each County, Town and Place shall elect and depute to serve for, and represent them respectively in the said Great and General Court or Assembly. Provided always, Qualification That no Freeholder, or other Person, shall have a Vote in the Election of Mem- of the Electors bers to serve in any Great and General Court or Assembly to be held as aforefaid, who at the time of fuch Election shall not have an Estate of Freehold in Land within Our faid Province or Territory, to the Value of Forty Shillings, per Annum at the leaft; or other Estate to the Value of Forty Pounds Sterling : And that every Person who shall be so elected, shall, before he sit or act in the said Great and General Court or Affembly, take the Oaths mentioned in an Att of Parliament made in the first Year of Our Reign, Entitled, An Act for abrogating of theOaths of Allegiance and Supremacy, and appointing otherOaths, and there-taken &c. by by appointed to be taken instead of the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy : the Represen-And shall make, repeat and subscribe the Declaration mentioned in the faid Act, tatives, before the Governour and Lieutenant or Deputy Governour, or any two of the Affiftants for the time being, who shall be thereunto authorized and appointed by Our faidGovernour. And that the Governour for the time being shall have The Govern full Power and Authority from time to time, as he shall judge necessary, to ad-nour to Adjourn, prorogue and diffolve all Great and General Courts or Affemblies met journ, progue and and conven'd as aforefaid. And Our Will and Pleafure is, and we do hereby, Diffolior the for Us, Our Heirs and Succeffors, grant establish and ordain, that yearly, once GeneralCourt in every Year for ever hereafter, the aforefaid Number of eight and twenty Counfellors or Affiftants shall be by the General Court or Affembly newly chosen; That is to say, Eighteen at least of the Inhabitants of, or Proprietors of Lands within

The Names

of fuch Counfellors or Affiftants fo dying or removed. And We do further grant and ordain. That it shall and may be lawful for the saidGovernour, with the Advice and Confent of the Council or Affiftants, from time to time, to

Appointment of Officers be made without Notice first given, or Summons iffued out feven Days before fuch Nomination or Appointment, unto fuch of the

The Coun- within the Territory formerly called the Colony of the Maffachusetts-Bay; and

fellors to be four at the least of the Inhabitants of, or Proprietors of Lands within the Terchosen yearly ritory formerly called New-Plymouth; and three at the least of the Inhabitants Qualification. of, or Proprietors of Lands within the Territory formerly called the Province of Main; and One at the least of the Inhabitants of, or Proprietors of Land within the Territory lying between the River of Sagadehock and Nova-Scotia. And that the faid Counfellors or Affiftants or any of them, shall or may at any time hereafter be removed or displaced from their respective Places or Trust of Counfellors or Affiftants by any Great or General Court or Affembly; and that if any To be sup of the faid Counsellors or Affistants shall happen to die, or be removed, as aplyed upon foresaid, before the general Day of Election, that then, and in every such Case, the Great and General Court or Affembly, at their first fitting may proceed to a new Election of one or more Counfellors or Affiftants, in the Room or Place

Occafion.

Judges, She- nominate and appoint Judges, Commissioners of Oyer and Terminer, Sheriffs, riffs, Juffices, Provosts, Marshals, Juffices of the Peace, and other Officers, to Our Council and to be appoin. Courts of Justice belonging. Provided always, that no such Nomination or

Governour Lieutenant Governour,

faid Counfellors or Affiftants as shall be at that time residing within Our said Province. And Our Will and Pleasure is, That the Governour, and Lieutenant or Deputy-Governour and Counfellors or Affiftants for the time being, and all other Officers to be appointed or chosen, as aforesaid, shall, before the undertak-Counsellors ing the Execution of their Offices and Places respectively, take their several and other Officers respective Oaths for the due and faithful Performance of their Duties in their take the feveral and respective Offices and Places; and also the Oaths appointed by the faid Act of Parliament made in the first Year of OurReign, to be taken instead of the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy; and shall make, repeat and sub-Before whom, feribe the Declaration mentioned in the faid Act, before fuch Person or Persons as are by these Presents herein after appointed: (That is to say,) The Governour of Our faid Province or Territory, for the time being, shall take the faid Oaths, and make, repeat and subscribe the faid Declaration before the Lieutenant or Deputy-Governour; or, in his Absence, before any two or more of the said Persons hereby nominated and appointed the prefent Counfellors or Affiftants of Our faid Pro-vince or Territory, to whom We do by these Presents give full Power and Authority to give and administer the same toOur saidGovernour accordingly. And after Our faid Governour shall be Sworn, and shall have subscribed the faid Declaration, that then Our Lieutenant or Deputy-Governour for the time being, and the Counfellors or Affiftants before by these Presents nominated and appointed. shall take the faid Oaths, and make, repeat and subscribe the faid Declaration before Our faid Governour: And that every fuch Person or Persons as shall (at any time of the annual Elections, or otherwife upon Death or Removal) be appointed to be the new Counfellors or Affiftants, and all other Officers to be hereafter chosen from time to time, shall take the Oaths to their respective Offices and Places belonging; and also the said Oaths appointed by the said Act of Parliament, to be taken instead of the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy; and shall make, repeat and subscribe the Declaration mentioned in the said Act, before the Governour, or Lieutenant or Deputy-Governour, or any two or more Counfellors or Affiftants; or fuch other Person or Persons as shall be appointed thereunto by the Governour for the time being: To whom we do therefore by these Presents give full Power and Authority from time to time, to give and administer the same respectively, according to Our true meaning herein before declared, without any Commission or further Warrant, to be had and obtained from Us, Our Heirs and Successors in that behalf. And Our Will and Pleasure is, and We do hereby require and command, That all and every Person and Persons hereafter by Us, Our Heirs and Succeffors, nominated and appointed to the respective Offices of Governour, or Lieutenant or Deputy-Governour, and Secretary of Our faid Province or Territory (which faid Governour, or Lieutenant, or Deputy Governour, and Secretary of Our faid Province or Territory for the time being, We do hereby referve full Power and Authority, to Us, Our Heirs and Succoffors.

ceffors, to nominate and appoint accordingly) shall before he or they be admitted to the Execution of their respective Offices, take as well the Oath for the due and faithful Performance of the faid Offices respectively, as also the Oaths appointed by the faid Act of Parliament, made in the faid first Year of OurReign, to be taken instead of the faid Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy; and shall also make, repeat and subscribe the Declaration appointed by the said Act in fuch Manner, and before fuch Persons as aforesaid. And further Our Will and Persons Byrn Pleasure is, and We do hereby for Us, OurHeirs and Successions, grant, establish in New-Eng-Pleature is, and We do nereby for Us, Our Heirs and Succeffors, the Privileges and ordain, that all and every of the Subjects of Us, Our Heirs and Succeffors, the Privileges which shall go to and inhabit within Our faid Province and Territory, and every of natural of their Children which shall happen to be born there, or on the Seas in going Subjects of thither, or returning from thence, shall have and enjoy, all Liberties and Immu- England. nities of free and natural Subjects within any of the Dominions of Us, Our Heirs and Successors, to all Intents, Constructions and Purposes whatsoever, as if they and every of them were born within this Our Realm of England. And for the greater Eafe and Encouragement of Our loving Subjects inhabiting Our faid Pro- Confcience vince or Territory of the Massachusetts-Bay, and of such as shall come to inhabit to be granted there, We do by these Presents, for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, grant, establish and to all Christian ordain, that for ever hereafter there shall be a Liberty of Conscience allowed in any, except ordain, that for ever hereafter there shall be a Liberty of Conscience allowed in Papists. the Worship of God to all Christians (exceptPapists) inhabiting or which shall inhabit or be refident within Our faid Province or Territory. And We do Governor &c. hereby grant and ordain, That the Governour, or Lieutenant, or Deputy-Gover- to administer hereby grant and ordain, I hat the Governour, or Leutenant, or Deputy-Gover- to annihilation from the Oaths ap-nour of Our faid Province or Territory, for the time being, or either of them, pointed to the or any two or more of the Council or Affiftants for the time being, as shall be linkbiants. thereunto appointed by the faid Governour, shall and may at all times, and from time to time hereafter, have full Power and Authority to administer and give the Oaths appointed by the faid Act of Parliament, made in the first Year of Our Reign, to be taken instead of the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy, to all and every Person and Persons which are now inhabiting or residing within Our faid Province or Territory, or which shall at any time or times hereafter go or pass thither. And We do of Our further Grace, certain Knowledge and meer The General Motion, grant, establish and ordain, for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, that the Court impow-Great and General Court or Affembly of Our faid Province or Territory for the red to ereck time being, convened as aforefaid, shall for ever have full Power and Authority and Courts of Possers and conflictive Indicatories and Courts of Possers and Courts and Courts and Courts and Courts and Courts and Court to erect and conflitute Judicatories and Courts of Record, or other Courts, to Record, &c. be held in the Name of Us, Our Heirs and Successors; for the hearing, trying and determining of all Manner of Crimes, Offences, Pleas, Processes, Plaints, Actions, Matters, Caufes and Things whatfoever, arifing or happening within Our faid Province or Territory; or between Persons inhabiting or residing there; whether the fame be criminal or civil, and whether the faid Crimes be capital or not capital, and whether the faid Places be real, perfonal or mixt; and for the awarding and making out of Execution thereupon: To which Courts and Judicatories, We do hereby, for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, give and grant full Power and Authority, from time to time to administer Oaths for the better discovery of Truth in any Matter in Controversy or depending before them. And We do for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, grant, establish and ordain, that the withthe Coun-Governour of Our faild Province or Territory for the time being, with the Council of Affiltants, may do, execute or perform all that is necessary for the Probate wills, and of Wills, and granting of Administrations for touching or concerning any In-granting Adterests or Estate which any Person or Persons shall have within our faidProvince ministrations. or Territory : And whereas We judge it necessary, that all Our Subjects should have Liberty to appeal to Us, Our Heirs and Succeffors, in Cases that may deferve the same, We do by these Presents ordain, that in Case either Party shall not rest satisfied with the Judgment or Sentence of any Judicatories or Courts within Our faid Province or Territory in any personal Action, wherein the Matter in Difference exceed the Value of three bundred Pounds Sterling, that then he the King in or they may appeal to Us, Our Heirs and Successfors, in Our or their Privy fome Performent Proposed Such Appeals to Personal Su Council. Provided, Such Appeal be made within fourteen Days after the Sen- nal Actions. tence or Judgment given; and that before such Appeal be allowed, Security be given by the Party or Parties appealing, in the Value of the Matter in Difference, to pay or answer the Debt or Damages for the which Judgment or Sentence is given, with fuch Costs and Damages as shall be awarded by Us, OurHeirs or Successors.

Execution not to be staid.

Court has of England.

Successors, in Case the Judgment or Sentence be affirmed : And Provided also, That no Execution shall be staid or suspended, by Reason of such Appeal unto Us, Our Heirs and Successors, in Our or their Privy Council; fo as the Party fueing or taking out Execution, do in the like Manner give Security to the Value of the Matter in Difference, to make Restitution in Case the said Judg-The General ment or Sentence be reverfed or annulled upon the faid Appeal. And We do further, for Us, Our Heirs and Succeffors, give and grant to the faidGovernour,

and the Great and GeneralCourt or Affembly of Our faid Province or Territory, and the Great and General Out or Altermyl of Our find Province or Territory, not repugnant the being, full Power and Authority, from time to time to make, ordain or the Laws and eftablish all. Manner of wholsome and reasonable Orders, Laws, Statutes and Ordinances, Directions and Instructions either with Penalties or without (fo as the

fame be not repugnant or contrary to the Laws of this Our Realm of England) as they shall judge to be for the Good and Welfare of Our faidProvince or Territory, and for the Government and ordering thereof, and of the People inhabiting, or who shall inhabit the same; and for the necessary Support and Defence To name and of the Government thereof. And We do for Us, Our Heirs and Succeffors, give and grant, that the faid General Court or Affembly, shall have full Power

and Authority, to name and fettle annually all Civil Officers within the faid Province, fuch Officers excepted, the Election and Conflitution of whom We have by these Presents reserved to Us, Our Heirs and Successors, or to the Governour

fettle civil Officers, ex-

To impose Fines &c. And Taxes to be disposed

Council.

To promote

Religion and good Order, Indians.

vernment.

of Our faid Province for the time being; and to fet forth the feveral Duties, Powers and Limits of every fuch Officer to be appointed by the faid General Court or Affembly; and the Forms of fuch Oaths not repugnant to the Laws and Statutes of this Our Realm of England, as shall be respectively administred unto them for the Execution of their feveral Offices and Places; and also to impose Fines, Mulcts, Imprisonments, and other Punishments; and to impose and levy proportionable and reasonable Assessments, Rates and Taxes, upon the Estates and Persons of all and every the Proprietors or Inhabitants of Our from the Ge- faid Province or Territory, to be iffued and disposed of by Warrant under the versour and Hand of the Governour of Our faid Province for the time being, with the Advice and Confent of the Council, for Our Service in the necessary Defence and Support of Our Government of Our faid Province or Territory, and the Protection and Prefervation of the Inhabitants there, according to such Acts as are or shall be in Force within Our said Province; and to dispose of Matters and Things whereby Our Subjects, Inhabitants of Our faid Province may be religiously, peaceably and civilly governed, protected and defended; so as their good Life and orderly Conversation may win the Indians, Natives of the Country, to the Knowledge and Obedience of the only true God and Saviour of Manversion of the kind, and the Christian Faith, which His Royal Majesty OurRoyalGrandsather King Charles the first, in His faid Letters Patents declared was His Royal Intention, and the Adventurers free Profession to be the principalEnd of the said Plantation. And for the better fecuring and maintaining Liberty of Conscience hereby granted to all Persons, at any time being and residing within Our said Province or Territory as aforefaid, willing, commanding and requiring, and by thefe Prefents for Us, Our Heirs and Succeffors, ordaining and appointing that all fuch Orders, Laws, Statutes and Ordinances, Instructions and Directions as shall be so made and published under OurSeal of Our saidProvince or Territory, shall be carefully and duly observed, kept and performed, and put in Execution according to the true Intent and Meaning of these Presents. Provided always, The Gover- And We do by these Presents, for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, establish and nour to have ordain, that in the framing and passing of all such Orders, Laws, Statutes and the! negative Ordinances, and in all Elections and Acts of Government whatfoever, to be Elections and passed, made or done by the said General Court or Assembly, or in Council, the Acts of Go. Governour of Our faid Province or Territory of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England for the time being, shall have the negative Voice; and that without his Confent or Approbation fignified and declared in writing, no fuch Orders, Laws, Statutes, Ordinances, Elections, or other Acts of Government whatfoever, fo to be made, paffed or done by the faid General Affembly or in Council, Laws to be shall be of any Force, Effect or Validity; any Thing herein contained to the fent to Erg contrary in any wife notwithftanding. And We do for Us, Our Heirs and Endyal Approbation.

And We do for Us, Our Heirs and Succeffors, establish and ordain, that the said Orders, Laws, Statutes and Ordinances, be by the first Opportunity after the making thereof, sent or transmitted

unto Us, Our Heirs and Succeffors, under the publick Seal, to be appointed by If not Us, for Our or their Approbation or Difallowance. And that in Cale all or any bifallowed of them shall at any time within the space of three Years, next after the same Years, to be shall have been presented to Us, Our Heirs and Successors, in Our or their Privy in Force until Council, be difallowed and rejected, and so fignified by Us, OurHeirs and Suc-repealed by ceffors under Our or their Sign Manual and Signet; or by, or in Our or their the General Privy Council, unto the Governour for the time being, then such and so many of them as shall be so disallowed and rejected, shall thenceforth cease and determine, and become utterly void and of none Effect. Provided always, That in Case, We, Our Heirs or Successors, shall not within the Term of three Years after the prefenting of fuch Orders, Laws, Statutes or Ordinances, as aforefaid, fignifyOur or Their Difallowance of the fame, then the faid Orders, Laws, Statutes or Ordinances, shall be and continue in full Force and Effect, according to the true Intent and Meaning of the fame, until the Expiration thereof, or that the fame shall be repealed, by the General Assembly of Our said Province for the time being. Provided also, That it shall and may be lawful for the said Gover- The General nour and General Affembly, to make or pass any Grant of Lands lying within Court has the Bound of the Colonies formerly called the Colonies of the Mossachusts-Bay, Power to pass and New-Plymouth, and Province of Main, in such Manner as heretofore they Lambs thave done by Virtue of any former Charter or Letters Patents; which factostats, Ph. Grants of Lands within the Bounds aforesaid, We do hereby will and ordain to meath, or the pard continue for every of full Energy and Essachust Configuration. be and continue for ever of full Force and Effect, without Our further Approba-Province of tion or Confent. And so as nevertheless, and it is Our Royal Will and Pleasure, Grants of that no Grant or Grants of any Lands lying or extending from the River of Sa- Land begadebock to the Gulph of St. Laurence and Canada Rivers, and to the Main tween Saga-Sea Northward and Eaftward, to be made or path by the Governour and General debeck and Attembly of Our faid Province, be of any Force, Validity or Effect, until We, to have the Our Heirs and Successors, shall have fignified Our or Their Approbation of the Royal Approfame. And we do by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, grant, bation. effablish and ordain, that the Governour of Our faid Province or Territory for the time being, shall have full Power by himself, or by any Chief Commander, mand the or other Officer or Officers, to be appointed by him from time to time, to train, Militia. instruct, exercise and govern the Militia there; and for the special Desence and Safety of Our faid Province or Territory, to affemble in Martial Array, and put in Warlike Posture the Inhabitants of Our said Province or Territory, and to lead and conduct them, and with them to encounter, expulse, repel, resist and purfue by Force of Arms, as well by Sea as by Land, within or without the Limits of Our faid Province or Territory, and also to kill, flay, deftroy and conquer, by all fitting Ways, Enterprizes and Means whatfoever, all and every fuch Person and Persons as shall at any time hereafter attempt or enterprize the Destruction, Invasion, Detriment or Annoyance of Our said Province or Territory; and to use and exercise the Law Martial in time of actual War, Invasion To erect and or Rebellion, as Occasion shall necessarily require; and also from time to time demolish to erect Forts, and to fortify any Places or Places within Our faid Province or Forts, &c. Territory, and the fame to furnish with all necessary Ammunition, Provision and Stores of War, for Offence or Defence, and to commit from time to time, the Custody and Government of the same, to such Person or Persons as to him shall feem meet; and the faid Forts and Fortifications to demolish at his Pleafure, and to take and furprize by all Ways and Means whatfoever, all and every fuch Person or Persons with their Ships, Arms, Ammunition, and other Goods, as shall in a hostile Manner invade, or attempt the invading, conquering or annoying of Our faid Province or Territory. *Provided always*, and We do by Not to transthefe Prefents, for Us, Our Heirs and Succeffors, grant, effablish and ordain, That sport any Perthe faid Governour shall not at any time hereafter, by Virtue of any Power fors out of the hereby granted, or hereafter to be granted to him, transport any of the Inhabitants of Our faid Province or Territory, or oblige them to march out of the Consent, &c. Limits of the same without their free and voluntary Consent, or the Consent of the Great and General Court or Affembly of Our faid Province or Territory; nor grant Commissions for exercising the Law Martial upon any the Inhabitants Nor exercise of Our faid Province or Territory, without the Advice and Confent of the Council or Affiftants of the fame. Provided in like Manner, and We do by these Predictions of the fame. fents, for Us, Our Heirs and Succeffors, constitute and ordain, That when Council.

In Case of the Gavernour's Lieutenant Governour shall supply his Place.

In the absence nour, the ma-Counsel to have their Power.

Admiralty Jurifdictions referved.

The Trade of Fishing not to be abridg'd.

Trees fit for Mafts not lar Perfons to

and as often as the Governour of Our faid Province for the time being, shall happen to die, or be displaced by Us, OurHeirs or Successors, or be absent from Death remo- his Government; that then and in any of the faid Cases, the Lieutenant or Devalor Absence puty Governour of Our said Province, for the time being, shall have full Power and vernment the Authority, to do and execute all and every fuch Acts, Matters and Things, which Our Governour of Our faid Province, for the time being, might or could by Virtue of these Our LettersPatents lawfully do or execute, if he were personally present, until the return of the Governour so absent, or arrival or Constitution of fuch other Governour as shall or may be appointed by Us, Our Heirs or Successors in his stead: And that when and as often as the Governour, of both the and Lieutenant or Deputy Governour of Our faid Province or Territory, for Governour & the time being, shall happen to die, or be displaced by Us, Our Heirs or Suc-Deputy Gover ceffors, or be ablent from Our faid Province; and that there shall be no PerjorPart of the fon within the faid Province, commissionated by Us, Our Heirs or Successors to be Governour within the fame; then and in every of the faid Cafes, the Council or Affiftants of Our faid Province shall have full Power and Authority, and We do hereby give and grant unto the faidCouncil orAffiftants of Our faidProvince, for the being, or the major Part of them, full Power and Authority to do and execute all and every fuch Acts, Matters and Things which the faid Governour, or Lieutenant or Deputy Governour of Our faid Province or Territory, for the time being might or could lawfully do or exercise, if they or either of them were perfonally prefent, until the return of the Governour, Lieutenant or Deputy Governour to absent, or Arrival or Constitution of such other Governour, or Lieutenant or Deputy Governour, as shall and may be appointed by Us, Our Heirs or Successors from time to time. Provided always, and it is hereby declared, that nothing herein shall extend or be taken to erect, or grant, or allow the exercife of any Admiral Court, Jurisdiction, Power or Authority, but that the same shall be, and is hereby referved to Us and Our Successors, and shall from time to time be erected, granted and exercifed by Virtue of Commissions to be issued under the greal Seal of England, or under the Seal of the High Admiral, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of High Admiral of England. And further, Our express Will and Pleasure is, and We do by these Presents, for Us, Our Heirs and Succeffors, ordain and appoint that these Our Letters Patents shall not in anyManner enure, or be taken to abridge, bar or hinderany of Our loving Subjects whatfoever, to use and exercise the Trade of fishing upon the Coasts of New-England, but that they and every of them fhall have full and free Power and Liberty to continue and use their faid Trade of Fishings upon the faid Coasts, in any of the Seas thereunto adjoyning, or any Arms of the faid Seas or Salt-WaterRivers where they have been wont to Fish; and to build and fet upon the Lands within Our faid Province or Colony, lying wafte, and not then poffefs'd by particular Proprietors, such Wharffs, Stages and Work-Houses, as shall be necessaty for the Salting, Drying, Keeping and Packing of their Fish, to be taken or gotten upon that Coast; and to cut down and take such Trees and other Materials there growing, or being upon any Parts or Places lying wafte, and not then in Poffession of particular Proprietors, as shall be needful for that Purpose, and for all other necessary Easements, Helps and Advantages concerning the Trade of Fishing there, in such Manner and Form as they have been heretofore at any Time accustomed to do, without making any wilful Waste or Spoil; any Thing in these Presents contained to the contrary notwithstanding. And lastly, for the better providing and furnishing of Masts for Our Royal Navy, We do hereby reserve to Us, Our Heirs and growing upon Succeffors, all Trees of the Diameter of twenty four Inches, and upwards of twelve any Soil grant- Inches from the Ground, growing upon any Soil or Tract of Land within Our faid Province or Territory, not heretofore granted to any private Persons: And We be preserved do restrain and forbid all Persons whatsoever from felling, cutting or destroying any fuch Trees without the Royal Licence of Us, Our Heirs and Successors, first had and obtained; uponPenalty of forfeitingOneHundredPoundsSterling untoUs,Our Heirs and Successors, for every fuch Tree so felled, cut or destroyed, without such Licence had or obtained in that Behalf: Any Thing in these Presents contained to the contrary notwithstanding. In Contracts whereof We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patents. Witness Our Selves at Westminster, the Seventh Day of Ottober, in the Third Year of Our Reign. By Writ of Privy Scal.

PIGOT.



# The Explanatory CHARTER granted by His Majesty King GEORGE.

BEORGE, by the Grace of GOD of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, KING, Defender of the Faith, &c. To all to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting. WhereasOur late KoyalPredecesfors WILLIAM and MARY, KING and QUEEN of England, &c. did by their Letters Patents under their great Seal of England, bearing Date at Westminster, the seventh of October in the third Year of their Reign, for Themselves, Their Heirs and Successors, unite, erect and incorporate, the Territories and Colonies, commonly called and known by the Names of the Colony of the Maffachusetts-Bay, and Colony of New-Plymouth, the Province of Main, the Territory called Accada or Nova-Scotia, and all that Tract of Land lying between the faid Territories of Nova-Scotia, and the faid Province of Main into one real Province by the Name of Our Province of the Maffachusetts-Bay in New-England. And whereas their faid late Majesties King WILLIAM and Queen MARY, did by the faid recited Letters Patents (amongst other Things therein contained) for themselves, their Heirs, and Succeffors, ordain and grant, that there should and might be convened, held and kept by the Governour for the time being, upon every last Wednesday in the Month of May every Year for ever, and at all fuch other Times as the Governour of their faid Province should think fit, and appoint a Great and General Court or Affembly; which faidGreat andGeneral Court or Affembly should confift of the Governour and Council, or Affiftants for the time being, and of fuch Freeholders of their faid Province or Territories as should be from time to time elected or deputed by the major Part of the Freeholders and other Inhabitants of the respective Towns or Places, who should be present at such Elections : Each of the faid Towns and Places, being thereby impowred to elect and depute two Perfons and no more, to ferve for and represent them respectively in the faidGreat and General Court or Assembly, and that the Governour for the time being should have full Power and Authority from time to time as he should judge necessary, to adjourn, prorogue, and dissolve all Great and General Courts or Assembly's met and convened as aforesaid: And did thereby also for themfelves, their Heirs and Successors, provide, establish and ordain, that in the framing and paffing of allOrders, Laws, Statutes, and Ordinances, and in all Elections, and Acts of Government whatfoever, to be paffed, made or done by the faid General Court or Affembly or in Council, the Governour of the faid Province or Territory of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England for the time being should have the Negative Voice, and that without his Confent or Approbation, fignified and declared in Writing, no fuch Orders, Laws, Statutes, Ordinances, Elections, or other Acts of Government whatfoever, fo to be made, paffed or done by the faid General Assembly, or in Council, should be of any Force, Esfect, or Validity, any thing therein contained to the centrary in any wife Notwithstanding, As in and by the faid Letters Patents (Relation being thereunto had) may more fully and at large appear.

And whereas no Provision is made by the said recited Letters, Patents, touching the Nomination and Election of a Speaker of the Representatives assembled in any Great and General Court of Our faid Province, nor any particular Refervation made of the Right of Us, Our Heirs and Successors to approve or disapprove of such Speaker by the Governour of the said Province appointed, or to be appointed by Us or Them for the time being; And no Power is granted by the said recited Letters Patents to the said House of Representatives to adjourn themselves for any time whatsoever, by Means whereof divers Doubts and Controverses have arisen within Our said Province, to the Interruption of the publick Business thereof, and the Obstruction of Our Service; Know ye therefore, that for removing the said Doubts and Controverses, and preventing the like Mischiess for the surure; And also for the further Explanation of the

faid recited Letters Patents, We of Our especial Grace, certainKnowledge, and meer Motion, have granted, ordained and appointed, and by these Presents for Us, Our Heirs and Succeffors, do will, grant, ordain, and appoint, that for ever hereafter, the Representatives affembled in any Great or General Court of Our faid Province to be hereafter Summoned, shall upon the first Day of their asfembling, elect a fit Person out of the said Representatives to be Speaker of the House of Representatives, in such General Court, And that the Person so elected shall from time to time be presented to the Governour of Our said Province for the time being, or in his Absence to the Lieutenant Governour or Commander in Chief of our faid Province for the time being, for his Approbation: To which Governour, Lieutenant Governour and Commander in Chief respectively, We do hereby for Us, Our Heirs and Succeffors, give full Power and Authority to approve or disapprove of the Person so elected and presented, which Approbation or Disapprobation shall be signified by him by Message in writing under hisHand to the faidHouse of Representatives, and inCase such Governour, Lieutenant Governour or Commander in Chief, shall disapprove of the Person fo elected and prefented or the Person so elected and presented being approved as aforefaid shall happen to die, or by Sickness or otherwise be disabled from officiating as Speaker, in every fuch Cafe, the faid Representatives so affembled, shall forthwith elect an other Person to be Speaker of the House of Representatives to be presented and approved, or disapproved, in Manner as aforesaid, and so from time to time as often as the Person so elected and presented shall

be disapproved of, or happen to die, or become disabled as aforesaid.

And Our further Will and Pleasure is, and We do by these Presents of Our more abundant Grace for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, grant, ordain, and appoint, that it shall and may be lawful to and for the Representatives affembled in any Great or General Court of Our said Province for the time being, forever hereafter, to adjourn themselves from Day to Day, (and if Occasion shall require) for the space of two Days; but not for any longer time, than for the space of two Days without leave from the Governour, or in his Absence from the Lieutenant Governour, or Commander in Chief of Our said Province for the time being, first had and obtained in that behalf, any Thing in the said recited Letters Patents contained to the contrary hereof in any wise

notwithstanding.

Previded always, That nothing in these Presents contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to revoke, alter, or prejudice the Power and Authority by the said recited Letters Patents, granted to the Governour of the said Province for the time being, to adjourn, prorogue and dissolve all Great and General Courts or Assemblies of Our said Province.

And lastly, We do by these Presents, for Us, Our Heirs and Successors, grant that these Our Letters Patents, or the Enrolment, or Exemplification thereof, shall be in and by all Things good, firm, valid and effectual in the Law according to the true intent and meaning thereof, notwithstanding the not rightly, or fully reciting, mentioning, or describing the said recited Letters Patents, or the Date thereof, or any other Omission, Imperfection, Defect, Matter, Cause or Thing whatsoever to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

In Witness whereof, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patents, Witness, William Arch Bishop of *Canterbury*, and the rest of the Guardians and Justices of the Kingdom at Westminster the fix and twentieth Day of August,

in the twelfth Year of Our Reign.

By Writ of Privy Seal.

COCKS.

Speaker to be approved or difapprov-

ed by written

Message.

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# ACTS

A N D

## LAWS,

Of His Majesty's

## PROVINCE

OFTHE

Massachusetts-Bay

I N

## NEW-ENGLAND.



### Boston in New-England:

Printed and Sold by Samuel Kneeland and Timothy Otten, by Order of His Excellency the GOVERNOUR, Council and House of Representatives. MDCCXLIL



## Printed,

By Order of His Excellency the Governour, Council and Affembly.

Josiah Willard, Secr.

BOSTON, August 8th.



#### Building With Stone or Brick.



## Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of the Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England: Begun and Held at Boston the eighth of June 1692, and continued by Adjournment unto the twelfth Day of October following.

#### CHAP. I.

## An Act for building with Stone or Brick in the Town of Boston, and preventing Fire.

HEREAS Great Defolations and Ruins, have fundry Times happened by Fire breaking out in the Town of Boston, principally occasioned by Reason of the joyning and nearness of the Buildings, being mostly of Timber, and covered with Shingle :

For the better preventing of fuch Accidents for the future, and Damage

and Loss thereby; Be it ordained and enacted by the Governour, Council and Representatives, convened in General Court of Assembly, and it is enacted by the Authority of the same, That henceforth no Dwelling Buildings in House, Shop, Ware-House, Barn, Stable, or any other Housing of more than of Brick or O'Brick or eight Feet in Length, or Breadth, and feven Feet in Heighth, thall be erected Stone, and coand fet up in Boston, but of Stone or Brick, and covered with Slate or Tile; unless vered with in particular Cases where Necessity requires, being so judged and signified in Slate. writing under the Hands of the Justices and Select-Men of the said Town, or major Part of both; the Governour with the Advice and Confent of the Coun-Governour cil shall see Cause to grant Licence unto any Person to build with Timber, or grant Licence cover with Shingle. And if any Person shall presume to erect, or Cause to be to build with created any Person of Building presume to erect to be to build with erected, any Frame or Building contrary hereto; upon Conviction thereof, Timber in before two Justices of Peace (Quorum Unus) such Building shall be deemed a Case.

Additional Act. Anno. 12 W: Cap. 3.

com-

#### Administration of Intestate Estates.

transgreffing this Act.

2

common Nusance, and the Owner of such Frame or Building shall enter into a Recognizance to demolish the same; and in default of entring into such Re-Penalty for cognizance, shall be committed to Prison, until he do Cause the same to be demolished; or else such Building shall be demolished by Order of the Quarter Seffions of the Peace within the faid County, and the Charges thereof to be levied by Diftress, and Sale of fuch Offenders Goods, by Warrant from the Court of Quarter Seffions.

and it is further ordered and enacted, That in all void and unbuilt Places, which shall hereafter be improved for Building, or when at any Time any total Confumption or Defolation shall happen in any Street or Lane within the faid Town, it shall be in the Power of the Justices of the Peace of faid Juffices and Town then in being, together with the Select-Men, or the major Part of both; to state and lay out such Streets, Ways and Passages, as may be most for the Streets, &c. Conveniency and Accommodation of the Place; As also where any Desolation has happened, to regulate and enlarge other narrow and crooked Lanes or Paf-

Street.

Select Men

fages. And where any particular Persons shall have their Land taken away A Jury to or leffened thereby; a Jury of twelve Men shall be appointed by two Justices afcertain the of the Peace, and Sworn to Afcertain the Value thereof, to be paid by the Per-Value of any fon, to whose Land the same shall be added, or by the Neighbourhood, or Persons Land Town, in Proportion to the Benefit or Conveniency any shall have thereby. And every Person building as aforesaid with Brick or Stone, shall have Liberty to fet half his Partition Wall in his Neighbours Ground, fo that he leave toothing in the Corners of fuch Walls for his Neighbour to join unto, who when he shall build, such Neighbour adjoyning, shall pay for one half of the saidPartition Wall, fo far as it shall be built against. And in Case of any Difference arising, to fland half the Select-Men shall have Power to appoint meet Persons to Value the same, or in the Neighbours Ground, lay out the Line between fuch Neighbours.

And whereas several Houses and other Buildings have been erected and set up fince the Year 1688, contrary to the Law made by the General Court of the Maffachufetts Colony:

It is hereby ordained and enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That every Owner of fuch House and Buildings so set up, contrary to said Law, shall Cause the same to be covered with Slate or Tile; or otherwise such Houses or Buildings shall be deemed a common Nusance, and the Owner thereof proceeded against accordingly.

of Houses to ftop Fire. For which the Owners

shall be paid.

and be it further enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That when any Fire shall happen to break out either in Boston, or any other Town within this Province, two or three of the chief military or civil Officers Two or three of the fame Town, shall, or may, and hereby are impowred to give Directions of the chief for the pulling down, or blowing up any fuch Houfe or Houfes that shall be by Military and them adjudged meet to be pulled down or blown up, for the stopping and pre-Civil Officers them adjudged meet to be pulled down or blown up, for the stopping and preto order the venting the further spreading of the same, And if it shall happen that the pulling down pulling down or blowing up any fuch House or Houses by the Directions aforeor blowing up faid, shall be the Occasion of stopping the faid Fire, or that the Fire stop before it come to the fame: That then all and every Owner of fuch House or Houses, shall receive reasonable Satisfaction, and be paid for the same, by the rest of the Inhabitants, whose Houses shall not be burnt; who are hereby impowred to make fuch Rate or Rates, for the railing and levying fuch Sum and Sums of Money as shall be thought convenient by the Select-Men and Justices of said Town for that End.

Provided always, That if the House where the Fire shall first begin and break out, shall be adjudged fit to be pulled down or blown up to hinder the further fpreading and increase of the same: That then the Owner of such House shall receive no manner of Satisfaction for the fame: Any thing in this Act con-

tained notwithstanding.

CHAP.

#### CHAP. II.

### An Act for the Settlement and Distribution of the Estates of Intestates.

IN HEREAS Estates in these Plantations do consist chiefly of Lands which have been subdued and brought to Improvement, by the Industry and Labour of the Proprietors, with the Affistance of their Children, the younger Children generally having been longest and most serviceable unto their Parents in that Behalf; who have not Personal Estate to give out unto them in Portions, or otherwise to Recompence their Labour :

Be it therefore enacted and ordained by the Governour, Council and Representatives convened in General Court of Allembly, and it is ordained by the Authority of the same, That every Person lawfully Persons seized Seized of any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments within this Province, in of Lands in his own proper Right in Fee Simple, shall have Power to give, dispose, and Fee simple devise, as well by his last Will and Testament in Writing, as otherwise by any of the same Act executed in his Life, all fuch Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments to by Will, & ... and among his Children or others, as he shall think fit at his Pleasure. And if no fuch Disposition, Gift or Devise be made by the Owner of any such Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments; the same shall be subject to a Division, with his personal Estate, and be a like distributed, according to the Rules herein after express'd for intestateEstates. And when and so often as it shall happen, That Administratiany Person dies Intestate, Administration of such Intestates Goods and Estate on to the fhall be granted unto the Widow or next of Kin to the Interface, or both, as Efface of Interface, or both, as testages how the Judge for Probate of Wills, and granting of Administrations shall think fit, to be granted. who shall thereupon take Bond with Sureties in manner as is directed by the Statute of the twenty fecond and twenty third of Charles the Second; and shall and may proceed to call fuch Administrators to Account for, and touching the Goods of the Intestate: And upon due Hearing and Consideration thereof, (Debts, Funeral and just Expences of all Sorts being first allowed) the said Judge shall, and hereby is fully impowred to Order and make a just Distribution of the Surplusage, Distribution or remaining Goods and Estate, as well real as personal, in Manner following: of Intestate That is to fay, One thirdPart of the personal Estate to the Wife of the Intestate Estates. for ever, befides her Dower or Thirds in the Houses and Lands during Life, where such Wife shall not be otherwise endowed before Marriage; and all the 13 Wm ca. 9. Refidue of the real and personal Estate by equal Portions to and among his 9 Anne ca. 2. Children, and fuch as shall legally represent them; (if any of them be dead) other than such Children, who shall have any Estate by Settlement of the Intestate in his Life time equal to the others Shares. Children advanced by Settlement, 6 Georgi ca. 5. or Portions not equal to the others Shares, to have fo much of the Surplufage as shall make the Estate of all to be equal, except the eldest Son then surviving, (where there is no Issue of the First-born or of any other elder Son ) who shall have two Shares, or a double Portion of the whole; and where there are no Sons, the Daughters shall inherit as Coparceners. The Division of the Houses and Lands to be made by five fufficient Freeholders upon Oath, or any three of 4Geo.2d. ca. 5. them, to be appointed and fworn by the Judge for that End: Unless where all the Parties interested in any Estate being legally capable to act, shall mutually agree of a Division among themselves, and present the same in Writing under their Hands and Seals: In which Cafe, fuch Agreement shall be accepted and allowed for a Settlement of fuch Estate, and be accounted valid in Law, being acknowledged by the Parties subscribing before the Judge, and put upon Record.

Ca. 10.

Provided

## Administration of Intestate Estates.

Houses and pable of Di portionable Parts to the other Chil-

4

Provided nevertheless, That where any Estate in Houses and Lands cannot Lands not ca- be divided among all the Children, without great Prejudice to, or spoiling of pable of Di the whole; being so represented, and made to appear unto the said Judge, the ordered unto Judge may order the whole unto the eldest Son if he accept it, or to any other the eldeft of the Sons fuccessively, upon his required. The paying difference of the true Value Son, he pay of the deceased, their equal and proportionable Parts or Shares of the true Value. of the Sons fuccessively, upon his refusal: He paying unto the other Children of fuch Houses and Lands; upon a just Apprizement thereof, to be made by three sufficient Freeholders upon Oath, to be appointed and sworn as afore-said, or giving good Security to pay the same in some convenient Time, as the faid Judge shall limit, making reasonable Allowance in the interim, not exceeding fix per Cent, per Annum. And if any of the Children happen to dye, 6 Geo. c3 3. before he or she come of Age, or be married; the Portion of such Child deceased, shall be equally divided among the Survivors.

In Cafe there be no Chil them, the Eflate to be Wife and next of Kin.

And in Case there be no Children, nor any legal Representatives of them, dren nor le- then one Moiety of the personal Estate, shall be allotted to the Wife of the Ingal Represent testate for ever; and one third of the real Estate for Term of Life. The refidue both of the real and perfonal Estate, equally to every of the next of Kin of the Intestate in equal Degree, and those who legally represent them. No allotted to the Representatives to be admitted among Collaterals after Brothers and Sifters Children. And if there be no Wife, all shall be distributed among the Children, and if no Child, to the next of Kin to the Intestate in equal Degree, and 9 Anne ca. 2. their legal Representatives as aforefaid, and in no other Manner whatsoever. And every one to whom any Share shall be allotted, shall give Bond with Sureties before the faid Judge of Probate, if Debts afterwards be made to appear, to refund and pay back to the Administrator, his or her rateable Part thereof, and of the Administrators Charges. The Widows Thirds or Dower in the real Estate, at the Expiration of her Term to be alike divided as aforesaid, faving to any Person aggrieved at any Order, Sentence or Decree made for the peal faved.
See ExplanaSettlement and Distribution of any Intestate Estate, their Right of Appeal unto torvAct 4 W. the Governour and Council; every Person so appealing, giving Security to & M. ca. 20. profecute the Appeal with Effect.

Right of Ap-

Executors to cause Probate of Wills to be made in thirty Days next after Death.

Penalty for Neglea.

Teftamento an-

Executors by wrong.

Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Executor or Executors of the Will of any Person deceased, knowing of their being fo named and appointed, shall not within the space of thirty Days next after the Decease of the Testator, cause such Will to be Proved, and Recorded in the Register's Office of the same County where the deceased Person last dwelt; or present the said Will, and declare his or their refusal of the Executorship: every Executor fo neglecting of his or her Trust and Duty in that Behalf, (without just Excuse made and accepted for such Delay) shall forfeit the Sum of five Pounds per Month, from and after the Expiration of the faid thirty Days, until he or they shall cause Probate of such Will to be made, or present the same as aforefaid: Every fuch Forfeiture to be had and recovered by Action or Information, in the Inferiour Court of Pleas, in the fameCounty; and to be disposed of, one Moiety thereof to the Use of the Poor of the Town, where the deceased Person last dwelt; and the other Moiety to him or them that shall inform and Upon refusal, Perion last dweit; and the other iviolety to him or them that man inform and Administrati. Sue for the same. And upon any such refusal of the Executor, or Executors, on to be com- the Judge shall commit Administration of the Estate of the Deceased, CumTestamitted Cum mento annexo, unto the Widow or next of Kin to the Deceased, and upon their refusal, to one or more of the principal Creditors, as he shall think fit.

And if any Person or Persons shall alienate or embezel any of the Goods or Chattels of any Person deceased, before he or they have taken out Letters of Administration, and exhibited a true Inventory of all the known Estate of the Party deceased; every Person or Persons so acting, shall stand chargeable, and be liable to the Actions of the Creditors, and other Persons grieved, as being Executors in their own wrong. And the Judge shall cause a Citation to be made out unto the Widow, or next of Kin; and upon their neglect of Appearance or refusal, may commit Administration of any such Estate, to some one or more of the chief Creditors, if accepted by them, or others, as he shall think fit, upon their refufal.

CHAP. III.

## An Act for Prevention of Frauds and Perjuries.

FOR Prevention of many fraudulent Practices which are commonly endeavoured Act of Parlia to be unheld by Perjury, and Subornation of Perjury: to be upheld by Perjury, and Subornation of Perjury:

Be it enaced and ordained by the Governour, Council and Representatives convened in General Court, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the last Day of December in this present Parole Leases Year one Thousand fixHundred ninety and two: All Leafes, Estates, Interests and Interest Year one Thouland INTunited inner and the state of Freehold, or Term of Years, or any uncertain Interest of, in, or out of any Messages, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, made or created by Livery the Force of the Force of and Seisin only, or by Parole, and not put in writing and signed by the Parties, Estates at fo making or creating of the fame, or their Agents thereunto lawfully Will only. authorized by writing, shall have the Force and Effect of Leases, or Estates at Will only, and shall not either in Law or Equity be deemed or taken to have any other or greater Force or Effect; any Confideration for making any fuch Parole Leafes or Estates, or any former Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Except nevertheless, All Leases not exceeding the Term of three Years Except Leafrom the making thereof, whereupon the Rent referved to the Landlord, during for or exceed fuch Term shall amount unto two third Parts at the least of the full improved fung three days of the full improved Years, &c. Value of the Thing demifed.

And moreover, That no Leases, Estates or Interests, either of Freehold, or No Leases or Term of Years, or any uncertain Interest of, in, to or out of any Messuages, Estates of Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, shall at any time after the faid last Day Freehold to of December, be affigued, granted or furrendered, unless it be by Deed or Note begranted or in writing, figured by the Party so affiguing, granting or surrendering the in writing, figned by the Party fo affigning, granting or furrendering the by Word. fame, or their Agents thereunto lawfully authorized by Writing, or by Act and Operation of Law.

and be it further enasted by the Authority aforefair, That from and Promifes and after the faid last Day of December, no Action shall be brought whereby to Agreement charge any Executor or Administrator upon any special Promise to answer by Parole. Damages out of his ownEstate, (2) or whereby to charge theDefendantupon any special Promise to answer for the Debt, Default or Miscarriages of another Person, (3) or to charge any Person upon any Agreement made upon Confideration of Marriage, (4) or upon any Contract or Sale of Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or any Interest in, or concerning them; (5) or upon any Agreement that is not to be performed within the Space of one Year from the making thereof; (6) unless the Agreement upon which such Action shall be brought, or some Memorandum or Note thereof shall be in Writing, and signed by the Party to be charged therewith, or fome other Perfon thereunto by him lawfully authorized.

TITE

Devises of Lands to be in Writing & atteffed by Witneffes.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That from and after the faid laftDay of December, allDevises and Bequests of any Lands or Tenements, shall be in Writing, and figned by the Party fo devising the same, or three or four by forme other Person in his Presence, and by his express Direction, and shall be attefted and fubfcribed in the Presence of the said Devisor, by three or four credible Witnesses, or else shall be utterly void and of none Effect.

And moreover, No Devise in Writing of Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or any Clause thereof, shall at any time after the said last Day of December, be revocable, otherwise than by some other Will or Codicil in Writing, or other Writing declaring the fame, or by burning, cancelling, tearing, or obliterating the same by the Testator himself, or in his Presence, and by his Direction and Confent; (2) But all Devises and Bequests of Lands and Tenements shall remain and continue in full Force, until the same be burnt, cancelled, torn or obliterated by the Testator, or his Direction in manner aforesaid, or unless the same be altered by some other Will or Codicil in Writing, or other Writing of the Devisor, figned in the Presence of three or four Witnesses, declaring the fame: any former Law or Ufage to the contrary notwithflanding.

How the same shall be revocable.

All Declarations or Creations of in Writing.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That from and after the faid last Day of December, all Declarations or Creations of Trusts, or Trust to be Confidences of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, shall be manifested and proved by some Writing, signed by the Party who is by Law enabled to declare fuch Truft, or by his last Will in Writing, or else they shall be utterly void and of none Effect.

Trufts arifing, transferred or extinguished by implication cepted:

Provided alway, That where any Conveyance shall be made of any Lands or Tenements, by which a Trust or Confidence shall or may arise or result by the Implication or Conftruction of Law, or be transferred or extinguished by an Act or Operation of Law, then, and in every fuch Case, such Trust or Consiof Law ex- dence shall be of the like Force and Effect as the same would have been if this Act had not been made; any thing herein before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Affignments

and be it further enacted, That all Grants and Affignments of any of Trust shall Trust or Confidence, shall likewise be in Writing, signed by the Party, grantbe in Writing ing or affigning the same by such last Will or Devise, or else shall be utterly void and of none Effect.

Contract for Sale of Goods for Ten Pounds or more.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforelaid, That from and after the faid last Day of December, No Contract for the Sale of any Goods, Wares and Merchandizes, for the Price of Ten Pounds, or upwards, shall be allowed to be good, except the Buyer shall accept Part of the Goods fo Sold, and actually receive the fame, or give fomething in Earnest to bind the Bargain, or in Part of Payment, or that some Note or Memorandum in Writing of the faid Bargain, be made and figned by the Parties to be charged by fuch Contract, or their Agents thereunto lawfully authorized.

And for Prevention of fraudulent Practices, in setting up nuncupative Wills, which have been the Occasion of much Perjury:

Nuncapative neffes.

Be it enacted by the Authority aforciaid. That from and after the Will not to aforefaid last Day of December, No nuncupative Will shall be good, where the be good for Estate thereby bequeathed, shall exceed the Value of Thirty Pounds, that is not lue of Thirty proved by the Oaths of three Witneffes, (at the leaft) that were present at the Pounds, that making thereof, nor unless it be proved that the Testator at the time of prois not proved nouncing the same, did bid the Persons present, or some of them bear Witness, by the Oa he of three Wit- that fuch was his Will, or to that Effect; nor unless such nuncupative Will were made in the time of the last Sickness of the deceased, and in the House of his or their Habitation or Dwelling, or where he or the hath been Refident,

### Affize of Cask, &c.

for the Space of ten Days or more, next before the making of fuch Will, except where such Person was surprized or taken sick being from his own Home, and died before he returned to the Place of his or her Dwelling.

and be it further enacted, That after fix Months passed after the speak- ny to be 10ing of the pretended teftamentary Words, no Teftimony shall be received to prove any Will nuncupative, except the faid Teftimony, or the Substance thereprove any Will nuncupative, except the faid Testimony, or the Substance there- Will after of were committed to writing within fix Days after the making of the fix Months, faid Will.

and be it further enacted, That no Letters Testamentary, or Probate of any nuncupative Will, shall pass the Seal of any Court, till fourteen Days at the least after the Decease of the Testator be fully expired, nor shall any nuncupative Will be at any time received to be proved, unless Process have first Wills. iffued to call in the Widow, or next of Kindred to the Deceafed, to the End

they may contest the same, if they please. and be it further enacted, That no Will in Writing, concerning any Goods or Chattels or perfonal Estate, shall be repealed; nor shall any Clause No Written Devise or Bequest therein, be altered or changed by any Words, or Will by Will to be

be fo done by three Witnesses at the leaft.

Provided always, That notwithstanding this Act, any Soldier being in actual Soldiers and Military Service, or any Mariner or Seamen being at Sea, may dispose of his Mariners Moveables, Wages, and perfonal Estate, as he or they might have done before Wills excepthe making of this Act.

No Teftimo-

7

Devile or bequest therein, be altered or changed by any wortes, or win by which word of Mouth only, except the same be in the Life of the Testator, commitgreated but by Wirting, and read to the Testator, and allowed by him, and proved to by Wirting, ted to Writing, and read to the Testator, and allowed by him, and proved to by Wirting.

#### CHAP. IV.

## An Act for regulating the Assize of Cask. and preventing Deceit in packing of Fish, Beef, and Pork for Sale.

E it ordained and enacted by the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the first Day of De- AffizeofCask. cember next, all Sorts and Kinds of tight Cask used for any Liquor, Fish, Beef, Pork, or any other Commodities, within this their Majesties Province, shall be of London Assize. That is to say, Butts to contain one Hundred and twenty Gagers to be fix Gallons; Puncheons, eighty four Gallons; Hogsheads, fixty three Gallons; appointed. Tearfes, forty two Gallons; Barrels, thirty one Gallons and an half: And made Cask to be of found well featoned Timber, and free of Sap. And that fit Perfons be appeared appointed from time to time, in all Places needful, to view and gage all fuch Gager; Cask; and such as shall be found of due Assize shall be marked with the Gagers Every Cooper Mark ; who shall have for his Pains, four Pence per Ton : And every Cooper to have a difshall set his diffinet Brand Mark on his own Cask, on Penalty of forty Shillings, since brand And whosoever shall put to Sale any new Cask, being defective either in Work. And whosoever shall put to Sale any new Cask, being defective either in Work- Defective manship, Timber, or Assize, as aforesaid; upon Proof thereof made before one Cask to be Justice of the Peace, he shall forfeit such Cask, and be fined the Sum of ten Shillings. torseited.

and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Juftees of the Peace, at their first General Quarter Sessions, to be holden in each respective County within this Province, shall yearly, in every Town needful thereof, choose and appoint a fit Person or Persons, to be Gagers and Packers, and them to fwear to the due Execution of their Office : which

Quarter S f- any Person so appointed, shall refuse, he shall pay the Sum of Forty Shillings; fions to apara and another thall be chosen and appointed in his stead. And every Gager and point Gagers Backer shall take Care that all Cask in which he packs Beef, Pork, Mackarel. & Packers, & Packer shall take Care that all Cask in which he packs Beef, Pork, Mackarel, Fifth, or other Goods committed to his Care, be of true and full Affize, and Penalty of that he pack the same in no other Cask whatsoever; on Penalty of ten Shillings retulat.
Ten Shillings for every Cask by him packed, that is or shall be defective in that respect. Penalty for And if any of the before mentioned Provisions shall be packed into half Barpacking in a-rels, or Firkins, the same shall be made in Proportion to the Affize aforesaid; ny Cask un- and be marked by the Packer.

And for the preventing of Fraud and Deceit in the packing of pickled Fish,

Beef and Pork to be put to Sale:

Be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in every The whole half & quar- Town, where fuch Goods are packt up for Sale, the Gager or Packer of fuch ter of Meat Town or of the Town wherein they are put to Sale, or shipped, shall see that and not the it be well and orderly performed: That is to fay, Beef and Pork the whole to be put up. Half and Quarter, and so proportionably, that the best be not left out; and so Fish to be all Fish and Mackarel, that they be packed all of one Kind; and that all Casks so of one Kind. packed be full, and the Fish found and well feafoned, fetting his Seal on all Four Shillings per Ton Casks so packed, and he shall receive of the Owners for so packing, and sealing, for packing Four Shillings per Ton. And if any fuch Provisions be put to Sale, or shipped off without the Packers Mark, they shall be forfeited.

and it is further enacted. That all Sorts of green or pickled Fish, Stur-Fish andFlesh for Transportation to a foreign Market, tation to be thall be fearched, furveyed and approved by a Sworn Packer, who shall take searched and strict Care that the same be put up in tight Cask of full Gage, salted with repacked by fuitable Salt. And fuch as shall be so faved, and for its Condition found merchantable, and full, the Packer shall seal with such Brand Mark, as shall be affigned to the Town, and fuch other Cut-mark added, as may denote the fort of Provision, and time when packed. And all fuch other Provision as the Packer shall find wholsome and useful, though for its Quality it be not merchantable; he shall cause to be well packed, salted, filled, and sealed with the Letter R. and fuch other Letters as may fignify the Town, Specie, and time of packing. And if any Master of a Ship, or other Vessel, or any Officers, or Mariners, belonging thereto shall receive such Provisions not marked and fealed as aforefaid, aboard any of their Ships or Vessels, he or they who shall offend therein, shall forfeit double the Value of all fuch Provisions; and he that owns board unfeal-the Provisions shall forfeit the same. And if any Cooper, or other Person shall shift any Fish or Flesh, either on Board, or on Shore, after the same hath been fo fealed and marked by the Packer, and ship and export the same, the Packer having not allowed thereof, and a new fealed and marked the Cask whereinto fuch Provisions are shifted: All Persons acting, ordering or assisting therein, shall be fet in the Pillory, not exceeding one Hour, and shall likewise pay double Damages to Perfons wronged thereby.

and it is further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That where any fuch Provisions have lain above three Months under the Packers Mark, betwixt that have laid the Months of May and Ottober, they shall again, upon Exportation or Sale, be three Month viewed or fearched by the Packer, That is to fay, so many of them as may packt in the probably discover the Condition of the whole; and if any be decayed or defined to the condition of the whole; and if any be decayed or defined to the condition of the whole; and if any be decayed or defined to the condition of the whole; and if any be decayed or defined to the condition of the whole; and if any be decayed or defined to the condition of the whole; and if any be decayed or defined to the condition of the whole; and if any be decayed or defined to the condition of the whole; and if any be decayed or defined to the condition of the whole; and if any be decayed or defined to the condition of the whole; and if any be decayed or defined to the condition of the whole; and if any be decayed or defined to the condition of the whole; and if any be decayed or defined to the condition of the whole; and if any be decayed or defined to the condition of the whole; and if any be decayed or defined to the condition of the whole; and if any be decayed or defined to the condition of the whole; and if any be decayed or defined to the condition of the whole; and if any be decayed or defined to the condition of the whole; and if any be decayed or defined to the condition of the whole; and if any be decayed or defined to the condition of the whole; and if any because the condition of the whole; and if any because the condition of the whole; and if any because the condition of the whole; and if any because the condition of the whole; and if any because the condition of the whole; and if any because the condition of the whole; and if any because the condition of the whole; and if any because the condition of the whole; and if any because the condition of the whole; and if any because the condition of the whole; and if any because the condition of the whole; and if any because the condition of the whole; and if any because the condition of the whole; and if any because the condition of the condition of the whole; and the con be reviewed: ceitfully dealt with the Packer shall cull and repack the same, so as to distinguish and mark them for merchantable, or refuse, according to their Condition. And if those who ship or export any such Provision, shall neglect or refuse such second Search or Survey, the Packer is hereby ordered and impowred to deface his former Mark, and for fo doing, shall be paid as if he had repackt the same. And if the Owner refuse to satisfy the Packer, such Packer shall have Redress on Complaint to any Justice of the Peace; who is hereby impowred to compel

the Payment thereof by Diffress.

the Packer.

Penalty on Mafters and Mariners ta king any Penalty for thifting of Provisions after fealed.

Provisions

and

#### Criminal Offenders.

and it is further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Tarr Affize of Cask that shall be exposed to Sale within this Province, shall be in Barrels, half Barrels, and thirds of a Barrel of the Measure and Assize following: That is to say, The Barrel to contain thirty Gallons, the half Barrel and third of a Barrel, of the 4 A. ca. 1. fame Gage proportionably, and in no other Cask whatsoever. And all Cask to be made of the same Assize, and branded by the Cooper as aforesaid; on pain 7 A. ca. 6. of Forfeiture of all fuch Cask as are not of due Assize. And if any Tar shall be exposed to Sale in any Cask not branded as aforesaid, the same shall be likewife forfeited.

And further it is enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Fines Penalties and Forfeitures arifing by force and Virtue of this Act shall be the to be unto one half to their Majesties, towards the Support of theGovernment of this Pro-their Majevince; and the other half to him or them that shall inform and sue for the same flies, and the

in any of their Majesties Courts of Record within this Province.

Be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That there be a Measurer of Salt and Culler of Fish in every Sea-Port Town within this Province Measurer of to be appointed as aforefaid, who being likewife Sworn for the faithful Difcharge Salt, & Culler of Fish. of that Office, shall cull all merchantable Fish, and Measure all Salt that shall be imported and fold out of any Ship or other Vessel, and shall have three balf Pence for every Hogshead of Salt by him so measured, to be paid, the one 9 G. ca. 74 half by the Buyer, the other half by the Seller. And One Penny per Quintal, for ever Quintal of merchantable Fish by him culled, to be paid, one half by the Buyer, and the other half by the Seller.

One half of the Fines and Forfeirures.

#### CHAP. V.

### An Act for the punishing of Criminal Offenders.

IPE it enacted and ordained by the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, That if any Person or Persons shall pro- Cursing and phanely Swear or Curse in the hearing of any Justice of the Peace, or shall be swearing. thereof convicted by the Oaths of two Witnesses, or Confession of the Party, before any Justice or Justices of the Peace: Every such Offender shall forfeit 5, W, and M, and pay unto the Use of the Poor of the Town, where the Offence shall be ca.5. committed, the Sum of Five Shillings. And if the Offender be not able to pay the faid Sum, then to be fet in the Stocks, not exceeding two Hours. And if any Person shall utter more profane Oaths or Curses at the same time, Presumptions and in hearing of the fame Person or Persons, he shall forfeit and pay to the Use aforesaid the Sum of Twelve Pence for every Oath or Curse after the first; or be fet in the Stocks three Hours.

Provided, That every Offence against this Law shall be complained of and proved as aforefaid, within thirty Days next after the Offence committed.

further it is enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That every Person convicted of Drunkenness by view of any Justice of Peace; Confession of the Drunkenness Party, or Oaths of two Witnesses; such Person so convicted, shall forfeit and pay unto the Use of the Poor of the Town where such Offence is committed, the Sum of Five Shillings for every fuch Offence: And if the Offender be unable to pay the faid Sum, to be set in the Stocks, not exceeding three Hours; at the Discretion of the Justice or Justices, before whom the Conviction shall be. And upon a fecondConviction of Drunkenness, every fuchOffender, over and above the Penalty aforefaid, shall be bound with two Sureties in the Sum

of Ten Pounds, with Condition for the good Behaviour : And for want of fuch Sureties, shall be fent to the common Goal, until he find the fame.

Provided, That no Person shall be impeached or molested for any Offence against this Act, unless he shall be thereof presented, indicted or convicted within fix Months after the Offence committed. And the Justice or Justices before whom Conviction of any of the aforefaid Offences shall be, are hereby impowred and authorized to restrain or commit the Offender, until the Fine imposed for such Offence, be satisfied; or to cause the same to be levied by Diftress, and Sale of the Offenders Goods, by Warrant directed to the Constable; returning the over-plus (if any be.) All fuch Fines to be levied within one Week next after fuch Conviction, and delivered to the Select-Men, or

Overfeers of the Poor, for the Use of the Poor as aforesaid.

It is further enacted and ordained by the Authority aforesaid. That who foever shall Steal or Purloin any Money, Goods or Chattels, being thereof convicted, by Confession, or sufficient Witness upon Oath: Every such Offender, shall forfeit treble the Value of the Money, Goods or Chattels fo stolen or purloined, unto the Owner or Owners thereof; and be further punished, by Fine or Whipping; at the Discretion of the Court or Justices that have Cognizance of fuch Offence; not exceeding the Sum of Five Pounds, or twenty Stripes. And if any fuch Offender be unable to make Restitution, or pay fuch threefold Damages, fuch Offender shall be enjoyned to make Satisfaction by Service: And the Profecutor shall be, and hereby is impowred to dispose of the said Offender in Service to any of their Majesties Subjects, for fuch Term as shall be affigned by the Court or Justices before whom the Profecution was. And every Juffice of Peace in the County where fuch Offence is committed, or where the Thief shall be apprehended, is hereby Authorized to hear and determine all Offences against this Law. Provided, That the Damage exceed not the Sum of Forty Shillings.

And if any Person shall commit Burglary, by breaking up any Dwelling-Burglary and House, Ware House, Shop, Mill, Malt-House, Barn, Out-House, or any Ship or other Vessel lying within the Body of the County; or shall rob any Person in the Field or Highways': Every Person so offending, shall upon Conviction be branded on the Forehead with the Letter B. And upon a fecond Convic-

tion, shall be fet upon the Gallows for the Space of one Hour, with a Rope about his Neck, and one End thereof cast over the Gallows; and be severely whipt, not exceeding thirty nine Stripes: And upon a third Conviction of the like Offence, shall fuffer the Pains of Death, as being incorrigible; and shall likewife upon the first and fecondConvictions, pay treble Damages to the Party

injured, as is provided in case of Theft.

and it is further enacted by the Anthority aforefaid. That if any Man commit Fornication with any fingle Woman; upon due Conviction thereof, they shall be fined unto their Majesties, not exceeding the Sum of Fornication. Five Pounds; or be corporally punished by Whipping, not exceeding ten Stripes a Piece, at the Discretion of the Sessions of the Peace, who shall have

Reputed Fa- Cognizance of the Offence. And he that is accused by any Woman, to be the Father of a Bastard Child begotten of her Body; she continuing constant in fuchAccufation, being examined uponOath, and put upon theDifcovery of the Truth in the time of her travail; shall be adjudged the reputed Father of such Child, notwithstanding his Denial; and stand charged with the Maintenance thereof, with the Assistance of the Mother; as the Justices in the Quarter Seffions shall Order; and give Security to perform the faid Order, and to fave the Town or Place where fuch Child is Born, free from Charge for its Maintenance; and may be committed to Prison, until he find Sureties for the same: Unless the Pleas and Proofs made and produced on the behalf of the Man accufed, and other Circumstances be such as the Justices shall see Reason to judge him innocent, and acquit him thereof, and otherwise dispose of the Child.

Theft.

Robbery.

I G. ca. 3.

ther of a Baftard.

#### Criminal Offenders.

ΙI

And every Justice of the Peace upon his Discretion, may bind to the next Quarter Seffions, him that is charged or fuspected, to have begotten a Bastard Child: And if the Woman be not then delivered, the Sessions may order the Continuance or Renewal of his Bond, that he may be forth coming when the Child is born.

Further it is enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Justice Power of the of the Peace in the County where the Offence is committed, may Caufe to be Juilice of flaid and arrefted all Affrayers, Rioters, Diffurbers or Breakers of the Peace, and Peace. fuch as shall ride, or go armed offensively before any of their Majesties Justices, or other their Officers or Ministers doing their Office, or elsewhere, by Night or by Day, in Fear or Affray of their Majesties Liege People; and such others as shall utter any Menaces or threatning Speeches: And upon View of fuch Justice or Justices, Confession of the Party, or other legal Conviction of any fuch Offence, shall commit the Offender to Prison, until he find Sureties for the Peace and good Behaviour; and feize and take away his Armour or Breach of the Weapons, and shall cause them to be apprized and answered to the King as Peace. forfeited: And may further punish the Breach of the Peace in any Person that finall finite or ftrike another, by Fine to the King, not exceeding Twenty Shillings; Forcible Enand require Bond with Sureties for the Peace; or bind the Offender over to try & Detainanswer it at the next Sessions of the Peace, as the Nature or Circumstance of er. and the Offence may be; and may make Enquiry of forcible entry and detainer, and cause the same to be removed; and make out Hue and Cries after Run- 12 & 15 W. away Servants, Thieves and other Criminals.

And it is further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That if any Person or Persons of the Age of Discretion (which is accounted fourteen Years, or upwards) shall wittingly and willingly make or publish any Lye or Libel, tending Lying and to the Defamation or Damage of any particular Person; make or spread any Libelling. false News or Reports, with Intent to abuse and deceive others : Every such Person or Persons offending in any of the Particulars before-mentioned, and being duly convicted thereof, before one or more Justices of the Peace, shall be fined according to the Degree of fuch Offence; not exceeding the Sum of Twenty Shillings for the first Conviction, and find Sureties for the good Behaviour. And if the Party be unable to pay the faid Fine, then to be fet in the Stocks, not exceeding three Hours; or be corporally punished by Whipping, at the Discretion of the Justice or Justices, before whom the Conviction shall be; according as the Circumstances or Nature of the Offence shall be. And the faid Justice or Justices may restrain and commit the Offender, until he pay the said Fine, and find Sureties for the good Behaviour; or may cause the Fine to be levied by Diftress and Sale of the Offenders Goods. And the Party or Parties grieved or injured by Reason of any of the Offences aforesaid; shall or may take his or their Suit against any such Offender or Offenders in any Court of Record.

It is further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Per-Forgery. son or Persons upon his or their own Head or Imagination, or by false Conspiracy and Fraud with others shall wittingly, subtilly and falsely forge or make; 5 Eli ca 14. or fubtilly Caufe, or wittingly Affent to be forged or made any false Deed, Act of Par-Conveyance or Writing fealed, or the Will of any Person or Persons in Writ-liament. ing, to the Intent that the State of Freehold or Inheritance, Right, Title or Interest of any Person or Persons of, in, or to any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments shall or may be molested, troubled, defeated, recovered or charged; or shall as is aforesaid, forge, make, or cause, or assent to be made, or forged, any Obligation, or Bill Obligatory, Letter of Attorney, or any Acquittance, Release, or other Discharge of any Debt, Accompt, Action, Suit, Demand, or other Thing perfonal; Or if any Perfon or Perfons shall pronounce, publish, or shew forth in Evidence, any such false and forged Deed, Conveyance, Writing, Obligation, Bill Obligatory, Letter of Attorney, Acquittance, Release or Discharge, as true, knowing the same to be false and forged, as is aforesaid, to the intent

above

above remembred; and shall be thereof convicted, either upon Action or Actions of Forger of false Deeds, to be founded upon this Act at the Suit of the Party grieved, or otherwise according to the Order and due Course of Law, or up on Bill or Information. That then every fuch Offender shall pay unto the Party grieved his double Costs and Damages, to be found and affested in such Court where the faid Conviction shall be; and also shall be set upon the Pillory in some Market Town, or other open Place, and there to have one of his Ears cut off; and also shall have and suffer Imprisonment by the Space of one whole Year, withoutBail or Mainprize. And the Party or Parties grieved by Reason of any of the Offences aforesaid, may take his or their Suit against any such Offender or Offenders, in any Court of Record; where no Effoign, Injunction or Protection shall be allowed the party Defendant.

Provided always, and it is enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act or any Thing therein contained, shall not extend to charge any Judge of Probate, or Register, with any the Offences aforesaid, for putting their Seal of Office to any Will to be exhibited unto them, not knowing the fame to be false or forged, for writing of the faid Will or Probate of the same; Nor to any other Person or Persons that shall shew forth or give in Evidence any false or forged Writing for true or good, being not party or privy to the forging of the fame, nor knowing the fame to be false or forged, any Thing in this

Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

And it is further enaded and ordained by the Authority aforesaid. Wilful Per- If any Person or Persons, either by the Subornation, unlawful Procurement, Reward, finister Perswasion, or Means of any other; or by their own Act, Consent or Agreement, shall wilfully and corruptly commit anyManner of wilfulPerjury by his or their Deposition in any Court of Record, or being examined, Ad perpetuam rei memoriam, That then every Person and Persons so offending, and being thereof duly convict, or attainted by Law, shall for his or their Offence lose and forfeit Twenty Pounds; the one Moiety thereof unto their Majesties, and the other Moiety to fuch Person or Persons as shall be grieved, hindred or molested by Reason of any such Offence, that shall sue for the same by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, Information, or otherwife in any Court of Record; in the which no Wager of Law, Effoign, Protection, or Injunction to be allowed: And also to have Imprisonment by the Space of fix Months, without Bail or Mainprize. And the Oath of fuch Person or Persons so offending, not to be received in any Court of Record, until fuch time as the Judgment given against the faid Person or Persons, shall be reversed by attaint or otherwise; and upon every fuch reverfal, the Parties aggrieved to recover his or their Damages against all and every fuch Person and Persons, as did procure the faid Judgment so reversed, to be given against them or any of them, by Action, or Actions, upon his or their Case or Cases; according to the Course of the common Law.

And if it happen the faid Offender or Offenders, so offending, not to have any Goods or Chattels, to the Value of Twenty Pounds, that then he or they be fet on the Pillory by the Space of one whole Hour, in some Market Town where the Offence was committed, or next adjoining to the Place where the Offence was committed, and to have both his Ears nailed; and from thenceforth to be discredited and disabled for ever to be Sworn in any Court of

Record, until fuch time as the Judgment shall be reversed.

And all and every Person and Persons who shall unlawfully and corruptly procure any Witness or Witnesses, by Letters, Rewards, Promises, or by any other finister and unlawful Labour or Means whatsoever; to commit any wilful and corrupt Perjury, in any Matter or Cause whatsoever depending; or that shall depend in Suit and Variance by any Writ, Action, Bill, Complaint or Information in any Court of Record; or to testify in Perpetuam rei memoriam: Every such Offender, being thereof duly convict or attainted by Law, shall for his or their Offence be proceeded against, and suffer the like Pains, Penalties, Forfeitures, and Difability in all Respects as above-mentioned. and

And it is further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all the aforefaid Forfeitures and Sums of Money arifing for any Offence mentioned in this Act, and every Branch thereof, and not otherwise disposed of; shall be unto their Majesties, for and towards the Support of the Government of this Province, and the incident Charges thereof.

#### CHAP. VI.

## An Act for the suppressing of unlicensed Houses, and the due Regulation of such as are, or shall be licensed.

MPE it ordained and enacted by the Governour, Council and Representatives convened in General Court, and by the authority of the same, That no Person or Persons whatsoever (other None to keep than fuch as upon producing Certificate from the Select Men of the Town where a House of they dwell, or who shall be otherwise thought fit by the Justices themselves, common Enthall be licensed by the said Justices in Quarter Sessions) may presume to be a

or fell strong

or fell strong common Victualler, Innholder, Taverner, or Seller of Wine, Beer, Ale, Cyder, Drink pubor strong Liquors by retail: Nor shall any presume without such Licence, to lickly or prifell Wine or strong Liquors privately by a less Quantity than a Quarter Cask, vately without License, out License, and that delivered and carried away all at one Time : On Pain of forfeiting the on Penalty Sum of Forty Shillings for every fuch Offence, upon due Conviction thereof; of 40 s. one Half thereof to the Informer, and the other half to the Use of the Poor of One Half to the Town where such Offence is committed. And upon a secondConviction, the Informer and the other besides the Forseiture of Forty Shillings as aforesaid, shall enter into Recogniz- to the Use of ance with one or more Sureties, for the good Behaviour, especially not to trans- the Poor. gress the Law in that Respect.

Be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That all-Licences be renewed yearly, and Bond given for the due Observance of the same, and Upon second of the Laws; and that the Person licensed shall use his Licence in such Houses Conviction,

as shall be therein named, and no other.

And if the Justices in Quarter Sessions shall think fit to Licence any Person behaviour. or Persons not presenting a Certificate as aforesaid from the Select-Men, the Licences to Clerk of the Sessions, before granting License to any such, shall signify the be renewed Name and Defire of every fuch Person unto the Select-Men of the Town where Bond given. fuch Person dwells, oneMonth before hand, that so they may have Opportunity Justices may and Liberty to offer their Objections against it, if any such be.

And forasmuch as the ancient, true and principal Use of Inns, Taverns, Ale-Houses, Victualling Houses, and other Houses, for common Entertainment, is for noon Notice Receipt, Relief and Lodging of Travellers and Strangers, and the Refreshment of given. Persons upon lawful Business; or for the necessary Supply of the Wants of such 10 W. ca. 8. Perjons upon two ju Bujnejs; or for the neegens supply of the trans of just Games and Poor Perfons as are not able by greeter Quentities to make their Provision of Gaming for Vistuals: and are not intended for Extertainment and Harbouring of lewd or idle bidden in People to spend or consume their Money or Time there. Therefore to prevent the public Houses Mischiefs and great Disorders happening daily by the abuse of such Houses:

It is further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Taverner, Innkeeper, Ale-House keeper or Victualler, shall have or keep in or about their Houses, Out-Houses, Yards, Backfides, Gardens or Places to them belonging, Penalty on any Dice, Cards, Tables, Bowls, Shuffle-board, Billiards, Coyts, Cales, Logats, Gameflers or any other Implements used in gaming; nor shall suffer any Person or Perfons reforting unto any of their Houses, to use or exercise any of the said

11 A. ca, 1. to give Bond for the good

grant Licente without Certificate of the Selca-Men

on Pain of 401.

Games.

#### Raping the Lord's-Day.

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Games, or any other unlawful Game or Sport within their faid Houses, or any of the Dependences as aforefaid, or Places to them belonging; On pain of forfeiting the Sum of Forty Shillings for every fuch Offence, upon due Con-5W.&Mc.5. viction thereof; the faid Fine to be difposed of as aforesaid. And every Perfon convicted of playing as aforefaid in any fuch House or Dependences thereof, shall forfeit the Sum of Six Shillings and Eight Pence, to be disposed of as aforefaid.

Penalty for refufing to give Evidence against Perfons felling

And further it is enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That any Perfon duly summoned to give in Evidence respecting the Breach of this Act, in any of the Branches thereof, (other than the Party himself, his Children or Servants) that shall refuse to give in upon his Oath, when so required, what without Li- he knows relating to the Premisses, shall forfeit Forty Shillings to the Use of Act for Sup- the Poor of the Town as aforefaid.

prefing of And it is further enacted up the analysis as well as the Juffices in Drunkenness. Juffice of the Peace in the County where he dwells, as well as the Juffices in all 7W.ca.2.&to Quarter Seffions, are hereby respectively impowred to hear and determine all And Act for the inspecting offences against this Act, and may commit the Offender to Prison, until he full support pay the said Fine, and enter into Recognizance as aforesaid for the good Best of the Offences and Sale an fing Disorders haviour; or may cause the Fine to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Ofin Licensed fenders Goods, returning the Overplus, if any be. 10 W. ca. 8.

CHAP. VII.

## An Act for the better Observation and Keeping the Lord's-Day.

E it enaced and ordained by the Governour, Council and Representatives convened in General Court or Assembly, and it is enacted by the Authority of the same, That all and every Person and Persons whatsoever, shall on that Day carefully apply them-Labour and felves to Duties of Religion and Piety, publickly and privately; and that no Sports prohi-Tradesman, Artificer, Labourer or other Person whatsoever, shall upon the Land or Water, do or exercife any Labour, Bufiness or Work of their Ordinary CalfiveShillings. lings; nor use any Game, Sport, Play or Recreation on the Lord's Day, or any Part thereof; (Works of Necessity and Charity only excepted) upon pain that every Person so offending shall forfeit Free Shillings.

Travelling prohibired on Penalty of twenty Shillin gs.

further it is ordered and declared, That no Traveller, Drover, Horse-Courfer, Waggoner, Butcher, Higler, or any their Servants, shall travel on that Day, or any Part thereof, except by someAdversity they were belated and forced to lodge in the Woods, Wilderness or High-ways, the Night before; and in fuch case, to travel no further than the next Inn or Place of Shelter, on that

Day; upon the Penalty of Twenty Shillings.

Public Houses Further it is ordered, That no Vintner, Innholder, or other Person keepnot to enter-ing any publick House of Entertainment, shall entertain or suffer any of the Inhatain any o bitants of the respective Towns where they dwell, or others not being Strangers, Strangers and or Lodgers in such Houses, to abide or remain in their Houses, Yards, Orchards, Lodgers, on or Fields drinking, or idly spending their Time on Saturday Night after the Penalty of the Straining Sun is set, or on the Lord's Day, or the Evening following support the Panalty of the Straining Sun is set, or on the Lord's Day, or the Evening following support the Straining Sun is set, or on the Lord's Day, or the Evening following support the Straining Sun is set, or on the Lord's Day, or the Evening following support to the Straining Sun is set, or on the Lord's Day, or the Evening following support to the Straining Sun is set, or on the Lord's Day, or the Evening following support to the Straining Sun is set, or on the Lord's Day, or the Evening following support to the Straining Sun is set, or on the Lord's Day, or the Evening following the Straining Sun is set, or on the Lord's Day, or the Evening following support to the Straining Sun is set, or on the Lord's Day, or the Evening following support to the Straining Sun is set, or on the Lord's Day, or the Evening following support to the Straining Sun is set, or on the Lord's Day, or the Evening following Sun is set, or on the Lord's Day, or the Evening following support to the Straining Sun is set, or on the Lord's Day, or the Evening following Sun is set, or on the Evening Su and Penalty of Five Shillings for every Person, payable by themselves respectivefor every Perion. ly, that shall be found fo drinking or abiding in any such publick. House or 10 W.cs. 8. Dependences thereof as aforesaid; and the like Sum of Five Skillings to be paid by the Keeper of fuch House, for every Person entertained by them.

And

bited on

Penalty of 3 G. ca 1. And for the better Execution of all and every the foregoing Orders, every One Joffice Juftice of the Peace within his County shall have Power and Authority to condition the Peace went before him, any Person or Persons, who shall offend in any of the partidetermine culars before mentioned, and upon his own View, or other legal Conviction of any breach any Juch Offence, to impose the Fine and Penalty for the same, and to restrain of this Act. or commit the Offender until it be satisfied; or to cause the same to be levited by Distress and Sale of the Offenders Goods, returning the over-plus (if any be) and in case any such Offender be unable or refuse to fatisfy such Fine, to cause breach of this him to be put in the Cage, or set in the Stocks, not exceeding three Hours: Act to be to All Fines and Penalties accruing by this Act, to be to the Benefit and Relief the Use of the Poor of such Town where the Offence is committed; and delivered Poor. into the Hands of the Select-Men or Overseers of the Poor for that End.

And all Mafters and Governours of Families are hereby required to take effectual Care that their Children, Servants and others under their immediate

Government, do not transgress in any of the foregoing Particulars.

And all and every Juftices of the Peace, Conftables and Tythingmen, are re- Juftices, Conquired to take effectual Care, and endeavour that this Act in all the Particulars thables, extended to the recommendation of the required to the recommendation of Bofton, or other Places, keeping open their Shops, or following their ferved. Secular Occasions or Recreations in the Evening preceeding the Lord's Day, or any Part of the said Day or Evening following.

And all Persons are strictly required to be obedient to, and aiding and affisting

And allPerfons are strictly required to be obedient to, and aiding and affishing such Justices, Constables and other Officers herein, as they will answer the con-

trary at their Peril.

[At a Great and General Court or Assembly for Her Majesty's Province of the Resolves a-Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, begin and held at Boston, upon Wednesday the boot the Ast thirty-first of May, 1704. The following Resolves were drawn up and passed, this, to the better Whereas a Doubt or Question has been moved upon the first Paragraph in the Ast of the Lord's for the better Observation of the Lord's Day; viz. Whether the Penalty therein Day, expressed extends to both Parts of the said Paragraph?

Resolved, That the said Penalty or Fine of Five Shillings, extends to bothParts

of the faid Paragraph; and is so to be understood.

Further resolved, That by the Power of Restraint given by the latter Paragraph of the said AET; such Restraint is intended and to be understood of Imprisonment, not exceeding the space of twelve Hours; by setting in the Cage or Stocks, not exceeding three Hours; upon any that shall presumptuously and obstinately offend in any of the Particulars or Articles therein enumerated, contrary to any Administration given by any fusice of the Peace, Constable, Tythingman, or other Officer.]

#### CHAP. VIII.

AnA&t for prevention of common Nusances arising by Slaughter Houses, Still-Houses, &c. Tallow-Chandlers, and Curriers.

E it opdained and enacted by the Governour, Council and Additional Representatives, convened in General Court of Assembly, 8 W. ca. 8, and by the Authority of the same, That the Select-Men of the 7 M. ca. 2.

Towns of Beston, Salem and Charlestown respectively, or other Market Towns 9. M. ca. 8. in the Province, with two or more justices of the Peace dwelling in the Town.

C

or

Slaughter or two of the next Justices in the County, shall at or before the last Day of Houses, 5:ill. March, one Thousand six Hundred ninety three, assign some certain Places in those in ear-each of the said Towns (where it may be least offensive) for the erecking or serve to be in ear-each of the said Towns (where it may be least offensive) for the erecking or serve to be in ear-each of the said Towns (where it may be least offensive) for the erecking or serve to be in ear-each of the said Towns (where it may be least offensive) for the erecking or serve to be a said to be s ting up of Slaughter-Houses, for the killing of all Meat; Still-Houses, and Houses affigned, and for trying of Tallow, and currying of Leather, (which Houses may be erected in no other. of Timber, the Law referring to Building with Brick or Stone notwithstanding.) And shall cause an Entry to be made in the Town Book, of what Places shall be by them so assigned, and make known the same by Posting it up in some public Places of the Town. At which Houses and Places respectively, and no other, all Butchers and Slaughter-Men, Diftillers, Chandlers and Curriers, shall exercise and practise their respective Trades and Mysteries: on Pain that any Butcher or Slaughter-Man transgreffing of this Act by killing of Meat in any other Place, for every Conviction thereof, before one or more Justices of the Peace, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of twenty Sbillings. And any Diffiller, Chandler or Currier, offending against this Act. for every Conviction thereof before their Majesties Justices at the General Sessions of the Peace for the County, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds; one thirdPart of the faidForfeitures to be to the Use of their Majesties. for the Support of the Government of the Province, and the incident Charges

#### And for preventing of Cruelty to Bruit Creatures:

thereof; one third to the Poor of the Town, where fuch Offence shall be committed; and the other third to him or them that shall inform

Cruelty to Bruit Creaand fue for the fame.

It is further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Calves, Sheep, or Lambs brought alive to the Market, shall be either driven or carried in Carts, Sleds, Panniers or Boats, and not otherwife; on Pain of forfeiting tures forbid of all Calves, Sheep or Lambs passing towards, or brought alive to the Market, laid across, or hanging by the Sides of Horses, (as has been usual) or in any other way contrary to the true intent of this Act: One half of all fuch Forfeitures to be unto the Informers, who shall seize and prosecute for the same; and the other Moiety to the Use of the Poor of the Town, where such seizure shall be made, to be distributed by the Select-Men or Overseers of the Poor.

Select Men, Constables, &c. Impow-

And all Select-Men, Overfeers of the Poor, Constables, Tything-Men and other Officers in any Town upon their own View, or Information of any Transgreffion of this Act within their respective Precincts, shall and hereby red to seize. are impowred to seize or cause to be seized all Calves, Sheep or Lambs that shall be carried or brought alive to the Market, in any other Way than is before directed. And upon due Proof thereof made before one or more Justices of the Peace, shall be forfeited, and the same or the Value thereof be disposed of as aforesaid.

Flesh blown And all Veal or other Meat exposed to Sale, that shall be blown up or windor winded to ed, shall be alike forfeited and disposed of.

#### CHAP. IX.

## An Act for the orderly confummating of Marriages.

If E it ozdained and enacted by the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Josices or Authority of the same, That every Justice of the Peace within the Ministers re-County where he refides, and every fetled Minister in any Town, shall, and spectively to are hereby respectively impowred and authorized to solemnize Marriages, within solemnize their respective Towns and Counties, betwixt Persons that may lawfully enter Marriages. into fuch a Relation, having the Consent of those whose immediate Care and 3 G ca. 4. Government they are under, and being likewife first published by asking their Publishment Banns at three feveral publick Meetings in both the Towns where fuch Parties how to be respectively dwell; or by posting up their Names and Intentions at some made, publick Place in each of the said Towns, fairly written, there to stand by the space of fourteen Days; and producing Certificate of such Publishment under the Hand of the Town Clerk or Constable of such Towns respectively.

And the Fee to be paid for every Marriage, shall be three Shillings; and riage, Sec. 3 G. ca. 4.

And be it further enacted, That whoever shall presume to deface or pull down any fuch Publishment, posted up in Writing, before the Expiration pulling down of the Time, shall be fined to the Use of the Poor of the Town, the Sum of Publishments. ten Shillings, being convicted thereof, before one or more Justices of the Peace: And if the Party be unable to pay the faid Fine, then to be fet in the Stocks one whole Hour.

And every Justice and Minister shall keep a particular Register of all Mar- Marriages to riages folemnized before any of them, and make a return thereof at the End be registred of each Quarter of a Year unto the Clerk of the Sessions of the Peace within the fame County, to be by him registred; who is hereby impowred thereto, ceftuous and shall be paid by every such Justice and Minister, three Pence for each Marriages. Marriage fo returned.

and it is further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all Con-Divorce. troversies concerning Marriage and Divorce shall be heard and determined by the Governour and Council.

Penalty for

#### CHAP. X.

## An Act for the Settlement and Support of Ministers and School-Masters.

IFF E it ordained and enacted by the Governour, Council and Representatives convened in General Court or Assembly, and by the Authority of the fame, That the Inhabitants of each Contracts and Town within this Province shall take due Care from time to time, to be confamily provided of an able, learned Orthodox Minister or Ministers, of good good. Conversation, to dispence the Word of God to them; which Minister or Minifters shall be suitably encouraged and sufficiently supported and maintained by the Inhabitants of fuch Town. And all Contracts, Agreements and Orders heretofore made, or that shall hereafter be made by the Inhabitants of any Town within this Province respecting their Ministers or School-Masters, as to their Settlement or Maintenance, shall remain good and valid according to the true

### Ministers and Schol-Wasters.

Neglect of making fuitable Provision fed by the Quarter Sel-

intent thereof, the whole time for which they were or shall be made, in all the Particulars thereof, and shall accordingly be pursued, put in Execution and fulfilled. And where there is no Contract and Agreement made in any Town. respecting the Support and Maintenance of the Ministry; or when the same for Ministers happens to be expired, and the Inhabitants of fuch Town shall neglect to make to be redref- fuitable Provision therein; upon Complaint thereof made unto the Quarter Seffions of the Peace for the County where fuch Town lies; the faid Court of Quarter Seffions shall, and hereby are impowred to order a competent Allowance unto fuch Minister, according to the Estate and Ability of the Town: the fame to be affeffed upon the Inhabitants by Warrant from the Court, directed to the Select-Men, who are thereupon to proceed to make and proportion fuch Affesment in manner as is directed for other publickCharges, and to cause the fame to be levied by the Constables of fuch Town, by Warrant under the Hands, of the Select-Men; or of the Town-Clerk by their Order.

The Court of Quarter Sef-fions to take Care that no Town be defliture of a Minister.

Be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That where any Town shall be destitute of a Minister qualified as aforefaid, and shall so continue by the space of fix Months, not having taken due Care for the procuring, fettling and Encouragement of fuch Minister, the same being made to appear upon Complaint unto their Majesties Justices at the General Sessions of the Peace for the County, the said Court of Quarter Sessions shall, and hereby are impowred to make an Order upon every fuch defective Town, speedily to provide themselves of such Ministers as aforesaid, by the next Sessions at the furthest; and in case such Order be not complied with, then the said Court shall take effectual Care to procure and settle a Minister qualified as aforesaid, and order the Charge thereof, and of fuch Ministers Maintenance, to be levied on the Inhabitants of fuch Town.

Churches to enjoy their Privileges & Freedoms ...

And it is further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that the respective Churches in the several Towns within this Province, shall at all times hereafter, use, exercise and enjoy all their Privileges and Freedoms respecting divine Worship, ChurchOrder and Discipline. And shall be encouraged in the peaceable and regular Profession and Practice thereof.

School for reading and writing.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That every Town within this Province having the Number of fifty Housholders or upwards, shall be constantly provided of a School-Master to teach Children and And where any Town or Towns have the Number Youth to read and write. of one Hundred Families or Housholders, there shall also be a Grammar School fet up in every fuch Town, and fome discreet Person of good Conversation, well instructed in the Tongues procured to keep such School: Every such

Grammar School.

School-Master to be suitably encouraged and paid by the Inhabitants. And the Select-Men and Inhabitants of fuch Towns respectively, shall take ters to be fupeffectual Care, and make due Provision for the Settlement and Maintenance

of fuch School-Master and Masters.

ported.

School Maf-

And if any Town qualified as before express'd, shall neglect the due Observance of this Act, for the procuring and fettling of any fuch School-Mafter as aforefaid, by the space of one Year: Every such defective Town shall incur Penalty for the Penalty of ten Pounds for every Conviction of such Neglect, upon Complaint made unto their Majesties Justices in Quarter Sessions for the same County in which fuch defective Town lieth; which Penalty shall be towards the Support of fuchSchool or Schools within the fameCounty, where there may be most need at the Difcretion of the Justices in Quarter Sessions; to be levied by Warrant from the faidCourt of Sessions inProportion upon the Inhabitants of such defective Town, as other publick Charges, and to be paid unto the Country Treasurer.

Neglect. 13 W . Cd. 20. 4 G. ca. 7.

CHAP. XI.

An Act for the Settlement of the Bounds, and defraying of the public and necessary Charges arifing within each respective County in this Province.

IFE it ordained and enacted by the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, That all Counties as they now lie, and are named, continue and remain diffinct Counties to all Intents and Purpofes Counties to in the Law whatfoever. And that there be a County Treafurer annually formerly. to be chosen by the Votes of the Freeholders, and other Inhabitants of each respective Town, duly qualified as is provided by the Act for the Choice of Select-Men, and other Town Officers; and at the fame time, fuch Votes to be given in writing, and fealed up by the Constable, by him to be kept and returned unto the next Quarter Seffions, to be held for faid County, there to be opened and forted by fuch as the Court shall appoint, in Presence of the Choice of Justices: and the Person having the Majority of the said Votes, shall be Trea-County furer of fuch County for that Year, and be Sworn before the faid Court.

And for the due and equal raifing of Monies for defraying of the Charges arifing within each Respective County, for the necessary Repairs and Amendment of Bridges, Prisons, the Maintenance of poor Prisoners, and all other proper

County Charges:

It is further enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That when and County Charso often from time to time as there shall be need of raising Money for the ges how to Ends aforefaid, in any County, the Justices in Quarter Sessions for such County, be descrayed. receiving Information thereof from the County Treasurer, shall agree and determine the whole Sum to be raifed, and each respective Towns Proportion of the fame, as near as may be according to the Rule for raifing of Money for the Province Charges, and shall iffue forth their Order unto the Select-Men of the respective Towns to affess the same upon the Inhabitants of such Town, each one his Due and equal Proportion thereof according to the Rule before. mentioned, as near as may be, to be paid inMoney, or equivalent thereto; and to make a diffinct Lift of each Person's Name and Proportion under their Hands; and fuch Lift commit unto the Conftable or Conftables of fuch Town, with a Warrant figned by the Town Clerk, directed unto the faid Conftable or Constables to levy and collect the faid Affessment, of each one his respective Proportion: And to pay in their faid Collections unto the County Treasurer, or his Order, within the time fet for the fame : And to make Distress upon every Person neglecting or refusing to make Payment: And in default of Goods or Chattels whereon to make Diftress, to commit the Party to the common Goal of the County until he make Payment, or otherwise be releafed by the Justices in Quarter Sessions. And if any Person or Persons think themselves over rated in any such Assessment, they shall be eased by the Affesfors, making the same to appear; or in default thereof, by the Court of Quarter Seffions.

and further it is enacted. That all Monies fo collected, be improved and Money how imployed for the Ends within mentioned, as the Court of QuarterSeffions shall to be applied. from time to time by their Order in Writing, direct and appoint. And the Treasurer to County Treasurer in each respective County, shall Accompt unto the Court of Accompt. Quarter Seffions, or whom they shall appoint, for all his Receipts and Payment. 9 A. cz. 5.

CHAP. XII.

# An Act for regulating of Townships, Choice of Town-Officers, and setting forth their Power.

IFE it ordained and enacted by the Governour, Council and Reprefentatives, in General Court affembles, and by the authority of the fame, That the Bounds of all Townships shall be, and continue as heretofore granted and fetled respectively, and shall be run betwixt Town and Town, and Marks renewed once in three Years, by two of the Select-Men of each Town, or any other two Persons whom the Select-Men as heretolore granted and final appoint: The Select-Men of the most ancient Town to give Notice unto fettled: And the Select-Men of the next adjacent Towns, of the Time and Place of Meeting to be run, and for fuch Perambulation, fix Days before-hand; on Pain of forfeiting Five Pounds by the Select-Men of any Town, that shall neglect their Duty in any of the Particulars aforesaid: Two thirds thereof unto the use of the Poor of such under a Pe- Town; and the other third unto the Select-Men of any of the next adjacent Towns, that shall inform and sue for the same, in the Inferiour Court of Pleas

within the fame County, to be recovered by Action or Information. and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That each Proprietor of Lands lying unfenced, or in any common Field, shall once in of Lands un- two Years, on fix Days warning before given him, by the next Proprietor fenced or in or Proprietors adjoining, run the Lines, make and keep up the Bounds between them, by fufficient meerStones; on Pain that every Party fo neglecting or refuling, thall forfeit the Sum of Ten Shillings: One half to the Party moving,

once in two and the other half to the Use of the Poor of the Town, being convented and convicted of fuch Neglect or Refulal, before any Justice of the Peace within the fame County; who is hereby impowred to hear and determine the fame. And further it is enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the

Proprietors of the undivided or common Lands within each Town and Precinct in this Province, where the fame have been heretofore stated, each ones Proportion being known, shall, and hereby are impowred to order, improve or divide in fuch way and manner as shall be concluded and agreed upon by the major Part of the interested; the Voices to be collected and accounted according to the Interests. And the Proprietors of all undivided or commonLands not stated and proportioned as aforesaid; shall, and hereby are impowred to manage, improve, divide or dispose of the same as hath been, or shall be concluded and agreed on by the major Part of fuch Proprietors. That no Cottage or Dwelling-Place in any Town, shall be admitted to the Privilege of Commonage of Woods, Timber and Herbage, or any other the Privileges which lie in common in any Town or peculiar, other than fuch as were erected or privileged by the Grant of fuch Town or peculiar before the Year one Thousand fix Hundred fixty and one, or that have been fince, or shall hereafter be granted by the Confent of any Town or peculiar.

And whereas it has been a continued Practice and Custom in the several Towns within this Province, annually to choose Selest-Men or Townsmen, for the ordering and managing of the Prudential Assairs of such Town, and other Town Officers for the executing of other Matters and Things in the Laws appoin-

ted by them to be done and performed:

Be it further ordained and enacted by the Authority aforesaid, See Resolve at the End of That the Freeholders and other Inhabitants of each Town rateable at twenty Pounds Estate, to one single Rate besides the Poll; shall some time in the of Voters in Month of March annually meet and convene together upon Notice given by Town-Meet the Constable or Constables of fuch Town, or such others as the Select-Men

Bounds of Townships to continue newed once in 3 Years nalty.

Proprietors common Fields to run the Lines Years.

Some more Lands, how to be improved.

thie Act

ings.

### Townships and Town-Officers.

21

or Townsmen shall appoint, to give Notice of such Meeting, and the Time and Place for the same : And by the major Vote of such Assembly, then and there shall choose three, five, feven or nine Persons, able and discreet, of good Converfation, inhabiting within fuch Town, to be Select-Men or Townfmen and Select Men Overfeers of the Poor, where other Perfons shall not be particularly cholen the Town other Town to that Office (which any Town may do as they shall find it necessary and con-Officers to be venient) as also to nominate and choose a Town Clerk, who shall be sworn annually truly to enter and record all Town Votes, Orders, Grants and Divisions of chosen in Land, made by such Town, and Orders made by the Select-Men; a Com- Marth. miffioner for Affessments, Constables, Surveyors of High-Ways, Tything-Men, Town Clerk Town Officers. And the Town Clerk, or two of the Select-Men, shall forthwith make, and give out unto the Constable or Constables of fuch Town, a 4 W. & M.ca. Lift of the Names of those that shall be then chosen to the Office of Town-Life of the Names of those that man be then chosen to the Carles of Leather, Conflables, Tything-Men, Clerks of the Market, Sealers of Leather, Conflables to and other Officers, of whom an Oath is by Law required; which Conflable or TownOfficets Constables within the Space of fixDays at furthest, shall Summon each of them to be sworn respectively to appear before the Quarter Sessions, if then sitting, or one of the under a next Justices of the Peace, to be sworn to the faithful Discharge of their re-Penalty. spective Offices and Trust, on Penalty of Twenty Shillings to the Use of the Poor of the Town, to be paid by each Constable neglecting of his Duty in that behalf, upon Conviction thereof before one Justice of the Peace; and upon Non-payment, to be levied by Distress: *Provided*, That no Person in Communition for any Office, Civil or Military, Church-Officer, or Member of the serving as House of Representatives for the time being, nor any other who has served as Constables. Constable within the space of seven Years before, shall be chosen to the Office of Constable.

It is further enacted by the Authority aforelaid, That the Free-Towns or Seholders and Inhabitants qualified as in this Act is mentioned in each respective led-Men has Town, in any Town-Meeting, orderly warned according to the Usage in such ving Instruc-Town, or the major Part fo affembled, or the Select-Men having Infructions to make given them in Writing by the Town for that Purpofe; be, and hereby are Objective to the control of the properties of the proper impowred from time to time to make and agree upon fuch necessary Rules, Orders and By-Laws for the directing, managing and ordering the prudential Affairs of fuch Town, as they shall judge most conducing to the Peace, Welfare Orders and and good Order thereof; and to annex Penalties for the Observance of the By-Laws in fame, not exceeding Twenty Shillings for one Offence, provided that they be not repugnant to the general Laws of the Province: and such Orders and By. Laws being prefented unto the Justices in Quarter Sessions, and approved of Sessions. by them, shall be established, and binding to all the Inhabitants of such Town, and the Penalty for Breach of any of them by any of the Inhabitants, to be levied by levied by Warrant of Diftress from any Justice of the Peace before whom such Warrant Offender shall be convicted, to the Use of the Poor of such Town.

and further it is enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That the Select-Men or Townsmen chosen as aforesaid, in each Town respectively, be Select Men to and hereby are impowred to affes the Inhabitants and others Resident within make Affessment for fuch Town, and the Precincts thereof, and the Lands and Estates lying within County and the Bounds of fuch Town, in just and equal Proportion as near as may be unto Town-the County Charges, according as they shall receive Order from the Court of Charges. Quarter Sessions to be held for the same County, and to all Town Charges, as each particular Person according to his known Ability and Estate, such Sum and Town-Clerk Sums as hath or shall be ordered, granted and agreed upon from time to time to make out a by the Inhabitants in any Town-Meeting regularly affembled; or the major Warrant for Part of those present at such Meeting, for the Maintenance and Support of the levying the Maintenance and Support of the fame. Ministry, Schools, the Poor, and for the defraying of other necessary Charges 9 A. ca. 5. arifing within the faid Town, and thereof to make diffinct and perfect Lifts un-

from a Tuffice

der their Hands, or the major Part of them, fetting down every Perfons Name.

Diffrest to be made on Delinquents.

Perfont overrated to be compts withpiration of their Year. Sec

to Town

Affeisments.

9 W. ca. I.

and feveral Proportion, and shall thereupon make out a Warrant to be figned by the faid Affesfors, or the Town-Clerk by their Order, (who are hereby respectively impowred thereto) directed unto the Constable or Constables of the faid Town, for the speedy levying and collecting of such Assessments, and to pay in the fame unto the Select-Men, or to fuch Perfon as they shall appoint for Receiver, within the time thereby prefixt: And to makeDiffress upon all fuch who shall neglect or refuse to make Payment : And for want of Goods or Chattels whereon to make Diffress, to feize the Person and commit him to the common Goal of the County, there to remain until he pay the Sum upon him afferfed as aforefaid; unless the same or any Part thereof, upon Application made unto the Quarter Session, Conflables to shall be abated. And if any Person think himself over-rated; and make it so fertle & issue appear unto the Assessions, he shall be eased; and if they refuse, such Person their Accounts with agrieved may make his Application unto the Justices in Quarter Sessions, in 3 Months who are hereby impowred to rectify the fame : And all Constables having any after the ex- fuch Affessment committed unto them, shall settle and iffue their Accompts thereof, with the Select-Men, or Receiver appointed by them, within three Months after their Time or Year is expired, on Pain of forfeiting the Sum of Act relaing Twenty Shillings per Month, for each Months neglect afterward, to the Use of the Poor of fuch Town, and to be levied by Distress upon such delinquent Constables Goods by Warrant from one Justice of the Peace, being convented and convicted of fuch Neglect before him, who is hereby thereto impowred.

Provided nevertheless, That every Constable at the End of every three Months shall pay in as aforesaid, so much as he shall have collected within

that time.

Idle Persons Upon refusal to Labour, to House of Correction. 31 W. ca. 6.

And it is further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Select-&Loiterers to Men or Overfeers of the Poor in each Town (where there are such chosen, and be imployed. specially appointed for that Service) are hereby impowred and ordered to take effectual Care that all Children, Youth, and other Persons of able Body, living be feet to the within the same Town or Precincts thereof (not having Estates otherwise to maintain themselves) do not live idly, or mispend their time in loitering; but that they be brought up or imployed in some honest Calling, which may be profitable unto themselves, and the Publick. And if any Person or Persons fit and able to Work, shall refuse so to do, but lotter and mispend his or her time, wander from Place to Place, or otherwise misorder themselves; and thereof be convicted before one or more Justices of the Peace; such Person or Persons shall by such Justice or Justices be sent to the House of Correction, and at their Entrance be whipped on the naked Back, by the Master of such House, or such other as he shall procure, not exceeding ten Lasses; and be there kept to hard Labour, until he or she be discharged by such Justice or Justices, or the Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the same County. shall, and may be lawful for the Overseers of the Poor, or Select-Men in each Town where there are no other Persons specially chosen and appointed to be Overfeers of the Poor, and they are hereby ordered with the affent of two Justices of the Peace, to bind any poor Children belonging to fuch Town, to be Apprentices, where they shall see convenient; a Man-Child, until he shall come to the Age of twenty-one Years, and a Woman-child, to the Age of eighteen Years, or time of Marriage: which shall be as effectual to all Intents and Purposes, as if any such Child were of full Age, and by Indenture of Covenant had bound him or her felf.

Poor Children to be bound out Apprentices.

And it is further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Person and Persons, (except as in this Act is before excepted) being duly chosen as aforesaid, to serve in the Office of Constable, who shall refuse to take the in the Office Oath to that Office belonging, and to serve therein, if he be able in Person to execute the same; shall pay the Sum of Five Pounds, to the Use of the Poor of fuch Town. And if in the Towns of Boston or Salem, the Sum of

Penalty for of Conftable. Ten Pounds, and shall forthwith declare his Acceptance or Refusal, and the Town shall proceed to a new Choice; and if such Person refuse to pay down his Fine, he shall be convened before the next Sessions of the Peace, to be held for that County, in which fuch Town lieth, who upon Certificate under the Hand of the Town Clerk, or two or more of the Select-Men, that fuch Perfon was legally chosen to the Office of Constable, and shewing no just Cause to the Seffions for his Excuse; the Justices shall order a Warrant to be signed by the Clerk of the Peace, directed to any of the Constables then in being within fuch Town, to levy the faid Fine by Diffress and Sale of fuch Offenders Goods, returning the Over-plus (if any be) the faid Fine to be delivered unto the Overfeers of the Poor, or Select-Men to the Use of the Poor of such Town.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons come to sojourn or dwell in any Town within this Province Persons enteror Precinct thereof, and be there received and entertained by the space of three rained in any Months, not having been warned by the Constable, or other Person whom the Town by the Select-Men shall appoint for that Service, to leave the Place, and the Names Months, and of fuch Persons, with the time of their Abode there, and when such Warning not warned was given them, returned unto the Court of Quarter Sessions; every such out, to be re-Person shall be reputed an Inhabitant of such Town, or Precincts of the same; pured Inhabiand the proper Charge of the fame, in case through Sickness, Lameness, or otherwise they come to stand in need of Relief, to be born by such Town; 12 &13 W.5, unless the Relations of such poor impotent Person, in the Line or Degree of Ca 10. Father or Grand-Father, Mother or Grand-Mother, Children or Grand-Children, 11 G. Ca. 2: be of fufficient Ability; then fuch Relations respectively shall relieve such poor Persons of A-Person, in such Manner as the Justices of the Peace in that County where such bility, to refufficient Persons dwell shall affess; on pain that every one failing therein, shall lieve their forseit Twenty Spillings for every Months Negleck, to be levied by Distress tions. and Sale of fuch Offenders Goods by Warrant from any two fuch Justices of the Peace (Quorum Unus) within their Limits; which shall be imployed to the Use and Relief of such impotent poor Person. Provided nevertheless, This Act shall not be understood of any Persons committed to Prison, or lawfully restrained in any Town, or of such as shall come, or be fent for Nursing or Education, or to any Physician or Surgeon to be healed or cured : But the particular Persons who receive and entertain any such, shall be the Town's Security in their Behalf; and be obliged to relieve and support them in Case of Need; upon Complaint made to the QuarterSeffions, who shall accordingly

and it is further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That any Per- Persons warfon orderly warned as aforefaid to depart any Town whereof he is not an Inha-nedour of any bitant, and neglecting to do by the space of fourteen Days next after such Town, to de-Warning given, may by Warrant from the next Justice of the Peace be sent Days or elic and conveyed from Constable to Constable, unto the Town where he properly to be sent by belongs, or had his laftRefidence, at his ownCharge, if able to pay the fame, or the Couftable.

otherwife at the Charge of the Town fo fending him.

order the fame.

and further it is enacted by the Authority aforefait, That when and fo often as there shall be Occasion of a Town-Meeting for any Business of publick Concernment to the Town there to be done; The Constable or Consta-Meetings. bles of such Town, by order from the Select-Men, or major Part of them, or a G ca 5. of the Town Clerk by their Order, in each respective Town within this Pro-Penalty for vince, shall warn a Meeting of such Town, having Order for the same in Wri-neglect. ting; on Pain that every Constable neglecting his Duty in that Respect, and being thereof convicted before one Justice of the Peace, shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Shillings, to the Use of the Poor of such Town, and to be levied by Distress and Sale of such Offenders Goods, by Warrant from such Justice of the Peace, upon neglect or refusal of Payment. And in case the Select-

Juffice to give Warrant for Town-Meeting in

Men in any Town shall unreasonably deny to call a Meeting of the Inhabitants of fuch Town, upon any publick Occasion thereof, the same being complained of, and made to appear to one of the next Justices of the Peace within the fame County; fuch Justice by his Warrant directed to the Constable or Constables, may order a Meeting of the Inhabitants of such Town, therein fignifying the Occasion thereof.

At a Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay, begun and held at Boston, upon Wednesday the 30th of May 1722. The following Refolve was drawn up and passed on a Paragraph which relates to the Qualifications of Voters in Town-Meetings, in the AET for regulating of Townships and Choice of Town-Officers, made in the fourth Year of King WILLIAM and Queen MARY, viz. Whether the Words [rateable at Teventy Pounds Estate to one single Rate hesides the Poll] are to be understood as the Qualification of Freeholders, as well as other Inhabitants of Towns, &c. Resolved in the Affirmative, and that the Law ought so to be understood.

CHAP. XIII.

# An Act for due Regulation of Weights and Measures.

TO the End that Weights and Measures may be one and the same throughout this their Majesties Province:

Standard of Winchester Meafure.

provide Standards.

Sealer of Weights and Mesferes, how to be chosen.

To grant out Warrants for Sealing of Meafercs in April yearly.

Be it enacted and ordained by the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Brass and Copper Weights and Measures formerly sent 12 W.ca. 11. out of England, with Certificate out of their Majesties Exchequer to be ap-4. A. ca. 2. proved Winchester Measure according to the Standard in the Exchequer; be the Publick allowed Standard throughout this their Majesties Province for the proving and fealing all Weights and Measures thereby. And the Constables Conflables to of every Town throughout this Province, not already supplied, shall within three Months next coming provide upon the Towns Charge, one Bushel, one half Bushel, one Peck, one half Peck; one Ale Quart, one Wine Pint and half Pint; one Ell, one Yard; one fet of Brass Weights, to four Pounds, after fixteen Ounces to the Pound, with fit Scales, and Steel Beam, tried and proved by the aforefaid Standard, and fealed by the Treasurer, or his Deputy in his Presence, (which shall be kept and used only for Standards in the feveral Towns) who is hereby authorized to do the fame; for which he shall receive from the Constables of each Town, two Pence for every Weight and Measure fo tried and proved and fealed. And the Conftables of every Town shall commit those Weights and Measures unto the Custody of the Select-Men of their Towns, for the time being, who with the Constables are hereby enjoined to choose one able Man for Sealer of all Weights and Measures for their Town from time to time, and till another be chose, who shall be presented unto the next Court of Seffions, and there fworn to the faithful Discharge of his Duty: And shall have Power to fend forth his Warrants by the Constable to all the Inhabi-Weights and tants of fuch Town, to bring in all fuch Weights and Measures as they make use of, in the Month of April, from Year to Year, at fuch Time and Place as he shall appoint, and make return to the Sealer in Writing of all Persons so summoned. That then and there all fuch Weights and Measures may be proved and sealed

### Filhery.

25

with the Town Seal (which is likewise to be provided by the Constables at each Towns Charge) who shall have for every Weight and Measure so sealed, one Penny from the Owner thereof at the first fealing. And all such Weights and Penalty for Measures as cannot be brought to their just Standard, he shall deface and Neglect. deftroy. And after the first sealing, shall have nothing, so long as they con-

tinue just with the Standard.

And it is further enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That if any Penalty for Constable, Select-Man or Sealer, do not duly execute this Law fo far as to each Constables and every of them appertains, they and each of them shall forfeit to their Select Men Majesties for every such Neglect, by the Space of one Month, the Sum of or Sealers Forty Shillings, towards the Support of their Government here. And every neglect. Person neglecting to bring in their Weights and Measures at the Time and Penalty for Place appointed, being duly warned thereto, shall likewise forfeit threeShillings not bringing and four Pence; the one half whereof to be to their Majesties as aforesaid, the in Weights And the Penalty herein mentioned, to be when warned other half to the Sealer aforefaid.

levied by Diftress by Warrant from any Justice of the Peace.

and it is further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That in every sea Port Sea-Port Town within this Province, the Conftable or Conftables are to provide upon the Town's Charge, one Hundred Weight, one Half Hundred, provided of great one Quarter of an Hundred, and one fourteen Pounds Weight made of Iron, Weights. to be tryed, proved and fealed as aforefaid, and be kept as Standards in the faid feveral Towns, to be used as before for other Weights and Measures

is directed.

### CHAP. XIV.

# An Act for the Regulating and Encouragement of Fishery.

I PON Consideration of great Damage and Scandal that hath happened upon the Account of pickled Fish, although afterwards dryed and hardly discoverable; to the great Loss of many, and also an ill Reputation of this Province, and the Fishery of it :

Be it therefore enacted by the Governour, Council and Representatives, convened in General Court of Affembly, and it is enacted by the Authority of the fame. That no Person or Persons whatsoever, after How dry the Publication hereof, shall save or salt any Sort of Fish (that is intended to be Fish shall be dryed) in Cask or Fatts, or any other Way than what hath formerly and saved. honeftly been practifed for the making of dry Fish; on Penalty of forfeiting all fuch Fish so salted and pickled, whether it be green or dry : The one Moiety thereof to the Use of the Poor of the Town where the Offence is committed, and the other Moiety to the Person that shall sue for the same.

and it is further enacted by the anthogity aforesaid, That hence- No Mackrel

forth no Mackrel shall be caught (except for spending whilst fresh) before the to be salted first Day of July annually : And no Person or Persons whatsoever after the Pub- up before the lication hereof, shall at any Time of Place within this Province, take, kill, or first of July. hale ashore any Mackrel, with any Sorts of Nets, or Seans what soever; on Penal- 4 & 5. W. & M ty of forfeiting all fuch Mackrel fo taken or haled ashore, and also all fuch Nets ca. 20. and Seans which were fo imployed: The one half thereof to their Majesties Re enacted. toward the Support of this their Government, and the other half to him or them Penalty for that shall inform and sue for the same. And all Justices are hereby impowred, raking Mack and required to grant their Warrants for the seizing of the same, and the afore- rel in Nets er

faid Forfeitures, or the receiving of the like Value in currant Money of this Seans,

Province.

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CHAP.

CHAP. XV.

# An Act requiring the taking the Oaths appointed to be taken instead of the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy,

Preamble.

WHEREAS their Royal Majesties in and by their Charter for the erecting and incorporating of their Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, have granted and ordained, that the Governour, or Lieutenant or Deputy Governour of their faid Province, or Territory for the time being, or either of them, or any two or more of the Council or Affifants for the time being, as shall be thereunto appointed by the said Governour; shall and may at all Times, and from time to time, have full Power and Authority to administer and give the Oaths appointed by an Act of Parliament made in the first Year of their present Majesties Reign, (entitled, An Act for the abrogating of the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy and appointing other Oaths) to be taken in stead of the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy; to all and every Person and Persons which are now inhabiting or residing within the said Province or Territory; or which shall at any time or times bereafter go or pass thither:

Now to the Intent that there be no Failure herein, but that their Majesties Subjects within this their Province, may accordingly recognize their Duty

and Allegiance:

Be it enacted and ordained by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and Almale Per. by the Authority of the same, That the Oaths in the said Act mentioned, and thereby appointed to be taken in flead of the Oaths of Allegiance and Years & up Supremacy, and each of them be and shall be forthwith administred and given wards to take unto all Male Persons of the Age of eighteen Years, or above, inhabiting or refiding in any Town or Place within this Province (that have not already taken the fame, and shall make it so to appear) by His Excellency the Governour, or the Lieutenant or Deputy Governour, or any two or more of the Council or Affiftants, or fuch others as shall be thereunto appointed by the Governour; and the Lift of the Names of all Persons so Sworn to be returned into the Secretary's Office.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That if any Person or Persons shall refuse to take the saidOaths, or either of them, when tendered to him or them by any Persons lawfully authorized as is aforesaid, to Administer or tender the same ; the Person or Persons so tendering the said Oaths, or either of them, shall commit the said Person and Persons so refufing, to the common Goal, or House of Correction; there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, for the Space of three Months; unless such Offender shall pay down to the faid Person or Persons so tendering the faid Oaths, or either of them, such Sum of Money, not exceeding Forty Shillings; as the faid Perfon or Persons so tendering the said Oaths, or either of them, shall require such Offender to pay for his faid refusal; which Money shall be paid to the Select-Men, or Overfeers of the Poor of the Town, or Place where fuch Offender did last inhabit.

Penalty for refusing.

fons of 18

the Oaths.

Additional

Act. 6 G. ca. 4.

And unless every fuch Offender, shall also become bound with two sufficient Sureties, with Condition to be of the good Behaviour; and also to appear at the next General Quarter Seffions of the Peace, to be held for the fame County, where fuch Offender doth inhabit or refide : At which Court of Quarter Seffions, the faid Oaths shall be again tendered to every such Offender by the Justices of the said Court in open Sessions. And if the said Offender, shall refuse refuse to take the said Oaths, or either of them, when tendered to him by the faid Justices in openSessions as is aforesaid; the said Justices tendering the said Oaths, shall commit the faidPerson andPersons so refusing, to the common Goal, or House of Correction, there to remain for the space of fix Months, unless every fuch Offender shall pay down to the Justices so tendering the saidOaths, fuch Sum of Money, not exceeding Ten Pounds, nor under Five Pounds, as the Penalty for a faid Juftices shall require such Offender to pay for his second Resulal: The second refue faid Money to be disposed of in Manner aforesaid; and unless every such fal. Offender shall likewife become bound with two sufficient Sureties, with Condition to be of the good Behaviour, until he or they do take the faid Oaths.

And whereas there are certain Persons who scruple the taking of any Oath:

Be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every such Person shall make and subscribe the Declaration of Fidelity following, viz.

A. B. Do fincerely promife and folemnly declare beforeGOD and the World; that I will be true and faithful to Vince Will. that I will be true and faithful to King William, and Queen Mary: Declaration And I do folemnly profess and declare, that I from my Heart, abbor, detest, and of Fidelity. renounce as impious and heretical, that damnable Doctrine and Position, that Princes excommunicated or deprived by the Pope, or any Authority of the See of Rome; may be deposed or murdered by their Subjects, or any other whatsoever. And I do declare, that no foreign Prince, Person, Prelate, State or Potentate, bath or ought to have any Power, Jurisdiction, Superiority, Pre-eminence or Authority, ecclesiastical or spiritual, within the Realm of England, or any of their Majesties Dominions.

### CHAP. XVI.

# An Act for the establishing of Forms of Oaths.

B it declared and enacted by the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, That the several Forms of Oaths here under-written, be and are hereby established: To be given and administred unto the respective Officers for whom they are appointed. As followeth:

YOU A. B. being chosen and admitted of their Majesties Council within Counsellors this their Province, do swear by the everliving GOD. The row will be consellors this their Province, do fwear by the everliving GOD, That you will to Oath. the best of your Judgment at all Times, freely give your Advice to the Governour, for the good Management of the publick Affairs of this Government; and that you will not directly nor indirectly reveal such Matters as shall be debated in Council, and committed to your Secrecy. But will in all Things be a true and faithful Counfellor when you are there-So belp you GOD. unto required.

YOU A. B. do fwear, That as Justice of the Peace in the County of S. according to the Commission given you; You shall dispense Justice, Justice of the equally and impartially in all Cases; And do equal Right to the Poor and to the Rich, after your Cunning Wit and Power, and according to Law. And you shall not be of Council in any Quarrel that shall come before you: You shall not let for Gift or other Cause. But well and truly you shall do your Office of Justice of the Peace in that Behalf, taking only appointed Fees.

Juffices of Superiourand made) to the Parties; but you shall direct your Warrant (by you to be Superiourand made) to the Parties; but you shall direct your Warrant to the Sheriff, his Cours Oath. Under-Sheriff or Deputy, Constable, Tything-Men, or other Officers, proper to W. ca. 15. for the Execution of the same in the County. And this you shall do without Favour or Respect to Persons. So bely you GOD.

Sheriff or Marshals Oath, Musatis mutardis.

YOU fwear, That you will well and truly ferve the King and Queen's Majefties, in the Office of the Sheriff of the County of S. and do the King and Queen's Profit in all Things that belongeth to you to do by Way of your Office, as far forth as you can or may; you shall truly keep the King and Queen's Rights, and all that belongs to the Crown; you shall not respite the King and Queen's Debts for any Gift or Favour, where you may raife them without great Grievance of the Debtors; you shall truly and uprightly treat the People of your Sheriffwick, and do Right as well to Poor as to Rich, in all that belongeth to your Office: You shall do no Wrong to any Man, for any Gift or other Beheft or Promise of Goods, for Favour nor Hate; you shall disturb no Man's Right: You shall truly acquit at the Treasury, those of whom you shall any Thing receive of their Majesties Debts; you shall nothing take whereby their Majesties may lose, or whereby the Right may be letted or diffurbed, or their Majesties delayed; you shall truly return, and truly serve all their Majesties Writs, as far forth as shall be to your Cunning; you shall take no Bailiff into your Service, but such as you shall answer for, and of true and fufficient Men in the County, and shall cause each of your Bailiffs to make fuch Oath as you make your felf, in that belongeth to their Occupation. And over this, in eschewing and restraint of the Man-slaughters, Robberies, and other manifold greviousOffences that be done daily. All these Things you shall truly observe and keep, as GOD help you.

Grand Jurors

YOU as Foreman of this Inquest for the Body of this County of S. You shall diligently enquire, and a true Presentment make of all such Matters and Things as shall be given you in Charge; the King and Queen's Majesties Counsel, your Fellows and your own, you shall keep secret; you shall present no Man for Envy, Hatted or Malice; neither shall you leave any Man unpresented for Love, Fear, Favour or Affection, or Hope of Reward: But you shall present Things truly as they come to your Knowledge, according to the best of your Understanding.

So bith you GOD.

HE same Oath which your Foreman hath taken on his Part, you and every of you on your Behalf shall well and truly observe and keep. So help you GOD.

Peik Jurors YOU shall well and truly try, and true Deliverance make between our Sovereign Lord and Lady the King and Queen, and the Prisoners at the Bar, whom you shall have in Charge according to your Evidence. So belp you GOD.

Jurors Oath YOU fwear, That in all Causes betwirt Party and Party that shall be committed unto you: You will give a true Verdict therein according to Law, and the Evidence given you.

So belp you GOD.

Town Clerk's YOU fwear, That in the Office of Town-Clerk within the Town of B. whereto you are chosen: You will diligently and faithfully attend and discharge
the Duty of your Place, and duly observe the Directions of the Law in all
Things whereto your Office hath Relation, and thereby committed to your
Care and Trust. So help your GOD.

OU swear, That you will from time to time diligently and faithfully Oath of Lea-Discharge and Execute the Office of ---- within the Limits whereto ther Scaler. you are appointed for the enfuing Year, and until another be chosen in your Market, Cul-Place; and that in and by all the Particulars mentioned in the Laws whereto ler of Fifh, your Office hath Relation; and that you will do therein impartially according Packer, Gato Law, without Fear or Favour. So help you GOD.

HEREAS you A. B. are chosen Constable within the Town of C. for one Year now following, and until other be chosen and Sworn in Constables your Place : You do fwear, That you will carefully intend the Prefervation of Oath, the Peace, the discovery and preventing all Attempts against the same: That you will duly execute all Warrants which shall be fent unto you from lawful Authority; and faithfully attend all fuch Directions in the Laws, and Orders of Court, as are, or shall be committed to your Care. That you will faithfully and with what speed you can, collect and levy all such Fines, Distresses, Rates, Affeisments and Sums of Money, for which you shall have sufficient Warrants according to Law; rendering an Account thereof, and paying in the same according to the Direction in your Warrant. And with like Faithfulnes, Speed and Diligence, will serve all Writs, Executions and Diffresses in private Causes betwixt Party and Party, and make Returns thereof duly into the fame Court, where they are returnable. And in all these Things you shall deal seriously, and faithfully whilft you shall be in Office, without any sinister Respects of Favour or Displeasure. So belp you GOD.

### CHAP. XVII.

# An Act for regulating Fees.

E it enaked and ordained by the Governour, Council and Representatives, convened in General Court of Alembly, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by the Authority of the same. That the Establishment of the Fees belonging to the several Offices in this Province; be as followeth.

### Juffices Fees.

	l.	5.	d.
TOR every Attachment or Summons for Action	sγ		
FOR every Attachment or Summons for Action not exceeding forty Shillings, fix Pence.	. } 00	00	06
Sub pena, each Witness, two Pence.	00	00	O2 See
Entring the Action, three Shillings.	00	03	OO A& impow-
Every Execution, two Shillings.	00	02	00 ring Juffices
Filing Papers, each Paper, two Pence.	00	00	
Every Warrant for Criminals, one Shilling.	00	OI	oo ferences not exceeding
Bond for Appeal, one Shilling.	00	OI	00 forryShillings
Copy of Evidences, the least fix Pence.	00	00	06 9 W. ca. 2.
Copy of a Judgment, fix Pence.	00	00	06
Every Recognizance, two Shillings.	00	02	00
Confessing Judgment, one Shilling.	00	10	00
Affidavit out of Court, one Shilling.	00	10	00
Each Days Attendance at the Sessions, to be paid	out z		
of the Fines, four Shillings.	5 00	04	00
Acknowledging of a Deed or Mortgage, or any of Instrument, two Shillings.	her Z		
Instrument, two Shillings.	5 00	02	00

Cozoners

# Regulation of Fæs.

### Cozoners Fees.

Fees for Provate of Wills, granting Administration	ms,	8zc.	
FOR granting Administration, Bond and Letter of Administra- tion under the Seal of the Office, if the Inventory			
	00		06
If the Inventory be under thirty Pounds, five Shillings.  Probate of a Will where the Inventory amounts to thirty  Pounds or upwards; to the Judge three Shillings and		05	00
fix Pence, to the Register, two Shillings and fix Pence.	00	06	00
If under thirty Pounds, four Shillings.  Recording a Will orInventory of onePage, and filing the fame,   **two Shillings* and fix Pence.**	00	04	00
two Shillings and fix Pence.	*00	02	06
If more, each Page of twenty-eight Lines, eight Words	00	02	00
	00	10	00
For a Copy of a Will or Inventory, twelve Pence a Page, each Page to contain as aforefaid.			
	00	10	00
Allowing Accompts, fettling and dividing of Inteftate Estates, five Shillings.	00	05	20
Every Citation, one Shilling.	00	01	00
Every Quietus, four Shillings.	00	04	00
Warrant for Apprizement, two Skillings.	00	02	00
Making out a Commission to receive and examine the			
Claims of Creditors to infolvent Estates and registring of the same, three Shillings.	00	03	00
Registring of the Commissioners Report after the Rate of 2	00	03	00
one Shilling per Page, to be accounted as aforefaid.	00	10	00
For entring an Order upon the Administrator to pay out the			
Estate in Proportion unto the several Creditors returned			-6
by the Commissioners, one Shilling and fix Pence.	00	01	06
Secretarics Fees.			

00	10	00
00	10	00
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00	10	00
00	02	00
00	02	06
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Regulation of Fe	25

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Atymation of Jus.				31
A Bill of Health, three Shillings.  Every Writ for electing of Affembly-Men, directed to the Sheriff or Marshal, under the Province-Scal, five	00	03	A	Additional ct. g.G. ca. 5. g. ca. 6.
The Judices Fees.				
Contesting a Habeas Corpus, two Shillings.  Allowing of a Writ of Error, three Shillings.  Allowing a Habeas Corpus, two Shillings.  Confessing Judgment, two Shillings.  Acknowledging Satisfaction of a Judgment on Record,	00 00 00 00	12 02 02 03 02 02	00 00 00 00 00	
one Shilling.  In all criminal Cases where a Fine is set, fix Shillings,	00	01	00	
Taxing every Bill of Cost, one Shilling.	00	06	00	
Clerks Fees.	1.4.		3	
EVERY Writ and the Seal, one Shilling and fix Pence. Filing every Declaration, one Shilling. To the Jury to be paid down by the Plaintiff, fix Shillings fix Pence. Entring Appearance, fix Pence. Signing a Judgment by Default, one Shilling. Taking every Verdict and recording it, one Shilling. Copies of all Records, twelve Pence a Page, each Page, containing twenty eight Lines, eight Words in a Line. I Lefs than one Page, one Shilling. Every Action withdrawn or Non-Suit, one Shilling. Every Petition read, one Shilling. Order thereon, one Shilling. Filing the Records of each Action, two Pence a Paper, Every Execution, two Shillings.	00:	00 00	06 06 06 06 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	3 G. ca. βι
In Criminal Cases.				
PRAWING and ingroffing everyIndictment orInformation, two Shillings.  Every Appearance, fix Pence. For the Difcharge of any Perfon upon Bail for the Peace, good Behaviour, Contempt and the like, and Warrant	00	02	00 06	
thereon, one Shilling.	00	01	00	
For awarding and making forth Process against the Defendant on Information, one Shilling.	00	01	00	
Every Warrant for the Peace or good Behaviour, one Shilling.	. 00	10	00	

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# Regulating of Fæs.

### In the Inferiour Court-

### Juffices Fees.

NTRY of every Action, ten Shillings.	00	10	00
Of which the Clerk is to have, two Shillings.	00	02	00
		02	
Confessing Judgment, one Shilling. St Clerk one Quarter.			
Acknowledging Satisfaction of Judgment on Record, one Shilling.	00	01	00
Taxing every Bill of Cost, one Shilling,	00	10	00
whereof fix Pence to the Clerk.		00	06
3 G. ca. 5. To the Jury to be paid down by the Plaintiff, fix Shillings fix Pence.	00	06	06

### Clerks fees.

·			
FOR every Writ and Seal, one Shilling. Entring Appearance, fix Pence.	00	10	00
Entring Appearance, fix Pence.	00	00	06
Entring and Recording the Virdict, one Shilling.	00	10	00
Making up the Record, one Shilling.	00	OI	00
Copies of all Records, twelve Pence each Page, as before.	00	OI	00
Every Action withdrawn or Non-Suit, one Shilling.	00	10	00
Every Execution, two Shillings.	00	02	00
J CO DEIL			

### Clerk of the Sessions of Peace, his Fees.

NTRING Complaint or Indictment, two Shillings.	00	02	00
Discharge of a Recognizance, one Shilling.	00	01	00
Making forth Process against Criminals, one Shilling.	00	10	00
Every Summons, three Pence.	00	00	03
Every Warrant for the Peace, or good Behaviour, one Shilling.	00	OI	90
Every License for Houses of publick Entertainment			
or Retailing, four Shillings.	00	04	00
or Retailing, four Shillings, Whereof two to the Clerk.	00	02	00

### Sheriff, or Marthals fees; Dr Confiables.

	OR ferving every Summons for Trial, one Shilling. 00 01 00
0. 14	Every Capias or Attachment, two Shillings. 00 02 00
6 W. & M.	and if above one Mile, three Pence per Mile besides:
Ga. 3:	Bail Bond, one Skilling.
	Levying Execution, for the first twenty Pounds or under,
	one Shilling per Pound; above that, not exceeding
	forty Pounds, fix Pence per Pound.
	Above forty Pound, not exceeding one Hundred Pound,
	three Pence per Pound: For whatfoever it exceeds
	one Hundred Pound, two Pence per Pound, besides
	four Pence per Mile for travel Home.
	Every Trial, one Shilling.
	Every Precept for choosing of Representatives, two Shillings,
	to be paid out of the County Affelsment.

Crpers

### Representatives.

33

### Crycrs frees.

FOR calling of the Jury, fix Pence. 00 00 Every Non-Suit, twelve Pence. 00 OI 00 Every Verdict, twelve Pence. 00

### Goalers Fees.

FOR turning of the Key upon every Prisoner committed FiveShillings, viz. Commitment 2 s. 6d. Discharge 2 s. 6d. For Diet for each Prisoner, two Shillings and fix Pence per Week, and so proportionable, he finding the same. 02 00

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That what Officer foever shall ask, demand and take any greater or other Fees than are Penalty for before-mentioned for the Matters aforefaid, or any of them, and be thereof taking Excelduly convicted in any Court of Record within this Province, shall forfeit and five Fees. pay the Sum of Ten Pounds currant Money; one Moiety whereof to be unto our Sovereign Lord and Lady, the King and Queen, their Heirs and Successors, for and towards the Support of the Government of this their Province, and the contingent Charges thereof; and the other Moiety unto the Informer, or him that shall sue for the same in any Court of Record; wherein no Assoign, Protection, or Wager of Law shall be allowed. And shall further pay unto the Party grieved, double the Value of the excessive Fees so taken.

#### CHAP. XVIII.

# An Act for ascertaining the Number, and regulating the House of Representatives.

WHEREAS their Majesties have been graciously pleased by their Royal Preamble, CHARTER, to grant Power unto the Great and General Court or Assembly of their Province of the Massachusetts-Bay; from time to time to direct, appoint, and declare what Number of Representatives each County, Town or Place shall elect and depute to serve for and represent them respectively, in the said Assembly:

Be it therefore enacted and ordained by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives now in General Court affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That henceforth every Town within this Province confifting of the Number of forty Freeholders, Repealed and other Inhabitants qualified by Charter to Elect, shall and net by are injoined to chuse and fend oneFreeholder as theirRepresentative; and everyTown confifting of the Number of one Hundred and twenty Freeholders and other Inhabitants, qualified as aforefaid or upwards, may fend two fuch Representatives; and each Town of the Number of thirty Freeholders, and other Inhabitants qualified as aforefaid, or upwards, under forty, are Towns corat Liberty to fend One or not; but may choose and fend one Representative, fifting of if they think fit, to serve for and represent them respectively in every one hundred Selfion of the Great and General Court or Affembly from time to time. And and twenty are all Towns under thirty Freeholders, may fend one to represent them, or join upwards, with the next Town in the Choice of their Representatives, they paying a may send two proportionable Part of the Charge. And no Town, shall at any time fend Representamore than two Representatives, except Boston, who are hereby granted to choose tive. and fend Four.

and

Writs for neral Affem

calling a Ge- and fo often as His Excellency the Governour shall see Cause to convene and hold a Great and General Court or Affembly, Writs shall issue out from the Sebity, to lift be hold a Great and General Court or Affembly, Writs shall liftue out from the Se50 Days be creatry's Office under the Seal of the Province, and figned by the Governour,
thirty Days at least, before the Time appointed for such Affembly's Meeting, dithirty Days at least, before the Time appointed for fuch Affembly's Meeting, directed unto the Sheriffs of the feveral Counties. And where there is no Sheriff in anyCounty orPlace, there to be directed to theMarshal, commanding each of them respectively to fend his Precepts to the Select-Men of the several and respective Towns within such County, to assemble and call together the Freeholders and other Inhabitants qualified as aforefaid, to choose and elect one or more Freeholders, as the Number in each Town is more or lefs, as above, to ferve for and represent them in such Great and General Court or Assembly: The major Part of the Select-Men in each Town respectively, to be present at such Meeting, and to give Directions for the regular and orderly carrying on of the the Meetings fame: Who are to return the faid Precept with the Names of fuch as shall be chosen by the major Part of the Electors present as such Meeting, under their Hands unto the respective Sheriffs or Marshals, by them to be returned into the Secretary's Office, one Day at the least before the Time prefixed for the faid Court or Affembly's fitting.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That when

Sel-& Men to regulate

House of Re-

and it is further enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That the Representatives presentatives assembled in any Great and General Court, shall be the sole Judges Judges of E- of the Elections and Qualifications of their own Members; and may from lections, &c. time to time fettle, order and purge their House, and make fuch necessary 40 Represen- Orders for the due Regulation thereof, as they shall see Occasion. And forty tatives confti- Representatives at any time so affembled, shall be accounted a Number sufficitute a House, ent to constitute a House, pass Bills, and to transact and do any Business proper to be done in that House; and such Acts to be esteemed valid and of Effect.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That each Representa-Town respectively shall pay unto their several Representatives, during their Attives Allowance, enlarg'd, tendance on the Court, and for the necessary time expended in their journeying to and from thence; three Shillings in Money per Diem, within one Month next after the End of each Seffion commencing from his Excellency's

Arrival.

Penalty for Non-Atten-

dance. ca. 14.

Person chosen to serve for, and represent any Town in the General Assembly, and accepting thereof, shall give his constant Attendance, during their Seffions, on Pain of forfeiting the Sum of Five Shillings per Diem for his Neglect; 5 W. &. M. (without just excuse made and allowed of by the House of Representatives ) to be paid unto the Clerk of the faid House, and is to be disposed of and employed as the House shall direct; and in default of Payment to be levied

and it is further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That every

by Distress upon such Delinquents Goods, by Warrant from the faid Clerk, by Order of the House, directed to the Sheriff of the County, his Under-Sheriff or Deputy, or Constable of the Town where such Representative dwells: And Not to depart no Representative shall depart or absent himself from the General Assembly,

without Leave of the Speaker and the House.

until the fame be fully finished, adjourned or prorogued; without the Licence of the Speaker and Representatives affembled, to be entred upon Record in the Clerk's Book, on Pain to every one fo departing or abfenting himself in any other Manner, to lose his Wages. And the Inhabitants of such Town for which he ferves, shall be clearly discharged of the said Wages against such Person, and his Executors forever.

No Representative or his Member of the General Assembly, or his Servant during the time of their Servant to be Sessions, or going to and from thence shall be arrested, fued, imprisoned, during the Seilion. 3 A, ca. I.

or any ways molested or troubled, or compelled to make Answer to any Suit, Plaint or Declaration, or otherwise: Gases of High-Treason and Felony excepted.

CHAP.

### CHAP. XIX.

# An Act for the preventing of Danger by the French residing within this Province.

THERE baving been frequent Complaints made to this Court, that although feveral French Protestants who lately fled from Persecution, came over Sea into this Province, and were charitably entertained and succoured here, yet since Preamble. that, many of a contrary Religion and Interest have been brought hither; and others have obtruded themselves; which (especially in this Time of War, between the two Crowns of England and France ) proves a grievous Inconvenience; and the publick Safety is endangered by suffering such a mixt Company among us.

For Remedy whereof: It is enacted and ordained by the Governour, Council and Representatives, convened in General Assembly, and by the Authority of the fattie, That from and after the fecond Day of January next entuing, No French none of the French Nation be permitted to refide or be in any of the Sea-Ports to refide or or Frontier Towns within this Province; but fuch as shall be licensed by the Go- be in any vernour and Council. Nor shall any of the said Nation open Shop, or exercise Sca-Port of any Manual Trade in any of the Towns of this Province; without the Appro-Town withbation of the Select-Men, first orderly obtained in Writing under their Hands, out License. on Pain of Imprisonment.

And any two Justices of the Peace ( Quorum Unus ) within their respective Precincts, are hereby impowred to commit to Prison any Person or Persons legally convicted of offending against this Act; upon the Complaint of the Select-Men in any Town, or any two of them; and to remain in Prison, until releafed by Order of the Governour and Council.

### ACTS and LAWS,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of the Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, begun and held at Boston the eight of June, 1692. and continued by several Adjournments unto the eighth Day of February following.

### CHAP. XX.

An Act for the Explanation and altering of fome Claufes, and Sentences; and the repealing of some others, contained in severalActs made and paffed at the second Session of this Court in October last, 1692.

AID E it enacted by the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and it is enacted and declared by the authority of the same, That whereas in the Ast Entitled, 4 W. and M. An Ast for the Settling and Distribution of the Estates of Intestates, among st ca. 2. other Things, thereby enacted and provided, there is a saving to the Party aggrieved, at any Order, Sentence or Decree, made for the Settlement and Distribution of any Intestate Estate, their right of Appeal unto the Governour and Council:

It is now declared and enaded, That fuch Right of Appeal, shall to Appeals from all Intents and Purpofes, extend and be taken and conftrued to extend, as well to any other Order, Sentence, Decree or Denial, that shall at any time be made Probate en and given by the Judge of Probate, referring to the Approbation and Allowlarged. ance of any Will, grant of Administration or other Matter: Any thing in the faid Act, to the contrary notwithstanding.

and further it is enacted and declared. That the Judge of Probate

Guardians to in each County refpectively, when and fo often as there shall be Occasion; be allowed be, and hereby is impowred, to allow of Guardians, that shall be chosen by by the Judge Minors of fourteen Years of Age; and to appoint Guardians for fuch as shall be within that Age; taking fufficient Security of all fuch Guardians for the faithful Discharge of their Trust, according to Law : And to Accompt either to the Judge or Minor, when fuch Minor shall arrive at full Age, or at such other time as the Judge, upon Complaint to him made, shall see Cause.

And touching the Settlement and Support of Ministers intended by the Act of

the fourth of WILLIAM and MARY, Cap. 10.

Be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That each respective gathered Church in any Town or Place within this Province, that at any time shall be in Want of a Minister, such Church shall have Power according to the Directions given in the Word of God, to choose their own Minister.

And the majorPart of fuch Inhabitants as do there usually attend on the publick Worship of God, and are by Law duly qualified for voting in Town Affairs, concurring with the Churche's Act, the Person thus elected and approved, accepting thereof, and fettling with them, shall be the Minister, towards whose Settlement and Maintenance all the Inhabitants and rateable Estates lying within fuch Town, or Part of a Town, or Place limited by Law for upholding the

publick Worship of God, shall be obliged to pay in Proportion.

Provided, That nothing herein contained is intended or shall be construed to extend to abridge the Inhabitants of Boston of their accustomed Way and Practice

as to the Choice and Maintenance of their Ministers.

Be it further enacted, That in fuch Towns or Places where there is no Church gathered, the rateable Inhabitants of fuch Town or Place, at a Meeting duly warned for that Purpole, (Notice thereof being given fifteen Days before the Time of fuch Meeting) by the majorVote of fuch Affembly then and there met, with the Advice of three Neighbouring ordained Ministers, shall choose and call an Orthodox, learned and pious Person, to dispense the Word of God unto them. To the Settlement and Maintenance of which Minister, all rateable Estates, and Inhabitants within such Town or Place, shall be affested, and

pay proportionably.

And it is further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That where any Town or Place shall be negligent of their Duty by Law required, respecting the Maintenance of the Ministry, the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace within the same County, upon Complaint to them made, are impowred medy in case and required effectually to provide for Remedy thereof, and by Warrant of Neglect of from the faid Court, to convent before them the Select-Men, or others specially Maintenance appointed by the Inhabitants of such Town or Place, to take Care in that of the Mini- Matter (having accounted such Betruffment ) and upon Conviction of Negro Matter, (having accepted fuch Betrustment; ) and upon Conviction of Neglect therein, to impose a Fine upon the Delinquents not exceeding Forty Shillings each Person for the first Offence: And upon a second Conviction of fuch Neglect, to impose a Fine of Four Pounds upon each Person, and the like Sum of Four Pounds for every after Conviction: Such Fines to be levied by Diftress and Sale of the Offenders Goods, returning the Over-plus ( if any be ) and to be disposed to the Use of the Poor of the same Town or Place, by the Select-Men, or Overleers of the Poor.

Ministers how to be chosen.

Saving to Bofton.

Advice of Neighbouring Ministers to be had. 7 W. ca. 9.

Sellions of the Peace to provide Re-

I A. C3. 3.

### Registering Births & Deaths. Excessive Ulury. 37

#### CHAP. XXI.

# An Act for the registring of Births and Deaths.

FOR preventing of great Uncertainty and Inconvenience that may happen, for want of a particular Register of Births and Deaths:

Be it enacted by the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court affembled, and by the authority of the same, Town Clerk That every Town-Clerk within this Province, shall be, and is hereby impow- to Register red and required, to take an Account of all Persons that shall be born or shall Births and die, within each Town respectively, and the Precincts thereof; and fairly to Deaths. register in a Book, their Names and Sirnames, as also the Names and Sirnames of their Parents, with the Time of their Birth and Death. And the Clerk shall demand and receive the Fee of three Pence, and no more, for each Birth or Death by him so registred; to be paid by the Parents, or others nextly related to, or concerned with the Party born or dying. And if any shall refuse or neglect to give Notice to the Town-Clerk of the Birth or Death of any Person that they are so related to or concerned for; or to pay for registring as abovefaid, by the space of thirty Days next after such Birth or Death : Every Person so refusing or neglecting, and being (upon the Complaint of any Town Clerk) thereof convicted before a Justice of Peace within the same County, shall forfeit and pay unto such Clerk, the Sum of Five Shillings; to be levied by Diffress and Sale of the Offenders Goods, by Warrant from such Justice; if Payment thereof be not made within four Days next after Conviction as aforefaid. And every Town-Clerk shall give forth from the Registry a fair Certificate under his Hand of Persons born or dying in the Town, to any who shall defire the same; and he shall receive fix Pence and no more for every Certificate fo given.

# Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of the Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, begun and held at Boston the thirty-first Day of May, 1693.

### CHAP. I.

# An A& for the restraining the taking excessive Usury.

FOR AS MUCH as the Abatement of Interest bath always been found beneficial to the Advancement of Trade, and Improvement of Lands by good Husbandry; and whereas the taking of eight in the Hundred for the Interest of Money, tends to the great Discouragement of Ingenuity and Industry in the Husbandry, Trade, and Commerce of this Province:

Be it for the Reasons asozesaid, enacted by the Governour, Council and Representatives, convened in General Assembly, and it is enacted by the authority of the same, That no Person or Persons or Persons whatsoever, from and after the first Day of August, in the Year of

#### 38 Titles at Martha's Vineyard, &c. Confirmed.

Six Pounds of Money.

Penalty for contracting

for more.

our Lord; one Thousand fix Hundred ninety three; upon any Contract to be per Cent. In made after that time, shall take directly or indirectly, for Loan of any Monies, terest per 3n- Wares, Merchandize, or other Commodities whatsoever, above the Value of fix Pounds for the Forbearance of one Hundred Pounds for a Year; and fo after thatRate for a greater or lefferSum, or for a longer or shorter time. And that all Bonds, Contracts, Mortgages and Affurances whatfoever, made after the Time aforesaid for the Payment of any Principal or Money Lent, or covenanted to be lent, upon or for Usury, whereupon or whereby there shall be referved, or taken above the Rate of fix Pounds in the Hundred as aforefaid. shall be utterly void; and that all and every Person and Persons whatsoever, which shall after the time aforesaid upon any Contract, take, accept and receive by Way or Means of any corrupt Bargain, Loan, Exchange, or by Covin, or deceitful Conveyance, or by any other Way or Means whatfoever, for the forbearing or giving Day of Payment for one whole Year, of, and for their Money, or other Thing or Things, above the Sum of fix Pounds for the forbearing of one hundred Pounds for a Year; and so after that Rate for a greater or leffer Sum, or for a longer or shorter time; shall forfeit and lose for every fuch Offence the full Value of the Goods and Monies, or other Things fo lent, exchanged, bargained, fold, or agreed for; one Moiety thereof to their Majesties, towards the Support of the Government of this Province, and the contingent Charges thereof; the other Moiety to the Informer that shall sue for the same; any Custom, Usage or Law to the contrary notwithstanding.

A faving. Provided, Nothing in this Act shall extend to the letting of Cattel, or other Ufages of like Nature, in Practice amongst Farmers, or Maritime Contracts among Merchants, as Bottomry, or Course of Exchange, as hath been heretofore accustomed.

### CHAP. II.

# An Act for Confirmation of Titles within the Islands of Capawock, alias Martha's Vineyard, and Nantuckett.

Preamble.

WHEREAS their most gracious Majesties, our Sovereign Lord and Lady, King WILLIAM and Queen MARY, in and by their Royal CHARTER, or Letters Patent, bearing date at Westminster, the seventh Day of October, in the third Year of their faid Majesties Reign; for the uniting, erecting and incorporating of the Colony of the Massachusetts-Bay, and Colony of New-Plimouth, the Province of Main, the Territory called Accada, or Nova-Scotia, and all that Tract of Land lying between the said Territories of Nova-Scotia, and the said Province of Main, into one real Province, by the Name of the Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England: Have therein particularly named, comprehended and included the Islands of Capawock and Nantuckett as Part of the said Province of the Massachusetts-Bay, and annexed the same thereto: And also all Islands and Islets, lying within ten Leagues, directly opposite to the main Land within the faid Bounds.

And whereas their said Majesties have also been graciously pleased in and by their faid Letters Patent, to grant and ordain that all and every fuch Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments and other Estates, which any Person or Persons, or Bodies Politick and Corporate, Towns, Villages, Colleges or Schools, do hold and enjoy, or ought to kave, hold and enjoy within the Bounds of the faid Charter, by or under any Grant or Estate duly made or granted, by any General Court formerly beld, or by Virtue of the Letters Patent, berein before recited, or by any other

lawful

lawful Right or Title whatfoever; shall be by such Person or Persons, Bodies Politic and Corporate, Towns, Villages, Colleges or Schools, their refpettive Heirs Successors and Assigns for ever bereafter held and enjoyed according to the Purport and Intent of such respective Grant: Under and subject nevertheless to the Rents and Services thereby reserved or made payable, &cc, as in and by the before recited Charter, or Letters Patent, Reference thereto being bad, doth and will more fully

and at large appear.

But for asmuch as the said Island of Capawock, alias Martha's Vineyard, and the Island of Nantuckett, were for some time under the Rule and Government of the Province of New-York, and the Properties and Titles of the Lands upon the faid Islands respectively, being derived and founded upon several Grants and Patents made and granted by the successive Governours of the said Province of New-York; and so legal there according to the Constitution, Usage and Custom of the Government of the said New-York. And the Inhabitants and Proprietors of Lands within the said Island of Capawock, alias Martha's Vineyard and the Island of Nantuckett, for their better Quiet and Satisfaction, defiring this Court's Confirmation of the same:

It is therefore declared and enacted by the Governour, Council, and Representatives, convened in General Assembly, and by the Authority of the same, That all Lands, Tenements, Hereditaments, and other Estates held and enjoyed by any Person or Persons, Towns or Villages within the faid Islands of Capawock, alias Martha's Vineyard and Nantuckett, and each of them respectively, by or under any Grant or Estate duly made or granted by any former Government, or by the fuccessive Governours of New-York. or any other lawful Right or Title whatfoever; shall be by such Person or Perfons Towns or Villages, their respective Heirs, Successors and Assigns for ever hereafter held and enjoyed, according to the true Purport and Intent of fuch respective Grant, under and subject nevertheless to the Rents and Services thereby referved or made payable: And are hereby ratified and confirmed as fully and amply to all Intents, Constructions and Purposes, as the Lands in any other Parts or Places within this Province by Virtue of their Majesties Royal Charter.

#### CHAP. III.

### An Act for encouraging the killing of Wolves.

E it enacted by the Governour, Council and Representatives, convened in General Assembly, and by the Authority of the same, That whosever hath since the fourteenth Day of May, one paid for out Thousand six Hundred ninety and two: or shall hereafter kill any grown of the Town Wolf within this Province, and bring the Head thereof unto the Constable of Stock. the Town in which fuch Wolf shall be killed, or to the Constable of the Town next Adjacent unto the Place of killing fuch Wolf, without the Bounds of any Township; shall have a Recept of the Constable for the same, 7 W. ca 5. and the Constable shall cut off both the Ears from such Head; and the Party <sup>2</sup> G ca <sup>4</sup> producing the Constables Receipt unto the Select-Men of the said Town, or 1741. fome one of them, shall be allowed and paid out of the Town's Stock, the Sum of twenty Shillings for every Head as aforefaid of a grown Wolf by him kill'd, and the Sum of Five Shillings for every Wolf's Whelp.

And the better to furnish the Select-Men with a Stock sufficient to answer such Payments:

Select Men to Treasury.

It is further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Select-Affets their Men of each Town respectively shall be and hereby are sufficiently authorized Town yearly and impowred to affes the Inhabitants of their Town yearly, in dueProportion tor this Occa-fion, to be re. as near as they can, fuch Sum and Sums as they shall judge necessary to serve imburfi'd out that Occasion, together with other Charges of the Town, and to cause the same of the publick to be collected in manner as is by Law directed for the gathering of Town Rates: And all fuch Sum and Sums of Money fo paid out of any TownStock, for the killing of Wolves (the fame being made to appear,) shall be allowed unto fuch Town by the General Treasurer of the Province out of the publick Revenue.

# Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of the Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, begun and held at Boston the thirty-first Day of May, 1693. and continued by Adjournment unto the Sixth Day of July following.

### CHAP. IV.

An Act for the Partition of Lands, &c. and the Recovery of Legacies at the common Law.

Partition of Lands bea ceners, &c. to be forced by the common Law.

AIL E it enacted by the Governour, Council and Representatives. convened in General Court, and by the Authority of the fame, That all Persons having or holding, or that hereafter shall twixt Copar- have or hold, any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, as Coparceners joint Tenants, or Tenants in Common, may be compelled by Writ of Partition at the common Law to divide the fame; where the Parties cannot agree to make Partition thereof by themselves.

> Provided, This Act shall not be understood to repeal, or any ways alter any Clause or Clauses in the Act, For Regulating of Townships, referring to undivided or common Lands.

Legacies to mon Law.

and it is further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That where be recovered any certain Legacy is or shall be bequeathed and given by any Person in his at the comor her last Will and Testament; As also where any residuary or uncertain Legacy is, or shall by the Accompt of any Executor be reduced to a certainty; every fuch Legacy and Legacies as aforefaid, may be fued for, and recovered at the common Law; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwith standing.

CHAP. V.

### An additional Act for the punishing of criminal Offences.

WHEREAS the breach of fundry Criminal Laws of this Province, is only Preamble. punishable by Fines, and many Times the Breakers of them have not Money to fatisfy the same:

Be it therefore enacted by the Governour, Council and Reprefentatives, convened in Seneral Menthly, and by the authority of Criminal Of-the fame, That hence-forward it shall be in the Power of any Justice of the fences to be Peace, that shall have Cognizance thereof, to punish Breakers of the Peace, punish'd by Prophaners of the Sabbath, and unlawful Gameiters. Drunkards or prophase Prophaners of the Sabbath, and unlawful Gamelters, Drunkards, or prophane Stocks, &c. Swearers or Curfers, by fetting in the Stocks, or putting into the Cage, not where the sweatch of charges in the executing three Hours, or Impriforment twenty four Hours, or by Whipping, not exceeding ten Stripes, as the Cafe may deferve; and where the Offender cannot cannot be considered the execution of the exe has not where-withal to fatisfy the Law in that Case provided.

fy the Law.

# Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of the Province of the Maslachusetts-Bay in New-England, begun and held at Boston the eighth Day of November, 1693.

CHAP. VI.

### An Act relating to Sureties upon mean Process in Civil Actions.

If E it enacted by the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, it is ordered and enacted, That where Bail is given upon mean Process in any Civil Action, not only for the Appearance of the Party to answer the Suit, but also to abide the Order or Judgment of the Court that Act. shall be given thereon; every such Surety or Sureties shall be obliged 4.4. ca. 3. to satisfy the Judgment in case of the Principals Avoidance, and the 2 G. ca. 11return of Non est Inventus upon the Execution; unless the Surety at the Time of entring up Judgment do bring the Principal into Court and move to be discharged; upon which the Court shall order the Keeper of the Prison to receive him into Custody, that so his Body may be taken in Execution. And the Party for whom the Judgment was given, may have a Writ of Scire Facias out of the fame Court against such Surety or Sureties; and in case no just Cause be shewn to the contrary, the Judgment shall be affirmed against the Surety or Sureties with the additional Costs of Suit; and Execution

shall be accordingly granted.

Always provided, That such Writ of Scire Facias be taken out and served upon the Surety within twelve Months after the first Trial, and not afterward. And every Surety of whom fuch Recovery is made, may bring his Action for

Damages against the principal Debtor.

ca. 8.

#### CHAP. VII.

# An Act for passing of Sheriffs Accompts.

E it enacted by the Governour, Council and Representatives. in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Clerk of the Peace in each County within this Province and Clerk of Affize shall deliver unto the Sheriff of the County a perfect Estreat of all Fines, Issues, Amerciament, Recognizances, Monies and Forfei-12 & 13 W. tures imposed, set, lost or forfeited in any Sessions of the Peace, Court of Assize and General Goal Delivery, or special Court of Oyer and Terminer, by any Person, due to their Majesties within the Space of thirty Days next after the ending of the faid Courts respectively; and within the faid Time shall deliver unto the Treasurer and Receiver General of the said Province, a perfect Schedule of all such Estreats by him delivered to the Sheriff; on pain of forfeiting to their Majesties for the Support of the Government, the Sum of Five Pounds for each Neglect, upon Conviction thereof before the Justices of the same Court.

And the Justices of each of the faidCourts respectively are hereby impowred to aduit, examine and adjust the faid Accompts of the Sheriff, and upon Payment of what shall be found remaining due thereupon, to grant the

Sheriff a Quietus est.

And whenfoever any Sheriff upon paffing his Accompts shall have his Quietus eft, he shall be thereby absolutely discharged of all Sums of Money by him levied and received, and pretended not to be accompted for within the faid Accompt, whereupon he had his Quietus; unless such Sheriff shall be called in Question for such Sum or Sums of Money so pretended to be levied, within two Years after the Time of fuch Accompt and Quietus.

#### CHAP. VIII.

# An Act for regulating of the Militia.

Preamble.

WHEREAS for the Honour and Service of their Majesties, and for the Security of this their Province against any Violence or Invasion whatever; it is necessary that due Care be taken that the Inhabitants thereof be armed, trained, and in a fuitable Posture and Readiness for the Ends aforesaid; and that every Person may know his Duty and be obliged to perform the same :

Be it therefore enaded by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and it is ordained and enaded by the Authority of the fame,

Persons liable to Train,

1. That all Male Persons from fixteen Years of Age, to fixty, (other than fuch as are herein after excepted ) shall bear Arms, and duly attend all Musters and Military Exercises of the respective Troops and Companies where they are lifted or belong; allowing three Months Time to every Son next after his coming to fixteen Years of Age; and every Servant fo long, after his Time is out; to provide themselves with Arms and Ammunition, &c.

2. And the Clerk of each Troop and Company once a Quarter yearly, shall Clerk to take take an exact Lift of all Persons living within the Precincts of such Troop a Lift four times a Year. or Company, and present the same to the Captain or Chief Officer, on pain of forfeiting forty Shillings for each Default, to be paid to the Captain or chief chief Officer to the Use of the Company. And in case of Non-Payment, to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offenders Goods, by vertue of a Warrant from the Captain or chief Officer; who is hereby impowred to grant the fame.

- 3. That every Person listed in any Troop or Company shall so continue and Persons to attend all Duty in such Troop or Company; or otherwise suffer the Penalty by accord Dury Law provided; until orderly dismit or removed out of the Town or Precinct. where sited And in case of removal into the Precinct of another Company in the same Town, dismits to produce a Certificate under the Hand of the Captain or chief Officer of the Precinct whereto he is removed, that he is listed there.
- 4. If any Perfon liable to be lifted as aforefaid, do exempt himfelf by shift-penalty on ing from House to House, or Place to Place, to avoid being so listed; he shall such as shall pay as a Fine for every such Offence, to the Use of the Company to which Shit to avoid be belongs, Ten Skillings, being convicted before any Justice of the Peace listings of the County.
- 5. That every lifted Sol.lier and other Housholder (except Troopers) shall Foot Solbe always provided with a well fixt Firelock, Musket, of Musket or Bastard diers, how to Musket bore, the Barrel not less than threeFoot and a half long; or other good be armed. Fire Arms to the Satisfaction of the Commission Officers of the Company; a Snapsack, a Collar with twelve Bandaliers, or Cartouch.Box; one Pound of It A: ca. 4. good Powder, twenty Bullets fit for his Gun; and twelve Flints; a good Sword or Cutlash, a Worm and Priming-Wire fit for his Gun: On Penalty of fix Sbillings for want of such Arms as is hereby required, and two Sbillings for each other defect, and the like Sum for every four Weeks he shall remain unprovided: The Fines to be paid by Parents for their Sons under Age, and under their Command; and by Masters or Heads of Families, for their Servants, other than Servants upon Wages.
- 6. That every Trooper shall be always provided with a good serviceable Troopers, Horse of Five Pounds Value, and not less than sourteen Hands high, (the same how to be to be determined by the two chief Commission Officers) covered with a good turnished. Saddle, Bit, Bridle, Holsters, Pectoral and Crooper; and surnished with a Carbine, the Barrel not less than two Foot and half long, with a Belt and Swivel; a Case of good Pistols; with a Sword or Cutlash; a Flask or Cartouch-Box; one Pound of good Powder, three Pounds of sizable Bullest, twenty Flints, and a good pair of Boots and Spurs; on Penalty of twelve Sbillings for want of such Horse as is hereby ordered, and three Sbillings a Piece for every other Defect, and the like Sum for every fix Weeks he shall remain unprovided: And that each Trooper list his Horse, and shall not dispose thereof without the Consent of his chief Officer; on the Penalty of Five Pounds: And for Non-Appearance at the Time and Place appointed for Exercise, every listed Trooper for each Days Neglect, shall pay ten Sbillings Fine.
  - 7. That there may be two Troops in a Regiment, each of which Troops shall not exceed fixty Men with Officers.
  - 8. That Regimental Musters shall be but once in three Years, (except in Regimental Beston.) And every Captain or chief Officer of any Company or Troop in Musters, and any Regiment, shall be obliged on Penalty of Five Pounds, to draw forth his training of Company or Troop, or cause them to be drawn forth four Days annually, and particular no more, to Exercise them in Motions, the Use of Arms, and shooting at Companies. Marks, or other Military Exercises, which every Person liable to Train, having been duly warned, and not appearing and attending the same, shall for each Days Neglecs, pay a Fine of Five Shillings.

o. That

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Commission Officers Power.

9. That the Commission Officers of any Company or Troop, or the major Part of them, may order the correcting and punishing Disorders and Contempt on a training Day, or on a Watch; the Punishment not being greater than laying Neck and Heels, riding the Wooden Horse, or ten Shillings Fine.

Milirary Watches. II W. ca. 7. 11 A. ca. 6.

10. That there be Military Watches appointed and kept in every Town at fuch Times, in fuch Places, and in fuch Numbers, and under fuch Regulation as the chief Military Officers of each Town shall appoint, or as they may receive Orders from the chief Officer of the Regiment : And that all Persons able of Body, or that are of Estate (and not exempted by Law) shall by themselves or some meet Person in their Stead, to the Acceptance of the Commander of the Watch, attend the fame; on Penalty of Five Shillings for each Defect; there having been due Warning given.

Penalty for not attending Military Exercifes.

11. Every Soldier or other Person liable by Law, refusing or neglecting to attend Military Exercises, on training Days; or Military Watches, that shall not pay, or have no Estate to be found whereon to levy the Fine; it shall be in the Power of the Captain, or chief Officers of fuch Company on the next training Day after fuch Neglect (he not having fatisfied the Clerk ) to punish him for fuch Offence, by laying Neck and Heels, or riding the WoodenHorfe, not exceeding one Hour's time: And if fuch Delinquent shall absent himself the fecond training Day, without giving fufficient Reason to the Captain, or chief Officer for the same; it shall be in the Power of the chief Officer of the Company to direct a Warrant to the Constable of the Town, requiring him to apprehend fuch Delinquent, and bring him into the Field, that he may be punish'd according as by this Law is provided: And all Constables are hereby required to execute fuch Warrant accordingly.

Persons exe training.

12. That the Persons hereafter named be exempted from all Trainings, viz. empred from The Members of the Council, the Representatives for the time being, the Secretary, Justices of the Peace, President, Fellows, Students, and Servants of Harvard College, exempted by College-Charter, Masters of Art, Ministers, Elders and Deacons of Churches, Sheriffs, allowed Physicians, or Surgeons, and profest School-Masters, all fuch as have had Commissions, and served as Field-Officers, or Captains, Lieutenants, or Ensigns, Coroners, Treasurers, Attorney General, Deputy Sheriffs, Clerks of Courts, Constables, constant Ferrymen, and one Miller to each Grist-Mill, Officers employed in and about their Majesties Revenues, all Masters of Vessels of thirty Tons and upwards, usually employed beyond Sea; and constant Herdsmen, Lame Persons, or otherwise disabled in Body (producing Certificate

L. A. ca. I.

Perfons exempted from Military

13. That the Persons hereafter named be, and hereby are exempted from Military Watches and Wardings, viz. The Members of the Council, Secretary, Watches, Sec. Representatives for the Time being, President, Fellows, Students of Harvard-College, and the Gentlemen belonging to the Troop of the Governour's Guard, Ministers,

11 W. ca. 7. and Elders of Churches, allowed Physicians and Surgeons, Constables, constant Ferrymen, and one Miller to each Grift-Mill.

thereof from two able Surgeons) Indians and Negroes.

Commission Officers to appoint Serporals.

14. That the Captain and Commission Officers of each Company or Troop shall and hereby are fully impowred to nominate and appoint meet Persons to jeants & Cor. ferve as Serjeants and Corporals in the respective Companies or Troops; and to Displace them, and appoint others in their Room, as they shall see meet.

View of Arms.

15. That twice every Year, or oftner if required, every Captain or chief Officer of each Company or Troop, shall give order for a diligent Inquiry into the State of his Company, and for taking an exact Lift of the Names of his Soldiers, Soldiers, and Inhabitants within the Limits of his Company, and of the Defeets of Arms or otherwife, and Names of the defective Persons; that they may be profecuted as the Law hath provided, and fuch Care may be taken as is proper to remedy the fame.

That if any Person who is by Law obliged to provide Arms and Am- How Persons munition, cannot purchase the same by such Means as he hath; if he bring to unable to the Clerk of the Company, Corn or other Merchantable Provision, or vendible purchase, Goods, fo much as by Apprizement of the Clerk and two other Persons mu- he provided, tually chosen, shall be judged of greater Value by one fifth Part than such Arms or Ammunition is of; he thereupon shall be excused from the Penalties for want of Arms and Ammunition, until he can be provided, which the faidClerk shall provide as soon as may be by Sale of such Goods, and render the Overplus to the Party, if any be: But the Party shall notwithstanding give his personal Attendance upon all Occasions as other Soldiers, until he be supplied, and at fuch times shall perform any proper Service he may be put upon by the Captain or Chief Officer of the Company he belongs to. But if the Perfon be judged unable to buy Arms, or to lay down the Value proposed; if he be a fingle Man, he shall be put out to Service by the two next Justices of the Peace, to earn wherewith to buy Arms and Ammunition. If fuch Person have a Family and be judged unable by the Captain and major Part of the Select-Men to lay down such Value for the End aforesaid, then he shall be provided for out of the Town Stock, or by Arms procured at the Town's Charge, until fuch time as he be judged able to provide for himfelf. And fuch Arms to be under the Care of the chief Military Officer and the Select-Men of the Town.

17. That Drums, Drummers, Trumpets, Trumpeters, Colours and Banners, How Drums, by the Commillion Officers of each Troop or Company provided at the Trumpets, be by the Commission Officers of each Troop or Company provided at the Commission be Charge of the respective Companies and Troops where they are not already provided. provided, and the Fines will not reach to procure the fame; and that fuch as have been imployed as Drummers or Trumpeters, or are fit and capable thereof, being appointed unto such Service by the chief Officer of any Company or Troop, shall attend the Service, on Penalty of Forty Shillings Fine: And every Drummer for a Year's Service shall have Twenty Shillings, if he find his own Drum; and Ten Shillings, if the Captain finds the Drum. And a Trumpeter Forty Shillings a Year if he finds his own Trumpet; and Twenty Shillings, if the Captain finds it.

18. That such meet Person as by the Commission Officers of any Company Penalty for or Troop shall be appointed Clerk, and shall refuse to serve, shall pay Foriy refusing to serve a Clerk, Shillings Fine, and another be chosen in his Room, and so until one do accept: Which Person shall be under Oath for the faithful Discharge of his Office, to be administred unto him by a Justice of Peace in the same County, in the Words following.

TOU do swear truly to perform the Office of Clerk of the Military Company onth: under the Command of A. B. Captain, to the utmost of your Skill and Power Oath. in all Things appertaining to your Office according to Law. So help you God.

And for every Diffraint made for any Fine not exceeding Forty Shillings, he shall have one Quarter Part for his Pains and Trouble. And for such Fines Allowance & Distress for he may diffrain Ex Officio; and in diffraining shall observe such Rules as the Fines. Law hath provided in other Cases; and upon ten Days Notice shall account with and pay to the Captain or chief Officer what Fines he hath received, his own Part being deducted.

Meering of the chief Officers of

19. The chief Military Officer of each Regiment as often as he shall see Cause, shall require the Captain or chief Officer of each Company in his Regithe Regiment, ment to meet at fuch Time and Place as he shall appoint, and then with them to confer and give in Charge fuch Orders as shall by them, or major Part of them be judged meet, for the better ordering and fettling their feveral Companies, and for the better promoting of Military Discipline amongst them. the chief Officer is hereby impowered by his Warrant directed to any Clerk or Officer of his Regiment, to Summon or cause to be brought before them any

Their Power. Offender against the Laws Military, and according to Law to hear and determine all Matters proper for their Cognizance, and to give Sentence, and to grant Mittimus, or Warrants for Distraint to the Clerk of the Company where the Offence is committed, for executing which Warrant, if above Forty Shillings, he shall have ten Shillings out of the same for his Pains and Trouble there, and no more.

Town Stock of Ammuni. tion, &c.

20. That there be a Stock of Powder and Ammunition in each Town provided, and from time to time as there is need be renewed by the Select-Men; which shall be a Barrel of good Powder, two hundred Weight of Bullets, and three hundred Flints for every fixty lifted Soldiers, and after that Proportion for the lifted Soldiers of each Town, whether more or lefs: Also that the Select Men procure fuch a Number of Arms, and fo much Ammunition as shall be made to appear by the chief Commission Officers of each Company in the feveral Towns to be needful for the Supply of fuch Poor as by Law they are to provide for. And fuch Town as cannot make it appear to the chief Commander of the Regiment that they are thus provided, at or before the first of May next, shall pay Five Pounds Fine, which shall be distrained by Warrant from the faid Officer, directed unto the Constable upon the Select-Men of the Town, or any of them; and disposed of for the Use of the said Town towards the Supply of fuch Stock: And the like Sum for every threeMonths they shall remain so unprovided.

Penalty for being unprovided.

21. And the Select-Men where there is not a sufficient Stock of Powder. Select Men to Arms and Ammunition, and in such Towns where there is need of Watchfor buying of Houses, firing and Candles for their Watches; in such Case the Select-Men Ammunition, for so much as is wanting, are to procure or supply what is required or needed & in case. as before, and shall make Provision for the same by a Rate, eqully and justly laid upon the Inhabitants and Estate in such Towns, and such Rate signed and committed by them to the Conftables to collect, who shall, and hereby are required and authorized to collect the fame; and for Non-Payment to diffrain as for other Rates: And the Money or Pay collected to be brought in to the chief Military Officers and Select-Men of the Town, to be by them improved for the Ends aforefaid. And the Select-Men, or fo many of them as shall neglect their Duty herein, shall pay twenty Shillings. Fine, to be paid to the Captain for the Use of the Company, being convict before two Justices of the Peace, who are hereby impowered to convent the Party, and to hear and determine the same, and if need be, to appoint other meet Persons in such Towns

Penalty for Neglect.

22. That no Clerk Ex Officio make distraint for any Fine until four Days Clerks Ex Of. fet, not to di after the Offence committed, that so the Party may haveOpportunity to make ftrain within excuse, if any he have, why he should not pay the Fine. And every Clerk that neglects or refuses to Account or make Payment, as by this Law is prohis neglect to vided, he, by a Warrant from the chief Officer of the Company directed to account, &c. the Constable, may be diffrained on for so much as he hath or should have

under the like Penalties to perform the faid Service.

collected or distrained for.

Four Days.

23, That

23. That all Officers yield Obedience to the Warrants or Commands of Penalty for their Superiour Officers, on Penalty of Five Pounds; to be heard and determined obeying their at the next Meeting of the chief Officers and Captains of the Regiment. And obeying their at the next Meeting of the chief Officers and Captains of the Regiment : And Superiour the Fine to be taken by Diftress and Sale of the Offenders Goods, ( returning Officers. the Over-plus if any be ) by Warrant from the chief Officer of the Regiment, directed to the Clerk of the Company to which fuch Offender belongs, and to be improved to the Use and Benefit of such Company as the Officers so met shall agree, their Expences being first defrayed out of the same.

24. That an Alarm at the Caftle upon Caftle-Island near Boston, being made upon fuch Causes as are agreeable to Instructions to be given by the Governour to the Captain of the Caftle, shall be by putting out two Flaggs, and firing of two Guns towards the Town; at which time there shall with all possible fpeed fuch Numbers be fent down for their Relief, as the Governour and Captain General, or such Person as shall be Commander in Chief in his Absence shall think necessary. At any other Place, an Alarm may be made by firing three Guns one after another, or by firing a Beacon, their Drums beating an Alarm, all Persons being called upon to Arm: Upon which all the trained Soldiers, and others capable to bear Arms that are thenResident in anyTown, shall forthwith appear compleat with their Arms and Ammunition according to Law, at the usual Place of Rendezvous, or where the chief Officers shall appoint; there to attend fuch Commands as shall be given for their Majesties Service, and that on the Penalty of Five Pounds Fine, or three Months Im- Penalty for prisonment. The Members of the Council, Justices and Sheriffs to attend upon the Governour, if at or near Boston; and in other Places, to appear and Alarm. advise with the chief Military Officers of the Town, and to be affifting in their Majesties Service according to their Quality. And such Alarms shall at all Times be carried on from Neighbourhood to Neighbourhood, and from Town to Town throughout the Province; and from such Town where the Alarm is made, there shall be forthwith dispatched one or more Horse-Men, to fignify the Occasion thereof to the Justice of Peace, chief Military Officer, or Constable of the next Town or Towns, which all Persons are to take Notice Relief to be of and attend as is before directed: And if the Alarm be made either from a sens to the Sea-Port Town, or other Town that lies a Frontier to, or in great Danger Frontiers. of the Enemy, the Captain or Captains of the adjacent Towns, shall forthwith go with or fend fuch Relief as they shall judge meet for the Offence of of the Enemy, or Defence of themselves and Neighbours; but so as to be observant to any Commands or Orders they may receive from their Superiour Penalty for a Officers. And if any Person shall wilfully make a false Alarm, he shall be fined to their Majesties Twenty Pounds, for support of the Government; or fuffer fix Months Imprisonment.

25. No Officer Military or Civil, or other Person shall Quarter or Billet any Pensity for Soldier or Seaman upon any Inhabitant within this Province, without his Con-Quartering Sent (other than the publick licensed Houses) under the Penalty of one Hun. Soldiers, &c. dred Pounds; to be recovered by Action, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any upon Inhabitants, or the Support of the Govern. Court of Record; one half to their Majesties, for the Support of the Government; the other half Part to the Party grieved that shall inform and sue for the fame. And every fuch Inhabitant may refuse to Quarter any Soldier or Seaman notwithstanding any Order whatsoever.

26. That all Persons exempted by this Law from Trainings, shall notwithstanding be provided with Arms and Ammunition compleat, upon the same Penalty as those that are obliged to train.

# Revairing the Town-boule. Digh-Ways.

Fines & For-

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27. All Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures arifing by Virtue of this Act, or any teinres how be dispoted thereof (not otherwise dispoted of therein) shall be for the Use of the cobe dispoted Regiment, Company, or Troop respectively: That is to say, for procuring and repairing Drums, Trumpets, Colours, Banners, Halberts, paying of Drummers and Trumpeters, or other Charge of the faid Company; and the Overplus (if any be) to be laid out in Arms and Ammunition for a Town Stock; and be recovered by Action, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of their Majesties Courts of Record.

#### CHAP. IX.

# An Act for putting and keeping in Repair the Town-House in Boston.

Preamble.

WHEREAS the Town-House in Boston within the County of Suffolk has formerly been, and is still continued to be made Use of for the holding of Councils, Courts of Judicature, and other publick Assemblies for the whole Province; and has been accustomed to be upheld and repaired, in Part at the Charge of the late Colony of the Massachusetts, Part at the Charge of the said County, and Part at the Charge of the faid Town:

Town House in Bofton prcportioned.

Charge of Be it enacted by the Governour, Council and Representatives, repairing the in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Charges of repairing the faid House, be from time to time continued to be answered and paid in Proportion following; That is to say, One half Part thereof out of the publick Revenue of the Province; one Quarter Part out of the Treasury of the saidCounty; and the other Quarter Part out of the Treasury of the said Town. And the Select-Men of Boston, from time to time as there shall be need, are to take Care that the said House be sufficiently repaired, and to lay the Accompt of the Charge before the Governour and Council; as also before the Justices in QuarterSessions, that foOrders may be respectively given, as well for Payment of the Part belonging to the Province, as that belonging to the County, according to this Act.

#### CHAP. X.

# An Act for High-Ways.

Preamble.

FOR the better amending and keeping in Repair and Clear, the High-Ways, and common Roads, leading from Town to Town, and Place to Place; and for laying out new High-Ways, and turning old High-Ways where it shall be needful:

Be it enacted by the Governour, Council and Representatives Surveyers of in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, High-Ways That there be Annually chosen two or more Freeholders in each Town reto be Anruspectively within this Province, to be Surveyers of the High-Ways, who shall be Sworn before some Justice of the Peace in the County, diligently and faithand fworn. fully to perform the faidOffice for the Year enfuing; whichSurveyers shall take See 11G.ca.4. Care that all High-Ways, Private-Ways, Causeys and Bridges lying within the

Presincts

### Digh-Ways.

Precincts of fuch Town, be kept in Repair, and amended from time to time, when and so often as shall be needful, at the Charge of such Town (where it is not otherwise settled) that so they may be safe and convenient for Travellers, Their Power. Teams, and Drovers: And the Surveyers are hereby impowred to cut down, dig up, or remove, as well all forts of Trees, Bushes, Stones, Fences, Rails, Gates, Inclosures, or other Thing or Things, as may any Way straiten, hurt hinder or incommode the High Ways: As also to dig for Stone or Gravel, Clay, Marl, Sand or Earth, in any Land not planted or inclosed; and to press any Carriage, Work-Men, or other Things fit to be employed in the High-Ways, for fuch reasonable Satisfaction to the Parties concerned as such Surveyers can agree for; and in case of Disagreement, such as the two next Justices

shall appoint.

And the Surveyers shall appoint certain Days for providing Materials and Surveyers to Working in the High-Ways; having refpect to the Season of the Year, and give publick the Weather, and giving convenient publick Notice; at which Days all Per-Working on fons liable to Work, (That is to fay, from fixteen Years old and upward) by the Highthemselves, or other sufficient Persons in their stead, shall attend : And if any Ways. Person makeDefault of attending the said Work, by himself, or other sufficient Person in his stead; or with his Cart and Team, as he shall be appointed; upon Complaint and Proof thereof before the next Justice of Peace, without reasonable Excuse made, and allowed by such Justice, he shall cause to be levied of every fuch Offenders Goods, the Sum or Penalty of two Shillings, fix Pence, Penalty for for each Day's Neglect of Labour, besides the Charge of making Distress; Non-A and for default of their Cart and Team fix Shillings per Diem, with Charge of Diftress as aforesaid.

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And further it is enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That where a Quarter Sefnew High-Way or common Road from Town to Town, or Place to Place fions to give shall be wanting, and where old Ways with more Conveniency may be turned order for layor altered; upon Application made to the Juffices in Quarter Seffions, within High-Ways, the fame County, the faid Court may appoint a Committee of two or three or altering fufficient Freeholders of the next Towns, who shall have most Occasion of the old ones. faid Way, to enquire into the Necessity and Conveniency thereof, and to make their Report thereon; and being judged to be of common Necessity or Conveniency, the Justices of the faid Court shall order a Warrant to the Sheriff or his Deputy, to fummon a Jury out of the next Towns, to meet at fome convenient Day and Place therein mentioned, to View and lay out fuch High-Ways or Roads, who shall have an Oath administred unto them by a Justice of Peace, to lay out fuch Way, according to the best of their Skill and Judgment, with most Conveniency to the Publick, and least Prejudice or Damage to any particular Person; which having done, the Sheriff or his Deputy, is to make Return thereof, at the next Court of Quarter Sessions of the County where the fame Way is, as well under his own as the Hands of the Jurors, by whose Oath the fame is laid out; to the End the fame may be allowed and Recorded, and after known for a publick High-Way.

Provided, That if any Person be thereby damaged in his Propriety or im-Damage in proved Gounds, the Town shall make him reasonable Satisfaction, by the Proprieties Estimation of those that laid out the same : And if such Person so damaged, to be made find himself agrieved by any Act or Thing done by the Jury, either in laying good. of the faid Way, or Estimate of his Damages, he may apply unto the Court of Quarter Seffions for Relief, before any Allowance or Determination be made by them; who are hereby impowred to hear and determine the fame. But if no fufficient Cause appear for Complaint, he shall pay all Charges

arifing thereby.

And he it turther enacted. That the Select-Men of each Town respectively, be, and are hereby impowered, by themselves, or others whom they hall appoint; to lay out or cause to be laid out, particular and private Ways out private for such Town only, as shall be thought necessary; so as no Damage be done Ways.

#### Fences, Cattel, æc.

50 Recompence for Damage.

High-Way

ved.

to any particular Person, in his Land or Propriety, without dueRecompence to be made by the Town; as the Select-Men and the Party interested may agree; or as shall be ordered by the Justices in Quarter Sessions, upon Inquiry into

the fame by a Jury to be fummoned for that Purpose.

And it is further enasted, That if any Person or Persons shall erect and fet up any Gates, Rails or Fence upon or across any High-Way or Country Road, or continue any fuch to the Annoyance and Incumbrance of the fame. (other than fuch as shall be allowed by the Court of Quarter Sessions within Nufance upon the County ) it shall be deemed a common Nusance; and it shall be lawful for any Person or Persons to pull down and remove the same : And if any such to be remo-Incumbrance be in any particular or private Way, allowed and fettled by any 10 W. ca. 1. Town, upon Complaint thereof made to the next Justice of the Peace, he shall appoint a Committee of two or more discreet and indifferent Persons to view fuch Incumbrance, and cause the same to be removed: And if any Person be aggrieved at the Removal of any fuch Gate, Bars or Fence, he shall be heard at the Quarter Sessions within the same County, and upon just Cause shewn, shall be by them relieved.

Defects in Ways or

Damage hap and be it flutther enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if ning through through Neglect or not keeping in sufficient Repair any High-Way, Causey, or Bridge; any Person happen to lose his Life in passing any such High-Way, Causey, or Bridge, or lose a Limb, break a Bone, or receive any Bridges to be made good by the Country or Breach in any Part of his Body, through any Defect in, or want of by the Country or Town. Town respectively to which of Right it belongs to maintain and keep the same ty or Town. in Repair, having been warned or notified of fuch Defect and need of Repairs and Amendment thereof, either in Writing under the Hand of two Witneffes, or by Presentment thereof made at the Sessions of the Peace; shall pay unto the Parents, Husband, Wife, Children or next of Kin to any Person so losing his or her Life, the Sum of one Hundred Pounds; and for any other Harm as aforefaid, double the Damage sustained thereby; to be ordered and fet upon them by the Justices of the same County in Quarter Sessions; who are hereby impowred thereto; and to render like Recompence for any Carriage, Cart, Horse, or other Beast harmed or lost, proportionable to the Damage suffered. And if any Person chosen a Surveyer, shall refuse to accept and take his

Penalty on Surveyers refuling to accept, or neglecting their Duty.

Oath, he shall forfeit TwentyShillings; and having accepted do neglect hisDuty, shall forfeit for every Neglect Five Pounds: The faid Forfeitures respectively to be to the Use of the Town; and to be recovered by Complaint before the next Justice of Peace, or at the Sessions of the Peace in the same County.

No Person to be charged above a due Proportion to the High-Ways, either

in Labour or Teams.

### CHAP. XI.

# An Act for regulating of Fences, Cattel,&c.

Preamble.

FOR the better preventing of Damage in Corn-Fields, and other improved and common Lands, by Horses, Neat Cattel, Sheep or Swine, going at large:

Be it enacted by the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court affembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That in every Town and Peculiar within this Province, there be annually chosen Fence Viewers to be by the Inhabitants thereof ( at the time of their Meeting, to choose Select-Men chosen and and other Town Officers) two or more meet Persons, to be Viewers of Fences; Sworn 10 W. ca. 9. who shall be Sworn before a Justice of Peace, to the faithful Discharge of their Office,

### Fences, Cattel, &c.

5 I

Office, in the Particulars committed to their Care by this Act : As also two or Haywards or more Persons for Haywards or Field-Drivers. And that all Fences of four Field Drivers Foot high, being of five Rails, or four that are equivalent, Boards, Stone-Fences of Wall, Brooks, Rivers, Ponds or Cricks equivalent thereto, in the Judgment four Foot of the Fence-Viewers, shall be accounted sufficient Fences: And all Fences in high to be common Fields and other Grounds under Improvement, that shall be judged accounted infufficient by the Fence-Viewers, and Notice thereof given to the Party that fufficient. of Right ought to maintain the same; he shall sufficiently repair and amend penalty for all Defects therein within the Space of six Days next after such Notice given not repairing him: And in Case of his Neglect, the Fence-Viewers are hereby impowered infusficient and ordered forthwith to cause such defective Fence or Fences to be sufficiently Fence. made up and repaired; and the Person or Persons to whom it belongs to make good fuch Fence, shall pay double the Cost and Charge expended for doing How to be of the same. And in case of refusal or neglect to make Payment as aforesaid, recovered. by the Space of one Month next after an Account prefented, and Demand thereof made; fuch Fence-Viewers may recover the fame by Action, Plaint or Information, to be brought before any Justice of the Peace within the same County, if the Sum exceed not Forty Shillings; but if it be above that Sum, then in the Inferiour Court of Common Pleas.

and it is further enacted by the Authority aforefaid. That no Per- None but fons other than Proprietors and Freeholders in any Town or Peculiar, shall let P oprietors any Horse or Horse-kind run to feed upon any common Land belonging to the Archive fuch Town or Peculiar, and every such Proprietor and Freeholder may keep Horse to have any one Horse-Beaft upon the Common and no more; except such Proprietors seed on the and Freeholders, every of whom have a rateable Estate within such Town Common. or Peculiar, of the Value of Fifty Pounds, they to have the Privilege of two

and no more.

And the Owners of all Horfe-kind going upon the Common, are required Horfes going to cause the same to be entered with the Town-Clerk, who is to keep a Book for mon, to be that Purpose, and therein set down as well the natural as artificial Marks, and for every such Horse or Horse-kind, shall pay a Fee of Three Pence to the the Town Clerk for his entry: Such entry to be made at or before the tenth Day of April Clerk. next, and fo annually; on Pain that every Person neglecting so to do, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Ten Shillings for each default. And if any Free-holder or Proprietor shall desire to put more-Horse upon the Common than is herein before allowed, he shall first repair to the Town Clerk, and make entry of the Number and Marks thereof as aforesaid, and pay the Fee as aforesaid for every such Entry, as also the Sum of Free Shillings per Head, per Annum, to the Use of the Proprietors of such Commons, on pain of forfeiting the Sum of ten Shillings per Head for such Neglect.

And every Town and Peculiar within this Province are required to choose Persons to be annually two meet Persons to see to the due Observance of this Act relating to annually Horses, and to prosecute the Breakers thereof: And if any Person so chosen to see the Observance of the Observance of the Observance of this Care, he shall residue to see the Observance of this Care, he shall forfeit and pay the Sum of twenty Shillings to the Act.

Use of such Town.

And the Town Clerk of each Town respectively shall once in the Year give Town Clerk an Account and pay in to the Select-Men of the Town so much as he shall re- to account ceive by Virtue of this Act for any Horse-kind going upon the Common.

All Penalties and Forfeitures arifing for Breach of this Act relating to Penalties and Horfes going upon the Common, shall be one Moiety thereof unto the Use of Forseitures the Persons to be appointed to see to the Observance of this Act, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall inform and sue for the same, before any Justice of the Peace within the County.

and

### Briftol fair. Seamen.

Swine to be yoked and ringed.

52

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid. That all Swine going at large on the Commons, shall be sufficiently yoked, from the first of April to the fifteenth of October yearly; and ringed in the Nose all the Year. And if any Swine be found unyoked or unringed, their Owners shall be liable to pay fix Pence per Head; and if found Damage feasant being unyoked or unringed to pay Tweelve Pence per Head, over and above double Damages to the Party injured. And the Hayward or Field-Driver or any other Person may take up and impound such Swine.

Fre for impounding. And that there be paid unto the Hayward or Field Driver, one Shilling per Head for all Near Cattel or Horfes, and three Pence per Head for all Sheep and Swine by him impounded: And to the Pound-keeper two Pence per Head for all Neat Cattel or Horfes, and one Penny per Head for all Sheep or Swine, for taking in and letting out, to be paid by the Owners of fuch Creatures.

Penalty for Sheep going on the Common without a Keeper.

And that for every Sheep in every Town going on the Commons without being under the Hands of a Shepherd, from the first of May to the last of Odober, in every Year; the Owners or Keeper of the said Sheep shall pay the Sum of three Pence for every Sheep at any Time so found running on the Common, not under the Hand of a Shepherd or Keeper, betwixt the first of May, and last of Odober Yearly.

### CHAP. XII.

# An Act for Bristol Fair.

Preamble.

WHER AS the General Court of the late Colony of New-Plymouth did in the Year of our Lord one Thousand fix Hundred and eighty; grant unto the Inhabitants of the Town of Britlot within the faid Colony, that they should bave Liberty of keeping two Fairs in the said Town of Bristol annually for ever, one upon the third Wednesday and Thursday in May, and the other upon the third Wednesday and Thursday in November; and it being found by Experience that two Day is not sufficient for the transating the Business of the said Pair; and that so late in November is inconvenient both with Respect to Persons coming, it being many Times very bad Weather, and the chief Time for selling sat Cattel being sooner:

Times for Holding Briftol Fair. The it therefore enacted by the Governour, Council and Reprefertatives, convened in Great and General Court, and it is bereby enacted by Authority of the fame, That from henceforth the faid Fair fhall be kept and held in Briftol aforefaid within this Province, upon the third Wednelday, Thursday and Friday in May, and on the third Wednelday, Thursday and Friday in October annually for ever, and at no other Time; any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

#### CHAP. XIII.

# An Act for Regulation of Seamen.

Preamble.

WHERE AS great Loss and Damage is frequently occasioned to Trade and Navigation by Seamen deserting their Employ or Voyage they are entered upon; or being taken off from the same by Arrest and Restraint for Debt, or pretence thereof:

For Remedy whereof:

It

#### Representatives. Beamen.

53

It is declared and enacted by the Governour, Council and Reprefentatives in General Court affembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That if any Innkeeper, Victualler, Seller of Wine or flrong Liquors, Shop-keeper, or any other Person whatsoever, shall trust or give Credit to any No Marriner Mariner or Seaman belonging to any Ship or other Veffel, without the Know- or Seamen to be arrefted ledge and Allowance of the Mafter or Commander thereof; no Process or for any Debt Attachment for any Debt fo contracted without Knowledge and Allowance as made which aforefaid, shall be granted against or served upon such Mariner or Seaman, he belongs to until he shall have performed the Voyage he is then entered upon, and be dif- a Ship, &c. charged of the fame: And every Process granted contrary hereunto, and ferving thereof, shall be deemed and adjudged utterly void in Law: And any Justice of the Peace within the same County before whom it shall be made appear, that any Mariner or Seaman belonging to any Ship or Veffel, is committed or restrained upon Process granted for any Debt or Pretention of Debt made whilst such Mariner or Seaman was engaged and actually entred and in pay on any Voyage, shall forthwith order his Release.

And be it flutther enalted by the Authority aforesaid. That if the Penalty on Master or Commander of any Ship or other Vessel, shall ship any Seaman knowing him to be first entertained and ship'd on Board another Ship or Vessel sing Seamen knowing him to be first entertained and ship'd on Board another Ship or Vessel sing Seamen knowing him to be first entertained and ship'd on Board another Ship or Vessel sing Seamen knowing him to be first entertained and ship'd on Board another Ship or Vessel sing Seamen knowing him to be first entertained and ship'd on Board another Ship or Vessel sel, or after Notice thereof given him, shall not forthwith dismisshim; every ed on board fuch Master or Commander so offending, being thereof convicted, shall for-another Ship, feit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds; one Moiety thereof to the Use of the Poor of the Town where the Offence was committed, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall inform and sue for the same, by Action, Bill, Plaint or Seaman Pe-Information in any Court of Record; and fuch Seaman fo shipping himself, nalty. shall forfeit and pay the Value of one Months Wages that he shall so agree for,

to be recovered, employed and disposed of in manner as aforesaid.

And further it is enacted. That if any Mariner or Seaman having Seamen defhip'd himself on Board any Ship or other Vessel to proceed in any Voyage, ferring their and under pay (the same being made to appear by his Hand set to the Master's Service to be Book, or other Writing of such Agreement) shall neglect his Attendance and Imprisoned. Duty on Board, and absent himself from his saidService, uponComplaint thereof made to any Justice of the Peace within the same County, such Justice is hereby impowered to convent fuch Mariner or Seaman before him; and upon Conviction of his fo absenting himself as aforesaid, to commit him to Prison, that so he may be secured and forth-coming to proceed on the Voyage he has fo agreed to, and to be delivered by Order of the Justice that committed him, or some other Justice in the same County.

#### CHAP. XIV.

# An Act to prevent Default of Appearance of Representatives to serve in General Assembly.

WHERE AS there has been a Neglett in Some Sheriffs in Observance of their Preamble. Majesties Writ to them directed, for the convening and holding of a Great and General Court or Affembly, timely to iffue forth their Precepts unto the feveral Towns within their Bailiwick or Precinct, for the choofing of Representatives to serve in the Great and General Court or Assembly, and have also not taken due Care to have Returns of their said Precepts. And forasmuch as many Persons elected for Representatives, and having Summons, are not careful to give their Attendance accordingly in due Time; whereby the publick Affairs for their Majesties Service are prejudiced :

For Remedy whereof:

Be

Sheriffs to make out their Precepts in 7 Days after Receipt of their Majeffice Writ.

Be it enacted by the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, it is ordained and enacted, That every Sheriff upon Receipt of their Majesties Writ for the convening and holding of a Great and General Court or Affembly, shall forthwith make out his Precepts under his Seal in Form as by Law is directed, unto the Select-Men of the feveral Towns within his County, and cause the same to be safely conveyed and delivered unto one or more of such Select-Men, within the space of seven Days at furthest next after his Receipt of fuch Writ as aforefaid; and shall likewise take effectual Care for having his Precepts returned to him again from the faid Towns respectively, with what shall be done pursuant thereto, by the Day therein prefixed, and cause the same to be brought in to the Secretaries Office as by Writ he is commanded.

Select Men to cause the Town to be choice of Representatives.

And the Select-Men of each Town upon Receipt of the Sheriffs Precept, shall cause the Freeholders and other Inhabitants of the said Town duly qualifyed as in the faid Precept is mentioned, to be affembled and meet at fuch time and a limbled for Place as the Select-Men or the major Part of them shall appoint, to elect and depute one or more Representatives for such Town, as by Law they may, and shall cause the Person or Persons so elected and deputed by the major Part of the Electors present at such Meeting, to be timely notified and summoned by one or more of the Constables of the said Town, to attend their Majesties Service in the Great and General Court or Affembly, upon the Day, and at the Time and Place appointed for holding of the fame : And the Select-Men or the major Part of them, shall make Return of such Election under their Hands upon the faid Precept or annexed thereto, in Manner and Form as by Law is prescribed; and cause the same to be delivered unto the Sheriff of the County, at or before the Day therein prefixed for return of the fame; on Pain that every Sheriff neglecting his Duty in any of the Particulars before mentioned, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds. And every Select-Man or Constable in any Town neglecting his Duty in

any of the Particulars before mentioned, shall incur the Pain and Forfeiture

out his Precepts, Forty Shillings, to be paid out of the County Treasury. And the Select-Men to be paid by the Town for the Charge of returning

their Precept, for which shall be paid three Pence a Mile.

And every Sheriff shall be allowed for his Trouble and Charge in fending

Penalty on Sheriffs for Neglect of Duty.

Penalty on Select Men &Constables.

of Five Pounds.

Sheriffs Allowance.

Select Mens Allowance.

Penalty for Representatives Non-atfirst Day of the Court.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That every Person elected to serve as a Representative for any Town in any Great and General Court or Affembly, and being fummoned thereto, shall give his Attenrendance, the dance at the faid Court on the first Day appointed for the Courts sitting (without reasonable and just Excuse for his Absence, being made and allowed of by the House of Representatives) on Pain of forfeiting the Sum of FortyShillings; unless such Person being present at the Election, shall declare unto the Assembly his Non-acceptance of the Service; or upon Notice thereof given him, shall forthwith fignify his Non-acceptance unto the Select-Men by Writing under his

Hand: In which case the Select-Men shall call the Town together again to elect a new, that so they may enjoy their Privilege. That not any Town in this Province shall chuse any Representative, unless fuch be a Freeholder and Resident in that Town or Towns, such are chosen

Freeholders to reprefent. & Relident.

Penalty on Perfons vofing, being

Representa-

tives to be

And if any Person not duly qualified according to Law, shall presume to Vote in the Choice of Representatives, one or more for any Town; or shall put in more than one Vote for any one Person in such Choice, being thereof got qualified. convicted; he shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Five Pounds, one Moiety thereof unto their Majesties for and towards the Support of the Government, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall inform and sue for the same.

All

All Persons shall put in their Votes unfolded to the Select-Men or Consta-

bles appointed to receive the fame.

And that where any Person offering to give in his Votes for Representatives in any Town, shall be questioned by the Sclect-Men of the said Town as to his being capable by Charter to vote; the faid Person or Persons giving his or questioned, their Oath that they are bond fide worth forty Pounds Sterling, or an Estate of comake Oath. Freehold to the Value of forty Shillings per Annum, before a Justice of the Peace, or in the Absence of a Justice of the Peace, before the Town-Clerk, who is hereby impowred to administer the same, he or they shall be accounted capable of voting, and put in his or their Votes accordingly.

All Fines and Forfeitures arifing for Breach of this Act or any Branch thereof, Fines and and not otherwise therein before disposed of shall be unto their Majesties, for and how to be towards the Support of the Government; and be recovered by Action, Bill, Plaint, disposed.

or Information in any of their Majesties Courts of Record.

### Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of the Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun at Boston, the eighth Day of November 1 6 9 3. And continued by Adjournment unto the fourteenth Day of February following.

#### CHAP. I.

### An Act for the better Rule and Government of the Indians in their feveral Places and Plantations.

O the Intent that the Indians may be forwarded in Civility and Christianity; Preamble. and that Drunkenness, and other Vices be the more effectually suppressed among ft them:

Be it enacted and ordained by the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and it is enacted by the commission Authority of the lame, That his Excellency the Governour, by and with the ners to be Advice and Confent of the Council, may, and is hereby impowred to Appoint everal Parts, and Commissionate one or more discreet Persons within several Parts of this Proto have the vince, to have the Inspection and more particular Care and Government of the more particu-Indians in their respective Plantations; and to have, use, and exercise the Power lare Care and of a Justice of the Peace over them, in all Matters Civil and Criminal; as well Government for the hearing and determining of Pleas betwixt Party and Party, and to award of the Indians, Execution thereon; as for the examining, hearing and punishing of criminal Offences, according to the Acts and Laws of the Province, fo far as the Power of a Justice of Peace does extend. As also to nominate and appoint Constables, and other proper and necessary Officers amongst them.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid. That no Perfon or Perfons who over, shall directly or indirectly, fell, truck, barter, or give felling strong to any Indian, any strong Beer, Ale, Cider, Perry, Wine, Rum, Brandy, or other Drink to ftrong Liquors, by what Name or Names foever called or known; on Pain of for- Indians. feiting the Sum of forty Shillings for every Pint; and proportionably for any greater or leffer Quantity fo fold, truck'd, bartered, given or delivered to any Indian directly or indirectly as aforefaid; upon Conviction thereof before a

Tuffice

#### Government of the Indians.

Justice of the Peace, where the Penalty does not exceed forty Shillings; and if it exceed thatSum at theSessions of the Peace, to be holden for the same County where the Offence is committed: one Moiety of all fuch Forfeitures to be unto their Majesties, for and towards the Support of the Government; and the other Moiety to him or them that shall inform and prosecute the same, by Bill, Plaint, or Information. And if the Offender be unable, or shall not forthwith pay and fatisfy the faid Penalty or Forfeiture, then to be committed to the Goal of the County; there to remain until he pay and fatisfy the fame, or fuffer two Months Imprisonment.

Provided, This Act shall not be intended or extend, to restrain any Act of Charity for relieving any Indian (bona fide) in any fudden Exigent or Faintness or Sicknefs, not to exceed one or two Drams; or by Prescription of some Physician in writing, or by the Allowance of a Justice of Peace.

And for the better Discovery of such ill disposed Persons, who through Greediness of filthy Lucre, shall privately sell, or deliver strong Liquors, or strong Drink, to any Indian or Indians : (of which it is difficult to obtain positive Evidence, other than the Accusation of such Indian or Indians.) And to the Intent that Murders, and other Outrages frequently occasioned thereby, may be prevented:

Indian Accufation, with concurring Circumftan-

It is ordained and enaded, That the Accusation and Affirmation of any Indian, with other concurring Circumstances; amounting to an high Presumption in the Discretion of the Court, or Justices; who have Cognizance of the Case; (the Accuser and the Accused being brought Face to Face at the Time ces, to amount of Trial) shall be accounted and held to be a legal Conviction of the Person so to a Convict - accused, of giving, selling or delivering Wine, Rum, or any other strong Drink on: Unless, or Liquors to such Indian; unless the Party accused shall acquit him or her felf thereof upon Oath; which the Court, or Justice respectively are hereby impowred to require, and administer unto the Person accused, in Form following: That is to fay,

Form of the Oath.

OU A. B. do Swear, That neither your felf, nor any other by your Order. general or particular, Affent, Privity, Knowledge or Allowance, directly or indirectly, did give, fell or deliver, any Wine, Cider, Rum, or other strong Liquors or Drink, by what Name or Names soever called or known, unto the Indian by whom and whereof you are now accused. So help you GOD.

Strong Drink found with ferzed.

and further it is enacted. That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons to seize any Wine, strong Liquors or Cider, which he or Indians, to be they may find in the Custody of any Indian, not obtained by Allowance as aforefaid; (other than Cider made of Fruit of their ownGrowth) and to deliver the fame unto the Constable, or one or more of the Select-Men of the Town, where the same shall be seized; to and for the Use of the Poor of such Town; and to apprehend fuch Indian, and to cause him or her to be conveyed before the next Justice of the Peace, to be examined, where and of whom they had such strong Drink.

Penalty for Indians Convicted of

And every Indian convicted of Drunkenness, shall forfeit and pay unto the Use of the Poor of the Town or Place where such Offence is committed, the Drunkenness, Sum of five Shillings; or else be openly whipped by the Constable of such Town or Place or some other that he shall procure, not exceeding ten Lashes; as the Justice of Peace before whom such Conviction is, shall determine.

#### Relief of Distracted Persons.

CHAP. II.

# An Act for the Relief of Idiots and distracted Persons

E it enacted by the Governour, Council, and Representatives Selectimen of indeneral Court attembled, and by the Authority of the fame, the Poor, to That when and so often as it shall happen any Person to be naturally make necessiswanting of Understanding, so as to be uncapable to provide for him or herself; ty Provision or by the Providence of God, shall fall into Distraction, and become non compos of Idios, and mentis; and no Relations appear that will undertake the Care of providing for differacted them; or that stand in so near a Degree as that by Law they may be compelled Persons. Them; of that hand in the Select-Men or Overfeers of the Poor of the Town or Peculiar where fuch Perfon was born, or is by Law an Inhabitant; be, Additional Act. and hereby are impowered and enjoined to take effectual Care, and make ne-7 A. ca. 3. ceffary Provision for the Relief, Support, and Safety of such impotent or distracted Person, at the Charge of the Town or Place whereto he or she of Right belongs; if the Party has not Estate of his or her own, the Incomes whereof may be sufficient to defray the same: And the Justices of the Peace Court of within the same County, at their General Sessions, may order and dispose the Quarter Sessions. Effate of fuch impotent or diffracted Person to the best Improvement and Advantage towards his or her Support; as also the Person to any proper Work or Service, he or she may be capable to be employed in; at the Discretion of the Select-tor Improve-Men or Overfeers of the Poor. And where the Estate of any such Person ment consists of Housing or Land, in every such Case the Justices of the Superiour Court of Judicature, upon Application to them made, may, and hereby are impowered to license and authorize the Select-Men or Overseers of the Town The Judices orPlace whereto fuch Persons belongs; or such others as the said Justices shall our Court, to think fit, to make Sale of such Housing or Land; the Produce thereof upon License the Sale to be secured, improved and employed to and for the Life. Sale to be secured, improved and employed to and for the Use, Relief and Sale of Hou-Safety of fuch impotent or diffracted Perfon, (as the faid Juffices shall direct) fing or Land as long as such Perfon shall live; or until he or she be restored to be of found Person, in Mind. And the over-plus (if any be) to and for the Use of the next and case, right Heirs of fuch Party.

And the like Power and Authority is hereby granted unto the Justices of the Superiour Court, with Reference to any Person or Person now under Distraction or non compos mentis, as well for the satisfying of the Charges already past, as for what may be future, for the Support, Relief and Safety of any such Person.

ACTS

#### Mellengers fæs.

### Acts and Laws,

Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of the Province of the Massackits-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Bosson, the thirtieth Day of May, 1 6 9 4.

#### CHAP. III.

# An Act for ascertaining the Fees of the Messenger attending the House of Representatives.

Meffengers Fee 3 1 per Diem.

3 s. for Service of a Warrant of Arrest.

Travelling Fees 3d per Mile out.

3 s. per Diem tor each Perton in Custody &c.

Sheriffs &c. rravelling Fees, only 3 d per Mile o t.

E it enacted and ordained by his Excellency the Sovernour, Council and Reprecentatives in Seneral Court affembled, and it is enafted by the Authority of the fame. That there shall be paid to the Messenger attending upon the House of Representatives for the time being, out of the publick Revenue of this their Majesties Province, the Sum of Three Shillings per Diem, for every Day that the said Messenger shall attend upon, or be employed in the Service of the said House of Representatives. And further, that the said Messenger shall, and may demand, recover and receive, of all and every Person arrested, imprisoned, or taken into Custody by Warrant from the House of Representatives, Three Shillings for the Service of such Warrant of Arrest, with travelling Fees, after the Rate of three Penne per Mile out, and also three Shillings per Diem for safe keeping and providing for such Person so apprehended and taken into Custody; and three Shillings more upon the Dismission or Release of the Party: Any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding; except it be a Member of the House that is so fent for, and then the Fees to be paid shall be less as the House shall appoint.

and it is hereby further declared, That the travelling Fees mentioned in the Act for regulating Fees, allowed to Sheriffs, Marshals, or Constables for d the Service of Writs, is to be alike understood of three Pence per Mile from Home, and no more.

#### CHAP. IV.

### An Act against Adultery and Polygamie.

Preamble.

HEREAS the Violation of the Marriage Covenant is highly provoking to God, and destructive to Families:

The it therefore enacted by the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, That if any Man be found in Bed with another Man's Wife, the Man and Woman so offending, being thereof convicted, shall be severely Whip'd, not exceeding thirty Stripes; unless it appear upon Trial, that one Party was surprized and did not consent; which shall abate the Punishment as to such Party.

Punishment for Adulterers, And if any Man shall commit Adultery, the Man and Woman that shall be convicted of such Crime before their Majerties Justices of Assize and General Goal Delivery, shall be set upon the Gallows by the space of an Hour, with a Rope about their Neck, and the other End cast over the Gallows; and in the

₩ ay

Way from thence to the common Goal, shall be severely whipt, not exceeding forty Stripes each: Also every Person and Persons so offending, shall for ever after wear a Capital A of two Inches long, and proportionable bignefs, cut out in Cloth of a contrary Colour to their Cloaths, and fewed upon their upper Garments, on the out-fide of their Arm, or on their Back, in open View. And if any Person or Persons, having been convicted and sentenced for suchOffence, shall at any time be found without their Letter fo worn, during their Abode in this Province, they shall by Warrant from a Justice of Peace, be forthwith apprehended, and ordered to be publickly whipt, not exceeding fifteen Stripes; and so from Time to Time, toties quoties.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That if any Polygamic to Person and Persons within this their Majesties Province being married, or which be punished hereafter shall marry, do at any Time after the first of July in this present Year, as Felony. One Thousand fix Hundred minety four, presume to marry any Person or Persons, the former Husband or Wife being alive; or shall continue to live so married, that then every fuch Offence shall be Felony; and the Person and Persons so offending shall suffer Death, as in Cases of Felony: And the Party and Parties so offending, shall receive such and the like Proceeding, Trial and Execution, in fuch County where fuch Person or Persons shall be apprehended, as if the Offence had been committed in fuch County where fuch Person or Persons shall

be taken or apprehended.

Provided always, That this Act or any Thing therein contained, shall not ex- Saving for tend to any Person or Persons whose Husband or Wife shall be continually re- Persons where maining beyond the Seas, by the space of seven Years together; or whose Husband or Wife shall be band or Wife shall absent him or her felf, the one from the other, by the space absent seven of feven Years together in any Part within their Majesties Dominions, or else Years, &c. where; the one of them not knowing the other to be living within that Time. 10 W. ca. 11.

Provided alfo, That this Act or any Thing therein contained, shall not extend to any Person or Persons, that are or shall be at the Time of such Marriage di-Persons divorced by any Sentence had, or hereafter to be had, as the Law of the Province vorced, or in that Case has provided; or to any Person or Persons, where the former married with-Marriage has been, or hereafter shall be, by such Sentence had, declared to be in the Age of Void and of no Effect: Nor to any Person or Persons, for or by Reason of any Confent. former Marriage had or made, or hereafter to be had or made within the Age of Consent: That is to fay, The Man fourteen Years of Age, the Woman twelve.

### Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of the Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, begun at Boston the thirteenth Day of May, 1 6 9 4. and continued by Adjournments unto the fixteenth Day of Ostober following.

#### CHAP. V.

An Act to enable Towns, Villages, and Proprietors in Common and Undivided Lands, &c, to fue and be fued.

HEREAS amongst other Things in their Majesties Royal Charter for Incorporation of this Province; It is contained and granted in these Words following: That is to say, "Provided nevertheless, And we " do for Us, OurHeirs and Succeffors, grant and ordain, that all and every fuch

46 Lands

#### Towns. Aillages, Ge. enabled to fue.

" Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments and other Estates, which any Person " or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, Towns, Villages, Colleges or Schools,

" Do hold and enjoy, or ought to have, hold and enjoy within the Bounds " aforesaid, by or under any Grant or Estate, duly made or granted by any "General Court formerly held, or by Virtue of the Letters Patent herein be-

" fore recited, or by any other lawful Right or Title whatfoever; shall be by "fuch Perfon or Perfons, Bodies Politick and Corporate, Towns, Villages, Colleges or Schools, their respective Heirs, Successors and Assigns for ever

" hereafter, held and enjoyed according to the Purport and Intent of fuch ref-

" pective Grant, &c. 4 W. 8t M.

And whereas by one AEt of the General Court Entitled, An Act for the Regulating of Townships, &c. Among st other Things, It is enacted, That the Proprietors of 12 A. ca. 2. the Undivided or Common Lands within each Town or Precinct in this Province, where the fame have been heretofore flated each one's Proportion being known, shall, and hereby are impowred to order, improve or divide in such Way and Manner, as shall be concluded and agreed upon by the major Part of the Interested. And the Proprietors of all Undivided or Common Lands not stated and proportioned as aforefaid, shall and hereby are impowred to manage, improve, divide and dispose of the same, as hath been or shall be concluded and agreed on by the major Part of fuch Proprietors.

Now for the better enabling the said Persons, Towns, Villages, Trustees for Schools and Proprietors aforesaid, to maintain, recover and defend their Grants,

Lands, Interests, and Estates:

Be it enacted and declared by the Governour, Council and Re-Towns, Villa presentatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of ges, excito the the fame. That it shall and may be lawful for all and every the said Persons, or defend in Towns, Villages, Precincts, Trustees for Schools and Proprietors in Common and Court. and Undivided Lands, Grants, and other Estates or Interests whatsoever, to sue, commence and profecute any Suits or Actions in any Court proper to try the fame, either by themselves or their Agents or Attorneys, to be appointed by such as have in them the major Part of the Interest : And in like Manner to defend all fuch Suits and Actions as shall be commenced against them or any of them.

And further be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and Towns, Vil. every Town, Village and Precinct, and Proprietors in Common or Undivided lages, &c. to Lands, which shall have Occasion to sue or shall be sued; may at a Meeting of chofe Agents the Inhabitants of fuch Town, Village or Precinct, or Proprietors aforefaid, or Autoricys orderly warned, by the major Vote of fuch as shall meet, choose Agents or the resolvents. for, or defend Attornies to profecute for, or defend them, fuch Choice being certified by the Clerk of fuch Town, Village, Precinct or Proprietors, or by fuch other Person

2 G. ca. 7. as they shall appoint.

And when any Town, Village, Precinct or Proprietors aforefaid, shall be fued, it shall be sufficient Notice to oblige them to appear and answer, to leave mons shall be a Writ or Summons with their Clerk or other principal Inhabitant or Propriegiven to ob-lige Towns, tor (briefly declaring the Cafe) fourteen Days before the fitting of the Court, Scto answer, where the Case is to be heard; as in other Actions is provided.

#### CHAP. VI.

### An Act for regulating Ferries.

O the Intent that all Ferries within this Province be duly kept, and constantly attended for the Ends whereunto they are appointed:

Be it enacted by the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That henceforth no Person or Persons whatsoever, shall attempt to keep a Ferry (so as to demand Pay) without special Licence first had and obtained from their Majesties Justices in Quarter Sessions of that County where such Ferry is; who

ca. 13.

Perfons,

any Court.

Preamble. Additional Acts, 8 W. ca. 9. 9 A. ca. I. 11 A. C1. 3. 4 G. ca. 9. 11 G ca. 7.

#### Ferrys.

are hereby impowred to grant Licences to fuch Perfons as they shall judge meet Ferry men to for that Service, in their respective Counties; and to state the Fare or Prices of be Licensed seek Ferry, both for Man and Road, exceeding to the Man and Road, exceeding to the Man and Road, but the Quareach Ferry, both for Man and Beast, according to the Nature and Breadth of ter Sefficials. fuch River, or Water they are to pass over; taking Bond of each Ferry Man for the faithful Discharge of his Place (except such Ferries as are already stated To give Bonds and fettled, either by the Court or Towns to whom they appertain: ) And all Ferry-Men are hereby enjoined to keep a good Boat or Boats in good Repair, fuitable to the Waters they are to ferry over; and also to give ready and due Attendance on Paffengers upon all Occasions; on Penalty of five Shillings for Penalties for every Default of Non-Attendance; and for want of a good Boat kept in good Non atten-Repair to pay five Pounds; the one Half to their Majeflies for and towards not keeping the Support of the Government, the other Half to him or them that shall ingood Boats, form and sue for the same, before a Lutice of the Peace, or at the Country. form and fue for the fame, before a Justice of the Peace, or at the Quarter Seffions respectively, besides what Damage may accrue to any Person through the Ferry-Man's Default.

and further it is enacted, That the General Post that is settled for their Penalty for Majesties, and the Countries Service, be readily dispatched, and set over by all delaying the Ferry-Men where they shall come without any Delay. And if any Ferry-Man Post. shall be complained of, and duly convicted before any Justice of the Peace, for delaying any Post, and not forthwith ferrying of him over, he shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Shillings unto their Majesties for and towards the Support of the Government.

And that Boats be constantly kept on either Side of the Water at Charlestown Ferry, for the more fpeedy Transportion of Passengers, the Ferry-Men on each Side to have a separate Interest, and that the Ferry be not from henceforth Parriage free, Leased out otherwise. And all the Members of the General Assembly shall be Ferriage free at all Ferries in their passing to and from the Assembly, and shall be transported without any unnecessary Delay, on pain of forfeiting Twenty Shillings as abovefaid.

ACTS

#### Awo Julices to Adjourn a Court.

### Acts and Laws,

Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of the Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun at Boston the thirtieth Day of May 1 6 9 4, and continued by feveral Adjournments unto the twentyfeventh Day of February following.

#### CHAP. I.

### An Act to enable two Justices to Adjourn a Court upon special Occasions.

Power for Adjourning of Courts.

Representatives in General Court offendlar, Council and thority of the fame, That when and so often as it shall happen the Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery, or the Inferiour Court of Pleas, in any of the respective Counties within this Province cannot be held and kept on the Day by Law prefixed for the holding of the fame, by Reason of Death or Sickness befalling any of the Justices of such Court, or any providential necessary and unavoidable Let or Hindrance of their Attendance; it shall and may be lawful to and for any Two of the Justices of fuch Court respectively by Writ under their Hands and Seals directed unto the Sheriff of the County, therein inferting the Occasion thereof, to Adjourn the faid Court unto a further Day, as in the faid Writ shall be expressed, at as little Diftance of Time as possibly may be from the Day whereon by Law the Court should have fat, that so Justice be not deferred or delayed: And the Sheriff upon Receipt of the faid Writ, shall cause Publication to be made of the fame at the usual Place of the faid Court's fitting, and some other of the most publick Places within the fame County, and also to cause a Signification of such Adjournment, and the Time unto which it is made, to be posted up at or near the House or Place where the faid Court uses to sit, and other publick Places as aforefaid; to the Intent that unnecessary Travel, Charge and Attendance of all Persons concerned may be prevented. And the Sheriff is to Return such Writ with his Doings thereon into the Clerk's Office of fuch Court : And all Pleas, Writs, Actions, Suits, Plaints, Process, Precepts, Recognizances and other Thing and Things whatfoever Returnable or having Day or Days in the faid Court, shall stand, abide and continue unto the faidAdjournment, and be held, deemed and adjudged to be as good, effectual and available in Law to all Intents, Constructions and Purposes, as if such Court had been held and kept on the Day by Law for holding of the fame, and no Adjournment thereof had been made.

#### CHAP. II.

An Act for the more effectual suppressing of Drunkenness, and putting in Execution theLaws against such as shall presume to fell strong Drink without Licence.

HEREAS divers Persons that obtain Licence for the Retailing of Wine and Brong Lianars out of Doors only adjust to he had been diversely and the second of the Retailing of Wine and strong Liquors out of Doors only, and not to be spent or drank in their Houses, do notwithstanding take upon them to give Entertainment to Persons to sit Drinking and Tipling there; and others who have no Licence at all, are yet fo

Preamble.

#### Suppressing of Drunkennels.

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bardy as to run upon the Law, in adventuring to sell without; tending to the great increase of Drunkenness and other Debaucheries: such Houses not falling under the Inspection of Officers, as those that are Licenced:

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council Recailers to and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Aus sell no other thousts of the same, That from and after the Publication hereof, every Perfors of binds fon and Persons now Licenced, or that shall hereafter obtain Licence to retail they are Licence. Wine and strong Liquors to be spent out of Doors, and not otherwise, who shall censed to nor be convicted of entertaining or fuffering any Person or Persons to sit drinking to suffer Peror tipling in their Houses, Cellars, Backfides, or within any of the Dependen- in their Houses of firsh Houses, or of felling any other for of Paintain cies of fuch Houses; or of selling any other fort of Drink than what they have fcs, &c. Licence for, shall incur and suffer the like Penalties and Forfeitures as may by Law be inflicted upon Persons selling without Licence: to be recovered and employed in Manner as by the faid Law is directed.

And all Officers as well Grand-Jurors, Constables, Tything-Men, as the Officers employed in and about the collecting of the Excife, are hereby authorized infpect puband required diligently to fee that this Act be duly observed; and to present lick Houses, and inform of all Breaches of the fame, either at the Court of General Seffions and to prefeat of the Peace, or to some Justice of the Peace; who are hereby respectively without. impowered to hear and determine the faid Offence according to Law: as also alike to present or inform of any that shall presume to sell any Sort of strong Drink without Licence. And it shall and may be lawful to and for any of the aforesaid Officers respectively ex officio to enter into and inspect the House of any Person having once been convicted of selling without Licence, as they may by Law into Licenced Houses. And if any of the before-mentioned Officers shall be convicted of taking or receiving any Bribe, Fee or Reward, directly or indi- Penalty for rectly to connive at, conceal, or not to prefent or inform against any Person or Persons receiving any being Licenced to Retail for spending out of Doors only, that shall suffer Persons Bribe, De. to drink or tipple in their Houses or any of the Dependencies thereof; or for any others who shall presume to sell without Licence; every Officer so offending, shall forfeit and pay three Times the Value of all and every such Sum and Sums by him received as a Bribe, Fee or Reward; one Moiety thereof unto their Majesties for and towards the Support of the Government, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall inform and fue for the same in any of their Majesties Courts of Record. And if fuch Officer be one that is employed about the Excife, over and above the Forfeiture aforefaid, he shall ipso faito be discharged of and from his faid Office, and be rendred uncapable to be employed in any publick Service as an Officer, by the space of three Years next following.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Licence to Person licenced as a Taverner, Innholder or Retailer of Wine or strong Li- be sorfcired quors out of Doors, shall transgress this Act or any other Law of the Province upon a third Conviction. made for the Regulation of fuch Houses, in any of the Particulars therein mentioned, and shall be more than twice convicted of such Breach of Law within the compass of one Year; every Person so offending, over and above the Penalty in the Law for fuch Transgression, shall forfeit his or her Licence, not to be renewed again by the space of three Years next following.

And if any Person or Persons duly convicted of the Breach of Law in any Persons una of the Particulars herein before-mentioned, or of selling without Licence, shall ble, or negbet unable, or neglect to pay and satisfy the Fine imposed by Law for such Transfer iching to pay greffion; it shall and may be lawful to and for the Court or Justice before whom their Fine, the Conviction is, to order fuch Person or Persons either to stand committed to how to be the Goal of the County by the space of twenty Days without Bail or Mainprize, or to be fet in the Cage, or Stocks, to remain there, not exceeding the space of three Hours.

#### Sons or Servants going away Without Leave. 64

be poffed up.

tainment.

Select-Men cause reported Drun-parted Drun-kards, & to the Town, a Lift of the Names of all Persons reputed Drunkards or common Tiplers, mispending their Time and Estate in such Houses: And every Keeper the Keepers of publick House the Peace of the Peace of entertaining or fuffering any of the publick House the performance in fuch Lift, to drink or tipple in his or her House, or any of the Dependencies thereof, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Shillings: of fuch House after Notice given him as aforesaid, that shall be convicted be-Moiety to and for the Use of the Poor of the Town where such Offence shall be committed.

#### CHAP. III.

### An Act for preventing of MensSons, or Servants absenting themselves from their Parents or Masters Service without Leave-

Preamble.

HERE AS Complaint bas been made by fundry Inhabitants of this Province, that they have sustained great Damage by their Sons and Servants deserting their Service without Consent of their Parents or Masters, being encouraged to enter themselves on Board private Men of War, or Merchant Ships, and there entertained:

For Redrefs whereof:

Penalty on Commanders or Mafters of Ships, &c. or Servants without Leave.

5 G. ca. I.

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Repres fentatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That no Commander of any private Man of War, or Master of any Merchant Ship or Veffel, coming into, tarrying or abiding in, or going forth for entertain- of any Port, Harbour or Place within this Province, shall receive, harbour, ening MensSons tertain, conceal or fecure on Board fuch Ship or other Veffel, or fuffer to be there harboured or detained, any Man's Son being under Age, or Apprentice, or Covenant Servant (knowing him to be fuch, or after Notice thereof given) without Licence and Confent of his Parent or Master, in writing under his Hand first had and obtained; on Pain of forfeiting the Sum of five Pounds per Week, and fo proportionably for a longer or shorter time than any Son, Apprentice or Servant, shall be held, harboured, concealed or detained on Board any such Ship or other Veffel as aforefaid, without Licence and Confent as aforefaid; the one Moiety thereof unto their Majesties, to be employed towards the Support of the Government of the Province; and the other Moiety unto the Parent or Master of fuch Son, Apprentice or Servant that shall inform and fue for the same, in any of their Majesties Courts of Record within this Province, by Bill, Plaint or Information; wherein no Effoin, Protection or Wager of Law shall be allowed.

Penalty on Servants deferting their Mafters Service.

And be it further cnaded by the Authority aforesaid, That every Apprentice or Covenant Servant, who shall unlawfully absent himself from his Master, and enter himself on Board any Ship or Vessel as aforesaid, with Intent to leave his Master's Service; or continue there more than the space of twentyfour Hours, and be thereof convicted before their Majesties Justices in General Sessions of the Peace within the same County; shall forfeit unto his Master fuch further Service from and after the Expiration of the Term which his faid Master had in him at the Time of his Departure, as the faid Court shall order, not exceeding one Year.

#### Grand Jurous ferbing at Quarter Sellions.

CHAP. IV.

## An Act for Grand Jurors serving at the Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and punishing Defaults of Jurors Attendance.

O the Intent that due Inquiry and Presentment may be made unto the Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace within the respective Counties of all Misde-Preamble, meanours, Offences and Breaches of Law, proper to the Cognizance of the faid Court, hapning within fuch County, for the suppressing and punishing of the same; and that Jurors may duly attend the Service for which they are chosen :

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour Council and Reprefentatipes, in Scheral Court affembled, and by the Authority of the Grand Juros fame, That the Clerk of the Peace of each several County shall annually, fif- to serve a full teen Days at least before the Day for holding of the Court of Quarter Seffions Year. of the Peace for fuch County, iffue out Writs directed unto the Constables of the respective Towns within the same; requiring them or one of them forthwith to warn a Meeting of the Inhabitants duly qualified by Law, for the chufing of one or more Grand Jurors, according to the Number fuch Town has been accustomed to fend, or otherwise shall be appointed for them by the Justices of the faid Court; and the Person or Persons so chosen, to warn to appear at the next Court, and the following Courts of Quarter Seffions fucceffively, to be holden for the same County within the space of one Year, and there to attend the Service belonging to them; and to make Return of the faid Writ with his Doings thereon accordingly unto the faid Clerk's Office, before the opening of the faid Court: And if any Constable shall fail of performing his Duty by the faid Writ required, or feafonably to return the fame, he shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Forty Shillings. And the Persons chosen and returned as aforefaid appearing, shall be impanelled, and fworn a Grand Inquest for the Body of fuch County; and shall continue in the faid Office for the space of one full Year, and until others be chosen and sworn in their Stead : whose Duty it shall be to inquire and duly present the Breach of all such good and wholesome Their Daty. Laws, as are or shall be established within this Province, and all such Misdemeanours as are proper to their Inquiry, and the Jurisdiction of the faid Court.

And if any Person chosen to the said Office, and summoned by the Constable and fo returned by him, shall make Default in Appearance, without reasonable Forry Shilf-Excuse made, and allowed of by the Court; the said Court shall and may fet hon appearance. Fire properly by the Sum of Forty Shillings and a part West. Non appear a Fine upon him, not exceeding the Sum of Forty Shillings; and a new Writ rance. shall iffue forth unto the Town, to chuse another in hisRoom; and so likewise

in Case of the removal of any by Death, or otherwise.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Petit Jurors Person or Persons legally chosen, and summoned to serve upon the Petit Jury, fault, to be for Trials in the Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Affize, and General fined, notex-Goal Delivery, or in any of the Inferiour Courts of Common Pleas, or of Ge-ceeding 20 s. Goal Delivery, or in any of the interiour courts of common areas, of the reace, being for returned by the Conftable under his Hand; 3 G. ca. 5.

neral Seffions of the Peace, being for returned by the Gold Service without real Act to green shall make Default of Appearance, and not attend the said Service without reafonable Excuse made, and allowed of by such Court; every Person and Per- in the Appeafons fo offending, shall be fined by the faid Court, (who are hereby impowered rance of Jathereto) not exceeding the Sum of Twenty Shillings.

All Fines and Forfeitures accruing by Virtue of this Act, shall be paid in to Fines and Forthe Treasurer of the County where the same do arise; and be employed to-feitures to

wards the defraying the publick Charges of fuch County.

And in Case any Person or Persons sentenced to pay any of the said Fines County. or Forfeitures, shall neglect or refuse so to do, the same shall be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offenders Goods or Chattels, by Warrant from the How to be Court that awarded the fame, to be figned by the Clerk of the faid Court ; to- Levied.

ome to the

#### Killing of Wolves.

gether with the incident Charges arising for taking such Distress, according to the Fees by Law allowed for levying of Executions; and Two Shillings for the Warrant, to be paid unto the Clerk that granted the fame.

Grand Jurors Allowance.

And all Grand Jurors shall be allowed by the County Treasurer, the Sum of Two Shillings per Diem each Man, during their Attendance on any Court: the Time to be certified unto the County Treasurer, by the Clerks of the respective 6 G. ca. 6. Courts. And no Grand Juror shall be compelled to serve more than one Year in three; nor any Petit Juror, more than at one Court within the Compass of a Year.

#### CHAP. V. An Act for supplying the Defects in the Act Intitled, An Act encouraging the killing of Wolves.

5 W. & M. ca. 3. 2 G. ca. 4. 5. G. ca. 5.

Sele& Men

to give Re-

ccipt for

Wolves, made and traffed at the Selfen of the Committee of Wolves, made and passed at the Session of the General Assembly, begun and held at Boston, the thirty-sirst Day of May, in the sist Year of their present Majesties Reign; there is Provision for Payment to be made unto the Person or Persons who shall kill any grown Wolf or Wolves Whelp, out of the Town Stock, in which Preamble. such Wolf is killed, or of the Town lying next adjacent thereto, and that the said disburst, the same being made to appear, shall be allowed unto such Town, by the General Treasurer of the Province out of the publick Treasury.

But forasmuch as there is no particular Direction in the said Act how or inwhat Manner such Payment out of any Town Stock shall be made appear, so as to justify the Treasurer in allowing of the same; and the better to prevent any Fraud

therein: Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Re-

presentatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Person or Persons killing any grown Wolf or Wolf's Conftables & One or more Whelp (other than fuch as shall be taken out of the Belly of any Bitch Wolf) within any Town of this Province, and bringing the Head thereof unto the Constable of such Town or of the Town next adjacent, the Constable in the WolvesHeads Presence of one or more of the Select-Men, shall cut both the Ears off the fame, and fuch Select-Man or Men and Constable, shall give the Party a Receipt for the faid Head, expressing whether it be a grown Wolf or a Whelp; and upon producing fuch Receipt, the Party shall be paid and allowed by the Select-Men or Treasurer of such Town, out of the Town Stock, for the fame, as in and by the faid Act is directed. And all fuch Payments fo made shall be certified unto the Treasurer and Receiver General, under the Hands of the major Part of the Select-Men in fuch Town, and Town Treasurer (where any

> fuch be) or Town Clerk, in Manner following: That is to fay, Mr. Treasurer,

Certificate to shaTreafurer.

This may certify, That there has been paid unto sundry Persons out of the grown Wolves, and Town Stock of A. for WolvesWhelps kill'd in and near nuto our Town, fince the last past, and Day of the Heads thereof brought unto our Constables, and the Ears cut off in Presence of some of our Selves, as the Law directs, and so certified unto us, in the whole Pounds which Sum we defire you to allow unto our Town, by discounting the same with B. C. Constable, out of the publick Assessment, com-Day of mitted to him to collect in our Town. Dated in A. aforesaid, the

Select-Men Town-Treasurer. Or, Town Clerk.

And

#### Two Justices to Adjourn a Court.

and be it further enacted, That the Treasurer do cause a competent Number of blank Certificates in the Form abovefaid, to be printed at the publick Charge, and affix his own Seal thereto, and is hereby ordered to deliver so many unto the Select-Men of each Town and Place respectively, or some One of them, as shall be necessary for the Use of such Town or Place.

### Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of the Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and held at Boston, the twentyninth Day of May, 1 6 9 5.

CHAP. VI.

### An Act to prevent Incestuous Marriages.

LTHOUGH this Court doth not take in Hand to determine what is the whole Preamble, Breadth of the divine Commandment respecting unlawful Marriages: Yet for preventing of that abominable Dishonesty and Confusion which might otherwise happen :

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Repres fentatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That no Man shall marry any Woman within the Degrees hereafter Degrees of named in this Act, That is to fay, No Man shall marry his Grandfather's Wife, Kindred to-Wife's Grand-Mother, Father's Sifter, Mother's Sifter, Father's Brother's Wife, bidden Mar-Mother's Brother's Wife, Wife's Father's Sifter, Wife's Mother's Sifter, Father's riage. Wife, Wife's Mother's Daughter, Wife's Daughter, Son's Wife, Sifter, Brother's Wife, Wife's Sifter, Son's Daughter, Daughter's Daughter, Son's Son's Wife, Daughter's Son's Wife, Wife's Son's Daughter, Wife's Daughter's Daughter, Brother's Daughter, Sifter's Daughter, Brother's Son's Wife, Sifter's Son's Wife, Wife's Brother's Daughter, Wife's Sifter's Daughter. And if any Man have already married, or shall hereafter marry, or have carnal Copulation with any Woman who is within the Degrees before recited in this Act; every such Marriage shall be and is hereby declared to be null and void. And all Children that shall hereafter be born of such incestuous Marriage or Copulation, shall be for ever disabled to inherit by descent, or by being generally named in any Deed or Will by Father or Mother.

And he it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That every Penalty for Man and Woman who shall marry, or carnally know each other, being within the faid Degrees before recited in this Act, and shall be convicted thereof before grees that His Majetty's Justices of Affize and General Goal Delivery; such Man and shall marry. Woman fo convicted, shall be set upon the Gallows by the space of an Hour, with a Rope about their Neck, and the other End cast over the Gallows : And in the Way from thence to the Common Goal, shall be severely whipped, not exceeding forty Stripes each. Also every Person so offending shall for ever after wear a Capital I of two Inches long, and proportionable bigness, cut out in Cloth of a contrary Colour to their Cloaths, and fewed upon their upper Garments on the outfide of their Arm, or on their Back in open View. And if any Person or Persons having been convicted and sentenced for such Offence, shall at any Time be found without their Letter so worn, during their Abode in this Province, they shall by Warrant from a Justice of the Peace be forthwith apprehended and ordered to be publickly whipp'd not exceeding fifteen Stripes, and fo from Time to Time toties quoties.

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#### Inceltuous Warriages.

Penalty on fuch whose Marriage is declared null to converfe, or dwell together.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Man or Woman whose Marriage is by this present Act declared null and void, shall be fohardy as to converse together as Man and Wife, or shall continue to dwell in the same House at any Time after the space of forty Days next after the Publication of this present Act, and be thereof convicted; or if any Man and Woman who shall hereafter be divorced, or their Marriage declared to be null and void, according to the Law of this Province, shall cohabit, or converse together as Man and Wife, and be thereof convicted, all and every fuch Persons shall suffer the Pains and Penalties mentioned in an Act made and paffed by the Great and General Court or Assembly, at their Sessions begun and held the thirtieth Day of May, One Thousand six Hundred ninety four, Intitled An Ast against Adultery and Polygamie; which in and by the said Act are set and imposed upon fuch as shall be taken in Adultery. And it shall be in the Power of the Justices of the Superiour Court of Judicature, to affign unto any Woman fo feperated, fuch reasonable Part of the Estate of her late Husband, as in their Discretion the Circumstances of the Estate may admit; not exceeding one third Part thereof.

And for the better preventing of Clandestine Marriages:

4 W. & M. Ca. 10. G. ca. 4. Tuffices and Ministers not to marry spectively.

Names and Intention of Marriage to be entred with the Town Clerk.

Penalty on Juffices or Ministers offending.

Be it enacted by the Authority aforefaid, In Addition to the Act Intitled, An Act for the orderly Consummation of Marriages: That no Person other than a Justice of the Peace, and that within his own County only; or ordained Minister, and that only in the Town where he is settled in the Work of the Ministry; shall or may presume to join any Persons together Persons out of in Marriage: Nor shall any Justice or Minister, join any Persons in Marriage their County other than such, one or both of whom are Inhabitants or Residents in such County or Town respectively; nor without Certificate produced under the Hand of the Clerk of the feveral Towns where the Parties respectively dwell, that the Names and Intention of the faid Parties have been entred with him fifteen Days before Hand; and that due Publication of fuch their Intention or Purpose has been made, in Manner as by Law is directed: Nor without evident Signification that the Parents of fuch Perfons, or others whose immediate Care or Government they are under; are knowing of, and confenting to fuch Marriage; on Pain that every Justice, Minister, or other Person offending against this Act, shall for every such Offence forseit and pay the Sum of Fifty Pounds; as a Fine for and towards the defraying of the publickCharges, arifing within fuchCounty where the Offence is committed: To be fued for and recovered by the County Treasurer, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record within the same; by Bill, Plaint or Information: And shall, and are hereby for ever after difabled to join Persons in Marriage; and be further liable to the Action and Suit of the Parent, Guardian, or others whose immediate Care and Government either of the Parties were under at the Time of such Marriage, that are aggrieved thereat and shall profecute the same.

and be it further enacted. That if at any Time the Banns of Matri-Banns forbidmony betwixt any Persons shall be forbidden, the Publisher thereof shall forbear den, not to be out ask'd to proceed therein, until the Matter have been duly inquired into, and heard till the Matter before two of the Justices of the same County; and that they certify under their Hands, either that the Caufe was infufficient, or that it is removed.

be heard &c.

And all Marriages shall be Registred by the Town Clerk of the same Town where they are confummated: And every Justice or Minister as aforesaid, shall return a Note or Certificate unto the Clerk of the Town, of the Names of all Persons which they shall marry, and of the Time when, within three Months at farthest after Consummation of the same; and shall allow and pay out of his Fee unto the Clerk for entring the same three Pence: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Town Clerk to Register Marriages.

3 G. ca. 4.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforciaid, That if any Man shall wear Womens Apparel; or if any Woman shall wear Mens Apparel, and be thereof duly convicted: they shall be corporally punished or fined, at the Discretion of the Quarter Sessions, not exceeding five Pounds, to the Use Apparel. of the County where the Offence is committed, towards the defraying of the County Charges.

#### CHAP. VII.

### An Act for regulating the Affize of Shingles.

WHERE AS it has been accustomed, that Shingles exposed to Sale, are close Preamble, packt up in Bundles, so that the Quality of them county by the frequently fall short of the due Assize and Dimensions, whereby great Injustice may be done :

For Remedy whereof:

Be it enaded by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Reprefentatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the Alize of fame, That all Shingles exposed to Sale, shall be made of good found Timber, Shingles. and of the following Dimensions: That is to fay, EachShingle to bear eighteen Inches or fifteen Inches in Length; and not under three and half Inches in 9. A, ca. 6. Breadth; nor under half an Inch thick, and well shaved. All Shingles of eighteen Inches and fifteen Inches respectively, to be made up in distinct Bundles by themselves.

after the first Day of September next ensuing, no Person shall expose to Sale any under due such Shingles, which are not of the sull Dimensions, of Length, Breadth and Affice expo Thickness aforefaid; on pain of forfeiting every Bundle, wherein any Shingles fed to Sale, to shall be found under any of the said Dimensions of Length, Breadth or be forseited. Thickness. And if any Person to whom any Shingles are tendred to be fold, shall defire to have to have them viewed; upon his Application made to a Justice of Peace, such Justice is hereby impowred, to make out a Warrant for the appointing and authorizing some able House-Carpenter, to view and measure the the Peace to fame; and to administer an Oath unto him, to deal faithfully and impartially appoint a therein : and in the Presence of the Owner or Vender of such Shingles (if he see Viewer. Cause to be there) to perform the said Service; and to make Seisure of all such Bundles of Shingles, in which there shall be any found under the sull Dimen-fions above-mentioned, in any Particular thereof. And upon such Return made fions above-mentioned, in any Particular thereof. And upon men recuminate by the faid Officer under his Hand, to the Juffice who granted the Warrant, Defective by the faid Officer under his Hand, to the Juffice who granted them to Shingles for

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That from and All Shingles

fuch Justice shall declare the faid Shingles to be forfeited; and cause them to shingles torbe delivered unto the Select-Men or Overfeers of the Poor of the Town, where to the Uie of they are offered to Sale; to be employed to and for the Use of the Poor of the Poor.

#### CHAP. VIII.

### An Act for the better Settlements of the Islands of Martha's Vineyard, and Islands adjacent.

fuch Town: The Charges of viewing, being first defrayed and answered for out of the same; but where there appears no Defects, the Person at whose Defire the Survey is appointed, shall answer the whole Charge thereof.

IF E it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives, convened in General Court or Assembly, and by the Authority of the same, That the Islands of Martha's Vineyard, Elisabeth Mands, the Mands called Nomans-Land; and all the Dependencies formerly

#### Settlement and Support of Ministers.

Appeals from Courts in Dukes County, to be to Plymouth.

formerly belonging to Dukes County, (the Island of Nantucket only excepted) shall be, remain and continue to be one County, to all Intents and Purposes; by the Name of Dukes County: And all Appeals from any Judgment or Judgments given, or to be given in any of the InferiourCourts of Pleas within the faidCounty, shall henceforth be heard and tried at the Superiour Court of Judicature to be holden from Time to Time at Plymouth, within the Neighbouring County of Plymouth: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding: the Jurors to ferve at the faid Superiour Courts of Judicature, to be from Time to Time cho-fen and fummoned out of the feveral Towns within the faid County of Plymouth and Dukes-County according to the Directions in the Law in fuch Case provided. The Island of Nantucket to remain and continue under the same Form of Government as is already there fettled: And Appeals from the Judgments given or to be given in the Inferiour Court of Pleas within the faid Island, to be heard and tried in the Superiour Court of Judicature to be held at Boston within the County of Suffolk, as is by Law provided.

Appeals from Courts in Nantucket to be to Befton.

#### CHAP. IX.

### An Act in further Addition to the Act Intitled, An At for the Settlement and Support of Ministers.

A W. & M. ca. 10. M. ca. 20. I A. ca. 3.

The it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authought of the fame, That when at any Time a Church shall make 4 & 5 W. & Choice of a Minister, and present their Choice unto the Inhabitants of the Town or Precinct in a publick Meeting duly warned and affembled for that Purpose, to have their Concurrence therein; and the Inhabitants fo affembled, shall by a major Vote deny their Approbation of the Churches Choice; the Church may call in the Help of a Council confifting of the Elders and Meffengers of three or five Neighbouring Churches; which Council are hereby impowred to hear, examine and confider the Exceptions and Allegations made against the Churches Election. And in Case the Council shall notwithstanding approve of the said Election, such Minister accepting of the Choice, and setting with them, shall be the Minister of the Town or Precinct, who shall be in all Refpects supported and maintained, as by the said Act is provided; but if otherwife, the Church shall proceed to the Election of another Minister.

> and it is further declared, That no Person by Reason of his voting in the Church, shall be precluded from voting as an Inhabitant of the Town : Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

#### Suppressing of Unlicensed Houses.

Acts and Laws

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of the Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and held at Boston the twentyninth Day of May, 1 6 9 5. And continued by several Adjournments until the twentieth of November following.

#### CHAP. X.

### An Act for the better discovery and more effectual suppressing of Unlicensed Houses.

ORAS MUCH as divers ill disposed and indigent Persons, the Pains and Personble.

Penalties in the Laws already made not regarding, are so hardy as to presume Presumble. to fell and retail strong Beer, Ale, Cyder, Perry, Wine, Rum, or other strong Liquors or mixt Drinks, and to keep common tippling Houses, therein barbouring and entertaining Apprentices, Indians, Negroes, and other idle diffolute Persons, tending to the Ruin and Impoverishment of Families, and to all Impiety and Debaucheries; and if detected and convicted of any such Offence, are unable to satisfy the Fine imposed by Law for the same; and cannot be punished by Imprisonment without Wrong to their Families :

For Remedy whereof, and the more effectual deterring and suppressing

of fuch evil Practices:

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Sovernour, Council and Breutes fentatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the bette pay the Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Reprefame, That when and so often as any Person being duly convicted of keeping Fine to be a common tipling House, or selling strong Beer, Ale, Cyder, Perry, Wine, Rum, whipt. or other strong Liquors or mixt Drink by Retail, without Licence first orderly had and obtained for the fame, shall be unable to answer and satisfy the Fine imposed by Law for such Transgression, together with the Charge of Prosecution; or that shall not pay such Fine and Charges (and likewise giveBond for the good Behaviour, if it be a fecond Conviction) within the space of twenty four Hours next after Sentence declared in that Respect; it shall and may be lawful to and for two Justices of the Peace, or the Court before whom the Conviction shall be, to order fuch Offender to be openly whipt with so many Stripes as in their Discretion shall be thought fit, not less than ten, nor exceeding fifteen for one Offence; and to restrain the Offender in Prison, until the Fine and Charges as aforesaid are paid, or the Order for corporal Punishment be executed.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for any Grand Jurors, Constables, Tything-Men, and the Officers employed in and about the Excise, ex officio to enter into the House and Power to seize Dependencies thereof, of any fuch Person as aforesaid, suspected of selling strong Drink sound Drink without Licence, having once been convicted thereof, and taking with Houses. them such Assistance as they shall think needful, to make Search for strong Drink, and finding any Quantity of any Kind of the Drinks herein before-mentioned, to feize and fecure the same, so as it be within the space of one Year next after such Conviction, and to inform thereof at the next General Seffions of the Peace to be holden within the fameCounty, or unto two Justices of thePeace (QuorumUnus) within the fame: And if the Quantity of Drink so seized shall be judged by fuch Court or Justices to be more than for the necessary Use of the Family, and what their Condition may reasonably allow them to expend, or otherwise to have in their Custody; it shall and may be lawful to and for such Court or Justices to declare all fuch Drink to be forfeited; one Moiety thereof unto the Party that feized and informed of the fame, and the other Moiety to the Select-Men or Overseers of the Poor of the Town where it was seized, to the Use of the Poor there; and to order the Disposal thereof accordingly.

Provided.

#### Affidabits taken out of Court. 72

Appeal from the Sentence of two Juffices

Provided neverthelefs, That any Person aggrieved at the Sentence of any two Justices for either of the Offences before-mentioned, may appeal deferefrom unto the next General Sessions of the Peace within the same County; provided such Appeal be claimed in due Time, and Security given in Manner as the Law in fuch Cases directs.

#### CHAP. XI.

### An Act for taking of Affidavits out of Court.

Preamble.

FOR AS MUCH as it is often necessary, that Witnesses in civil Causes be sworn out of Court, suban by Realist of their principals. out of Court, when by Reason of their going to Sea, living more than thirty Miles distant from the Place where the Cause is to be tried, Age, Sickness, or other bodily Infirmity, they are rendered uncapable of Travel, and appearing in Person at the Court. To the Intentiberefore that allWitnesses may indifferently testify their certain Knowledge, and the whole Truth in the Cause they are to speak unto :

cation.

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour. Council and Renre-AdverseParty Sentatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the to have Notifi- same, That for either of the Reasons before-mentioned, and not otherwise, every Justice of the Peace, or others lawfully commissionated and impowred thereto by two or more of the Justices of the Superiour or Inferiour Court respectively, may take Affidavits out of Court, so as a Notification with reasonable Time, be first made out and delivered to the adverse Party (if within twenty Miles of the Place) or left at the Place of his Dwelling or ufual Abode, to be present at the Time of taking such Affidavit, if he think fit; and every such Witness shall be carefully examined and cautioned to testify the whole Truth; and No Person in being Sworn, the Justice shall Attest the same, with the Day Month and Year serefied or the of the Caption thereof, and that the adverse Party was present (if so) or that a Attorney, to write Affida-Notification was fent him; and shall Seal up the Testimony, and deliver it to the Party (if defired) at whose Request it was taken : And no Person interefted shall write or draw up the Testimony of any Witness in such Cause, nor any Attorney in his Clients Claufe: And if it manifestly appear that any Testimony be written or drawn up by any interested, or the Attorney in the Cause. or be returned from any Justice of the Peace by other Hand than his own, into the Court where the same is to be used, unsealed, or the Seal having been broken up; all fuch Testimonies shall be rejected by the Court, and be utterly void, and of no Effect in Law.

Affidavite to be returned to the Court fealed up.

wite.

Tuffices to grant Summons for Witneffes.

Witneffes to

may be Sworn without Notification. Affidavits in perpetuam rel memoriam, to be fworn in Court or before two Tuffices. Penalty for Perjury.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Justice of the Peace shall be, and hereby is impowred, upon Request to him made, to grant Summons for the Appearance of any Witness before him in any civil or criminal Cause, where such Witness is bound to Sea before the Time of Trial, and to take his Deposition in such Cause; the adverse Party being prefent, or Notification fent him as aforefaid.

Provided nevertheless, That Witnesses to Bonds, Specialties, Letters of At-Bands and o- torney, and other Infruments in writing under the Hand of the Party executing ther Writings the fame, or to Accompts or Testimonies relating to Persons out of this Government, or to be fent beyond Sea, may be fworn without fuch Notification as aforefaid.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That all Affidavits relating to the Possession of any Houses or Lands, or any other Matter, in perpetuam rei memoriam, shall be made and taken before some Court of Record, or two or more Justices of the Peace, Quorum Unus.

And it is further enacted, That all Persons forswearing themselves in any such Affidavits taken as aforesaid, shall incur the same Penalties, as if they had been taken in open Court.

#### Disposal of publick Monies.

### An Act.

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of the Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and held at Bosion, the twentyninth Day of May, 1 6 9 5. And continued by feveral Adjournments until the twenty-fixth Day of February following.

#### CHAP. I.

### An Act directing the Province Treasurer to lay his Accompts before the General Assembly from Time to Time for their Approbation.

All E it declared and enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Couns Accompts of cil and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the islingand the authority of the same, That the Accompts of the isluing and disposal of disposal of Monies and Sums of Money granted and raised, and that hereafter here, to be shall be granted and raised by the General Assembly, for the Support and Deloid before fence of this His Majesty's Province, and that hath or shall come into the pub- the General lick Treasury, by any other Ways or Means whatsoever, shall be by the Trea- Assembly. furer laid before the Great and General Affembly, when by them required, for their Examination, Approbation and Allowance from Time to Time, as hath been accustomed. And all fuch Approbations and Allowances of the General Affembly heretofore, and that hereafter shall be passed, shall be to the Trea-furer a full and final Discharge.

### Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of the Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun at Boston the twenty-seventh Day of May, 1 6 9 6. And continued by feveral Adjournments unto the eighteenth of November following.

#### CHAP. II.

### An Act for the equal Distribution of Infolvent Estates.

I E it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Re- Additional presentatives in General Court assembled, and it is enacted Ac. and ordained by the Authority of the same. That when the and ordained by the Authority of the fame, That when the Estate of any Person deceased shall be Insolvent or insufficient to pay all just Debts which the deceafed owed; the fame shall be fet forth and distributed to and among all the Creditors in proportion to the Sums to them respectively Manner of owing, so far as the faid Estate will extend; saving that the Debts due to the Distribution. Crown, the Sickness and necessary Funeral Charges of the Deceased are to be first paid. And the Executor or Administrator appointed to any suchInsolvent

#### Insolvent Estates.

Estate, before Payment to any be made (except as aforefaid) shall represent the

Apprifers to be fworn,

Commissio-

ceive the Claims.

oners to re-

Condition and Circumstances thereof unto the Judge for Probate of Wills, and granting of Administrations; and the faid Judge shall nominate and appoint two or more fit and indifferent Persons to make a true and equal Apprizement of fuch Estate, and administer an Oath unto them for that Purpose; and shall also nominate and appoint two or more fit Persons to be Commissioners with full Power to receive and examine all Claims of the feveral Creditors, and how they are made out: And fuch Commissioners shall cause the Times and Places of their Meeting, to attend the Creditors, for the receiving and examining of their Claims, to be made known and published by posting up the same in some publick Places in the Shire Town of that County where fuch deceafed Person last dwelt, and of the two next adjoining Counties. And fix, twelve, or eighteen Months Time (as the Circumstances of any Estate may require) shall be allowed by the Judge unto the Creditors, for bringing in their Claims, and proving their Debts: At the End of which limited Time, fuch Commissioners shall make their Report, and present a List of all the Claims unto the said Judge. who shall order them meet Recompence out of the Estate, for their Care and Labour in that Affair: And the Debts due to the Crown, Sickness, and necessary Funeral Charges, as is herein before provided, being first subducted, shall order the Residue and Remainder of the Estate to be paid and distributed to and among the other Creditors that shall have made out their Claims in due proportion to the Sums unto them respectively owing, according as the Estate will bear; faving unto the Widow, if any be, her Right of Dower according to Law, in the Houses and Lands of the Deceased; the Widow's Dower at the Expiration of her Term to be also distributed among the Creditors in a like

Saying of Dower.

Debts may

Provided, That notwithstanding the Report of any such Commissioners or Allowance thereof made, it shall and may be lawful to and for the Executor or Administrator, to contest the Proof of any Debt at the common Law.

be contested at common Law. Process fufon is depend-

And no Process in Law (except for Debts due to the Crown, Sickness, and pended whilft Funeral Charges) shall be allowed against the Executors or Administrator of any the Commissi- Insolvent Estate, so long as the same shall be depending as aforesaid.

cluded that bring not in their Claims.

And whatever Creditor shall not make out his or her Claim with such Coming. Creditors ex- miffioners before the full Expiration of the limited Time, such Person shall be for ever after debarred of his or her Debt, unless he or she can find some further Estate of the Deceased, not before discovered and put into the Inventory.

Perfons fufpected of Concealment or Imbezelments, to be fworn.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Judge for Probate of Wills and granting Administrations within the respective Counties, be, and hereby is fully authorized and impowred to call before him, and to require and administer an Oath unto any Person or Persons probably sufpected by any Executor or Administrator to have concealed, imbezel'd or conveyed away any of the Money, Goods or Chattels left by the Teftator, or Intestate, for the discovery of the same. And in Case any such suspected Person was betrusted by the Person deceased, attended upon, or was otherwise conversant with or near unto him in the Time of Sickness; or left in Possession of the Estate whereby to strengthen and make the Suspicion more violent, and shall refuse to clear and acquit him or her self upon Oath; it shall and may be lawful for, and the Judge is hereby impowred to commit fuch Person so refusing to Swear, unto the Goal of the County, there to remain until he or the shall comply to discharge him or her self upon Oath as aforesaid, or be released by Confent of the Executor or Administrator.

Penalty for retufing.

> Saving unto any Person aggrieved at any Sentence, Order or Decree, made by the Judge of Probate, Liberty of an Appeal unto the Governour and Council; fuch Appellant giving Bond in a reasonable Sum with sufficient Security to profecute his Appeal with Effect, and to abide and perform the Determination that shall be made thereupon.

Appeal.

CHAP.

CHAP. III.

### An Act for making of Lands and Tenements liable to the Payment of Debts.

HERE AS the Estates of Persons within this Province do chiefly confist Preamble. of Houses and Lands, which give them Credit, some being remis in paying of their just Debts, and others hapning to die before they have discharged the same :

Be it therefore enacted and ordained by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Lands or Tenements belonging to any Person in his own proper Right in Fee, shall stand charged with the Transmit Payment of all just Debts owing by such Person, as well as his personal Estate, Tenements liable to Exand shall be liable to be taken in Execution for Satisfaction of the same, where equiton, the Debtor or his Attoney shall not expose to View and tender to the Officer personal Estate sufficient to answer the Sum mentioned in the Execution, with

the Charges.

And all Executions duly served upon any such Houses and Lands, being re- Execution turned into the Clerk's Office of the Court out of which the same issued and duly served there recorded, shall make a good Title to the Party for whom they shall be so and Recorded taken, his Heirs and Assigns for ever. Also where the Goods and Chattels be longing to the Estate of any Person deceased, shall not be sufficient to answer the just Debts which the Deceased owed, or Legacies given ; upon Representation thereof, and making the same to appear unto the Superiour Court of Judicature holden for or within the County where fuch deceased Person last dwelt; cature holden for or within the County where fuch deceased Perion last dwelt; Juffices of the faid Court are hereby impowred to licence and authorize the Executor or the Superious Administrator of such Estate to make Sale of all or any Part of the Houses and Court impow-Lands of the Deceased, so far as shall be necessary to fatisfy the just Debts which the Sale of the Deccased owed at the Time of his Death; and Legacies bequeathed in and Land, &c. by the last Will and Testament of the Deccased. And everyExecutor or Administrator being so licensed and authorized as aforesaid, shall and may by virtue of fuch Authority, make, fign and execute in due Form of Law, Deeds and Conveyances for fuch Houses and Lands as they shall so fell; whichInstruments shall make a good Title to the Purchaser, his Heirs and Assigns for ever.

Provided neveribeless, That any Debt or Debts due to the Crown from any Debts to the

fuch Estate, shall be first secured and paid out of the same.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforelaid, That when any Fraudulent Person or Persons shall make Sale or other Alienation of any Lands or Tene- Deeds to be ments to him of Right belonging, with Intent to defeat and defraud his Creditors void. of their just Debts not bona fide for good and valuable Confideration truly paid: All fuch Sales and Alienations are to be deemed covinous and fraudulent, and shall be of no Effect to bar any Creditor from such Debt as is to him owing.

#### CHAP. IV.

### An Act to prevent the destroying and murdering of Baftard Children.

HERE AS many lewd Women that have been delivered of Bastard Children to avoid their Shame, and to escape Punishment, do secretly bury or conceal the Death of their Children, and after, if the Child be found Dead, the said Women Preamble. do alledge that the said Child was born dead; whereas it falleth out sometimes (although hardly it is to be proved) that the saidChild or Children were murdered by the faid Women their lewd Mothers, or by their Affent or Procurement :

#### Murdering Bastard Children. High Treason. 76

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives, convened in General Assembly, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the fame, That if any Woman be delivered of any Issue of her Body, Male or Female, which if it were born alive, should by Law be a Baftard; and that she endeavour privately, either by drowning or fecret burying thereof, or any other Way; either by her felf, or the procuring of others fo to conceal the Death thereof, that it may not come to Light, whether it were born alive or not, but be concealed. In every fuch Case the Mother so offending, shall suffer Death, as in Case of Murder: except such Mother can make Proof by one Witness at the least, that the Child whose Death was by her so intended to be concealed, was born dead.

#### CHAP. V.

### An Act against High Treason. Tit enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Re-

Compaffing or imagining the King, &c.

against the King.

presentatines, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Person or Persons shall compass or imagine the Death of Our Sovereign Lord the King, or of Our Lady his Queen, or of the Heir apparent to the Crown: Or if any Person shall levy Levying War War against Our Lord the King, or be adherent to the King's Enemies, giving them Aid and Comfort in the Realm, or elswhere, and thereby be probably attainted of open Deed by his Peers, upon the Testimony of two lawful and credible Witnesses upon Oath, brought before the Offender Face to Face, at the Time of his Arraignment, or voluntary Confession of the Party arraigned. Or if any Person or Persons shall counterfeit the King's Great Seal, or Privy Seal, or the Seal of this Province, and thereof be duly convicted as aforefaid: Then every fuch Person and Persons so as aforesaid offending, shall be deemed, declared and adjudged to be Traitors, and shall suffer Pains of Death, and also loose and forfeit as in Cases of High Treason.

Counterfeiting the Kings Great Seal, E30.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That the Tryals to be regulated ac- Trial of all and every Person and Persons whatsoever accused, indicted and procording to the secuted for high Treason and misprision of such Treason, shall be regulated Law of Eng. according to the Act of Parliament made in the feventh Year of his present Majesty's Reign, Intitled, An Act for regulating of Trials in Cases of of Treason, Treason and misprission of Treason: And the Party so accused, indicted and profecuted, to be allowed the Benefits and Privileges in and by the faid Act,

granted and declared.

#### CHAP. VI.

### AnA& inAddition to theA& for preventing of common Nusances arising by Slaughter-Houses, Still-Houses, &c.

Preamble. o A. ca. S. FOR the better preventing of Defolation by Fire, that may happen by drawing of Spirits, or melting down of States. of Spirits, or melting down of Tallow:

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Reprefentatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Distiller or Tallow-Chandler shall presume to set up any Still or Stills for the drawing of Spirits, Copper or Furnace for the melting of Tallow, or make Use of any Still, Copper or Furnace for either of the said Ends in any House or Place, other than such as are or from Time to Time shall

#### Regulation of Ferries.

be affigned for that Purpose by the Sclect-Men of the Town, with two or more Justices of the Peace, contrary to the Intent of the said Act; every Person and Persons sooffending, and being thereof duly convicted before his Majesty's Justices to cause Stills in the Court of General Sessions of the Peace within the same County, shall not for drawing only incur the Penalty or Fine in the faid Act mentioned; but shall also enter into of Spirits, oc Recognizance to take down fuch Stills, Coppers or Furnaces; and in Default of Furnaces for melting of entring into Recognizance as aforefaid, to be committed to Prison until he do Tallow fet up cause the same to be taken down; or else such Stills, Coppers or Fur-without Order naces shall be taken down by Order of the said Court; and the Charge thereof to be taken to be levied by Distress and Sale of such Offenders Goods, returning the overplus, if any be.

#### CHAP. VI.

### 'An Act in addition to the Act for regulating Ferries.

HERE AS there is a conflant Recourse of Travellers and others for Passage Preamble. over the Ferries betwixt Boston and Charlestown, and betwixt Boston and Winnesimit: Therefore for Prevention of the great Inconvenience and Damage that doth or may happen to Persons by being hindred and delayed at the said Ferries, 4 G. ca. 4.

for want of speedy Transportation over the same :

Be it enaded by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of Stated Hours the same, That the Person or Persons that are, or from Time to Time shall for the Ferry be employed for keeping Winnesimit Ferry, shall constantly maintain a good Boat Boats passing or Boats, in good Repair, fuitable for the faid Ferry on each Side of the Water; at Winnifimit and that fuch Boats whether there be any Paffengers in the fame or not, shall put off from their respective Shores to go to the other Side, upon each Day in the Week (the Lord's Day excepted) at the Hours of five, seven, nine and eleven Penalty for a Clock before Noon; and at one, three, five and feven of the Clock after Noon, Ferry Mens throughout the whole Year, fo as it be within Day-Light; on Pain that every Neglea. fuchFerry-Man orFerry-Men being complained of and convicted before any one or more of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace of neglect of his Duty, in not croffing the faid Ferry at the feveral Times and Hours before-mentioned, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Twenty Shillings; one Half to the Informer or Complainant, and the other Half to the Use of the Poor of the Town of Boston. And fuch Justice or Justices, may restrain the Offender or Offenders, until he or they shall pay the faid Sum.

and be it further enamed, That all Posts and Expresses for His Majesty's Posts &c. to Service, and other Persons having extraordinary Business; as in Cases concerntransported. ing Life and Death, shall be speedily transported over the said Ferry, at any Time or Season, without Delay; on the Penalty aforesaid: Any Thing here-

in before contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided nevertheless, That fuch Ferry-Man or Ferry-Men shall not be obliged Saving for to put off from their respective Shores and pass the said Ferry, at any of the Times stormy Seaor Hours before stated, if it manifestly appear to be hazardous for them so to do, sons. by Reason of any Storm or Tempest; or that in the Winter the Ice do hinder

the passing of any Boat a-cross the said Ferry.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That when and so often as it shall happen, that the Boats employed for the Ferry between Ferry, iwo Boston and Charlstown, shall be on the same Shore, upon the Landing of the se-Boats not to cond Boat, the first shall forthwith put off and pass over to the other Side, Passen-lye on the gers or no Passengers; on the like Penalty herein before expressed, and to be same Shore. disposed of as aforesaid; to the Use of the Poor of Boston or Charlstown re- 11 G. ca 5. spectively.

CHAP.

Town Rates, &c.

### Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of the Province of the Maffachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and held at Boston, the twentyfixth Day of May, 1 6 9 7.

#### CHAP.

### An Act relating to Town Rates or Affessments.

Preamble!

7 HEREAS divers Constables and Collectors of Town Rates or Assessments, are defective and negligent of their Duty in not timely paying of the same, as by the Warrants or Estreats to them committed they are required:

For Redrefs whereof:

13. W. ca.17. not iffuing their Accompts thereof by the in their Wargants to be

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Repre-2 A. ca. 5 Conflables or sentatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the Collectors of fame, That the Constables or Collectors within the feveral Towns in this Pro-Town Rates vince, who have had, or hereafter shall have, any Rates or Affessments for the defraying of Town Charges, orderly made and committed unto them to collect, the Accounts and Payment whereof are not iffued; or that at any Time or Times hereafter shall not pay in and iffue their Accounts thereof with the Trea-Time prefixt furer of fuch Town, or other Person appointed by the Select-Men to be a Receiver of the same, by the Time prefix d in the Warrants to them respectively liable to Suit, given for the collecting and paying in thereof, or within the space of oneMonth next after the Expiration thereof; every fuch defective Constable or Collector, shall be liable to the Action or Suit of the Treasurer or Receiver of such Town: And fuch Treasurer or Receiver, is hereby impowred and authorized to sue for and recover all fuch Rates and Affessments, or any Arrears thereof, of and from the Constables or Collectors respectively to whom the same were committed, and that have or shall neglect their Duty in that Regard; by Action, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of his Majesty's Courts of Record : Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

#### CHAP. II.

### An Act impowring Justices of the Peace to decide Differences not exceeding Forty Shillings.

Juffices of the Peace to grant Summons, Capias or Attachment, for Matters triable before them.

Te it enaded and ordained by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives, convened in General Assembly, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by the Authority of the same, That all Manner of Debts, Trespasses and other Matters, not exceeding the Value of forty Shillings (wherein the Title of Land is not concerned) shall and may be heard, tried, adjudged and determined, by any of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace within this Province, in their respective Precincts; who are hereby impowred, upon Complaint made of any fuch Debt, Trespass or other Matter, as aforefaid, to grantSummons, Capias or Attachment, against the Party complained of, directed to the Sheriff or Marshal of the County; or either of their Deputies, or Constables of the Town wherein such Party lives : For which Summons,

### Arval before a Justice of the Peace.

Summons, Capias or Attachment, the Justice shall be paid one Shilling; and Fee for a the Officer for ferving the fame, one Shilling, and no more. And in Case of Writ and Non-appearance upon Summons duly ferved, being fo returned by theOfficer; fuch Justice may iffue out a Warrant of Contempt directed to the Sheriff, or Marshal or other Officer as aforesaid, to bring the Contemner before him, as well to answer the said Contempt, as the Plaintiff's Action, and may (if he see Cause) fine such Contemner, not exceeding Ten Shillings, to be accounted for to the Treasurer of the County towards defraying of County Charges: And after Judgment given in any Cafe, may grant an Execution or Warrant of Distress directed to the Sheriff or Marshal or other Officer as aforesaid, to levy the faid Fine, Debt or Damage, with Charges, upon the Defendants Goods or Chattels. And fuch Officer by Virtue thereof shall expose the same to Sale, Fine for Conzecuring the Overplus (if any be) to the Desendant; and for want of such tempt in not Diffress to take the Body of the Defendant, and him to carry and convey to appearing the common Goal of the County or Precinct, there to remain until he hath fa- upon Sumtisfyed the faid Fine, Debt or Damage, with Charges. And in Cafe fuchComplainant be Non-fuited, or Judgment pass against him, then the faid Justice is hereby impowred to affess to the Defendant reasonable Costs against such Complainant, to be levied and recovered in Manner and Form above expressed.

Provided always, That all Summons, Capias or Attachment before fuch Writs to be Justice of the Peace, shall be served and executed at least seven Days before the Days before Time of Trial or Hearing.

Provided also, That the Party aggrieved shall have Liberty to appeal to the next Inferiour Court of Common Pleas to be holden for the fame County, he Party aggricentring into Recognizance with one fufficient Surety in the Value of the Debt or Damage fued for, and fufficient to answer all Costs to prosecute the said Appeal to the Inferiour peal there with Effect, and to abide the Order of the faid Court, where fuch Court. Case shall be tried, and receive a final Issue and Determination.

And the Party appealing shall bring the Copies of the whole Case to the Party appealig And the Party appealing main bring the copies of the whole say further ing to bring court appealed to, where each Party shall be allowed the Benefit of any further the whole Plea or Evidence; and if upon fuch new Plea or Evidence the Judgment happen to be reversed, the Appellant shall have no Costs granted for the first
Trial, and such Appellant shall also give in the Reasons of his Appeal unto Reasons of the Julice appealed from, in writing feven Days inclusively before the fitting Appeal to be of the Court appealed to. And all Julices are hereby required to keep fair Days before Records of all their Proceedings from Times to Times. Records of all their Proceedings from Time to Time.

and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Clerks of Clerk of any Town within this Province, may and hereby is impowred to grant Towns to Replevins, Summons or Attachments for anyMatter or Cause triable before any grant Reple-Justice of the Peace, and Summons for Witnesses; and to direct the same to vin, &c. the Constables of such Town, or to the Party to be summoned for Witness respectively; and the Constable or Constables are hereby required to execute such Replevins, Summons or Attachments accordingly, and to make due Return thereof.

### Acts and Laws,

Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of the Province of the Massackits-Bay in New-England, Begun and held at Boston the twenty-fixth Day of May, 1 6 9 7. And continued by several Prorogations until the thirteenth of October following.

#### CHAP. III.

### An Act against Murder.

E it enacted by the Licutenant Sovernour, Council and Beprefentatives, in General Court affembled, and by the Authoutpo of the fame, That whosever shall commit wisful Murder
upon premeditated Malice or Hatred; and be thereof convicted, the Person
or Persons so offending shall be put to Death.

#### CHAP. IV.

### An Act against Ravishment or Rape.

B & it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Suthortity of the same, That if any Man shall ravish any Woman, committing carnal Copulation with her by Force against her Will. Or if any Man shall unlawfully and carnally know and abuse any Woman-Child under the Age of ten Years; every Person and Persons offending in either of the Cases beforementioned, being thereof convicted, shall be accounted Felons, and shall be adducted to suffer the Pains of Death, as in Cases of Felony.

#### CHAP. V.

### An Act for the Punishment of Buggery.

Preamble.

FOR avoiding of the detestable and adominable Sin of Buggery with Mankind or Beast, which is contrary to the very Light of Nature:

15e it enasted and declared by the Lieutenant Governour, Council

De it enacted and declared by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court affembled, and by the Authority of the same it is enacted. That the same Offence be judged Felony, and such Order and Form of Process therein to be used against the Offenders as in Cases of Felony. And that every Man being duly convicted of lying with Mankind as he lieth with a Woman. And every Man or Woman that shall have carnal Copulation with any Beast or bruit Creature; the Offender and Offenders in either of the Cases before mentioned, shall suffer the Pains of Death; and the Beast shall be sain and burned.

#### CHAP. VI.

### An Act against Atheism and Blasphemy.

MP & it declared and enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives, convened in General Court or Assembly, and it is enacted by the Authority of the fame, That if any Person shall prefume wilfully to blaspheme the holy Name of God; Father, Son, or Holy Ghost; either by denying, curfing or reproaching the true God; his Creation or Government of the World: or by denying, curfing, or reproaching the Holy Word of God; that is, the canonical Scriptures contained in the Books of the Old and New Testament; namely GENESIS, Exodus, Leviticus, Numbers, Deuteronomy, Joshua, Judges, Ruth, Samuel, Samuel, Kings, Kings, Chronicles, Chronicles, Ezra, Nebemiab, Efther, Job, Pfalms, Proverbs, Ecclefiastes, The Song of Solomon, Isaiah, Jeremiah, Lamentations, Ezekiel, Daniel, Hosea, Joel, Amos, Obadiah, Jonah, Micah, Nahum, Habbakkuk, Zephaniah, Haggai, Zecha-Triab, Malachi: MATTHEW, Mark, Luke, John, Afts, Romans, Corinthians, Corinthians, Galatians, Ephefians, Philippians, Colofians, Theffalonians, Theffalonians, Timothy, Timothy, Titus, Philemon, Hebrews, James, Peter, Peter, John, John, John, Jude, Revelation: Every One so offending shall be punished by Imprisonment, not exceeding fix Months, and until they find Sureties for the good Behaviour; by fitting in the Pillory; by whipping; boaring thorow the Tongue, with a red hot Iron; or fitting upon the Gallows with a Rope about their Neck; at the Discretion of the Court of Assize, and General Goal Delivery, before which the Trial shall be; according to the Circumstances, which may aggravate or alleviate the Offence.

Provided, That not more than two of the fore-mention'd Punishments shall

be inflicted for one and the fame Fact.

#### CHAP. VII. An Act for registring of Deeds and Conveyances.

FOR the prevention of Clandestine and uncertain Sales of Houses and Lands: Preamble: And to the Intent it may be the better known what Right, Title or Interest

Persons have in or to such Estates as they shall offer to Sale:

Be it enacted and declared by the Lieutenant Governour, Council jed by Signand Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Autho: ing, Scaling, rity of the same, That henceforth all Deeds or Conveyances of any Houses or Acknowledg-Lands within this Province, figned and fealed by the Party or Parties granting cord, to be the fame, having good and lawful Right or Authority thereto, and acknowledged valid. by such Granter or Granters before a Justice of the Peace, and recorded at No Bargain, Length in the Registry of the County where such Houses or Lands do lie; shall Sale, &c. Length in the Reguttry of the County where 1uch Floures or Lands on he; male three be valid to pass the same, without any other Act or Ceremony in the Law whatfoever.

And that from and after three Months next after Publication of this Act, no to be good Bargain, Sale, Mortgage or other Conveyance of Houses or Lands made and against any, executed within this Province, shall be good and effectual in Law to hold such ter, without Houses or Lands against any other Person or Persons, but the Granter or Gran-being Acters, and their Heirs only; unless the Deed or Deeds thereof be acknowledged knowledged and recorded in Manner as is before expressed.

Provided nevertheless, That when and so often as it shall happen any Granter to Deed by Witlive in Parts beyond Sea, or to be removed out of this Province, or to be dead neffee, in cafe, before any Deed or Conveyance by him or her made, be acknowledged as a lob be equiva-lent to Acforefaid; in every fuch Case, the Proof of such Deed or Conveyance made by

the meat.

Penalty for Persons refu-

fing to Ac-

their Deeds.

Saving for

How Mortga-

ges shall be

discharged.

Dower.

knowledge

#### Registry of Deeds.

the Oaths of two of the Witnesses thereto subscribed, before any Court of Record within this Province, shall be equivalent to the Parties own Acknowledgment thereof.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That if any Granter or Vender of any Houses or Lands shall refuse to acknowledge as is aforefaid, any Grant, Bargain, Sale, or Mortgage by him or her figned and fealed, being thereunto required by the Grantee or Vendee, his, her, or their Heirs or Affigns; it shall be lawful for any Justice of the Peace within the County where fuch Granter or Vender lives, uponComplaint made, to fend for the Party fo refusing; and if he or she persist in such Refusal, to commit him or her to Prison without Bail or Mainprize, until such Party shall acknowledge the same. It being first made appear and proved to be the Act and Deed of the same Party by the Oath of one or more of the Witnesses thereto subscribed; and such Grantee or Vendee filing a Copy of his Deed so proved in the Register's Office, shall thereby fecure his Title in the mean Time, and the same shall be accounted fufficient Caution to every other Person and Persons against purchasing the Estate in such Deed mentioned to be granted.

Provided, That nothing in this Act shall be construed, deemed or extended to bar any Widow of any Vender or Mortgager of Lands or Tenements, from her Dower or Right in or to fuch Lands or Tenements, who did not legally join with her Husband in fuch Sale or Mortgage, or otherwife lawfully bar or

exclude her felf from fuch her Dower or Right.

And it is further enacted by the Authority aforefaid. That any Mortgagee of any Lands or Tenements, his or her Heirs, Executors or Administrators having received full Satisfaction and Payment of all fuch Sum and Sums of Money as are really due to him by fuch Mortgage; shall at the Request of the Mortgager, his Heirs, Executors or Administrators acknowledge and cause fuch Satisfaction and Payment to be entred in the Margin of the Record of fuch Mortgage in the Register's Office, and shall fign the fame, which shall for ever thereafter discharge, defeat and release such Mortgage, and perpetually bar all Actions to be brought thereupon in any Court of Record. And if fuch Mortgagee, his or her Heirs, Executors or Administrators shall not within ten Days next after Request in that Behalf made, and Tender of his, her or their reasonable Charges; repair to the Register's Office, and there make and sign such Acknowledgement as aforefaid, or otherwise sign and seal a Discharge of the faid Mortgage, and Release and Quit-Claim to the Estate therein mentioned to be granted, and acknowledge the fame before a Justice of Peace, he, she, or they fo refusing, shall be liable to make Good all Damages for want of such Discharge or Release: to be recovered by Action or Suit in any Court of Record. And in Case Judgment pass against the Party so sued, he, she or they fo cast, shall pay unto the adverse Party treble Costs arising upon such Suit. And be it further enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid,

That the Clerk of the Inferiour Court of Pleas in each respective County shall also be the Register of Deeds and Conveyances, and shall fairly enter and record at Length all Deeds, Conveyances and Mortgages of any Lands, Tenements, Rents and other Hereditaments, lying and being within the fame County, made, executed, acknowledged or proved in Manner as is aforefaid, which shall be brought to him to Record; and shall on Receipt thereof into the Office, note thereupon the Day, Month and Year when he received the fame; and the Record shall bear the same Date. And every such Register before he execute the faid Office, shall be Sworn before one or more of the Justices of such Court, well, truly and faithfully to execute the fame. And it shall and may be lawful to and for every Register aforesaid, to ask and receive for entring and recording any Deed, Conveyance or Mortgage, twelve Pence for the first Page, and eight Registers Fees Pence a Page for so many Pages more as it shall contain, and no more; accounting after the Rate of twenty-eight Lines, of eight Words in aLine to each Page,

1 G ca. 4. 7 G. ca. 7. 12 G. ca. 3. Clerk of the Inferiour Court to be Register of Decds.

to be Sworn,

and proportionably for fo much more as shall be under a Page, and fix Pence

for his Attestation on the Original, of the Time, Book and Folio where it is recorded; and for Discharge of a Mortgage as aforesaid, one Shilling, and no more.

And he it further enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, Deeds execu-That all Deeds of Bargain, Sale or Mortgage heretofore made and executed, ted according according to former Laws and Ufage, shall be valid and effectual.

Laws and Ufage valid.

#### CHAP. VIII.

#### An Act of Limitation for Quieting of Possessions.

WHERE AS a good and beneficial Ast was made by the late Governour Preschile, V and Company of the Colony of the Massachusetts-Bay, in the Year of Our Lord God, One Thousand six Hundred sifty seven, in the Words sollowing: That is to fay, 'That any Person or Persons that hath either himself or by his Grantees or Affigns before the Law made for Direction about Inheritances, bearing

- Date October the nineteenth, One Thousand fix Hundred fifty and two, possessed and occupied as his or their own proper Right in Fee-simple, any
- Houses or Lands within this Jurisdiction, and shall so continue, whether in 6 their own Persons, their Heirs or Assigns, or by any other Person or Persons
- from, by or under them, without Disturbance, Lett, Suit or Denial legally made by having the Claim of any Person thereto entred with the Recorder of
- the County where fuch Houses of Lands do lie, with the Names of the Per-fons so claiming, and the Quantity, Bounds of the Lands or Houses claimed,
- and fuch Claim profecuted to Effect within the Term of five Years next after
- the twentieth of May, One Thousand fix Hundred and fifty seven. Every fuch Proprietor, their Heirs and Affigns shall for ever after enjoy the same
- without any lawful Lett, Suit, Difturbance or Denial by any after Claim of any Person or Persons whatsoever; any Law or Custom to the contrary notwithflanding'. Which afore-recited Ast having by Experience been found to be of

great Benefit and Service to His Majesty's Subjects within the said Colony, and preventing many Contests and Law-Suits which otherwise would have risen by Reason of a Neglett in many Persons to observe a legal Course and Method for the passing and Confirmation of Sales and Alienations.

And whereas fundry Persons having a just and equitable Right and Title unto Estates in Housing or Lands, either acquired by Purchase, or otherwise accruing unto or fettled upon them fince the passing of the afore-recited Act; may want formal Conveyances and Assurances in the Law for the same; or the Deeds, Instruments or other Writings concerning such Estates may be desective, or impersectly made and executed, whereby such Persons may be in Danger of being deprived and evitted out of their bonest and just Rights and Possessions:

For Prevention whereof, and for the further Quieting of Possessions, and Setling of Titles:

Be it enacted and declared by the Lieutenant Governour, Council Quiet Posses and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the sur-thoutty of the same, That every Person and Persons who were possessed in first of Odebr his and their own proper Right of any Houses or Lands within this Province the first of upon the first Day of October, in the Year of our Lord God, One Thousand October 1708, fix Hundred ninety two, and all others deriving from, by or under him or them, to give a Right. continuing the Possession of such Houses or Lands until the first Day of Ottober, which will be in the Year of our Lord God, One Thousand seven Hundred and Four, without Molestation or Disturbance by Claim made thereto, and Action brought and profecuted for the fame with Effect; shall by Virtue of fuch Possession have, hold and enjoy such Houses or Lands unto him or them,

#### Limitation for Possessions.

his and their Heirs and Afligns for ever in Fee. And all Actions and Process to be thereafter brought for the same, are hereby excluded and for ever debarred.

Saving for the Kings Right.

Other Sa.

vings.

Provided always, That there shall be a Saving of hisMajesty's Rights, and all publick Lands belonging to the Province, not orderly disposed of.

Provided alfo, That this Act shall not be understood to bar the Title of any Insant, Feme Covert, or Person non compos mentis, Imprisoned, or in Captivity; who shall be allowed the Term of seven Years next after such Imperfection removed, to pursue their Claim or Challenge to any Houses or Lands, wherein they have Interest or Title: And the like Time of seven Years shall be allowed to Persons having an Estate in Reversion in any Houses or Lands, from the Time such Reversion falls, to recover their Right; and Persons beyond Sea shall be allowed the Term of ten Years from the Publication of this Act, to pursue their Claim or Challenge to any Houses or Lands as aforesaid.

Preamble:

And forasmuch as divers Towns and Settlements in the Eastern Parts of this Province have been deserted and broken up by Reason of the Rebellion and War made by the Indians; and sundry Persons in other the Frontier Towns, particularly enumerated in an Ast of the General Assembly, have by Means thereof been criven from

Five Years their Habitations and Improvements :

Time allowed from & after the ending of the War with Act prefixed, shall not extend or be understood to extend unto any Houses or Lands the Indians, to lying to the Easthward of Piscanda Lying to the Easthward Lying in those Parts and Places and claim to any Houses and Lands Persons pretending Right or Title in or to any Lands lying within this Province Lands purchased of Indians without orderly Allowance and Confirmation to the Colonies Charles Act with Reference to fuch Lands.

chas'd of Indians without orderly Allowance, &c. are not confirmed by this A.C.

### Acts and Laws

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of the Province of the Maffachufetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and held at Boston, the twenty-fifth Day of May, 1 6 9 8.

CHAP. I.

# An Act to prevent Incroachments upon High Ways, Streets, &c.

Preamble.

RORASMUCH as divers Incumbrances and Incroachments have been made in and upon the common Roads, High Ways and Streets heretofore laid out in several Towns within this Province:

For Redrefs whereof:

De it enacted by the Lieutenant Sovernour, Council and Reprefentatives, in Seneral Court affembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That henceforth no Edifice, Building or Fence whatloever, shall be raifed, erected, built, or set up in, upon, or over any of the said Roads, High Ways, Streets, Lanes or Alleys, in any Town within this Province, oranyPart of any of them, whereby to straiten the Passage, or any Ways lessen the full Breadth of any fuch Roads, High Ways, Streets, Lands or Alleys. And if any Edifice, Building or Fence whatfoever shall be raised, erected, built or set up, upon, in or over any fuch Road, High Way, Street or Alley, contrary hereunto; every fuch Edifice, Building or Fence shall be deemed and held to be a common Nusance: And the Court of General Sessions of the Peace for the County in which fuch Town doth lie, upon Complaint, and making out the fame before them, are hereby impowred to Order and Cause such Edifice, Building or Fence to be taken down, demolished and removed; and also to cause to be removed all fuch Incroachments, or Incumbrances as heretofore have been made, upon, in or over any common Road, High Way or Street as aforefaid; and the Charge thereof to be answered and paid by disposing of so much of the Materials, as shall be necessary to fatisfy the same.

Provided nevertheless, That this Act shall not be intended or construed to intend the prohibiting of the fetting up of any Conduit, Watch-House, Cage or Stocks, for publick Use in or upon any High Way or Street within any Town.

#### CHAP. II.

#### An Act for regulating of Tanners, Curriers, and Cordwainers.

OR the better preventing of Deceits and Abuses by Tanners, Curriers, and Preamble. Dressers, or workers up of Leather:

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Reprefentatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the No Bucker, famte. That no Person or Persons whatsoever using or occupying the Feat or Currier or Mystery of a Buccher, Currier or Shoe-maker, by himself or any other, shall use to be a Tanor exercise the Feat or Mystery of a Tanner; on Pain of the forfeiture of fix ner. Shillings and eight Pence for every Hide or Skin by him or them fo tanned, whilst he or they shall use or occupy any of the Mysteries aforesaid. Nor shall No Tanner any Tanner during his using the said Trade of Tanning by himself or any other, to use the use or occupy the Feat or Mystery either of Butcher, Currier or Shoe-maker; Butcher, Curupon Pain of the like Forfeiture as aforefaid. And no Butcher whatfoever by rier or Shoehimself or any other Person, shall gash or cut any Hide of Ox, Bull, Steer or maker. Cow, in fleaing thereof, or otherwife, whereby the same shall be impaired or damaged; on Pain of forfeiting twelve Pence for every gash or cut in any such Hide or Skin.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Per- No Tanner fon or Persons whatsoever using, or which shall use the Mystery or Faculty of put to Sale Tanning, shall at any Time or Times hereafter, offer to put to Sale any Kind any Leather of Leather which shall be insufficiently tanned, or which have been over-limed, insufficiently or burnt in the Limes; or which shall not have been after the Tanning thereof tanned, well and throughly dried; or that shall not be sealed as in and by this Act is hereafter directed; upon Pain of forfeiting the whole Hide, half Hide or other Piece of fuch Leather, so offered or put to Sale. And no Person or Persons No unkind whatfoever using, or that shall hereafter use the Myslery or Faculty of Tanning, Heats to be thall fet any of his or their Fatts in Tan-Hills or otherPlaces where the Woozes used in Tanor Leather put to tann in the same, shall or may take any unkind Heats, nor ning. shall put any Leather into any hot or warm Woozes whatsoever, on Pain of forfeiting Twenty Pounds for every such Offence.

and be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That no Person or Persons whatsoever, using or occupying, or that shall hereafter use or occupy to be curried the Mystery or Faculty of Currying, shall or may curry any Kind of Leather, that is not except it be fealed as is herein after provided; nor shall curry any Hide being sealed.

not

#### Tanners, Curriers, Cordwainers.

Curriers for marring or

not throughly dried after his wet Season, in which wet Season he shall not use any stale Urine, or any other deceitful or subtle Mixture, Thing, Way or Means to corrupt or hurt the fame; nor shall curry any Leather meet for outer Sole Penalty on Leather, with any other than good hard Tallow, nor with any less of that than the Leather will receive; nor shall curry any Kind of Leather meet for upper Leather and inward Soles, but with good and fufficient Stuff, being fresh and hurring any
Hide by evil not Salt, and throughly Liquored till it will receive no more; nor shall burn or workmanship, scald any Hide or Leather in the currying, but shall work the same sufficiently in all Points and Respects: on Pain of forfeiting for every such Offence or Act done contrary to the true Intent and Meaning hereof, every fuch Hide marred or hurt by his evil Workmanship or handling.

Penalty on Shoe makers for working up insufficient Leather.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That no Person or Persons using or that shall hereafter use or occupy the Mystery or Faculty of a Shoe-maker or Cordwainer, shall work up into Shoes, Boots, or other Wares, any Leather that is not tanned and curried in Manner as aforefaid; nor shall use any Leather made of Horses Hide, for the inner Soles of any such Shoes or Boots; on Pain of forfeiting all fuch Shoes, Boots, or other Wares made or wrought up of fuch infufficient Leather.

And for the more effectual execution of this Act:

All Leather to be fealed! before it pals out of the Possession of Tanners or Curriers.

Scalers ex and view Leather.

To feize all insufficient or unfealed Leather.

appointed.

Be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all Leather that is or shall herafter be tanned or curried, shall before the same pass out of the Tanners or Curriers Yard, House or Place respectively where it was wrought; be viewed by the fworn Searchers and Sealers of Leather by Law directed to be annually chosen in such Towns where there shall be Need, who shall have two several Marks or Seals, to be prepared by each Town for that Purpose, with one of which they shall Seal all such Leather as they shall find well and sufficiently tanned in all Respects as aforesaid; and with the other, all such Leather as they shall find well and sufficiently curried as is before mentioned, and no other. And the faid Searchers and Sealers shall, and hereby are authorized and impowred ex officio to fearch officio, to make Search and View in any House, Shop, Warehouse or other Place within the Limits of their respective Precincts where they conceive any Leather to be, whether wrought into Shoes, Boots, or other Wares, or not, as oft as they shall think meet, or as there shall be Need. And if the said Searchers and Sealers, or any of them, shall find any Leather fold or offered to be fold, brought or offered to be Searched and Sealed, which shall be tanned, curried, handled or used contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act: or shall find any Leather in whole Sides out of the Possession of a Tanner, not being fealed with the Mark or Seal to be used for Leather only tanned; or out of the Possession of a Currier, not being sealed with the Mark or Seal to be used for Leather when curried: In every fuch Case it shall and may be lawful for the faid Searchers and Sealers, or any of them, to feize all fuch infufficient or unfealed Leather, whether it be wrought up into Wares, or not. And if the Owner or Claimer thereof shall not submit to the Judgment of the Officer or Officers that seized the same, such Officer or Officers shall retain such Leather in his or their Custody, until Trial thereof be had as is hereafter directed, and Judgment thereon given. And in fuch Case the said Officer or Officers shall within three Days next after fuch Seizure, inform fome Justice of the Peace thereof, Tryers to be who shall thereupon appoint four or fix Men, honest and skilful in Leather, to view the same in Presence of the Owner or Claimer, or without him (if having Notice) he does not appear; and to report unto him upon their Oaths the Defects which they find in the faid Leather: Which Report such Justice shall return unto the Court or Justice respectively before whom the Trial of the said Leather shall be. But in Case the said Viewers shall report that they do not find fuch Leather or Wares fo feized, in any Respect defective according to the Intent of this Act; the Justice that appointed such Viewers shall cause the same to be forthwith discharged from the Seizure made by suchOfficer or Officers.

#### Tanners, Curriers, Cordwainers.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Perfon or Persons whatsoever shall or may withstand or resist the Searchers and Pena'ty for Sealers in the due Execution of their Office, nor in the feizing of any infufficient Searchers. Leather or Wares; on pain of forfeiting the Sum of five Pounds for every fuch Offence. And the Fee for fearching and fealing of Leather shall be one Penny per Hide for any Parcel less than five; and for all other Parcels, after the Rate of fix Pence per Dickar; which Fee the Tanner and Currier respectively Fee for Se. Ishall pay upon fealing the faid Leather from Time to Time; and shall also pay ing. three Pence per Mile for every Mile any Sealer or Searcher shall travel above one, for which he is not to be allowed any thing.

And no Sealer or Searcher of Leather shall refuse within convenient Time to Penalty in do his Office; or shall allow any Leather or Wares which are not sufficient; on Sealers is engled on the Control of the Control o pain of forfeiting forty Shillings; nor shall take any Bribe, or exact more than Duty. his due Fees; on pain of forfeiting the Sum of ten Pounds for every suchOffence.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures that shall arise and grow due by Virtue of this Act or any Clause therein contained; shall accrue and be disposed of in Manner fol- Fines and lowing, viz. One third Part thereof to the Treasurer of the County where the Forfeitures Offence is committed, for the defraying of County Charges; one third Part disposed, thereof to the Treasurer or Select-Men of the Town, where the Offender inhabiteth, to the Use of the Poor of such Town; and the other third Part to the Seizer or Seizers of fuch infufficient Leather, or to him or them that shall inform and fue for the faid Fines, Penalties or Forfeitures; to be recovered by Action, Bill, Plaint or Information in any Inferiour Court of Common Pleas, or before any Justice of Peace, when the Matter doth not exceed the Value of forty Shillings.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That when and Corrier liafo often as any Leather belonging to any Tanner or other Person shall be seized ble to make and become forfeit for any Defect of the Currier in his workmanship about or good the vaand become forfeit for any Derect or the currier in the Washington and the fall handling of the fame; such Currier shall be liable to make good unto the Tan-Leasther size. ner or other Owner of fuch Leather fo feized and forfeited, the fullValue there- ed for ill of, with his just Costs and Damages, to be recovered by Action to be therefore workmanbrought against such Currier in any Inferiour Court of Common Pleas, or before ship. any Justice of Peace, if the Value exceed not forty Shillings : For the better afcertaining of which Value, the Perfons to be appointed as aforefaid for viewing the Defects in Leather, shall (when the same is seized for being marred or spoiled by the Currier) through his ill Workmanship or handling, be also appointed to estimate and judge the Value thereof, and make Report of the same together with the Defects.

#### CHAP. III.

### AnA& for establishing the Form of the Writ and Precept for calling a Great and General Court or Assembly.

DE it enacted and ordained by the Lieutenant Governour, Counoil and Representatives, convened in General Assembly, and it is hereby enacted and ordained by the authority of the same, That the Wiit to be at any Time hereafter iffued by the Governour or Commander in Chief of this Province for calling a Great and General Court or Affembly; as also the Precept to be iffued by the Sheriff or Marshal in observance thereof, to the Select-Men of the feveral Towns, and their Return thereupon (when any Person or Persons shall be chosen to represent them in the said Court) shall be the Forms following. That is to fay.

ILLIAM the Third by the Grace of GOD, of England, Scotland, France and Iteland, KING, Defender of the Faith, &cc.

To Our Sheriff or Marshal of Our County of S. within Our Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England. Greeting.

We Command, That upon Receipt hereof, you forthwith make out your Precept, directed unto the Select-Men of each respective Town within your Precinet, requiring them to cause the Freeholders and other Inhabitants of their several Towns, duly qualified, as in and by Our Royal Charter is directed, to affemble at such Time and Place as they shall appoint, to elect and depute One or more Persons (being Freeholders and Resident in the same Town) according to the Number set and limitted, by an Act of the Great and General Court or Affembly of Our aforesaid Province, to Serve for and Represent them respectively in a Great and General Court or Affembly by Us appointed to be convened, held and kept for Our Service; at the Town-House in Bessen, upon the Day of next ensuing the Date of these Presents; and to cause the Person or Persons so elected and deputed by the major Part of the Electron present as such Electron to be timply notified and supposed by the Constable persons the such as the supposed by the Constable persons to the constable persons the such as the supposed by the Constable persons the such as the supposed by the Constable persons the such as the supposed by the Constable persons the such as the supposed by the Constable persons the such as the supposed by the Constable persons the such as the supposed by the Constable persons the such as the supposed by the Constable persons the such as the supposed by the Constable persons the such as the supposed by the Constable persons the such as the supposed by the Constable persons the such as the supposed by the Constable persons the such as the supposed by the Constable persons the supposed by the Constable persons the supposed to the supposed by the Constable persons the supposed to the supposed the supposed to 
the Day of next enluing the Date of thele Prelents; and to caule the Person or Persons of elected and deputed by the major Part of the Electors present at such Election, to be timely notified and summoned by the Constable or Constables of such Town, to attend Our Service in the said Great and General Court or Assembly, on the Day above prefixed, by Nine in the Morning, and to Die in Diem, during their Session and Sessions; and to return the said Precepts with the Names of the Person or Persons to elected and deputed, unto your self: whereof you are to make Return, together with this Writ, and of your Doings therein, under your Hand, into Our Secretary's Office at Boston, one Day at the least before the said Court's sitting. Hereof you may not sail at your Peril. Witness and Commander in Chief, in and over Our Province of the Massachusetts-Bay aforeslaid. Given at Boston under the publick Seal of our said Province, the Day of In the

Year of Our Reign. Annoque Domini

By Command of 7. A. Secr.

J. A. Secr.

N Observance of His Majesty's Writ to me directed: These are in HisMajesty's Name to Will and Require you forthwish and other Inhabitants of your Town, that have an Estate of Freehold in Land within this Province or Territory, of forty Shillings per Annum at the least, or other Estate, to the Value of fifty Pounds Sterling, To assemble at such Time and Place as you shall appoint; then and there to elect and depute one or more Persons (being Freeholders and Resident in the same Town) according to the Number fet and limitted by an Act of the General Affembly, to Serve for and Represent them in a Great and General Court or Assembly, appointed to be convened, held and kept for HisMajesty's Service at the Town-House in Boston, the Day of next enfuing the Date hereof; and to cause the Person or Persons so elected and deputed by the major Part of the Electors present at such Election, to be timely notified and summoned by one or more of the Conftables of your Town, to attend His Majesty's Service in the faid Great and General Court or Affembly, on the Day above prefixed, by Nine in the Morning, and so De Die in Diem, during their Session and Sessions. Hereof fail not, and make Return of this Precept, with the Names of the Person or Persons so elected and deputed, with their being Summoned, Days at the least before the faid unto my felf

Day of

To the Select-Men of the Town of B. in the County above aid. Greeting.

Given under my Hand and Seal at B. the

Year of His Majesty's Reign. Annoque Domini

Purluant

In the A. B.

of the County of Suffolk.

Precept to the Select-Men, for Choice of Representatives.

#### Form of Return. Pounds.

Urfuant to the Precept within written, the Freeholders and other Inhabi- Return to be tants of the Town of B, qualified as is therein directed, upon due warning indurted on a fifembled and met together the Day of and then did given, affembled and met together the to ferve for and represent them in theSeffion elect and depute and Seffions of the Great and General Court or Affembly appointed to be convened, held and kept for His Majesty's Service at the Town House in Boston, Day of the faid Perfon being chosen by the major Part of the Electors present at said Meeting. Dated in B. aforefaid, the Day of Anno Domini

The Person chosen as abovesaid, notified thereof and summoned to attend accordingly, by me A. B. Constable of B.

A. B. C. D. E. F. Select-Men of B.

CHAP. IV.

### An Act for providing of Pounds, and to prevent Rescous and Pound-Breach.

F it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Autho-

rity of the fame, That there shall be a sufficient Pound or Pounds Each Town made and maintained from Time to Time, in every Town and Precinct within to maintain this Province, in such Part or Places thereof, as the Select-Men shall direct and a sufficient appoint, at the Coft and Charge of fuch Town or Precinet; for the impounding and referaining of all Swine, Cattel or Sheep, liable to be Impounded or

Restrained, for any of the Causes herein after mentioned.

And that it shall and may be lawful to and for any other Person or Persons For what as well as the Hawards or Field-Drivers, to take up and Impound, or cause to Cause Cattel be Impounded, any Swine, Neat Cattel, Horses or Sheep, as shall be found da- & are to be mege feafant in any Corn-Field, or other Inclosure; or Swine found unyoked Impounded, or unringed; Neat Cattle, Horles or Sheep going upon the Common, not allowed to feed there by the major Part of the Propriety, who are impowred to permit the fame; any Law to the contrary notwithstanding. And the Owners or Claimers of any fuch Creatures Impounded as aforefaid, shall pay the Fees fet in and by an Act Intitled, An Act for regulating of Fences, Cattel, &c. unto the Pound keeper, before they be delivered out of Pound; as also the Fee to the Party Impounding, and Damage to the Party injured; unless such Owner or Fee for Im-Claimer shall think fit to Replevie his Creatures Impounded, and give sufficient pounding. Bond with one or more Sureties to profecute the Repleven with Effect in Law, ca. 11. either before a Justice of the Peace, within fifteen Days inclusive from the Date of fuch Replevin, or at the next Inferiour Court of Common Pleas to be holden within the same County, according to the Value of the Damages alledged to be fuffered, and to pay all fuch Cofts and Damages as shall be awarded against him. The Owner

And every Person Impounding any Swine, neat Cattle, Horses or Sheep, shall of Creatures And every Perion Impounded to give present Notice thereof unto the Owner, if known; or leave a Notification Impounded to thereof in writing at his House or Place of usual Abode: or if unknown, shall thereof (if cause the same to be publickly Cried or posted up in some publick Place in such known) if not Town, and in the two next neighbouring Towns, from whence it may be most the Creatures Town, and in the two next neighbouring 1 owns, from whence it may be most to be cryed, and posted up to be relieved with suitable Meat and Water; the Charge whereof shall be paid fee for Crye by the Owner or Owners; as also of the Crying of them, after the Rate of three ing. Pence per Head, for a Number not exceeding Twelve; and no more than three After three Shillings for a greater Number. And if no Owner or Claimer appear within the proceeded space of three Days next after the Impounding of any fuch Creatures; then the with aistrays,

M 2

#### Pounds.

Person or Persons so restraining of them shall proceed with them as the Law provides respecting Strays,

Penalty for a Rescous.

and be it futther enacted by the authority aforefaid. That if any Person or Persons shall refcue any Swine, neat Cattel, Horses or Sheep taken up as aforesaid, out of the Hands of the Haward, or other Person being about to drive them to the Pound; whereby the Party injured may be liable to lose his Damages, and the Law be cluded: the Party so offending, shall for such Rescous, forfeit and pay the Sum of forty Shillings to the Use of the Poor of the Town or Precinct where the Offence is committed; besides all just Damages unto the Party injured; to be recovered by Action, Bill, Plaint, or Information in any of his Majetty's Courts of Record. And if any Person or Persons shall make any Pound-Breach; or by any other indirect Ways or Means howsoever, convey or deliver any Creatures Impounded, out of the Pound; the Party so offending being duly convicted thereof, shall sorfeit and pay the Sum of five Pounds, to the Use of the Poor of the Town or Precinct where the Offence is committed; as also all just Damages to the Party injured by such

Penalty for Pound breach

Committed by Apprentices or Persons under Age, how to be punished.

fons shall make any Pound-Breach; or by any other indirect Ways or Means howfoever, convey or deliver any Creatures Impounded, out of the Pound; the Party fo offending being duly convicted thereof, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of five Pounds, to the Use of the Poor of the Town or Precinct where the Offence is committed; as also all just Damages to the Party injured by such Creatures, to be had and recovered inManner as aforefaid. And if fuchRefcous Pound-Breach, or conveying of Creatures out of the Pound, happen to be committed by any Apprentices or Persons under Age, not having of their own wherewith to fatisfy the Law, and their Parents or Masters refuse to pay the Fine and Damages, which the Law in fuch Case does inflict; it shall and may be lawful to and for the Justices before whom such Action or Plaint shall be degending; upon a due Conviction of the Person or Persons complained of, and profecuted for fuch Offence, to commit him or them to the next Goal in the County where the Offence is done, there to remain till Satisfaction be made as above-faid: Or otherwise may punish such Offender by Imprisonment, not exceeding fixty Days, in Lieu of the Fine; and leave the Party injured to his Remedy at Law, to recover his Damage of the Parent or Master of such Child or Apprentice; which fuch Parent or Master respectively shall be liable to have recovered of him upon Action to be therefore brought; and Execution to be accordingly awarded upon Judgment given in that Respect.

Trespals done in common or general Fields.

5 W. & M.

The Owner of defective Fence, to make good Damages,

and be it further enacted by the authority aforefair, That when and fo often as any Trefpas or Trefpasies shall be done in common or general Fields, not being sufficiently fenced in, as the Law directs; the Party injured shall forthwith procure two sufficient Persons of good Repute and Credit, to view and adjudge of the Damage done, giving Notice of such Trespase unto the Owner or Claimer of the Beast or Cattel that did the same (if known and Resident in the same Town, or near by) that he may be present, and nominate one of the Apprizers if he see Cause; and the Damage to be answered accord-

ing to such Estimation.

And where Damage happens through the Insufficiency of the Fence, the Owner or Occupier of the Land to which the defective Fence belongs, shall be liable to answer and make good all such Damage.

CHAP. V.

### An Act for preventing of Trespasses.

Robbers of Orchards, Gardens &c. how to be punished,

t it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same thoughty of the same and every Person and Persons which fall unlawfully cut or take away any Grafs, Corn or Grain, growing; or rob any Orchard or Garden; or break or cut, pull down or remove any Hedge, Pale, Rail or Fence; or that shall hurt or dig, or pull up, or take away any Grafts or Fruit-Trees: and their Procurers or Receivers knowing the same, being thereof convict by Consession of the Party, or by the Testimony of stiffcient Witnesses

## Trespalles.

Witneffes upon Oath before any Court, or any one Justice of the Peace in the County where the Offence shall be committed; shall pay unto the Party in-Additional county where the Oriente man be Court or Justice before whom the Trespass Act, jured, such Recompence as by the Court or Justice before whom the Trespass Act, is found, shall be awarded.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That if any Person or Persons shall cut or carry off any Manner of Wood, Underwood, Timber, Poles, or Trees standing, lying or growing on the Land of any others; cutting or or off or from the Commons of any Town, other than that to which he doth be-carrying off long; or within the fame Town, having no Right or Priviledge there, without any Trees, Leave or Licence from the major Part of the Propriety of such Commons; or the Owner or Owners of the Land whereon such Wood, Underwood, Timber, ther Man's Poles or Trees were ftanding, lying or growing: Every Person so offending, Land, or off shall forfeit and pay unto the Party or Parties injured or trespassed upon, the Sum the Common. of twenty Shillings for every Tree of one Foot over; and ten Shillings for every Tree or Pole under that bigness; and for other Wood or Underwood, treble the Value thereof; to be recovered by Action, Bill, Plaint or Information, before any Justice of the Peace in the County where the Offence is committed; if the Forfeiture exceed not forty Shilling: but if it be above that Value, then before the Inferiour Court of Common Pleas within the fame County.

And if any Person shall be convict of such Offence a second Time, he shall for Conviction. feit and pay to the Use of the Poor of the Town where the Offence is committed, the Sum of twenty Shillings, or fuffer one Month's Imprisonment over and above the Forfeiture abovefaid, or Damages to the Party injured.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That if any Children or Children or Servants shall offend against this Act in any of the Particulars therein Servants ofmentioned, and their Parents or Masters refuse to answer the Forseiture or Da-fending amage awarded against them; they shall be punished by whipping, setting in gainst thin the Stocks or Cage, or by Imprisonment, at the Discretion of the Court or Justice how punished, before whom the Profecution shall be; according to the Nature and Degree of the Offence, and Circumstances aggravating.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That when in In Action of Trespass be-Action of Trefpals brought before a Justice of Peace, the Defendant shall justify for a Justice and demur upon Plea of Title, a Record shall be made thereof, and the Matter of Peace, if the of Fact be taken pro confesso, and the Party making such Plea shall become bound Defendant with one or more Sureties by way of Recognizance unto the adverse Party in a justify on Plea of Title, reasonable Sum, not exceeding Twenty Pounds; on Condition that he shall pur the Cause to fue his Plea, and bring forward a Suit for a Trial of his Title, at the next In- be removed, feriour Court of Common Pleas to be holden for the County, in which fuch and Bond Trespass is alledged to be done, and pay and fatisfy all such Damages and Costs given. as by the faid Court shall be awarded against him; which Recognizance the Justice is hereby impowred to require and take, and shall be paid for the same by the Reconuscer two Shillings, and one Shilling for recording his Plea; and at the Charge also of the same Party shall certify the Process and Record of such Plea, together with the Recognizance, unto the faid Inferiour Court of common Pleas. And if fuch Reconufcer shall neglect to bring forward such Suit at the Inferiour Court, according to the Tenor of hisRecognizance; the Default shall be recorded, and a Writ of Scire Facias be iffued out of the Clerk's Office of the fame Court, in Manner as by Law is directed, for the recovery of the Sum or Penalty in the Recognizance mentioned, of him, his Surety or Sureties. Or if upon Trial before the faid Court he shall not make out a Title to the Land or Tenement on which the Trefpass is laid to be done, paramount to the Possession, or other Title of the adverse Party; Judgment shall be rendred for the Party Upon neglect trespessed upon, for treble Damages and Costs of Suit. But if the Desendant in or results to Trespass justifying on Plea of Title shall refuse or neglect to become bound in the Case to Manner as aforesaid, then his Plea shall abate, and the Justice notwithstanding proceed.

the fame, shall proceed to try the Cause; and upon due Proof of the Trespass committed by him, shall award Damages against him according to what shall be made out; and Cost of Suit.

Breach of the Peace to be punished.

and he it further enacted, That if in the Opening and Pleading of any Action of Trespals, there be disclosed and proved any Breach of the Peace, the Party or Parties guilty thereof, shall be fined to the King; or otherwise punished as the Law in such Case provides.

#### CHAP. VI.

# An Act against receiving of Stolen Goods.

Preamble:

WHEREAS divers level and evil-minded Persons for the sake of filthy Lucre, do frequently receive from Indians, Molattos, Negroes, and other suspected Persons, Money and Goods stolen, or obtained by other indirect and unlawful Ways and Means, thereby encouraging of Theft:

For Redress whereof:

Perfons re-

Be it declared and enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the fame, That every Person whosoever which shall presume either openly or privately, to buy or receive of or from any Indian, Molatto, ctiving or either openly or privately, to buy or retrievely the foliate, lewd and difforderly buying foliation or Negro Servant or Slave; or of any known, diffoliate, lewd and difforderly Goods, Wares, to Perfon, of whom there is just Cause of Sufpicion; any Money, Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, or Provisions; and it appear the same Money, Goods, Wares, Merchandizes or Provisions to have been stolen, gotten or obtained by any indirect or unlawful Ways or Means: every Person so offending, and being thereof convicted, shall be sentenced to restore all such Money, Goods, Wares, Merchandizes or Provisions, unto the Party injured in Specie (if not altered) and also forfeit to the said Party the Value thereof over and above; or double the Value, where the same are disposed of or made away. And if the Person so offending be unable, or shall not make Restitution as awarded, then to be openly whipt with fo many Stripes (not exceeding twenty) as the Justices or Court that may have Cognizance of the Offence shall order; or to make Satisfaction by Service. And the Indian, Negro, Molatto, or other fuspicious Person as aforefaid, of or from whom fuch Money, Goods, Wares, Merchandizes or Provisions shall be received or bought, shall be punished by whipping; not exceeding twenty Stripes; and be further profecuted as the Laws directs in Case of Theft; unless where such Money, Goods, or Provisions shall be taken from the Master of such Person.

If unable to make Reftitution- to be corporally panished.

10 G. ca. 1.

#### CHAP. VII.

# AnAct relating to Strays and lost Goods &c.

Goods found, to be entred with the in fix Days after finding.

E it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Respected actions, convened in General Assembly, and by the Australia thoutp of the fame, That who foever shall find any Money or Goods Town Clerk loft, whereof the Owner is not known; the Finder within fix Days at the fartheft next after, shall give Notice thereof in writing unto the Clerk of the Town in which they were found, to be entred in aBook to be kept for that Purpose; and shall also cause the same to be cried by the Constable or publick Cryer in such Town, on three feveral Days at a publick Meeting of the Inhabitants thereof; and to be posted up in some publick Place: And if the Money or Goods so found, be of the Value of twenty Shillings, or upwards, then to be cried and posted up in like Manner at the two next adjacent Towns.

To be cried and pofted.

and

## Strays, Lost Goods, &c.

93

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid. That every Stray Beafts Perfon who shall find and take up any stray Beaft, shall cause the same to be posted and entred, with the Colour and Marks, Natural and Artificial; and also to be wythed up and cried in Manner and Time as aforefaid; and likewise within twenty-four Hours shall put, and from Time to Time keep a Wyth about the Neck of such stray Beaft; on Pain of losing all his Charges about it afterwards.

And the Finder of any loft Goods, or ftray Beaft, shall also within the Time Justice to be before-mentioned, notify the next Justice of the Peace within the same County, lot thereof; and such Justice shall forthwith thereupon order the same to be apprized by two meet Persons by him to be appointed, and shall administer an The same to Oath unto them to deal justly and indifferently therein.

And if the Finder of any loft Goods, or stray Beast, shall neglect to eause Pensly on the same to be entred, cried, and posted up in Manner and Time as before is neglect of enexpress'd, or to Wyth such Beast; or if the Town Clerk shall neglect to enter using, crypiany loft Money, Goods or Stray, whereof he shall be notifyed, and have tendred and posting, unto him the Fee of fix Pence, (which he may demand and receive, and no more) such Finder or Town-Clerk, for such Omission and Default respective-for his Neglet shall forfeit and pay to the Use of the Poor of such Town, one third Part lect.

And it is further enacted, That if the Owner of any fuch loft Money, Refliction to Goods, or thray Beath, appear within the space of one Year next after such Pubbe made to lication as aforefaid, and make out his Right and Title thereto, he shall have the Owner. Restitution of the same, or the full Value thereof; allowing and paying three Fee for cry-Pence for each Time it was cried, fix Pence for entring thereof as aforesaid; as sing and enabled paying such necessary Charges as shall have arisen, for the keeping of such tring. Strays, lost Money or Goods, or necessary travel about them, to be adjusted and determined by the Justice that ordered the apprizal thereof; or by some other Justice in the same County.

And if no Owner appear within one Year as aforefaid, then fuch Strays, No Oener loft Money or Goods, shall be to the Finder; he paying one Half of the Value appearing, to thereof (all necessary Charges being first deducted) according to Appraisment, be divided unto the Treasurer or Overfeers of the Poor of such Town, for the Use of the Finder & the Poor thereof; and to be recovered by the Town Treasurer, Select-Men or Overfeers of the Poor respectively, as in other Cases, upon neglect or result to pay Town. the same.

And it is further declared and enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That if any Owner of any ftray Beaft, or other Perfon, shall take the Wyth off Penalty for from the same, or take away such Stray before all the necessary Charges arisen taking eff for the entring, crying, and keeping thereof, be desired; such Person so taking away offending shall forfeit and pay unto the Finder of such Stray, the sull Value any Stray.

All the Penalties and Forfeitures in this Act mentioned, to be recovered by Penalties, &c. Action, Bill, Plaint or Information, before a Juftice of the Peace; where the how to be Value exceeds not his Recognizance; or in any other of His Majefty's Courts recovered, within this Province.

Provided, That no Person from the first Day of March to the first Day of be made December yearly, shall take up any Horse, Gelding, Mare or other Beast for a from the first Stray; or account or use them as Strays, though the Owner thereof be not of March to the sint or the first or the sint or

## Licenced Houses, ac.

#### CHAP. VIII.

# An Act for the inspecting, and suppressing of Diforders in Licenced Houses, &c.

Ion-holders, Erc.to be provided for Enrertainment of Men and Horfes.

It enacted and declared by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives, convened in General Alembly, and by the authority of the same, That all Inn-holders, Taverners and common Victuallers, shall at all Times be furnished with suitable Provisions and Lodging for the Refreshment and Entertainment of Strangers and Travellers; Pafturing, Stable-Room, Hay, and Provender for Horses; on pain of being deprived of their Licence.

Penalty for entertaining of Servants or Negroes.

And that no Person who is or shall be Licenced to be an Inn-holder, Taverner, common Victualler, or Retailer, shall suffer any Apprentice, Servant, or Negro, to fit drinking in his or her House; or to have any manner of Drink there, without special Order or Allowance of their respective Masters; on pain of forfeiting the Sum of ten Shillings for every fuch Offence. Neither shall None to con. any licenced Person suffer any Inhabitant of such Town where he dwells, or titue in pub- coming thither from any other Town, to sit drinking or tippling in his or her House, or any of the Dependencies thereof; or to continue there above the fpace of one Hour (other than Travellers, Persons upon Business or extraordinary Occasions,) on the like Penalty of ten Shillings for every Offence.

lick Houses above one Erc.

And every Person who contrary to this Act, shall continue in any such House tipling or drinking, or otherwise misordering him or her self; or above the space of one Hour (other than as aforefaid) shall forfeit and pay the Sum of threeShillings and four Pence, or be fet in the Stocks, not exceeding four Hours Time.

And no Person or Persons licenced as aforesaid, shall suffer any Person to drink to Drunkenness, or Excess, in his or her House; nor shall suffer any Person as his or her Gueft to be and remain in fuch House or any of the Dependencies or to be there thereof, on the Lord's Day) other than Strangers, Travellers, or fuch as come on the Lord's thither for necessary Refreshment; on pain of forfeiting the Sum of five Shillings for every Offence in that Kind.

None to be fuffered to be Drunk there, Day, unles,

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid. That all Fines Penalties, &c. and Forfeitures arising for any of the Offences before-mentioned, shall be one Moiety thereof to the Use of the Poor of the Town where the Offence is committed; and the other Moiety to him or them that shall inform and profecute for the same; (except where such Offences are presented by a Grand Jury, in which Case, the whole Forseiture to be to the Use of the Town.) And every Justice of the Peace within his Precincts is hereby impowred to hear and determine concerning any of the Offences aforesaid, and to restrain and commit the Offender to Prison, until he pay and fatisfy the Penalty or Forfeiture; or otherwife by Warrant cause the same to be levied by Distress and Sale of the Offenders Goods.

Juffice of the Peace, his Power.

how to be imployed.

> And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That before any Person shall receive Licence to be an Innholder, common Victualler, Taverner or Retailer; every fuch Person shall become bound by Recognizance to His Majesty, in the Sum of ten Pounds the Principal, and two Sureties in five Pounds a piece, before one or more of the Justices of the General Sessions of the Peace: On Condition following.

der, &c. to receive Licence before entring into Recognizance.

No Inn-hol-

That is to fay: He Condition of this Recognizance is fuch, That whereas the above-bounden A. B. is admitted and allowed by the Justices of the Court of General Sessions of the Peace, to keep a common Inn, Ale-House or victualling House, and to use common felling of Wine, Beer, Ale, Cyder, and other strong Liquors by Retail for the space of one whole Year next ensuing, and no longer, in the now dwelling House of the faid A.B. in C. commonly known by the Sign of----

Recognizance for Inn-holders, &c.

# Licenced houses, &c. Tythingmen.

and no other: If therefore the faid A. B. during the Time aforefaid shall not permit, fuffer or have any playing at Dice, Cards, Tables, Quoits, Loggets, Bowls, Shuffle-board, Nine-pins, Billiards; or any other unlawful Game or Games in his House, Yard, Garden, Back-side, or any of the Dependencies thereof; nor shall suffer to be or remain in his House, any Person or Persons, (not being of his ordinary Houshold or Family) on the Lord's Day, or any Part thereof, contrary to Law; nor shall fell any Wine, Liquors or other strong Drink to any Apprentices, Servants, Indians or Negroes, nor shall suffer any Person or Persons to be there tipling, drinking, or continue there after nine of the Clock in the Night Time, or otherwise contrary to Law. And in his faid House, shall and do use, maintain and uphold good Order and Rule, and do endeavour the due Observance of the Laws made for Regulation of such Houses: Then this present Recognizance to be void; but on Default thereof, to abide and remain in full Force and Virtue.

And before any Person shall receive Licence to Retail any Wine or strong Liquors to be spent out of Doors, and not otherwise, such Person shall become bound by Recognizance as aforefaid: On Condition following.

That is to fay:

THE Condition of this Recognizance is fuch, That whereas the above Recogni bounden A. B. is licenced and allowed by the Justices of the Court of zancetor Re-General Seffions of the Peace, to Retail for the space of one whole Year next Doors. ensuing, and no longer, out of his now DwellingHouse in C. Sort of firong Liquors

to be spent out of Doors, and not otherwise: If therefore the said A.B. shall not entertain or suffer any Person or Persons to sit drinking or tipling in his House, Cellar, Back-sides, or any of the Dependencies of the said House, nor shall fell any other Sort of Drink than what he is licenced for, as abovefaid. And shall and do in and by all Things observe the Directions of the Law relating to Persons licenced for retailing out of Door only: Then this present Recognizance to be void; but on Default thereof to abide and remain in full Force and Virtue.

For each of which aforefaid Recognizances the Party to whom fuch Licence shall be granted, shall pay two Shillings, to be divided betwixt the Justice and

the Clerk.

And for the better inspecting of licenced Houses, and the discovery of such Persons

as shall presume to sell without Licence :

Be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Select-Men in each Town respectively shall take due Care, that Tything-men be annually chosen Tything-men at the general Meeting for choice of Town Officers, as is by Law provided, by choice. and upon any Vacancy to fill up the Number at any other Town Meeting: which Tything-men shall have Power, and whose Duty it shall be carefully to inspect all licenced Houses, and to inform of all Disorders or Misdemeanours . which they shall discover or know to be committed in them, or any of them, Tythingmen to a Justice of the Peace, or Sessions of the Peace within the same County; as their Power also of all such as shall fell by Retail, without Licence; and other Disorders or and Duty. Misdemeanours committed in any such House; and in like Manner to present or inform of all idle and diforderly Perfons, prophane Swearers or Curfers, Sabbath-breakers, and the like Offenders; to the Intent fuch Offences and Mifdemeanours may be duly punished and discouraged : Every of which Tythingmen shall be sworn before a Justice of the Peace, or at the Sessions of the Peace, to the faithful Discharge of his Office in Manner following.

That is to fay: JOU A.B. being chosen a Tything-man within the Town of C. for one Year next Oath. ensuing, and until another be chosen and sworn in your Stead: DoSwear, That you will faithfully endeavour and intend the Duty of your Office. So help you God.

Which Tything-men shall have a black Staff of two Foot long, tip't at one Staff. End with Brass about three Inches, as a Badge of their Office; to be provided by the Select-men at the Charge of the Town.

#### Licenced Houses, &c. Tything=men.

Penalty for not ferving.

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and be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid. That if any Perfon being duly chosen to the faid Office, shall refuse to take his Oath, or serve therein, he shall forfeit and pay the Sum of forty Shillings, to the Use of the Poor of the Town whereto he belongs; upon Conviction of fuch refufal before the Justice of the Peace, or Sessions of the Peace where he is summoned to be Sworn, Certificate being produced under the Hand of the Town Clerk, that fuch Person was legally chosen to that Office. And the said Forfeiture to be levied by Diftress and Sale of such Persons Goods, by Warrant from a Justice of the Peace, or Seffions of the Peace respectively; and delivered to the Town Treasurer or Overseers of the Poor, for the Use aforesaid. And for want of fuch Goods whereon to make Diffress, the Officer in the faid Warrant shall be required to feize the Body of the Offender, and him commit unto Prison, to be there kept, until he shall answer and pay the said-Fine or Forseiture, with the Charges of levying the fame.

Tythingmen allowed the benefit of Informers.

And all Tything-men that shall inform and profecute for the Breach of any penal Act, shall have the Benefit of such Part of the Forfeiture as does by Law accrue unto the Informer. And all Persons prosecuted for Breach of any A& relating to retailing without Licence, the Penalty whereof for one Offence exceeds not forty Shillings, besides Charges, may be convicted by two single Evidences upon Oath, though but one to one Breach of fuch Act, fo as both the Breaches be within one Month, the Person accused or complained of not plainly and positively denying the Fact.

Licenfed Perfons also to cognizance for paying their Excise.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Person to whom any Licence shall be granted, before the receiving or exercising of the fame, over and above the Recognizance required for the due Observation enter intoRe- of the Laws, and keeping of good Rule and Order as aforefaid, shall also become bound unto His Majesty in a distinct Recognizance, with sufficient Sureties, in Manner as aforefaid, and in fuch Sum as the Justices in Sessions shall appoint: On Condition that the Person so licenced shall duly and truly pay the Duties of Excise for his Draught, according to the Rates by Law established, or otherwise perform such Agreement for the same as shall be made with theOfficer or Officers, that shall from Time to Time be appointed to agree for and receive the faid Duties. For which Recognizance he shall pay the like Fee before-mentioned.

after the 29 of June annually.

and be it further enacted. That for the future the Time of granting of Licence to be Licences to Inn-holders and Retailers of Drink, shall be at the first General the next Ge- Seffions of the Peace that shall be held and kept in Course within the several neral Seffions Counties at or next after the nine and twentieth Day of June annually; and of the Peace, that fuch as have already obtained Licences, shall hold them (unless they forfeit the fame by Breach of Law) until the General Seffions of the Peace to be held in the respective Counties as aforesaid, next after the nine and twentieth Day of June, One Thousand fix Hundred ninety nine: Any Law or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

And the better to prevent Nurseries of Vice and Debauchery:

No more Perfons to be licenced to keep publick Houses, than what are ne-Publick Hou-

Erc.

At is further declared, That the Justices of the General Sessions of the Peace in each County respectively, be, and hereby are directed not to Licence more Perfons in any Town or Precinct to keep Houses for common Entertainment, or to retail Ale, Beer, Cyder, Wine or ffrong Liquors within or out of ceffary for Re- Doors, than the faid Justices shall judge necessary for the receiving and Refreshment of freshment of Travellers and Strangers; and to serve the publick Occasions of Travellers&c fuch Town or Precinct; having Regard to the Law for the Qualification and Approbation of the Perfons fo to be licenced. And all publick Houles shall High Streets, be on or near the high Streets, Roads, and Places of great Refort.

## Fences, Cattel, &c.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Clerk of the Inferiour Court of Common Pleas in each feveral County; and the Clerk of the Superiour Court of Judicature respectively, by Direction of the Court from Time to Time, shall by Writ of Scire Facias prosecute to Effect all such Re- Cierks of the cognizances as shall be taken in Court, or before any Justice, whereof Default several Courts is or shall be made in not performing the Condition of the same: And upon Recognizan-Execution awarded, to make out fuch Execution unto the Sheriff of the County, ccs. or his Deputy; who are accordingly to levy the Sum therein expressed; and to account for the Monies or Estate levied for Satisfaction thereof, unto the Treasury, as by Law he is obliged. And no Recognizance for the keeping of good Rule and Order in publick licenced Houses, or for retailing out of Doors, shall be put in Suit for any Breach thereof made, after the Expiration of two

#### CHAP. IX.

Years from the Time of taking fuch Recognizance.

# An Act for Explanation and Addition to the Act for regulating of Fences, Cattel, &c.

Regulating of Fences Carrel 500 mm. At of this Province, Intitled, An Act for Regulating of Fences, Cattel, &c. made and paffed in the fifth Year of the Reign of bis present Majesty, and bis late Royal Consort Queen Mary, of blessed Memory; amongst other Things therein contained: It is Enacted, "That in 5 W. & M. "every Town and Peculiar within this Province, there be annually chosen by ca. 11. " the Inhabitants thereof, two or more meet Persons to be Viewers of Fences"; but no Penalty provided by the faid AET in Case the Persons so chosen refuse to accept

thereof :

Be it therefore enacted and declared by the Lieutenant Covernour, Council and Representatives in General Court affembled, and by the authority of the fame, That every meet Person that shall hereafter be chosen a Viewer of Fences within any Town, or Peculiar in this Province, renor serving fufing to accept thereof; or to be Sworn to the faithful Discharge of that Office; as a Fenceshall forfeit and pay to the Use of the Poor of such Town or Peculiar, the Sum Viewer. of twenty Shillings; and another shall be forthwith chosen in his Room. And every Person from Time to Time, chosen and Sworn to the said Office, upon due Notice given him, and being requested by any Person or Persons interested, to view any infufficient and defective Fence in and about any general or com- Penalty for mon Field; or in and about any particular Field or Inclosure; shall forthwith his Dury, attend the fame : on pain of forfeiting the Sum of twenty Shillings ; oneMoiety thereof to the Use of the Poor of the Town or Peculiar; and the other Moiety to him that shall inform and sue for the same. And each Fence-Viewer shall be allowed three Shillings a Day; and proportionably for half a Day; and under Allowance. that fix Pence an Hour, for his Time spent in viewing of any Fence or Fences; to be paid him by the Party that fets him on Work, who shall be reimburs'd the fame by the Owner or Owners of the defective Fence. And when and so often as it shall happen, any Fence to be broken or fallen down, or to be otherwise defective; the Owner or Occupant of the Land to which fuch Fence belongs, upon Notice thereof given him, shall forthwith repair the same. And in Case he refuse or neglect so to do, the Fence-Viewers shall cause the same to be sufficiently repaired, as the Law directs. And all divisional Fences betwixt Man and Man shall be kept up in good repair for the whole Year; unless the Proprietors of the Lands shall otherwise agree.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That for the better enabling of the Fence-Viewers to discharge their Duty according to the true Intent of the Law, it shall and may be lawful to and for any Fence-Viewer, by Warrant from the next Justice of the Peace, orSelect-Men, (in such Towns where no Justice dwells) or the major Part of them, who are hereby respectively

impowred

## Fences, Cattel, ac.

Fence-Viewers to be impowred by a Warrant to impress Work-men. Erc.

impowred to make out such Warrant, to impress Workmen and Teams for the speedy repairing and making up of Fences that are defective or wanting; paying double the usual and accustomed Rates for such Teams and Workmanship, and to the Fence-Viewer for his Time; to be adjusted and determined by the Select-Men; and to be by him recovered against the Owner or Occupier of the Land about which fuch Fence is fet down or repaired, in Manner as the Law directs.

Fence of common Fields to be maintained by the Proprietors in proportion.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That every Party interested in any common or general Field, shall from Time to Time make and maintain his just and due Part and Proportion of the Fence for enclofing the fame, according to his Interest therein, in such Manner as hath or shall be agreed on by the major Part of the Propriety; the whole being duly warned and met to order the same : and the Orders so made shall be binding and obliging upon the Proprietors absent : And a third Part of the Propriety in fuch common or general Field, shall and may call and summon a Meeting of the Whole from Time to Time, as there shall be Cause.

And no Proprietor in, any fuch Field shall put or cause to be put any Beast, Cattel or Sheep thereinto, over and above the Number allowed him; or keep them longer there than the Time fet and limitted by the major Part of the Propriety or interested; on Penalty of answering double the Damages that shall happen or accrue thereby, to be recovered in any Court proper to try the same.

Partition-Fences to be maintained by the Proprietors in equal Halves.

And it is further enacted. That all Partition-Fences betwixt Lands under Improvement, shall be made and maintained from Time to Time in equal Halves by the Owners or Proprietors of fuch Lands respectively. And in Case any Proprietor of Land shall improve his Land (the Land adjoining not being under Improvement) and so make the whole Partition-Fence; when and so soon as the Owner or Proprietor of the adjoining Land shall also improve his, he shall pay for the one Half of such Partition-Fence, according to the Value thereof at that Time, and keep up and maintain his half Part thereof from thenceforward. But if either of fuch Proprietors adjoining do cease to make Improvement of his Land, he that continues fo to do, shall have Liberty to purchase the other Part of such Partition-Fence, as it shall then be valued to be worth, by Persons indifferently chosen by each Party for that Purpose: And in Case any Person improving as aforesaid, shall neglect or refuse to make and maintain one Half of the Partition-Fence betwixt his Land and the Land next adjoining; the Owner or Proprietor of fuch Land adjoining, shall be liable to a Suit, and to have recovered of him in any Court proper to try the same, the full Value of the one Half of fuch Partition-Fence, according to Estimation thereof upon Appraisement, by the other Party who makes and maintains the whole Fence, together with hisDamage fustained by such Neglect or Refusal as aforefaid: Saving always to every Person and Persons any particular Agreement or Agreements touching the making and maintaining of fuch divisional Fence between their Lands.

Fines and Peto be recover- the fame.

All Fines, Penalties, Forfeitures or Payments accruing by Virtue of this Act nalties, where from Time to Time, to be had fued for and recovered in any Court proper to

Proviso for House-Lots ten Acres. Major Part of the Propriety in any general down the fame at Plea-

fore.

Provided, This Act shall not extend to House-Lots not exceeding ten Acres: but if the Owner or Owners of fuch Lots shall improve, his Neighbour shall not exceeding be compellable to make and maintain one half of the Fence between them, whether he improve or not.

Provided also, That it shall and may be lawful, to and for the major Part of the Interests or Propriety in any common or general Field, to diffolve and lay Field, to lay down the same at Pleasure; all the Proprietors being first duly warned; and there being fix Months Time given before any fuch Field is laid down.

#### CHAP. X.

# An Act to prevent Default in the Appearance of Jurors.

7 HEREAS the Issues or Fine set upon Jurors for default of appearing and attending the Service of the several Courts of Justice within this Province whereto they are respectively summoned, is by Law limited 7 W. co. 4. unto twenty Shillings; whereby Persons most able and sufficient oft-times decline the Service, chusing rather to incur and undergo so small a Penalty; which may prove a general Inconvenience, and tend greatly to the Damage of particular Persons, in Cases of the greatest Moment and Concern:

For Remedy whereof: Be it declared and enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authothe of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Justices of the Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Assize and General Goal Delivery, 3 G. ca. 54 and the Justices of the General Sessions of the Peace, and of the Inferiour Court of Common Pleas respectively; to set reasonable Fines upon Jurors duly returned to ferve in the faid feveral Courts, and making Default, at the Difcretion of the faid Justices, not exceeding the Sum of Forty Shillings each; and to cause the fame to be levied: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

# Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of the Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston the twentyfifth Day of May 1698. And continued by Prorogation until the fifteenth of November following.

#### CHAP. XI.

An Act in Addition to, and Explanation of the Act against Adultery and Polygamie, made in the fixth Year of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary.

THERE AS in the Act Intitled, An Act against Adultery and Polygamie, It is provided in these Words; " Provided always that this 6 W. & M. "Act or any Thing therein contained shall not extend to any Person ca. 4. " or Persons whose Husband or Wife shall be continually remaining

"beyond the Seas by the space of feven Tears together; or whose Husband or Wife shall absent him or her self the one from the other by the space of " feven Years together, in any Part within their Majesties Dominions, or else-

"where, the one of them not knowing the other to be living within that Time". Which Limitation of seven Years is in some Cases found to be excessive and incon-

Therefore for the better preventing the Violation of the feventh Commandment, and for obtaining the Bleffings God is wont to befrow upon the Keepers of the fame:

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## Allistance to Sheriffs, Constables, &c.

Be it enacted and declared by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives, convened in General Assembly: and it is enacted and declared by the Antholity of the same, That if any married Person, Man or Woman, has lately or shall hereafter go to Sea in any Ship or other Vessel, bound from one Port to another, where the Passage is usually made in three Months Time; and fuch Ship or other Veffel has not been, or Limitation of shall not be heard of within the space of three full Years next after their putting to Sea from fuch Port; or shall only be heard of under fuch Circumstances, as may rather confirm the Opinion commonly received of the whole Company's being utterly loft: In every fuch Case, the Matter being laid before the Governour and Council, and made to appear; the Man or Woman who fe Relation is in this Manner parted from him or her, may be esteemed single and unmarried; and upon fuch Declaration thereof, and Licence obtained from that Board, may lawfully marry again : Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithftanding.

three Years in Cafe.

#### CHAP. XII.

An Act enabling Sheriffs, Constables, &c. to require Aid and Assistance in the Execution of their respective Offices, referring to Criminals.

Additional 12 G. ca. I. RORAS MUCH as it is oftentimes necessary, that Sheriffs, Under-Sheriffs and Constables he aided and allisted in the English that Sheriffs. and Constables be aided and assisted in the Execution of their respectiveOffices:

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives, convened in General Assembly, and by the Authority of the same, That when and so often as any Sheriff, Under-Sheriff or Constable shall be in the Execution of his Office, for the Preservation of the Peace, or for apprehending or fecuring any Person or Persons for violating the fame, or for any other criminal Matter or Cause; it shall and may be lawful to and for fuch Sheriff, Under-Sheriff or Conftable to require fuitable Aid and Affiftance therein. And if any Person or Persons being required by any Sheriff, Under-Sheriff or Constable in his Majesty's Name, to aid and assist him in the Execution of his Office as aforefaid, shall neglect or refuse so to do, and be thereof convicted before one or more of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace; fuch Offender or Offenders shall be fined, to the Use of the Poor of the Town where the Offence shall be committed, not exceeding forty Sbillings, at the Difcretion of fuch Justice or Justices, according to the Circumstances aggravating or leffening such Offence. And if such Offender or Offenders be unable or shall not forthwith pay the faidFine, fuch Justice or Justices may punish him or them by Imprisonment, not exceeding forty eight Hours; or by setting in the Stocks not exceeding four Hours.

Penalty for refulal or neglect to aid or affift the Sheriff, Sec.

Penalty for pretending to e a Sheriff, De. and not to bona fide.

And if any Person or Persons not being really and bona fide a Sheriff, Under-Sheriff or Constable, shall presume to abuse his Majesty's Name and Authority in pretending him or themselves to be any or either of the said Officers, and take upon him or themselves to act as such, or to require any other Person or Persons to aid or affift him or them in any Matter or Thing belonging to the Duty of a Sheriff, Under-Sheriff or Constable; every Person or Persons so offending, and being thereof convicted, shall forfeit and pay a Fine not exceeding One Hundred Pounds, according to the Nature and Circumstances aggravating his Offence, at the Discretion of the Court before whom the Conviction shall be; one Moiety of the said Fine or Forseiture to be unto his Majesty, towards the Support of the Government within this his Majesty's Pro-

### Deer.

IOI

vince; and the other Moiety to him or them that shall inform and prosecute for the fame.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That any of his Majesty's Justices of Peace, for the Preservation of the same, or upon View of Justices may the Breach thereof; or of any other Transgression of Law proper to his Cog-Command nizance done or committed by any Person or Persons whatsoever, shall, and hereby is impowred (in the Absence of a Sheriff, Under-Sheriff or Constable) to re-Offender. quire any Person or Persons to apprehend and bring before him such Offender or Offenders. And every Person or Persons that shall neglect or refuse to obey any Justice or Justices in apprehending such Offender or Offenders, being thereunto required as aforefaid; shall incur and suffer the like Pains and Penalties as is before provided for refufing or neglecting to affift any Sheriff, Under-Sheriff or Constable in the Execution of his Office, as before mentioned.

And no Person or Persons so offending, unto whom such Justice is known, Penalty for or shall declare himself so to be, shall be admitted to plead Excuse on Pretence neglect or

of Ignorance of his Office.

#### CHAP. XIII.

# An Act for the better Preservation and Increase of Deer within this Province.

HERE AS the killing of Deer at unseasonable Times of the Year hath been found very much to the Prejudice of this Province; great Numbers thereof Preamble. baving been bunted and destroyed in deep Snows, when they are very poor, and big with young, the Flesh and Skins of very little Value; and the Increase thereof greatly bindred:

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the fame, That no Person or Persons whatsoever within this Province, from No Deer to and after the last Day of December, in this present Year, One Thousand six be killed be-Hundred ninety eight, till the first Day of August, One Thousand six Hundred twist Dremninety nine, and so from the last Day of December, to the first Day of August yearly, on pefollowing annually for ever hereafter, shall any ways whatsoever, kill any Buck, naity. Doe or Fawn; on pain that fuch Person or Persons so offending, shall forseit the Sum of forty Shillings for the first Offence, three Pounds for the second Offence, and five Pounds for the third Offence; and so for everyOffence after: one Moiety thereof unto his Majesty, to be employed towards Support of the Government of this his Majesty's Province, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall inform and sue for the same in any Court of Record within the faid Province.

And if any Person or Persons offending as aforesaid, shall not have where- Persons unawithal to pay his or their Fine or Fines, he or they shall for the first Offence ble to pay work twenty Days, for the second thirty, and for the third Offence fifty Days; the Penalty, as shall be directed by the Justices, before whom the Cause shall be heard and Work. determined; and the Wages or Earnings for his or their Work, to be employed to and for the Uses before-mentioned.

And if any Venison, Skin or Skins of any Buck, Doe or Fawn newly killed, The Flesh or thall, at any Time in any of the aforesaid Months wherein they are by this Act Skin of any prohibited to be killed, be found with, or in Poffession of any Person or Persons be fulficiwhatfoever, fuch Person or Persons shall be held and accounted in the Law to ent Convictibe guilty of killing Deer contrary to the Intent of this Act, as fully as if it on, unless esc. were proved against such Person or Persons by sufficient Witness viva voce; except fuch Person or Persons do bring forth and make Proof who was the Person, or who were the Persons that fold or killed the same.

Provided

## Cases in Equity.

Tame Deer at any time.

1Drovided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority afore: may be kill'd fair. That it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons whatsoever, who shall keep or breed any Deer tame, or in any Park or Island; at any Time to kill any Buck, Doe or Fawn fo kept and bred. And that any Person or Persons whatsoever, shall have free Liberty of hunting as formerly to the Eastward of Piscataqua River: Any Thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

## CHAP. XIV. An Act for Hearing and Determining of Cases in Equity.

THEREAS the respective Courts of Justice within this Province are by Law impowred, where the Forfeiture of any penal Bond shall be found, in the entring up of Judgment in such Case, to Chancer the same unto the just Debt and Damages: The Practice whereof is sound to give great Ease and Satisfaction unto His Majesty's Subjects; whereby Oppression, Delay, and great Costs and Charges are prevented, which otherwise would unavoidably arise. And Applications having been unto this Court, that further Provision may be made for Relief in Equity. in Cases not relievable by the Rules of the Common Law.

To the Intent therefore that Justice and Equity may be jointly administred:

Be it enacted by the Licutenant Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of Courts of the same, That in all Cases brought or to be brought for Tryal in the Supe-Juffice imriour Court of Judicature, or in the Inferiour Court of Common Pleas within powred to Chancer Pethe feveral Counties, where the Forfeiture or Penalty annexed unto any Articles, Agreement, Covenant, Contract, Charter-Party, or other Specialties, or naltics annexed to Spe-Forfeiture of Estates on Condition, executed by Deed of Mortgage, or Bargain and Sale with Defeafance, shall be found by Verdict of Jury, or Confession of cialties and Forfeitures the Obligor, Mortgager or Vender; the Justices of the faid Courts respectively of Estates where the Tryal is had, are hereby impowred and authorized, to moderate the granted on Condition, Rigour of the Law; and on Confideration of fuch Cases according to Equity and good Conscience, to Chancer the Forfeiture, and enter up Judgment for the just Debt and Damages, and to award Execution accordingly: only in real Oath

Actions upon Mortgage or Bargain and Sale, with Defeafance, the Judgment to be conditional; that the Mortgager or Vender, or his Heirs, Executors or Administrators do pay unto the Plaintiff, fuch Sum as the Court shall determine to be justly due thereupon, within two Months Time after Judgment en-tred up for discharging of such Mortgage or Sale; or that the Plaintiff recover Possession of the Estate sued for, and Execution to be awarded for the same. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all

Cases of like Natute heretofore heard and tried in any of the Courts of Justice within this Province since the Month of April, in the Year of Our Lord God, One Thousand six Hundred eighty six, where the whole Forfeiture or Penalty of any Bond or Obligation, Conditioned for the Payment of Money, Performance of Articles, Covenants, Agreements, Charter-Parties, or other Specialties has been recovered and exacted; or where any Estate granted on Condition by Mortgage, or Bargain and Sale, with Defeafance hath been recovered, and the Mortgagee or Vendee by himfelf or Affigns hath entred into; or by any Ways or Means whatfoever obtained Poffession thereof for Default of the Mortgager or Venders paying the Money, or otherwise performing what according to such Condition or Defeafance he ought to have done; the Party aggrieved and oppreffed by fuch Exaction, or to whom the Right or Equity of Redemption of any fuch Estate does belong, may bring his Suit for Remedy and Relief therein, by filing a Bill, Plaint or Declaration, either in the Superiour Court of Judica-

Preamble.

Provision for Cafes of like Nature heard and tried fince April 1686

See the next

Law, ca. 15.

ture, or the Inferiour Court of Common Pleas at his Pleasure; and shall cause the adverseParty to be served with a Writ or Process out of such Court, fifteen Daysbe fore the Day of the fitting of the fame; briefly notifying the Import of the faid Bill, Plaint or Declaration, and requiring him to appear at the faid Court, to make his Answer and Defence. And in Case of the Defendant's Non-appearance, or on Motion made to the Court, and reasonable Cause therefore shewn, the Court may continue fuch Suit unto the next Court, and no longer.

Provided. No fuch Suit shall be brought, after the tenth Day of December, which will be in the Year of Our Lord, One Thousand seven Hundred and one.

. And the Justices in the before mentioned Courts respectively are hereby im- The Justices powred and authorized to receive and hear every fuch Case and Cases that shall of the several powred and authorized to receive and near every nucleate and cares that man be orderly brought before them, as aforefaid; and on Confideration of the feveral Pleas and Allegations made by either Party, to decree and enter up Judg-ceive and ment therein agreeable to Equity and good Confcience, and to award Execution hear such accordingly. And where any Mortgagee or Vendee of any Houses or Lands Cates, and to granted on Condition hath recovered, or entred into, and taken Pofferfion of the in Equity. fame for the Condition broken, the Mortgager or Vender, or his Heirs tendring Payment of the original Debt and Damages, or fuch Part thereof as was remaining unpaid, at the Time of Entry; with reasonable Costs and Allowance for any Difbursements afterwards laid out on such Housing or Lands for the Advancement and bettering of the fame, over and above what the Rents, Profits or Improvements thereof made, shall amount unto, upon a just Computation thereof by the Court, as on hearing of the Parties shall be made to appear; The Mortgagee or Vendee, or his Heirs, or the prefent Tenant in Possession (being the Purchaser and holding in his own Right) shall be obliged to accept such Payment, and to reftore and deliver Possession of the Estate unto the Mortgager or Vender, or his Heirs, and Seal, Execute and Acknowledge a good and fufficient Deed in the Law of Release and Quitclaim to the same. But in Case of his not appearing in Court, or refufal to accept fuch Payment tendred, the whole of the faid Monies which the Court shall enter Judgment for, being left in Custody of the Court on Behalf, and for the Use of the Mortgagee or Vendee, his Heirs or Affigns: Judgment shall be entred up for the Mortgager or Vender, or his Heirs, to recover Poffession of such Houses or Lands, and Execution be accordingly awarded.

and further it is enacted. That at any Time hereafter where the Mortgadempion
gee or Vendee shall be in actual Possession of any Estate granted on Condition, where the it shall be in the Liberty of the Mortgager or Vender, or his Heirs, to bring his Mortgagee is Suit in Manner as aforefaid, for Redemption thereof, within the space of three in Possessing by be brought

Years next after the Term therein expired, and not afterward.

Provided always, That the Party aggrieved at any Judgment to be given as 12 A ca. 1.

Appeal. Appeal. is provided at the common Law.

CHAP. XV.

An Act for Establishing the Form of an Oath to be administred unto the lustices of the Superiour Court of Judicature, and the Justices of the Inferiour Court of Common Pleas respectively.

all & C it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Oath following shall be administred unto each of the Juffices of the Superiour Court of Judicature; and alfo to each of the Juffices of the respective Inseriour Courts of Common Pleas within this Province, by the

## Sellions of the Peace.

Governour or Commander in Chief for the Time being of the same; or such as shall be by him thereto appointed.

That is to fay :

Juffices of Courts Oath.

OU Swear, That well and tru'y you shall serve Our Sovereign Lord the King and his People in the Office of a Indian of the And bis People in the Office of a Justice of the Court of And that you will do equal Law and Execution of Right to all People, Poor and Rich, after the Laws and Usage of this Province: And in such Cases as the Law does especially provide to be relieved in Equity, there to proceed according to Equity and good Conscience, without baving Regard to any Person. So help you GOD.

Which before recited Oath shall also be administred as aforesaid, unto the Justices that shall be appointed and commissioned for the respective Courts aforefaid, from Time to Time, before their entring upon the Execution of their Office.

# Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of the Province of the Maffachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston the thirty first Day of May 1699.

CHAP. I.

# An Act for holding of Courts of General Sessions of the Peace, and ascertaining the Times and Places for the same.

General Seffions of the Peace, their Confliction and Power.

All E it enacted and ordained by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That there shall be held and kept in each respective County within this Province yearly, and in every Year at the Times and Places in this Act hereafter mentioned and expressed, A Court of General Sessions of the Peace, by the Justices of the Peace of the same County; or fo many of them as are or shall be limitted in the Commission of the Peace: Who are hereby impowred to hear and determine all Matters relating to the Confervation of the Peace, and Punishment of Offenders, and whatsoever is by them Cognizable according to Law; and to give Judgment, and award Execution therein.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Times and Places for the holding and keeping the faid Courts of General Seffions of Peace within the respective Counties, shall be as followeth: That is to fay: For the County of Suffolk; at Boston, on the first Tuesdays in July, October, January, and April: For the County of Essen; at Salem, on the last holding a Ollober, January, and April: For the County of Lynna September; Court of Ge. Tuesslays in June and December at Newbury, on the last Tuesslay in September; neral Sessions and at Ipswich, on the last Tuesday in March: For the County of Middlesex; of the Peace, at Cambridge, on the second Tuesday in September, at Charlhown, on the second Tuesdays in December and March, and at Concord on the second Tuesdays in June: For the County of Plymouth; at Plymouth, on the third Tuesdays in September, December and June, and on the first Tuesday in March: For the County of Barnstable; at Barnstable, on the first Tuesdays in July, October, January and April: For the County of Bristol; at Bristol, on the second Tuesdays in July, October, January and April: For the County of York; at Wells, on the first Tuesdays in July and October, and at York, on the first Tuesdays in January and April: For the County of Hampshire; at Springfield, on the first Tuesday in September, and third Tuesday in May, and at Northampton, on the first Tuesdays in December and March : For Dukes County ; at Edger-Town, on the first Tuefday in October, and on the first Tuesday in March: and for the Island of Nantucket; at the faid Island, on the first Tuesday in October, and on the last Tuesday in March, yearly and in every Year, from Time to Time.

The Times and Places for

## Sellions of the Peace.

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and be it further enacted by the Authority aforefair, That it shall Appeal to and may be lawful for any Person aggreed at the Sentence of the Julies in the Court of Alies. any Court of General Sessions of the Peace, to make his Appeal from such Sentence (the Matter being originally heard and tried in the faid Court) unto the next Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery to be held within or for the fame County, there to be finally iffued.

Provided, That no Appeal shall be granted, unless it be claimed at the Time Appellant to of declaring the Sentence, and the Appellant enter into Recognizance, with two give Security fufficient Sureties within the space of two Hours next after, in a reasonable Sum for profecufor his personal Appearance at the Court appealed to, and Prosecution of his tion, &c. Appeal there with Effect; and to abide and perform the Order or Sentence of the faid Court thereon, and to be of the good Behaviour in the mean Time. See Refolve

And the Party appealing is to remain in Custody of an Officer, until he shall at the end of have given fuch Security. And the Officer not to be allowed above twelve this Act. Pence an Hour for his Time and Attendance. Provided also, That every such Appellant do file the Reasons of his Appeal Reasons of in the Clerk's Office of the Court appealed unto feven Days before the Day of filed feven the fitting of the faid Court; and also at his own Cost, do take out and pre- Days before

fent unto the Court, an attested Copy of the Sentence, and likewise attested the Sirring of Copies of all the Evidences upon which the same was grounded. And the Ap-pellant shall pay the like Fee for the entring of his Appeal in the Court appeal-

ed to, as is by Law required, for entry of an Action in a Civil Cause, and the like Fee to the Jurors, that shall try the same.

and he it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That in con- Jacors, how venient Time before the fitting of the faidCourt of GeneralSessions of the Peace to be chosen in each respective County, the Clerk of the Peace in such County shall issue out and summon-Warrants directed to the Constables of the several Towns within the same County, ed. or the most principal of them; requiring them to assemble the Freeholders and other Inhabitants of their Town qualified as in and by his Majesty's Royal Charter is directed, to elect and chuse so many good and lawful Men of the faid Town or Diffricts thereof alike qualified as aforefaid, as the Warrant shall direct; to ferve as Jurors at fuch Court. And the Constable shall summon the Persons so chosen, to attend accordingly at the Time and Place appointed; and make timely Return of his Warrant unto the Clerk that granted the same; on Constables pain that every Constable failing of his Duty therein, shall forfeit and pay unto neglecting to the County-Treasurer for the Use of the County, a Fine not exceeding five make their Pounds, nor less than forty Shillings, at the Discretion of the Justices of such Return.

Court: unless such Constable so failing of his Duty as aforesaid, shall seasonably make a reasonable Excuse unto the Justices of the said Court, for his Default, and the fame be allowed of by them.

And if by reason of Challenge, or otherwise, there do not appear a sufficient Sheriff to re-Number of good and lawful Men to make up the Petty Jury or Juries, to serve in cale there at the faid Court : Then and in fuch Case the faid Jury or Juries, shall be filled fail of a suffiup De talibus circumstantibus, to be returned by the Sheriff; and where the cient Number. Sheriff is concerned or related to either of the Parties in any Case, to be returned

by the Coroner.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall Appeal from and may be lawful for any Person sentenced for any criminal Offence, by one or of one or more Justices of the Peace out of Sessions, to appeal from such Sentence unto more Justices the next Court of General Sessions of the Peace to be held within the same of the Peace. County. Every fuch Appellant recognizing with Sureties in a reasonable Sum not exceeding five Pounds, for his appearance at the Court appealed to, and to profecute his Appeal there with Effect, and to abide and perform the Order or Sentence of the faid Court thereon, which is to be final; and in the mean Time to be of the good Behaviour. And every fuch Appellant shall attend the fame Rules and Method for bringing forward his Appeal at the faid Court of General Seffions of the Peace, as before in this Act is provided in Case of Appeal from the faid Court, to the Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery.

shall

## Inferiour Courts.

shall pay the like Fee for entring of his Appeal, as for the entring of a Civil Action in the Inferiour Court of Common Pleas; and the like Fee to the Jurors as is paid them in the said Inferiour Court.

[ At a Great and General Court begun and held at Boston the 26th of May 1703. The following Resolve passed, viz. A Question being moved upon the third Section or Paragraph in the Act for holding of Courts of General Sossions of the Peace, &c. made and passed in the eleventh Year of King William the Third; viz.

Whether the Bond for the good Behaviour directed by the faid Act to be given in Case of Appeal from the Sentence of the Fustices, in any Court of General Sessions of the Peace, be demandable of any other, save of the Person prosecuted, convicted and sentenced for any Crime, and his Sureties?

Refolved in the Negative: And that the Law is so to be understood and practiced accordingly: Any Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.]

#### CHAP. II.

# An Act for the Establishing of Inferiour Courts of Common Pleas in the several Counties of this Province,

Inferiour Court's Conflitution and Power. E it enacted and ordained by his Excellency the Governour, and hy the Authority of the same, That there shall be held and kept in each respective County within this Province; and at the slind of Non-tuckett within the same, yearly and every Year, at the Times and Places in this Act hereafter mentioned and expressed, An Inferiour Court of Common Pleas, by four substantial Persons, to be appointed and commissionated as Justices of the same Court in each County; any three of whom to be a Quorum, for the holding of the said Court; who shall have Cognizance of all civil Actions arising or hapning within such County, triable at the common Law, of what Nature, Kind or Quality soever: And are hereby impowred to give Judgment therein, and award Execution thereupon.

Times and Places for holding them.

Altered as those of the General Soffions of the Peace in the preceeding

and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Times and Places for the holding and keeping the faid Inferiour Court of Common Pleas within the feveral and respective Counties, shall be as followeth: That is to fay: For the County of Suffolk; at Boston, on the first Tuesdays in July, October, January, and April: For the County of Effex; at Salem, on the last Tuesdays in June and December ; at Newbury, on the last Tuesday in September ; and at Ipswich, on the last Tuesday in March: For the County of Middlesex; at Cambridge, on the fecond Tuesday in September, at Charlstown, on the second Tuesdays in December and March, and at Concord on the second Tuesday in June : For the County of Plymouth; at Plymouth, on the third Tuesdays in September. December and June, and on the first Tuesday in March: For the County of Barnstable; at Barnstable, on the first Tuesdays in July, October, January and April: For the County of Bristol; at Bristol, on the second Tuesdays in July, October, January and April: For the County of York; at Wells, on the first Tuefdays in July and October, and at York, on the first Tuefdays in January and April: For the County of Hampsbire; at Springfield, on the first Tuesday in September, and third Tuesday in May, and at Northampton, on the first Tuesdays in December and March : For Dukes County ; at Edgar-Town, on the first Tuefday in October, and on the first Tuesday in March: and for the Island of Nantucket; at the faid Island, on the first Tuesday in October, and on the last Tuesday in March, yearly and in every Year, from Time to Time.

and

## Inferiour Courts.

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and be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That all Pro- Write to ceffes and Writs for the bringing any Caufe or Suit to Trial in any of the faid the Clerk's Inferiour Courts, shall iffue out of the Clerk's Office of such Court in His Ma- Office. jefty's Name, under the Seal of the faid Court, to be figned by the Clerk, and directed to the Sheriff or Marshal of the County, his Under-Sheriff or Deputy. And if fuch Process or Writ be against the Sheriff or Marshal, to be directed to Coroner. the Coroner of fuch County; who is hereby impowred to execute the fame. 12 W. ca. 6. And where the Sum fued for is under Ten Pounds, may be also directed to the 12 G. ca. 4. Constables of the Town. And Writs as well original as judicial iffuing out of the Clerk's Office of the faid Court, shall run into any County and Place within To run thro' this Province; and be there executed by the Officer or Officers of fuch County the Province. to whom they are directed. And all proper original Processes in the faidCourt, Summons, shall be Summons, Capias or Attachment, which shall be served and executed Capias or fourteen Days before the Day of the Sitting of the Court where fuch Writ or Attachment. \* Process is returnable.

Provided, That no Action under the Value of forty Shillings shall be brought Provide for into any of the said Inferiour Courts, unless where Freehold is concerned; or Actions under do s.

upon Appeal from a Justice of Peace.

and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That in convenient Time before the Sitting of the faid Inferiour Court in each respective County; the Clerk of fuch Court shall iffue out Warrants directed to the Constables of the Clerks to feveral Towns within the fame County, or the most principal of them : requir- iffice out ing them to affemble the Freeholders and other Inhabitants of their Town qua-Warrants. lified as in and by His Majesty's Royal Charter is directed; to elect and chuse fo many good and lawful Men of the faid Town or Districts thereof alike qualified as aforefaid, as the Warrant shall direct; to serve as Jurors at such Court. And the Constable shall summon the Person so chosen, to attend accordingly at the Time and Place appointed; and make timely Return of his Warrant unto the Clerk that granted the same; on pain that every Constable failing of his Duty therein, shall forfeit and pay unto the County-Treasurer for the Use of the County a Fine not exceeding five Pounds, nor less than forty Shillings, at the Discretion of the Justices of such Court: Unless such Constable so failing of his Duty as aforefaid, shall feafonably make a reasonable Excuse unto the Justices of the faid Court, for his Default, and the fame be allowed of by them.

And if by Reason of Challenge, or otherwise, there do not appear a sufficient Number of good and lawful Men to make up the Petty Jury or Juries, to serve at the faid Court; then and in fuch Case the said Jury or Juries shall be filled up De talibus circumstantibus, to be returned by the Sheriff; and where the Sheriff is concerned, or related to either of the Parties in any Case, to be re-

turned by the Coroner.

#### CHAP. III.

# An Act for establishing a Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Affize, and General Goal Delivery within this Province.

It E it enacted and ordained by his Excellency the Governour. Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, That there shall be a Superiour Court of Assembled addicature, Court of Assembled Assembled Assembled addicature Province, to be held and kept annually at the respective Times and Places in Court of Province, to be held and kept annually at the respective. Times and Fraces in Counties this Act hereafter mentioned and expressed, by one chief Justice, and four other their Conflictuities to be appointed and commissionated for the same; any three of whom their Conflictuition and to be a Quorum, who shall have Cognizance of all Pleas, real, personal or mixt, Power.

## Superiour Courts.

as well all Pleas of the Crown, and all Matters relating to the Conservation of the Peace, and Punishment of Offenders; as civil Causes or Actions between Party and Party; and between his Majesty and any of his Subjects, whether the fame do concern the Realty, and relate to any Right of Freehold and Inheritance; or whether the fame do concern the Perfonalty, and relate to Matter of Debt, Contract, Damage or personal Injury; and also all mixt Actions which concern both Realty and Personalty brought before them by Appeal, Review, Writ of Error, or otherwife as the Law directs. And generally of all other Matters as fully and amply to all Intents and Purpoles what foever, as the Courts of King's Bench, Common Pleas and Exchequer within his Majesty's Kingdom of England, have, or ought to have. And are hereby impowred to give Judgment therein, and award Execution thereupon.

and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Times

Times and Places for holding Superiour Courts.

11 G. ca. 4.

and Places for the holding and keeping of the faid Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery, shall be as followeth: That is to fay: Within and for the County of Suffolk, at Boston, upon the first Tuesdays in November and May; within and for the County of Effex, at Salem, on the fecond Tuesday in November; and at Ipswich, on the third Tuesday in May: within and for the County of Middlefex; at Cambridge, on the last Tuesday in July; and at Charlstown, on the last Tuesday in January: within and for the County of Hampshire; at Springfield, on the fecond Thursslay in August: within and for the County of York; at Kittery, on the Thursslay in the Week next before the Time herein fet and appointed for the Sitting of the faid Superiour Court at Ipswich: for the Counties of Plymouth, Barnstoble and Dukes County; at Plymouib, on the last Tuesday in March: and within and for the County of Bristol; at Bristol, on the second Tuesday in September 'yearly, and in every Year, from Time to Time.

Nantucket.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That there shall be held and kept a Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery, for the hearing and determining of any capital Offence or Offences that shall arise or happen within the Island of Nantuckett, at such Place within the fame, and at fuch Time as the Governour and Council advising with the Justices of the faid Court shall from Time to Time direct and appoint, ac-

12 G. ca. S.

cording as Occasion may be,

Provided nevertheless, That the Trial of all Matters and Causes by Appeal from the Court of General Sessions of the Peace, or Inferiour Court of Common Pleas respectively within the faid Island of Nantuckett, or by Writ of Error relating to any Judgment given in the faid Inferiour Court; shall be in the Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery, to be held

within the Counties of Suffolk or Middlesex.

Process to be ferved fourteen Days before the

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That all Proceffes and Writs iffuing out of the faidSuperiour Court of Judicature to be held within or for any County within this Province, shall be in his Majesty's Name, under the Seal of the faid Court, and figned by the Clerk thereof, and shall CourtsSitting. be directed to the Sheriff, his Under Sheriff or Deputy, or other proper Officers, who are hereby impowred and required to observe and execute the same: And shall run into any County or Place within this Province, and be there executed by the Officer or Officers of fuch County or Place to whom they are directed. And all Processes for the Trial of civil Causes in the faid Court upon Review or in other Cases which by Law may be originally there brought, shall be ferved and executed fourteen Days before the Day of the Sitting of the Court where fuch Writ or Process is returnable.

Jurors how to be chosen.

and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That in convenient Time before the Sitting of the faid Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery in each respective County, the Clerk of the faid Court shall iffue out Warrants directed to the Constables of the several Towns within the County or Jurisdiction of the said Court, or the most principal of them; requiring fuch Constables to affemble the Freeholders and other Inhabitants of

#### Militia.

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their Town qualified as in and by his Majesty's Royal Charter is directed, to elect and chuse so many good and lawful Men of the said Town or Districts thereof, alike qualified, as aforefaid, as the Warrant shall direct, to serve as Jurors at the faid Court : And the Constable shall Summon the Persons so chosen, Penalty on to attend accordingly at the Time and Place appointed, and make timely Return of his Warrant unto the Clerk that granted the fame; on pain that every their War-Constable failing of his Duty therein, shall forfeit and pay unto the County Trea- rans for furer for the Use of the County, a Fine not exceeding Five Pounds, nor less than choice of forty Shillings, at the Difcretion of the Justices of the said Court : Unless such Jurors. Constable so failing of his Duty as aforesaid, shall seasonably make a reasonable Excuse unto the Justices of the faid Court for his Default, and the same be allowed of by them.

And if by Reason of Challenge, or otherwise, there do not appear a sufficient Sheriff to re-Number of good and lawful Men to make up the Petty Jury or Juries, to ferve turn Jurors, in Cafe there at the faid Court : Then and in fuch Cafe the faid Jury or Juries, shall be filled do not apup De talibus circumstantibus, to be returned by the Sheriff; and where the pear a suffici-Sheriff is concerned or related to either of the Parties in any Cafe, to be returned ent Number. by the Coroner.

### CHAP. IV.

# An A& in addition to the A& for regulating the Militia.

HEREAS in and by the Atl Intitled, AnAct for regulating the Militia, amongst other Things therein contained : It is enacted, "ThatDrums, " Drummers, Trumpets, Trumpeters, Colours and Banners, be by the Commission

" Officers of each Troop or Company, provided at the Charge of the respective W&Mc.8. " Companies and Troops, where they are not already provided; and the Fines

"will not reach to procure the same: " But no Direction being given by the faid Preamble. Law, how or in what Manner such Charge shall be raised and levied upon such Com-

pany or Troop:

Be it therefore enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court aftended, and by the All-Commission thousand the fame, That when and so often as the Fines arising in any Officers to military Company or Troop, shall not be sufficient to answer the Charge of make Affeliament for more former form providing fuitable Drums, Trumpets, Colours and Banners; and the Support of Drums, Drummers or Trumpeters : the Commission Officers of such Company or Troop Trumpete, respectively, are hereby authorized and impowred, to affess so much as shall be wanting and necessary for that Use and Occasion, upon their Company or Troop; and to proportion the fame in the most equal Manner they may, upon all the Persons entred in the Roll of such Company or Troop, and liable to attend any military Duty in the fame; having due Regard unto Perfons Ability for Estate and other Circumstances. And where there be Sons and Servants, their Parents or Masters to pay for them, if they cannot do it themselves. And the Affessment to made, being figned by the Commission Officers, shall be committed unto the Clerk of such Company or Troop, together with a Warrant from the chief Officer of the fame, requiring the faid Clerk to collect and pay in the same unto himself, to be employed and disposed to the Use aforesaid: and to make Diffress of all Persons that shall neglect or refuse to pay their Proportion thereof. And such Clerk is hereby impowred and required to execute fuch Warrant accordingly, and to pay in the faid Monies unto his chief Officer. And if any fail in their Betrustment and Duty aforesaid, they shall be liable to give Account to their superiour Officers, from Time to Time.

# Suppressing of Magabonds.

#### CHAP. V.

An Act for the suppressing and punishing of Rogues, Vagabonds, common Beggars, and other lewd, idle & diforderly Persons. And also for setting the Poor to Work,

House of Correction to be provided in each County.

26 E it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court a Council and thoutty of the fame, That there shall be erected, built or otherwise provided in every County within this Province, at the Charge of fuch County; a fit and convenient House or Houses of Correction (where such a House is not already provided) with convenient Accommodations thereunto adjoining and belonging; to be used and employed for the keeping, correcting and setting to Work of Rogues, Vagabonds, common Beggars, and other lewd, idle and diforderly Persons. And until such House or Houses of Correction be erected, built or otherwife provided, the common Prison in each County may be made Use of for that Purpose.

4 W. & M. ca, 12.

Justices in their Sellions to appoint a Mafter of the House of Correction.

and be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That the Justices of Peace in every County at the General Sessions of the Peace, to be holden for the same County, from Time to Time, may nominate and appoint at their Will and Pleasure, an honest fit Person to be the Master of such House of Correction: And it shall and may be lawful to and for the faid Court, or any one Justice of the Peace out of Court, to fend and commit unto the faid House, to be kept and governed according to the Rules and Orders thereof, allRogues, Vagabonds, and idle Persons, going about in any Town, or County, begging; or Persons using any subtle Craft, Jugling or unlawful Games or Plays; or feigning themselves to have Knowledge in Physiognomy, Palmestry; or pretending that they can tell Destinies, or Fortunes, or discover where lost or stol'n Goods may be found; common Pipers, Fidlers, Runaways; stubborn Servants or Children, common Drunkards, common Night Walkers, Pilferers, wanton and lascivious Persons, either in Speech or Behaviour; commonRailers, orBrawlers; fuch as neglect their Callings, mispend what they earn, and do not provide for themselves, or the Support of their Families; upon due Conviction of any of the Offences or Disorders aforesaid. and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the

Rogues, Va-gabonds, Sec. to be fet to Work.

Master of such House of Correction to be appointed as aforesaid, shall have Power and Authority, and shall fet all fuch Rogues, Vagabonds, Beggars, and other lewd, idle and diforderly Persons, as aforesaid, that shall be duly sent or committed unto his Cuflody, to Work and Labour (if they be able) for fuch Time as they shall continue and remain in the faid House; and to punish them And punished by putting Fetters or Shackles upon them, and by moderate whipping, not exby Whipping ceeding ten Stripes at once; which (unless the Warrant of Commitment shall otherwise direct) shall be inflicted at their first coming in, and from Time to Time; in Case they be stubborn, disorderly or idle, and do not perform their Task, and that in good Condition, according as they shall be reasonably stinted: or to abridge them of their Food, as the Cause shall require, until they be reduced to better Order.

Erc.

And for the better support and governing of the said House of Correction; and for employing of such Persons as shall be committed to the same :

Be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Justices of each County in their Court of General Sessions of the Peace, shall be, and hereby are authorized and impowred, to make necessary Rules and Orders from Time to Time, as they shall find Occasion; for the ruling, governing and punishing of fuch Persons so to be committed, agreable to the Laws of this Province:

Juffices in their Seffions to make Orders for gowerning the Correction,

And

## Douse of Correction.

III

And fuch Rules and Orders as shall be made in that Behalf by the Justices in their General Sessions, shall be of Force, and be duly performed and put in Execution.

and be it further enacted by the Authority afozefaid, That when How Persons any Person or Persons shall be committed to the said House of Correction, from the House of any Town or Towns in this Province, the Select-Men of fuch Town to which Correction the faid Person or Persons belongs, shall take Care, and at the Cost and Charge are to be of the faid Town shall provide, as there shall be Occasion, suitable Materials; supported. fuch as shall be necessary and convenient for the keeping such Person or Persons fo committed, to Work, during his or their Abode there; and shall deliver the same to the Master or Keeper of the said House, to be improved for that End. And where any stubborn Children or Servants, that are under the immediate Care and Government of their Parents and Masters, shall be committed to the faid House; the Parents or Masters of such Children or Servants (if able) shall take care to provide fuch Things as may be necessary for the keeping of them to Work and Labour, during their Abode in the faid House. And no Person to be committed to the faid House of Correction that is able to Work, shall in any Sort be chargeable to the County, for any Allowance; either at their brings ing in, going forth, or during the Time of their Abode there: but shall only be allowed for their Labour and Work, the Sum of eight Pence out of every Shilling they shall earn; and the Over-plus of such their Earnings, to be unto the Master or Keeper of the saidHouse, to Account for: And if such Persons are Mafters or Heads of Families, then and in such Case, the whole Profit and Benefit of their Labour, or fo much thereof as the Court of General Seffions of the Peace shall think necessary and direct, shall be for the Relief and Support of fuch Persons and their Families. And if any Person or Persons to be committed to the faid House, shall be unable to Work, or be weak or sick; then to be relieved by the Master or Keeper of such House; who shall be again reimburfed what he shall so necessarily expend for the Relief of such Person or Perfons, by the Select-Men of fuch Town to which the faid Person doth belong; and the Select-Men to affes the same upon the Inhabitants of such Town or Precinct: except the Person or Persons so committed to the said House, being unable to Work, or being weak or fick, were at the Time of his, her, or their Commitment, in their Minority, and under the Care of their Parents or Masters : Then and in every fuch Case, the Parents or Masters of such Person or Persons, shall reimburse what necessary Charges the Master or Keeper of the saidHouse of Correction shall necessarily expend for their Relief.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Master of the Mafter or Keeper of the faid House of Correction shall for his Care, Labour and House of Cor-Service, in looking after the Person or Persons that from Time to Time shall rection, to be be committed to his Care and Cuftody; and also for relieving any Person or paid for his Persons that shall happen to be weak or sick in his Custody, have such rea-Care, &c. fonable Allowance and Satisfaction made him, by the Parents or Mafters of fuch Person or Persons so committed, if under their immediate Care and Government; or otherwise by the Town to which said Person or Persons do belong, as the Justices at the Court of General Seffions of the Peace for fuch County shall direct and appoint; if the Earnings of fuch Person or Persons be not sufficient to discharge the fame, over and above what is allowed them out of their Earnings

for their Relief. And the Mafter or Keeper of every fuch House, shall keep an exact Account of all Profits and Earnings that shall be made by the Labour of those under his of the Earn-Custody from Time to Time, and present the same (uponOath if required) unto ings of those the Justices of the same County, at their General Sessions of the Peace; out of committed to his Custody. which Earnings, the faid Master or Keeper of the faid House shall have his Allowance : and if any Overplus be, it shall be to the Town to which the faid Person or Persons doth belong; or to their Parents or Masters, according as the Circumstance of the Case may be. And the Master or Keeper of any such House of Correction that shall refuse to Account as aforesaid; or shall otherwife

#### House of Correction.

wife negligent of his Duty required by this Act, shall be liable to such Fine or Punishment, as by the Discretion of the Court of General Sessions of the Peace in fuch County shall be awarded.

And for the better employing and fetting the Poor to Work:

Sclect-Men to proportion any Affestment, that may be granted by the Inhabitants of any Town ; for a Stock to fet their Poor on Work.

Be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That where there is a House already built in any Town, with Intent to be improved for a Work-House, to set their Poor on Work, or shall hereafter be built for that Purpose, and the Inhabitants of fuch Town shall grant a Tax or Affessment, for the raifing of a Stock wherewith to provide necessary and suitable Materials, Tools and Implements, for employing and fetting their Poor on Work at fuch House. The Select-Men of the same Town for the Time being, shall proportion such Tax or Affessment upon the Inhabitants thereof, in the most just and equal Manner they may, according to the Rules and Methods for the Time being prefcribed by Law for proportioning the Province Tax; and shall grant Warrants for collecting the same, in like Manner as the Law directs for the gathering of other Town Rates or Affessments: And the Justices of Peace residing in any fuch Town, together with the Select-Men thereof, are hereby impowred and authorized, to nominate and appoint from Time to Time, three or more fufficient Persons of their Inhabitants, as a Master and Wardens; to govern, inspect

Mafter and Wardens to be appointed for fuch

and take Care, that all Persons of the same Town employed at the said Work-Work-House. House, or sent thither by any two Justices of the Peace, QuorumUnus, to be kept to Work there; be held and kept strictly to Work: And that all idle and diforderly Persons, and such as do not duly persorm such reasonable Task or Stint as shall be set them, be punished by moderate whipping, or setting in the Stocks. And all Stock, Materials, Tools and Implements, to be raifed and provided as aforesaid, shall be committed into the Hands of such Master and Wardens; to be managed, used and employed, according to their Discretion, for the employing and fetting to Work all fuch Perfons as shall be under their Inspection and Go-Their Power, vernment. And the faid Mafter and Wardens, are also hereby impowred to demand, fue for, recover, accept, receive and take, any Gifts, Bequests and Donations, that are, or shall be made and given by any Person or Persons, to the Use of the Poor, for and towards a Stock for such Work-House; and to employ and dispose the same accordingly: and shall once a Year, or oftner, from Time to Time, if required, render an Account upon Oath unto the Town, of their Management, Employment and Disposal, of all Monies or other Stock to be committed unto them; or that by any other Ways or Means, as aforefaid, shall come to their Hands, and of the Profits and Incomes made thereof: and shall have fuch reasonable Allowance and Recompence made unto them for their Trouble,

All Stock to be kept entire, for the faid Works.

Pains and Service, in and about this Affair, as the Town shall agree and order. And all Stock to be raifed, or otherwise obtained as aforesaid, with the Increase, Profits and Improvements, from Time to Time made thereof, shall be kept entire, and applied to, and for the Ends and Uses before-mentioned, and for answering of the necessary Charges arising on and about the Repairing and keeping of the faid House, and the subsisting of those that shall be there employed; and to no other Use whatsoever.

Two Justices House.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be lawful, to and for any two Justices of the Peace (Quorum Unus) to fend may commit may be lawful, to and for any two functions of the Feate (Subtum Onlas) to lend to the Work- unto fuch Work-House, to be there employed and kept to Work, all Persons belonging to the same Town, being able of Body, that live idly or disorderly, mispend their Time; or that go about begging, or receive Alms from the Town. And the Master of such House shall receive and keep them to Work accordingly.

## Sheriffs keeping of the Goals. Town Watches

CHAP. VI.

# An Act appointing the Sheriff to have the keeping of the common Goal, and the Prisoners therein.

In C it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority sheriff to of the same, That the Sheriff of each several County within this have the Province, have the Custody, Rule, Keeping and Charge of every of the King's Custody of common Goals, Prifons, and Prifoners in the fame, in the County where he is the Goal and Sheriff, during the Time of his Office; to be held and kept by himfelf or his therein. lawful Deputy or Under-keeper, for whom the Sheriff shall be answerable. And every Sheriff shall give sufficient Security at the Discretion of the Court of Ge- To give Seneral Sessions of the Peace in the same County, unto the King's Majesty, for the carriy, due and faithful Discharge and Performance of his Office in all the Parts thereof.

And for Encouragement unto the Sheriff to take and use all possible Care and Diligence for the Safe keeping of the Prisoners that shall be committed to his Custody: Be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Sheriff of Salary. every County shall have such Salary allowed him for the same, as the Justices of the Court of General Sessions of the Peace within the same County shall think fit and order, not exceeding Thirty Pounds per Annum for the County of Suffolk;

and not exceeding Ten Pounds a piece in each of the other Counties within the Province; to be paid out of the Treasury of such County.

# An Act for keeping of Watches in Towns.

E it enacted by his Ercellency the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That from Time to Time, when and so often as a military 5 W. & M. Watch shall not be ordered and appointed to be kept, the Justices of Peace, together with the Select-Men of each Town within this Province; and in fuch Juffices and Towns where no Justice of the Peace dwells, the Select-Men by themselves, are Select Men hereby impowred and authorized to direct and order a fultable Watch or Watches to appoint a to be fet up and kept nightly within fuch Town; from and after nine a Clock Watch to be kept in the Morning, and the Place or Place where kept in in the Evening, until Sun rifing in the Morning, and the Place or Places where Towns, to fet the fame; and also a Ward to be kept everyLord's Day, and other Days, as they shall think to be needful; and to appoint the Numbers whereof such 11 A. ca. 6. Watch and Ward shall confist, and the Time for the beginning and continuance of the same. And the Constable or Constables of the Town, having Orders accordingly given him or them in writing, by the Justices and Select-Men, or the Select-Men only, in fuch Towns where no Justice of Peace dwells, are hereby impowred To be warnand required from Time to Time, to warn fuch Watch and Ward respectively, and to ed by the fee that all Perfons fo warned by them do attend and observe their Duty in that Regard, and to take Care in the warning thereof, that fuch Watch or Ward do not confift of all or the greater Part Youths, but that some ableHousholders, or other fufficientPerfons be joined with them. And the Conftables are hereby enjoined to give in Charge to the Watch to fee that all Diffurbances and Diforders in the Night be prevented or suppressed, and to examine all Persons whom they shall see walking abroad in the Night after ten a Clock, of their Business abroad at such Season, and whither they are going; unless they be known, orderly, and peaceful Perfons; and in Case they give not reasonable Satisfaction therein, or are Persons of ill Behaviour, or justly suspected to have any unlawful Intention or Design, then to secure by Imprisonment or otherwise all such disorderly and suspicious Per-

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### Town Watches.

fons, to be fafely kept until the Morning, and then to carry them before one of the next Juftices of the Peace to be examined and proceeded against according to the Nature of their Offence as so by Law directed. And such Wartermen shell walk the Rounds in and about the principal inhabited Parts within such Town, to prevent any Danger by Fire, and to see that good Orders be kept, taking particular Observation and Inspection of all Houses and Families of evil Fame; and shall strictly observe the Charge to be given them as aforestaid.

Houses of ill Fame to be observed.

Personi liable to watch.

Exception,

and he it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid. That all male Perfons in each Town respectively of the Age of fixteen Years or upwards, bring able of Body, or having Estate sufficient to hire, shall be liable to Watch and Ward either in their own Persons, or by some other sufficient Person or Persons in their Room, when duly warned to attend the same. Except the Members of the Council, Justices of the Peace, Members of the Assembly for the Time being, the President, Fellows and Students at the College, Ministers, Grammar School-Masters, the Sheriff of each County, the chief Commission Officer of each military Company and Troop for the Time being, the Officers of the Governour's Troop of Guards; and Persons living two Miles from the Place where the Guard is kept.

Penalty for not giving their Attendance when warned. And he it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid. That if any Perfons liable to Watch or Ward as aforefaid, being duly warned by the Conftable, or other Perfon by his Appointment, shall refue or neglect to appear, and attend their Duty in that Regard, either by themselves, or some other sufficient Persons in their Stead, and be thereof convicted before a Justice of the Peace, either by the Oath of such Constable, or other sufficient Testimony upon Oath, without a just and reasonable Excuse to be made and given for the same: EveryPerson so offending, shall forseit and pay to the Use of the Poor in such Town, the Sum of free Shillings; and have the said Sum with the Charges of Prosecution levied by Distress and Sale of his or her Goods or Chattels, or otherwise be committed to Prison until the same be paid. And the Constables of each Town are required from Time to Time to observe and perform the Orders that shall be given them as aforesaid; on pain of being fined to the Use of the Poor within such Town, not exceeding forty Shillings.

Provision for keeping a Watch in another Form where it may be judged better.

¡Drouinen nevertheless, and he it turther enacted by the Authority alogerath. That in any Town where the Members of the Council, and the Juftices of the Peace within such Town, together with the Select-Men thereof, or the Select-Men by themselves, where no Member of the Council nor Justice dwells, shall judge that a Watch may be kept in such Town more for the Benefit and Safety thereof in other Manner than is herein before directed, the Inhabitants also agreeing to support the Charge thereof: The Justices in the Court of General Sessions of the Peace within the County where such Town doth lie, upon Application to them made in that Behalf, are hereby impowred and authorized to direct and order the Rule for apportioning and levying of such Sum upon the Inhabitants and Residents in such Town, as shall be granted by the Town for that Purpose, in such Manner as they shall judge most equal and reasonable, by Poll, Essage or both, to be applied accordingly.

CHAP. VIII.

# An Act for Rebuilding the Great Bridge over Charles River in the Town of Cambridge.

Preamble.

HERE AS the Great Bridge over Charles River in the Town of Cambridge, within the County of Middlesex, is of common Use and Advantage to the greatest Part of this Province, considering the publick Benesit of the College; and was at first by a general Contribution of the Counties of Sussider and Middlesex erested: The said Bridge being now gone to Decay: And for as much as

## Cambridge Bridge

the faid Town of Cambridge are not able to Rebuild the fame; and for the En-

couragement to the new building of the faid Bridge:

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of Allowance the fame, That for and towards the Rebuilding and a new Making the out of the Great Bridge aforesaid, there shall be paid out of the publick Treasury of this Residiting Province, the Sum of One Hundred fifty and three Pounds Money, (One Hundred the said and three Pounds, Part of a greater Sum formerly granted by the General Affem- Bridge. bly for the Use aforesaid, not being paid, to be understood and intended to be Part of the aforesaid Sum of One Hundred and fifty three Pounds.)

And further for the Use and End aforesaid:

It is ordained and enacted, That there shall be paid by the County of How the fur-Middlefex, the Sum of Fifty Pounds Money; and by the County of Suffolk, the thereof is to like Sum of Fifty Pounds Money. And for the supplying of what shall be further necessary for the Rebuilding the said Bridge, the Town of Cambridge shall oned. pay two third Parts, and the Town of Newton shall pay one third Part of the Cost and Charges. And the Justices of the Peace for the respective Counties aforefaid, at the next General Sessions of the Peace, shall, and are hereby impowred, authorized and required to affels and collect, the respective Sums aforefaid, in Manner and Form as they affefs and collect other County Charges; and the Select Men of the Towns aforefaid, to affels the Proportions aforefaid, as in other Town Charges.

t .: -

And further for the more effectual accomplishing the Work aforesaid:

It is enacted, That Nathanael Byfield, Eiq; Major James Converse, Capt. Andrew Belcher, Mr. Jonathan Remington, Mr. Thomas Oliver, and Mr. Edward Committee to Jackson, shall be a Committee, who are also hereby impowred to receive out take care aof the publick Treasury, and of the Counties and Towns aforesaid, the ref-bout rebuildpective Sum and Sums in and by this Act granted, and to be affest'd and Bridge. collected as aforefaid; and shall according to the true Intent and Meaning thereof, cause the said Bridge to be forthwith erected and sufficiently Rebuilt; Any Law, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding: And that after How to be the faid Bridge is rebuilt and finished, it shall from Time to Time be repaired and and maintained at the Charge of the faid Towns of Cambridge and Newton, in afterwards. the proportion aforesaid.

#### CHAP. IX.

# An Act in Addition to the Act for regulating of Townships, &c.

ca. 12.

E it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authoughty of the same, That the Freeholders and other Inhabitants of each Town Trea-Town duly qualified to vote in Town Affairs, at the Time of their annual furer to be Meeting, for the choice of Town Officers, shall choose a suitable Person to be annually Treasurer for such Town; who shall be sworn before a Justice of the Peace, chosen. to the true and faithful Discharge of his Trust; who is hereby impowred to administer the said Oath. And such Treasurer shall, and hereby is impowred to demand and receive all Debts, Rents and Dues belonging or owing to fuch
Town, or the Poor thereof; and to fue for and recover the fame by due Process in the Law; and shall pay out such Monies, according to Order from the Select-Men, or Overfeers of the Poor; purfuant to fuch Instructions as they shall receive from the Town: And every such Treasurer shall annually make and To Accomptender a true. Account to the Town of all his Receipts and Payments: And shall have fuch Allowance for his Service, as shall be agreed and ordered by the Town.

ACTS

#### Militia to be in a Readinels.

# Acts and Laws.

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of the Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston the thirty first Day of May 1 6 9 9. And continued by feveral Prorogations until Wednefday the thirteenth of March following, and then Sat.

#### CHAP. I.

# An A& for putting the Militia of this Province into a Readiness for Defence of the fame.

Ca. 8.

7 HEREAS by the Law of this Province, it is already provided, " That in " Case of Alarms made either from a Sea-Port Town, or other Town, " lyingFrontier to, or in Danger of an Enemy; the Captain or Captains " of the adjacent Towns shall forthwith go or fend such Relief as they shall judge " meet for the Offence of the Enemy, and Defence of themselves, &c." for as much as the Occasion may be such and so sudden, as it may be necessary to call together, Arms, Array, and put into a Posture for War the whole Militia and Forces of one or more Regiments, for the Defence of the Province, and his Majesty's Subjects therein, in Case of Invasion or near Approach of an Enemy, before the Notices thereof can reach the Captain General or Commander in Chief, to have Direstions or Orders from bim for the same :

Preamble.

nour, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Persons commissioned by the Captain General or Commander in Chief of this Province, for the Time being, to bear Office in any military Company or Troop within the same, be, and hereby are impowred and authorized by virtue of fuch Commission, when and as Occasion shall require, in the Cases and to the Intents and Purposes above said, to Arm, Array and Weapon the Company or Troop respectively under their Command, or Part of them; and by Force of Arms, to encounter, repel, purfue, kill and destroy any that shall appear in hostile Manner to attempt or enterprize the Destruction, Invasion, De-

Be it therefore enacted and declared by his Excellency the Gover-

Officers impowred, by Force of Arms to encounter any hoftile Enterprize.

Military

Commission

or Plantations within this Province. And that such Officer or Officers so taking to Arms, shall forthwith dispatch Notice to his or their superiour Officer of his or their Motion and the Occasion thereof, and observe such Commands and Orders as he or they shall receive from him.

triment or Annoyance of any of his Majesty's Subjects, Forts, Garrisons, Towns

and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That the Colonel or chief Officer of each Regiment be, and hereby is impowred and authorized, as Occasion shall require, in any of the Cases, and to the Intents before-mentioned from Time to Time, to affemble in martial Array, and put into warlike Posture the whole Militia of the Regiment under his Command, or fuch Part of them as he shall think needful, upon any Alarm, Invasion, or Notice of the Appearance of an Enemy by Sea or Land: And the Regiment, Companies or Troops fo armed, arrayed, and put into warlike Posture, or Part of them, to lead, conduct and employ; or to appoint some other fit Person by writing under his Hand to lead, conduct and employ them as well within the Regiment and County whereto they belong, as into any other adjacent County or Place within this Province, for the affifting, fuccouring and relieving any of his Majesty's Sub-1 ects, Forts, Garrisons, Towns or Places, that shall be assaulted by an Enemy, or

Colonel or chief Officer of any Regimenr, his Power.

#### Deferters.

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in Danger thereof; and with fuch Party, Companies or Troops, by Force of Arms, to encounter, repel, purfue, kill and destroy such Enemy, or any of them, by all fitting Ways, Enterprifes and Means whatfoever. And the Colonel or chief Officer of fuch Regiment fo taking to Arms, or fending forth any Party To Post away of Men, shall forthwith Post away the Intelligence and Occasion thereof unto Intelligence the Captain General or the Commander in Chief for the Time being; and shall General, &c. attend and observe such Directions and Orders as he shall receive from him. And in Case it happen the Colonel or chief Officer of any Regiment be out of The like the Limits or Precincts of the Regiment, for which he is or shall be commissi- Power given onated, at the Time of any Invasion, Artack or Appearance of an Enemy; or to the next Officer, in Commission Officer then within the Regiment, shall have, use and exercise the Case of the fame Powers and Authorities herein before granted, until the return of the Co- Abience of lonel, or other superiour Officer. And such Officer so acting shall Post away the chief Offi-the Intelligence thereof, with the Occasion for the same, as a foresaid, super the the Intelligence thereof, with the Occasion for the same, as aforesaid, unto the Captain General, or the Commander in Chief for the Time being; and shall attend and observe such Directions and Orders as he shall receive from the Captain General or Commander in Chief therein.

And for the better preventing of false Alarms by disorderly shooting off Guns in the Night :

Be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That no Person or Persons whatsoever in any Town or Garrison, shall, during the Time of War, or of keeping a military Watch in fuch Town or Garrison, presume to discharge Penalty for or thoot off any Gun or Guns after the Sun's fetting, or before the Sun's rifing; fhooting of unlefs in Cafe of Alarm; approach of an Enemy, or other necessary Defence: Sun after on pain that every Person so offending, and being thereof convicted before one before Sun or more of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace, shall forfeit and pay the Sunnor rising. twenty Shillings for each Gun fo discharged; one Moiety thereof to and for the Use of the Poor of the Town where the Offence shall be committed, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall inform or prosecute for the same. And if fuch Offender shall not have wherewith to answer the faidFine; or shall refuse or neglect to pay the same, then he shall be set in the Stocks, not exceeding two Hours Time.

And in Case any Person so offending be belonging to any Garrison or Forces in actual Service, and borne in His Majesty's Pay, he shall be punished at the Discretion of a Court martial; or the Commission Officers of the Garrison, Company, or Troop whereto he belongs, by putting into the Bilboes, laying Neck

and Heels, or riding of the wooden Horse.

#### CHAP. II.

# An Act against Deserters.

OR the better preventing of Soldiers or Mariners Departure from their Captains or Commanders without Leave, or deferting His Majesty's Service :

Preamble.

Be it enacted and declared by his Excellency the Governour, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Council and Representatives, in General Court affembled, and by the Authority of the penalty for fame, That no Soldier or Mariner retained in his Majesty's Service, and deterring his borne in his Majesty's Pay in Garrison, or elsewhere, by Sea or Land, shall Majesty's Service. depart without Licence of his Commander, and defert his Majesty's Service; on vice. pain of being proceeded against as a Felon; and shall suffer the Pains of Death, or some other grievous Punishment, at the Discretion of the Court before whom the Trial shall be.

## Buildings in Boston.

How Deferors fhall be tried.

And every Justice of the Peace within his Precinct, is hereby authorized and required to cause all such Deferters or Run-away Soldiers or Mariners, which he shall know or be informed of, to be apprehended and secured, in order to a Trial at the next Assizes to be holden for the same County where they shall be taken; or at the Court of Over and Terminer by Commissioners to be specially appointed and impowred for that Purpose.

CHAP. III.

# An Act in addition to the Act for building with Stone or Brick in the Town of Boston, and preventing Fire.

4 W. & M. Ca. I.

Preamble.

RORAS MUCH as notwithstanding the good and wholsome Provision made and established by the said Ast. Entitled Dr. A. G. Committee or Brick in the Town of Boston, and preventing Fire, past in the fourth Year of the Reign of his present Majesty, and of the late Queen MARY, his Royal Consort, of happy Memory; divers Persons the Penalty in the said Act not regarding, have been so bardy as to erest and build Houses, Tenements, and Edifices of Timber, contrary to the express Probibition, true Intent and Meaning of the said Law. And for as much as the demolishing of such Houses and Buildings (being now finished) and proceeding according to the Directions of the said Law, would probably be thought over great Severity: Yet that such bold and open Contempt may not pass wholly unpunished; and to the Intent that others may be deterred from doing the like for the future :

Penalty on fuch as have built with Timber con-

Be it enacted by his Ercellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court allembled, and by the Authozity of the same, That the Court of General Sessions of the Peace within the County of Suffolk, be and is hereby impowred and required to take trary to Law. effectual Order for the enquiring after and conventing before them, all Persons that have so transgressed as aforesaid, in having presumed to erect, or that have caused to be erected, and set up within the Town of Boston aforesaid, any House, Edifice or Building of Timber; or of Brick or Stone, and not covered the fame with Slate or Tyle, contrary to the aforerecited Act, and the true Intent and Meaning thereof; not having had and obtained Licence from the Governour and Council, for his or their fo doing: or that have not observed and performed the Terms or Conditions of fuch Licence; and upon due Conviction of any fuch Offence, to fine every fuch Person and Persons, at the Discretion of the said Court. according to the Circumstances aggravating the Offence, with Respect to the Place where fuch House or Building is erected, or otherwise; not exceeding the Sum of Fifty Pounds, for one Offence, which shall excuse them from any further Pe-Fines how to nalty of the Law. All fuch Fines to be applied towards the raising of a Stock for fetting of the Poor on Work within the faid Town, at the Work-House, for

be applied.

that Purpose appointed or to be appointed. And the Grand Jury for the faid County from Time to Time, are required diligently to inquire after, and to present unto the Court all Transgressions of the Law in that Kind, which shall come to their Knowledge.

Grand Jury to inquire and refent fuch Transgrelli-

and Council

may grant

Licence to build with

Timber.

And in as much as it may be of no apparent Hazard unto the said Town, and for the Ease and Benefit of divers Inhabitants and Proprietors within the same, that in some Parts of the said Town of Boston, Timber Buildings should be permitted

and allowed to be erected : Governour

Be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Justices of Peace, and the Select-Men of the faid Town of Boston, or the major Part of each, certifying their Approbation thereof, the Governour and Council may grant Licence for the fetting up of Timber Houses and Buildings; with and under such Conditions, Limitations and Restrictions for the enclosing and covering thereof as they shall think fit: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding. ACTS

# Jesuits and Popilly Priests.

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# Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, on Wednesday the twenty-ninth Day of May, 1700.

CHAP. IV.

# An Act against Jesuits and Popish Priests.

HEREAS divers Jesuits, Priests and popish Missionaries have of Preamble. late come, and for some Time have had their Residence in the remote Parts of this Province, and other His Majesty's Territories near adjacent; who by their subtle Infinuations, industriously labour to debauch, seduce and withdraw the Indians from their due Obedience unto His Majesty; and to excite and stir them up to Sedition, Rebellion and open Hostility against His Majesty's Government :

For Prevention whereof:

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and it is enasted by the authority of the same, That all and every Jesuit, seminary Priest, Missionary, Se. to depart or other spiritual or ecclesiastical Person made or ordained by any Authority, the Province Power or Jurisdiction derived, challenged or pretended from the Pope or See of by the 10th Rome, now refiding within this Province, or any Part thereof; shall depart from of September. and out of the same, at or before the tenth Day of September next, in this prefent Year, One Thousand and seven Hundred.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Jefuit, feminary Prieft, Miffionary, or other spiritual or ecclessastical PerJesuits or fon, made or ordained by any Authority, Power or Jurisdiction, derived, challenged or pretended from the Pope or See of Rome; or that shall profess him- that shall refelf, or otherwise appear to be such by practising and teaching of others to say main or any popish Prayers, by celebrating Masses, granting of Absolutions, or using any this Province other of the Romish Ceremonies and Rites of Worship, by or of what Name, after the 10th Title or Degree foever fuch Person shall be called or known; who shall conti- of September nue, abide, remain, or come into this Province, or any Part thereof, after the 1700. tenth Day of September aforefaid; shall be deemed and accounted an Incendiary, and Difturber of the publick Peace and Safety, and an Enemy to the true Christian Religion, and shall be adjudged to suffer perpetual Imprisonment: And if any Person being so sentenced and actually imprisoned, shall break Prison

and make his Escape, and be afterwards re-taken, he shall be punished with Death.

And sutther it is enacted, That every Person who shall wittingly and Penalty for willingly, receive, relieve, harbour, conceal, aid or fuccour, any Jesuit, Priest, harbouring Miffionary, or other ecclefiaftical Perfon of the Romifh Clergy, knowing him to any Icluit or be fuch, shall be fined two Hundred Pounds; one Moiety thereof to be unto His Priest. Majesty, for and towards the Support of the Government of this Province, and the other Moiety to the Informer; and fuch Person shall be further punished by being set in the Pillory on three several Days, and also be bound to the good Behaviour, at the Discretion of the Court.

And be it also enacted. That every Offence to be committed or done a gainft the Tenor of this Act, shall and may be inquired of, heard and deter againft this Act, shall be mined in the Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery, or before Commissio-inquired of ners of Oyer and Terminer and Goal Delivery, specially to be appointed to fit and determieither within the County where the Offence is committed, or where the Offender ned. is apprehended or taken; or in any other County within the Province: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

### Prisons.

Justices of the Peace to apprehend Persons fulpected to be Jefnits or Priefts.

and further be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That it shall and may be lawful to and for every Justice of the Peace, to cause any Person or Perfons suspected of being a Jesuit, seminary Priest, or of the Romish Clergy, to be apprehended and convented before himself, or some other of His Majesty's Justices. And if such Person do not give a satisfactory Account of himself, he shall be committed to Prison, in order to a Trial.

Any Person without a Warrant may apprehend any Jefuit or

Also it shall and may be lawful to and for any Person or Persons to apprehend without a Warrant, any Jesuit, seminary Priest, or other of the Romish Clergy as aforefaid, and to convent him before the Governour, or any two of the Council, to be examined and imprisoned, in order to a Trial; unless he give a fatisfactory Account of himself.

Reward.

And as it will be esteemed and accepted as a good Service done for the King, by the Person who shall seize and apprehend any Jesuit, Priest, Missionary, or Romish Ecclesiastic as aforesaid; so the Governour with the Advice and Confent of the Council, may fuitably reward him as they shall think fit.

Saving for any of the Romish Clergy that fhall be Ship-wreck'd, &c.

Provided, This Act shall not extend or be construed to extend unto any of the RomishClergy which shall happen to beShipwreck'd; or through otherAdversity shall be cast on Shoar, or driven into this Province; so as he continue or abide no longer within the same than until he may haveOpportunity of Passage for his Departure; fo also as such Person immediately upon his arrival shall forthwith attend the Governour, if near to the Place of his Refidence, or otherwife on one or more of the Council, or next Justices of the Peace, and acquaint them with his Circumstances, and observe the Directions which they shall give him, during his stay in the Province.

#### CHAP. V.

# An Act for the regulating of Prisons, and to prevent Escapes.

Prifon Keep. ers to return a Lift of their Prisoners.

E it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and it is enacted by the Authority of the same, That every Goaler or Keeper of the King's Prisons within the several Counties in this Province, at the opening of the Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery, Court of Oyer and Terminer; and Court of General Seffions of the Peace, respectively to be holden within fuch County from Time to Time, shall return a List and certify unto fuch Court the Names of all Prisoners then in his Custody, with the Cause of their Commitment : And also the Names of all other Prisoners that shall be committed unto him during the fitting of any fuch Court; whereby the Justices of the faid Courts respectively may take Cognizance thereof: and as well for the King as for the Parties, may proceed to make Deliverance of fuch Prifoners according to Law, for the Crimes proper to the Jurisdiction of such Court; on Pain that every Goaler or Prison-Keeper for each Default by him made in that Respect, shall forfeit such Sum as shall be set upon him, by the Justices of the Court, not exceeding ten Pounds.

Prison Breach or Flight to

Be it further enacted by the authority aforefair, That whofoever breaketh Prison, or shall make his escape from an Officer, after his being arbe accounted rested or imprisoned for any Crime, his Breach of Prison or Flight, shall be one Evidence, accounted and esteemed in the Law one Evidence to convict him of the Crime wherewith he stands charged in the Warrant for his Apprehension or Commitment.

And

And if any Person whatsoever, shall directly or indirectly by any Ways or Penalty on And it any renon whatloever, man directly or indirectly by any Ways of Person that Means howfoever convey any Instrument, Tool or other Thing whatsoever, to thall some any Prisoner, or into the Prison, whereby such Prisoner or any other Prisoner any Instrueither may or might break Prison, or work him or her felf unlawfully out of the ment or Tool fame; every Person so offending, and being thereof convicted, shall forfeit and into the Pripay fuch Fine, as by the Discretion of the Court shall be imposed and set upon son. fuch Offender, according to the Nature of the Cause of the Prisoners Commitment, not exceeding Twenty Pounds; or fuffer corporal Punishment by whip-

ping not exceeding twenty Stripes.

And if it happen any Prisoner or Prisoners do make his or their Escape by Further Pe-Means of any Instrument, Tool or other Thing conveyed as aforesaid, the Per-nalty in case fon or Persons conveying the same, shall be fined, not exceeding Five Hundred any Prisoner Pounds; or be corporally punished by whipping, not exceeding thirty nine by Means of Stripes, and find Sureties for the good Behaviour, during the space of one Year, ment & de at the Difcretion of the Court, according to the Nature of the Crime or Crimes escape. wherewith the Prisoner or Prisoners stood charged in their Mittimus's, or Warrants of Commitment, and other Circumstances aggravating the Offence. And if any Prisoner or Prisoners so escaping, shall stand convict of any capital Crime, the Person or Persons assisting or furthering their Escape as aforesaid, over and above their being fined or corporally punished as before is directed, and bound to the Behaviour; shall also be stigmatized or burned in the Forehead or on the Cheek, with a hot Iron of the Figure of the Letter B.

and further it is enacted by the authority aforelaid, That if the Prifo- Escape of ner or Prisoners so escaping were imprisoned for Debt, the Person or Persons assist- Prisoners for ing and furthering their Escape as aforesaid, shall be liable to pay the full Debt. owing to the Creditor or Creditors, at whose Suit such Prisoner or Prisoners stood committed; to be recovered by Action or Actions, upon the Case therefore to be brought against the Person or Persons, so offending as aforesaid, who shall also be fined or corporally punished as aforesaid, at the Discretion of the Court. not exceeding the Fine or Punishment before-mentioned.

And be it further enacted. That every Goaler or Prison-Keeper that shall penalty on voluntarily suffer any Prisoner or Prisoners committed to his Custody to escape the Goaler for upon dueConviction thereof, shall undergo and suffer the likePains and Penalties as a voluntary the Prisoner or Prisoners so escaping should by Law for the Crime or Crimes where-escape. with he or they stood charged by the Warrant or Warrants of Commitment,

if the Prisoner or Prisoners had thereof been convict.

Provided, That if any Person assisting and furthering the escape of any Prisoner in Manner as aforesaid, or if the Keeper of the Prison that shall volun- Provisor tarily fuffer to escape as aforesaid, shall by any Ways or Means recover any Prifoner or Prisoners so escaping, and return them back to Prison again before Prosecution had, and Judgment entred up against such Person or Prison-Keeper for fuch Escape, (which shall not be until fix Months past next after the Escape,) in fuch Case the Person or Prison-Keeper so offending shall be liable to no further Punishment than to pay such Fine as the Court that shall have Cognizance thereof, in their Discretion shall think fit to set upon him, according as the Offence may be aggravated by the Circumstances attending the same, and the Degree of the Crime wherewith the Prisoner stands charged.

And in Case the escape of any Prisoner happen thro' the Negligence of the For a negli-Goaler or Prison-Keeper, he shall pay such Fine as the Justices of the Court in gent escape. their Discretion before whom the Prosecution shall be, shall impose and set upon him according to the Nature or Degree of the Offence, for which the Prisoner escaping was taken and imprisoned. And if the Prisoner so escaping were imprisoned for Debt, the Prison-Keeper shall be answerable to the Creditor for the

full Debt, and he shall have his Remedy against the Prisoner.

All Fines and Forfeitures arifing by Virtue of this Act, shall be applied to Fines and Forand for the repairing, maintaining and upholding of the Prison within the County feitures how where the Offence shall be committed; and be paid in to the County Treasurer to be applied. to be employed accordingly, and not otherwise.

Q 2

and

#### Cozoner.

Elcape of Debtors thro' defect of the Prifons to be the County.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That where the escape of any Prisoner or Prisoners for Debt shall happen through the Defect or Insufficiency of any Prison, from and after the twenty fifth Day of March answered by next, in the Year one Thousand sevenHundred and one, the County shall make good fuch Debt as the Prifoners fo escaping did justly owe unto the Creditor or Creditors, at whose Suit he was imprisoned, and the County shall have their Remedy against the Prisoner.

Prisons to be erected in each Shire or County Town.

And further it is enacted. That there be fufficient Prisons forthwith provided within the feveral Counties, and from Time to Time kept fo. And that the faid Prisons be erected and maintained in the Shire, or County Town of each County respectively, and in such other Towns as the Court of General Sessions shall see needful. And the Court of General Sessions of the Peace holden in the feveral Counties, are to give effectual Order thereabout: AnyLaw, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

#### CHAP. VI.

# An Act relating unto the Office and Duty of a Coroner.

Coroners to take Inquests on dead Bo-

E it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authoutty of the same, That every Coroner within the County for which he is appointed, shall be, and hereby is impowred to take Inquests of Felonies, and other violent and casual Deaths committed, or happing within his Precinct. And before he undertake the Execution of his faid Office, shall take the fol-

To be Sworn.

lowing Oath for his due and faithful Performance thereof, before the Governour, Lieutenant Governour, or any two or more of the Council; or fuch other Perfon or Persons as shall be thereto appointed by the Governour: That is to fav :

Coroners Oath.

OU Swcar, I hat well and truly you shall serve Our SovereignLord the King, in the Office of a Coroner, and as One of His Majesty's Coroners of the County of S. And therein you shall truly and diligently do and accomplish all and every Thing and Things appertaining to your Office, after the best of your Cunning, Wit and Power, for the Profit and Good of the Inhabitants within the faid County; taking fuch Fees as you ought to take by Law, and not otherwise. So help you GOD.

Coroner to make out Warrants for Jurors.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That when and fo foon as any Coroner shall be certified of the dead Body of any Person supposed to have come to a violent and untimely Death, found or lying within his County or Precinct; he shall make out his Warrant directed unto the Constables of the same Town where such dead Body lies, or of three or four of the next adjacent Towns, (if need be) requiring them forthwith to Summon a Jury of good and lawful Men of the same Town, or such Number as shall be sufficient, with those fent for from the neighbouring Towns to make up eighteen in all, to appear before him at the Time and Place in the said Warrant express'd, which Warrant shall be made in this Form, viz.

Suffolk II. To the Constables of B. or to any or either of them. Greeting.

Form of the Warrant.

Hese are in His Majesty's Name to require you immediately upon the Receipt and Sight hereof, to summon and warn good and lawful Men of the said Town, to be and appear before me, one of the Coroners of the said County of S. House or Place within the faid Town of B. betwint the Hours of of the Clock in the noon of this present Day of and there to inquire upon the View of the Body of a certain Person there lying dead,

bow and in what Manner he came to his Death: Fail not herein at your Peril, as you will answer the contrary. Given under my Hand and Seal at B. In the Year of Our Lord And in the Year of His

Majesty's Reign.

By me W. G. one of the Coroners of the County abovefaid.

And every Constable unto whom any such Warrant shall come, shall forth-execute the with execute the fame, and repair unto the Place at the Time therein mentioned, Coroners Warrant, and make Return of the Warrant, with his Doings therein, unto the Coroner that granted the fame.

And every Constable failing of performing his Duty by such Warrant required Penalty for of him, or returning the fame as aforefaid, shall forfeit the Sum of forty Shillings. Also every Person summoned and warned to be a Juror, failing to appear accordingly, shall also forfeit the Sum of forty Shillings; without a reaso- Penalty for nable Excuse for the same be made unto, and allowed of by the Coroner. The Jurors deaforesaid several Fines or Forfeitures to be to and for the defreying of the Char-fault. ges arifing and happing within the same County; and towards the defreying the necessary Charges of the Coroner and Jurors: To be recovered by Action, be applied. Bill, Plaint or Information therefore to be brought by the Coroner in any of his Majesty's Courts of Record.

And the Coroner shall swear fourteen, or more of the Jurors that appear; and give the Foreman (to be by him appointed) his Oath upon View of the Body, in this Form. That is to fay:

TOU shall diligently inquire, and true Presentment make, on the Behalf of our Jurors Oath. Sovereign Lord the King ; bow and in what Manner A.B. bere lying dead, came to his Death: And you shall deliver up to me his Majesty's Coroner, a true Verdiet thereof, according to such Evidence as shall be given to you, and according So help you GOD. to your Knowledge.

And then shall swear the rest of the Jurors, by three or four at once, in this Form, viz.

LL such Oath as L. M. the Foreman of this Inquest for his Part hath taken. you and every one of you shall well and truly observe and keep on your Parts. So help you GOD.

The Jury being fworn, the Coroner shall give them a Charge upon their Coronere Oaths, to declare of the Death of the Person; Whether he died of Felony, or Charge to the by Mifchance and Accident? And if of Felony, Whether of his own or of Juroranother's? And if by Mifchance or Misfortune, Whether by the Act of God, or of Man? And if he died of another's Felony, Who were Principals, and who Accessaries? Who threatned him of his Life or Members? With what Instrument he was struck or wounded? And so of all prevailing Circumstances that can come by Prefumption.

And if by Mischance or Accident, by the Act of God or Man, whether by hurt, fall, ftroke, drowning or otherwife; to inquire of the Persons that were present, the Finders of the Body, his Relations or Neighbours; Whether he was kill'd in the same Place, or elsewhere? And if elsewhere, By whom, and how he was thence brought? And of all other Circumstances.

And if he died of his own Felony, then to inquire of the Manner, Means

or Instrument; and Circumstances concurring.

After the Jury being charged, they must stand together, and let Proclama- Proclamation tion be made for any that can give Evidence to draw near, and they shall be to be made. heard.

And every Coroner is hereby further impowred, to fend out his Warrant for Warrant to Witnesses; commanding them to come to be examined before him, and to be sent out declare their Knowledge concerning the Matter in Question: And to administer for Winnesses, an Oath unto the Witnesses in this Form. That is to fay:

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#### Cozoner.

Witnesses

A LL fuch Evidence as you shall give to this Inquest, concerning the Death of A. B. bere lying dead, shall be the Truth, the whole Truth, and nothing but the Truth. So help you GOD.

Witnesses to be bound over. The Examination of fuch Witneffes to be taken in writing under their Hands. And if they relate to the Trial of any Person concerning the Death of the Party found dead, then shall the Coroner bind over such Witnesses by Recognizance, in a reasonable Sum; not less than Twenty Pounds a Piece, personally to appear at the next Affizes, or Court of Oyer and Terminer and Goal Delivery, to be holden within the same County; then and there to testify their Knowledge concerning the Death of the said A. B.

And the Jury having viewed the Body, heard the Evidence, and made what Inquiry they can into the Manner and Causes of the Death of the Person, they shall draw up and deliver unto the Coroner their Verdict thereupon in writing, under their Seals, in Manner following; which shall pass by Indenture inter-

changeably, betwixt the Coroner and the Jury. That is to fay:

Inquificion.

Suffolk f. N Inquisition Indented, taken at B. within the faid County of S. Day of Year of the the in the by the Grace of God, of England, Reign of Our Sovereign Lord Scotland, France and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, &c. Before T.E.Gent. one of the Coroners of Our faid Lord the King, within the County of S. aforefaid; upon view of the Body of A. B. of B. aforesaid then and there being dead, by the Oaths of I. W. R. W. H. P. T. A. S. B. I. K. L. S. E. H. R. G. P. D. C. M. S. O. G. B. and N. S. good and lawful Men of B. aforewithin the County aforefaid; who being charged and fworn to faid inquire for Our faid Lord the King, when, and by what Means, and how the faid A. B. came to his Death. Upon their Oaths do fay, &c.

Then infert, How, Where, at what Time, by what Means, with what Instrument, and in what Manner, the Party was kill'd, or came by his Death.

And if it appear the Person to have been kill d and murthered by another that is known, the Inquisition must be concluded after this Manner, viz.

And so the Jurors aforesaid, upon their Oaths aforesaid, say, That the aforesaid R. S. in Manner and Form aforesaid, the aforesaid A. B. then and there feloniously did Kill and Murder against the Peace of Our Sovereign Lord the King, his Crown and Dignity.

If it appear to be Self-Murder, the Inquisition must conclude after this Manner,

And fo the Jurors aforefaid fay upon their Oaths, That the faid A. B. in Manner and Form aforefaid, then and there voluntarily and feloniously, as a Felon of himfelf, did Kill and Murder himfelf, against the Peace of Our Sovereign Lord the King, his Crown and Dignity.

If it appear the Person to be slain by Misfortune, the Inquisition must conclude after this Manner, viz.

And so the Jurors aforesaid say upon their Oaths, That the aforesaid A. B. in Manner and Form aforesaid, was killed, or came to his Death by Missfortune.

If by the Hands or Means of any other Person; thus, viz.

The aforefaid R. F. the aforefaid A. B. by Misfortune and contrary to his
Will, in Manner and Form aforefaid, did kill and slay. In Witness whereof, as
well I the Coroner aforefaid, as the Jurors aforefaid, to this Inquisition have interchangeably put our Hands and Seals, the Day and Year abovesaid.

And the Coroner shall make Return of all such Inquisitions taken beforehim, unto the Justices of Assize, Oyer and Terminer and Goal Delivery.

Alfo

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Also upon any Verdict found of the Death of a Person by the Felony or Misfortune of another, shall speedily inform one or more of the next Justices of the Peace thereof; to the Inent, that fuch Person killing, or being any ways Instrumental to the Death of another, may be apprehended, examined and secured

in order to a Trial.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That over and above the Fee already allowed by Law, the Coroner shall be allowed the Sum of ten Fees. Shillings per Diem for his Travel and Expences, upon every Inquisition by him. taken; and every Juror attending the faid Service, shall be allowed two Sbillings. per Diem; which Allowances shall be paid out of the Estate of the dead Person, or by the Parent or Mafter where any Apprentice or Child, under Age shall happen to be kill'd: And in want thereof to be paid by the County Treasurer out of the Treasury of such County; upon Representation thereof made by the Coroner to the Quarter Sessions.

And every Coroner within the County for which he is appointed, shall be, and Coroners to hereby is impowered to ferve and execute all Writs and Processes directed unto terre Writs, him, against the Sheriff or Marshal of the same County: And to return Jurors de Talibus Circumstantibus, where Need shall be, to fill up the Jury or Juries, in 3 G ca. 8.1 all Causes wherein the Sheriff or Marshal is concerned; or related to either of 12 G ca. 4. the Parties in any Cause: And shall have the like Fee for serving of Writs in

civil Causes, as is allowed by Law unto the Sheriff.

#### CHAP. VII.

# An A& providing for Posthumus Children.

ORASMUCH as it often happens, that Children are not born till after the Presmble.

Death of their Pathers: and allo have no Providen souls for their Pathers. Death of their Fathers; and also have no Provision made for them in their

Wills :

In Fi Ld wit

Be it therefore enacted by his Ercellency the Governour, Council Posthumus and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Autho: Children to titp of the fame, That as often as any Child shall happen be born after the portion, er. Death of the Father, without having any Provision made in his Will, every such Posthumus Child shall have Right and Interest in the Estate of his or her Father, See Resolve in like Manner as if he had died Intestate; and the same shall accordingly at the end of be affigned and fet out as the Law directs for the Distribution of the Estates of this Act.

Intestates. And whereas through the Anguish of the deceased Testator; or through his sollicitous Intention though in Health; or through the Overfight of the Scribe, some of the Testator's Children are omitted, and not mentioned in the Will; many Children also being born after the making of the Will, though in the Life-time of their Parents:

The it therefore enacted by the authority aforefaits, That any Child And fuch as or Children, not having a Legacy given them in the Will of their Father, or gave given gave given the control of the con Mother; every fuch Child shall have a Proportion of the Estate of their Pa-them. rents given and fet out unto them as the Law directs for the Distribution of the

Estates of Intestates. Provided, Such Child or Children have not had an equal Proportion of his Estate bestowed on them by the Father in his Life time.

And whereas it sometimes happens, that a Man having formerly made his Will, doth afterwards marry a Wife, and then dies; and the Will comes to be proved, to the Injury of Such Wife:

In all foch Cases the Widow shall have such Proportion of her late Husband's Widows nor Estate assigned her, as if he had died Intestate; as the Law directs for the Districed, by Wills bution of the Estates of Intestates: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the commande before trary notwithstanding.

Provided, That nothing in this Law shall extend to any Estate disposed of by Will, already fettled.

## Insolvent Estates.

[At a Great and General Court begun and held at Boston on the 28th Day of May 1718. A Question being moved upon the second Section or Paragraph in the AF providing for Posthumus Children, and such as have no Legacy given them by Will; made in the Twelfth Year of King WILLIAM, viz. [Whether the said AF doth as well extend to the Grand-Children, in Case of the Death of the Father or Mother, as to the Child himself, if living?]

Resolved in the Affirmative, and that the Law is so to be understood and practiced:

Any Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding. ]

#### CHAP. VIII.

# An Act in Addition to the Act for the equal Distribution of Insolvent Estates.

7 HEREAS in and by the Act Intitled, An Act for the equal Diffribution of Infolvent Estates, made and pass'd in the eighth Year of bis present Majesty's Reign: Amongst other Things therein contained; It 8 W. ca. 2. is enacted, " That every Judge of Probate of Wills and granting Admiraof strations, within the respective Counties, be and thereby is fully authorized " and impowred to call before him, and to require and administer an Oath " unto any Person or Persons, probably suspected by any Executor or Admi-" niftrator, to have concealed, imbezeled or conveyed away any of the Money, "Goods or Chattels left by the Testator or Intestate, for the discovery of the " fame: And in Case any such suspected Person was betrusted by the Person " deceased, attended upon, or was otherwise conversant with or near unto him " in the time of Sickness, or left in Possession of the Estate, whereby to strengthen " and make the Suspicion more violent; and shall refuse to clear and acquit " him or her felf upon Oath; it shall and may be lawful for, and the Judge is " impowred to commit fuch Person so refusing to Swear, unto the Goal of the " County; there to remain until he or fhe shall comply to discharge him or " herfelf upon Oath as aforefaid; or be releafed by Confent of the Executor of " Administrator.

And whereas it has been observed, That sometimes Executors or Administrators have neglested their Duty, or been too savourable in not complaining of Persons of whom there has been just Suspicion of making Concealments, Imbezelments, or conveying away Part of the Estate belonging to their Testator or Intestate; whereby great Wrong and Injury has ensued:

For Remedy whereof:

Be it enacted by his Ercellence the Sovernour, Council and Repretentations in Seneral Court aftermiled, and by the Authority of the fame, That every Judge of Probate, be, and hereby is alike impowred, to call before him, and to require and administer an Oath unto any Person or Persons, probably suspected of making any Concealment, Imbezelment, or conveying away any of the Monies, Goods or Chattels, of any Person deceased, as well upon the Complaint of any Heir, Creditor, Legatary, or other Person having lawful Right or Claim to or in such Estate; as of the Executor or Administrator. And in Case the Party suspected (such Suspicion being strengthned, and made more violent for any of the Causes before mentioned) shall result to discharge him or her self upon Oath, then to proceed against them by Imprisonment, as the afore-recited Act directs.

Saving to any Person aggrieved, the Liberty of an Appeal from any such Sentence, to the Governour and Council; the Appellant giving Security to profecute such Appeal with Effect, in Manner as is by Law directed.

All Perfons interested may complain of Imhezelment.

Saving.

# Exportation of Leather.

Indians.

#### CHAP. IX.

An Act prohibiting the Exportation of Raw Hides, Upper-Leather, and Tann'd Calve-Skins, from out of this Province, other than for England.

HERE AS the frequent shipping out of this Province, Raw Hides, Upper-Preamble. Leather, and Tann'd Calve Skins for Holland and other Places, bathbeen much to the Damage of this Province; not only by Reason of the choicest of the said Hides, and Upper-Leather going off, but the great Quantities ; that many Times

the Necessity of the Province cannot be supplied:

Be it enacted by the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from henceforth no Raw Hides, Upper Leather, or tann'd Calve-Skins, be laden To give Bond on Board any Ship or Vessel, before the Master give Bond to the Commissioner to Land in for Impost or Receiver for the Time being, to the Value of FiveHundredPounds. Ergland, ... with fufficient Surety; that the fame shall be by the faid Ship or Vessel carried for England, Wales, Port or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and no other Place; and be there landed, and put on Shore; (the Danger of the Seas only excepted) And if Hides otherand shall in eighteen Months Time return a Certificate of the fame. any shall presume to lade on Board any Ship or Vessel, any Raw Hides, Upper-wise laden to Leather, or tann'd Calve-Skins, before Bond be given as aforefaid, he shall for- be forteited. feit the fame; and the Master of the Vessel shall forfeit the Value of all such Raw Hides, Leather or tann'd Calve-Skins, that he shall know to be on Board fuch Veffel.

And if any Ship or Vessel, shall carry from out of this Province, any Raw Master know-Hides, Upper-Leather, or tann'd Calve-Skins, before Bond given as aforesaid, ing of it, to or any Seizure be made; every Mafter of fuch Veffel knowing thereof, shall the Value. forfeit and pay double the Value of the same; and the Shipper double the Value of what shall be so shipped.

Provided, That Information, Suit or Profecution for the fame, be had and made within the space of eighteen Months next after the Offence committed,

and not afterwards.

The afore-mentioned feveral Forfeitures, to be recovered by Action, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of HisMajesty's Courts of Record within this Province; and to be employed and disposed of, one Half thereof for and towards the Support of His Majesty's Government within the same; and the other

Half to him or them that shall inform and fue for the same.

And it shall and may be lawful to and for every Justice of the Peace, upon Information given of any Raw Hides, Upper-Leather, or tann'd Calve Skins, laden or put on Board any Ship or Veffel, and Bond not given as aforefaid; to iffue out his Warrant under his Hand and Seal, directed to the Water Bailiff, or to the Sheriff, or his Deputy or Conftable; requiring them respectively to make Seisure of any fuch Raw Hides, Upper-Leather, or tann'd Calve Skins, ship'd as aforefaid, and to fecure them in order to Trial; who are hereby respectively impowered and required to execute fuch Warrant.

#### CHAP. X.

# An Act for preventing Abuses to the Indians.

WHERE AS some of the principal and helt disposed Indians within this Pro. Additional vince, have represented and complained of the Exattions and Oppression, which AA, Cas. 5. some of the English exercise towards the Indians, by drawing them to Consent to,

Covenant

#### 128 Regulation of Weights and Dealures.

Covenant or bind themselves or Children, Apprentices or Servants, for an unreasonable Term; on Pretence of, or to make Satisfaction for some small Debt contracted. or Damage done by them :

For Redress whereof:

No Indian to be put out Apprentice, but by the Allowance of two Justices.

Be it enacted and declared by his Excellency the Governour. Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the Publication of this Act, no Indian shall contract or put or bind him or her self or Child, Apprentice or a Servant to any of His Majesty's Subjects, for any Time or Term of Years, but by and with the Allowance and Approbation of two or more of His Majefty's Justices of the Peace; who are required to take special Care that the Contract or Covenant fo to be made, and the Condition or Terms thereof be equal and reasonable; both with respect to the Time for Service, and otherwise.

Sellions of hear and relieve fuch as are aggrieved.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That the Justithe Peace, to ces of the General Sessions of the Peace, within the respective Counties, be, and hereby are impowred, upon Complaint made by any Indian Native of this Country, that is or shall be aggrieved by Reason of any Indenture, Covenant or Agreement heretofore made for any Time or Term of Service, not yet expired; to hear and relieve fuch Indian, according to Justice and Equity; and to regulate and order the Time for fuch Service, as they shall judge reasonable.

CHAP. XI.

# An Act in Addition to the Act for due Regulation of Weights and Measures.

a W. & M. ca. 13.

POR remedying of Unrighteoujness and Oppression, in dealing by the use of Measures that are not of due Breadth for Meal, Fruits and other Things usually fold by Heap :

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Sovernour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Measures by which Meal, Fruits; and all other Things usually fold by Heap, shall be fold, be conformable as to Bigness to the declared publick allowed Standards; mentioned in the Act made and paffed by the General Affembly, in the Year One Thousand six Hundred ninety two, Intitled, An Act for due Regulation of Weights and Measures: And shall be of the full for Things An Act for one Regulation of weights and recupers: Alle man be of the full fold by Heap, Breadths following: That is to fay, The Buthel not lefs within fide, than eighteen Inches and Half wide: The half Bushel not less than thirteen Inches and three Quarters wide: The Peck not less than ten Inches and three Quarters wide; and the half Peck not less than nine Inches wide.

The wedth of Measures

> And if any Person at any Time from and after the first Day of October, next after the Publication of this Act; shall fell, expose to Sale, or offer any Meal, Fruits, or other Things usually fold by Heap; by any other Measure than is afore-mentioned, as to bigness and breadth; such Person being complained of, and convicted before any Justice of the Peace of so doing, shall forfeit and pay to the Use of the Poor of the Town where the Offence is committed, the full Value of the Meal, Fruits, or other Things fo fold or offered to Sale: And fuch Justice may commit the Offender to Prison, until Payment be made of the said Forfeiture, or cause the same to be levied by Warrant of Distress, and paid in unto the Town Treasurer, or Overseers of the Poor; to the Use of the Poor as aforefaid; and shall also cause such Measure to be defaced: Any Law, Usage

or Custom to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

Penalty for felling by other Meafures.

ACTS

### Foscible Entry and Detainer.

129

# Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majesty's Province of the Maffachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, on the twenty-ninth Day of May, 1700. And continued by feveral Prorogations until Wednesday the twelfth of February following, and then Sat.

#### CHAP. I.

# An Act directing the Proceedings against forcible Entry and Detainer.

HERE AS in and by the AET Intitled, An Act for the punishing of criminal Offenders: Amongst other Things therein contained; 4 W & M. It is declared, " That every Justice of the Peace in the ca 5. "County where the Offence is committed, be and is impowred " to make Inquiry of forcible Entry and Detainer, and cause the same to be " removed.

For the better directing of Justices in such their Proceedings:

Be it enacted and declared by the Lieutenant Governour, Councii and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Aus Juffices on thousand of the same, That upon Complaint made to any one or more Justic Complaint ces of the Peace of any wrongful and forcible Entry made into any Lands, Tenements or other Possessins, lying within the County where such Justice or forcible Enternents or other Possessins, lying within the County where such Justice or forcible Enternents or other Possessins, lying within the County where such Justice or forcible Enternents or other Possessins and the Possessins of the Peace of any wrongful and forcible Entry made into any Lands, Te. Justices dwell or reside; or of any wrongful Detainer of any Lands, Tenements pair to the or other Possessions with Force and strong Hand; every such Justice or Justices Place. within convenient Time, at the Costs of the Party grieved, shall go to the Place where the Force is, taking with him the Sheriff or his Deputy, and other fufficient Power of the Town or County at his Discretion, if need be, to aid him, Justice unand all the People of the County, as well the Sheriff as others shall be at der a Penalty tending to the faid Justice or Justices, and affift him or them to arrest such for Neglect. Offenders, upon pain of Imprisonment, and to make Fine to the King.

And that two Justices Quorum unus, shall have Authority and Power to in- Upon an Inquire by the Oaths of the People of the same County, as well of them that make quifition fuch forcibly Entry into Lands, Tenements or other Poffeshons, as of them that found, Reflihold the same with Force. And if it be found upon such Inquiry, that a for-made. cible Entry is made into any Lands, Tenements or Possessions, that a ton-fame are held with Force; then such Justices shall cause the same Lands, Tenements or Possessions to be refeized, and thereof the Party to be again put into

Possession, who in such Sort was put out or holden out.

And to the End that Inquiry be so made as aforesaid, such Justices shall make A Jury to be out their Warrants or Precepts, directed to the Sheriff of the fame County, or impanelled his Deputy, commanding him on the King's Behalf to cause to come before and sworn. them eighteen fufficient and indifferent Persons dwelling near unto the Landsor Tenements, so entred or held as before, whereof fourteen at least to be Impaneiled, to inquire in this Behalf, each of whom to have Freehold Lands or Tenements of the yearly Value of forty Shillings at the least, who shall be Sworn Default in the by fuch Justices, well and truly to inquire of fuch forcible Entry, or forcible Sheriff or Detainer, and to return a true Verdict therein according to their Evidence; and Jarors. if the Sheriff shall make Default in not duly executing of such Warrant or Precept to him directed, he shall be fined the Sum of twenty Pounds for every Default. And every Juror summoned by the Sheriff, making Default by his Non-appearance, shall pay a Fine of twenty Shillings: Every Justice to be paid ten Insticate Property Shillings. Shillings per Diem, the Sheriff fix Shillings per Diem, and every Juror twoShil- Juffices, &c. lings per Diem, upon every Inquiry to be made as aforefaid.

R 2

And

1700.

Juffice or Jof

and be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That any Justice tices may fine or Justices as aforelaid, may impose a Fine upon everyOffender committing such the Offender, Force as aforesaid, not exceeding the Sum of forty Shillings; and bind them to the good Behaviour, and imprison such Offenders, till they pay such Fine, and find Sureties for the Behaviour, until the next Court of General Sessions of the Peace within the fame County, and then to appear; and if the Offence be aggravated by any open and high handed Breach of the Peace, or otherwise, may bind the Offenders over to appear at the next General Seffions of the Peace, to answer for the same; who may increase the Fine, according to the Aggravation and Circumstances of the Offence.

Fines how to be applied.

All Fines arifing by Virtue of this Act to be to and for the Use of the County, for defraying of County Charges. And the Party grieved shall recover treble Damages, and Costs of Suit by Action of Trespass against the Desendant or Defendants, if it be found by Verdict, or in any other Manner by due Form of Law; that they entred into his Lands or Tenements by Force, or after Entry did hold with Force: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

A Provifo.

Provided always, That this Act shall not extend, or be construed to extend unto any Person or Persons that have had the Occupation, or have been in quiet Possession of any Lands, Tenements or Possessions by the space of three whole Years together next before; and his, her or their Estate or Estates therein not ended or determined.

#### CHAP. II.

# An A& directing how Town Officers shall be Sworn, in fuch Towns where no Justice of the Peace dwells.

Preamble.

WHERE AS the Law requires, that several Town Officers be under Oath for the true and faithful Dichagas of their ways. for the true and faithful Discharge of their respective Offices and Trust, to be administred unto them by one of the next Justices of the Peace, &c. And for as much as there are many Towns in which no Justice of the Peace dwells, but are far remote; by Reason whereof, the Officers annually and from Time to Time chofen in fuch Towns, whom the Law requires to be under Oath, are necessitated to travel several Miles to be sworn; which Occasions great Charge, besides Difficulties and Inconveniencies to the Inhabitants of such Towns:

Wherefore, for the Ease of His Majesty's Subjects in that Regard :

Select-Men or the major part of them to Swear Town Officers, in Towns where no Justice dwelleth.

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Reprefentatives in General Court assembled, and it is enacted by the Authority of the same, That in each Town within this Province where no Justice of the Peace dwells, the Select-Men of fuch Town for the Time being or the major Part of them, be, and are hereby authorized and impowred to administer to such Person, as from Time to Time shall be chosen Clerk of such Town; the Oath by Law appointed to be taken by each Town-Clerk, for the faithful Discharge of that Office; and to all other Officers of fuch Town, whom the Law requires to be Sworn, the Oath to their feveral and respective Places belonging, as by Law

A Record to be made thereof.

And fuch Select-Men shall cause a Record to be made in the Town Book of the Swearing of all fuch Officers: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

### Tolling horfes. Counterfeit Money.

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CHAP. III.

# An Act for Tolling Horses that are to be Exported.

OR the better preventing the stealing of Horses and Horse Kind, and clan-

destinely conveying them away:

Be it declared and enaded by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Aus Town Clerk thought of the fame, That in every Sea-port Town within this Province, there to keep a be kept a Toll-Book by the Clerk of fuch Town, for the entring of all Horses Toll-book.

and Horse Kind that shall be there ship'd for Exportation.

And no Person or Persons whatsoever, shall ship or send on board any Ship No Horses to or other Vessel to be transported out of this Province, any Horse or HorseKind, be shipd bebefore he or they shall have presented and caused them to be viewed by the sore they be Town-Clerk of the Town where they are to be fhip'd. And fuch Town-Clerk tolled. is hereby authorized and required to make a fair Entry in the Toll-Book of all fuch Horses and Horse Kind, with their Colour and Marks both natural and artificial, and Age as near as may be; and the Christian Name, Sir Name, Mystery and Place of dwelling; as well of the Person or Persons of whom the same were last bought, as of the present Owners or Shippers; and the Name of the Ship or Vessel, and of the Master or Commander thereof, whereon they are to be laden; and whither bound; and to deliver a Certificate under his Hand of fuch Entry by him made unto the Shipper, directed unto the Master of such Ship or Vessel by Name. For which Entry and Certificate, the Town Clerk shall demand and receive fix Pence a Head for each Beaft, and no more. Fee.

And he it further enacted by the Authority aforefait. That if any Perfon shall presume to ship off any Horse or Horse Kind, not being first entred hipping off as aforesaid: or if the Master or Commander of any Ship or Vessel shall receive, or receiving take or suffer to be received or taken any Horse or Horse Kind, on board the on board Ship or Veffel then under his Command, without fuch Certificate as aforefaid; or Horfes before other than what agree with the Description therein given; every Shipper or tolled. Mafter so offending, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of ten Pounds; one Moiety thereof to be unto the Use of the Poor of such Town where the Offence is committed, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall inform and sue for the fame, by Action, Bill, Plaint or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts within this Province: Any Law, Ufage or Custom to the contrary notwith-

standing.

And the Town Clerk in each Sea-port Town, is in particular to take Care to Town Clerk the due observance of this Act, and to inform of all Transgressions thereof.

to fee that this A& be observed.

CHAP. IV.

# AnAct against the making or passing of Base or Counterfeit Money.

HEREAS some Persons for private Gain, have of late presumed to stamp and emit Pieces of Reals and Piece and emit Pieces of Brass and Tin, at the Rate of a Penny each ; not regarding what Loss they thereby bring on others; which if not timely remedied, may prove greatly detrimental to His Majesty's Subjects, and embolden others to be fo 2 A c2. 1. hardy as to attempt the doing of the like :

For Prevention whereof:

Be it declared and enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That any Person or Persons who after the Publication of

Penalty for making flamping or uttering counterfeit Money.

this Act, shall presume to make or stamp any such Pieces as aforesaid, or others of like or different Metal, Matter or Form; and to emit, utter or put off the fame for Pence; or at a greater or leffer Value; and be thereof convicted: every Person so offending, shall be punished by Fine and Imprisonment, at the Discretion of the Court where the Profecution shall be, not exceeding the Sum of fifty Pounds Fine, nor fix Months Imprisonment for one Offence: And shall further forfeit and pay in currant lawful Money of this Province, treble the Value of all fuch Pieces as he shall have emitted or uttered, after the highest Rate they have passed at; one Half of the said Fine and Forseiture to be unto His Majesty, for and towards the Support of the Government within this Province, and the other Half to him or them that shall inform and fue for the same in any of His Majesty's Courts, within the Province.

Reftitution to be made.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Perfon or Persons that have or shall offend as aforesaid, shall exchange and pay in currant lawful Money of this Province the full Value of all fuch Pieces having his Stamp or Mark thereon, unto any Person or Persons that shall bring the same to him, according to the Rate they have paffed at; fo as fuch Pieces be brought and offered to him to be exchanged at any Time or Times within the space of three Months next after the Publication of this Act. And in Case of refusal fo to do, he shall be compelled thereto by Order of the General Sessions of the Peace within the fame County; or of one Justice of the Peace, where the Value exceeds not forty Shillings.

And no Person or Persons whatsoever shall hereafter offer to put off, utter or

take any fuch base or counterfeit Money.

#### CHAP. V.

# An Act relating to the Profecution of Appeals.

13 W. C 14. WHERE AS it has been too often practifed, that Persons having Judgment entred up against them in the Inferiour Court of Common Pleas, do Claim the Liberty of the Law to Appeal from such Judgment unto the next Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Assistant and General Goal Delivery, to be holden for or within the same County; and after their Appeal admitted, neglect to give Security for Prosecution thereof as the Law requires : or after Security given, fail of prosecuting their Appeal: whereby it is very obvious they designed nothing more than to stop Execution, and to delay and hold out the adverse Party from his just Debt or

Damages recovered by such Judgment, to his grievous Hurt:

#### For Redrefs whereof:

-Be it declared and enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Coun-

cil and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authouity of the fame, That every Person appealing from the Judgment of any Security for Inferiour Court of Common Pleas, unto the Superiour Court of Judicature, Court Appeal to be of Affize and General Goal Delivery, shall enter into Recognizance with suffigiven in or out of Court cient Sureties to profecute fuch Appeal with Effect; which Recognizance is to within feven be taken before such Inferiour Court whilst sitting; or before one or more of Days after the Justices of the same, with the Clerk out of Court, within the space of seven Judgment.

Days next after Judgment given, and not afterwards. And if any Person claiming and being admitted to Appeal as aforefaid, shall not give Security for Prosecution thereof in Manner aforesaid, either before or within the said space of seven Days next after Judgment given; every Claim and Allowance of fuch Appeal . shall be utterly null and void, as if the same had never been made and granted; And in such Case after Expiration of the said seven Days, the Clerk of such In-Execution to feriour Court, upon Demand of the Party for whom the Judgment was given, or of his Attorney, shall ex Officio make and issue out Execution thereupon. and

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Per- Judgment to fon having appealed and given Security for Profecution thereof as aforefaid, shall be affirmed, and Execution neglect to profecute the fame with Effect in Manner as the Law provides, the awarded by Party that obtained the Judgment in the Inferiour Court of Common Pleas, en- the Superiour tring his Complaint in the Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Affize and Court upon General Goal Delivery, to which fuch Appeal did lie, and producing attested tion of Ap-Copies of the Judgment, Appeal and Recognizance given for Profecution there-peal. of, the Justices of the faid Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery, shall affirm such Judgment of the Inferiour Court of Common Pleas, with the Cofts arifing upon the Suit there; and grant further Costs for entring and profecuting the Complaint as aforefaid, and award Execution accordingly. The Fee to be paid for entring of fuch Complaint, shall be the same as for entry of an Action; and the Parties Attendance and Charges

the fame as the Law allows in like Cases. And the like Process and Methods shall be had and observed in the Inferiour Inseriour Court of Common Pleas, for Perfons that shall fail to profecute Appeals made Courts to obfrom Judgments given upon Trials before a Justice of the Peace: Any Law, ferve the like Methods.

Usage or Custom to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding. 'And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Recognizances given for profecuting of Appeals as aforefaid, shall remain good for the Benefit of the Parties respectively for whom they were taken, to bring a Suit Sureries upon thereon, to recover all intervening Damages occasioned by such Parties being Appeals to delayed from the Time of rendring the first Judgment unto the Time when answer interfuch Appeal should have been tried: And the Sureties in such Recognizance vening Damanamed, thall be liable and obliged to fatisfy the Judgment given for fuch in- in Cafe. tervening Damages, with the additional Costs of Suit, in Case of the Principals Avoidance and Return made of Non est inventus, upon the Execution granted against him: And the Judgment for the same shall be affirmed against such Sureties, and Execution be awarded accordingly; as is by Law provided referring to Sureties upon mean Process:

Provided, That fuch Sureties be ferved with a Writ of Scire Facias within Provided, twelve Months next after rendring of Judgment upon the Trial on fuch Recog-

nizance; and not afterwards.

### CHAP. VI. An Act for the better making and measuring of Malt.

If E it declared and enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Couns Mak to be cil and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by well dried the authority of the fame, That from and after the Publication of and cleaned this Act, no Malster or Malt-maker, shall deliver, vend or pass away any Malt by him made or caused to be made, before the same be well dried and cleansed, by screening of it from the Dust and Taile which arises in the making, drying and ordering of it in his Hands; on pain of forfeiting twelve Pence perBushel, for each Bushel by him delivered, fold or passed away, not being so cleansed and dried; upon Conviction thereof before one or more Justices of the Peace, where the Forfeiture shall not exceed the Sum of forty Shillings; or if above, before Penalty. the General Seffions of the Peace holden within the County: One Moiety of fuch Forfeiture to be unto the Use of the Poor of the Town where the Offence is committed; and the other Moiety to him or them that shall complain or inform and fue for the fame. And fuch Court or Justice respectively, are hereby impowred, in Case such Malster shall stand to justify that his Mals is well dried and cleansed as aforesaid, to nominate and appoint three or more credible skillful and judged of Persons, to view and judge thereof upon their Oaths; and to administer an by Persons or by Persons or the control of the con Oath to them to be indifferent and impartial therein.

Oath,

And

#### Summons upon Attachment of Goods. 134

Merchantable Malt.

And no Malt made of Barley shall be accounted Merchantable, but such as shall be well cleanfed from the Dust, Oats, Tares and Cockle.

Penalty for offering to Sale unmerchantable

And every Person that shall offer and expose to Sale any Barley Malt for Merchantable, not being cleanfed as aforefaid, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of twelve Pence a Bushel, for each Bushel so offered or exposed to Sale; being thereof convicted in Manner as is herein before provided, to be applied to the Use before-mentioned.

Mafters of Veffels to take care to keep Merchantable, and ble Malt feparate.

and further it is enacted, That every Mafter of any Veffel that shall receive on Board his Vessel any Malt to be transported to a Market, shall take effectual Care, and make sufficient Provision for the keeping of Merchantable Malt separate and apart by it self, that it be not intermixt with what is Unmerunmerchanta- chantable; on pain of losing and forfeiting the Value of all the Freight to be paid for the Malt fo mixed; to the Use of the Poor of the Town where such Malt shall be delivered, upon Conviction thereof as aforesaid: And shall be further liable to make good to the Shipper or Owner of all fuch Merchantable Malt mixt as aforefaid, all Loss and Damage that he shall sustain thereby : to be recovered by Action, therefore to be brought in any of His Majesty's Courts within this Province; and where the Sum exceeds not the Value of forty Shillings, before one Justice of the Peace.

Male how to be measured.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid. That in the meafuring of Malt, the Strike thall be carried foftly and fawing : Any Law, Ufage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

CHAP. VII.

# An Act providing, That in Suits where Goods or other Estate is Attached, the Defendant be fummoned.

O the Intent that all Persons may have due Notice to prepare and make their

Defence, in every Action or Suit commenced against them :

Summons to be left at the Defendants Abode, &c.

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Reprefentatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That when the Goods or Estate of any Person shall be attached, at the Place of usual Suit of another in any civil Action, a Summons in Form as by Law is prescribed, shall be delivered to the Party whose Goods or Estate are attached, or left at his or her dwelling House, or Place of last and usual Abode, fourteen Days before the Day of the fitting of the Court where fuch Attachment is returnable. And in Cafe the Defendant was at no Time an Inhabitant or Sojourner within this Province, then fuch Summons to be left with his or her Tenant, Agent or Attorney; and the ferving thereof to be certified by a fworn Officer that executed the Attachment; or by Affidavit made in Court by the Person that delivered the same, and by one other credible Witness then also present: otherwise the Writ shall abate.

How to be certified.

> And upon Suits brought hither by Writ of Scire Facias, or Writ of Dower, when the Defendant in any fuch Suit shall not be served therewith in his own Person, an attested Copy of the Writ, and of the Service thereof under the Hand of the Sheriff or his Deputy that executed the fame, shall be left at the House or Place of usual Abode of the Defendant. And in Case such Defendant was at no Time an Inhabitant or Sojourner within this Province, then with his or her Tenant, Agent or Attorney as aforefaid, by the likeNumber of Days before. the Day of the Court's Sitting where fuch Writ is returnable, as is required for the Service thereof. And in Writ of Dower a Copy thereof with the Service alike attested as before, shall also be left with the Tenant or Occupant of the House or Land whereof Dower is demanded to be rendred, or in or upon the fame; and the Sheriff or his Deputy shall certify the same in his Return: or otherwise the Writ shall abate.

How to be ferved upon Writ of Dower, or Scire Facias.

### Accounts of Fines, &c.

And further it is enacted by the Authority aforesaid. Then when it happens the Party against whom Suit is brought, not to be an Inhabitant or So-Provision in journer within this Province; or to be absent out of the same at the Time of Actions brot commencing such Suir, and shall not return before the Time for Time for against Percommencing fuch Suit, and shall not return before the Time for Trial, the Justices of the Court where such Suit is brought, shall continue the Action to the the Province. next Court : And if the Defendant do not then appear by himself or Attorney, and be fo remote, that the Notice of fuch Suit depending could not probably be conveyed to him during the Vacancy; the Justices at such next Court, may fur-

ther continue the Action to the Court thence next following, and no longer. And Security to be in fuch Cases where Judgment is entred up by Default, after two Continuances Execution.

as aforefaid, Execution or Writ of Seifin shall be stayed, and not issue forth until the Plaintiff or Demandant shall have given Bond, with one or more sufficient Sureties; in double the Value of the Estate or Sum recovered by such Judgment, Real Estates to make Restitution, and to refund and pay back such Sum as shall be given in taken in Excto make Retitition, and to refund and pay back fuch sum as man be given in Debt or Dammage; or so much as shall be recovered upon a Suit therefore to be cotion, not to brought within twelve Months next after entring up of the first Judgment; if within twelve upon such Suit the Judgment shall be reversed, annulled or altered. The Se- Months. curity aforefaid to be no further answerable than for the Recovery that shall be

made upon fuch Suit, to be had within twelve Months as aforefaid. Provided also, That no real Estate taken in Execution, granted upon such first Judgment, shall be alienated or pass'd away until after the Expiration of the Proviso for faid twelve Months, or after a new Trial brought within the faid Space of Real Effate. twelve Months; to the Intent that Restitution thereof may be made in Case as aforefaid.

#### CHAP. VIII.

# An Act for rendring an Account of Fines, &c.

HERE AS by the Ast Entitled, AnAct for passing of Sherist's Accounts; amongst other Things therein contained ; It is enacted, " That every 5 W. & M. " Clerk of the Peace in each County within this Province, and Clerk of Affize, ca. 7. "Ihall deliver unto the Sheriff of the County, a perfect Estreat of all Fines, " Issues, Amerciaments, Recognizanzes, Monies and Forfeitures imposed, set, "loft or forfeited in any Seffions of the Peace, Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery, or fpecial Court of Oyer and Terminer, by any Person due " to His Majesty, within the space of thirty Days next after ending of the " faid Courts respectively; and within the faid Time, shall deliver unto the "Treasurer and Receiver General of this Province, a perfect Schedule of all fuch Estreats by him delivered to the Sheriff, &c. But for as much as no Provision has bitherto been made, how Fines or Forfeitures accruing to any County or Town (or the Poor thereof) or how Fines or Forfeitures set by one or more Justices out of Court shall be accounted for:

Be it therefore enaded and declared by the Lieutenant Governour, Clerks of Council and Reptelentatives, in General Court assembled, and by Courts to rettee Authority of the same, That all Clerks of the Peace and Clerks of councessing. Affize, be, and hereby are likewise respectively enjoyned and required, within to County the space of thirty Days next after the ending of each Sessions of the Peace, and Town Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery, or special Court of Over and Terr. Treasurers. Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery, or special Court of Oyer and Terminer, to render and deliver unto the Treasurer of each County and Town respectively, a perfect Schedule or Account of all Fines, Amerciaments, Monies and Forfeitures, imposed, set or forfeited in such Court, and by Law appropriated to the Use of such County or Town, (or the Poor thereof) respectively; under the like Penalty, as in the afore-recited Act is express'd for not returning fuch Schedule to the Treasurer and Receiver General.

A. D. Clerk.

S-----//.

### Assignment of Dower.

Juffices of the And further be it enaute up the saturage representation of every fix Months, shall every Juffice and Juffices of the Peace, at the End of every fix Months, shall represent the Crashing and Receiver General of this Province for count of Fines render and deliver to the Treasurer and Receiver General of this Province for &c. each fix the Time being, County and Town Treasurer respectively, a perfect Schedule Morkhs, un- or Account of all Fines, Amerciaments, Monies and Forfeitures, imposed, fet or der a Penalty. forfeited before such Justice or Justices out of Court, due to HisMajesty; or by Law or Town-Order particularly applied to the Use of such County or Town (or the Poor thereof) respectively; on pain of forfeiting the Sum of five Pounds to His Majesty, towards Support of the Government; or to such County or Town respectively, for the defreying of County or Town Charges : Being duly convicted of neglect therein, to be fued for and recovered by the Treasurer and Receiver General of the Province, or fuch County or Town Treasurer for the Time being: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary in any wise notwithstanding.

#### CHAP. IX.

# An Act for the convenient and speedy Assignment of Dower.

POR AS MUCH as some Direction in the Law is necessary that Women may

be enabled to come by their Dower:

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Sovernour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same. That when and so often as the Heir or other Person having the Freehold shall not within one Month next after Demand made, assign and set out to the render Dower Widow of the Deceased, her Dower or just third Part of and in all Houses, Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments whereof she is Dowable at the common afterDemand. Law, to her Satisfaction according to the true Intendment of Law; then fuch Widow may fue for and recover the same by Writ of Dower to be therefore brought against such Persons as have, or claim to have Right as aforesaid in the faid Estate, in Manner and Form following. That is to fay:

S---- J. Illiam the Third, by the Grace of GOD, of England, Scotland,

France and Ireland, KING, Defender of the Faith, &c. To the Sheriff of Our County of S. his Under-Sheriff or Deputy, Greeting. Command A. B. of B. within the faid County addition That instantly without delay render to C. D. who was the Wife of E. D. late of B. aforefaid addition deceased, her reasonable Dower which happens to her of a certain Messuage or Tenement, with the Appurtenances, Situate in B. aforesaid, in the Possession of the said A. R. which was in the Seisin and Possession of her said Husband E.D. and whereof he was seized in his Demesne as of Fee during the Coverture; and whereof she hath nothing (as she saith) And the faid C. D. complains, that the faid A. B. hath deforced her thereof. And unless the said A. B. shall so do, then Summon by good and lawful Men in your Bailywick the faid A. B. that be before Our Justices of Our next Inferiour Court of Common Pleas to be holden at B. for the County of S. aforefaid, on the Tuesday of Then and there to fhew Cause, why to the said C. D. her reasonable Dower as aforesaid doth not render. And have you the Names of them by whom you Summon the said A. B. and this Writ. Year of OurReign. Witness E. H. Esq; at B. the Day of In the

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That upon Judgment being given for any Woman to recover her Dower in any Estate of Houfing and Lands, and other Hereditaments which were her Husband's, reasonable Dammage shall also be affigned to her from the Time of the Demand made, and a Writ of Seisin shall be directed to the Sheriff of the County, or his Deputy, where such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments do lie, in Manner and Form

following. That is to fay:

Annoque Domini,

within one Month next

Heir, & s. to

Writ of Dower.

### Allignment of Dower.

-- []. W Illiam the Third, by the Grace of GOD, of England, Scotland, France and Ireland, KING, Defender of the Faith, &c. To the Sheriff of Our County of S. his Under-Sheriff or Deputy: Greeting. Whereas C. D. Widow, who was the Wife of E. D. late of B. in the County aforefaid deceased, before Our Justices of Our Court of holden at B. for Our County aforefaid, on the Day of now laft past, did recover her Seisin against A. B. of B. aforesaid of one third Part of a certain Meffuage or Tenement, &c. with the Appurtenances, Situate in B. aforefaid, in the Possession of the said A. B. as her Dower of the Endowment of the faid E. D. her certain Husband, by Our Writ of Dower, whereof the hath nothing. Therefore WeCommand you, That to the faid C.D. full Seifin of one third Part of the aforefaid Meffuage or Tenement, &c. with the Appurtenances, you cause to be had without delay. To hold to her in severalty by Meets and Bounds. We Command you also, That of the Goods or Chattels of the faid A. B. within your Precinct, you cause to be paid and satisfied unto the faid C. D. at the Value thereof in Money, the Sum of forDammages awarded her byOur faid Court for her being held and kept out of her Dower aforefaid, and Cofts expended on this Suit, with two Shillings' more for this Writ, and thereof also to satisfy your self your own Fees. And for want of Goods or Chattels of the said A. B's, to be by him shewn unto you, or found within your Precinct to fatisfy the fame, We Command you to take his Body, and commit him to the Keeper of Our Goal in B. in Our County

above mentioned, and also satisfy your Fees. Hereof fail not, and make return of this Writ, and how you shall have executed the same to Our next to be holden at B. for Our faidCounty of S. on the Day of next. Witness E. H. Esq; at B. the Day of In the Year of Our A. D. Clérk. Reign. Annoque Domini,

aforefaid within the faid Prison. Whom We likewiseCommand to receive the faid A. B. and him fafely to keep, until he pay unto the faid C.D. the full Sum

And where no Dammages shall be awarded the Writ to run only for Seisin for Seisin and and Coft of Suit.

And the Sheriff of the County, or his Deputy to whom fuch Writ is directed Damages are is to cause her third Part of Dower in such Estate to be set forth unto her by Dower to be five Freeholders of the Neighbourhood upon their Oaths (three at least to agree) fet forth by who shall be Sworn before a Justice of the Peace, to set forth the same equally five Freeholand impartially without Favour or Affection, as convenient as may be; Which Neighbour-Oath every Juftice of the Peace is hereby impowred to administer.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That of Inheritances that be intire, where no Division can be made by Meets and Bounds; so as Of intire Ina Woman cannot be endowed of the Thing it felf, she shall be endowed there-heritance of in a special and certain Manner, as of a third Part of the Rents, Issues or be divided, a Profits thereof, to be computed and afcertained in Manner as aforefaid.

And no Woman that shall be endowed of any Lands, Tenements or other the Rents or Inheritances as aforefaid, shall commit or suffer any Strip or Waste thereupon, affigned. but shall maintain the Houses or Tenements, with the Fences and Appurtebut shall maintain the Houles or Tenements, with the Federa and Appunce No Strip or nances thereof, with which she shall be so endowed, in good Repair during her Waste to be Term, and leave the fame fo at the Expiration thereof, and shall be liable to made. Action for any Strip or Waste by her done, committed or suffered.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That when the Defendant in a Writ of Dower shall suffer Judgment to pass against him by No Damma-Default, no Dammages shall be awarded against him by such Judgment, for hav- ges to be aing held and kept the Demandant out of her Dower, but she shall recover the fame in like Manner as she might sue for or recover Dammages in other Cases: Just Day Demonstrate the property of the state Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

Seifin, &.

Coft, where hood upon Oath.

### Admission of Town Inhabitants.

CHAP. X.

### An Act directing the Admission of Town Inhabitants.

FOR the better preventing of Persons obtruding themselves on any particular Town within this Province, without orderly Admission by the Inhabitants of such Town, or the Select-Men thereof, in Manner as bereafter is express'd: And for remedying the manifold Inconveniencies and great Charge heretofore occasioned thereby. To the Intent also that the Select-Men may the more easily come to the certain Knowledge of Persons, and their Circumstances, that come to reside and sojourn in such Town:

Mafters of Ships to give a Lift of all Paffengers to the Receiver of Impost under a Penalty.

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Master of Ship or other Vessel arriving in any Port within this Province, from any other Country, Land, Island, Colony or Plantation, at the Time of entring his Ship or Veffel with the Receiver of Impost, for the Time being; shall deliver to such Receiver a perfect List or Certificate under his Hand, of the Christian and Sir-Names of all Passengers, as well Servants as others, brought in fuchShip or Veffel, and their Circumstances so far as he knows; on pain of forfeiting the Sum of five Pounds, to the Use of the Poor of the Town or Place, where such Passenger shall be landed or fent on Shoar, for every Paffenger that he shall omit to enter his or her Name in such List or Certificate; upon Conviction thereof before His Majesty's Justices in the Court of General Sessions of the Peace, within the same County where the Offence is committed. And every Justice of the Peace is hereby impowred, upon Complaint made by the Select-Men of fuch Town, or fome of them, to convent fuch Master before him, and to require and take sufficient Security of him to appear and Answer for his faid Offence in Manner as abovefaid; fuchComplainants also giving Bond to profecute their Complaint,

Justices impowred to convent and bind over Mafters that shall neglect fo to do.

Security to be given to indemnity the

Town from Charge, &c. 11 G. ca. 2.

WhatPerfons shall be re-Province.

Court of General Seffions to enjoin the observance of this Law.

Receiver of Impost to of Paffengers to the Town Clerk.

and further it is enacted. That when it shall happen any Passenger fo brought, to be Impotent, Lame, or otherwise Infirm, or likely to be a Charge to the Place; if fuch Person shall refuse to give Security, or cannot procure fufficient Surety or Sureties to become bound for his faving the Town from fuch Charge; in fuch Cafe, the Mafter of the Ship or Veffel in which fuch Perfon came, shall be, and hereby is obliged and required, to carry or fend him or her out of this Province again, within the space of two Months next after their Arrival; or otherwise to give sufficient Security as aforesaid, to indemnify and keep the Town free from all Charge for the Relief and Support of fuch Impotent, Lame or infirm Person, upon Demand thereof made by the Select-Men: lieved at the unless fuch Person was before an Inhabitant of this Province; or that such Im-Charge of the potence, Lameness, or other Insirmity befel or hapned to him or her during the Passage: And in such Case, if they be Servants, their Masters shall provide for them, and others shall be relieved at the Charge of the Province.

And the Justices of the General Sessions of the Peace, are hereby impowred of the Peace, to enjoyn and order the Performance of what is herein before required of fuch

Mafter accordingly.

And the Receiver of Impost is likewise required to inform and notify all Mafters of Ships, and other Vessels coming to him to enter, of the Import of this Act, and what is thereby enjoined and required of them; and not to admit an Entry without fuch Lift or Certificate, of the Names of the Passengers (if any) or that the Master give under his Hand that he brought none. every fuch Receiver shall forthwith transmit all Lists or Certificates of Passengers, to the Town Clerk of fuch Town where the Ship or Veffel that brought them shall lie, that the Select-Men may have Knewledge of the same. Town Clerk is hereby required to lay all fuch Lifts or Certificates returned to him, before the Select-Men at their next Meeting. and

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That from and Persons not after the Publication of this Act, no Person whatsoever coming to reside or orderly addwell within any Town in this Province (other than Freeholders or Proprietors Towns, shall of Land in fuch Town, or those born, or that have served an Apprenticeship there, not enjoy and have not removed and become Inhabitants elfewhere) finall be admitted to admitted to the Privilege of Elections in fuch Town, (though otherwife qualified) unlefs fuch Perfon shall first make known his Desire to the Select-Men thereof, and obtain 4 W. & M. their Approbation, or the Approbation of the Town for his dwelling there.

Nor shall any Town be obliged to be at Charge for the Relief and Sup-liged to be at Charge for Charge for port of any Person residing in such Town (in Case he or she stand in Need) that Relief of Perare not approved as aforefaid; unless such Person or Persons have continued sons, not aptheir Residence there by the space of twelve Months next before, and have not proved as abeen warned in Manner as the Law directs, to depart and leave the Town: less, &c.

Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

And if any Person orderly warned to depart from any Town whereof he or derly warned, the is not an Inhabitant, and being fent by Warrant from a Juffice of Peace unto and fent out the Town whereto such Person properly belongs, or to the Place of his or her returning last Abode, shall presume to return back, and obtrude him or her self upon the back, to be Town so sent from, by residing there; every Person so offending, shall be pro-proceeded eeeded against as a Vagabond. gabonds.

No Town obforefaid ; un-Persons or-

Acts and Laws.

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednesday the twenty-eighth of May 1701.

### CHAP. XI. An Act prescribing Forms of Writs in Civil Causes.

The it enaced by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and it is enacted by the Authority of the same, That all Civil Actions other than fuch as are Cognizable before a Justice of the Peace, shall be originally heard and tried in an Inferiour Court of Common Pleas; except in Suits where the King is concerned, which may be brought in any of His Majesty's Courts within this Province, at the Pleasure of the Prosecutor. And the proper original Process of Summons, Capias or Attachment, and the Writ of Execution in civil Actions betwixt Party and Party, shall be made out in the Forms following: That is to fay:

Summons. Illiam the Third, by the Grace of GOD, of England, Scatland, France and Ireland, KING, Defender of the Faith, &c. To the Sheriff or Marshal of OurCounty of S. his Under-Sheriff or Deputy, Greeting. We Command you, That you Summon A. B. of C. (if he may be found in your Precinct) to appear before Our Justices of Our to be holden at B. within and for Our faid County of S. on the Tuesday of Then and there in Our faid Court to Answer to D. E. of R. within Our County of M. addition in a Plea of To the Dammage of the faid D. E. (as he faith) The Sum of Which shall then and there be made to appear with other due Dammages. And have you there this Writ with your Doings therein. Witness E. H. Esq; at B. the Day of In the Year of Our Reign. Annoque Domini, A. D. Clerk.

Capias

### Writs in Civil Causes.

#### Capias of Attachment.

Illiam the Third by the Grace of GOD of England, Scotland, France and Ireland, KING, Defender of the Faith, &c. To the Sheriff or Marshal of OurCounty of S. his Under-Sheriff or Deputy, Greeting. We Command you to Attach the Coods or Estate of R. F. of B. within Our County of S. addition to the Value of Pounds; and for want thereof to take the Body of the faid R. F. (if he may be found in your Precinct) and him fafely keep, fo that you have him before Our Justices of Our next, to be holden at B. within and for Our faid County of Court of S. on the Tuesday of Then and there in Our faid Court to Answer unto D. S. of R. within Our County of M. addi:ion To the Dammage of the faid D. S. (as he faith) the Sum of Pounds: Which shall then and there be made to appear, with other due Dammages. And have you there this Writ with your Doings therein. Year of Our Reign. E. H. Efq; at B. the Day of In the Annoque Domini, A. D. Clerk.

#### Summons when Goods are Attached.

-J. 17 Illiam the Third by the Grace of GOD of England, Scotland, France, and Ireland, KING, Defender of the Faith, &c. Greeting. We Com-A. B. of B. within Our County of S. addition to be holden mand you, That you Appear at Our next Court of at B. within and for Our County of S. aforesaid, on the Tuesday of Then and there to Answer to C. D. of R. within Our County of M. addition in a Plea of Which Plea the faid C. D. hath Commenced against you to be heard and tried at the faid Court; and your Goods or Estate are Attached to the Value of Pounds for Security to fatisfy the Judgment which the faid C. D. may recover upon the aforefaid Trial. Fail not of Appearance at your Peril. Witness E. H. Esq; at B. the Day of Year of Our Reign. Annoque Domini, A. D. Clerk.

Execution. -J. Illiam the Third by the Grace of GOD, of England, Scotland. France and Ireland, KING, Defender of the Faith, &c. To the Sheriff or Marshal of Our County of S. his Under-Sheriff or Deputy, Greeting. addition Whereas C. L. of R. within Our County of S. by the Confiholden at B. for and deration of Our Justices of Our Court of Recovered within Our County of  $\delta$ . aforefaid, on the Tuesday of Judgment against D. T. of B. in the County of M. for the Sum of Pounds Shillings and Pence. Debt or Pence, Costs of Suit; Dammage, and Pounds Shillings and as to Us appears of Record; whereof Execution remains to be done. We Command you therefore, That of the Goods, Chattels, or Lands of the faid D.T. within your Precinct, you cause to be paid and satisfied unto the said C.L. at the Value thereof in Money, the aforefaid Sums being Pounds Pence, in the whole; with two Shillings more for this Writ, Shillings and and thereof also to satisfy your felf for your own Fees. And for want of Goods, Chattels or Lands of the faid D. T's to be by him shewn unto you, or found within your Precinct to the Acceptance of the faid C. L. to fatisfy the Sums aforefaid: We Command you to take the Body of the faid D.T. and him commit unto our Goal in B. in Our County of S. aforefaid; and detain in your Custody within Our faid Goal, until he pay the fullSums above-mentioned with your Fees, or that he be discharged by the said C. L. the Creditor, or otherwise by Order of Law. Hereof fail not, and make Return of this Writ with your Doings

### Forms of Writs for Possession, &c.

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to be holden at B. within Doings therein into Our faid Court of Tuesday of next. Our County of S. aforesaid, upon the Year of Our Reign. E. H. Esq; at B. the Day of In the A. D. Clerk. Annoque Domini,

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Proceffes and Writs, as wellOriginal as Judicial, iffuing out of the Clerk's Office of the Superiour Court of Judicature shall bear Teste of the Chief Justice, and upon 11 W. ca. 2. any Vacancy of fuch Chief Justice, then of the senior Justice of the said Court for the Time being. And all original or judicial Processes or Writs issuing out of the Clerk's Office of the InferiourCourt of CommonPleas shall bear Teste of the first Justice named in the Commission for holding such Court; and upon any Vacancy by his Death or Removal, then of the Justice next named in the faid Commission, for the Time being.

CHAP. XIII.

# An Act prescribing the Forms of Writs for Possession, Scire Facias, and Replevin.

to E it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authough of the same, That the Writ for putting such into Possession of any Land or Tenements as shall recover Judgment for the same, and for levying the Cost and Damages recovered upon such Suit, commonly call'd a Writ of Facias babere Possessionem, and Writ of Fieri facias: As also the Writ of Scire facias, to be iffued out of the Superiour or Inferiour Court respectively; and the Writ of Replevin, shall be from Time to Time granted and iffued in the Form following. Thut is to fay:

### Writ of Facias habere Possessionem, and Fieri Facias.

-f. W Illiam the Third by the Grace of GOD, of England, Scotland, France and Ireland, KING, Defender of the Faith, &c. the Sheriff or Marshal of Our County of S. his Under-Sheriff or Deputy, Greeting. addition Whereas A. B. of C. before Our Justices of Our

Court of holden for or within Our County of S. aforesaid at B. upon the by the Confideration of Our faid Court, recovered Judgment for his Title and Possession of and in a certain Messuage or Tenement, with the Acres of Land, &c. lying and being in the Town of Appurtenances, or D. against E. F. of G. -addition who had unjustly with-held, put out or amoved the faid A. B. from his Possession thereof. And also at the faid Court recovered Judgment for Pounds Shillings and Costs and Damages which he sustained by Reason of the same : As to Us hath been made to appear of Record. We Command you therefore, That without Delay you cause the said A. B. to have Possession of and in the said Messuage or Tenement with the Appurtenances; or faid Acres of Land, &c. We also Command you, That of the Goods, Chattels or Lands of the said E. F's within your Precinct at the Value thereof in Money, you cause the said A. B. to be paid and fatisfied the aforefaid Sum of Pounds Shillings and Pence, which to the faid A. B. was adjudged for his Cofts and Damages, with

two Shillings more for this Writ; and thereof also to fatisfy your felf for your own Fees. And for want of fuch Goods, Chattels or Lands of the faid E. F. to be by him shewn unto you or found within your Precinct to the Acceptance of the faid A. B. to fatisfy the aforefaid Sum: We Command you to take the Body of the faid E. F. and him commit unto our Goal in B. in Our County of S. aforesaid; and detain in your Custody within Our said Goal, until he pay the full Sum above-mentioned with your Fees; or that he be discharged by the faid A. B. or otherwise by Order of Law. Hereof fail not,

and make Return of this Writ with your Doings therein unto Our faid to be holden at B. upon the Day of next. Witness Court of Day of Year of Our Reign. E. H. Efq; at B. the In the Annoque Domini, A. D. Clerk. Mirit of Scire Facias.

-J. V Illiam the Third by the Grace of GOD of England, Scotland, France and Ireland, KING. Defender of the England, Scotland, the Sheriff or Marshal of Our County of S. his Under-Sheriff or Deputy, Greeting. addition Whereas C. D. of B.before Our Justices of Our holden for or within Our faidCounty of S.at B.on the Court of

Year of Our Reign: By the Confideration of Our faid Justi-In the addi ion the Sum of ces, Recovered against A. B. of E. Pence, Debt or Dammage; and also Pounds

Shillings and Pence, for Costs and Charges by him about his Suit Shillings and in that Behalf expended; whereof the faid A. B. is convict, as to Us appears of Record. And altho' Judgment be thereof rendred, yet the Execution for the faid Debt or Dammage, and Costs, doth yet remain to be made; whereof the faid C. D. hath supplicated Us to provide Remedy for bisn in that Behalf: Now to the End that Justice be done, We Command you, That you make known unto the faid A. B. That he be before Our Justices of Our faid to be holden within or for Our faid County of S. at B. on the Court of

Day of to shew Cause (if any he have) wherefore the said C. D. ought not to have his Execution against him the said A.B. for his Debt or Dammage, and Costs aforesaid; and further to do and receive that which Our faid Court shall then consider : And have there then this Writ, with your Doings therein: Hereof fail not. Witness E. H. Esq; at B. the In the Year of Our Reign. Annoque Domini,

A. D. Clerk.

CHAP. XIV.

# An Act prescribing the Form of Writs in Cases triable before a Justice of the Peace.

If E it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled; and it is enacted by the Authority of the same, That the several Forms of Writs and Processes here under written, shall be and hereby are established to be the Forms to be granted and used in civil Causes triable before a Justice of the Peace. That is to say:

-J. TO the Sheriff or Marshal of the faid County of S. or either of their Deputies, or Constables of the Town of D. within a constable of the Town of D. or to any or either of them: Greeting. In His Majesty's Name you are required to Summon and give Notice unto T. P. of B. aforesaid,

(if he may be found in your Precinct) that he appear before me J. D. Efq; One of His Majefty's Justices of the Peace for the County aforesaid, at my dwelling House in B. on of the Clock the Day of at noon: Then and there to Answer to E. L. of M. in the

In a Plea of To the Dammage of the faid E.L. (as he faith) the Sum of Shillings: As shall then and there appear with other due Damages. You are also hereby further required to fignify unto the faid T. P. that he may not fail in the Premisses, as he will Answer the Contempt at the Peril of the Law in this Case made and provided: And of this Writ with your Doings therein you are to make true Return unto my felf, at Day of Dated at B. aforesaid, the Day of or before the faid Year of His Majesty's Reign. Annoque Domini, 7. D.

**M**arrant

### Forms of Writs before a Justice.

#### Warrant fog Contempt.

S---- J. TO the Sheriff or Marshal of the said County of S. or either of their Deputies, or Constables of the Town of B. within the faid County, or to any or either of them, Greeting. Whereas T. P. of B. aforesaid addition was ferved with Summons granted by me J. D. Efq; One of His Majefty's Justices of the Peace for the County aforefaid, for his Appearance before Day of to Answer to E. L. of M. in a Plea of And whereas the faid T. P. hath made addition default in his faid Apperance: These are therefore in HisMajesty's Name to will and require you to take the Body of the faid T. P. ( if he may be found in your Precinct ) and him fafely keep, so that he may be had before me the faid J. D. at my Dwelling House in B. on the Day of of the Clock in the noon, as well to Answer the faid E. L. of his Plea aforesaid, as for his said Contempt; and make true Return of this Writ, with your Doings therein unto my Self at or before the faid Dated at B. aforefaid, the Day of Year of His Majesty's Reign. Annoque Domini, 7. D.

#### Capias or Attachment.

TO the Sheriff or Marshal of the faid County of S. or either of their Deputies, or Constables of the Town of B. within the faid County, or to any or either of them, Greeting. In His Majesty's Name you are required to attach the Goods or Estate of T. P. of B. aforesaid to the Value of Shillings; and for want thereof to take the Body of the faid T. P. ( if he may be found in your Precinct ) and him fafely keep so that he may be had before me J. D. Esq; One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County aforesaid, at my Dwelling House in B. Day of of the Clock in the at noon; then and there to Answer to E. L. of M. addition To the Damage of the faid E. L. (as he faith) the Sum of Shillings: As shall then and there appear with other due Damages. Hereof fail not, and make due Return of this Writ and of your doings therein unto my felf at or before the faid Day of Dated at B. aforefaid, the Day of In the Year of His Majesty's Reign. Annoque Domini,

#### Summons when Goods are attached.

OT. P. of D. in the County of S. addition In His Majesty's Name you are Commanded to appear before me J. D. Esq; One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County aforefaid, at my Dwelling House in B. on the Day of of the Clock in the noon; To Answer unto E. L. of M. addition in a Plea of Which Plea the faid E. L. hath commenced to be heard and determined before me: And your Goods or Estate are Attached to the value of Shillings for Security to fatisfie the Judgment which the faid E. L. may recover upon the aforefaid Tryal. Fail not of Appearance at your Peril. Dated at B. aforefaid the Day of Day of Year of His Majesty's Reign. Annoque Domini, In the 7. D.

#### Execution or Warrant of Diffress.

S......f. W Illiam the Third by the Grace of GOD, of England, Scotland, France and Ireland, KING, Defender of the Faith, &c. To the Sheriff or Marshal of Our said Country of S. or either of their Deputies; or Constables of the Town of B. within Our said Country, or any or either of them,

T Greeting.

### Trials in Civil Caules.

addition Whereas E. L. of M. on the Day of before J. D. Esq; One of Our Justices of the Peace for Our County aforesaid recovered Judgment against T. P. of B. addition for the Sum of Shillings and Pence, Debt or Damage, and Shillings Pence, for Charges of Suit, as to Us appears of Record; whereof Execution remains to be done. We Command you therefore, That of the Money of the faid T. P. or of his Goods or Chattels within your Precinct, at the Value thereof in Money, you cause to be levied, paid and satisfied unto the said E. L. the aforefaid Sums, being Pounds Shillings and Pence in the whole; and also that out of the Money, Goods or Chattels of the faid T. P. you levy two Shillings more for this Writ, together with your own Fees. And for want of fuch Money, Goods or Chattels of the faid T.P's to be by him shewn unto you, or found within your Precinct, to the Acceptance of the faid E. L. for fatisfying the aforefaid Sums: We Command you to take the Body of the faid T. P. and him commit unto ourGoal in B. And we Command the Keeper thereof accordingly to Receive the faid T. P. into Our faid Goal, and him fafely to keep, until he pay the full Sums above-mentioned, with your Fees; or that he be discharged by the faid E. L. the Creditor, or otherwise by Order of Law. Hereof fail not, and make Return of this Writ with your doings therein unto Our faid Justice within Sixty Days next coming. WitnessOur faid Justice at B. the Day of Year of Our Reign. Annoque Domini, In the

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, Thatincase the Defendant in any Suit being duly Served with a Capias or Attachment, and Return therefore made do not appear by himfelf, or his Attorney, Judgment shall be entred up against him by Default.

#### CHAP. XIV.

# An Act for regulating of Trials in Civil Causes.

Writs, Pleas, &c. to be in the English Tongue.

Circumftanrial Errors not to cause to be made.

Cofts to be granted upon Non-Suits,

E50 €.

Judgment by Default.

Tie it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Writs, Processes, Declarations, Indictments, Pleas, Answers, Replications and Entries, in the feveral Courts of Justice within

this Province, shall be in the English Tongue, and no other.

And that no Summons, Process, Writ, Judgment, or other Proceedings in Courts or Course of Justice shall be abated, arrested or reversed for any Kind anAbatement, of circumftantial Errors or Miftakes, where the Perfon and Cafe may be rightly Amendments understood and intended by the Court, nor thro' Defect or want of Form only: And the Justices on Motion made in Court, may order Amendment thereof.

And be it further enacted and declared by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person shall cause Process to be served upon another on pretence of Debt, Trespass; or for any other Matter or Cause, and discontinue his Suit, or be Non-Suit, the Justices of the Court where such Process is returnable, shall give Judgment for the Defendant to recover reasonable Costs.

And in Case the Defendant in any Suit being duly served with Process, and Return thereof made into the Court where the same is Returnable, do not appear by himself or his Attorney, his Default shall be recorded, and Judgment be entred up against him thereupon; unless before the Jury be dismiss'd he shall come into Court, and move for a Trial; in which Case he shall be admitted thereto, upon paying down to the adverse Party the Costs he has been at so far; and the Plaintiff shall pay for entring the Action anew. And

### Trials in Civil Causes.

and further it is enacted, That as well the Justices of the Superiour Justices of Court of Judicature, Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery, as the Judices of the Inferiour Court of Common Pleas, and Judices of the Court of General the Residual Court of General of ice of Residual Court of General Office of Residual Court of General Court Seffions of the Peace, in each respective County within this Province, be, and Practice. are hereby respectively impowred, to make necessary Rules for the more orderly practifing in fuch Court; fo as that the faid Rules be not repugnant to the

Laws of this Province: As also from Time to Time, to appoint and settle a their Clerk. Clerk to officiate in fuch Court, and to do all Things proper to that Office; who shall be under Oath well and truly to execute and discharge the same.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Clerk of each Town respectively within this Province, as well as the Clerks of the fe- Town Clerk veral Courts aforefaid, may, and are hereby respectively impowred to grant to grant Sum-Summons for Witness in Civil Causes, directed to the Party to be summoned mons for for Witness; which Summons shall be made out in Form following. That is Witness.

to fay: S----- //.

To A. B. of C.

addition

Greeting.

YOU are hereby Required in His Majesty's Name, to make your Appearance before the Justices of Our Lord the KING, at the next Court Summons. to be holden at B., within and for the County of S. on the Tuesday of to give Evidence of what you know relating to an Action or Plea of then and there to be heard and tried betwixt A. B. of C. addition Plaintiff, and D. E. of F; Hereof fail not, as you will answer your Default under the Pains and Penalty in the Law in that Behalf made and provided. Dated at B. the Year of His Majesty's Reign. Annoque Domini,

A. D. Clerk. And if any Person or Persons who shall be served with lawful Process, or Summons to teftify, Depole or give Evidence concerning any Caufe or Matter depending in any of the Courts aforefaid, and having tendred unto him or them not appear fuch reasonable Sum or Sums of Money for his or their Costs and Charges, as ing. having Regard to the Distance of the Places is necessary to be allowed in that Behalf, do not appear according to the Tenor of the Process or Summons, having no lawful or reasonable Let or Impediment to the contrary; that then the Party fo making Default, shall for every Offence lofe and forfeit forty Shillings; and shall yield further Recompence to the Party aggrieved, according to the Loss and Hindrance that he shall sustain by Reason of the Non-appearance of such Witness or Witnesses: The faid Forfeiture and Dammages to be recovered by Dammages the Party fo grieved against the Offender or Offenders, by Action of Debt in how to be rethe Inferiour Court of Common Pleas within the same County; wherein no covered. Effoign, Protection or Wager of Law to be allowed.

And two Shillings per Diem shall be accounted due Satisfaction to any Wit-Winnesser Alness for his Travel and Expences; and no more to be allowed in Civil Causes: lowance. And if fuch Witness live within three Miles of the Place of the Court's fitting whereto he is summoned, and be not to pass any Ferry, then one Shilling and fix Pence per Diem shall be accounted sufficient.

And no Person serving as a Justice, Juror, Witness or otherwise; shall be Ceremony to required to use any other Ceremony in taking of their respective Oaths, than be used in lifting up the Hand as has been accustomed.

And it is further declared and enacted by the Authority aforesaid, Liberty of That it shall be in the Liberty of the Party aggrieved, at the Judgment given Appeal from in any Infériour Court of Common Pleas, to Appeal therefrom unto the next the Inferious Superiour Court of Judicature to be held within or for the fame County. And Courtthe Party fo appealing, before his Appeal be allowed shall give sufficient Security to profecute the same with Effect: and to answer and pay all intervent Appeal how ing Dammages occasioned to the Appellee by his being delayed, with additio- far liable.

staid.

nal Costs, in Case the Judgment be affirmed. And Execution shall be stayed Execution and suspended, until after the Trial had upon the Appeal.

and

### Review in Civil Causes.

Appellant to produce the Each Party fit of new Plea and Evidence.

and further it is enacted, That the Party Appellant shall produce and give in to the Court where such Appeal is to be tried, attested Copies of the Writ, Judgment, and of all the Evidences filed in the Inferiour Court. And to have bene- each Party shall be allowed the Benefit of any new and further Plea and Evi-

Saving always the Liberty of Appeal unto His Majesty in Council, as by His Majesty's Royal Charter in that Behalf is provided.

Execution not

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That Executo be granted tion in any Case shall not be granted until the Expiration of twenty four Hours in 24 Hours. next after the entering up of Judgment.

Persons imprisoned on charged till O Days after Judgment.

And that no Person imprisoned upon mean Process, shall be held in Prison upon fuch Process above the space of thirty Days next after the rising of the mean Process, Court where the same is Returnable, notwithstanding Judgment thereupon renot to be dif-i covered; unless such Person be continued there by having his Body taken in Execution: Nor shall the Prison Keeper discharge any such Prisoner having Judgment entred up against him, within the said space of thirty Days after the Court's rifing, to the Intent his Body may be taken in Execution, but by special Order of the Party at whose Suit he stands committed, signified in writing under his Hand.

Goods or Eftate attach'd, not to be releafed in 30 Days after Judgment.

Nor shall any Goods or other Estate attached to Respond the Judgment that shall be recovered on Suit brought, be released or discharged from such Arrest until the Expiration of thirty Days next after rendring of Judgment for the Plaintiff in fuch Suit, to the Intent that he may take the fame by Execution for fatisfying of fuch Judgment in Whole or in Part, fo far as the Value thereof can extend, if he think fit; unless the Judgment be sooner or otherwise satisfied: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

#### CHAP. XVI.

# An Act for Review in Civil Causes.

7 G. ca. 6.

TO the Intent there be no failure of Justice; and that the Party against whom Suit is brought, be not fore-closed by a Judgment given against him; when as upon a new Trial he might be better provided of new and further Evidence for his Defence; which probably could not be obtained in so short Time as by Law is allowed for a Trial by Appeal:

Review of Judgment given in the Superiour or Inferiour Court.

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Reprefentatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That it shall be in the Liberty of the Party aggrieved at the Judgment given in any Inferiour Court of Common Pleas, or in the Superiour Court of Judicature respectively, by new Process to Review the said Cause once in each

Party Reviewing to bring the Cafe.

And the Party bringing such Action of Review, shall produce and present attested Copies of the Writ, Judgment, and of all the Evidences on File in the former Trial; and each Party shall have the Benefit of any new and further Plea and Evidence.

No Review

Provided, No Action of Review shall be brought after the Expiration of three to be brought Years from the Time of rendring the Judgment, to be reviewed.

after 3 Years. Saving.

Saving unto any Infant, Feme Covert, or Person non compos mentis, Imprifoned, in Captivity, or out of this Province the Term of three Years next after their coming of full Age, or fuch Imperfection removed, to bring his or her Action of Review; and not afterward.

Execution not to be flaid by reafon of Revicw.

and it is further enacted, That Execution shall not be stayed or suspended, for or by Reason of any Process of Review: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

#### Attorneys. Town Allessments, &c.

CHAP. XVII.

# An Act relating to Attorneys.

E it enaded by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the substitute of the same, That the Plaintist or Defendant in any Suit, may 13 A. ca 1. plead or defend his Cause by himself in his proper Person; or with the Assistance of the

ance of fuch other Person as he shall procure.

and be it further enacted. That all Attorneys commonly practifing in any of the Courts of Justice within this Province, shall be under Oath, which Oath shall be administred to them by the Clerk in open Court before the Justices of the fame, at the Time of their being admitted to fuch Practice; in the

Tenor following. That is to fay:

OU shall do no Falshood, nor consent to any to be done in the Court, and if you know of any to be done, you shall give Knowledge thereof to the Justices Oath. of the Court, or some of them; that it may be reformed. You shall not wittingly and willingly, promote, sue or procure to be sucd any false or unlawful Suit, nor give Aid or Consent to the same. You shall delay no Man for Lucre or Malice. But you shall use your self in the Office of an Attorney within the Court, according to the best of your Learning and Discretion, and with all good Fidelity as well to the Court as to So help you GOD. your Clients.

And the Fee to be allowed for an Attorney in the Superiour Court of Judicature, shall be twelve Shillings; and in the Inferiour Court of Common Pleas ten Shillings, and no more: And but one Attorney to be paid for in any Cafe. And none but fuch as are allowed and fworn Attorneys as aforefaid, shall have any Fee taxed for them in Bills of Costs: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the con-

trary in any wife notwithstanding.

#### CHAP. XVIII.

# An Act prescribing the Form of a Warrant for collecting of Town Affessments, &c.

If Eit enaded and ordained by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Warrant to be issued by the Select-Men or Affesfors of the respective Towns, for the collecting and gathering in of Town Rates or Affessments, shall be made in the Form or Tenor following. That is to fay:

S---- [f. To the Constable or Constables of the Town of A. within the County of S. and every of them, Greeting.

N His Majefty's Name you are required to levy and collect of the feveral Persons named in the Lift herewith committed unto you, each one his refpective Proportion (therein fet down) of the Sum total of fuch Lift; being a Tax or Affesment granted and agreed upon by the Inhabitants of the faid Town of A. regularly affembled, for defraying of the necessary Charges arising within the fame : And to deliver and pay in the Sum and Sums which you shall fo levy and collect unto A.B. Treasurer of the said Town, (where any such is appointed) or to the Select-Men; or to C. D. (who is by them appointed to receive the fame) and to compleat and make up an Account of your Collections of the whole Sum, at on or before the Day of And if any Person or Persons shall neglect or refuse to make Payment of the Sum or Sums whereat he or they are respectively affested and set in the said List, to distrein the Goods or Chattels of fuch Person or Persons to the Value thereof, and the

Distress

Providing in Case of Sickness.

Diffress or Diffresses so taken, to keep by the space of four Days, at the Cost and Charge of the Owner: And if the Owner do not pay the Sum or Sums of Money fo affessed upon him within the said four Days, then the said Distress or Diffreffes fo taken, you are to expose and openly fell at an Out-cry, for Payment of the faid Money and Charges : Notice of fuch Sale being posted up in fome publick Place within the fame Town, twenty four Hours before Hand : And the Over-plus coming by the faid Sale (if any be) befides the Sum or Sums of the Affessment and the Charges of taking and keeping of the Diffress and Diffreffes, to be immediately reftored to the Owner. And for want of Goods or Chattels whereon to make Diffress, you are to seife the Body or Bodies of the Person or Persons so refusing, and him or them commit unto the Common Goal of the faid County; there to remain until he or they pay and fatisfy the feveral Sum or Sums whereat they are respectively affested as aforesaid; unless upon Application made to the Court of General Sessions of the Peace, the same or any Part thereof shall be abated. Dated at A. the Day of Year of His Majesty's Reign. Annoque Domini,

and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That when the Officer appointed for collecting any Rates or Affessments by Virtue of fuch Warrant as aforefaid, shall feife the Body of any Person or Persons for want of Goods or Chattels whereof to make Diffress, and shall commit him or them to Prison; he shall give an attested Copy of his Warrant unto the Keeper of the Prison, and thereupon certify under his Hand the Sum or Sums such Person or Persons are to pay as their Proportion to the Assessment, and that for want of Goods or Chattels whereon to make Diffress, he has feifed his or their Bodies : And fuch attested Copy with the Certificate thereon under the Hand of the Officer, shall be a fufficient Warrant to require the Prison Keeper to receive and gant, to be gi- hold fuch Person or Persons in Custody, until he or they shall pay their Rates or Affessments as aforesaid, and Charges of Imprisonment; with one Shilling

Atteffed Copy Commitment, for the Copy of the Warrant.

#### CHAP. XIX.

# An Act providing in Case of Sickness. All E it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Re-

Additional 1,2, G.2. ca.8.

presentatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That for the better preventing the spreading of Infection, when it shall happen any Person or Persons coming from abroad, or belonging to any Town or Place within this Province to be vifited; or that late before have been vifited with the Plague, Small-Pox, peftilential or malignant to provide for Fever, or other contagious Sickness, the Infection whereof may probably be the Sick communicated to others; the Select-Men of fuch Town be, and hereby are impowred to take Care, and make effectual Provision in the best Manner they can, for the Preservation of the Inhabitants; by removing and placing such fick or infected Person or Persons, to and in a separate House or Houses, and by providing of Nurses, Tendance and other Affistance, and Necessaries for them; at the Charge of the Parties themselves, their Parents or Masters (if able) or otherwise at the Charge of the Town or Place whereto they belong.

Sele&-Men

Towns to ay the Charge of their own Sick.

And in Case it happen any Person or Persons to be visited with Sickness in any other Town or Place than that whereto they belong, and thereby occasion a Charge to fuch Town; the Select-Men shall lay the Account thereof before the Justices in Court of General Sessions of the Peace within the County where the Town lies, whereto fuch Person or Persons belong; and the Justices having adjusted the Account of such Charge, and allowed so much thereof as they judge reasonable, shall order Payment thereof to be made by the Treasurer of fuch Town; when the Persons themselves, their Parents or Masters are unable to pay the same. And when it shall happen such indigent Persons not to be Inhabitants.

Inhabitants, or belonging to any Town or Place within this Province, and the proper Charge thereof in Case they need Relief; then the Charge of their Sickness shall be defrayed out of the publick Treasury of the Province, by Warrant from the Governour, with the Advice and Confent of the Council.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if need Juffices to fo require, any two Justices of the Peace may make out a Warrant directed to make out the Sheriff of the County or his Deputy, or Constables of the Town or Place impressing where any fuch fick Person or Persons shall be ; requiring them or any of Lodgings &c. them in His Majefty's Name, with the Advice and Direction of the Select-Men of the fame, to impress and take up convenient Housing, Lodging, Nur-

fes, Tendance and other Necessaries, for the Accommodation, Safety and Relief of the Sick.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That if any Per- Juffices imfon or Persons, Seamen or Passengers belonging to or transported in any Ship powred to or Veffel, arriving to any Port or Harbour within this Province, happen to be loos coming visited with the Plague, Small-Pox, pestilential or malignant Fever during the on Shoar Voyage; or to come from any Place where fuch Sickness prevails and is com- from any mon, any Justice or Justices of the Peace within the County to whom the No. Vessels visited tice or Information thereof shall be given, shall forthwith take Care to prevent with Sickness. and restrain all Persons belonging to, or transported in such Ship or other Vessel from coming on Shoar; and if any be before on Shoar, to fend them on Board again; as also to restrain Persons from going on Board such Ship or Vessel: And to that End may make out a Warrant directed to the Sheriff of the County or his Deputy, or Constables of the same Town; who are accordingly impowred and required to execute the same. And such Justice or Justices, are Intelligence to the Governour or Commander to be transfin Chief for the Time being; who is hereby impowred, with the Advice and mitted to the Confent of the Council, to take such further Order therein as they shall think Governous fit, for preventing the spreading of the Infection.

#### CHAP. XIX.

# An Act in Addition to an Act for the Settlement and Support of Schools and School-Mafters.

WHERE AS it is by Law appointed, "That every Town within this "Province having the Number of fifty Housholders or upwards, shall be constantly provided of a School-Master, to teach Children and Youth to ca. 10. " read and write. And where any Town or Towns have the Number of one 4 G. ca. a. " Hundred Families or Housholders, there shall also be a Grammar School set " up in every fuch Town; and some discreet Person of good Conversation, " well instructed in the Tongues, procured to keep such School. Every such " School-Mafter to be fuitably encouraged and paid by the Inhabitants. The Observance of which wholsome and necessary Law is shamefully negletted by divers Towns, and the Penalty thereof not required, tending greatly to the Nou-

rishment of Ignorance and Irreligion; whereof grievous Complaint is made:

For Redress of the same : Be it enacted and declared by the Lieutenant Governour. Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Autho- Penalty for rity of the same, That the Penalty or Forfeiture for Non-observance of the Non obserfaid Law, shall henceforth be twenty Pounds per Annum; and so proportiona-vance of the bly for a leffer Time that any Town shall be without such settledSchool-Master Law. respectively; to be recovered, paid and employed in Manner, and to the Use as by Law is directed: Any Law, Ulage or Custom to the contrary notwith-Standing.

### Durchases of Lands from the Indians.

Grammar School-Maapproved.

fters to be No Minister Justices to fee Intent of the Law. to the Obier-

Law. Grand Jurors to inquire and prefent Brea ches thereof.

Every Grammar School-Mafter to be approved by the Minister of the Town and the Ministers of the two next adjacent Towns, or any two of them; by Certificate under their Hands.

and be it further enacted, That no Minister of any Town shall be ro be a School- deemed, held or accepted to be the School-Master of such Town within the

And the Justices of Peace in each respective County are hereby directed to take vance of the effectual Care, that the Laws respecting Schools and School-Masters, be duly obferved and put in Execution. And all Grand Jurors within their respective Counties, shall diligently Inquire and make Presentment of all Breaches and Neglect of the faid Laws, that fo due Profecution may be made against the Offenders.

#### CHAP. XX.

# An Act to prevent and make void Clandestine and Illegal Purchases of Lands from the Indians.

Preamble.

WHERE AS the Government of the late Colonies of the Massachusetts-Bay and New-Plymouth; to the Intent the native Indians might not be injured or defeated of their just Rights and Possessions, or be imposed on and abused in selling and disposing of their Lands; and thereby deprive themselves of such Places as were suitable for their Settlement and Improvement : Did by an Act and Law paffed in the faid Colonies respectively many Years since, inhibit and forbid all Perfons purchasing any Lands of the Indians, without the Licence and Approbation of the General Court. Notwithstanding which, sundry Persons for private Lucre have prefumed to make Purchases of Lands from the Indians, not having any Licence or Approbation as aforefaid for the same, to the Injury of the Natives; and great Disquiet and Disturbance of many of the Inhabitants of this Province in the peaceable Possession of their Lands and Inheritances lawfully acquired:

Therefore for the vacating of fuch illegal Purchases, and preventing of the

like for the future:

Be it enacted and declared by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That all Deeds of Bargain, Sale, Leafe, Releafe, or Quit-Claim, Titles and Conveyances whatfoever, of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments Bargain, Sale, within this Province, as well for Term of Years as for Ever, had, made, gotten, dians without procured or obtained, from any Indian or Indians by any Person or Persons whatfoever, at any Time or Times fince the Year of Our Lord, One Thousand Six Hundred Thirty Three, without the Licence or Approbation of the respective General Courts of the faid late Colonies, in which fuch Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments lay; and all Deeds of Bargain and Sale, Titles and Conveyances whatfoever of any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments within this Province, that fince the Establishment of the present Government, have been, or shall hereafter be had, made, obtained, gotten or procured, from any Indian or Indians, by any Person or Persons whomsoever, without the Licence, Approbation and Allowance of the Great and General Court or Affembly of this Province for the fame, shall be deemed and adjudged in the Law to be Null, Void and of none Effect.

Provito for Towns or Persons having Title derived from the General Court.

All Deeds of

Licence, Vacated.

> Provided nevertheless, and is is notwithstanding hereby Enacted and Declared. That all fuch Purchases, Releases and Titles, heretofore had or obtained from any Indian or Indians, by any Town or Person whatsoever, of any Lands or Hereditaments which fuch Town or Person also hold and enjoy by Virtue of any Grant or Title made or derived by or from the General Court of either of the Colonies aforefaid: And all Releafes, Purchafes, Conveyances and Titles, which

### Dabal Dffice.

151

which any Town or Person shall hereafter make, procure or obtain of any Indian or Indians, for any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, Granted or that shallbe Granted by the General Court to such Town or Person before such Purchase or Title made or obtained from any Indian or Indians, shall be, and hereby are excepted out of this Act, and be held for Good and Valid in the Law:

Any thing herein contained notwithstanding.

Provided also, That if any Person or Persons, or Town in this Province to the Saving for Fastward of Piscataqua River, have heretofore purchased or obtained any Indian Lands hing Deed or Title for any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments in those Parts; or if any Person or Persons have heretosore purchased or obtained any Indian Deed Piscatagua River at Market Parts of the Parts o or Title for any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments in the Island of Capawack, that's Vineyard alias Marthas Vineyard, or the Dependences thereof, now known by the Name and Nantuckes. of Dukes County, or in the Island of Nantucket, for further Confirmation of their other lawful Titles and Poffessions: This Act, or any Thing therein contained shall not extend or be construed to extend in any wife to vacate or make void fuch Indian Deed or Title: Any Thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it further enacted the Authority aforesaid. That if any Person or Persons wnatsoever, shall after the Publication of this Act, prefume Penalty on to make any Purchase, or obtain any Title from any Indian or Indians for any final make Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments within this Province, contrary to the true Purchases Intent and Meaning of this Act; fuch Perfon or Perfons fo offending, and wirnout Libeing thereof duly convicted in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record within cince. this Province, shall be punished by Fine and Imprisonment, at the Discretion of the Court where the Conviction shall be; not exceeding double the Value of

the Land fo purchased, nor exceeding fix Months Imprisonment.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Leafes Land from of Land that shall at any Time hereafter be made by any Indian or Indians for the Indians any Term or Terms of Years, shall be utterly void and of none Effect; unless to be approved the same be made by and with Licence first had and obtained from the Court of by the of General Sessions of the Peace in the County where such Lands lie.

Provided nevertheless, That nothing in this Act shall be taken, held or deemed Peace, in any wife to hinder, defeat or make void any Bargain, Sale or Leafe of Land Provide for

made by one Indian to another Indian or Indians.

Sale, from In-

dian to Indian.

#### CHAP. XXI.

# An Act for establishing of a Naval Office, and for ascertaining of the Fees.

If E it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authoaith of the fame, That in every Sea Port within the Province, there be an Office kept, to be called and known by the Name of the Naval Office, as has been accustomed; for the entring and clearing of all Ships and other Vessels trading to or from this Province. And the Fees to be demanded and received in the said Office shall be these following, and no other. That is to say:

For entring of Ships and Veffels trading to this Province from abroad, (except from the Provinces and Colonies of Pen-Sylvania, New-York, East and West-ferseys, Connecticut, Rhode-Island, and New-Hampshire) One Shilling each.

And for Veffels trading to or from either of the faid Provinces or Colonies, four Shillings per Annum; or fix Pence Entry and fix Pence Clearing each Voyage, at the Master's Choice. đ.

#### Addition to the Act of the Militia. 152

For examining and recording Certificates that Bond is given according to the Acts of Navigation, two Shillings.	00	02	00	
For Bond given according to the Acts of Navigation.		02		
For Clearing and Certificate of the Lading two Shillings and fix Pence.	00	02	06	

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforefair. That if any Person employed in the said Office, shall demand or take any other or greater Fees than by Law are allowed, or shall illegally delay and defer the entring or clearing any Ship or other Vessel; such Officer so offending shall be liable to double Costs and Dammages, being thereof duly convicted in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record within this Province.

# An Act.

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of Her Majefty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, on Wednesday the twenty-seventh of May, 1 7 0 2.

#### CHAP. I.

# An Act in addition to the Act for regulating the Militia, and for Explanation of a Clause in the said Act.

5 W. & M. ca. 8.

7 HEREAS in the enumeration of Persons exempted from Trainings by the AET Intitled, An Acc for Regulating of the Militia, Persons Lame or otherwise disabled in Body (producing Certificate from two able Chyrurgeons) are included. And whereas divers Persons fit and able for Service, by corrupt and fallacious Means do obtain such Certificates from some Practitioners in Chyrurgery in elusion of the Law, and contrary to the true Intent and Meaning thereof; and thereupon presume to neglect their Duty, and plead an Exemption with Difregard to their Officers, baving no orderly Difmission from them:

#### For Remedy whereof:

Lame Persons &c. not to be Trainings, &c. without Approbation of their Officers.

Be it enacted and declared by his Excellency the Governour, dismised from Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the fame, That no Person or Persons whatsoever shall at any Time hereafter, by Virtue of any Certificate already given, or to be given by two Chyrurgeons as aforefaid, be excused or exempted from bearing Arms, and attending Trainings, and other military Exercises and Duty in the Troop or Company whereto they respectively belong, and are inlisted; or from Impresses for Her Majesty's Service, unless for just Cause they first obtain an orderly Dismission under the Hands of the Commission Officers of such Troop or Company. And in Case they unreasonably refuse the same, then of the first Field Officer of the Regiment whereof fuch Troop or Company is Part; or of the Captain General or Commander in Chief, for the Time being: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

### Presoners for Theft. Support of Ministers.

Acts and Laws.

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of Her Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednesday the twenty-seventh of May 1702. And continued by several Prorogations until Thursday the fifteenth of October following; and then fat at Cambridge.

CHAP. II.

# An Act to prevent Charges arising upon the County for Prisoners committed for Thefr.

NAS MUCH as it often happens, That Persons convicted of Theft, and sentenced to make Restitution to the Party injured as the Law directs, are Preamble. held long Time in Prison; having not wherewith to satisfy their Creditors, or to pay for their Keeping otherwise than by Service; thereby occasioning great Charge to arise upon the County:

For Remedy whereof: Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled; and it is enacted by the authority of the fame, That hence-forth no Person or Persons convicted Prisoners for and sentenced for committing of Theft, shall be held, or continued in Prison Thest not to for and on account of Restitution or Dammages awarded to the Party injured, for be held more more than the space of thirty Days next after such Judgment or Sentence given; than 30 Days Unless the Creditor will become engaged, or give Caution to the Keeper of the Prison to pay and satisfie his Charge and Expence in keeping of such Prisoner unies, &c. both for Time past and future, not exceeding Three Shillings per Week.

And in case the Creditor shall refuse or neglect so to do and shall not dispose of or take fuch Prisoner in Service; or otherwise release him, the Keeper shall Keepers Power no longer be chargeable with fuch Prisoner, but may fet him at Liberty: Any er to dif-Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding. And in charge the every such Case the Prisoner shall pay and fatisfy his own Fees and Charges. Prisoner in additional to the New York Case. and if he be unable, then upon Application made by the Keeper to any two Justices of the same Court Quorum Unus; such two Justices are hereby impowred to adjust and determine the Sum to be paid, and to order and enjoyn the Prisoner to make Satisfaction by Service for such reasonable Time as they shall affign, for which Term the Keeper may dispose of him in Service to any of Her Majesty's English Subjects.

and it is further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That if any Action, Bill, Suit or Information shall be commenced or prosecuted against the Keeper of fuch Prison for what he shall do in pursuance of this Act; he may plead the general Issue, Not Guilty; and upon Issue joyned may give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence; And if the Plantiff or Prosecutor shall become Non-suit, or suffer a Discontinuance; or if Verdict pass against him, the Defendant shall recover Costs and Damages for the Molestation.

CHAP. III. An Act more effectually providing for the Support of Ministers.

THEREAS in some few Towns and Districts within this Province, divers Preamble. of the Inhabitants are Quakers, and others Irreligious Persons averse and opposite to the publick Worship of God, and to a learned cribodox Ministry; and find out Ways to elude the Laws provided for the Support of such, and pervert the good Intentions thereof; to the Encouragement of Irreligion and Prophaneness:

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### Support of Ministers.

4 W. & M. For Remedy whereof: And in further Addition to the Act, Entitled, An AEt for the Settlement and Support of Ministers and School-Masters, Made in 48x 5W.8x M. the Fourth Year of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary: And the ca. 20. Additions thereto heretofore made: 7 W. ca. 9.

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That when and so often from Time to Time, as Information or Complaint shall be made to the Court of General Sessions of the Peace in any County, that the Minister of any Town or District within such County, qualified as abovefaid, is not fuitably encouraged, fupported or maintained, according to his Contract or Agreement made with the Inhabitants; or according to the Allowance and Maintenance ordered him by the Court of General Seffions of the Peace; as the Law directs where there is no fuch Contract, or that the fame happen to be expired, by Reason that the Select-Men or other Affessors of fuch Town or Diffrict, do refuse or neglect to assess and raise such Maintenance, and cause the same to be levied upon the Inhabitants; or that Payment Court of Ge- thereof is withheld from the Minister: In every such Case, the said Court is neral Seffions hereby directed and further impowred, over and above the impoling of the Fine Power to ap- by Law fet upon fuch delinquent Select-Men or Affeffors, to appoint three or point Affestors, more sufficient Freeholders within the same County, to affest and apportion the Sum agreed or fet for the yearly Support and Maintenance of fuch Minister,

collecting.

13 W. ca. 18. trict, in Manner as is directed for the raifing other publick Charges; and to prefent the Lift of fuch Affesment unto two Justices of the Peace of the same Two Juffices County, Quorum Unus; who are hereby impowred and required to make out to make out a and affix a Warrant thereto, directed to the Constables of fuch Town or Dif-Warrant for trict, in Form as is by Law prescribed for the levying and collecting of Town Rates or Affessments, Mutatis Mutandis; requiring them to collect and levy the Sum total of the said List, and pay in the same unto the Minister; or to fuch Person as shall be appointed by the Sessions to receive the same to hisUse: And fuch Conftables failing of a due Observance and Execution of such Warrant, shall incur the like Pains, Penalties and Forfeitures, as for not collecting and paying in any other Rates or Affessments to them committed. And the Court of General Sessions of the Peace is further directed and impowred, to to be given to order meet Satisfaction to be made unto the Affessors so appointed, for their the Affessors. Pains and Trouble, out of the Fines set upon the delinquent Select-Men or Affessors as aforefaid. And the remainder of the faid Fines, ( if any be ) to be paid to the County Treasurer for defreying the necessary Charges of the County : Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

either by Contract or Court Order, upon the Inhabitants of fuch Town or Dif-

Inhabitants of Power.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the In-Diffricts their habitants of each Diffrict or Precinct respectively, regularly set off from any Town, shall be, and are hereby impowred to name and appoint a Clerk, as of right Towns by Law have; as also Affesfors for the affesfing and raising a Maintenance and Support for the Minister of such District or Precinct; and to make out a Warrant in Form as by Law prescribed for Town Rates or Assessments, directed to the Constable of the Town or District, for the collecting and levying of the same; who is required to execute such Warrant accordingly. And in Case the Assessors so appointed, shall refuse or neglect that Service, the Select Men of the Town from whence such District or Precinct was fet off, shall and are hereby required to affefs the Inhabitants of the fame, the Sum agreed

upon or let for Maintenance of the Minister thereof.

4 G. ca. 6. 7 G. ca. 8.

### Commission of Semers.

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#### CHAP. IV.

### An Act for appointing Commissioners of Sewers.

THERE AS great Quantities of Meadows and Low Grounds belonging to Preamble. fundry Persons in several Towns, are spoiled by the Overslowing of Rivers, Brooks and Waters occasioned by Banks and Stoppages in their Courses, which by Industry may be removed, to the Benefit and Profit of the Owners: And also much Meadow and Pasture Lands might be gained out of Swamps and other rough and unprofitable Grounds, by drowning and dreyning the fame.

To the intent therefore that the Owners of fuch Lands and Meadows may be encouraged, and enabled to remove fuch Obstructions as occasion fuch Overstows; and to damm and flow their Swamps and other Grounds, and thereby bring them

to Meadow or Pasture, that they may be made profitable to them :

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of Governour the tame, That it shall be in the Power of the Governour and Council, from & Council to Time to Time, upon Request to them made by the major Part of the Proprietors grant Comof any fuch Lands, to grant Commissioners of Sewers to such and so many able Sewers. and discreet Persons, as to them shall seem meet, for the clearing and removing of the Banks and Obstructions of the Passages of the Waters in Rivers, Brooks or Ponds, that occasion the Overflows and Drowning of Meadows and low Lands; and also for the daming and flowing of Swamps and other unprofitable Grounds, and dreyning of them. By which Commissions, the said Commissions oners shall be impowred to meet and convene together from Time to Time as Occasion may require, to View, Consider, Consult and Contrive such Ways and Methods for the clearing and removing the Obstructions aforesaid; and for the Commission drowning and dreyning of Swamps and other unprofitable Grounds : And to em- ners Power, ploy Workmen and Labourers for fuch reasonable Wages as may be agreed on, for the effecting the Premises; and from Time to Time to affess and tax all fuch Perfons as may or shall be Owners of such over-slowed Lands or Meadows, or fuch unprofitable Swamps and Lands as aforefaid, towards the Charge thereof; having regard to each Person's quantity of Land and Benefits to be received thereby, as equally according to their best Judgment as they can; and also to appoint and swear a Collector or Collectors, for the collecting and gathering and paying in the fame to fuch Perfons, as by the faid Commissioners shall be appointed to receive it; with Powers to diffrain all fuch Persons, as shall neglect or refuse to make Payment of his, her or their Parts or Proportion set and affeffed as aforefaid, in fuch Manner as in the Province Rates and Taxes by Law may be done, and to call before themselves the said Collector or Collectors to Account for his or their Betrustments, with Reference to the Prem ses.

and further be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Commissioners shall be Sworn for the faithful Discharge of their Trust, and shall Commission receive fuch Salaries out of the faid Affeisments, for their Time and Expences ners to be touching the Premisses, as the Governour and Council shall appoint; unto Sworn, whom the faid Commissioners shall be accountable when they shall be there-

unto required.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid. That in case it shall so happen that any Proprietor of any such Lands or Meadows to be drowned or Dreyned as aforefaid, shall be unable; or otherwise neglect to pay his; her, or their Part or Proportion of the faid Rates or Aff sments; it shall and may be lawful to and for the other Proprietors concerned therein to pay the faid Affessments, and to hold the faid Lands and Meadows so long until the Rates and Profits to be received of those Lands, may Reimburse them; and the Commissioners aforesaid shall determine the Time how long.

Provided.

### Filhery. Money.

Provided always, That it shall be in the Liberty of any Person aggrieved at any Procedure had or made by the faid Commissioners, or any others in pursuance of this Act, to appeal therefrom unto the Governour and Council for

#### CHAP. V.

An A&t for the reviving and re-ena&ing a Clause in the Act, Intitled, An Act for the Regulating and Encouragement of Fishery; that hath been for some Time Repealed by the General Affembly.

a. W. & M. ca. 14.

WHERE AS in the second Paragraph of the said Ast, It is cnacted, "That henceforth no Mackrel shall be caught (except for spending " whilst fresh) before the first of July annually: And whereas the faid Clause by an Att afterwards made and passed by the General Assembly, was repeated and made word; which said Repeal, and the unseasonable catching of Mackret there-

upon bath been experienced to be very prejudicial to this Province:

Be it therefore enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives, convened in General Court or Assembly, and it is enacted by the authority of the same, That the said Clause aboverecited, shall be, and is hereby revived and re-enacted: And that henceforth no Person or Persons whatsoever, shall presume to catch or cause to be caught any Mackrel (except for spending whilst fresh) before the first of July annually; on Penalty of forfeiting all the Mackrel fo caught contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Act, and twenty Shillings per Barrel over and above for each Barrel of the fame : The one Half of the faid Forfeiture to be to Her Majesty, for and towards the Support of this her Government; and the other Half to him or them that shall inform and fue for the same, in any of Her Majesty's Courts of Record within this Province.

Penalty for catching Mackrel before the first of July; ex-cept, Ge.

# An Act.

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of Her Majefty's Province of the Maffachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, on Wednesday the tenth of March 1 7 0 2.

#### CHAP. I.

# An Act against the Diminishing and Counterfeiting of Money.

Counterfeiting or Dimi-Coins.

E it enacted and declared by his Ercellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court allembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Person duly connifing of and by the authority of the faire, That every remote the Majerty's victed of counterfeiting or impairing, diminishing or debasing any of Her Majefty's Coins; by washing, clipping, rounding, filing or scaling of the same, shall be proceeded against as a Felon, and suffer the Pains of Death.

And that every Person duly convicted of counterfeiting, or impairing, diminishing or debasing any of the Money established to be current Money within this Province, according to the Act, For afcertaining the Value of Coins current within

### Molatto oz Pegro Serbants.

within this Province; by washing, clipping, rounding, filing or scaling of the Counterfeits fame, shall be set in the Pillory by the space of one whole Hour; and have one wishing of the of his Ears nailed thereto; and also be publickly whipped upon the nakedBody, current Mowith fo many Stripes as the Court before whom the Conviction shall be shall ney of the order; not exceeding forty, and pay all Charges of Profecution.

Be it further enacted by the authority aforefair, That every Person duly convicted of buying or receiving any clippings, icalings or filings of Money, Filings, &c. shall forfeit and pay a Fine of twenty Pounds; one Moiety thereof unto Her Maiesty, for and towards the Support of the Government within this Province; and the other Moiety to him or them that shall inform and sue for the same : and also be imprisoned by the space of three Months.

# An Alt.

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of Her Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednesday the twenty-sixth of May, 1 7 0 3. And continued upon Adjournment unto Wednesday the thirtieth of June following; and then met.

#### CHAP. II.

### An Act relating to Molatto and Negro 2 A ca. 4. Slaves.

HEREAS great Charge and Inconveniencies have arisen to divers Towns Sec, Additional Places, he though the second Charge and Charge a and Places, by the releasing and setting at Liberty Molatto and NegroSlaves: nal Acts, 4 A ca 6. 6 A. ca. 2.

For Prevention whereof for the future :

Be it declared and enacted by his Ercellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court astembled, and by the authority of the same, That no Molatto or Negro Slave Security to shall hereaster be manumitted, discharged or set free, until sufficient Security be given for Molato's or be given to the Treasurer of the Town or Place where such Person dwells, in a Negroes set valuable Sum, not less than fifty Pounds; to secure and indemnify the Town free. or Place from all Charge for or about fuch Molatto or Negro, to be manumitted and fet at Liberty, in Case he or she by Sickness, Lameness or otherwise, be rendred uncapable to support him or her felf.

And no Molatto or Negro hereafter manumitted shall be deemed or accounted None to be free, for whom Security shall not be given as aforefaid; but shall be the pro- accounted per Charge of their respective Masters or Mistresses, in Case they stand in Need free, for of Relief and Support; notwithstanding any Manumission or Instrument of sits is not Freedom to them made or given : And shall also be liable at all Times to be given. put forth to Service by the Select-Men of the Town.

# Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of Her Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednesday the twenty-fixth of May 1703. And continued by Adjournment and Prorogations until Wednesday the twenty-seventh of October following, and then met.

CHAP.

# An Act in addition to the Act for providing of Pounds. &c.

5 W. & M. ca. II. 10 W. ca. 4.

THEREAS it often happens, that the Owners of Cattle, Sheep or Swine Impounded, notwithstanding due Notice thereof given them, neglect to compound or make Satisfaction for the Trespass and Dammage done, but suffer their Creatures to lie long Time in Pound, to the augmenting of Charge, and otherwise proving inconvenient:

For Remedy whereof:

Juffice of the Peace to make out a Warrant of

Be it declared and enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if the Owner of any neet Cattle, Horses, Sheep or Swine impounded, being duly notified thereof, shall not within the space of forty eight Hours next after such Notice given, replevie his Creatures, or otherwise orderly obtain their Release; the Party trespassed upon, Apprizement making Application to a Justice of the Peace, within the same County, for a Warrant of Apprizement; fuch Justice is hereby directed and impowred to make out a Warrant to two or more sufficient indifferent Persons, and to administer an Oath unto them, to make a due and equal Apprizement and Estimate of the Value of fuch Creatures, or fo many of them as shall be sufficient to answer the Dammage, and all Charges: And the Party damnified may retain and keep the Creatures so apprized to his own Use, to make Sale of them at his Pleasure, rendring the Overplus of the apprized Value (if any be) to the Owner.

The Impounder to make Sale, or retain to his own Use.

CHAP. IV.

# An Act to prevent Disorders in the Night.

Preamble.

HERE AS great Diforders, Infolences and Burglaries are of times raifed and committed in the Night-Time by Indians, Negro and Molatto Servants and Slaves, to the Disquiet and Hurt of Her Majesty's good Subjects: For Prevention thereof:

Indian, Negro and Molatto Servants not to be abroad after pine at Night.

If found abroad or mifbehave themfelves, to be apprehended

and fent to

Correction.

the House of

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That no Indian, Negro or Molatto Servant or Slave, may prefume to be absent from the Families whereto they respectively belong, or be found Abroad in the Night-Time after nine a Clock; unless it be upon fome Errand for their respective Masters or Owners.

And all Justices of the Peace, Constables, Tything-Men, Watch-Men, and other Her Majesty's good Subjects, being Housholders within the same Town, are hereby respectively impowred to take up and apprehend, or cause to be apprehended any Indian, Negro or Molatto Servant or Slave that shall be found Abroad after nine a Clock at Night, and shall not give a good and fatisfactory Account of their Business, make any Disturbance or otherwise misbehave them-

felves :

### Erecutors, &c.

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felves; and forthwith convey them before the next Justice of the Peace (if it be not over-late in the Night) or to reftrain them in the common Prison, Watch-House, or Constable's House, until the Morning; and then cause them to appear before a Justice of the Peace, who shall order them to the House of Correction to receive the Discipline of the House, and then be dismis'd; unless they be charged with any other Offence, than Absence from the Families whereto they respectively belong, without Leave from their respective Masters or Owners. And in fuch Towns where there is no House of Correction, to be openly whipped by the Constable, not exceeding ten Stripes.

#### CHAP. V.

# An Act relating to Executors and Administrators.

OR the better preventing of Executors or Administrators doing of Wrong, or 4 W. & M. falfifying of the Trust in them reposed:

Be it declared and enacted by his Ercellency the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, That henceforth every Executor named Executors to in any Will, taking upon him that Charge by proving of fuch Will, within the exhibit an Infpace of three Months next after Probate thereof (or at fuch further and longer Time, as the Judge of Probate shall see meet to allow, the Circumstances of any Estate requiring the same) shall exhibit into the Register's Office upon Oath, a full and true Inventory of the whole Estate of the Deceased, so far as is then come to his Hands and Knowledge; and shall add thereto what and fo much as may further afterwards appear: or otherwife shall give Bond, with one or more fufficient Sureties, to pay the Debts and Legacies of the Testator: on pain of forfeiting five Pounds per Month, for every Month's neglect thereof Penalty for afterward, as is by Law provided for not prefenting of a Will; and to be reco-neglect. vered in like Manner.

Provided nevertheless, That in Wills, where, after the Payment of Debts, and No Bond to of any certain particular Legacy or Legacies, the Refidue or Remainder of the be accepted Estate, is bequeathed generally to any one or more Persons, other than the Execu-where the tors themselves; in every such Case, an Inventory of the Estate shall be pre-cuested in fented upon Oath as aforefaid, and no Bond be accepted in Lieu thereof: And general, the Executors shall be liable to Account as Administratory and the Executors shall be liable to Account as Administratory and the Executors shall be liable to Account as Administratory and the Executors shall be liable to Account as Administratory and the Executors shall be liable to Account as Administratory and the Executors shall be liable to Account as Administratory and the Executors shall be liable to Account as Administratory and the Executors shall be liable to Account as Administratory and the Executors shall be liable to Account as Administratory and the Executors shall be liable to Account as Administratory and the Executors shall be liable to Account as Administratory and the Executors shall be liable to Account as Administratory and the Executors shall be liable to Account as Administratory and the Executors shall be accepted in Lieu thereof and the Executors shall be accepted in Lieu thereof and the Executors shall be accepted in Lieu thereof and the Executors shall be accepted in Lieu thereof and the Executors shall be accepted in Lieu thereof and the Executors shall be accepted in Lieu thereof and the Executors and the Executor and the Executors and the the Executors shall be liable to Account as Administrators are by Law obliged

And any Executor being a refiduary Legatary, may bring his Action of Executor be-Account against his Co-Executor or Executors, of the Estate of the Testator in ingresiduary Account again in Co-Executor of Executors, of the Enace of the Person in Legatary, their Hands; and may also sue for and recover his equal and rateable Part may see his thereof. And any other residuary Legatary shall have like Remedy against the Co-Executor. Executors.

and be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all Writs of Attachment and Execution shall run only against the Goods or Estate of the tachment, &c. Party deceased in the Hands of his Executor or Administrator, and not against not to go atheir Bodies; nor shall any Executor or Administrator be held to special Bail gainst the upon mean Process, nor his own proper Goods or Estate be seised, or his Person Body of the be arrested, or taken in Execution for the Debts or Legacies of the Testator or Admissifra-Intestate; but upon Suggestion of a Waste, and Return made by the Sheriff tor. Nulla Bona, or Devastavit.

In which Case, a Scire Facias shall be iffued out of the Clerk's Office of the Scire Facias to fame Court, against such Executor or Administrator, and Scire Faci being returned, be granted on if the Executor or Administrator shall make Default of Appearance; or coming Suggestion in, shall not shew sufficient Cause to the contrary, Execution shall be adjudged of Waste.

#### 160 Appeals from Judgment in Bar, &c.

and awarded against him of his own proper Goods and Estate, to the Value of fuch Waste, where it can be ascertained, otherwise for the whole Sum recovered; and for want of Goods or Estate, against his Body.

Executorsand Administrators to make Payment in Specie.

And be it further enacted and declared. That every Executor or Administrator, shall make Payment of the Debts and Legacies of the Testator or Intestate, in Specie, if such he hath as Affetts in his Hands; and if he hath not the fame in Kind, he shall expose the Estate to the Creditor or Legatary to take his Satisfaction thereof, at his Election, at a due and equal Rate and Value by Apprizers then to be indifferently named and fworn. And where Judgment and Execution shall be awarded for any Debt or Legacy to be paid in Money; and the Executor or Administrator hath not Money of the Testators or Intestates as The Efface to Affetts in his Hands, the Sheriff shall levy the Goods or Estate of the Deceased, be exposed to and expose the same to a publick and open Sale for Money, at the best Rate and Value that he can; and thereout pay fuch Debt or Legacy, and his own Fees, with the necessary reasonable Charges arising on the Sale, and return the Over-plus (if any be) to the Executor or Administrator: or else shall pay and

fatisfy the Creditor or Legatary out of the Goods, or Estate levyed, if he see Cause to accept the same, at the Value in Money, upon a due and equal Apprizement made by fufficient Persons upon their Oaths, to be indifferently named and appointed for that Purpole: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary

Sale

CHAP. VI.

# An Act relating to Appeals from Judgments in Bar or Abatement.

All Pleas in Bar or Abatement to be made originally in the Inferiour Court.

E it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the fame, That all Pleas in Bar or Abatement shall be made originally in the Inferiour Court, in Suits there brought, and at the first bringing forward thereof, before any iffuable Plea made. And when a Writ shall by Judgment of Court be bar'd or abated, and the Plantiff or Demandant appeals from fuch Judgment to the Superiour Court of Judicature; if upon hearing the Appeal, the Superiour Court, notwithstanding the Pleas made in Bar or Abatement, adjudge the Writ to be good and well brought, they shall reverse or Abarement the Judgment of the Inferiour Court, and award to the Appellant his full Cofts at both Courts: And the next Session of the Inferiour Court holden for the fame County, shall proceed to Trial of the Merit of the Cause upon the same

Writ, without any Delay, a new entry thereof being made.

in any wife notwithstanding.

Upon Reverfal of Judgment in Bar the Cause to be fent down to the Inferiour Court,

Goods, Estate and Bail to

stand good. The likeRule for Appeals

And all Goods and Estate Attached, and Sureties or Bail given, shall continue and be a like responsable in Manner as is by Law provided, to satisfy the principal Judgment upon fuch Trial, as if no intermediate Judgment had been rendred or given. And the same Rule and Method of proceeding to be observed in Appeals to be made from the Judgment in Bar or Abatement given by any from a Justice Justice of the Peace, to the Inferiour Court of Common Pleas : Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Saving.

Saving always, That in Suits wherein the Queen is concerned, upon the Superiour Court's reverfal of any Judgment given in Bar or Abatement, the faid Court shall proceed to try the Cause.

### Against Counterfeiting Bills of Credit.

An Act.

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of Her Majesty's Province of the Massachuletts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Baston, upon Wednesday the thirty-first of May, 1 7 0 4.

CHAP. I.

# An Act of Privilege to the Members of the General Affembly, and Judges of Affize.

PON Consideration that several Members of the Council, and divers of the Representatives live in the remote Parts of the Province, and are occasioned Preamble, to be at considerable Charge and Expence in travelling and attending of Her Majethy's Service in the Great and General Court or Assembly, over and above their stated Allowance by Law. As also, that the Judges of Assembly are put to considera-

ble Charge and Expence in riding of the Circuit:

Be it enauted by his Excellency the Sovernour, Council and Representatives in Seneral Court assemble, and by the Authority son of Seros the same, That every Member of the Council, each Representative of vanus exemptany Town or District, and each Judge of Assize within this Province, during tary Daty. their continuance in the said respective Offices, Employment and Trust; shall enjoy the Privilege of having one Son or Servant, (such as they shall choose, dwelling in the House) exempted and freed from all Impresses, Detachments, and military Exercises; except watching in their Turn, as the Law provides: Any Law, Ulage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

An Act,

Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of Her Majesty's Province of the Massemsers. Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the thirty-sirts of May 1704. And continued by Prorogation unto Wednesday the fixteenth of August following, and then met.

CHAP. II.

# An Act against Counterfeiting the Bills of Credit on this Province.

HEREAS by Reason of the pressure of the War, and the impossibility that the Money, Plate and Bullion within this Province, can support the Charge Additional thereof; the Government have thought it necessary for carrying on the Acts, publick Affairs, and answering of the present Demands of Soldiers and 12 A ca. S. Seamen employed in the Service; to order the imprinting, stamping and signing of a 13 A ca. 2. certain Number of Bills of Credit of several Sums, by Commissioners thereto duty 7 G ca. 4. authorized and improved: Which Bills have been siftud, and obtained a good Currency, and very much facilitated a Dispatch of the necessary Occasions of the War; and have also been of great Advantage to Trade. Nevertheless some ill disposed and wicked Persons designing the Hurt of this Province, and of Her Majesty's good Subjects within the same; and for hase Lucre and Gain to themselves, have forged and uttered several counterseit Bills, in Imitation of the twentyShilling Bill of Credit on this Province; thereby imposing a vile Cheat and Cousenage on some less discerning and unwary Persons:

For Remedy and Prevention whereof:

Be it declared and enacted by his Ercellency the Godernour, penalty for Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by making or utter authority of the same, That whosever shall presume to forge, tering of counterfeit, or utter any Bill or Bills (knowing the same to be false and counterfeit Bills.

### Tar, Ditch, Turpentine, &c.

feit) of the Tenor, or in Imitation of any of the Bills of Credit on this Province by Law established; or that shall counsel, advise, procure, or any Ways assist, in the forging, counterfeiting, imprinting, stamping or signing of any such false Bills; or engrave any Plate, or make any other Instrument to be used for that Purpose: Every Person and Persons so offending, being thereof convicted, shall be punished in such Manner as is by Law provided against Forgery; and be branded on the right Cheek with a hot Iron with the Letter F. pay doubleDammages to every Person known to be defrauded and cheated by the faid false Bills. And in Case the Offender or Offenders be not able to defrey the Charge of their Imprisonment, they shall be employed in and about any fuch base servile Labour or Work, as any two Justices of Peace, Quorum Unus, shall order, for the defreying of their Prison Charges and Support.

And shall also forfeit to Her Majesty Her Heirs or Successors, such Part and fo much of their Goods, Chattels, Lands or Tenements, as shall amount to treble the Sum and Sums expressed in the Bill or Bills so counterfeited or uttered; to be applied for and towards the Support of the Government within this Pro-

vince.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That whosoever shall make Discovery and give Information of such vile wicked Practice, Reward for of making or knowingly putting off any false and counterfeit Bills, so that the Discovery. Person or Persons guilty thereof be rendred to Justice and convicted : every such Informer shall have and receive as a Reward for his good Service therein, the Sum of fifty Pounds, to be ordered out of the publick Treasury; and to be repaid into the Treasury out of the Offenders Goods or Estate, so far as that will

extend, by Order of the Court where the Conviction shall be.

and further be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That every Person convicted of altering or increasing the Sum or Figures set and expressed dit, or Forge in any of the Bills of Credit on this Province; or of forging or counterfeiting any Name, Hand, Stamp, or other private Mark, that shall or may hereafter be ordered to be made or fet thereon, shall be punished for either of the Offences aforefaid, in the same Manner as is provided by Law for the Punishment of Forgery; and be further fentenced by the Court before whom the Conviction is, to pay treble Dammages to the Parties injured thereby.

Penalty for altering the Bills of Creing any Name, &c. thereto.

12 A. ca. 2.

# Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of Her Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednesday the thirtieth of May 1705. And continued by several Prorogations until Wednesday the twenty-fourth of October following, and then met, being their third Session.

#### CHAP.

An Act for regulating the Assize of Cask for Tar, Pitch, Turpentine and Rozin; and for preventing Frauds and Deceits in the faid Commodities.

Additional Aa.

E it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the last of March next, Anno One Thousand seven Hundred and six, all Cask made for Tar, Pitch,

#### Tar, Pitch, Turpentine, &c.

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Turpentine and Rozin within this Province, shall be of the Gage and Affize following; That is to fay: Barrels for Tar, to be thirty two Gallons; and half Gage of Cask. Barrels, fixteen Gallons; and none under: And Cask for Pitch, Turpentine and Rozin, to be of thirty five Gallons; and made of found well feafoned Timber. mark'd. And that each Cooper shall set his distinct Brand-Mark on all his Cask so made for those Commodities.

And that there be a fit Person or Persons nominated and appointed annually Viewers and in all Places where the faid Commodities are made or vended, to be Gagers, Gagers to be Viewers and Surveyers of Cask made for the aforefaid Commodities; and mark appointed. fuch as they find Merchantable and of due Affize: For which Service the Cooper that employs them, shall pay fixteen Pence per Ton, for what they shall mark. Their Fee. And the Select-Men of every Town in this Province, where fuch Commodities are made or vended, shall choose and appoint a fit Person or Persons some Time in the Month of March annually, not only for Gaging the Cask before they are filled; but for fearching and proving them afterwards, and marking fuch Cask as they find Merchantable, with fuch Mark as the Select-Men of the Town shall appoint; which Officers shall take the Oath appointed by this Act, to be administred by such as do Swear Town Officers in the respective Towns.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Gagers, Sec. Persons so appointed and sworn to be Gagers, Surveyors and Searchers of Cask, Service. Tar, Pitch, Rozin and Turpentine; shall at all seasonable Times on due Notice given them, attend and perform the faid Service of Gaging Cask, and Surveying and Searching Tar, Pitch, Turpentine and Rozin; by cleanfing the Tar of Water, and filling it up with good Tar; and examining of the Turpintine, by broaching it on the Head opposite to the Bung, for the better Discovery of Dirt and Chips, and over-great Bungs and other Frauds.

And also to see that Rozin and Pitch be well made, and the Cask well filled and without Deceit, after the best Manner that may be; and to mark such Cask of the aforefaid Commodities as they find Merchantable, with the Mark appointed for each Town: For which Service the Officer shall receive two Shillings per Ton for fuch Cask of Tar, Pitch, Rozin and Turpentine, as he shall so examine and mark; befides three Pence per Mile for travel above one Mile. And if the Owner of the aforefaid Commodities, or Maker of the Cask that are marked, refuse to satisfy the Officer for his Fees aforementioned, he shall have Power to Power to detain fo much of the Commodity as will make him Satisfaction for diffrain. his Fees and Travel aforefaid: And if the Owner do not redeem it within twenty-four Hours, then to expose it to Sale; and out of the Proceeds to satisfy himself his Fees and Charges, returning the Over-plus (if any be) to the Owner.

Their Fees

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforefait, That if any Penalty on Cooper shall expose any Cask for the aforementioned Commodities to Sale, with Cooper for the Cooper shall expose any Cask for the aforementioned Commodities to Sale, with Cooper for the Cooper shall expose any Cask for the aforementioned Commodities to Sale, with Cooper for the Cooper for the Cooper shall expose any Cask for the Authority of Cooper for the Coope out his own and the Gagers Marks; all fuch unmark'd Cask shall be forfeited. And if any Person shall put up Turpentine into any Cask of the aforesaidGage unmark'd.

Treenine thout straining out the Chins and Bark (as much as may be) be shall said.

without straining out the Chips and Bark (as much as may be) he shall forfeit nor to be put

every Barrel of Turpentine fo filled.

And if any Person shall be convicted of using any Frauds or Deceit in putting up or filling any Cask with Tar, Pitch, Rozin or Turpintine; he shall pay aFine Penalty for of twenty Shillings for each Cask of any of the aforesaid Commodities in which any Fraud shall be discovered; or be publickly whipped, as the Court of General Sessions of the Peace, that shall have the Cognizance thereof shall determine, and pay the Charge of Profecution; and the aforementioned Commodities in

which the Deceit shall be found, shall be forfeited.

and be it further enacted, That in each Sea Port Town within this Pro- Court of Sefvince, where the aforesaid Commodities, (or any of them) are usually shipped to Peace to apgo beyond Sea; the Court of General Seffions of the Peace in each County point Survey. respectively, wherein such Sea Port lies, shall, at their first Session in the Spring ors, Gagers and Searchers annually, nominate and appoint, one or more fuitable Perfons to be Surveyors, in Sea Port Gagers and Searchers of Tar, Pitch, Turpentine orRozin: Which Officer shall Towns.

#### Weights and Measures.

Their Fees.

To fearch Ships by Warrantfrom the Governour.

Cask to be mark'd before shipping.

Penalty for neglect.

Oath.

FinesandForfeirures how to be disposed.

when he is defired, View, Gage and Search all fuchCasks of the aforefaidCommodities as shall be presented to his View, and mark each Cask that he finds Merchantable, on the fairest Head, with such Mark as the Sessions of Peace shall appoint; for which Service they shall be paid by the Shipper two Pence for each Cask fo marked. And the faid Officers shall be Sworn by the Sessions that appointed them, to the faithful discharge of their Office, or by two Justices of the Peace. And every fuch Surveyor is hereby impowred, by and with a general Warrant to be made out for that Purpose by the Governour and Vice-Admiral for the Time being, to fearch all Ships and other Veffels, wherein he shall be informed or suspect, that any Tar, Pitch or Rozin is shipped contrary to this Act.

and it is further enacted. That no Cask of Tar, Pitch, Rozin, or Turpentine shall be exported without marking as the Law directs. And if any Master of any Ship or Vessel, or any other Person belonging thereto, shall take or receive on Board any fuch Ship or Vessel any Tar, Pitch, Rozin or Turpentine not fo marked; he or they who shall offend therein, and be convicted thereof, shall forfeit five Shillings for each unmarked Cask so taken on Board contrary to Law; and pay the Costs of Prosecution, over and above the Forseiture of the Goods fo unduly shipped.

and it is further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures arifing by Force and Virtue of this Act, shall be one Half to the Use of the Poor of the Town where the Offence shall be discovered; and the other Half to him or them that shall inform and sue for the same in any of Her Majesty's Courts of Record within this Province.

and be it further enacted, That an Oath shall be administred to the Officers that shall be chosen to Gage, Survey and Search Tar, Pitch, Rozin and

Turpentine, in the Form following: viz.

OU----Swear, diligently and faithfully to intend the Office of----that you are appointed unto, within the Town of---- and to discharge the Duty and Trust thereby required of you impartially after your best Skill and Cunning So help you GOD. according to Law.

Any Law, Usa e or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

CHAP. II.

## An Act in Addition to the Act for due Regulation of Weights and Measures.

Sealer his Duty & Fee.

4 W. & M.

Penalty on Persons refuling to have their Weights fealed.

If E it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Sealer appointed in each Town ca. 13
12 W. ca. 11. within this Province, from Time to Time, as by the Act Intitled, An Act for due Regulation of Weights and Measures, is directed; shall be and is hereby impowred to go to the Houses of such of the Inhabitants as upon Warning given in Manner as by the faid Act is appointed, shall neglect to bring or fend in their Beams, Weights and Measures, to be proved and sealed at the Place affigned for that Purpose, and shall there Prove and Seal the same; and shall demand and receive of the Owner for every Beam, Weight and Measure proved and fealed two Pence, and no more: And every Person that shall refuse to have their Beams, Weights and Measures viewed, proved and sealed, shall forfeit the Sum of five Skillings; one Moiety thereof to the Use of the Poor of the Town, and and Measures the other Moiety to the Sealer; to be recovered in Manner as by the aforesaid Act is provided. And if any Person shall bring his Beam, Weights or Meafures to be proved and fealed at any other Time than on the Day or Days fet by the Sealer for that Purpose, he shall in like Manner pay two Pence for each that shall be tried and fealed.

#### Coed Wilood.

and be it further enacted by the authority aforelaid, That if any Per- Penalty for fon from and after the first Day of May, One Thousand seven Hundred and fix, weighing with Beams shall fell, vend or utter any Goods, Wares, Merchandizes, Grain or other Com- or Weights modities whatfoever, by other Beams, Weights or Measures than such as shall unfeal'd. be proved and fealed, as the Law requires; the Person so offending shall lose and forfeit the Sum of five Shillings for each Offence of that Kind; one Moiety thereof to the Use of the Poor of the Town where the Offence shall be committed, and the other Moiety to the Sealer or Informer, who shall profecute the fame; to be heard and determined by one or more of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That there Beams, Scales be provided by the Treasurer of this Province, a good Beam and Scales, and a and Nest of Nest of Troy Weights, from one Hundred twenty eight Ounces downward to be provided by the Treasurer of the Province, a good Beam and Scales, and a and Nest of Nest of Troy Weights, from one Hundred twenty eight Ounces downward to be provided by the Treasurer of the Province of Troy Weights, from one Hundred twenty eight Ounces downward to be provided by the Treasurer of the Province, a good Beam and Scales, and a and Nest of the Province of the Prov to the least Denomination, marked with the Mark or Stamp used in Her Ma- ded by the jesty's Exchequer, for a publick Standard. And that from and after the first Treasurer. Day of October, One Thousand seven Hundred and six, each Town within this Towns to be Province shall, at their own Cost, and by the Care of the Select-Men or Town provided Treasurer, be provided with a Nest of Troy Weights of a different Form, from with a Nest Averdupoize, the biggeft, not to be less than eight Ounces: As also Penny of Troy Weights and Grains, proved by the publick Standard, each to be marked the Weights. Number of Ounces, Penny Weight or Grains which it contains ; to be for their Penalty for Town Standards; on Penalty of forfeiting the Sum of five Pounds, to the Use of the Neglect. County in which any Town lies that shall neglect to be so provided; by which all Troy Weights within fuch Town shall be proved and sealed by the Sealer thereto appointed, who shall be paid after the Rate of a Farthing per Weight for every such Weight which he shall Prove and Seal. And if any Person shall presume to weigh None to anySilver, Bullion or other Species whatfoever, proper and used to be weighed by weigh Silver Troy Weights, by any other Weights, or by any Beam or Troy Weights, by any other Weights, or by any Beam of Troy Weights, not \$\frac{\pi\_n}{\pi\_n}\$ by any the performing the Species \$\frac{\pi\_n}{\pi\_n}\$ by any \$\pi\_n\$ by any \$\pi\_ proved and fealed as aforefaid; the Perfon fo offending shall forfeit the Sum of other Weights fiveShillings, to be recovered and disposed of inManner as is herein before provided, for felling by other Weights and Measures unsealed.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Beams, dards to be Weights and Measures kept for Standards in the several Towns shall be proved in ten Years and tried by the publick Standard at the end of ten Years, from Time to Time. by the Pub-And all Town Standards shall be stamp'd with this Mark, viz. N. E. Any lick, and to be

Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

and be it further declared, That the Sealer is hereby enjoined and re- Sealer to go quired to go to the Houses or Store-Houses of Merchants and others that usually to Merchants weigh with great Beams and Weights, and there Prove and Seal the same : for Houses, &c. which he shall be paid by the Owner of such Beam and Weights, his reasonable Charge of carrying the Standards; and eight Pence per Hour for his Time in attending that Service, over and above the Fee herein before appointed.

Town Stan-

#### CHAP. III.

### An Act in Addition to and Explanation of the Act relating to Sureties upon Mean Process in Civil Actions.

If E it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in Scheral Court affembled, and by the Authority of the fainte, That upon special Bail given in any Civil Action according 5 W. & M. as is set forth in the Act Entitled, An Act relating to Sureties upon mean Process ca. 6. in Civil Actions: it shall be lawful for the Surety or Sureties at any Time or Times before the Judgment given in fuch Cause be affirmed against such Surety

#### Burning of Houses. Coed alfood.

Principal to be rendred in Court before Judgment Scire Factas.

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Sureties difcharg'd upon rendring the paying of Cofts.

or Sureties, upon a Writ of Scire Facias brought, as by the faid Act is provided, to bring the Principal into Court, and move to be discharged; and the Court upon fuch Motion made, shall order the Principal to be taken into Custody of affirmed upon the Sheriff, who shall detain him by the space of thirty Days, that so the Creditor by that Time may take his Body in Execution, if he think fit; and in Case he be not ferved with Execution before the expiration of the faid thirty Days, the Sheriff at the End thereof shall release him upon the Payment of his PrisonCharges. And the Sureties from and after the rendring of the Principal in Court as afore-Principal, and faid, and then paying to the Creditor the Cost he has been at for bringing forward his Suit by Scire Facias, to be adjusted in Court, shall be discharged from their Suretiship in like Manner as if they had rendred the Principal in Court at the Time of entring up of the Judgment, as is before provided : Any Law. Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

No Justice of either Bench to be a Judge or Attorney in any Cafe determined by him as Justice of Peace.

For the more equal and impartial Administration of Justice:

Be it declared and enacted, That no Justice of the Superiour, or of any Inferiour Court of Pleas within this Province, shall have a Voice in judging or determining of any Civil Action which has before been heard and determined by him fingly, as a Justice of Peace, and his Judgment appealed from; nor shall he be admitted an Attorney to plead or defend any fuch Caufe.

#### CHAP. IV.

## An Act to prevent Fraud in Cord-Wood exposed to Sale.

Additional Ad, 9 A ca 4. Measure of a Cord of Wood. Wood Cord-

ers to be appointed and Eworn.

Fcc. 9 A. ca. 4.

Representatives in General Court official, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Cord Wood exposed to Sale, shall be four Foot long, accounting to half the Carf; and the Cord being well and close laid together, shall measure eight Feet in length, and four Feet in height.

And in every Town and Diftrict within this Province where Wood is usually fold by the Cord, the Select-Men shall annually nominate and appoint some meet Perfons to be Wood Corders; who shall be sworn in like Manner as other Town Officers, to the faithful Discharge of their Office, and shall diligently attend that Service; and demand and receive three Pence, and no more perCord for all Wood that shall be corded by them.

#### CHAP. V.

## An Act against Burning of Houses.

E it declared and enasted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Person of the Age of fixteen Years and upwards, 'shall willingly and maliciously, by Day or Night, burn the dwelling House of another, or other House Parcel thereof; or any House built for publick Use; anyBarn having Corn, Grain or Hay therein; any Mill, Malt-House, Store-House, Shop or Ship: The Person so offending as aforefaid, shall be deemed and adjudged to be a Felon; and shall suffer the Pains of Death accordingly.

Burning of Houses declared to be Eclony.

#### Dirt Illuc. Ad animale

1.67

#### CHAP. VI.

## An Act for the better preventing of a spurious and mixt issue, &c.

If E it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Negro, or Molatto Man shall commit Penalty for Fornication with an English Woman, or a Woman of any other Christian a Negrous Nation within this Province; both the Offenders shall be severely whipped at offenders shall be severely whipped at the offenders shall be severely shall be severely whipped at the offenders shall be severely sha the Discretion of the Justices of Affize, or Court of General Sessions of the Fornication Peace within the County where the Offence shall be committed; And the Man with a Chrisshall be ordered to be Sold out of the Province, and be accordingly sent away tian Woman. within the space of fix Months next after such Order made; And be continued in Prison at his Master's Charge, until he be sent away: And the Woman shall be enjoyned to maintain the Child ( if any there be ) at her own Charge: And if the be unable to do, the shall be disposed of in Service to some of Her Majesty's Subjects within the Province, for such Term as the Justices of the said Court shall order, for the Maintenance of the Child.

And if any English Man, or Man of other Christian Nation within this Province, shall commit Fornication with a Negro, or Molatto Woman, the Man so Penalty for a offending shall be severely whipped, at the Discretion of the Justices of the Court Man com of Affize, or Court of General Sessions of the Peace, before whom the Conviction mitting Forshall be; and shall also pay a Fine of five Pounds to Her Majesty, for and to-nication wards the Support of the Government; and be enjoined to maintain the Child, with a Neif any there be: And the Woman shall be fold, and fent out of the Province, latto.

as aforefaid.

And if any Negro or Molatto shall prefume to smite or strike any Person of Penalty-sor And it any Negro or involate inal presente to finite of think any Terior of the English, or other Christian Nation; suchNegro or Molatto shall be severely a Negro or whipped, at the Discretion of the Justices before whom the Offender shall be striking a

and be it further declared and enacted by the Authority aforefaid, No Christian That none of Her Majesty's English or Scottish Subjects; nor of any other to Marry Christian Nation within this Province, shall contract Matrimony with any Negro, with a Negro or Molatto. Nor shall any Person, duly authorized to solemnize Marriages or Molatto. or Molatto. Nor shall any Person, duly authorized to solemnize Marriages, prefume to join any fuch in Marriage; on Pain of forfeiting the Sum of fifty Pounds; one Moiety thereof to Her Majesty, for and towards the Support of Penalty for the Government within this Province; and the other Moiety to him or them joyning any fuch in Marthat shall inform and sue for the same, in any of Her Majesty's Courts of Re-riage. cord within the Province, by Bill, Plaint or Information.

And no Mafter shall unreasonably deny Marriage to his Negro, with one of the fame Nation: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the first Day of May, in the Year one Thousand seven Hundred and six, All Negroes every Master of Ship or Vessel, Merchant or other Person, importing or bring- Imported, to ing into this Province, any Negro or Negroes, Male or Female, of what Age be entred & foever, shall enter their Number Names and Sex in the Impost Office; and the Duty paid, Master shall insert the same in the Manifest of his Lading; and shall pay to the Commissioner and Receiver of the Impost four Pounds per Head for every such Negro, Male or Female: And as well the Master, as the Ship or Vessel wherein they are brought, shall be Security for Payment of the said Duty; and both or either of them shall stand charged in the Law therefore to the Commissioner; Master and who may deny to grant a Clearing for such Ship or Veffel, until Payment be Ship both Semade ; or may recover the same of the Master, (at the Commissioner's Election) curity for by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information in any of Her Majefty's Courts the Duty. of Record within this Province.

And if any Master of Ship or Vessel, Merchant or others shall resuseor neglect to make Entry as aforefaid, of all Negroes imported in fuch Ship or Veffel;

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#### Prison Charges. Town Dfficers.

Penalty for not entring of Negroes. or be convicted of not entring the full Number; fuch Master, Merchant or other Person shall forfeit and pay the Sum of eight Pounds, for every one that he shall refuse or neglect to make entry of; one Moiety thereof to HerMajesty for and towards the Support of the Government of this Province, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall inform of the same, to be recovered by the Commissioner in Manner as aforesaid.

And if any Negro imported as aforefaid, for whom the Duty is paid, shall be again exported within the space of twelve Months, and be bona fide fold in any other Plantation; upon due Certificate thereof produced, under the Hand and Seal of the Collector or Naval Officer in fuch other Plantation, the Importer here shall be allowed to draw back the whole Duty of four Pounds by him paid; and Order shall be given accordingly. And the like Advantage of the draw back shall be allowed to the Purchaser of any Negro sold within this Province, in Case such Negro happen to die within the space of six Weeks next after Importation, or bringing into this Province.

Draw back upon Exportation, &c.

#### Acts and Laws.

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of Her Majefty's Province of the Maffachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-ninth of May, 1706.

CHAP. I.

An Act for the better securing the Payment of Prison Charges.

HEREAS Persons are oft-times arrested and imprisoned for Debt, or Pretence thereof, not having wherewith to pay their Prison Charges; and the Goaler or Prison Keeper, is constrained to feed and support them at his own Charge, to his great Loss:

For Prevention whereof:

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Attorney, Practitioner in the Law, or others, shall cause any Person to be arrested and imprisoned upon mean Process for Debt or Pretence thereof, and the Prisoner be unable or have not wherewith to pay his Prison Charges; the Person at whose Suit he is committed, his Attorney or Lawyer that took out and caused such Writ to be served; in Case the Principal be out of this Province or Government, shall stand charged for the Prisoner's Fees, Diet and other necessary Charges, for so long Time as he shall be held and detained in Prison upon such Process; no further Prosecution being had thereon to a Judgment in Law, and be liable to the Goaler or Prison-Keeper's Action for the fame : Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Attorney's liable, in cafe.

#### CHAP. II. An Act for a new Choice of Town Officers

on special Occasions.

Town Officers may be Chosen at any other in cafe. 4 W. & M. C3. 12.

A E it enaded by his Ercellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That when by Reason of the Non-Acceptance, Death or Meeting than Removal of any Person or Persons chosen to Office in any Town at the general annual that of March, Meeting for the Choice of Town Officers, there happens to be a Vacancy or Want of fuch Officers; the Town being orderly affembled, upon due Warning given and Notice of theOccasion, may proceed to a new Choice of Officers to supply and fill up such Vacancy, at any other TownMeeting, the Restriction of the Choice of Town Officers by Law to the Month of March annually not-CHAP. withstanding.

CHAP. III.

## An Act for erecting a Powder-House within the Town of Boston.

7 HERE AS for the better securing and safe keeping of the publickStock Preamble. of Gun-Powder, and preventing the great Loss and Danger by Casualties befalling the same: and considering the imminent hazard of keeping Powder in Store-Houses with other Goods and Merchandizes; or in, or near to dwelling Houses: The Government have thought it necessary to order the erecting and building of a publick Magazine or Powder-House on the Common or Training-Field in Bofton:

Be it therefore enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council Penalty of and Representatives, in General Court assembles, and by the surthouter of the same, That from and after the building and fitting the said place, but thouse for the receiving and lodging of Gun-Powder, all Gun-Powder imported Publick Powers and landed at the Port of Boston, shall be brought to and lodged in the said der House. Magazine or Store, and not elsewhere; on Pain of Confiscation of all Powder put or kept in any other House or Place; one Moiety thereof to and for the Use and Supply of the publick Store of the Province, and the other Moiety to the Informer; to be recovered by Bill, Plaint or Information in any of Her Majesty's Courts of Record within the same.

Saving nevertheless, The ordinary Town Stocks of Boston and Charlestown from Time to Time; the Fortifications and Garrifons immediately under the Saving. Governour's Command; the Quantity of fifty Pounds at a Time in a Shop for See, Refolve Sale; and such Part of the publick Stores as shall be directed by the Governour at the end of and Council, from Time to Time: to be lodged in other Place or Places.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That for all Powder belonging to Merchants or other private Persons put into the said Magazine, there shall be paid to the Use of the Province, vne Shilling per Barrel Payment for at the Receipt thereof; and fix Pence per Barrel per Month, for three Months Merchants next after the first; and then four Pence per Barrel perMonth, during it's lying Powder. there: Out of which (if there be fufficient to answer it,) the Charge of looking after the faid House, and the Powder lodged there, shall be defreyed from Time to Time. The Governour and Council to give necessary Instructions and Orders Council to from Time to Time, as they shall think fit, for regulating the keeping of all give Instruc-Powder put into the faid Magazine, for the preferving thereof; and that it be tions, &c. turned once a Month at the leaft.

And the Keeper of the faid House shall duly attend at proper Hours to be Keeper of the affigned by the Governour and Council, for the receiving and delivering out of tend.

Merchants Powder,

And if at any Time the Payment for Merchants Powder (an Account whereof Charge of shall be rendred on Oath) will not defrey the Charge of looking after the faid House in the Charge of House, so much as is wanting, shall be paid out of the publick Treasury.

[At a Great and General Court held at Boston, on the second Day of March, 1721. Question, Whether in the Act Intitled, An Ast for eresting of a Powder-House in the Town of Boston, made in the sight Year of Queen Anne, the Saving therein mentioned doth not intend all the Gun-Powder belonging to the Province?

Resolved in the Affirmative; and that it is to be construed and understood of all Powder removed by Order of the Governour and Council for the Province Service.]

#### CHAP. IV.

## An Act for the better preventing of Criminals avoiding of Justice.

E it deckared and enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court astembled. and by the authority of the fame, That all Warrants and Summons in Criminal Matters, iffuing out of the Clerk's Office of the Court of General Seffions of the Peace for any County, upon Complaint, Prefentment Peace Office or Indictment lying before fuch Court; shall run through the several Counties the Province, within the Province, and be duly executed by the Officer or Officers to whom they are directed, according to the Tenor thereof; as is already by Law pro-

Warrant &c. out of the Clerk of the To run thro'

11 W. ca. 2. vided for Writs in Civil Causes.

## Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of Her Majefty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-eighth of May, 1 7 0 7.

#### CHAP. I.

An Act in Addition to the Act directing how Rates or Taxes to be granted by the General Affembly, shall be affested and collected.

HEREAS the several Towns within this Province are by Law impowred annually to choose Assessors distinct from the Select-Men, for the assessing of the Towns proportion of all publick Taxes laid from Time to Time, by Order of the General Affembly:

Be it declared and enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the fame, That the Affessors from Time to Time chosen in each Town diffinct from the Select-Men, shall be the Affesfors of such Town's Proportion also, to the County and TownCharges: who shall likewise be under Oath to the Discharge of that Trust, according to the Rules and Directions in the Law in that Respect, and to be under the like Penalty for not accepting and ferving as is by Law directed for the Province Tax.

And every Town may choose a Collector or Collectors for the gathering of the County and Town Charges, if the Inhabitants shall think fit; as the Law provides for the Province Taxes: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

CHAP. II.

## AnActfor the regulating of free Negroes, &c.

W HERE AS in the feveral Towns and Precinsts within this Province, there are former from Names and Adelance a are severat free Negroes and Molattoes able of Body, and fit for Labour; who are not charged with Trainings, Watches, and other Services required of Her Majesty's Subjects; whereof they have Share in the Benefit:

Affeffors.

Collectors

Preamble.

Be

#### Free Pegrocs, &c. Common Pulances.

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Renrefentatives, in General Court allembled, and by the Authority of Negroca, &c. precentations, in Westerlan Court national control of the same of the same. That the Select-Men of each Town or Preemet, be, and hereby Equivalent of are impowred to Order and Require so many Days Work yearly of each free Trainings & Male Negro, or Molatto, able of Body, dwelling within fuch Town or Precmet; in repairing of the High-Ways, cleaning the Streets; or other Service for the common Benefit of the Place, as at the Diferetion of the Select-Men, may be judged an Equivalent to the Services performed by others, as aforefaid.

And every Negro or Molatto as aforefaid, being duly warned by the Select-Men, or other Person appointed by them, that shall neglect or refuse to attend and perform the Labour and Service at the Place and Time, as he is directed; Penalty for shall forfeit and pay to the Use of the Poor of such Town or Precinct five Shil-neglect.

lings per Diem, for each Days neglect of his Duty in that Respect.

and he it further enacted, That all free Male Negroes, or Molattoes, of the Age of fixteen Years and upwards, able of Body, in Cafe of Alarm, shall make their Appearance at the Parade of the military Company of the Precinct To attend in wherein they dwell; and attend such Service as the first Commission Officer of case of Alarm. fuch Company shall direct, during the Time the Company continues in Arms; on Pain of forfeiting the Sum of twenty Shillings, to the Use of the Company, or performing eight Days Labour, as aforefaid; without reasonable Excuse made and accepted, for not attending.

and be it further enamed, That every free Negro or Molatto, who shall hour Servants. harbour or entertain any Negro or Molatto Servant in his or her House, without the Leave and Confent of their respective Masters or Mistresses; shall forfeit and pay the Sum of five Shillings, to the Use of the Poor of the Town, for

each Offence.

And if any Negro or Molatto as aforefaid, shall be unable to pay his or her in Case of nos Fine ; or shall neglect or refuse to attend the Labour affign'd him as aforesaid; paying their any of Her Majesty's Justices upon Complaint thereof made, are hereby impowered to commit fuch Delinquent to the House of Correction, there to receive the Discipline of the House, and to be kept to hard Labour double the Number of Days affigned him to Work as aforefaid; or as is the Sum of his or her Fine, at the Rate of one Shilling per Diem.

#### Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of Her Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-fixth Day of May, 1 7.0 8.

CHAP. I.

#### An Act in Addition to and Explanation of the Act for prevention of common Nusances. ខែសម្រាប់ ម៉ូស្រែក្នុ

WHEREAS in the Att Intitled, An Att for Prevention of common Nufances arifing by Slaughter-Houfes, Still-Houfes, Tallow-Chandlers and Curriers, made and pass d in the fourth Tear of the Reign of King William and QueenMary; 4 W. & M.
It is directed and oldered, "That there be Houses specially assign d for ca. 8.
"the killing of Meat, Distilling, trying of Tallow, and currying of Leather, " where they may be less offensive: And that the said Callings be exercised

" in no other Places

Be it declared and enacted by his Excellency the Governour, and his Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the dressing of Leather, either with

Lime

#### Distracted Persons. Tar, Pitch, &c. 172

nation of Corriers.

Leather Dref- Lime, Allum or Oil; and particularly the latter, is intended, comprehended, fers compre and so to be understood in the said Act under the Denomination of Curriers; hended under the Denomination and is hereby declared a common Nusance; and forbidden under the Pains and the Denomination and is hereby declared a common Nusance; and forbidden under the Pains and Penalties in the faid Act mentioned.

#### C.H.A.P. II.

## An Act in addition to the Act for the Relief of Idiots and distracted Persons

WHERE AS in and by the AH Intilled, An Act for the Relief of Idiots and diffracted Persons: made and page A Source William and distracted Persons; made and pass'd Sexto Willielmi et Mariæ, the Justices of the Superiour Court of Judicature are directed and impowred to licence and authorize the Select-Men or Overseers of the Poor of the Town or Place whereto such impotent or distracted Person belongs; or such others as the said Justices shall think fit, to make Sale of the Housing and Land of any fuch impotent or distracted Person; the Produce thereof upon Sale to be fecured, improved and implayed to and for the Use Relief and Safety of such Person, as the Justices shall direct; as long as the Person shall live, or until he or she he restored to be of sound Mind:

And the Overplus (if any be) to and for the Use of the next and right Heirs of such Party : which Uses being so restrained and limitted, the just Debts of the Party (in Case such there be) cannot be paid thereout; which exposes the Estate to Loss and Charge of Law-Suits for recovery thereof:

Be it therefore declared and enacted by his Ercellency the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court affemblen. and by the Authority of the fame, That the Goods, Chattels, Housing and Lands of any impotent or distracted Person, or the Produce thereof upon Sale made, by Licence and Impowerment as aforefaid, be subject in the first Place, and be accordingly to directed and applied to the Payment of the just Debts owing by fuch Person, which were contracted before the Time of his or her Distraction: Any Restriction or Limitation in the afore-recited Act, Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

## An Act,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of Her Majefty's Province of the Maffachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-sixth Day of May, 1 7 0 8. And continued by feveral Prorogations unto Wednesday the fixteenth of February following, and then met.

#### CHAP. III.

An Act in addition to the Act for regulating the Assize of Cask for Tar, Pitch, Turpentine, &c. and for preventing Frauds and Deceit in the faid Commodities.

Representatives in General Court Council and Authority of the same, That all Persons from and after the Publication of this Act, who are Makers or Drawers of Tar, Pitch, Turpentine and

6 W & M.

Estate of Diftracted Persons, subect to the Payment of

their Debts.

Rozin in any Town within this Province, shall after the making thereof, and Tar, &e. to before they expose the same to Sale, set the first Letters of their Names, with a Brand-Mark, on the best Head of the Barrel they put it up in; and shall also abrandMark cause the same first to be searched by the Searcher: and upon his Certificate, & upon Certo be entred by the Town Clerk, in a particular Book for that End, with the teficate from Name of the Owner, Time of Entry, and Mark, in the Head of every Barrel; to be registred in the Town where the Maker or Drawer lives. And the Town Clerk shall be paid by the Owner thereof for recording and giving out Certificate, the Sum TownClerk's of fix Pence for each Parcel. And all Tar, Pitch Turpentine and Rozin that Fee for Reshall be fold, disposed of or transported out of the Town where it is made, be- gifter & Cerfore it be fearched, marked, both with the Marker and Searcher's mark, and lifecate. recorded as aforefaid, shall be forfeited. And if any Man shall presume to

counterfeit another Man's Mark on any of the faid Commodities, he shall pay Penalty for

as a Fine the Sum of four Pounds for each Barrel he shall make a counterfeit ing the Mark. Mark upon.

And the respectiveOfficers appointed and to be appointed in each Sea-Port-Town within this Province, to Search, Survey and Gage all Tar, Pitch, Turching before pentine and Rozin, according to the Law, shall be paid for all of the faid Com- Shipping. modities, that shall be exported out of the Province, by the Shipper, the Sumof three Pence per Barrel, for their Service therein, instead of the two Pence per

Barrel in the Law already enacted.

and it is further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That all Fines, Penalties and Forfeitures arifing by Force and Virtue of this Act, shall be the one Half to the Use of the Poor of the Town, where the Offence shall be discovered, and Seizure made; and the other Half to him or them that shall Fines & Forinform and fue for the same, in any of Her Majesty's Courts of Record within seiture how this Province: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

to be disposed

## An Act,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of Her Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-fifth Day of May, 1 7 0 9.

CHAP. I.

## An Act for the Upholding and Regulating of Mills.

HEREAS frequently there are divers Partners, Owners of Mills creeted for the common Use and Benefit of the respective Towns wherein they are, and oft-times improved by the Inhabitants of Neighbouring Towns: And forasmuch as by Reason of Disagreement, Death or Decay of some of the Partners, or perplexity by Entail on their Descendants, Mills sometimes fall to despair, and are rendred useless and unserviceable, if not totally demolished, to the Hurt and Detriment of the Publick, as well as Loss to the other Partners, who stand ready to advance their Parts of the Charge for repairing, amending, or re-

building of the same : Be it therefore cnaked by his Excellency the Governour, Council Additional and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Au= 12 A. ca. 9. thought of the fame, That when and so often as it shall happen any Mill, or Mills, Mill Dam, Flood Gates, Sluces, running Gear, or Appurtenances, to be demolished, broken, worn out, or stand in Need of Repair and Amendment, it shall and may be lawful to and for any one or more of the Partners, on Know-ledge thereof, to notify and summon a general Meeting of the whole, at the Meeting. faid Mill or Mills, on a certain Day and Time, within fifteen Days next after

#### Drains, &c.

the iffuing of fuch Notification or Summons, to confult and agree about the rebuilding or repairing of fuch Mill or Mills, or Appurtenances, or Defects therein, to make them ferviceable.

Major Part of the Interefled to di-

And if any Partner being so notifyed, shall neglect to attend such Meeting. or being met shall refuse to agree with the major Part of the Interested for rebuilding, repairing and fitting up of fuch Mill or Mills, fo as to make them serviceable, or to pay his Part of the Cost and Charge thereof, the rest of the Partners, being the major Part of the Interested, may direct and cause the same to be done, and shall be reimbursed and paid such Sum or Sums as they or any of them shall advance and disburse thereon, over and above their own respective Shares and Proportion, with Interest for the same in the Interim, out of the said Mill or Mills, or the Profits or Earnings thereof. And it shall and may be lawful for them, and they are hereby impowred to demand, fue for, recover and receive the fame accordingly: Any Law, Ufage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Advance for any Partner how to be Secured.

> and be it further enacted by the Authority asoresaid, That every Miller shall be provided of Scales and Weights to weigh Corn to and from the Mill, if defired: And the Toll for grinding all forts of Grain, shall be one. fixteenth Part, and no more: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding. .. to ...

Saving.

Toll.

Provided. That nothing herein contained shall be construed to annul or make void any particular Contract or Contracts made or to be made, respecting the Repairs of any Mill or Mills.

## An Act,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of Her Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-fifth Day of May, 1709. And continued by feveral Prorogations unto Wednesday the twenty sixth of October following, and then met.

## An Act for regulating of Drains, and common Shores.

Preamble.

OR preventing of Inconveniencies and Dammages by frequent breaking up the High Ways, Streets and Lanes in Towns, for the laying and repairing of Drains, or common Shores, and of Differences arising among Partners in fuch Drains, or common Shores, about their Proportion of the Charge for

making or repairing the same :

Be it enacted by his Erccilency the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the twenty-fifth Day of March in the Year of our Lord, One Thousand seven Hundred and ten, no Person may presume to dig or break up the Ground, in any High-Way, Street or Lane, within any Town, for the laying, repairing or amending of any Drain, or common Shore, without the Approbation and Confent of the Select-Men, fignified in writing under the Hand of the Town-Clerk, on Pain of forfeiting twenty Shillings, to the Use of the Poor of such Town, to be levied by Warrant from any one of &c. without Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace; and to make good all Dammages occafioned by fuch Breach.

in any High-Way, Street, approbation. Drains and common Shores to be

Penalty for digging or breaking up

the Ground

and be it further enacted. That all Drains and common Shores for the draining of Cellars hereafter to be made or repaired in any Streets or High Ways, regulated by shall be substantially done with Brick or Stock, in such Manner as the Select-Men of the Town shall direct.

Men.

And

#### Macars, &c.

And that it shall and may be lawful to and for any one or more of the Inha- Liberry to bitants of any Town, at his or their own Coff and Charge, to make and lay a 1sy a Main common Shore, or main Drain for the Benefit of themselves and others, that common shores are the common shores and the state of themselves and others. shall think fit to join therein. And every Person that shall afterwards enter Shore. his or her particular Drain into fuch common Shore, or main Drain; or by any Persons remore remote Means receive Benefit thereby, for the draining of their Cellars or ceiving Benefit thereby, to the draining of their Cellars or fit thereby, to Lands; shall be obliged to pay unto the Owner or Owners of such common pay towards Shore, or main Drain, a proportionable Part of the Charge of making or respectively the Charge; pairing the fame; or fo much thereof as shall be below the Place where any at the Judg-particular Drain joins or enters thereinto; at the Judgment of the Select-Men. Select-Men. of the Town, or major Part of them.

Saving a Right of Appeal to the Court of General Seffions of the Peace, to Appeal.

the Party aggrieved at any fuch Determination.

Provided, This Act shall not extend to the altering of any particular Agree- Contracts ment or Contract, made betwixtPerfons interested in any Drain or common Shore. faved.

An Act,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of Her Majesty's Province of the Maffachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-fifth Day of May, 1709. And continued by several Prorogations unto Wednesday the first of February sollowing, and then met.

CHAP. III.

## An Act to prevent Nusances by Hedges, Wears, and other Incumbrances, obstructing the Passage of Fish in Rivers.

E it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Obstruction Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Autho: of the Course rity of the fame, That no Wears, Hedges, Fish-garths, Stakes, of Fish in Ri-Kiddles, or other Diffurbance or Incumbrance, shall be fet, erected or made, on Wears, even, by or a-cross any River, to the stopping, obstructing or straiting of the natural a common or usual Course and Passage of Fish in their Seasons, or Spring of the Year, Nusance. without the Approbation and Allowance first had and obtained from the General Sessions of the Peace in the same County: who are hereby authorized and impowred, on Application made to them at their Sessions, to grant Liberty for the same; or to deny it, as they shall see it to be either a publick Good or Dammage; and fo yearly from Time to Time, to be allowed or difallowed, as they shall direct.

And that all Wears, Hedges, Fish-garths, Stakes, Kiddles, or other Incum- None to be brance whatfoever, fet up and made, or hereafter to be levied, fet up or made levied or fet in, on, or a-cross any River, to the straiting, obstructing and stopping the na- Allowance of tural, common or usual Passage of Fish, in the Spring or proper Seasons of the Court of the Year, without Approbation or Allowance first had and obtained for the General Secfame, in Manner as in and by this Act is directed; are declared to be a common fions of the Nulance, and shall be demolished and pulled down; not to be again repaired or amended. And that on Complaint made to the General Seffions of the Peace, or to any two Justices of the Peace, Quorum Unus, in their respective Counties; a Writ shall be granted to the Sheriff, or Constable of the Town where the Nusance is done, to cause the Party or Parties complained of, to be examined; and upon Conviction to remove the fame; and to command fuitable Affiftance therefor, at the Coft and Charge of the Person or Perfons fo offending.

Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to extend to the pulling down or demolishing of any Mill Dam already made, or that shall hereafter be lawfully and orderly made.

## Regulating the Ferry over Charles-River.

## Acts and Laws.

Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of Her Majesty's Province of the Maffachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednesday the thirty-first of May, 1710.

#### CHAP. I.

None Annæ.

## An Act for the better Regulating the Ferry over Charles River, betwixt Boston and Charlestown.

ca. 6. 8 W. ca. 7.

THEREAS several Petitions have been humbly offered to this Court from Charlestown, Cambridge and Woburn, figned by many of the Inhabitants of the faid Towns; and of divers others, Inhabitants of the adiacent Towns within the County of Middlefex, complaining of great Remissness and Neglett of due Attendance of the said Ferry, to the very great Detriment of the Province; and baving thereupon been attended by the Treasurer of the College (the Profits and Revenues of the said Ferry being granted to Harvard College in Cambridge) and seen the Lease by him made of the said Ferry for several Years yet to come.

For redress of the Grievances complained of; and to the intent the said Ferry may be accommodated for the Good and Service of the Province, and of Her Majesty's Subjects within the same, much increased over what they were at the first settling of the Ferry, now become a great Passage for Transportation: which that it may be done with the more Ease and Speed, the said Lease or Leases notwith-

Standing :

Three Boats to attend the Ferry.

11 G. ca. 5. Four Boats.

rinue paffing from & until the feveral Hours, at Morning &

Separate Intereft.

Conflant and diligent Atrendance required.

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That henceforth there be three sufficient suitable Boats and Appurtenances, with able, fober Persons to row in them, kept for the Transportation of Persons and Horses over the said Ferry: One of which in Turns, to be always passing on the Water from Side to Side, in all proper Seasons. whenBoats may lafely pas; not being obstructed by Ice, or extraordinary stormy. Weather: And as any one of the said Boats shall Land on either Shore, the other Boat on the same Side to put off immediately: The three Boats to conti-Boats to con- nue plying from Side to Side with all Industry and Diligence daily (except on the Lord's Day, and then to pass no offiner than Necellity shall require) from Sun rife, until nine of the Clock at Night, from the first of April until the first of October: and until eight at Night from the first of October to the first of April annually. And after those Hours, upon any necessary Occasion; and to be paid one Shilling, if it be one fingle Person; and if more, then double Ferrage for the whole Number, over and above one Shilling among all the Paffengers, in equal Proportion. And that the Boats be lodged on that Side every Night where they are owned.

The faid three Boats, to be three feveral feperate Interests, not all of one Town. And the Ferry-Men employed in the faid Boats respectively, shall give constant and diligent Attendance; and not deny or delay the speedy carrying over any Paffenger or Paffengers, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this and the former Laws relating to the faid Ferry; under the Penalty therein provided.

And for preventing of Abuses oft-times offered to Ferry-Men, by cheating them of their Ferrage; or putting them to make unreasonable Exchange:

Be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That it shall and may be Ferrage to be paid before lawful to and for the Ferry-Men, to demand and receive Pay of all Passengers Landing. before they fet them on Shore: And that the Ferry-Men shall not be required Unreasonable Exchange not or obliged, to exchange for above the Value of three Shillings and fix Pence, to berequired, where the Ferrage does not exceed that Sum.

#### Estates of Intestates. Town=Officers. Corders. 177

CHAP. II.

#### An Act in Addition to, and for Explanation of the Act for the fettling and Diftri- 4 W. & M. bution of the Estates of Intestates. 6 G. ca. 3.

If E it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court affembled, and by the Brothers and authority of the same, That, if after the Death of a Father, any of sisters of any his Children shall die Intestate, without Wife or Children, in the Life-Time of Person dethe Mother, every Brother and Sifter and the Representatives of them, shall ceased Inthe Mother, every Brother and Sitter and the Representatives of them, man tellare with-have an equal Share with her in the Estate of the Intestate: Any Thing in the cost Wile or aforefaid Act for the fettling and Distribution of the Estates of Intestates to the Children to contrary thereof in any wife, notwithstanding.

and be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That every Judge will the Moof Probate in making up and palling the Accounts of Administration of the Estates of Persons deceased, be, and is hereby directed to have Consideration, and make Allowance of necessary Bedding, Utenfils and Implements of Houshold, neceffary for the upholding of Life, to the Use of the Wife and Family of the Deceased; where Provision is not made for the Wife in that Respect by Will. Widows. And fuch necessary Bedding, Utenfils and Implements of Houshold, shall not be accounted Affets in the Hands of the Executor or Administrator, nor subject to the Payment of Debts, altho' the Estate prove Insolvent : as they could not have been levied or distrained for Debt in the Parties Life-Time: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

CHAP. III.

## An Act relating to Searchers and Sealers of Leather, and Clerks of the Market.

HERE AS there are several Town Officers of whom an Oath is by Law Pecamble.

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That if any Person chosen to the Office of a Searcher and Sealer of Searchers and Leather; or Clerk of the Market in any Town, shall refuse to take the Oath Scalers of respectively required by Law for executing of such Office; without reasonable Leather; and Excuse made, and accepted by the Justices of the Court of General Sessions of the Peace within the same County, for his not serving; shall pay forty Skillings naity for re-Fine, to the Use of the Poor of such Town : Any Law, Usage or Custom to susing to the contrary notwithstanding.

#### CHAP. IV.

## An Act in Addition to an Act to prevent 4 A ca 4 Fraud in Cord Wood, &c.

E it enacted by his Excellency the Sovernour, Council and selea. Men Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the to appoint the Authority of the same, That the Seleat. Men in every Town (where Free of Wood, and the Conferts, the Conferts of the Conferts, the Conferts of the Conferts, the Conferts of t Corders of Wood are chosen) shall from Time to Time, as there shall be Oc-Corders. cafion, appoint the Fees for cording Wood: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

#### Town Affelsments. 130ards. &c.

# An Act directing the levying and collecting of County and Town Affelsments.

4 W. & M. ca, 12.

HERE AS the Act Intitled, An Act for regulating of Townships, choice of Town Officers, and fetting forth their Power; made and paffed in the fourth Tear of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary; directs and refireins the collecting and gathering of all Rates and Assessments, for County and Town Charges respectively, to the Constables of the Towns wherein they are levied; which in some Towns is attended with several Inconveniencies : For Remedy whereof ::

Towns and Precincts allowed to choose Cole lectors.

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court astembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Freeholders and Inhabitants of each Town, Diftrict or Precinct within this Province, orderly fet off and established annually from Time to Time, to elect and appoint a Collector or Collectors diffinct from the Conflable or Conflables, for the gathering of all Rates and Affesments, from Time to Time duly affested and levied within such Town or District, to and for County Charges; and to all Charges of everyKind whatfoever, enumerated in the aforefaid Act of Townships, arising within the fame Town, Diffrict or Precinct, for any Use or Uses, Services, Dues or Payments, there to be made and done.

No County or Town Rates to be garhered, but by a Constable or Collector.

Collectors and

Constables to

ment, as directed.

make Pay-

And all fuch Rates or Affessments, shall be demanded, paid to and received by a Conftable or Collector to whom the fame shall be committed to gather, with a Warrant from the Select-Men or Affesfors under their Hands, in Form as by Law prescribed; and by no other Person or Persons: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

And every Collector or Conftable to whom any fuch Rates or Affeisments shall be committed, with a Warrant as aforesaid, shall levy, gather and receive the fame, according to the Direction in the Warrant to him given; and shall Account for all his Receipts, and make Payment of what and fo much as he shall levy and gather of the several Rates and Assessments, committed to him as aforefaid, to the County or Town Treasurers respectively; or other Receiver as by his Warrant he shall be required, in Manner and Time as is by Law provided; and be subject to the Pains and Penalties therein contained, in Case of

Neglect either of collecting or paying.

in MaySeffion annually.

Be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Treasurer of each County Trea- County respectively, be impowred to draw in and inforce the Payment of all farer's Power. County respectively, be impowred to draw in and inforce the Payment of all His Accounts. County Charges, ordered by the Court of General Seffions of the Peace, by all to be laid be fuch Rules and Methods prescribed by Law to enable the Treasurer and Receivable. fore the Gene- ver-General to gather in the Province Taxes; and shall from Time to Time layral Affembly, before the General Affembly at their anniversary Session in May, an Account of all Money that has been railed in his respective County; or by any Means received by him as County Treasurer the Year past; what each Town paid towards it, and how the fame has been employed or disposed of. And no further Affessment shall be levied, until the faid Account has been offered to the General Court, as aforefaid, and allowed by them.

CHAP. VI.

## An Act for the Admeasurement of Boards, Plank and Timber; and regulating the Tale of Shingles.

Preamble.

THEREAS Boards, Plank and Timber, are usually Sold by the Measure fet upon them at the Mills where they are Sawn; and Bundles of Shingles are Mark'd for a greater Number than what they contain; wherein great Fraud and Deceit is too often practifed by ill minded Persons : For

#### Common Aufances.

1.79

For Prevention whereof:

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court allembled, and by the Authority of Surveyorand the fame, That in each Maritime Town within this Province, where Measurers of Boards, Plank, Timber and Slit-Work are usually imported, or brought for Boards & to Sale, or exported beyond Sea; there be two or more honest skilful Persons, an- be annually nually elected by fuch Town, at the Time of their anniversary Choice of Town Maritime Officers; to be Surveyers and Measurers of Boards, Plank, Timber and Slit-Work, Towns. and Surveyers of Shingles; who shall be sworn in Manner as other Town-Officers, to the faithful Performance of the Duty of their Office.

And all Boards, Plank, Timber or Slit-Work, imported or brought for Sale; All Boards, before their Delivery upon Sale, shall be viewed, surveyed, and also measured by &c. to be one of the faid Officers, where he shall have any doubt of the Measure; having fore Sale. Confideration for drying and shrinking also shall mark a new all such to the iust Contents; making reasonable Allowance for Rots, Splits and Wains.

The Buyer to pay the Officer fix-Pence per thousand Feet for viewing only, Fee for viewand fix-Pence per Thousand Feet more for measuring and marking; and pro ing and mea-

rato for a leffer Quantity than a thousand Feet.

And no Boards, Plank, Timber or Slit-Work, shall be delivered upon Sale, No Boards, or shipped for Exportation beyond Sea, before they have been viewed and fur- 806, to be exveyed, and also measured (if Occasion be) and marked a new, by one of the ported before Officers thereto appointed; on pain of being forfeited, or the Value thereof, viewing. by the feller or shipper; to the Use of the Poor of the Town where they are fold or shipped.

and be it further enacted, That all Shingles exposed to Sale by Quantities all Bundles, that do not hold out the Number they are mark'd for; fulles it holding out appear fome have been drawn or shaken out of the Bundle after packing; shall influmber, to be forfeited to the Use of the Poor of the Town where they are exposed; the be forseited. Charge of fearching and telling of them, to be paid thereout.

That every Bundle of Shingles that, according to the found Judgment of the 7 W. ca. 7 Surveyor, will hold out one with another, four and half Inches in Breadth shall Surveyor, will hold out one with another, four and hair Inches in breadth inail be accounted Merchantable; provided they are fifteen or eighteen Inches in of Merchantable, according to which Length they are fold for; and the leaft to be three tableShingles. Inches in Breadth and upwards, and one third of an Inch or upwards in thickness; and all that are otherwise, to be culled out and burnt, and so many more, if need be, till what are left of the faid Bundle will bear the four and half Inches, according to the Judgment of the Surveyor; who shall have for his Service one Penny for every Thousand surveyed; and one Penny more per Thousand for telling; to be paid by the Buyer, where no Forfeiture is for want of Tale to fatisfy the Charge; and for every Thoufand he culls and binds up again, twelve Fee for fur-Pence per Thousand, and proportionable for leffer Quantity; to be paid by the veying and Owner or Seller of the faid Shingles, returning the Remainder to the Owner, if telling. any be, after the Charges are paid: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

#### CHAP. VII.

An Act for explaining and enlarging of the Act for prevention of common Nusances arifing by Slaughter-Houses, Still-Houfes, &c. Tallow-Chandlers and Curriers.

HEREAS in and by the Ast Intitled, An Act for prevention of common Nufances arising by Slaughter-Houses, Still-Houses, &c. Tallow-Chandlers and Curriers; made and passed in the fourth Year of the Reign of their late Majesties King William and Queen Mary : It is enacted, "That the

#### 180

#### New-Hampshire &c. Bills of Credit.

4 W. & M.

"Select-Men of the Towns of Boston, Salem and Charistown respectively, or the Market Towns within the Province, with two or more Justices of Peace dwelling in the Town; or two of the next Justices in the County, shall, at or before the last Day of March, One Thousand fix hundred ninety three, affign some certain Places in each of the said Towns (where it may be least offensive) for the erecting and setting up Slaughter-Houses, for the killing of all Meat, Still-Houses, and Houses for trying of Tallow, and currying of Leather: At which Houses and Places respectively and no other, allButchers and Slaughter-Men, Diffillers, Chandlers and Curriers shall exercise and practice

" their respective Trades and Mysteries.

But for as much as by Reason of the growth and increase of the said Towns, several of the Houses and Places then so assign a discover inconvenient for the Use intended, offensive, and by ill Stenches tend to breed Insection. And the said Ast directing to that Time only for the assigning of Places for those Uses, and not looking forward:

Places to be affign'd for Slaughtering Meat, &c. Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Select-Men of each of the Towns aforesaid respectively, with two Justices as aforesaid, Inhabitants of the Town, (if such there be) from Time to Time as Occasion shall be, to affign and appoint suitable Places, where it may be least offensive, for the exercising of any of the aforesaid Trades or Mysteries, of killing Meat, distilling of Spirits, trying of Tallow, or currying of Leather; and to forbid and restrain the Exercise of either of them in other Places, not so approved and allowed of

Places affign'd becoming offensive to be altered, -upon Inquiry by a Jury.

and he it further enacted by the Authority aforciato, That when and fo often from Time to Time, as it shall appear any House or Place affigned, or to be affigned to and for the exercising of either of the aforesaid Trades or Mysteries, to become a Nusance by Reason of offensive and ill Stenches proceeding from the same, or otherwise hurtful to the Neighbourhood; it shall and may be lawful to and for the Count of General Sessions of the Peace within the County, to cause Inquiry to be made thereinto by a Jury, and to suppress such Nusance by prohibiting and restraining the further Use thereof, for the Exercise of either of the aforesaid Trades or Mysteries; under a Fine not exceeding forty Sbillings per Month, to be to the Use of the Poor of such Town, or otherwise as in their Discretion they shall think fit, by causing the said Nusance to be removed or prevented; or any other Nusance to be inquired of in Manner aforesaid.

Penalty for ufing them or making any other Nufances.

And be it furtifier enacted. That the Proof of any dead Beaft or Beafts hanging up in any Out-Houfe; or the lying, or carrying out the Intrails, Garbage of Beafts, or Blood of Creatures in or out of fuch Houfe, shall be sufficient Conviction in Law, that such House is used for a Slaughter-House, within the Intent of the Law against common Nusances.

Conviction of Slaughter Houses.

## Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of Her Majesty's Province of the Majachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the thirtieth Day of May, 1 7 1 1.

CHAP. I.

## An A& for fecuring the Bills of Credit on the Neighbouring Governments.

Preamblei

HERE AS the Bills of publick Credit on the respective neighbouring Governments of Her Majesty's Province of New-Hampshire, the Colony of Connecticut, and the Colony of Rhode-Island and Providence Plantations, have obtained a Currency in a Way of Trade and Commerce within this Her Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay: The Falssing or Counterfeiting

feiting whereof, or disparaging the same, may prove of pernicious Consequences, to the very great Hurt and Obstruction of Her Majesty's Service; and also to the Interruption and Discouragement of mutual and reciprocal Trade and Commerce, as well as Lofs and Dammage to the Publick, and to private Persons:

For Prevention whereof: Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Gepresentatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That whosoever shall presume to forge, counterfeit, or utter any Bill or Bills (knowing the fame to be false and counterfeit) of the Tenor, or in Imitation of any of the Bills of Credit on the Province of New-Hampsbire, the Penalty for Colony of Connecticut, the Colony of Rhode-Island and Providence Plantation, Counterfeit-by Law established within the said Governments, or any of them; or that shall ing, Se. counsel, advise, procure, or any Ways assist in the forging, counterfeiting, imprinting, ftamping or figning of any fuch false Bills: or engrave any Plate, or 7 G. ca 4. make any other Instrument to be used for that Purpose; or that shall alter or increase the Sum or Figures in any of the Bills of Credit on any of the Governments aforefaid a or forge or counterfeit any Name, Hand, Stamp or private Mark, that now is, or hereafter shall be ordered to be made or set thereoh; every Person and Persons so offending in any of the Particulars before enumerated, shall be liable to and suffer the same Pains and Penalties, as are by Law provid-

## CHAP. II. An Act for suppressing of Robberies and

ed against the forging or counterfeiting any of the Bills of Credit on this Her Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay, or any Thing tending thereto;

or of altering the Sums, Figures or Marks thereof.

O the Intent Her Majesty's Leige People may be in Peace and out of Fear of being affaulted and robbed by ill-minded wicked Ruffians, as they are tra-velling the common Roads or High-Ways; or of being infulted and indecently treated or abused as they are civilly walking and recreating themselves in the Fields, Streets, or Lanes in Towns :

Be it enaded by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Person and Persons that shall be convicted of assaulting and robbing, and taking away from the Person of another travelling the Robbing on common Road or High-Way, any Money, Goods, Cloathing, or other Things the Highwhatfoever; thall be punished with burning in the Forehead or Hand, suffer way. fix Months Imprisonment, and render treble Dammages to the Party robbed.

And upon a fecond Conviction of the like Offence, shall be deemed a Felon, Second Conviction. and fuffer the Pains of Death, as in Cases of Felony.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid. That who foever Affaulting of shall be convicted of affaulting, or offering any Infolence or Violence to any Women. Woman or Woman-Kind, in the Fields, Streets or Lanes in any Town; or of despoiling them, damnifying or defacing any of their Attire or Ornaments, or attempting the same; shall be punished by being publickly whipped, not exceeding ten Stripes; or by being committed to the House of Correction, to receive the Discipline of the House; and continue there by the space of thirty Days, and kept according to the Rules and Orders of the House; and also find Sureties for the good Behaviour, before he be discharged. And any two Justices of the Peace Quorum Unus, in the vacancy of the Court of General Seffions of the Peace, are impowred to hear and determine this Offence.

like Offence a fecond Time, he shall be further punished with burning in the viction. Hand; by Sentence of the Court of General Sessions of the Peace.

And if the Party fo offending, shall afterwards be convicted of committing the Second Con-

And it is further enacted, That in either of the Offences aforesaid, the Oath of the Party affaulted or robbed, being of Reputation, shall be received as Parties Oath. one fufficient Evidence towards convicting the Person charged.

AN

## Provision in Case of fire.

#### An Act.

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of Her Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the thirtieth Day of May, 1 7 1 1. And continued by several Prorogations and Adjournments unto Wednesday the seventeenth of October following, and then met.

CHAP.

An Act providing in Case of Fire, for the more speedy Extinguishment thereof; and for the preserving of Goods endan-

gered thereby.

Preamble.

THERE AS by Reason of the contiguity and adjoining of the Houses and Dwellings within the Town of Boston, Persons are under great Affrightment and Hurry, upon the breaking out of Fire; and not only the Person in whose House the Fire first breaks out, but the Neighbourhood are concerned to employ their utmost Diligence and Application to extinguish the Fire, and prevent the Progress thereof, and to preserve their Substance, by the removal of their Goods; being glad of the Affiftance of others in that Regard: And divers viil-minded and wicked Persons, ou pretence of charitably offering their Help, taking Advantage of such Confusion and Calamities to rob, plunder, imbezel, convey away, and conceal the Goods and Effects of their distressed Neighbours:

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Justices of the Peace and Select-Men of the Town of Boston, from Time to Time, to appoint such Number of prudent Persons of known Fidelity, not exceeding ten,

in the feveral Parts of the Town, as they may think fit; who shall be denominated and called Fire-wards; and have a properBadge affigned to diffinguish

them in their Office, viz. A Staff of five Feet in Length, coloured red; and

headed with a bright brafsSpire of fixInches long: And atTimes of the breaking forth of Fire, and during the Continuance thereof, shall, and hereby are fully

authorized and impowred, to command and require Affistance for the extinguishing and putting out the Fire; and for removing of Houshold Stuff and Furniture, Goods and Merchandizes, out of any Dwelling-Houses, Store-Hou-

fes, or other Buildings actually on Fire, or in Danger thereof; and Guards to

fecure, and take Care of the fame : As also to require Assistance for the pulling

down or blowing up of any Houses, or any other Service relating thereto; by

the Direction of two or three of the chief Civil or Military Officers of the Town

(as is by Law provided) to stop and prevent the further spreading of the Fire:

For preventing whereof:

Badge of

Power.

Palling down or blowing

4 W. 8: M. ca. I.

Affiftance to be given

And to suppress all Tumults and Disorder. And the Officers from Time to Time appointed as aforefaid, are required upon the Notice of Fire breaking forth, taking their Badge with them, immediately to repair to the Place, and vigorously to exert their Authority for the requiring of Affiftance, and using utmost Endeavours to extinguish or prevent the spreading of the Fire; and to preserve and secure the Estate of the Inhabitants. And due Obedience is required to be yielded to them, and each of them accordingly for that Service.

Penalty for neglect.

And all Disobedience, Neglect or Refusal in any, shall be informed of to fome of Her Majefty's Juftices of the Peace within two Days next after; and the Offenders therein, upon Conviction thereof, before any two Justices Quorum Unus, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of forty Shillings each; to be levied and distributed by the Discretion of the Select-Men, among the Poor most distressed by the Fire: And in Case the Offender or Offenders are unable to fatisfy the Fine, then to fuffer ten Days Imprisonment.

Fire-wards.

their Office.

no Houses.

them.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any evil minded wicked Persons shall take Advantage of such Calamity, to rob, plunder, purloin, imbezel, convey away, or conceal any Goods, Merchandifes or Effects of the diffressed Inhabitants whose Houses are on Fire, or endangered Penalty on thereby, and put upon removing their Goods; and shall not restore and give such as shall Notice thereof to the Owner or Owners, if known; or bring them into such or imbezel publick Place as shall be appointed and assumed by the Governor and Council. publick Place as shall be appointed and assigned by the Governour and Council, Goods swed within the Space of two Days next after Proclamation made for that Purpose; out of the Fire the Person or Persons so offending, and being thereof convicted, shall be deemed Thieves: and fuffer the utmost Severities of the Pains and Penalties by Law provided against such.

## Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of Her Majesty's Province of the Maffachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the thirtieth Day of May, 1 7 1 1. And continued by several Prorogations and Adjournments unto Wednesday the twelfth of March following, and then met.

#### CHAP.

## An Act against Intemperance, Immorality and Prophaneness, and for Reformation of Manners.

THEREAS the Laws at several Times established by the Government of this ber Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay, and now in Force bave made good and wholfome Provision for the Regulation of Inns, Taverns, Ale-Houses, Victuallers, and other Houses for common Entertainment, and 4 W. & M. Retailers of firong Liquers out of Doors; and for preventing of Tipling and Drint 7 W. cs. 2 & kennels; declaring that fuch licenfedHouses ought to be improved to the right Ends 10. and Uses for which they are designed; namely, For the Receiving, Refreshment 10 W. ca. 8. and Entertainment of Travellers and Strangers; and to serve the public Occasions of the Towns, and Places in which they are; and not to be Nurseries of Vice and Debauchery, as is too frequently practifed by some, to the Hurt of many Persons, by 4 W. & M. mispending their Time, and Money, in such Houses, to the Ruin of Families :

And have also made good and wholsome Provision against Immoralities, Vice and ca. 5. Prophaneness:

Be it therefore enacted and declared by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That the Laws against Drunkenness, read in the Prophaneness, and other Immoralities, together with this Act, be solemnly read by Town Meetthe Town-Clerk, in each Town, at their Anniversary TownMeeting in March, ing. from Time to Time.

And all Justices, Sheriffs, Grand-Jurors, Tything Men, Constables, or other Officers whom it doth concern, are hereby strictly enjoined and required to Direction to exert their utmost Zeal and Vigour in seeing that the faid several Laws, be duly see that the Laws be obobserved and kept: And that the Violaters thereof be duly profecuted and ferved. punished in Manner as by the said Laws is directed and provided: And the Select-Men and other principal well disposed Persons in each Town, desirous of a Reformation, are hereby exhorted and directed to countenance, accompany, affift and join with the Justices, Sheriffs, Tything-Men, Constables, and other

10 W. ca, S.

#### Reformation.

Officers in their Endeavours to discover and suppress all unlicensed Houses, and Vice. Immorality and Prophaneness.

And for reclaiming the over great Number of licensed Houses, many of which are chiefly used for Revelling and Tipling; and become Nurseries of Intemperance and Debauchery, indulged by the Masters or Keepers of the same, for the sake of Gain :

Be it enacted by the Authority aforciaid, That the Clerk of the A Lift of the Peace in the respective Counties from Time to Time, annually, before the granting of Licences, do transmit to the Select-Men of every Town within the County, Persons licena List of the Names of the Persons in such Town, that were licensed the Year fed to be tranfmitted to the before; and that Licences be renewed to none of them that the Select-Men shall Scleck Men. except to as unfit to hold and exercise such an Employment by Reason of their not keeping good Rule and Order in their Houses; not being suitably accommodated and provided, for the Entertainment of Strangers and Travellers, as the Law directs; or not of fober Conversation.

And no Person shall have his Licence renewed, until he produces a Certificate to the Justices of Quarter Sessions, that such List has been transmitted to the Select-Men, and confidered by them.

And that no Time or Times hereafter, any Person or Persons, shall be firstly Select-Men. or originally licenfed to be a Victualler, Innholder, Taverner, or Seller of Wine, Beer, Ale, Cyder or ftrong Drink or Spirits, by Retail; other than fuch who shall produce Certificate from the Select-Men of the Town where they dwell, recommending them to be Persons of sober Conversation, suitably qualified and provided for the Exercise of such an Employment. And that no Licence be renewed from Time to Time, to any Person hereto-fore licensed, against whom any Presentment, Complaint or Information shall be made, for Misrule or Diforder in fuch House; or for not being suitably provided, as the Law in such Case requires, to entertain Strangers and Travellers at Bed and Board; before the Matter informed and complained of be inquired into and judged of. Provided fuch Presentment or Complaint be prosecuted to Effect, in the same Court for granting of Licences.

And if any common Victualler, Innholder or Taverner enjoined by Law to be fuitably provided to receive and entertainStrangers, Travellers, or others, as Occasion may require, shall be convicted of refusing to make suitable Provision, when defired, for the receiving of Strangers, Travellers, and their Horses; bly provided, or for any publick Entertainment; fuch Person shall be deprived of his Licence. to be deprived And any three or more of the Justices of the Court of General Sessions of the Peace, Quorum Unus, are hereby impowred and directed, by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, directed to the Sheriff or his Deputy, to cause his Sign to be taken down.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That no lers probibi- Town Dweller or Inhabitant in any Town, shall upon any Pretence whatsoever be drinking or tipling in any Tavern, or other publick licensed House, or in any the Dependencies thereof, after nine a Clock in the Night; under the nine at Night Penalty of twentyShillings; to be paid by theMaster or Keeper of such House, for his entertaining of them; and one Shilling to be paid by each Person so offending.

That no finging, fidling, piping, or any other Musick, dancing, or revelling, shall be suffered or exercised, in any Tavern, or other publick licensed House; dancing for- on Penalty of ten Shillings; to be paid by the Mafter or Keeper of the faid biddenin pub- House, as shall suffer the same; and five Sbillings by each Person offending in any of the faid Particulars.

> That there be two Tything-Men annually chosen within each Military Division within the Town of Boston; whose particular and especial Care and Charge it shall be to inspect that their Part of the Town.

That common Drunkards be posted up at the Houses of Retailers of Wine Drunkards to and Liquors out of Doors, as the Law directs to publick licensed Houses; with be posted up a Prohibition to them of selling Drink to any such. and

None to be firstly licensed but upon the Recommendation of the

Licences not to be renew'd until Complaints be heard and judged of.

Licens'd Perfons not fuita-

Town Dwelted drinking in publick Houses after

Singing Mulick Houses.

Common at Retailers.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That if any Perfon or Persons shall presume to keep a Tavern, Inn, or House of common Enter-selling withtainment, or to fell by retail Wine, Beer, Ale, Cyder, or any ftrong Drink or Spirits, without Licence first orderly had and obtained for the same, as the Law directs; fuch Person or Persons upon Conviction, or Confession thereof before one or more of Her Majesty's Justices of the Peace, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of fix Pounds, for every fuch Offence; the oneMoiety thereof to be to the Informer, and the other Moiety to the Use of the Poor of the Town, where the Offence shall be committed.

Penalty for

And for the better Discovery and finding out Persons that shall presume to transgress against this AEt, or any other of the Laws made against Vice, Prophaneness and Immorality:

The Select-Men in each respective Town, be, and are hereby impowred from Select Men Time to Time to chuse and appoint one or more discreet Persons to over-see to appoint and inform of any Breach of the faid Laws; who shall have a meet and honour-Informers, able Recompence made them for their Service, out of the Town Treafury, as

the Select-Men shall think proper and fuitable.

and be it futher enacted, That no Person or Persons either singly or Rout or Dictogether in Company shall presume to sing, dance, fidle, pipe, or use any mu-turbance in fical Instruments in any of the Streets, Lane, or Alleys, within any Town in the the Street in Night Time or make any Rout or other Disturbance to the District and District a Night Time; or make any Rout, or other Diffurbance, to the Difquiet and Dif-Time. rest of any of the Inhabitants; under the Penalty of Five Shillings, for every Person so offending in any of the Particulars afore-mentioned; or being corporally punished by Imprisonment, sitting in the Stocks, or Cage.

And for the more religious Observation of the Lord's Day:
35e it enacted, That all Personswho shall be found in the Streets, Wharsfs, Playing and Fields, or other Places within any Town, on the Evening following the Lord's Rudenets on Day, difporting, playing, making a Difturbance, or committing any Rudeness:

The Persons so offending, shall each of them pay a Fine of five Shillings, or fifter loads by the Cods. Day twelve Hours Imprisonment, or fit in the Stocks, not exceeding two Hours. forbidden. All Fines and Forfeitures arising by Virtue of this Act, or any Paragraph thereof, and not herein before disposed of, shall be to and for the Use of the Poor of the Town where the Offence shall be committed: any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

And the Constables of the respective Towns are hereby directed and specially quired to preimpowred, to prevent the Prophanation of the Lord's Day, by restraining Persons nation of the from walking, recreating and disporting themselves in the Streets, Wharffs, or Lord's Day in

Fields, in the Time of public Worship.

And forafmuch as the well educating and instructing of Children and Youth in publick Wor-Families and Schools, are a necessary Means to propagate Religion, and good Manners; and the Conversation and Example of Heads of Families, and Schools, having great Influence on those under their Care and Government to an Imitation thereof:

Be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Person or Persons Keepers of shall or may prefume to fet up or keep aschool for the teaching and instructing schools to of Children or Youth in reading, writing, or any other Science, but such as are produced to the science of the of fober and good Conversation; and have the Allowance and Approbation probation of the Selectof the Select-Men of the Town in which any fuch School is to be kept; Grammar Men. School Masters to have Approbation, as the Law in such Case already provides.

And if any Person or Persons after Publication of this Act, shall be so hardy, Penalty for as to fet up, or continue to keep any fuch School, without Allowance and Ap-fetting up or probation as aforefaid, the Person or Persons so offending, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of Forty Shillings; to the Use of the Poor of the Town where such School with out Approshall be fet up, or continue to be kept, contrary to this Act; and fo Toties Quo-bation. ties, as often as they shall be convicted: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Constablesrevent Prophathe Time of

#### Bricks.

And whereas evil Communication, wicked, prophane, impure, filthy and abscene Songs, Composures, Writings or Prints, do corrupt the Mind; and are Incentives to all Manner of Impieties and Debaucheries: More especially when digested, composed or uttered in Imitation of Mockery of Devotion, or religious Exercises:

Penalty for composing or publishing of prophane Songs, or mockSermons

Be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That whosoever shall be convicted of composing, writing, printing or publishing, of any filthy obscene or prophane Song, Pamphlet, Libel or Mock-Sermon, in Imitation or in mimicking of Preaching, or any other Part of divine Worship; every Perfon or Persons offending in any of the Particulars aforementioned, shall be punished by Fine to her Majesty, not exceeding twenty Pounds; or by standing on the Pillory once or oftner, with an Inscription of his Crime in Capital Letters affixed over his Head; according to the Discretion of the Justices in Quarter-Seffions.

#### CHAP. 11

## An Act for regulating the Size of Bricks.

Preamble.

PON Confideration of the great Quantities of Bricks now to beused for Building; and that the Firmness of Buildings very much depends on the Goodness of the Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour Council and Re-

Clay to be dug before the to of December, &c.

presentatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That Clay for the making of Bricks shall be digged before the tenth of December yearly; and shall be turned over in the Month of February or March next enfuing, at least twenty Days before it be wrought; and then well and throughly wrought.

Not to be tempered Water.

And no Person shall temper his Clay with falt or brackish Water; nor digg with brackish any Clay in any Place where the falt Water comes in.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Size of Bricks shan't be less than nine Inches long, four Inches and a Quarter of an Size of Bricks Inch Broad, and two Inches and an Half Inch thick.

to be .fhod with Iron, and fealed.

And all Moulds to be used for the making of Bricks, shall be made agreable SizeofMoulds to these Sizes: That is to fay, not less than nine Inches and aQuarter of anInch long, four Inches a Quarter and a Half Quarter of an Inch broad, and two Inches and Half an Inch deep, within Side; being well shod with Iron, and fealed by the Sealer to be appointed, as is herein after directed: fo that the Bricks may hold out the Dimensions prescribed as aforesaid, as near as may be when burned.

Forfeiture of Bricks not made in Moulds as afore directed

And whofoever shall make and expose to Sale any Bricks not made in Moulds of the aforefaid Sizes, shod with Iron, and fealed by the Sealer; he shall lose and forfeit one Half of all such Bricks made contrary hereto, or the Value thereof; to the Use of the Poor of the Town or District where they shall be made; to be fued for and recovered in any of her Majesty's Courts of Record within the County where they shall be made, by the Treasurer of the Town, or Town Clerk.

Select-Men to appoint a Viewer and Sealer. To be fworn.

And the Select-Men of each Town where Bricks are ordinarily made, are hereby directed and ordered, annually to nominate and appoint a furtable Person to be a Viewer and Sealer of Moulds, for the making of Bricks; who shall be Sworn before a Justice of the Peace, to the faithful Execution of his Office.

His Power.

And is hereby impowred from Time to Time, to enter into all Brick-Yards, to view their Moulds, and to fee that they be of due Size, well shod with Iron, as aforefaid, and fealed; and if they be under Size, or not we'll shod, to break the fame.

And

#### Winisimmit Ferry.

And every Brick-Maker before the fetting of his Kiln, shall call the Viewer Brick Maker to over-fee his Bricks, who shall forthwith attend the Service; and be paid to call the by the Brick-Maker two Pence per Thousand for all Bricks by him viewed; fore fitting. and one Penny for each Mould by him fealed; the Select-Men of the Town to provide a Seal: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding. His Fee.

CHAP. III.

## An Act for further Regulation of the Ferry betwixt Boston and Winisimmit, within the County of Suffolk.

HEREAS notwithstanding the Provision made, in and by the Ast passed in the civit Year of the Reinn of his Land and I want to the Reinn of his Land and the Ast passed in the eight Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King William the Third, 6 W. and M. Entitled, An Act in Addition to the Act for regulating Ferries : There is still ca. 6. great Complaint of Neglect of a due Attendance of the Ferry from Boston to S. W ca. 9. Winisimmit, and from thence to Boston; to the grievous Delay, Inconvenience 4 G. ca. 4. and Dammage of Travellers, and others constantly resorting thither for Passage: And there being but one Boat on a Side hitherto provided to tend the said Ferry; and the River wide, and the Number of Passengers much increased, by the Growth of

the Towns on the Road in which the faid Ferry lies :

Be it therefore enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authorite of the same, That for the more speedy Transportation of Passengers, Three Boats especially Posts, there be from hence-forth at all Time and Times here-aft er, to be kept. a third fufficient fuitable Boat and Appurtenances, with able, fober Perfons to row in her, provided and kept constantly to attend the saidFerry; for the tranfporting of Passengers, Horses, and other Things over the River; one of the three Boats in Turns to be always passing on the Water, from Side to Side, in all proper Seasons when Boats may fafely pass; not being obstructed by Ice, or extraordinary flormy Weather; and as one of the faid three Boats shall land on either Shoar, the other Boat on the fame Side shall put off Immediately. The three Boats to continue plying from Side to Side, with all Industry and Diligence To be condaily, (except on the Lord's Day, and then to pass no oftner than Necessity stantly plying shall require) from Sun rise, until nine of the Clock at Night, from the arft of April until the first of October; and until eight at Night, from the first of October to the first of April annually; and after those Hours upon any necessary Occasion, especially Posts; for which there shall be paid two Shillings, except Posts, if it be with one Person only, and if more, then double Ferrage for the whole Number, over and above the two Shillings among all the Passengers in equal Proportion. And that two Boats be lodged on Winisimmit Side every Night, and one on Boston Side. And the Ferry-Men employed in the faid Boats respectively, are required to give constant and diligent Attendance; and not to deny or delay the speedy carrying over any Passenger or Passengers, especially Posts, according to the true Intent and Meaning of this and the former Laws relating to Ferries; under the Penalty therein provided.

and be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That it shall and Ferry Mento may be lawful to and for the Ferry-Men to demand and receive pay of all Paf- demand Pay fengers, except Posts, before they set them on Shoar; and that they shall not of Passengers be required or obliged to Exchange for above the Value of three Shillings and beforelanding

fix Pence, where the Ferrage does not exceed that Sum.

And that the Town of Boston, and the Proprietors of the Farm on Winissimit Ways to be Side, who claim the Priviledge of the said Ferry, do respectively maintain, and kept from the from Time to Time keep in good Repair fufficient and convenient Ways, for landing Place passing to and from the Ferry-Boats from the landing Place on either Side : to the Boat. Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding. C H A P.

#### Militia. Indian Servants or Slaves.

CHAP. IV.

## AnAct for further regulating of the Militia.

5 W. and M. ca. 8.

HEREAS in the fifth Article of the Ast, for regulating of the Militia: among other Things therein mentioned; " Every lifted Soldier and other " House-holder (except Troopers) is to be provided with a good Sword or " Cutlash, under the Penalty in the said Act mentioned: And whereas it is found by Experience that Baionets are of more Use, as well for Offence as Defence:

Be it therefore enacted by the Governour, Council and Repretentatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That from and after the twentieth Day of June next every Person in Soldiers to be the Town of Boston, who is obliged by the aforefaid Act to appear upon an Alarm at the Place of Rendezvous; or where the chief Officer doth appoint, (except Troopers) shall be provided with a good Goofenecked Baionet with Socket, fit to fix over the Muzzle of his Musket; under the like Penaltyas in the faid Act is mentioned, for not being provided with aSword or Cutlash.

provided of Baionets.

## Acts and Laws.

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of Her Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-eighth of May, 1712. And continued by several Prorogations unto Wednesday the twentieth of August following, and then met; being their fecond Session.

CHAP. V.

## An A& prohibiting the Importation or bringing into this Province, any Indian Servants or Slaves.

Preamble.

HEREAS divers Conspiracies, Outrages, Barbarities, Murders, Burglaries, Thefts; and other notorious Crimes and Enormities, at fundry Times, and especially of late, have been perpetrated and committed by Indians, and other Slaves, within several of her Majesty's Plantations in America; being of a malicious, furly and revengeful Spirit; rude and infolent in their Behaviour, and very ungovernable. The over great Number and Increase whereof within this Province, is likely to prove of pernicious and fatal Consequence to ber Majesty's Subjects and Interest here, unless speedily remedied: And is a Discouragement to the Importation of white Christian Servants. This Province being differently circumstanced from the Plantations in the Islands, and baving great Numbers of the Indian Natives of the Country, within and about them; and at this Time under the forrowful Effects of their Rebellion and Hostilities:

Be it therefore enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court affembled, and by the authority of the same. That from and after the Publication of this Act, all feited, unless Indians, Male or Female of what Age foever, imported or brought into this Province, by Sea or Land, from any Part or Place whatfoever; to be disposed given to carry of, fold or left within the Province, shall be forfeited to her Majesty, for and towards the Support of the Government; unless the Person or Persons importing

Indians bro't in, to be for-Security be within one Month.

#### Watches.

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or bringing in fuchIndian or Indians, shall giveSecurity at the Secretary's Office of fifty Pounds per Head, to transport and carry out thesame again, within the Space of one Month next after their coming in; not to be returned back to this Province.

And every Mafter of Ship or other Veffel, Merchant or Person whatsoever, importing or bringing in to this Province by Sea or Land, any Indian or Indians, Male or Female, within the Space of twenty-four Hours next after their Ar- Indiana bro't rival or coming in, shall report and enter their Names, Number and Sex; into be entered and give Security in the Secretary's Office, as aforefaid, on Pain of forfeiting ry loffice, &c. to her Majesty for the Support of the Government, the Sum of fifty Pounds per Head: To be fued for and recovered in any of Her Majesty's Courts of Record, by Action, Bill, Complaint or Information.

And the Fee to be paid for fuch Entry and Bond as aforesaid, shall be two Fee for Entry and Bond.

Shillings and fix Pence, and no more.

#### CHAP. VI.

An Act for Explanation, and in Addition to the Act for keeping of Watches in Towns; passed in the eleventh Year of the Reign of King William the Third.

IN HEREAS Provision is made in and by a Paragraph or Clause in the said Act; That a Watch may be kept in Towns in other Manner than a Confta- 11 W. ca.; bles Watch, where the Members of the Council and Justices of the Peace, together with the Select-Men; and the Select-Men by themselves, where no Member of

the Council or Justice dwells, shall judge it most for the Benefit and Safety thereof; the Inhabitants also agreeing to support the Charge:

Be it decl ared and enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That when, from Time to Time a Watch, Qualification in other and different Manner from a Constables Watch, shall be agreed upon of Watch. and directed in any Town in Manner as afore-expressed; the Number and Men, and Qualification of the Persons whereof it shall consist, shall also be agreed upon Badge. as aforefaid; and one fober, discreet, able-bodied House-holdder appointed to take the Charge and Command thereof; and to fee that the Watchmen do their Duty: Who, as a Badge of his Office shall carry a Quarter Pike with a Spire on the Top thereof; and every Watchman shall carry a Staff with Watchmen's a Bill fastned thereon, as is usual. And the said Officer and Watchmen are hereby respectively impowred and authorized, to prevent and suppress all Disturbances, Routs, unneceffary Noises and Disorders in the Night: To examine all Persons whom they shall find abroad after ten a Clock (other than known, fober orderly House-holders or Inhabitants) of their Business abroad, and whither they are going: And in Case they are Refractory, and give not a reafonableAccount of themselves and Business; or are Persons of illFame, or justly Daty. fuspected to have any unlawful Intention or Defign; then to restrain and secure them, by Imprisonment or otherwise, and keep them safe until the Morning; and then carry them before a Justice of the Peace, to be examined and proceeded against according to the Nature of the Offence. And the said Watchmen are required to walk in and about the Streets, Wharffs, Lanes and principal Parts of the Town, to fee that good Rule and Order be kept; and to suppress all Diforders and Mifrule.

#### Lands, &c. liable to the Payment of Debts. 190

Watchmen & attend the Members of the Council, Juffices, &c.

And when at any Time or Times, any one or more Members of the Council, Constables, to Justices of the Peace, or Select-Men, shall think fit to walk by Night, to inspect the Orders of the Town wherein they dwell; as well the faid Watchmen, as one or more of the Constables, are required to attend and accompany them, and to observe and obey their lawful Commands.

Fee for Commitment.

and be it further enacted. That the Fee to the Goaler for Persons taken up in the Night, and committed to be fecured only whilft the next Day, shall be one Shilling, and no more.

## Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of her Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, begun and held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-eighth of May, 1712. And continued by several Prorogations unto Wednesday the eighteenth of March following, and then met; being their fourth Seffion.

#### CHAP. I.

## An Act in Addition to the Act, for making Lands and Tenements liable to the Payment of Debts.

HEREAS in and by An Ast made and passed in the eight Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King William the third, Land and Tenements are made liable to the Payment of Debts: And whereas in practifing upon the faid Act, either through the Perverseness of the Creditor, or Corruption of the Officer, Executions for small Sums are sometimes laid on Part of Housing and Lands of great Value in such Manner, as grievously to discommode or spoil the Remainder, contrary to the good Intent of the faid Ast; the Party injured being without Remedy ever to recover his Estate back again :

For Prevention of fuch Inconvenience and Mischief for the future :

One Years to recover

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That when any Land or Tenement, in Part, or in whole, shall Time allow'd be levied and taken in Execution for Debt; it shall and may be lawful to and for the Party, or his Heirs whose Estate is so taken in Execution, within the Space back Housing for the rarty, or his riens whole Estate is to taken in Execution, within the Space or Lands ta- of one Year next following the levying Execution thereon, and not afterwards; ken in Execu- to bring his Suit against the Creditor, or his Heirs, or Tenant in Possession, tion for Debt. and recover back his Estate, upon paying the full Sum, for which the same was taken, with Interest from that Time; and the reasonable necessary Charges and Difburfements laid out and expended thereon, for repairing or bettering of the fame, over and above what and fo much as the Rents, Profits and Improvements made thereof, shall fall short of reimbursing such Charges; to be accounted for by the Party for whom the same was taken in Execution, his Heirs or Affigns, agreable to the Provision made in the Act for Equity of Redemp-10 W. ca. 14. tion of Estates upon Mortgage forseited for the Condition broken,

The Time of 2 Years for Redemption of forfeited

Estates upon Mortgage when to Commence

And whereas in and by the afore-mentioned Ast relating to the Equity of Redemption of mortgaged Estates for feited, the Term of three Years therein limited for the Redemption, is diversly construed as to the Commencement thereof :

Be it enacted and declared, That the faid Term of three Years shall be reckoned and accounted from the Time of the Mortgagee, his Entry into and taking Possession of such forfeited Estate: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

CHAP.

#### Meeting of Proprietors of Lands. Fees.

CHAP. II.

## An Act directing how Meetings of Proprietors of Lands lying inCommon, may be called.

HEREAS the Law has made Provision and impowered the Proprietors of Preamble. Lands lying in Common, as well those already stated and divided, each ones

Proportion being known, as those not stated, divided, or proportioned as aforefaid; to manage, improve, dispose and divide the same, in such Way and Manner as hath been or shall be concluded and agreed on by the major Part of the interested. But no Direction being given how a Meeting of fuch Proprietors may be orderly

Be it enacted by Excellency the Governour, Council and Repre-

and regularly called and affembled:

fentatives, in General Court affembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That when and fo often as any five or more of the Proprietors of fuch common Lands shall judge a Proprietors Meeting to be necessary, they may make Application to a Justice of the Peace within the same County where such Lands lie, for a Warrant for the calling of a Meeting, expressing the Time, Place and Occasion thereof: And such Justice is hereby impowred to grant a Warrant for fuchMeeting accordingly, directed to one of the Proprietors, asking the same; or to the Proprietors Clerk, requiring him to notify the Proprietors of the Meeting, and the Time and Place for the same; which Notification fhall be given in Writing posted up in some public Place or Places within the Town or Precinct where the Land lie, fourteen Days before the Day appointed for the Meeting. And fuch and fo many of the Proprietors as shall be affem- Fourteen bled and meet accordingly, shall have Power by a major Vote to chuse a Clerk, Days Notice to enter and record all Votes and Orders, that from Time to Time shall for a Meeting. be made and passed in the Proprietors Meetings; who shall be sworn to the faithful Discharge of his Office, as the Law directs, for the swearing of Town Officers. And to agree upon, and appoint any other Way or Method of calling and fummoning Meetings for the future, as shall be most suitable and con-Power to venient to the Proprietors. As also to pass Orders for the managing, improving or dividing fuch commonLands, not before stated and divided; the Voices always to be collected and numbred according to the Interests present, where the fame is known.

And no other Affair shall be transacted at any Meeting of the Proprietors, than what is expressed in the Warrant or Notification for such Meeting.

#### An Act.

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of Her Majesty's Province of the Maffachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-seventh Day of May, 1 7 1 3.

#### CHAP. III.

An Act in Addition to the Act for regulating Fees; made and passed in the fourth Year of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary.

HEREAS the Publick Notaries Office is not mentioned in the said 4 W. and M. Act, and has hitherto been under no Regulation as to Fees, but wholly ca. 17.

at Pleasure:

#### Special Courts of Affize.

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives now in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That the Fees to be demanded and taken in the faid Publick NotariesOffice, for the Particulars following: Be as herein expressed, and no higher: under the Penalty in the afore-recited Act mentioned. That is to fay:

Protest. Certificate. For drawing and making a Protest, fix Shillings. For every Certificate under the Seal of the Office, 00 06 00 04

00

00

Registring.

Atteffarion.

Four Shillings. For entring, and registring Protests, and other Writings for the first Page, twelve Pence : and for so many Pages more as it shall contain eight Pence a Page, accounting after the Rate of twenty-eight Lines, of eight Words in a Line to each Page; and proportionably for fo much more, as shall be under a Page: And fix Pence for each Attestation on theOriginal.

An Act,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of her Majesty's Province. of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, begun and held at Boston, upon Wednefday the twenty-feventh of May, 17.13. And continued by Prorogation unto Wednefday the fifth of August following, and then met; being their fecond Seffion.

CHAP. IV.

## An Act for holding special Courts of Assize, and General Goal Delivery.

Preamble.

HEREAS the Time set for holding a Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Assize, and General Goal Delivery in the respective Counties, according to the present Establishment, is but once in fix Months in and for any County; and in some Counties, but once in twelve Months; by Reason of which Distance of Time Persons guilty of Murder may avoid Justice, either by making their Escape; or by the Death of the Witnesses: or otherwise great Charge may arise by long keeping such Criminals in Prison, and great Loss and Dammage be occasioned to the Witnesses being long detained till the Coming of the Court, especially if they are not Inhabitants, or are Sea faring Men:

For Prevention of which Mischiefs and Inconveniencies:

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be lawful to and for the Governour, for the Time being, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Council, upon any extraordinary Occasion and Emergency, as aforesaid, by a Precept directed to the fize, and Ge- Juffices of the Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery; to order and appoint them to hold a special Court, as soon as may be, for the Trial of any such capital Offender or Offenders; and to cause Venires to be iffued forth for the fummoning of Jurors for fuch Court out of the feveral Towns, as usual, for the stated Courts: And to make out all other necessary Processes; and do what else shall be requisite, according to the Powers given them, in and by the Act for eftablishing a Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery.

A special Court of Af-Delivery.

10 G, ca. 5.

#### Firing off Guns on Boston Neck. High-Ways.

#### Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of Her Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-seventh of May, 1713. And continued by several Prorogations unto Wednesday the fourteenth of October following, and then met; being their third Session.

#### CHAP. V.

## An Act to prohibit shooting or firing off Guns, near the Road or High-Way, on Boston Neck.

HERE AS the Limbs and Lives of Several Persons, have been greatly Preamble. endangered in riding over Boston Neck, by their Horses throwing of them; being affrighted and farting, at the Firing of Guns by Gunners that frequent there after Game :

For preventing whereof for the future: Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assemblet, and by the authority of the same, That no Person or Persons from and after the Publication of this Act, may presume to Discharge or Fire off any Gun upon Boston Neck, within tenRods of theRoad or High-Way leading over the same, on Pain of forfeiting and paying the Sum of twenty Sbillings, for each Gun fo fired or discharged: Penalty. One Moiety thereof to be to and for the Use of the Poor in the said Town of Boston; and the other Moiety to him or them that shall inform, complain, and fue for the some: To be recovered before the Court of General Sessions of the Peace with thein County, or before any one or more of her Majesty's Justices of the Peace out of Court. And for the better Conviction of Persons offending against this Act; it shall be lawful to and for any Freeholder to arrest and take into Cuftody any Gun fo fired off, and render the fame to one of the next Guns to be Justices in Boston, in order to its being produced at the Time of Trial.

#### CHAP. VI.

An Act in Addition to the Law of this Province, Intitled, An Act for High-Ways; made in the fifth Year of the Reign of the late King William and Queen Mary.

B b 2

HEREAS in and by the faid Ast, "The Select-Men of each Town 5 W. & M. "respectively within this Province, are thereby impowred by them. Ca. 10. "felves or others, to lay out or cause to be laid out only such particular and private Ways, as may be judged necessary for their respective Towns. And whereas it may and does often happen, that the Lands of particular Persons or Proprietors, may be, and are so situated and circumstanced as to make or render a particular or private Way for the Use of such Person or Proprietor of absolute Necessity; which is not provided for in and by the faid Act:

#### Stopping up harbours.

Select-Men to lay out particular or private Way:

The it therefore enacted by his Excellency the Gooremour, Council and Representatives in General Court assumbled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Select-Men of each Town respectively, are hereby impowred, by themselves, or others whom they shall appoint, to lay out or cause to be laid out particular or private Ways between any of the Inhabitants or Proprietors within their respective Towns, as shall be thought necessary, to or for any and every original Lot laid out or to be laid out in and by any Town or Proprietors, so as no Dammage be done to any particular Perfon or his Propriety, without due Recompence to be made either by the Town, if concerned, or such of the Inhabitants or Proprietors who desire and reap the Benefit of the same; as the Select-Men and Parties concerned may agree, or otherwise; as shall be ordered by the Justices of the Court of General Sessions of the Peace, as in and by the said Act is already directed and provided for.

And whereas it hath been (and may yet be) found by Experience, that the Select-Men of many Towns within this Province, through Relation or other Interest, hove fo very much delayed; and at other Times absolutely refused to lay out or couse to be laid out particular or private Ways, for or within their several Towns, when thereunto desired, and the same have been really necessary; which hath been to the

very great Dammage and Grievance of Persons concerned:

Be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That when and so often as the Select-Men of any of the Towns within this Province, shall unreasonably delay or refuse to lay out, or cause to be laid out, any such particular or private Ways as aforelaid, to any fuch original Lôt or Lots as. aforefaid, being thereunto defired by one or more of the Inhabitants or Proprietors of Land within their Towns respectively.; that then, and in such Case, her Majesty's Justices of the Peace within the several Counties of this Province, at any of their General Sessions, may, and are hereby impowred, by a Committee whom they shall appoint, to lay out, or cause to be laid out such particular or private Ways, within or for such Town; or for or between any of the Inhabitants thereof, to or for any fuch original Lot or Lots, as aforefaid; fo as no Dammage be done to any particular Person in his Land or Propriety, without due Recompence to be made either by the Town, if it be of general Benefit; otherwise by such of the Inhabitants as have the Benefit of such particular or private Way, as shall be ordered by the Justices in their Sessions as aforesaid, upon Inquiry into the fame, by a Jury to be summoned for that Purpose: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Juffices impowred, by a Committee, to lay out particular or private Ways.

Recompence:

## CHAP. VII.

# AnA& to prevent the annoying or stopping up of Harbours; and the unjust taking off Ballast from the Shoar.

Representatives in General Court assembles, and by the authority of the same. That no Master or Commander of any Ship or other Vessel, coming from Sea into any Road, Port or Harbour within this Province, shall presume to unload or throw over-board, any Ballast or Rubbish into such Road, Port or Harbour, under the Penalty of Twenty Pounds: And in the ballasting or unballasting any Ship or other Vessel, there shall be a Canvas or Tarpolin, which shall reach from the Ballast Port or Gunnel, to the Lighter or Boat; to prevent any Part of the Ballast or Rubbish salling into such Port,

Penalty for casting Ballast into the Harbour, &c.

#### Bills of Credit. Mills.

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Road and Harbour as aforefaid. Nor shall any such Commander or Master, as aforefaid, take off any Sort of Ballast from any Island, Beach or other Land, being the Propriety of any Town or of any particular Person or Persons within this Penalty for Province, without leave first had and obtained from the Select-Men of such without Town, or the major Part of them, or from such Person or Persons as they shall Leave. entrust therewithal, or other the Proprietor; under the Penalty of Forty Shillings; to be recovered before a Justice of the Peace.

Provided, That this Act shall not extend to the hindering any Commander or Mafter of any Ship or other Veffel, after they are under Sale outward Bound, Provife. who find a Nécessity of taking in more Ballast, to take the same from off any Island, Beach or other Land, as above-mentioned, making Satisfaction therefor.

The Penalties arising by this Act, to be one Half thereof for the Use of the Forfeitures Poor of the Town where the Offence is committed; the other Half to the Use disposed. and Benefit of the Informer. The Penalty of Twenty Pounds aforefaid, to be recovered by Bill, Plaint orInformation, in any of herMajesty's Courts of Record within the respective Counties where the Offence shall be committed,

#### CHAP. VIII.

## An Act for the better fecuring of the Bills of Credit on this Province from Forgery and Corruption.

E it enacted by his Ercellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That any one who shall detect and convict Fifty Pounds any other Person or Persons, that shall have made a Plate or Press wherewith to any Person of work off, forge or counterfeit, any of the Bills of Credit on this Province, or making a that shall have figned any Bill made on such counterfeit Plate, shall be intitled Press, &c. to a Reward of Fifty Pounds; to be paid out of the public Treafury, by Warrant from the Governour, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Council, for every Person they shall detect and convict to be guilty as aforesaid, and thall be pardoned and indempnified, if they have been concerned in the Forgery.

That any Person or Persons that first discovers any false Bill made on a new Five Pounds counterfeit Plate, shall be intitled to a Reward of Five Pounds; to be paid for Discovery of Bills made out of the public Treasury, in Manner as aforesaid.

Plate.

## An Act,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of her Majefty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, begun and held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-seventh of May, 1713. And continued by several Prorogations unto Wednesday the tenth of February following, and then met; being their fourth Seffion.

CHAP. IX.

## An Act in Addition to the Act for upholding and regulating of Mills.

HERE AS it bath been found by Experience, that when some Persons in this Province have been at great Cost and Expences, for building of 8 A. ca. 1. Mills serviceable for the public Good and Benefit of the Town, or considerable Neighbourhood, in or near to which they have been eretted; that in raifing a suitable

#### Caufelels Arrefts, &c.

Head of Water for that Service, it bath sometimes so hapned that some small Quantity of Lands or Meadows bave been thereby flowed and damnified, not belonging to the Owner or Owners of such Mill or Mills, whereby several Controversies, and Law Suits bave arisen :

For Prevention whereof for the future:

their Confent to be conrinued.

Be it therefore enacted by his Excellency the Hovernour, Council Mills builton and Representations in General Court affentibled, and by the Au-Lands by the thority of the same, That where any Person or Persons have already, or shall Owners, or by hereaster, set up any Water Mills or Mills, upon his or their own Lands, or with their Consent the Consent of the Proprietors of such Lands legally obtained, where upon such Mill or Mills is, or shall be erected or built; that then such Owner or Owners shall have free Liberty to continue and improve such Pond for their best Ad-

vantage, without Molestation.

Remedy for Dammage on Land being over-flowed.

And if any Person or Persons find themselves aggrieved and damnified in their Propriety of Lands, by its being flowed by the Owner or Occupant of fuch Mills ftopping or raifing the Water; that in every fuch Cafe, the Party fo damnified in his Propriety, upon Application for Relief to the Court of General Sessions of the Peace in the County where such Mills or Pond is; the faid Court be and hereby are impowred to iffue out a Warrant directed to the Sheriff of the same County, to summon and impannel a Jury of good and lawful Men at the proper Cost and Charge of the Owner or Owners of such Mill or Mills; and the Jury shall be Sworn by a Justice of the Peace, to a faithful indifferent Apprilal of the yearly Dammage done to the Person Complainant, by flowing his or their Land as aforefaid; and the Jurors Verdict being returned by the Hand of the Sheriff, to the next Court of Quarter Sessions of the County, where fuch Mill or Pond is; being allowed and recorded, shall be a fufficient Bar against any Action to be brought for any Dammages occasioned by the flowing of any fuch Lands as aforefaid: Save only an Action of Debt, which the Complainant may bring for the Recovery of fuch yearly Sum or Sums of Money, from the Owner or Occupant of fuch Mill affelt as aforefaid, during the Time of fuch flowing.

But if the Jury find no Dammage for the Complainant, then he or they to be at the Cost of the Jury, as shall be allowed by the Justices of the faid Court.

## Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of Her Majesty's Province. of the Maffachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-fixth Day of May, 1 7 1 4.

#### CHAP. I.

## An Act to prevent causeless Arrests, &c.

Write to be endors'd.

The it enaked by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatings, in General Court aftembled, and by the Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Person, Principal or Attorney, Executor or Administrator taking out a Writ or Attachment against another, before he receive it out of the Clerk's Office, shall endorse his SirName on the back thereof towards the Bottom; and shall stand chargeable and be liable to answer and pay to the adverse Party hisCosts arising by the Arrest, and charge of Imprisonment (if any be) to be taxed in common Form by the Judges of the Court where the Writ is returnable in Case of non Prosecution, Discontinuance :

#### Bills of Credit. Representatives

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Discontinuance; or that the Plantiff be Non-suit, or Judgment pass against him, to be levied on the Principal, the Executor, Administrator or Attorney, that endorfed or took out fuch Writ; if the Principal be without the Province or be unable to pay the fame.

And no Person shall entertain more than two of the sworn allowed Attorney, No Person to at Law, that the adverse Party may have Liberty to retain others of them to entertainmore affift him, upon his Tender of the established Fee, which they may not refuse. Atomey's.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That if the Plantiff in any Action, suffer a Non-suit through the Default, Negligence or Attorney's Omission of his Attorney that drew the Writ, being an Attorney at Law, Mission the practifing and legally admitted in the Courts of Law within this Province by draw a news mislaying of the Action, or otherwise; such Attorney shall draw a new Writ Writ withou without a Fee, in Case the Plantiff see Cause to revive his Suit.

#### CHAP. II.

## An Act enlarging the Pay of the Reprefentatives.

WHEREAS the Allowance by Low granted to the Representatives of the Presents. feveral Towns for their Service in attending of the Great and General Court or Assembly, as by Law established, is only three Shillings per Diem a Man; which is not sufficient to answer the Charge of their Travel and necessary Expence :

Be it therefore enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Suthority of the fame, That from the beginning of this present Session and 4 to per Diem ever after, until this Court shall order otherwise, there be paid by each Town to each Rerespectively four Shillings in Money per Diem, to each of their Representatives, presentative. during their Attendance on the Court, and for the necessary Time expended in their journeying to and from thence, to be paid within one Month next after the End of each Seffion respectively; any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

#### CHAP. III.

#### An Act for the more effectual preventing the Corruption and counterfeiting the Bills of Credit on this Province.

E it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the AscondConauthoutty of the fame, That every Person convicted of fallifying, viction made forging or counterfeiting any of the Bills of Credit on this Province; or of Felony. augmenting, altering or increasing the Sum in any of the faid Bills; or of making a false and counterfeit Plate; and shall fall into the faid Transgression; G. ca. 4. in any of the Particulars afore-mentioned a fecond Time, and be thereof duly convicted; every such Offender shall be deemed and adjudged a Felon, and fuffer the Pains of Death, as in Cases of Felony: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

CHAP.

#### Cape-Cod.

#### CHAP. IV.

## An Act for preserving the Harbour at Cape Cod, and regulating the Inhabitants and Sojourners there.

Preamble.

HERE AS the Harbour at Cape Cod, being very useful and commodious for fishing, and the Safety of Shipping both inward and outward bound, is in Danger of being damnified, if not made wholly unserviceable, by destroying the Trees standing on the said Cape, (if not timely prevented; ) the Trees and Bushes being of great Service to keep the Sand from being driven into the Harbour by the Wind :

Penalty for barking or boxing Pine Trece.

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Publication of this Act, no Person or Persons may presume to bark or box any Pine Tree or Trees, standing upon any of the Province Lands on the faid Cape for the drawing of Turpentine; on Pain of forfeiting and paying the Sum of ten Shillings, for each Tree fo barked or boxed, and the Turpentine drawn from them, if to be found; one Moiety thereof to her Majesty for the Support of her Majesty's Government within this Province, and the other Moiety to him or them that shall inform or sue for the fame in any of her Majesty's Courts of Record within this Province.

The Lands on a Precinct.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That whereas Cape Cod made a Number of Inhabitants are fettled upon the faid Cape, and many others refort thither at certain Seafons of the Year to make, fifhing Voyages there, which has not hitherto been under the Government of any Town, or Regulation among themselves; that henceforth all the Province Lands on the a Minister & faid Cape be a District or Precinct; and the Inhabitants there are obliged to procure and support a learned orthodox Minister of good Conversation to dispense the Word of God among them, and to allow him fixty Pounds a Year Maintenance.

The Inhabitants to fettle allow him 601 per Annum.

> And for the better enabling them to raise and pay the said yearly Maintenance, with the Affistance of such as sojourn among them at the fishing Seasons, and have the Privilege of the Audience with them: Be it further enacted, That all and every Person and Persons coming

to abide and fojourn there on fishing or whaling Voyages, during his and their

make Payment as aforefaid, to levy the same by Distress by Warrant to him

directed from the next Justice of the Peace; such Justice being also hereby

impowred upon Complaint to him made, to iffue forth a Warrant of Distress

And upon Neglect or Refulal of any Person or Persons to

Fishermen to pay four Pence a Week Support of the Minister.

Continuance and Abode there, shall pay four Pence a Man per Week weekly, perMan to the to be paid by the Master of the Voyage or Boat, for his whole Company, to Ebenezer Done, who is hereby appointed and impowred to be the first Collector and Receiver of the faid Rate or Duty, on Behalf and to the Use of the Minister of the Precinct.

Diffrefs.

Collector.

accordingly. And the faid Diffrict or Precinct is hereby annexed and put under the Con-Conftablerick stablerick of Truro, until this Court take furtherOrder: And the Select-Men or Affesfors of Truro are hereby directed and impowred to affess and apportion on the Inhabitants of the faid Precinct from Time to Time, fuch Sum and fo much as the Duty as aforefaid, laid upon the Fishermen shall fall short of making up fixty Pounds per Annum, for the Minister, directed as aforefaid, and to make

out a Warrant as the Law directs for the gathering of the faid Affeisment.

Put under the of Truro.

### Burglary. Tar, Turpentine, &c.

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## Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majefty's' Province of the Maffachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-fifth of May, 1715.

### CHAP. I.

## An Act against Burglary.

HEREAS notwithflanding the Laws already made for the punishing of criminal Offenders, many Persons of late bave been so hardy, as to break open in the Night, the Dwelling Houses of several of his Majesty's 4 W. & M. good Subjects, and have not only stolen their Goods, but put them in Fear Ca. 5 and Danger of their Lives:

Be it theretoxe enacted by the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Person or Persons shall here after in the Night Time break and enter into any Dwelling House then inhabited, with a selonious Intent to rob or kill, or to do some other Felony; he or they so offending and being thereof convicted, shall be adjudged to suffer the Pains of Death: Any former Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

#### CHAP. II.

An Actfor the better preserving, increasing, and securing Naval Stores; particularly Tar, Turpentine, and Rozin, within this Province.

WHEREAS there has been Waste and Stroy made of the Pine Trees, and other Timber, within this Province:

For Prevention whereof: Be it enacted by his Ercellency the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Publication of this Act, no Person or Persons may presume to cut or carry off any Tree Trees, or Timber, bark or box any Pine Tree or Trees, for the drawing of Turpentine standing upon any of the Lands belonging to this Province, Proprietors, Townships, or particular Persons, without Leave or Licence first had and obtained from the Owner or Owners thereof: on Pain of forfeiting and paying the Sum of twenty Shillings, for every Tree fo cut or removed, bark'd or boxed. And the Turpentine drawn from them when found either in the Trees aforefaid, Barrels. or other Veffels lying upon the faid Lands, to be a like forfeited: One Moiety thereof to the respective Owners of the said Land and Trees, the other Moiety to be to him or them that shall inform or sue for the same before any Justice of the Peace in the County where the Offence is committed; if the Forfeiture exceed not forty Shillings, but if above that Value, in any of his Majefty's Courts of Record, within this Province.

C c

## Light=House.

### Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of his Majesty's Province of the Majfachyfetts-Bay in New-England, begun and held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-fifth of May, 1715. And continued by Prorogation unto Wednesday the twentieth Day of july following, and then met.

#### CHAP. III.

An Act for building and maintaining a Light-House upon the Great Brewiter (called Beacon Island) at the Entrance of the Harbour of Boston.

Preamble.

THEREAS the Want of a Light-House at the Entrance of the Harbour of Boston, hath been a great Discouragement to Navigation, by the Loss of the Lives and Estates of several of his Majesty's Subjects:

For Prevention whereof:

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governout, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That there be a Light-House, erected at the Charge of the Province, on the souther-most Part of the Great Brewster call Beacon-Hand, to

be kept lighted from Sun-fetting to Sun-rifing.

Duty to be paid.

That from and after the building of the faid Light-House, and kindling a Light in it, useful for shipping coming into or going out of the Harbour of Boston, or any other Harbour within the Massachests-Bay, there shall be paid to the Receiver of Impost, by the Master of all Ships and Vessels, except Coasters, the Duty of one Penny per Tun, inwards; and also one Penny per Tun, outwards, and no more, for every Tun of the Burden of the said Vessels, before they load or unload the Goods therein.

Measure of Vesicls. And that all Veffels havnig two Decks shall be measured upon the Main-Deck, from the Stem to the Stem Post, then subdusting the Breadth from Outside at hwart the main Beam, the Remainder to be accounted her Length by the Keel, which being multiplied by the Breadth aforesaid, and the Product thereof multiplied by one Half of the said Breadth as the Depth of the Hold: And the whole Product divided by one Hundred, the Quotient shall be accounted the Tunnage of said Ship or Vessel; and all Ships or other Vessels having a single Deck, or Deck and Half, to be measured in the same Manner (except the Depth in Hold) which shall be from the Under-Side of the main Beam to the Cieling.

That none shall be accounted Coasters by this Act, but such who import only Provisions, Tar, Pitch Turpentine, or Lumber, whose Owners belong to this Province, or the Provinces or Colonies of Rbode-Jsand, Connessicut, New-York, Jersey, Pensilvania, Maryland, Virginia, North-Carolina and Nova-Scotia; and that are bond fide bound to some of the fore mentioned Governments; all such

Coasters to pay only two Shillings each Time they clear out.

That all Fishing Vessels, Wood-Sloops, &c. employ'd in bringing of Fish, Wood, Stones, Sand, Lime or Lumber, from any of the Parts within this Province, coming into said Harbour of Boston &c. pay five Shillings at their first coming in or going out, and no further Payment to be demanded of them by the Space of one Year next following.

And

### Registry of Deeds.

And the Commissioner or Receiver of Impost is hereby impowred by himself or Deputies, by him to be appointed, to collect and receive the feveral Duties aforesaid; to sue for and Recover the same by Action of Debt in the Inferiour Duties how Court of Common Pleas, in the County where faid Vessel loads or unloads, vered. wherein no Effoign or Wager of Law shall be allowed, nor more than one Imparlance; and where the Sum does not exceed Forty Shillings, before one fingle Justice of the Peace.

And the Commissioner of Impost or Deputy shall attend at his Office at cer- Commissioner tain Hours de Die in Diem, for entring Ships and Vessels, and to give Certifi- to attend at cate of paying the Duty thereof to the Naval Officer, for which he shall demand certain Hours. and receive fix Pence, and no more.

And no Ships or Veffels shall be cleared by the Naval Officer, until such Naval Officer Certificate be produced that the Duty of the Light-House be paid; and the Ship not to cear, until, &c. with Master shall stand charged with the Duty thereof, till paid to the Com-

missioner of Impost.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Per-Keener of the fon who shall be appointed from Time to Time by the General Court or Af- Light-House fembly to be the Keeper of the faid Light-House, shall carefully and diligently carefully to attend his Duty at all Times in kindling the Lights from Sun-letting to Sun-rifing, and placing them so as they may be most feen by Vessels coming in or going out; and upon Conviction of Neglect of his Duty before the Court of General Sessions of the Peace within the County, shall be liable to be fined according to the Degree and Circumstances of his Offence, not exceeding One Penalty. Hundred Pounds; two thirds thereof to be to his Majesty, to and for the Support of the Government of this his Majesty's Province, and the other third Part thereof to the Person or Persons that shall inform of such Neglect; to be recovered by Bill, Plaint or Information in any of his Majesty's Courts of Record within this Province.

### CHAP. IV.

## An Act for the more safe keeping the Regiftry of Deeds and Conveyances of Lands.

WHEREAS the registring of Deeds and Conveyances of Lands bath for Additional Act. a long Time past proved very beneficial upon many Accounts:

G. ca. 6.

Be it therefore enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council 12 G ca 3. and Representatives in General Court affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That for the more fafe and convenient keeping the Registry of Deeds and Conveyances as aforefaid, there shall be chosen in each County within this Province, fome discreet, suitable Person having a Freehold within the fame, to the Value at least of Ten Pounds per Annum, to be the Re- A Register to gifter in fuch County, who shall be chosen by the Votes of the Freeholders of be chosen by each respective Town, at their Meeting in March next, by the same Rule and the Freshol. Method as by Law is prescribed for the choosing of County Treasurers. And dees in March the Person so chosen and accepting thereof, being first sworn before the Superiour or Inferiour Court, or two Jultices within the County Quorum Unus; fhall be To continue and continue in the aforefaid Office five Years unless removed or displaced by five Years Order of the Court of General Sessions of the Peace in such County, for Misses unless. demeanour or Failure in his Duty; the faid Officer to give Bond to the Value of Five Hundred Pounds, with two Sureties, for the faithful Discharge of his To give Bond Trust. And in Case of Non-acceptance, Death or Removal of any such Person so elected, two or more of his Majesty's Justices within such County Quorum Unus, are hereby impowred to grant out their Warrants directed to the Select

C c 2

those

#### Limitation for Pollestions. Fees.

Shire Town.

Men of the feveral Towns within fuchCounty, ordering them forthwith to convene the Freeholders of their respective Towns, and proceed to the Choice of fome other meet Person; the Votes to be brought in as aforesaid. And that The Office to there shall be a publick Office in the Shire Town of each County within this be kept in the Province, for registring of Deeds and Conveyances as aforefaid. And that the Fees for registring shall be the same as is therefor already by Law established: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

#### CHAP. V.

### An Act in Addition to an Act for regulating Fees.

ca. 17. 3 G. ca.,6.

4 W. and M. WHERE AS in the aforesaid Ast there is not mention made of the Fees to be taken for many Things which may from Time to Time be entred, recorded, registred, and copied, either in the Secretary, or Clerks Offices, of the several Courts

within this Province:

Be it therefore enacted by his Excellency the Sovernour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Suthority of the same, That no Officer whatsoever shall ask, demand and take Fee for copy- any more than twelve Pence a Page, each Page containing twenty-eight Lines, ing the Page. eight Words in a Line; and so proportionable for the entring, recording, registring, and copying all and everyMatter, and Thing whatfoever; on Pain of for-

feiting andpaying the likeSum of tenPounds, as by the aforefaidLaw is provided.

Penalty.

#### CHAP. VI.

## An Act in Addition to An Act of Limitation for quietting of Possessions.

HEREAS the Limitation of Time for the Continuance of Possession by the aforesaid AEt, did not extend or was understood to extend unto any Houses or Lands lying to the Eastward of Piscataqua-River, or in other the Frontiers referred to in said Ast; but a further Time was enlarged and lengthened out for the Space of fiveYears next after the ending of theWar with the Indians, during which Space all Persons might pursue their Right and Claim to any Houses and Lands lying in those Parts: And forasmuch as since the enacting the aforesaid Law, the Peace was made and concluded with the faid Indians in the tenth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King WILLIAM; notwithstanding which the aforefaid Indians broke out again into open War and Rebellion in the second Year of her late Majesty's Reign, and continued the same until the last Year; by Reason of whichRupturesPersons could not without great Hazzard andDufficulty pursue their Right and Claim to Houses and Lands lying to the Eastward of Piscataqua-River, or in other the aforesaid Frontiers: And in as much as the setling of the Eastern Parts and Frontiers will be of great Benefit to this Province: The Accomplishment whereof will be very much retarded and hindred unless Persons can be secured in their Purchases and Possessions:

Be it therefore enacted by his Ercellency the Governour. Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, That there shall be a further Time of five Years from the last of this Instant July, one Thousand seven Hundred and sisteen, allowed Time further, all Persons to pursue their Right and Claim to any Houses and Land in

Five Years

those Parts and Places and every of them, and no longer. And all Actions and Processes to be there-after brought for the same, are hereby excluded and for ever debarred.

Provided always, That there shall be a Saving of all public Lands belonging

to this Province, not orderly dispoied of.

Provided also, That this Act shall not be understood to bar the Title of any Proviso. Infant, Feme Covert, or Person non compos Mentis, imprisoned or in Captivity; Interest, &c who shall be allowed the Term of five Years next after such Imperfection removed, to pursue their Claim or Challenge to any Houses or Lands wherein they have Interest or Title: And the Time of five Years shall be allowed to Persons having an Estate in Reversion in any Houses or Lands, from the Time such Person be-Reversion falls to recover their Right: And Persons beyond Sea shall be allowed yound Sea ten the Term of ten Years from the Publication of this Act, to pursue their Claim and Challenge to any Houses, or Lands, as aforesaid.

## Acts and Laws,

Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Bost on, upon Wednesday the twenty-fifth of May, 1715. And continued by several Prorogations unto Wednesday the twenty-third of Day November following, and then met.

#### CHAP. I.

## An Act in Addition to an Act for erecting of a Powder-House in Boston.

HEREAS the Confiscation of Powder kept in Houses andWare-Houses, bas not been found sufficient to deter Men from so keeping the same, to the 5 A ca. 3. great Discouragement and Dammage of such as assist in Time of Fire, 5 G. ca. 2.

to endeavour the extinguishing thereof:

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That from and after the Publication hereof, any Person within the Town of Boston, that shall presume to keep in his House or Warehouse any Powder, above what is by Law allowed, shall forfeit and pay for Penalty. every Half Barrel, the Sum of Five Pounds, and so pro rate for every greater Quantity over and above the Forfeiture or Confiscation of the faid Powder; one Moiety thereof to be for the Use of the Poor of the Town, to be paid to the Town Treasurer, the other Moiety to the Firewards, or any others that shall fue for the fame.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Quantity of Quantity of Powder allowed to be kept in Shops for Sale in Boston, do not ex- Powder alceed twenty-five Pounds: Any Law, Ulage or Custom to the contrary there low to be of notwithstanding. Saving nevertbeles, The ordinary Town Stocks, as in the kept in Shops. afore-recited Act is expressed.

And whereas there is often Danger by careless Persons carrying Powder thro'

the Town uncovered:

Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That after the Publication of this Act, no Person whatsoever presume to carry thro' the Town Powder to be any half Barrel, Barrel or Barrels of Powder, unless secured by some sufficient covered when covering of Leather or Cloth spread over it; on Penalty of ferfeiting Ten Shil- the Town. lings per Barrel, for each Offence, and so pro rate for Casks of leffer Size, to be

recovered

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### Windows, Ac.

Penalty.

recovered of the Persons carrying the same; by Bill, Plaint or Information before any Court proper to try the fame.

And whereas the Town of Boston has often been in great Hazzard of Fire, by throwing of Squibs, Serpents and Rocketts, and by the performing of other Fire-

Works .

Penalty for throwing Squibs, &c.

It is further enacted by the Authority aforefaid. That any Person or Persons whosoever shall throw any Squibs, Serpents or Rockets, or perform. any other Fire-Works within the Streets, Lanes or Alleys in the Town of Boston, or upon or from the Houses within the same, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of twenty Shillings for every fuch Offence, to be recovered by Bill, Plaint or Information, before a Justice of the Peace, or in any of his Majesty's Courts of Record; the one Half of the aforefaid Fines to be to the Informer, and the other Moiety to the Use of the Poor of the Town.

fined or punished for throwing Squibs, &c. Parents or Mafters to pay for Children under the Age of Firewards to fue for the Fines.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Children and Children or Servants of the Age of twelve Years and upwards shall offend against Servants to be this Act in any of the Particulars therein mentioned, and their Parents or Master refuse to answer the Forfeiture or Dammage awarded against them; they shall be punished by setting in the Stocks or Cage, or by Imprisonment, not exceeding twenty-four Hours, at the Difcretion of the Court or Justice before whomthe Profecution shall be, according to the Nature and Degree of the Offence, and Circumstances aggravating. And the Parents or Masters of any Child or Servant under the Age of twelve Years, thall pay a Fine of Ten Shillings for any fuch Child or Servant transgressing, as aforesaid.

And the Firewards are hereby directed to take effectual Care to put this Act in Execution, and are fully impowred to fue for, recover and take the feveral Fines and Forfeitures afore-mentioned, by Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of his Majefty's Courts of Record within this Province.

II. CHAP

# An Act for preventing Dammage to Housing and other Estate, within feveral Towns of this Province.

Preamble.

WHERE AS many Persons of late have been so mischievous, more especially in the Time of public Rejoycings, as to break the Glass Windows of several Houses, and to commit divers other Insolencies in one or more of the Towns within the faid Province :

For Prevention whereof for the future :

Glass Windows not to be broken.

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Publication of this Act, if any Person or Persons shall wilfully break the Glass Windows of any House within any of the Towns of this Province, either those made Use of for public Occasions or belonging to any private Person, or, by throwing Stones, Snow-Balls, kicking Foot-Balls, or any other Ways; or shall wilfully break down any Fences belonging to any fuch House or Houses, or any Pastures or other Inclosures, and be thereof Pences not to legally convict before one or more of his Majefty's Juffices of the Peace within fuch County, or before the Court of General Sessions of the Peace within the County where fuch Town lies, he or they so offending shall not only be liable to the Suit or Action of the Owner or Possessor of such House or Fences so damnified, but shall also pay a Fine of twenty Skillings at least, and not exceeding the Sum of Five Pounds, for the Use of the Poor of the said Town.

Penalty.

be broken,

one

### Bills of Credit. TUoldes.

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and be it further enacted by the authority aforefain. That the Treaturer for the Time being of the Town where the Offence is committed, be, and hereby is directed and impowred to fue any Perfon or Perfons who shall Treaturer. do any Dammage as aforefaid, to any of the Houles made Use of by the Publick, sue for the either on civil or religious Accounts, or to any of the Publick Burying-Places ; Fines, and the Money recovered on fuch Suit shall be appropriated for the repairing of fuch House or Houses, or Burying-Places so damnified.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid. That if any Person or Persons offending against this Act, and being thereof convict; shall persons refusrefuse to pay the Fine above mentioned ( or when they are Children or Servants ing to pay the their Parents or Mafters shall refuse to pay the same) he or they so convict shall Fine to be be punished by Whipping, setting in the Stocks or Cage, or by Imprisonment, at the Discretion of the Court or Justice before whom the Profecution shall be, according to the Nature and Degree of the Offence and Circumstances aggravating the fame.

CHAP. III.

An Act in Addition to the Act, Intituled An Act against counterfeiting the Bills of Credit of this Province, pass'd in the third Year of her late Majesty Queen Anne.

2 A. C4. 2.

MI HEREAS in the said Act, there is no Provision made for the Rewar-VV ding of such Persons as shall make Discovery of the altering or increasing the Value of any of the Bills of Credit on this Province, by Law established:

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authogity of the fame, That who foever shall give Information of any Person or Bills of Cre-Persons altering or increasing the Sum or Figures, set and expressed in any of dit not to be the Bills of Credit on this Province, now made or hereafter to be made; or of altered or inany Person or Persons uttering any such Bill or Bills, knowing the same to be created. fo altered or increased, so that the Person or Persons guilty thereof be rendered to Justice and convicted; every such Informer shall receive as a Reward for his good Service therein, the Sum of ten Pounds, to be paid to him out of the Penalty. publick Treasury; and to be repaid into the Treasury out of the Offenders Goods or Estate, so far as that will extend, by Order of the Court where the Person shall be convicted.

CHAP. IV.

An Act in further Addition to the Act for encouraging the killing of Wolves, 5 W. and M made in the fifth Year of the Reign 100. ca. 5. of King William and Queen Mary.

DE it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Reprefentatives in General Court affembled, and by the Authority Wolves to be of the lame, That from and after the Publication of this Act, the Reward for deftroy'd. Killing a Grown Wolf shall be the Sum of forty Shillings, to be paid according Reward.

to the Provision made in faid Act.

And

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### Town=Wectings.

And for as much as some Tozons in this Province have suffered in their Sheep by

Unruly and ravenous Dogs to be destroyed.

unruly and ravenous Dogs: Be it enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That whenfoever it shall happen that any Dog shall kill or would any Sheep, and Proof be made thereof before any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County, where such Dammage is done, the faid Justice is required speedily to notify the Owner of faid Dog of fuch Dammage; and if faid Dog be not killed within forty eight Hours after fuch Notice given, the Owner shall forfeit the Sum of five Pounds, to be recovered by Action, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record within this Province, and to be disposed for the Use of the

Penalty.

#### CHAP. V.

Poor of the Town where the Dammage is done; and the faid Owner shall be further liable to the Action of any Person damnified, as aforesaid.

## An Act for the better regulating of Town and Proprietary Meetings.

Preamble.

HERE AS by Reason of the disorderly Carriage of some Persons in Said Meetings, the Affair and Business thereof is very much retarded and obstructed:

For preventing whereof:

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Reprefentatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That at every such Meeting a Moderator shall be first chosen by a Majority of Votes, who shall be thereby impowred to manage and regulate the be chosen by Business of that Meeting. And when it shall so happen that any Matter rethe Majority mains doubtful after a Vote, the Moderator is hereby directed and required that the fame be decided by the Poll; if feven or more defire it, prefently after the Vote is called in Question; in Proprietary Meetings the faid Polls to be num-

and he it further enacted, That no Person presume to speak before Leave

bred according to their Interest.

Penalty on Personsspeaking without leave from the Moderator.

of Votes.

first obtained from the Moderator; nor when any other is orderly speaking. And that all Perfons be filent at the Defire of the Moderator, under the Penalty and Forfeiture of fiveShillings, for theBreach of every fuchOrder. And if anyPerson being by the Moderator notified of fuch Offence shall still persist in the fame, that then the Moderator shall order such Person to with-draw from faid Meeting, and fuch Offender upon his Refusal thereof, shall forfeit and pay the Town Trea. Sum of twenty Shillings; the respective Forfeitures to be recovered by the furer to reco. Town-Treasurer of such Town, wherein any of the aforesaid Offences shall be ver the Fines. committed, before any one or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County wherein such Town lies, to be disposed of; the one Half for the Use of the Poor of said Town, the other Half to the said Town-Treasurer.

ing.

and be it further enacted, That when and so often as ten or more of the Ten or more Freeholders of any Town shall fignify under their Hands to the Select-Men may defire a their Defire to have any Matter or Thing inferted into a Warrant for calling a Town Meet- Town-Meeting, the Select-Men are hereby required, to infert the fame in the next Warrant they shall iffue, for the calling a Town-Meeting. And that no Matter or Thing whatfoever, fhall be voted or determin'd but what is inferted in the Warrant for calling faid Meeting.

Provided, That Town-Meetings for Choice of Representatives be regulated

4 W. and M.

by the Select-Men, as is ordained in the fourth Year of King WILLIAM and ca. 18. Queen MARY.

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#### CHAP. VI.

An Act in Addition to the Act Intituled, An Act for regulating of Townships, Choice of Town-Officers, and fetting 4 W. and M. forth their Power, made and passed in the fourth of William and Mary.

E it enasted and declared by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court affembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That where any Person or Persons is convicted of the Breach of a Town Order or By-Law before a Justice of the Peace, and neglect, or be unable to pay their Fine; that in every such Case, it shall and may be lawful to and for such Justice, to Order such Person or Persons either to stand committed to the Goal of the County, by the Space of twenty-sour Hours, and not exceeding sive Days, or be set in the Cage or Stocks, not exceeding the Space of four Hours.

#### CHAP. VII.

An Act in Addition to an Act Intituled,

An Act for the Settlement and Distribution
of the Estates of Intestates, made and and passed in the fourth Year of the Reign of
King William and Queen Mary.

E it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That where two or more have Letters of Administration granted them of any Intestates Estate, and one or more of them take all or the greatest Part of such Estate into his or their Hand or Hands, and result to pay the Debts or Funeral Charges of such Intestate, or come to an Accompt with the other Administrator; that then and in such Case, it shall and may be lawful for such Administrator aggrieved, to bring his Action of Accompt against the other Administrator or Administrators of the Estate of the Intestate, in his or their Hands, and recover his proportionable Part or Share of such Intestates Estate, as shall belong or appertain unto him, after Debts, Funeral Charges, and other Dues of the Intestates are fully satisfied and paid: AnyLaw, Usage or Custom to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.

And the built of the J. - AR

Portion of Francisco

#### 208 Billerica Bridge. Custom=Douse Dificers Fees.

### Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majefty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the thirtieth of May, 1716.

#### CHAP. VIII.

## An Act relating to the great Bridge in Billerica.

Preamble.

HERE AS the Agents for the Towns of Billerica and Chelmsford, by Direction of the faid Towns in their Petition to this Court at their present Session, have shewed forth, that there is a great Bridge erested over Concord-River, in the Township of Billerica, and that the said Bridge was built by the Towns of Billerica, Chelmsford and Groton; and according to a former Settlement made by a Committee appointed for the Settlement of the Charge of the Bridges in the County of Middlefex. But the Town of Groton, upon Application to this Court in 1699, did obtain a Discharge from either building or repairing for the future, without further Order from this Court. And surther it was alledged in the said Petition, that the said Bridge is fallen into such Decay, that it is no Ways profitable to repair, or safe to improve any longer as it now is, but that the same must of Necessity be new-built; and that it is apprehended the Charge will be so great that the Burthen will be too heavy for Billerica and Chelmsford to bear, for the Reasons therein given, which more properly ought to come under Consideration of the Justices of the Court of General Session of the Peace in the County of Middlesex:

Be it therefore declared and enacted by the honourable the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Matters contained in the faid Petition be referred to the Confideration of the Justices of the Court Refer'd to the Juffices of the of General Seffions of the Peace for the faid County of Middlefex, at their Quar-General SefterSeffions; who are hereby fully authorized and impowred to take fuch Order about the faid Bridge from Time to Time, and at all Times hereafter, as shall Peace for the be judged meet and convenient, and to fettle the Charge of the fame, upon any, or every the Towns of the faid County. And the Paragraph in the Law exempting the Town of Groton, from the Charge of the faid Bridge, is hereby re-

pealed, and made null and void.

County of Middlefex, Groton.

fions of the

#### ala CHAP. IX.

## An Act stating the Fees of the Custom-House Officers within this Province.

E it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Fees to be hereafter demanded and received in the Collector's Office shall be these following, and none other.

1. 5. d. To the Collector for a Register, fix Shillings. 06 For endorfing the fame two Shillings. 00 02 0 A Certificate for Naval Stores, three Shillings. 00 03 For all Foreign Vessels entring Inwards, and Permit, fix Shillings. 00 06 0 For the Comptroller, where any fuch Officer is appointed for the fame, one Shilling. 00 10 OI 0 To the two Waiters, fix Pence each. 00 For all Foreign Veffels clearing Outwards the same as entring Inwards.

Fees flated.

### Regulating Fæs of Admiralty.

To the Collector a Certificate of unloading enumerated Goods,	
Three Shillings.	٥
To the Comptroller for the fame, one Shilling. 00 01 0	)
Coafting Veffels to the neighbouring Colonies.	
Entring Inwards and permit to unload as far as Connecticut	
and New-Hampshire, two Shillings.	3
The fame Outward, two Shillings. 00 02 0	)
Entring Inwards from Annapolis, New-York, and the Colonies	
thence to South-Carolina, and a Permit to the Collector, 6 00 05 0	,
Five Shillings.	
To the Comptroller, one Shilling.	)
Clearing Outwards the fame, fix Shillings.	)
Cocquet for European Goods to the faid Provinces.	
To the Collector, two Shillings.	
To the Comptroller, one Shilling.	)
And every Cocquet for European Goods bought at the Shops or	
elsewhere, (tho' including several Parcels which may be entred together by the Master,) to the Collector, three Shillings.	)
To the Comptroller, one Shilling.  Coasters from Port to Port within this Province carrying Merchandize,	)
F	,
Clearing, one Shilling.	
A Bill of Store, to the Collector, one Shilling.	
To the Comptroller, one Shilling.	
And that all the Roads and Harbours from Cape-Cod on the South-Side, with	
in the Bay) to Bolton, be deemed the Port of Bolton, until an Naval Office	

be fetled in them.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Person or Persons imployed in the said Office shall demand, or take other or greater Fees than by this Law are allowed, shall be subject to the Penalty of Ten Pounds, as is provided by an Act, intituled, An Act for regulating Fees, 10 1. Penalty. made and passed in the fourth Year of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary. Or shall illegally delay or defer entring or clearing any Ship or Vessel, and dispatching any Merchant in their Course; such Officer so offending shall be liable to Coft and double Dammages, being thereof duly convicted in any of fending liable in Majefly's Courts of Record within this Province. And every Officer in Coft. this Province shall have a List of Fees hanging up in his Office on the faid Penalty.

THE PERSON

#### CHAP. X.

An Act in Addition to the Act for regulating Fees, made and passed in the fourth Year of King William and Queen Mary; 4 W. and M. stating the Fees of the Officers of the Court of Admiralty.

12 E it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authought of the same, That the Fees to be hereafter demanded and received in the Court of Admiralty, shall be these following, and none other.

## Mean Process in Civil Actions.

Admiralty Pecs flated.

	l.	5.	1.
For Condemnation of every Prize above one Hundred Tuns,	,		
Fifteen Pounds.	~	00	0
Condemnation of every Prize under one Hundred Tuns,			
Ten Pounds.	10	00	0
Every Summons for Trial, to the Register, two Shillings.	00	02	0
To the Marshal for serving, four Shillings.	00		-
Filing and allowing every Libel.			
To the Judge, fix Shillings and eight Pence.	00	06	8
To the Register, fix Shillings.	00	06	0
Every definitive Decree, to the Judge, one Pound.	10	00	0
To the Register, recording, fix Shillings and eight Pence	00	06	8
To the Marshal and Cryer, eight Shillings.	00	08	0
FilingPapers, examining and taxingCost, to the Judge, twoShil	lings. 00	02	0
The Register, two Shillings.	00		0
A Warrant of Apprizements, to the Register, fix Shillings.	00	06	0
A Warrant to take up Deferters, Run-aways, &c. to the 2			
Register, fix Shillings.	00	06	0
For every Copy of Record, twelve Pence per Page, twenty-e	ight		
Lines to a Page, and eight Words to a Line.	J		

The Attorney or Advocates Fees, twelve Shillings. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That if any Persons tak- Person or Persons imployed in the said Court shall demand or take other or ing unlawful free frees than by this Law are allowed; he or they shall be subject to the Cost about Penalty in said Act provided, and shall be liable to Cost and double Dammages, mages, &c. being thereof duly convicted in any of his Majesty's Courts of Record within this Province.

#### CHAP. XI.

5 W. and M. ca. 6 4 A. ca. 3.

An Act in further Addition to an Act Intituled, An Act relating to Sureties upon Mean Process in Civil Actions, made and passed at a Selsion of the General Court or Assembly the eighth of November, 1693, in the fifth Year of the Reign of King William and Oueen Mary.

THEREAS in the faid Act it is provided, " That all Writs of Scire " Facias shall be taken out and served upon the Sureties within twelve "Months after the first Trial, and not afterwards. And for asmuch as in several Counties within this Province, the Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery, is held and kept but once within twelve Months, whereby the Party or Parties that recover Judgment at Juch Superiour Courts, can have no Benefit of the faid AEt:

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Reptelentatives in General Court allembles, and by the Authority of the same, That Writs of Scire Facias may be taken out and Facias served served upon Sureties for the Space of two Years after the Trial, upon an upon Sureties Appeal in all such Counties where a Superiour Court of Judicature, &c. is held but once in a Year: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

within two Years after

Trial.

### Lord's=Day.

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## Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of his Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, begun and held at Boston, upon Wednesday the thirtieth of May, 1716. And continued by several Prorogations unto Wednesday the seventh Day of November following, and then met.

#### CHAP. I.

An Act in Addition to the Act, Intituled, An Act for the better Observation and keeping of the Lord's-Day, made and passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly 4 W. and M. at a Sessions held at Boston, the 12th Day of October, 1692. In the fourth Year of the Reign of their late Majesties King William and Queen Mary.

THERE AS in and by the faid AET, it is declared, " That no Tradef-" man, Artificer, Labourer, or other Person whatsoever, shall upon " the Land or Water do or exercise any Labour, Business or Work " of their ordinary Callings, nor use any Game, Sport, Play, or Re-" creation on the Lord's-Day, or any Part thereof ( Works of Necessity and " Charity only excepted) upon Pain that everyPerson so offending, shall forfeit " five Shillings: And further, That no Traveller or Drover, Horse Courser, "Waggoner, Butcher, Higler, or any their Servants shall travel on that Day or any Part thereof, except as by the said Law is excepted, upon the Pain " of twenty Shillings: Notwithstanding which many Persons do presume to work and travel on the faid Day :

For the more effectual preventing fuch immoral and irreligious Practices: Be it enacted by his Ercellency the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same. That whoever shall for the future contrary to the said Act, do or exercise any Labour, Business, or Work of their ordinary Callings, or use any Game, Sport, Play or Recreation on the Lord's-Day, or any Part thereof, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of ten Shillings; and all Persons travelling contrary to Penalty of the faid Act, the Sum of twenty Shillings for the first Offence; and upon a 10 s. on Las fecondConviction of either of the aforefaid Offences double the respectiveSums bouters, &c. afore-mentioned, and be also bound with Sureties for their good Behaviour to Travellers the next Seffions of the Peace in fuch County where faid Offenders shall be for the first convict. And that if any Person being able of Body and not otherwise necessions. farily prevented, shall for the Space of one Month together absent themselves Person to be from the public Worship on said Day, the Grand Jurors are hereby directed presented and required to prefent fuch Person to the General Sessions of the Peace, who one Month unless they can make Proof they have not so absented themselves, but have Negled to at attended divine Worship in some public Assembly, shall forfeit and pay the tend the public Sum of twenty Shillings. And in Case any of the Offenders mentioned in this lic Worthip Act shall be unable or refuse to satisfy their Fine; they shall be adjudged to Penalty 221. be fet in the Cage or Stocks, not exceeding three Hours, according to the Difcretion of the Justices.

Be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Fices how Fines and Penalties arising by this Act shall be disposed as by the faid Law disposed of is already provided: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

CHAP. II.

## An Act for setling of Grants.

Preamble.

HERE AS fundry Grants of Lands have been made by the General Court at divers Times unto particular Persons, of which Grants, the greatest

Part has been taken up, but some may be yet standing out: Be it therefore enacted by his Ercellency the Governour, Council

and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authoutty of the same, That all Persons claiming a Right to any Tract or

Persons to bring in their Grants within 3 Years.

Proviso.

Tracts of Land by Grant from the General Court, and not yet laid out, shall within the Space of three Years from the Publication of this Act bring a Copy of their Grant to the General Affembly of this Province, in order to have the fame laid out and confirmed to them; and all fuch as neglect or refuse to bring in their Claims, as abovefaid, shall forfeit their Right to such Grants. Provided, This Act be not understood to bar the Title of any Infant, Feme

Covert, or Person non Compos mentis, imprisoned, in Captivity, or beyond the Seas; who shall be allowed the Term of three Years after such Imperfection removed, to purfue their Caim and Challenge to any Grants of Lands fo made to them or their Predecessors; any Thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

CHAP. III.

4 W. and M. An Act in Addition to the Act, Intituled An Act for the punishing Criminal Offenders. Ca. 5.

> WHERE AS when any Person is apprehended for Thest or Robbery, and admitted to Bail, the Recognizance is only to the King, to answer for the Crime, whereby ( in Case the Offender doth not appear but make Default ) the Party injured loseth the Benefit of an AET, intituled, An Act for the punishing Criminal Offenders; subich gives the Party injured treble Dammages, upon Conviction :

> > For Remedy whereof :

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Sovernour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Person shall be apprehended for any of the Crimes mentioned in those Paragraphs of the abovefaid Act which relate to Theft or Robbery, and be admitted to Bail, he shall not only recognize to the King's' Majesty for his Appearance at the Court in faid Recognizance mentioned, to answer for his Crime; but shall also enter into another Recognizance with Bail shall not sufficient Sureties to the Party injured, for treble of the Money, Goods or only recog-Chattles which he shall be charged with Stealing. And if the said Offender has to the King, but also shall make Default, and not appear to take his Trial according to his Recognizance; in fuchCase the said Recognizance shall be declared for seited by the Court where the faid Criminal ought to have been tried, and the Party injured shall recover trebleDammages against theSureties, for so much as can be made appear to be stolen, as if the Offender had put himself on his Trial, and had been convict; "Any Law, Ufage, or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Personsappre-hended for Theft, &c admitted to only recognize to the recognize with Sureties to the Person injured, &c

#### Marriages. Aurors.

CHAP. IV.

An Act in Addition to An Act for the orderly consummating of Marriages, made and pass'd in the seventh Year of the Reign of King William the Third.

WHERE AS in and by the faid Act, it is provided, "That no Person other "than a Justice of the Peace, and "than a Justice of the Peace, and that within his own County only; 7 W. ca. 6 " or ordained Minister, and that only in the Town where he is setled in the "Work of the Ministry; shall or may presume to join any Persons together " in Marriage: Nor shall any Justice or Minister join any Persons in Marriage

" other than fuch, one or both of whom are Inhabitants or Refidents in fuch " County or Town respectively:

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That the Power granted Ministers to join Persons together in Mar-riage be hereby enlarged; so as that where there shall be no settled ordained Power to Minister in any Town or Precinct, or where the only fetled ordained Minister marry enlargof any Town or Precinct is himfelf to be married: It shall and may be lawful ed in fuch Cases for the next settled ordained Minister in another Town, within the fame County, to join in Marriage the Minister or Inhabitants of such Town or Precinct destitute of such settled ordained Minister, if such Minister or Inhabitants defire it; according to the Rules prescribed by the Laws of this Province, for the confumating Marriages.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Justice or Minister shall have four Shillings for each Marriage, and pay out of Allowance of it fix Pence to the Town Clerk, when they return their Certificates to him.

And whereas there is great Failure in returning Certificates of Marriages to the

Town Clerk :

Be it enacted. That each Justice or Minister neglecting to make due Return to the Town Clerk, as the Law directs; every of them shall pay a Fine of

ten Shillings for fuch Neglect.

and be it further enacted, That every Town Clerk shall give in a true Town Clerk List of all Marriages returned to him by the Justices and Ministers respectively, to give in to unto the Clerk of the Seffions of the Peace in each County, sometime in the the Clerk of Month of April yearly, and every Year; upon the Penalty of ferfeiting twenty List of all Shillings Fine, for every Neglect. And every Town Clerk shall pay two Marriages. Pence to the Clerk of the Peace, for every Marriage returned by him, as aforefaid; which shall be the Fee for the Clerk of the Peace for his recording the fame. And each Fine is to be recovered by Bill, Plaint or Information in any Court of Record.

Provided; That every Justice of Peace, or Minister, authorized to join Perfons together inMarriage, every Clerk of the Peace and Town Clerk respectively, may be profecuted upon this or any former Act relating to Marriages, within two Years after the Offence committed, and not afterwards : Any Law, Ufage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provilo.

CHAP. V.

## An Act for the more effectual preventing Default in the Appearance of Jurors.

HERE AS the Mulits or Fines set upon Jurors for not appearing and Preamble.

attending the several Courts of Justice within this Province, whereto they

Inferiour

rors that

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#### fas.

are respectively chosen and summoned, are by Law limited to the Sum of forty Shillings, by Reason whereof Persons most able and best qualified to perform that Duty oft times choose rather to incur and undergo so small a Penalty than to perform that Service, which bath proved a general Inconvenience, tending greatly to the Dammage of many Persons in Cases of the greatest Moment and Concern, as well as very much retarding the Business and Affairs of the several Courts: For Remedy whereof:

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Justices of the Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery, and the Justices of the Inseriour Court of Superiour & Common Pleas, and of the General Seffions of the Peace respectively, shall and Court to fet hereby are required to fet reasonable Fines upon all Jurors duly returned to Fines on Jaferve in the faid Courts, that make Default, unless necessitated thereto, by Reason makeDefault of Sickness, or some other extraordinary Let or Hindrance; not less than the Sum of four Pounds, nor exceeding the Sum of fix Pounds each, at the Differetion of the faid Justices: And to cause the same to be levied and disposed of as by Law provided.

and be it further enacted, That the Fee or Allowance to be paid to the Petty Jury for each Verdict shall be thirteen Shillings: Any Law, Usage or Cuftom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Petty Jurys Allowance

### Acts and Laws.

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of his Majefty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, begun and held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-ninth of May, 1717.

### CHAP. VI.

## An Act in Addition to and Explanation of two Acts referring to the regulating of Fees. &c.

Preamble

HEREAS in the first Act for regulating of Fees, made in the fourth Year of King William and Queen Mary, there is an Article of two Shillings and fix Pence in the Secretary's Fees, for every Order of Council to the Benefit of particular Persons, under Pretence whereof Demand has been made in the said Office for the said Sum even for Orders for the Payment of the public and just Debts of the Government :

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That for the future no Fee whatsoever be or shall be due or demanded for any Order of the Governour and Council for the Payment of any

public Debt, of, and from the Government.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Fee 4 W. and M for any Petition to the Governour and Council referring to any Debt of the ca. 17. Province, as aforefaid, be two Shillings and fix Pence and no more.

And whereas in the late Ast made in the first Year of his present Majesty's Reign, intituled, An Act in Addition to the Act for regulating of Fees, under Pretence I G ca. 5. of the Word Copying, all and every Matter and Thing what soever, (in the said

### Coroners. Ministers.

AET) demand has been made of Money or Fees, even for rough Draughts, and preparatory Copies, for the Use of the Publick, when the said Ast was designed only 1 G. ca. 5. for such Copies had and taken for private Use:

Be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Fee whatfoever shall be due or demanded in the faid Office for any other Copies or copying, than fuch as are taken from fair Entries, Registers or Re-

cords, and those only for a private Use, and not for the Service of the Government: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

#### CHAP. VII.

An Act in addition to an An Intitled, An Act relating to the Duty and Office of a Coroner, made in the twelfth Year of King William the Third.

WHEREAS in and by the said Act, the Coroners of the several Counties of this Province, are impowred to serve and execute all Writs and Processes di- 12 W. ca. 6. rested unto them against the Sheriffs of the same County: But no Provision is therein

made to serve any Writ or Process wherein a Sheriff of the same County is or may be Plantiff, and so a Failure of Justice may happen, if not Remedied:

Be it therefore enacted by his Ercellency the Governour, Council Coroners imand Representatives in General Court affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That when and so often as the Sheriff or She-in Case &c. riffs of any of the Counties within this Province, their Under-Sheriffs or Deputies, or any of them, are or may be concerned as Plaintiff, Complainant Additional or Defendant in any Writ, Action or Process: That in such Case the Coroner Act. of the fame County shall be, and hereby is impowred to serve and execute the fame: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

# Acts and Laws, James and

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-eighth of May, 1718.

CHAP. VIII.

An Act in addition to an Act pass'd in the 1 A co 3. first Year of Queen Anne, Intitled, An At more effectually providing for the Support of Ministers.

THEREAS in and by the faid AEt a Power is provided and given to the Select-Men of any Town from which any District or Precinct is fet off, to affess the Inhabitants of the same, the Sums agreed on for the Support of the Minister, in Case the Assessor of such Precinct shall neglect or refuse to do the same, but no like Power with Reference to the Charge of building or repairing of the publick Meeting-Houses for the Worship of GOD, vested either in the Affeffors or the Selett-Men : Еe

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### School-Walters.

Affeffors impowred to raise and affess Money for building Meeting Houfes,

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Sovernour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That when and so often as the major Part of the Inhabitants of any Precinct or District have, or at a Meeting of the same legally warned, shall agree on the building, finishing or repairing of any publick Meeting-House; or the defraying any other necessary Charge for the Support of the Worship of GOD, and agree on any Sum or Sums of Money for that Purpole, the Affestors of such Precinct or District are hereby impowred to affest and raise the fame on their respective Inhabitants; and in Case such Assessor shall neglect or refuse so to do, then and in that Case the Select-Men of the Town from which fuch Precinct or District is derived, are hereby impowred and required to affes the Inhabitants of such Precinct or District the Sum or Sums of Money fo agreed on, to be collected and levied in like Manner as is directed in and by faid Act: And all regular or legal Precincts or Districts are hereby also impowred to chuse a Committee or other Officers for the better Management of the Affairs of their respective District or Precinct as aforesaid.

any Town from which feveral Diftricts are fet off, their Power.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That Inhabitants of in all fuch Towns where there are or shall hereafter be one or more Districts or Precincts regularly fet off; the remaining Part of such Town shall be, and are hereby deemed, declared and constituted an entire, perfect District, Parish or Precinct (and the first or principal of faid Town) and the Inhabitants thereof to have full Power to choose a Committee for the Regulation and Management of all Affairs relating to the Support of the publick Worship of GOD, and for the chuling all necessary and proper Officers in and for the faid Precinct, Parish or District, and further to have all such Powers and Privileges as by any of the Laws of this Province are given or annexed to any District or Precinct : Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

7 G. ca. 8.

#### CHAP. IX.

## AnA& in addition to the feveral A&s for Settlement & Support of School-Masters, &c.

4 W. & M. ca. 10. 13 W. ca,20.

WHERE AS notwithstanding the many good and wholesome Laws of this Province for the encouraging of Schools, and the Penalty first of ten Pounds, and afterwards increased to twenty Pounds, on such Towns as are obliged to have a Grammar School-Master, and neglect the same: Yet by sad Experience it is found that many Towns that not only are obliged by Law, but very able to support a Grammar School, yet chuse rather to incur and pay the Fine or Penalty than maintain a Grammar School:

Penalty.

Be it enacted by his Ercellency the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Penalty or Forfeiture for Non-observance of the faid Law henceforth shall be thirty Pounds on every Town that shall have the Number of one Hundred and fifty Families, and forty Pounds on every Town that shall have the Number of two Hundred Families, and so pro rate in Case the Town confift of two Hundred and fifty; or three Hundred Families: To be recovered, paid and employed in Manner, and to the Use as by the Law is directed: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

fences, Cattle, &c. Terries.

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CHAP. VIII.

## AnAct infurther addition to an Act, Intitled, An Act for regulating Fences, Cattle, &c. 5 W. & M.

If E it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, That in any and every Town of this Province where feveral Allotments of Upland and Meadow are inclosed and fenced in one general Field, or where there have been fo inclosed, fenced and improved, or where all the Proprietors of fuch Land shall hereafter see cause to inclose, sence Fences how and improve the fame in fuch Manner, the Proprietor or Proprietors of eachLot to be mainrespectively during the Time of his or their Feeding, Planting, Mowing, or otherwise tained. improving his Part in fuch general Field, shall make and maintain his or their respective Part of the whole Fence, according to the Quantity of Acres of Land contained in his or their Allotment, until the majorPart of the Propriety shall see Cause to alter the Form of their Improvement, at a Meeting of such Proprietors legally warned for that Purpose: And for the better enabling such Proprietors to call a Meeting for the Ends aforefaid, it shall be in the Power of any Justice of the Peace for the County where such Lands lie, upon Application to him made by any of the two Proprietors of fuch general Fields, to iffue Application, out a Warrant for fuch Meeting, according to the Form of an Act made and to call a paffed in the twelfth Year of Queen Anne, directing how Meetings of Proprietors of Lands lying in Common, may be called; the whole general Fence to be measured, and each Man's Part to be set out and apportioned by two or three discreet indifferent Persons appointed and sworn for this Purpose, by any Justice of the Peace for the faid County, excepting the major Part of the Pro- Each Propripriety agree and proportion the fame among themselves.

And when the Proportion of each Proprietor in fuch general Fence is ad-tioningeneral justed and determined, the same shall be entered upon Record by the Clerk Fence to be of the Propriety; and where there is no fuch Clerk, by the Clerk of the Clerk of the Town where the Land lies : Any Law, Ulage or Custom to the contrary not- Propriety or

withstanding.

ctors Propor-Town Clerk,

#### CHAP. IX.

## An Act for the further Regulation of Ferries.

HEREAS notwithshanding the Provision already made for the speedy Preamble Transportation of all Travellers and Passengers over the Ferry at Winnisemmit, yet thro' the Misconstruction of the said Law, Persons are unreasonably delayed and kept from passing said Ferry, until the Return of the Boat from the opposite Side, so that in effect the Benefit proposed in baving three Boats is lost :

Therefore for Remedy thereof, and that all Paffengers may be transported fpeedily:

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council, and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That two of the three Boats appointed for the Service of the faid Ferry, shall be always passing on the Water, from Side to Side, and as Two Boats one of the Boats puts off from either Side, the Boat on the contrary Side shall to be always be obliged to put off; unless the Weather be Stormy, or not fafe for the Past the Water. fengers; nor shall any Persons who want a Passage cross said Ferry when to the Number of five be delay'd, under the Penalty of twenty Shillings.

And be it further enacted, That at Charlestown, Winnismit, Salem and keep plank'd Newbury Ferries, there be hence-forth provided and keep on each Side of the Ericks on Water, by the Ferry-Men of the respective Ferries, a Pair of plank'd Trucks Water.

E. c. 2

Ferry-men to

#### Against carrying off Derbants, &c. 218 Indians.

Penalty.

of a fufficient Breadth, for the fafe and more convenient paffing of Coaches, Calashes, Horses and Cattle in and out of the Ferry-Boats, on the Penalty of ten Shillings for every three Months Neglect, to be recovered before any of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace in the County, by any Person who shall inform, and fue for the fame : Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary hereof notwithstanding.

CHAP. X.

An Act in addition to the Act for preventing Abuses to the Indians, made in the twelfth Year of King William.

12 W. ca. 10. WHERE AS notwithstanding the Care taken and provided by said Ast, a great
Wrong and Injury bappens to said Indians Natives of this Country, by
Reason of their being drawn in by small Gifts, or small Debts, cohen they are in Drink, and out of Capacity to Trade, to fign unreasonable Bills, or Bonds for Debts, which are soon sued, and great Charge brought upon them, when they have

no Way to pay the same, but by Servitude :

Be it therefore enacted by his Excellency the Sovernour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authoutp of the same, That from and after the Publication of this Act, no Bill, Bond or other Specialty in writing, given by any Indian, on any Contract what-No Bill, &c. foever, shall be deemed good, or be recoverable against any Indian Native of this Province, unless such Bill, Bond or Specialty be entred into before any two good, unless of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, in the County where such Indian lives, and both to be present together when the saidBill, Bond or Specialty is executed by the faid Indian, and approbated by the faid Justices, who are therefore to take Juffices, both Care of the Equity and Reasonableness of such Bill, Bond, Bargain or Contract. being prefent.

and be it further enacted, That henceforth no Indian shall contract, or put him or her Self or Child, Apprentice or Servant, for any Time or Term of Years, but by and with the Allowance and Approbation of two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace (in the County where such Indian lives:) And the Indenture to be allowed of and approved by the faid Justices at the same Time, and when together: Any Law, Ufage or Cuftom to the contrary notwithstanding.

No Contract for Service of any Indian to be good, unless, as above.

given by any Indian to be

entred into

before two

An Act,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of his Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, begun and held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-eighth of May, 1718. And continued by several Prorogations unto Wednesday the twenty-ninth Day of October following, and then met.

CHAP. I.

An Act for the preventing of Persons under Age, Apprentices or Servants, being transported out of the Province, without the Consent of their Masters, Parents or Guardians.

Preamble.

HERE AS it has been complained of, that Persons under Age, Apprentices and Servants within this Province, do often-times get on Board the outward Bound Vessels, and are there entertained by the Masters or Mariners, and attually trunsported to some Parts beyond the Seas, not only to the great Loss and Injury of their respective Masters, &c. but also to the Dammage of the Province:

### Gun-Powder.

Be it therefore enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court affembled, and by the Au-Mafters of this interferentiations, That every Mafter of any outward bound Ship or to Veffel that shall here-after carry or transport out of this Province any Person Servants or Servants or under Age, or bought or hired Servant, or Apprentice, to any Parts beyond the Sons under Seas, without the Confent of such Master, Parent or Guardian, fignified in Age. Writing, shall forseit the Sum of fifty Pounds; the one Half to and for the Use of the Province, the other Half to and for the Use of him that shall in-Penalty 150form or fue for the fame; and be further liable to an Action in the Law, at the Suit of the Parent, Mafter, or Owner, of fuch transported Person, for any Dammages fustained by him or them.

## An Act,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majefty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-seventh Day of May, 1719.

#### CHAP. II.

## An Act in further addition to an Act for erecting a Powder House in Boston.

THERE AS Gun-Powder in great Quantities is imported and exported at the Port of Boston, and the Ships or Vessels in which such Powder com- 5 A. ca. 3; monly is, lie at the Wharss near to the Ware-Houses, and Dwelling-Houses 2 G. ca. 1; of the Inhabitants of the Town of Boston aforesaid, being often grounded, whereby in Case of Fire, the Lives and Estates of His Majesty's good Subjects are in great Danger, as well as able-bodied and well disposed Persons discouraged and

affrighted from giving their Asstance, and using any Endeavours for the Extinguishment thereof :

Be it therefore enacted by his Excellency the Governour. Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Auand Representatives in General Court allements, and up the air thousty of the same, That from and after the Publication of this Act no Powder to be kept in Powder to be the first in Powder to be grounded at any Wharff within the Port of Boston. And if any Gun-Powder Wharff. shall be found on Board such Ship or Vessel lying a-ground, as aforesaid, such Powder shall be liable to Confiscation, and under the same Penalty as if it were found lying in any House or Ware-House.

No Gun-

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Pow-Gun-Powder der be carried thro' any Town upon Trucks, under the Penalty of ten Sbillings not to be per Barrel, for every Barrel of Powder fo conveyed, and fo proportionably for Trucks. fmaller Cafk.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That such Quantity of Gun-Powder as by Law is permitted and allowed to be kept in Shops for Retail, shall hereafter be kept in Brass or Tin Tunnels, and no other- To be kept wife, under the Penalty of forfeiting all fuch Gun-Powder; one Moiety thereof in Brass or to be to the Use of the Poor of the Town where such Powder shall be found, Tin Tunnels and the otherMoiety to them that shall inform and sue for the same : And that the Fire-wards of the Town of Boston, for the Time being, be and hereby are directed strictly to observe and put this Law in Execution: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

ACTS

### Lotteries.

## Acts and Laws,

Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-seventh of May, 1 7 1 9. And continued by several Prorogations unto Wednesday the fourth Day of November following, and then met.

#### CHAP. I.

## An Act for the suppressing of Lotteries.

Preamble,

HERE AS there have been lately fet up within this Province certain mischievous and unlawful Games, called Latteries, whereby the Children and Servants of several Gentlemen, Merchants and Traders, and other unwaryPeople, have been drawn into a vain and foolist Expence of Money; which tends to the itter Ruin and Impoverishment of many Families, and is to the Reproach of this Government, and against the common Good, Trade, Welfare and Peace of the Province:

For Remedy whereof:

Lotteries a publick Nufance. Be it enacted, adjudged and declared, and it is hereby enacted, adjudged and declared, by his Excellency the Sovernour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Suthority of the same, That all such Lotteries, and all other Lotteries are

common and publick Nulances.

And it is futther enacted by the Authority afogefaid, That from and after the Publication of this Act, in Perion or Perions whatfoever, shall publickly or privately exercife, keep open, show or expose to be play'd at, drawn at, or thrown at, or shall draw, play, or throw at, any such Lottery, or any other Lottery, either by Dice, Lotts, Cards, Balls, or any other Numbers or Figures, or any other Way whatsoever: And every Person or Persons that shall after the Publication of this Act, as aforesaid, exercise, expose, open or show to be played, thrown or drawn at any such Lottery, Play or Device, or other Lottery, shall forfiet for every such Offence the Sum of stow Hundred Pounds, to be recovered by Information, Bill, Plaint or Action at Law, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record within this Province, wherein no Essiogn, Protection, or Wager of Law shall be allowed: one Half thereof to be the King's Majesty, to be applied towards the Support of this Government, and the other Half to him or them that shall inform and sue for the same.

l. 200 Forfeiture for Serting up Lotteries.

And be it futtibet cuacted; That every Person or Persons that after the Publication of this Act, as aforesaid, shall play, throw, or draw at any such Lottery, Play or Device, or other Lotteries, shall forfeit for every fischOffence, the Sum of ten Pounds, to be recovered by Information, Bill, Plaint or Action at Law, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record within this Province, wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law shall be allowed; one half Part thereof to be to the King's Majesty, to be applied towards the Support of this Government, and the other Half to him or them that shall inform and sue for the same.

& 10 Forfeiture for drawing at Lotterics.

and be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That for the more effectual suppressing and preventing such unlawful Lotteries, the Justices of the Peace, Sheriffs, Under-Sheriffs, Sheriffs Deputies and Constables, within their respective Jurislictions, be impoured and required to use their utmost Endeavours to prevent the drawing of any such unlawful Lottery heretofore, or hereafter to be set up, by all lawful Means whatsoever.

Officers to prevent Lot-

## Lands liable to vay Debts.

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CHAP. II.

An Act in further addition to and Supplement of an Act Intitled, An Act for making \$ 80,62 cas Lands and Tenements liable to the Payment of Debts, made and passed in the eighth Year of King William.

# E it enacted by his Excellency the Sovernour, Council and

Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That when any Person or Persons shall recover Judgment in any of HisMajesty's Courts within this Province, for any Sum or Sums Real Effaces of Money, or any other Specie, or for Costs of Suit, and the Person or Persons of Debtors against whom Judgment shall be recovered, is either the willing or tindble to liable to Exactivity fuch Judgment by Maney or other Species and the Credital of Conditions. latisfy fuch Judgment by Money or other Specie, and the Creditor or Creditors finding no other personal Estate to his or their Acceptance to extend Execution upon for Satisfaction thereof, and doth therefore think fit to levy upon the real Estate of such Debtor or Debtors for the End aforesaid, rather than on the Person of the Debtor; that then and in every such Case, the Sheriff, Under-Sheriff or Deputy, shall cause three indifferent discreet Men, being Freeholders in the County, one to be chosen by the Creditor or Creditors, one by the Debtor or Debtors, if he or they see Cause, and the third by the Sheriff, or other Officer that shall serve the same, to be sworn before one or more of His Majesty's Justices in faid County, faithfully and impartially to apprize such real Estate, as shall be shewn to them, who shall apprize the same to satisfy the Execution, with all Fees, and fet out such Estate by Meets and Bounds, and the Sheriff of other Officer shall deliver Possession and Seizen thereof to the Creditor or Creditors, his or their Attorney; which being returned and recorded in the Clerk's Office of the Court out of which the fame iffued, shall make a good Title and to fuch Creditor or Creditors, his or their Heirs and Affigns in Fee: Saving Equity by Redemption as by Law is prescribed. And when it so happens that saving Bridge Equity by Redemption as by Law is prescribed. And when it is nappens that the real Estate extended upon cannot be divided and set out by. Meets and significant the real Estate extended upon cannot be divided and set out by. Meets and significant the real estate of the real estat Bounds, as before prescribed, that then Execution shall be extended upon the Rents of fuch real Estate and Seizen given thereof to the Creditor or Creditors, his or their Attorney, and cause the Person or Persons in the Possession and Improvement to attorn and become Tenant or Tenants to fuch Creditor or Cre- Execution to ditors, and to pay their Rents to him or them accordingly; and upon refusal be extended thereof to turn the Person or Persons out of the Possession thereof, and give Li- on Rents. very, Seizen and Possession of the same to the Creditor or Creditors to hold and enjoy all fuch real Estate to him or them, their Heirs or Assigns, till the Judgment, Interest and Fees be fully fatisfied and paid, referving thereout the Widows Thirds or Dower, if any there be.

Provided always, That it shall and may be lawful for any Debtor or Debtors, his or their Heirs, Executors or Administrators at any Time or Times before the Judgment with the Interest and Charges be fully satisfied, to tender and pay Proviso, to the Creditor or Creditors, his or their Heirs or Affigns, the full remainder of the Debt, Interest and Charges, who is obliged to accept thereof, and surrender up all fuch real Estate to the Debtor or Debtors, his Heirs, Executors or Administrators, and deliver up peaceable and quiet Possession thereof.

. LEft: and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That an Act made and passed in the second Year of his present Majesty, Intitled, An Ast in further Addition to an Act Intitled, An Act for making Lands and Tenements liable Act, 2 G. to the Payment of Debts, made and pass'd in the eighth Year of the Reign of Repealed.

Divison or

1 18

### Audacs of Probate.

King William: And all and fingular the Claufes, Paragraphs, Articles, Directions, Matters and Things in the faid Act contained, be, and hereby are repealed, made null and void.

Proviso 7

Provided always, That all real Estates taken in Execution and levied upon, and all other Acts and Things done purfuant to and by Virtue of the aforesaid Law, notwithstanding the Repealing hereof, shall be held good and effectual to all Intents and Purposes: And whoever is in the Possession of any real Estate by Means thereof, it shall be a good Estate in Fee to him or them, their Heits and Affigns: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

Provise

Provided also, That nothing in this Act contained, shall entend to the Lands owned by the Indian Natives of this Province.

### CHAP. III.

An Act for the Regulation of the Decrees and other Proceedings of the feveral Judges of Probate in the respective Counties of this Province, and of Appeals there-from.

Letters of Administrasion, &c. of Inteffate Effates to be raken out.

All E it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council, and Representatives in Seneral Court assembled, and by the autho-21th of the fame, That after the Decease of any Person Intestate, Letters of Administration be taken out within thirty Days or fooner, and an Inventory taken of all the Estate of the Deceased within three Months, or sooner, by three suitable Perfors appointed, and put upon Oath, for their due Performance of that Service by the Judge, or one Justice in the faid County, in Case the Estate be not in the Town where the Judge himfelf dwells, or within ten Miles thereof; a Certificate of fuch Appointment and Oath taken by the Justice, to be returned to the Probate Office, with the faid Inventory.

Administrapublick Notice of the

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That when the tors & Executor or Administrator of any Estate shall obtain Licence from the Superiour Court to make Sale of all or any Part of the Housing and Lands of the Deceased, for the Payment of Debts, before Sale be made of any such Housing Sale of Lands, and Lands, the Executor or Administrator, shall give thirty Days publick Notice, by posting up Notifications of such Sale in the Town where the deceased Person last dwelt, and in the two next adjoining Towns, as also in the Shire Town of the faid County; and whofoever will give most shall have the Preference in such Sale: And in Cafe it be an infolvent Estate, the whole Produce of such Sale to be divided in due Proportion to and among the Creditors.

> And whereas some Doubt bath arisen touching such Estate Real and Personal as is not plainly devised, given or bequeashed in any last Will and Testament :

Effare not bequeathed to be distributed as Inteffate Eftates.

Be it Recolved and Enacted, That from and after the End of this prefent Session of the General Assembly, all such Estate whether Real or Personal that is not plainly given away or disposed of in and by the last Will and Testament of any Person thereafter to be proved, the same accordingly shall be diffributed in the same Manner as if it were an intestate Estate, and Executor or Executors Thall administer on the fame as fuch. 210.

Division of real Effate of Intestates.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid. That when the real Estate of an Intestate will conveniently accommodate more of the Children than the eldeft Son, and being fo represented, and made to appear to the Judge of Probate, he shall have Power to settle it on so many of the Children (Preference being always had to the Sons) as it will conveniently accommodate (without Prejudice to or spoiling of the whole) in the Manner as it was to have been fettled upon the eldest Son before the making of this Act.

Ani

### Allegiance to be Swozn.

And whereas Provision is already made for an Appeal to the Governour and Council from the Orders, Decrees, Sentences or Denials of the several Judges for the Probate of Wills and granting Letters of Administration, within the respective Counties

Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Appeal bate of Wills, and granting Letters of Administration, allowing Accounts, and Appeals from Distribution of Estates within this Province, shall be admitted, unless it be Probate. claimed within fix Months after the making fuch Order, Sentence, Decree or Denial, and except Security be given by the Appellant within ten Days to profecute the Appeal with Effect, and except Reafons of Appeal be filed in the Register's Office of the Court of Probate within ten Days after Security given, and fourteen Days at least before the Hearing before the Governour and Council. And in Case the Party or Parties so appealing fail in the Prosecution of their said Appeal to Effect, in three Months Time from the claiming the fame, then the adverse Party to have the Benefit of the Sentence, Order or Decree so appealed from, by filing a Complaint to the Governour and Council, in like Manner as is provided by Law for not profecuting an Appeal from the Judgment of an Inferiour Court.

Provided always, That any Person beyond the Sea, or out of New-England, who has no fufficient Attorney within this Province, at the Time of fuch Order, Provide, Sentence, Decree or Denial, shall have fix Months after his or her Return, or Conftitution of fuch Attorney; unless such Person was of Age at his Departure out of this Province, to claim and profecute their Appeal, as aforefaid.

and he it further enacted, That before any Decree, Order or Division Guardians for be made concerning Intestate Estates, where any Infants or Persons under Age, Persons under or Non Compos are interested, Guardians shall be appointed for all such Persons Age and Non according to Law, who shall be fully impowred to appeal from any suchOrder, Compost. Decree, or Sentence, if they see Cause, to be prosecuted, in Manner as aforesaid.

and be it further enacted, That the Judges of the Probate of Wills, and for granting Letters of Administration of Intestate Estates in the respective Counties of the Province, shall have and hold certain fixed Days for the making Probates to and publishing their Orders and Decrees; and such Days to be determined and hold certain known by publick Notifications or Advertisements in the several Counties : fixed Days. Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

CHAP. IV.

An Act in addition to an Act Intitled, An Adrequiring the taking the Oaths appointed to be taken instead of the Oaths of Allegiance 4 W. & M. and Supremacy, made in the fourth Year of the Reign of the late King William and Queen Mary, of bleffed Memory.

HERE AS by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the first Year of His present Majesty's Reign, Intitled, An Act for the further Security Preamble, of His Majesty's Person and Government, and the Succession of the Crown in the Heirs of the late Prince's Sophia, being Protestants, and for extinguishing the Hopes of the pretended Prince of Wales, and his open and fecret Abettors, All Officers and Persons therein mentioned or described are injoined and obliged to take the Oaths appointed to be taken instead of the Oaths of Allegiance and Supre-

onacy, in these Words, viz.

Ff

of this Province, but no Time limitted for the bringing fuch Appeals, which has been found inconvenient : from any Sentence, Order, Degree or Denial of any of the Judges for the Pro-Limitation of

before

### Allegiance to be Sworn.

" A. B. do fincerely Promise and Swear, That I will be faithful and bear true " Allegiance to His Majesty King GEORGE. So belp me GOD. Allegante to This trajecty Mig G EO RE. So year me GOD,

"I A. B. do Swear, That I do from my Heart, abhor, detelt and abjure as
"impious and heretical, that damnableDoctrine and Position, That Princes " excommunicated or deprived by the Pope, or any Authority of the See of Rome, may be deposed or murthered by their Subjects, or any other whatsoever. "And I do Declare, That no foreign Prince, Perion, Prelate, State or Potentate hath or ought to have any Jurisdiction, Power, Superiority, Prehemi-" nence or Authority, Ecclefiastical or Spiritual within this Realm.

So help me GOD. And also to take and subscribe the following Oath, viz. " A. B. do truly and fincerely acknowlege, profess, testify and declare in my " Conscience before GOD and the World, That Our Sovereign LordKing " GEORGE is lawful and rightful King of this Realm, and all other his " Majesty's Dominions and Countries thereunto belonging. And I do so-" lemnly and fincerely Declare, That I do believe in my Confcience that the " Person pretended to be Prince of Wales, during the Life of the late King " James, and fince his Decease, pretending to be, and taking upon himself the " Stile and Title of King of England, by the Name of James the third, or of " Scotland, by the Name of James the eighth, or the Stile and Title of King of " Great Britain, hath not any Right or Title whatfoever to the Crown of this " Realm, or any other the Dominions thereto belonging. And I do renounce, " refuse and abjure any Allegiance or Obedience to him. And I do swear, "That I will bear Faith and true Allegiance to His Majesty King GEORGE, " and Him will defend to the utmost of my Power against all traiterous Conspiracies and Attempts whatsoever, which shall be made against his Per-" fon, Crown or Dignity. And I will do my utmost Endeavour to disclose and " make known to His Majesty and His Successors, all Treasons and traiterous " Conspiracies which I shall know to be against Him, or any of them. And I " do faithfully Promife to the utmost of my Power to support, maintain and " defend the Succession of the Crown against him the said James, and all other "Persons whatsoever; which Succession by an Act, Intitled, An Ast for the further Limitation of the Crown and better securing the Rights and Liberties " of the Subject, is and stands limitted to the Princess Sophia, Electoress " and Dutchess Dowager of Hanover, and the Heirs of her Body, being " Protestants. And all these Things I do plainly and siucerely acknowledge " and fwear according to these express Words by me spoken, and ac-" cording to the plain and common Sense and Understanding of the same "Words without any Equivocation, mental Evafion, or fecret Refervation " whatfoever. And I do make this Recognition, Acknowlegment, Abjuration, " Renunciation and Promise, heartily, willingly and truly upon the true Faith

Preamble.

" of a Christian, So help me GOD. Now to the Intent that all Persons whomsoever sustaining or holding any Office within His Majesty's Government of this Province, by Vertue of any Commission from His Excellency the Governour, or by Authority derived from bim, take and subscribe the aforesaid Oaths; and also to discourage and prevent all Persons disaffected to His Majesty's rightful and happy Government, and the Protestant Succession as by Law established from coming into, or residing within this Province:

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That as well the Members of His Majesty's Council, the Repre-Officers obli- fentatives in the General Affembly, as all and every Person and Persons that have, ged to take bear, or fustain any Office or Offices within this Province, by Virtue of any Commission from His Excellency the Governour, or by Authority derived from him, shall before they enter upon, and act in their respective Offices,

the Oaths to

### Allegiance to be Swozn.

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before His Excellency the Governour, Lieutenant Governour, two or more of the Council, or fuch others as shall be thereto appointed by the Governour, take and subscribe the several Oaths herein before-mentioned: And in Case such Officer or Officers neglect or refuse to take the said Oaths, or subscribe thereto, they shall be ipso facto adjudged uncapable and disabled in Law to have, occupy or enjoy the faid Office or Offices, Employment or Employments, or any Part of them, or any Profit or Advantage thereby; and every such Office, Place or Employment shall be adjudged utterly void.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all and Others oblievery other Person or Persons whatsoever now inhabiting or residing within ged thereto this Province, or which shall at any Time hereafter reside or dwell within the when requirfame, shall when thereunto required by two of His Majesty's Justices of the ed. Peace Quorum Unus, take and subscribe the Oaths aforefaid.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That it shall and may be lawful to and for any two Jullices of the Peace ( Quorum Unus ) Justices imin their respective Counties, to give and administer the Oaths aforesaid from administer the Time to Time to any Person or Persons, and upon due Tender of any such Oaths. Person or Persons to take the said Oaths, the said two Justices are hereby required and enjoyned to administer the same, and a List of the Names of all Perfons fo Sworn, to be returned into the Secretary's Office.

and he it further enacted, That it shall and may be lawful to and for

two or more Justices of the Peace ( Quorum Unus ) to Tender the Oaths herein before appointed to be taken to any Person or Persons whomsoever, whom they shall or may suspect to be Disaffected to His Majesty, or His Government. And if any Person or Persons to whom the said Oaths shall be so tendered, shall neglect or refuse to take the same, the said Justices shall commit the said Person or Persons so refusing to the common Goal, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, for the space of three Months; unless such Offender shall pay down to the faid Justices so tendering the faid Oaths, such Sum of Money, 40s. or Imnot exceeding forty Sbillings, as the faid Justices shall require such Offender to prisonment pay for his said Resusal; which Money shall be to His Majesty for the Support for the sirtle of the Government of this Province: And unless such Resuler become bound Resulas. with two fufficient Sureties for the good Behaviour, and also to appear at the next General Quarter Seffions of the Peace to be held for the fame County where he doth inhabit or refide. At which Court the faid Oaths shall be again tendered to him by the Justices of the said Court in open Sessions, and if he then refuses to take the said Oaths, the said Justices shall commit the said Perfon or Persons so refusing to the common Goal, there to remain for the space of fix Months; unless every such Offender shall pay down to the faid Justices fuch Sum of Money, not exceeding ten Pounds, nor under five Pounds, as the 10 L or Imfaid Justices shall require, to be paid for his second refusal; the said Money to e. for Rebe disposed in Manner, as aforesaid; and unless every such Offendershall like- fusal before wife become bound with two fufficient Sureties, with Condition to be of the the Seffions. good Behaviour, until he take the faid Oaths: And all fuch Persons so refusing are hereby rendered uncapable of giving any Vote for Representatives or Jurors, or in the Choice of any Town Officers.

And whereas the People call'd Quakers scruple the taking any Oath:

Be it enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That every fuch Person over and above the Declaration of Fidelity already enjoyned them by the Law of this Province, shall for the future, if thereunto required, make and subscribe the Effect of the Abjuration Oath, in the following Words.

cc J

#### Stocks.

Quakers Declaration inficad of the Abjuration Oath.

A. B. do truly and fincerely acknowledge, profess, testify and declare " in the Presence of Almighty GOD, the Witness of the Truth of what " I fay, that King GEORGE is lawful and tightful King of the Realm of "Great Britain, and of all other His Dominions and Countries there-unto be-"longing. And I do folemnly and fincerely declare, That Tho believe the " Person pretended to be the Prince of Wales, during the Life of the late King " James, and fince his Decease, pretending to be and taking upon himself the " Stile and Title of King of England, by the Name of James the third, or of " Scotland by the Name of James the eighth, or the Stile and Title of King " of Great Britain, hath not any Right or Title whatloever to the Crown of " the Realm of Great Britain nor any other the Dominions there-unto belong-" ing. And I do renounce and refuse any Allegiance and Obedience to him. " And I do folemnly promife, That I will be true and faithful and bear true "Allegiance to King GEORGE, and to him will be faithful against all "traiterous Conspiracies and Attempts whatsoever, which shall be made against his Person, Crown or Dignity. And I will do my best Endeavour " to disclose and make known to King GEORGE and his Successors all "Treasons and traiterous Conspiracies which I shall know to be made against "him or any of them." And I will be true and faithful to the Succession of " the Crown against him the said James, and all other Persons whatsoever, as " the same is and stands settled by an Act Intitled, An Act declaring the Rights " and Liberties of the Subject, and settling the Succession of the Crown to the late " Queen ANNE, and the Heirs of her Body being Protestants. And as the same "by one other Act Intitled, An Act for the further Limitation of the Crown and better fecturing the Rights and Liberties of the Subject, is and stands settled and " Intailed after the Decease of the said late Queen, and for Default of Issue of the " faid late Queen, to the late Princess Sophia, Electoress and Dutches Dowager of "Hanover, and the Heirs of her Body being Protestants. And all these Things " I do plainly and fincerely acknowlege, promife and declare according to these 66 express Words by me spoken, and according to the plain and common Sense " and Understanding of the same Words, without any Equivocation, mental " Evafion,or fecretRefervation whatfoever. And I do make this Recognition " Acknowlegement, Renunciation and Promife heartily, willingly and truly.

CHAP. V.

## An Act requiring the feveral Towns within this Province to be provided with Stocks.

Preamble.

WHERE AS the Breach of fundry penal Laws of this Province is punishable by mutting in the Stocks, asked the Company of this Province is punishable. able by putting in the Stocks, where the Offenders are unable to pay the respective Fines by Law set, and many of the Towns in the Province are not provided with Stocks, for Want of which oft-times Persons go unpunished:

For Prevention whereof:

All Towns to be provided with Stocks.

45 Penalty.

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from hence-forth every Town within this Province, be supplied with Stocks. And that if any Town shall neglect the Observation of this Act, every fuch defective Town shall forfeit and pay the Sum of five Pounds for every Conviction of fuch Neglect, upon Complaint made unto His Majesty's Justices at their General Sessions of the Peace; the one Half of said Fines or Forfeitures to be to his Majesty, to be applied to and for the Support of this Government, and the other Half to him or them that shall inform and profecute the fame:

CHAP.

CHAP. VI.

An Act for enlarging the Fees of Grand Jurors, and for fixing an Allowance to the Superiour Court of Judicature for hearing Petitions, and granting Power for the Sale of Land.

HERE AS the flated Allowance by Law for Grand-Jurers of two Preambic. Shillings per Diem, during their Attendance at Court is thought too little

considering the great Price of Provisions, and other Necessaries:

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of 3 s per Diem the same, That the Allowance of a Grand-Juror during his Attendance on for Grand the Court, and also for his necessary travel to and from the same for the future, Jurors, be three Shillings per Diem.

And whereas a great Part of the Business of the Superiour Court is often taken up in hearing and granting Petitions for the Sale of Land, and no Fee yet stated by

Law for the same :

Be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That the Judges Al-Fee or Allowance to the Judges of the faid Court on fuch Petitions be two Petitions. Shillings a-piece to each Judge, present at the Hearing of such Petition, and no more.

## An Act,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majesty's Province of the Maffachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the thirteenth Day of July, 1 7 2 0.

CHAP. VII.

## An Act to regulate the Price and Affize of Bread.

"HEREAS the Ast made and passed in the eighth Year of King William the Third, Intitled, An Act for the due Affize of Bread, is found not effectual for the good Ends and Purposes therein designed, and little or no Preamble. Observance has been made thereof; but covetous and evil disposed Perfons have for their own Gain, deceived and oppressed his Majesty's Subjects, more especially the poorer Sort:

For Remedy whereof:

Be it enacted by his Ercellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, That the said Act Intitled, An Act for the due Affize due Affize of Bread, shall be and is hereby repealed, annulled and made void: and Bread. that after the tenth Day of September next, the Select-Men of each Town within this Province, where Bread is baked for Sale, shall once everyMonth, and oftner if they fee Caufe, fet, afcertain and appoint within their feveral Towns, the Affize and Weight of all Sorts of Bread to be fold, or exposed to Sale by any Baker, or other Person whatsoever; having Respect to the Price the Grain, Meal or Flower whereof fuch Bread shall be made, shall bear in or about the Town or Place where fuch Affize shall be set, and making reasonable Allowance to the Bakers

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### Allize of Bread.

Affize of Bread to be afcertained.

for their Charges, Pains and Livelihood; and shall make known their said Regulation of the Affize of Bread in some open and publick Place or Places in their respective Towns.

And that the faid Affize may be the more eafily afcertained:

Be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said tenth Day of September, no Perion or Perions whatloever shall make for Sale, or fell, or expose to Sale any Sort or Sorts of Bread, but such as are herein aftermentioned: That is to fay, White, Wheaten and Houshold, and such other Sorts of Bread Sort or Sorts as shall be publickly licenced and allowed by the said Select-Men, in the feveral and respective Towns; all which several Sorts of Bread shall be made in their several and respective Degrees, according to the Goodness of the Grain whereof the same are or ought to be made; and the Assize and Weight of the faid White, Wheaten and Houshold Bread shall be set and ascertained, according to the Table hereafter-mentioned, Viz.

to be allowed

A Table of the Affize of Bread in Pounds, Ounces and Drams. In the first and last Columns is the Price of the Bushel of Wheat, from 41. to 151. The Allowance to the Baker for Baking to be made by the Select-men being included: So that for Example, If the Price of Wheat be 51. the Bushel, and the Select-men allow 11. 64. per Bushel, for Baking, the Price in the Table will be 61. 64. and even with or against those Numbers in the first and last Columns, will be found the Weight of the several Loaves Averdupois.

Note, That the White Loaves are one Half, and the Wheaten three Quarters of the Weight of Houshold

Weight of the Penny Loaf.						Weight of the two Penny Loaf.						Weight of the fix Penny Loaf.						Weight of the twelve Penny Loaf						Wheat, and B	The Price of the
Wh	ite					W	nite			Ho	uf-	W	heat	en	Ho	uiho	old	W	heat	ten	Ho	ufh	old	aking	Bufhe
Oun	Drams	Ounces	Drams	Ounces	Drams	Ounces	Drams	Ounces	Drams	Ounces	Drams	Pounds	Ounces	Drains	Pounds	Ounces	Drams	Pounds	Ounces	Drams	Pounds	Ounces	Drams	5.0	-
610	5	15	7	20	10	20		34 30	14	<b>4</b> 1	5	6	8	4 11	8 7	II II	7		9	96	15	6 7	3	4	6
6 8	7	12	9	16 15	7	16 15		25 23	4	33 30	11	5 4 4	3 11 5	13	6 5	5	2 11	9	7	11 1	12	10	4	5 6 6	6 0 6
6 6	3	9 9	15 4	13	4	13	6	19	14	26 24	8	3 3 3	7 4	9	4	15	7 2 8	-7 6 6	7 15 8	3 4 4	9 9.	14 4 11	14 5 1	7 7 8	6
6 5 6 4	7 2 14	8 7 7	12	9	14 5 12	10 10 9	14 5 12	16 15 14			13	3 2 2	1 14 11	1 5 14	4 3 3	13	7 13 9	5 5	5 12 7	11	8 7 7	2 11 5	9	8 9 9	6
6 4	. 7	6	- 10 5	8	7	8	13	13 13 12	14 4 10	18	10 14	2 2	9 7 5	11 12 15	3 3 3	7 4 2	15	5 4 4	15 11	7	6	9 5	15	10	0606
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6 3	.7	5 4 4	15	6 6	14	6 6	14	10 9 9	5 15 9	13	12	I	14 13 12	14 13	2 2 2	9 7 6	3	3 3	13 11	13	5 4 4	2 15 12	7	13	6 6
	Wh Ounces 110 98 7 7 66 5 5 5 5 4 4 4 4 4 4 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Unins 95 4 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	Unices Unices Vite Ounces Vite Ounce Vite Ounces Vite Ounces Vite Ounces Vite Ounces Vite Ounces Vite Ounce Vite O	White Wheaten. Dams  White Wheaten. Dams  Ounces 113 14  6 8 7 121 9  6 7 121 9  6 7 2 10 11  6 6 3 7 2 10  6 6 3 9 4  6 6 5 7 8 13  6 6 5 7 7 12  6 6 6 3 9 7 12  6 7 12 1 9  7 6 6 6 3 9 6 6  7 7 8 10  8 11  8 12  8 12  8 13  8 14  9 15  9	White Wheaten. Hoten. In Open Services of the Control of the Contr	White Wheaten Houften hold O Palms & Carl I of 17 623 3 6 10 5 15 7 20 10 6 8 7 12 10 16 14 6 6 1 7 2 10 11 14 4 6 6 1 6 3 3 4 12 10 16 14 7 6 7 3 10 14 6 6 15 7 8 3 10 14 6 6 5 7 8 3 10 14 6 6 15 7 8 3 10 14 6 15 13 14 17 19 15 7 8 3 10 14 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	White Wheaten Houften Dollar British White Wheaten Houften Dollar British White Wheaten Houften Dollar British White White British White White White British	White Wheaten Houften. White ten. Dollar and t	White Wheaten. Hour-white Wite Witen. O billing in the control of	White Wheaten Houf- White Wheaten.  O Day of the Color of	White Wheat ten hold White Wheat He ten hold	White Whea Houften White Whea Houften hold O D O D O D O D O D O D O D O D O D O	White Whea Houften White Whea Houf Who hold Do	White Whea Houften Wheat Houf Wheat ten hold White Wheat Houften Do	White Whea Houften hold Wheaten ten hold O Do	White Whea Houften hold Wheaten Hold Wheaten Hold White Whea Houften hold Wheaten Hold White Whea Houften hold Wheaten Hold White Wheaten White Wheaten Hold White Wheaten Hold White Wheaten Hold White Wheaten Hold White White Wheaten Hold White White Wheaten Hold White White Wheaten Hold White White Wheat	White Wheat Houften hold Wheaten Houfs ten hold Wheaten Ho	White Wheat Houften House House Wheaten House Ho	White Wheat Houften White Wheat Houft Wheaten Houfhold White Ren. hold Daniel Ren. hold Daniel Ren. hold White Ren. hold Daniel Ren. hold Ren. hold Daniel Ren.	White Whea Houften Hold Wheaten Houfhold Wheaten hold Whe	White Whea Houf ten hold Wheaten hold Wheate	White Whea Houf- ten. hold  White Whea Houf- ten hold  O Day C Day	White Wheat Houf- ten hold Wheaten Houfhold Wheaten Houfh	White   Whea   Houf- ten   Houfhold   Wheaten   Houfhold   Wheaten   Houfhold   Wheaten   Houfhold   Wheaten   Houfhold   Wheaten   Houfhold   Wheaten   Houfhold   Poly   Poly	White   Whea   Houf- ten   White   Whea   Houf- hold   Wheaten   Houfhold   Wheaten   Houfh

### Affise of Bread.

And to the Intent that the good Design of this Act may be effectually complied with;

75e it further enacted. That every common Baker, and any Person that shall bake or make for Sale, or expose to Sale any Sort of Loaf Bread or Bisket, that shall be fold by Tale, shall from and after the faid tenth Day of September marked. fairly mark, or imprint, or cause to be mark'd or imprinted such distinct Mark, as shall be appointed or allowed by the Select-Men, so that their Bread may be known and diftinguished.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Penalty for Baker or Bakers, or other Person or Persons baking or making Bread for Sale, Breach of or exposing Bread to Sale, shall not observe the Assize to be ascertained by Vir- this Act. tue of this Act, or shall bake or make for Sale, or fell or expose to Sale any Bread wanting the due Weight, or that shall not be marked according to the Direction of this Act, or shall break such Regulations and Orders, as shall from Time to Time be made by Virtue of this Act; he or they so doing, and being thereof convicted by Confession of the Party, or by the Oath of two or more credible Witnesses, before one or more of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County where the faidOffence is committed, or the Party offending apprehended, shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of twenty Shillings, to be levyed by Way of Diffress upon the Goods and Chattels of every such Offender, by Warrant from the faid Justice or Justices; the faid Forfeitures to be the one Half towards the Support of the Poor of the Town where fuch Offence shall be committed, and the other Half to the Informer. And if any Baker or Seller of Bread shall put into any Bread by him fold or exposed to Sale, any Mixture of any other Grain than what shall be appointed by the Assize settled in the Place where fuch Bread shall be so Sold or exposed to Sale; everyPerson so offending shall for every such Offence forfeit the Sum of twenty Shillings, to be recovered in the Manner and Form herein before mentioned, and to be for the Uses aforementioned.

Provided always, That no Person shall be convicted in Manner aforesaid for Provisor any of the afore-mentioned Offences, unless the Profecution in order to such

Conviction be commenced within five Days next after the Offence committed.

Provided also, and be it further enacted, That if any Person so convicted shall think him or her self aggrieved, he or they shall and may make Proviso for his or her Appeal to the next Quarter Sessions of the Peace for the County Appeal. where such Conviction shall be made; at which Sessions the same shall he heard and finally determined. And if the said Person so appealing shall not make good fuch his or her Appeal, or profecute it with Effect, the faid Court of Sessions shall award such Costs as they shall think reasonable to the Prosecutor or Informer, and commit the Offender to the commonGoal, until he or she shall make Payment of the faid Costs, and also of the Penalty adjudged on the Conviction: But in Case the Appellant shall make good his or her Appeal, and be discharged of his or her said Conviction, the like reasonable Costs shall be awarded for the Appellant sagainst such Informer or Prosecutor. And if any Justice of the Peace shall on anyInformation made to him of any Offences committed against this Act wilfully and wittingly omit the Performance of his Duty thereupon in the Execution of this Act, he shall forfeit the Sum of farty Shillings, to be recovered by Action, Bill, Plaint or Information in any of His Ma- Penalty for lings, to be recovered by Action, Dill, Flant of Information Pfloign, Juffice neg-jefty's Courts of Record in the County where he doth refide, wherein no Effoign, Juffice neg-led of Day. Protection or Wager of Law shall be allowed.

And that the good Design of this Act may be the more effectually accomplished:

Be it further enacted by the Authority aforefail. That it final and Officers to may be lawful to and for any of His Majerty's Juffices of the Peace, or any fixed one of them within their respective Counties, and any of the Select-Men, or any one of them in their respective Towns, or any two of the Clerks of the Market, at all Times hereafter in the Day Time, to enter into any House, Stall,

### Collectors.

Bake-House, Out-House or Ware-House, belonging to any Baker or Seller of Bread, there to fearch for, view, weigh or try all or any the Bread of fuch Person, or which shall there be found : And if any Bread shall there be found wanting, either in the goodness of the Stuff whereof the same shall be made, or in the due working or baking thereof, or shall be Deficient in the due Weight,or shall not be truly marked according to the Directions of this Act, or shall be of any other Sort than shall be allowed by Virtue of this A&t, that then and in every fuch Case, it shall and may be lawful to and for such Justice or Justices of the Peace, or Select-Men, or Select-Man, or any two Clerks of the Market, to feize and take the faid Bread fo found, and cause the same to be forthwith given and Bread to the distributed to the Poor of the Town where such Seizure shall be made: And if any Baker or Seller of Bread, or other Person or Persons shall not permit or suffer fuch Search or Seizure to be made by Vertue of this Act, or shall oppose, hinder or refift the fame, he or they fo doing, shall for every fuch Offence, forfeit the Sum of three Pounds, to be disposed of as the other Fines, and to be had and recovered in the fummary Manner and Form herein before first mentioned.

Forfeiture of Poor.

> Provided always, That a proper Allowance be made for the drying of Bisket, yet never to exceed two Ounces for drying at the lowest Price of Wheat, and fo proportionably.

### Acts and Laws.

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Beston, upon Wednesday the thirteenth Day of July, 1720. And continued by several Prorogations unto Wednesday the second Day of November following, and then met.

#### CHAP. I.

AnAct to enable the several Towns. Precincles. Districts and Parishes, legally set off, to choose Collectors, for the gathering any Town, County, Precinct, District or Parish Rates or Affessments.

THEREAS the Laws of this Province have made sufficient Provision for the gathering in, and collecting the publick Rates or Taxes by Collectors, if any are chosen, and accept thereof, and on their Refusal, by the Constables of each Town, Precinct or District, and the Form of an Oath to be administred to such Constables or Collectors established, but no Provision is made for the obliging any Person chosen Collector for any Town, County, Precinct, District or Parish Rates or Assessments, to serve in said Office; nor Form of the Oath such Persons ought to be under, for the due Observance of their Office:

Wherefore:

Crilectors of Rates to be chofen

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall be in the Power of every Town, Precinct, District or Parish within this Province legally set off, some Time in the Month of March annually, at the fame Time they choose other Town, Precinct, District or Parish Officers, to choose one or more Persons, to serve as Collector or Collectors of all fuch Rates or Affestments, as shall be granted or agreed by such Town,

or by the General Seffions of the Peace, in which County the same lieth, or by To be under any Precinct, District or Parish regularly set off as aforesaid, who shall be under Outh. the Oath herein after provided, which Oath shall be administred by a Justice of the Peace, if any such live within the same Town, or by the Select-Men of fuch Town, as the Law already provides. And any Person that shall be chosen into the Office of a Collector as aforefaid, and that shall refuse to accept thereof, or deny and neglect to take the Oath herein expressed, shall forfeit and pay unto Penalty pa the Town Precinct, District or Parish Treasurer, the Sum of three Pounds, to refusal. the Use of the Poor of such Town, Precinct, District or Parish; And if such Person neglect or refuse to pay his Fine, he shall be proceeded against, as the Law directs for the profecuting of Perions refufing to ferve in the Office of a Conftable; provided no Perion in Commission for anyOffice Civil or Military, Perions care Church-Officers, or Members of the House of Representatives for the Time be- empt. ing, nor other Person, that has served as Constable or Collector within the space of feven Years before, shall be obliged to serve in the Office of Collector.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Collegorate Perion chosen Collector as aforesaid, and accepting thereof, shall settle and fished make up the his Accompts, of all Rates and Assessments to him committed, with the Select-compts of Men of fuch Town, or Person mentioned in the Warrant, to whom the Rate Assessments is payable, within twenty Days after the Time is expired in the said Warrant, to be annexed to the Rate or Affersment to him committed for Payment thereof, under the Pain and Penalty of any Collector fo neglecting or refusing, the Sum of twenty Shillings, for every Month he shall neglect so to do, to be recovered as Penalty for in and by this Act is provided for refusal to accept of such Office, and to be neglect.

applied for the Use and Intent aforesaid: Any Law, Usage, or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Form of the Oath to be administred to any Person chosen Collector shall be as follows :

W Hereas you A. B. are chosen Collector within the Town of C. or Precinct, District or Parish within the Town of C. for one Year now fol. cinct, District or Parish within the Town of C. for one Year now fol- Cath. lowing, and until other be chosen and sworn in your Place; you do swear, That you will faithfully, and with what speed you can, collect and levy all such Rates or Affesments and Sums of Money, committed to you to collect, and for which you shall have sufficient Warrant, rendring Account thereof, and paying in the fame according to the Direction in your Warrant. So belp you GOD.

#### CHAP. II.

## An Act for Explanation of, and Supplement to an Act referring to the Poor, &c.

HERE AS the Law for binding out poor Children Apprentices, is mifconstrued by some, to extend only to such Children whose Parents receive Preamble. Alms:

For Explanation whereof:

Be it declared and enaded by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembles, and Children of by the Authority of the same, That the Select-Men or Overseers poor feolight the Poor, in any Town or District within this Province, or the greater work, or Part of them, shall take Order, and are hereby impowred from Time to Time, bound our. by and with the Affent of two Juffices of the Peace, to fet to Work, or bind out Apprentice as they shall think convenient, all such Children whose Parents shall by the Select-Men, or the Overseers of the Poor, or the greater Part of them, be thought unable to maintain them (whether they receive Alms, or are chargeable

#### Wiolbes. Poor.

chargeable to the Place or not) fo as that they be not ceffed to publick Taxes or Affessments, for the Province of Town Charges; Male Children till they come to the Age of twenty-one Years, and Females till they come to the Age of eighteenth Years, or Time of Marriage: which shall be as good and effectual in Law to all Intents and Purpofes, as if any fuch Child were of full Age, and by Indenture or Covenant had bound him or her felf, or that their Parents were confenting thereto, Provision therein to be made for the instructing of Children so bound out, to wit, Males to read and write; Females to read, as they respectively may be capable : And the Select-Men or Overseers of the Poor, shall inquire into the Usage of Children, bound out by themselves or their Predecessors, and endeavour to defend them from any Wrongs or Injuries.

And for the better preventing of Idleness and loose and disorderly living:

Be it further declared and enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Select-Men or Overseers of the Poor, or the greater Part of them, be, and are further impowred by and with the Affent of two Justices of the Peace, to fet to work all fuch Perfons, married or unmarried, able of Body, having no Means to maintain them, that live idly, and use or exercise no ordinary and daily lawful Trade or Business to get their living by. And no single Person of either Sex, under the Age of twenty one Years, shall be suffered to live at their own Hand, but under some orderly Family-Government; nor shall any Woman of ill Fame married or unmarried, be fuffered to receive or entertain Lodgers in her House. And the Select-Men or Overseers of the Poor, Constables and Tything Men are hereby ordered to fee the due observance of this Act; and to complain and inform against any Transgressions thereof, to one or more Justices of the Peace, or the Court of General Sessions of the Peace, who are hereby respectively required and impowered, upon dueConviction of theOffender or Offenders, for living idly or diforderly, contrary to the true Intent of this Act, to commit or fend fuch Offenders to the House of Correction or Work-House, there to remain and be kept to Labour, until they be discharged by the Ho fe of order of fuch Justice or Justices, or the Court of General Sessions of the Peace; untels fuch Person or Persons so complained of, shall give reasonable Caution or

Affurance to the Satisfaction of the Justice or Court that they will reform. Provided, This Act shall not be construed to extend to hinder any single Woman of good Repute, from the exercise of any lawful Trade or Employment for a Livelihood: Any Law, Ufage or Cuftom to the contrary notwithstanding.

And any two Justices committing any Person or Persons as aforesaid, are hereby impowred, as they shall find Cause, to discharge them again.

CHAP. III.

## An Act for altering the Form of the Certificate of Payment for Wolves, made out of any Town Stock.

HEREAS by a Law made in the seventh Year of the Reign of King William the third, Provision is made for the reimbursing such Sums of 7 W. ca. 5. Money as were paid out of any Town Stock for Wolves killed in and near such Town by discounting the same with the Constable of such Town, out of the publick Assessment committed to him to collect: But inafmuch as it is found by Experience, that the Sums paid out of the Stocks of some Towns, do exceed the Sums set upon such Towns, as their Proportion of the publick Tax, and no Method prescribed by Law for drawing the Surplusage out of the Treasury:

Idle Perfons to be fet to Work.

11 W. ca. 5.

Idle Perfons to be fent to Correction.

Proviso.

### Bills of Credit.

adjoides.

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Be it therefore enasted by his Excellency the Sovernour, Council and Representatives in Scheral Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Province Treasurer be and hereby is directed some for kills and ordered for the future, to pay unto the Treasurer of each Town respectively, ling Wolves. fuch Sum or Sums as shall by such Town be advanced (agreably to Law) for Wolves killed in or near fuch Towns; and that all Certificates of fuch Payments to be returned to the Treasurer, shall be in the Form following: That is to fay,

His may Certify, That there bath been paid unto fundry Perfons out of the Town Stock of for grown Wolves, and Wolves Whelps, Porm of Cerkilled in and near unto our Town, and within this Province, fince the uncare. last past, and the Heads thereof brought unto our Constable or Constables, and the Ears cut off in the Presence of some of our selves, as the Law directs, and so certified unto us, in the whole the Sum of Pounds, which Sum we defire you to allow to our Town, by paying the same unto our Town Treasurer. Dated in aforefaid, the Anno Domini, 1 7

#### CHAP. IV.

## An A& against counterfeiting the Bills of Credit on this Province, and the Neighbouring Governments.

W HERE AS notwithflanding the Laws already made for the Punishment of Persons convict of forging and counterfeiting the publick Bills of Credit, on the several Provinces, many Persons of late have been so bardy and wicked for Preamble. base Lucre and Gain to themselves, to forge and utter several counterfeit Bills in Imitation of the true Bills of Credit :

For Prevention and Remedy whereof:

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of Counterfeits the same, That whosoever after the Publication of this Act shall presume to ing of Proforge, counterfeit or utter any Bill or Bills, (knowing the fame when uttered to be falle and counterfeit) of the Tenor or in Imitation of any of the Bills of Crewith Description (Counterfeit) of the Tenor or in Imitation of any of the Bills of Crewith Description (Counterfeit) of the Tenor or in Imitation of any of the Bills of Crewith Description (Counterfeit) of the Tenor or in Imitation of any of the Bills of Crewith Description (Counterfeit) of the Tenor or in Imitation of any of the Bills of Crewith Description (Counterfeit) of the Tenor or in Imitation of the Bills of Crewith Description (Counterfeit) of the Tenor or in Imitation of the Bills of Crewith Description (Counterfeit) of the Tenor or in Imitation of the Bills of Crewith Description (Counterfeit) of the Tenor or in Imitation of the Bills of Crewith Description (Counterfeit) of the Tenor or in Imitation of the Bills of Crewith Description (Counterfeit) of the Tenor or in Imitation of the Bills of Crewith Description (Counterfeit) of the Tenor or in Imitation of the Bills of Crewith Description (Counterfeit) of the Tenor or in Imitation of the Bills of Crewith Description (Counterfeit) of the Tenor or in Imitation of the Bills of Crewith Description (Counterfeit) of the Tenor or in Imitation of the Bills of Crewith Description (Counterfeit) of the Tenor or in Imitation of the Bills of Crewith Description (Counterfeit) of the Tenor or in Imitation (Counterf dit on this Province, by Law established, or on the Province of New-Hampshire, the Colony of Connecticut, or the Colony of Rhode-Island and Providence Plan- 10, A. ca. F. tation, by Law established within the said Governments, or any of them; or that shall counsel, advise, procure, or any Ways affist in the forging, counterfeiting, imprinting, flamping or figning of any fuch false Bills, or engrave any Plate, or make any other Instrument to be used for the making any such false and counterfeit Bills, every Person and Persons so offending, being thereof convicted, shall be adjudged to suffer the Pains of Death : Any Law, Use or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Parties to be

the Jury.

### Reviews. Registers.

CHAP. V.

An Act in Explanation of. and in addition to an Act made in the thirteenth Year of King William, Intitled, An A& for Review in Civil Causes.

13 W. c2.15. WHERE AS in and by the faid Ast, it is provided, "That it shall be "in the Liberty of the Party aggrieved at the Judgment given in any " Inferiour Court of Common Pleas, or in the Superiour Court of Judicature " respectively, by new Process to review the faid Cause once in each Court :

And whereas, it bath sometimes happened, that contrary to the Meaning of the faid Act, the Party in whose Favour the Judgment of the Superiour Court bath been given, bath very soon after such Judgment, taken out hisWrit of Review, pretending bimself aggrisved by such Judgment, and entred his Astion thereupon, when it bath been with Intent to prevent the other Person who was really aggrieved, bringing his Writ of Review; and upon the Trial of such Review, a Doubt has arisen as well from the Nature of the Review, as from the Ferm of the Writ, whether the Defendant could have any Relief, or indeed any other Verdict or Judgment than Costs awarded him; and thereupon as well the Defign of the saidLaw defeated, as manifest Injustice sometimes may be done:

For Remedy whereof:

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court astembled, and by the Authority of Writs of Rethe fame, That when and so often as it shall happen that both Parties bring view of both forward and enter their Writs of Review in the Superiour Court, that then and in fuch Case, both Writs or Actions of Review shall be committed together by committed to the Court to the same Jury, in order to reverse, confirm or alter the Judgment of the Superiour Court on the Appeal according to Law and Juffice, and as the Matter shall appear upon the Tryal; Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

CHAP. VI.

An Act in addition to an Act Intitled, An Act for the more safe keeping the Registry of Deeds and Conveyances of Lands, made in the first Year of his present Majesty's Reign.

I G ca 4. 12 G. ca. 3,

HERE AS in and by an Ast made in the first Year of his present Majesty's Reign, intitled, An Act for the more fafe keeping the Registry of Deeds and Conveyances of Lands, It was ( among other Things, ) Enacted, " That there should be chosen in each County within this Province, some sui-" table Perfon to be Register, in each County within the same, who should be " chosen by the Votes of the Freeholders of each respective Town, at their "Meeting in March then next following; and that each Person so chosen, flould continue in the said Office sive Years, as by the said Ast more fully appears: But no Provision is made in the said AEt for the Choice of Registers after the faid five Years, which are nownear expired:

Be it therefore enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court astembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Freeholders in each respective Town within

this Province, at their Meeting in March next, and every five Years from Choice of Rethis Province, at their Meeting in Marko next, and every live Years from Fifters of thenceforth fucceffively following for ever, at their feveral Town Meetings in Deeds to be March, shall be and hereby are impowred and required to proceed to choose a in Mark for Register for each County respectively within the said Province, qualified as in ever. the faid Act is expressed; and that the Person so chosen, as aforesaid, shall refide and keep his Office daily open in the respective Shire Town of each County, and therein keep the Books, Records, Files and Papers to the faid Office belonging; and that all the other Clauses, Articles and Papagraphs in the faid relate & keep Act, are hereby made and declared to be perpetual, and shall abide and remain effectual and in full Force and Virtue to all Israels. Constructions and Business of Business and Business main effectual and in full Force and Virtue to all Intents, Constructions and Pur-the Shire poses in the Law, from henceforth and forever hereafter : Any Law, Usage or Town. Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

#### CHAP. VII.

An Act repealing and making void the Form of the Writ of Replevin directed to in an 13 W. Co. 13. Act Intitled, An Act prescribing the Form of Writs for Possession, Scire Facias, and Replevin; made in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of King William the third; and establishing an other Form instead thereof.

FOR AS MUCH as some further Provision in the Law is necessary relating to Actions of Replevin, and for rendring the Proceedings therein more compendious and certain

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Res Former Write presentatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of Replevio of the fame, That the faid Form of the Writ of Replevin, prescribed in and made void. by the above aid Act, made in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of the faid King WILLIAM, and every Article and Claufe therein contained, shall be and hereby is repealed, determined and made void and of none effect forever.

And be it further declared and enacted by the Authority aforefain, That from henceforth the Writ of Replevin to be iffued out of the Inferiour Court, shall be from Time to Time granted and iffued out in the Form following; ( That is to fay: )

- J. O the Sheriff or Marshal of the faid County of S. his Under-Sheriff or Deputy, or Constables of the Town of B. within New Form of the faid County, or to any or either of them, Greeting. In his Majefty's Name Writ of Reyou are required to Replevie belonging to T. P. of B. addition pleven. now distrained or impounded by J. G. of B. the said unto the said T. P. addition and deliver and Summons the faid 7. G. To appear before Our Justices of Our Inferiour Court of Common Pleas next to be holden at B. within and for our County of S. aforesaid on the then and there in our faid Court to answer to the faid T. P. in a Plea of Replevin, for that the faid 7. G. he on the Day of at a Place called A. in B. of the Plantiffs, and drove them away and impounded aforefaid took and in the faid Pound them unjustly detained, against Pledges and Sureties till this Day. Which is to the Dammage of the faid T.P. ( as he faith ) the Sum of Pounds, as shall then and there appear with other due Dammages. Provided, he the faid T.P. give Bond to the Value of

#### AMCMors.

Pounds, with fufficient Surety or Sureties to profecute his Replevin at the faid next Inferiour Court of Common Pleas; and to from Court to Court until the Cause be ended. And to pay such Costs and Dammages as the faid J. G. shall recover against him. Hereof fail not, and make true Return of this Writ with your Doings therein, unto the faid Court. Dated in B. the Day of Year of His Majesty's Reign. Annoque Domini A. D. Clerk.

And the like Form of Replevin to be observed for Matters cognizable before a Justice of Peace, Mutatis Mutandis; but neither of them to be construed to extend to any Distress or Distresses made by the proper Officer, for any Tax, Fine or Forfeiture.

Copy of Writ of Replevin Defendant to anfwer.

And be it further enacted by the Authority alorelaid, That in Case the Defendant in any Action of Replevin, cannot be found, an attefted Copy to oblige the of the faid Writ of Replevin, being left at the House or Place of usual Abode of the Defendant, shall be sufficient to oblige him to Answer to the Suit.

### Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majesty's Province of the Maffachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the thirteenth Day of July, 1720. And continued by several Prorogations unto Wednesday the Fisteenth Day of March following, and then met.

CHAP. VIII.

AnAct in addition to an Act made in the twelfth Year of King William, Intitled, An Act directing how Taxes to be granted by the General Assembly shall be assessed and collected, and for the ratifying and confirming the Proceedings of the Affeffors of Precincts, Diffricts and Parithes, and the collecting of fuch Rates and Taxes as may have been made by fuch Assessor, altho' not upon Oath, and to impower Committees of Precincts &c. to call Meetings.

Preamble.

THERE AS it is not expressly declared in and by the said Ast of the twelfth of King WIL, LIAM that the Affessors of Precinets, Districts and Parishes shall be upon Oath, and some of the Assessors legally chosen by and for some of the Districts, Parishes and Precincts within this Province, have not been under Oath, and thereupon some Difficulty has arisen as to the collecting and paying such Parish and Precinct Taxes or Rates:

Affeffors of Parifhes, &c. to be under Oath,

Be it therefore declared and enaded by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled. and by the authority of the fame, That from and after the Publication of this Act, all Afferfors as well those of and for Parishes, Precincts and Diftricts shall be under the Obligation of an Oath to make their Assessment just and equal, according to the Rules in the Law provided.

And that the Committee chosen in Precincts, Districts and Parishes to manage their Prudentials, shall have the like Power and Authority, to call and appoint Meetings of their respective Precincts, Districts and Parishes, as the Select-

Men of Towns have to call and appoint Town Meetings,

Afto be it further enacted, That all Affesments hitherto made by any Affessors legally chosen for any Precinct, Parish or District within this Province, although

Parifh Committees to have Power to call Meer.

#### Taverns. New-Hamphire Duties

although not upon Oath, shall be and are legally held, deemed and made good and valid to all Intents and Purpotes, as if the same had been made uponOath; made not under Oath, to and all Constables, Collectors, and Persons concerned, are to conform them be held good. felves accordingly.

Afferment

Provided always, That fuch Affeisments that have been made, and the Affeifors Provide, not under Oath, and the whole or any Part thereof not collected; that in all fuch Cases Oath shall be made by those Assessors living that made the Assessments, if thereto required, that they acted impartially and according to their best Skill and Judgment: Any Law, Ufage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

CHAP. IX.

### An Act to prevent mispending Money in Taverns.

WHE'RE AS manyPerfons are so extravagant in their Expences at Taverns, and other Houses of common Fortest in their Expences at Taverns, and other Houses of common Entertainment, that it greatly burts their Preamble, Families, and makes them the less able to pay and discharge their honest, just Debts; and are encouraged in this Practice by the Toverners, Retailers and Keepers of Houses of Entertainment giving them too great Credit :

For Remedy whereof:

Be it enaced by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, That if any Innholder, Retailer, Ale-House-Taverner & Keeper, or common Victualler, shall after the Publication of this Act, trust or to forfeit and the common victualler, shall after the Publication of this Act, trust or to forfeit and the common victualler, shall after the Publication of this Act, trust or to forfeit and the common victualler, shall after the Publication of this Act, trust or to forfeit and the common victualler, shall after the Publication of this Act, trust or to forfeit and the common victualler, shall after the Publication of this Act, trust or to forfeit and the common victualler, shall after the Publication of this Act, trust or to forfeit and the common victualler, shall after the Publication of this Act, trust or to forfeit and the common victualler, shall after the Publication of this Act, trust or to forfeit and the common victualler, shall after the Publication of this Act, trust or to forfeit and the common victualler, shall after the Publication of this Act, trust or to forfeit and the common victualler, shall after the Publication of this Act, trust or the common victualler, shall after the Publication of this Act, trust or the common victualler, shall after the Publication of this Act, trust or the common victualler, shall after the victualler and the common give Credit to any Person inhabiting in the same Town where they are trusted, Debts for Drink and for Victuals or Drink, for more than ten Shillings, fuch Inn-holder, Retailer, Ale-Victuals ex-House-keeper, or common Victualler shall forfeit all such Sums so trusted; and ceeding to s. all Actions to be brought for fuch Debt or Debts, to be utterly excluded and barred: Any Law, Utage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

An Act,

Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of His Majesty's Province of the Maffachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-third Day of August, 1721.

CHAP. I.

An Act for laying fundry Duties on fuch Goods as shall be imported into this Province, from the Province of New-Hampfbire, and on such as shall be exported from this Province, thither.

THEREAS the Government of New-Hampshire do exact and take two Shillings a Thousand for everyThousand of Boards brought down the River Preamble. commonly called Piscataqua-River, and transported into this Province; though the Trees out of which the Boards are made, grow upon Lands within this Province, and are cut at Mills in the County of York; altho' the Inhabitants of this Government have equal Right with the Inhabitants of the Province of New-Hampshire, to pass up and down the eforesaid River by Grant and Purchase; which Exaction therefore is altogether unjust and oppressive :

930

### Mewspamphire Duties.

Duries on Goods imported.

Be it therefore enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authought of the fame, That from and after the twentieth Day of October next, there shall be paid to the Impost Officer, for the Use of this Government, for every Hogshead of Rhum that shall be imported from the Province of New-Hampshire into any Parts of this Government, the Sum of five Pounds, and fo proportionably for greater or leffer Quantities; for every Pipe of Wire, the Sum of five Pounds, and fo in proportion for greater and leffer Quantities; for all other Sorts of Goods, Wares or Merchandize whatfoever, ten per Cent. ad Valorem.

Penalty on the Mafter in Cafe he unreporting.

And if any Master or Commander of any Ship or Vessel shall unload any Rum, Liquors, Goods, Wares or Merchandize whatfoever, imported from the Province of New-Hampshire into any Ports or Harbours within this Province, before he hath made Report to the Impost-Officer of all such Rum, Wine, load without Goods, Wares or Merchandize whatfoever, and the Value thereof upon Oath, and paid the Duties by this Act injoined, he shall forfeit and pay the Sum of One Hundred Pounds, to be recovered by Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Récord, the one Half of the said Forfeiture to be applied for and towards the Support of this His Majesty's Government, the other Half to be to and for the Use of him or them that shall inform and sue for the fame.

Goods to be confiscated.

And all fuch Wines, Liquors, Goods, Wares and Merchandize as shall be landed before the Duties paid, shall be liable to be seized and confiscated, upon Proof made in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record, to be disposed of, as by this Act is already provided.

Du ics on ted: a g a diffe.

Be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That there shall Goods expor- be paid for every Barrel of Beef and Pork that shall be exported from this Province into the Province of New Hampshire, the Sum of ten Sbillings, and so in Proportion for greater and leffer Quantities: For every hundred Weight of Bread the Sum of five Shillings; for every Bushel of Wheat one Shilling; for every Bushel of Indian Corn or Meal fix Pence; and for all other Sorts of Goods, Wares and Merchandize, ten per Cent. ad Valorem.

Penalty on the Maffer taking Goods on board be fore report made.

And that any Mafter of any Ship or Vessel that shall take on Board any Rum, Liquor, or other Goods, Wares and Merchandize, in order to be transported to the Province of New-Hampshire; before he hath reported to the Impost-Officers the Quantity and Value of all luch Wines, Liquors, Goods, Wares and Merchandize, and paid the Duties therefor, shall-forfeit and pay the Sum of One Hundred Pounds, to be recovered and disposed of as by this Act is already provided.

Goods to be forfeited.

And all fuch Rum, Liquors, Goods, Wares and Merchandize, that shall be put on Board any Ship or Vessel, in order to be transported into the Province of New Hempshire, that have not paid the aforesaid Duties, shall be forfeited and disposed as aforesaid, upon Proof made in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record.

Oath to be given to the Importer or Owner.

Be it further enacted, That the Oath to be given by the Importer or Owner of all Rum, Liquors, Goods, Wares or Merchandize as is herein made mention of, shall be in the Words following:

Oath.

OU A.B. do swear, That the Entry of the Goods and Merchandize by "you made, contains the true Value and according to " with exhibited, and that according to your best Skill and Judgment, is not less " than the real Cost thereof. Sa belp you GOD.

Any Law, Usage, or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding,

### An Act.

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majefty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-ninth Day of May, 1 7 2 3.

An Act for limiting and regulating the Proceedings of the Judges of Probate, and for granting Letters of Administration in the respectiveCounties of the Province, in their granting Administration on such Estates as have not been fully administred on already, commonly called. Administrations de bomis non.

WHEREAS of late Years it bath frequently bappened, that the Judges of Probate in some of the Counties of the Province, have granted Letters of Preamble. Administration de bonis non, on the Estates of Persons deceased, even many Years after the Will of such Person has been sully executed, or Administrations on Intestate Estates, made up and sinished, under a Pretence that such deceased Person dyed sei-zed of some Right of Commons in Lands, or other real Estate, whereby such Administrators have given great Disturbance to the respective Towns or Proprietors that own such Lands, when at the same Time, it is not so much as pretended that there is any personal Estate of the Deceased left unadministred upon, or any Debts remaining unpaid:

For Prevention whereof:

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Res frations de prefentatives in Seneral Court assembled, and by the Authority of being non to the same. That for the future no Administration de bour the Stall being the first for the future no Administration de bour the Scall being the first for the firs the fame. That for the future no Administration de bonis non shall be granted but where on the Estate of any Person deceased, unless Oath be first made, that there there are bong are bona Notabilia, or a personal Estate of five Pounds Value unadministred on, Notabilia, or Debts unsaor there appear to be Debts of the like or greater Value not fatisfied.

No Adminia tisfied.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in all Rights of such Cases where it is alledged, or may be supposed, that the deceased died Commonages feized of some Rights of Lands or Commonages, the same being a realEstate, to go to the Administration shall not be granted thereon, but as the same descends and belongs to the Heirs of the deceased; so such Heirs and they only, shall de-Actions of mand, profecute or fue for the same: And all Actions for such Lands or real any others Estate, brought or to be brought by Administrators de bonis non, shall be dismissed for the same and for ever barred in the Law : Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary bar'd. notwithstanding,

#### Stolen Goods. Diftilling Rum.

### Acts and Laws.

Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of His Majesty's Province of the Maffachufetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Bofton, upon Wednesday the twenty-ninth Day of May 1.7 2 3.1 And continued by Prorogation unto Wednesday the seventh Day of August following, and then met.

CHAP.I. An Act in amendment of and addition to an 10 W. ca. 6. Act Intitled, An Act against receiving Stolen Goods, made and passed in the tenth Year of the Reign of King William.

Preamble.

Perfons that

Goods to be

punish'd as

in Cafe of

Theft.

HEREAS the Penalty provided in and by the Ast against the receiving Stolen Goods, bath not only proved ineffectual to deter Persons from committing the Said Offence, but the Party injured is often defeated of his just Satisfaction by the Offenders avoiding to make Satis-

faction by suffering corporal Punishment :

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That for the sature all Persons offending against receive flolen the faid Law, and being thereof convict by due Course of Law, that shall not make Restitution, as awarded; shall be ordered by the Justices, or Court that may have Cognizance thereof, to make Satisfaction by Service, and be difpofed of for that Purpose, in like Manner as is provided in Case of Thest, and be further punished by whipping, not exceeding twenty Stripes, at the Difcretion of the faid Court.

CHAP. II.

### AnAct for preventing Abuses in distilling of Rum, and other Itrong Liquors, with Leaden Heads or Pipes.

I HERE. AS the strong Liquors and Spirits that are distilled thro' leaden Heads or Pipes, are judged on good Grounds to be unwholesome and hurtful; notwithstanding which some Persons to save Charge, may be led into the making or using of Such Heads, Worms or Pipes :

For Remedy and Prevention whereof:

No loaden Heads or ling, upon Penalty.

No Braziers, &c. to make Worms or Pewter or Lead.

Heads of base Penalty.

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Re-Worms to be presentatives in General Court assembles, and by the Authority used in distillation of the same, That no Person whatsoever, shall make Use of any such leaden Fleads or Worms for the future; and that who loever shall prefume to diffil; or draw off any Spirits or strong Liquors thro' such leaden Heads or Worms, upon legal Conviction thereof, before any of His Majesty's Courts of Record, shall forfeit and pay a Fine of one Hundred Pounds.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That no Brazier, Pewterer, or other Artificer whatfoever, shall prefume to make any Worm or Head (for diffilling) of coarse and base Pewter, or such as hath any

Mixture of Lead in it; under the Penalty of one Hundred Pounds.

and

#### Method of first calling precinct Weetings.

and be it further enacted, That in each Town within this Province, Affay mafters where the Distilling Trade is carryed on, it may be lawful for the Inhabitants their Dury. thereof, at their annual Town Meeting in March for Choice of Town Officers, to choose two or more Assay-Masters, whose Business it shall be to inspect and make Tryal of any such Heads and Worms as shall be suspected by them, and if upon their Affaying and Tryal of them, they be found to be made of Lead, or of other base Mettle, or to have an Alloy of Lead or of other base Mettle in them, they shall give Notice thereof to the Distiller or Owner thereof; who is hereby forbidden to make any farther Use thereof in Distilling, under the aforefaid Penalty of one Hundred Pounds ...

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid. That the Affay-Masters or Inspectors are hereby impowred to enter into any Still-House or Place And Power. where fuch Utenfils are suspected to be kept, and to cut off so much of them, as shall be needful to make an Aslay or Tryal of them. And every Distiller shall be obliged to produce a Certificate under the Hands of the Affay-Masters, for the Time being, for all the Pewter Heads and Worms which they final Affayers Cermake Use of in Distilling, that they have been tryed and are approved of by produced. them for good Pewter, and that they have put their Mark and Number upon them, for which Mark, a Stamp shall forthwith be prepared at the Town UponFenalty. Charge: For which Certificate, and every Affay made by them, they shall be allowed by the Distiller or Owner of such Heads and Worms, the Sum of five Certificate to Shillings: The faid Certificate with Mark and Number to be entred in the with the Town Clerk's Book, for which Service the Town Clerk shall be allowed fix Pence. Town Clerk.

and he it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That all Forfeitures and Penalties arising by Virtue of this Act shall be the one Half to the Fines how Poor of the Town where the Offence is committed, and the other Half to him disposed.

or them that shall inform and sue for the same.

and further, That Capt. Thomas Smith, Mr. Jonathan Jackson, and Mr. Jonas Clark, of Bolton, be the first and present Asiay-Masters for the Towns of Asiay-masters Boston and Charlisown, and that they and all others, hereafter chosen to that Office, shall make Oath as follows, viz.

" A. B. do folemnly swear, That I will to the best of my Skill, prove and " make Trial of all Worms and Still-Heads, within the Town of C. that Affav-mafters " are used or designed to be made Use of in Distilling, that shall come to my Oath.

" Knowledge, for which there is no Certificate in the Town Clerk's Book, and " will make a true and faithful Report thereof to the Town Clerk for the Time " being. So belp me GOD.

### An Act.

Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-ninth Day of May, 1723. And continued by several Prorogations unto Wednesday the twenty-third Day of Ostober following, and then met.

CHAP. III.

### An Act in addition to the Act for the more effectual providing for the Support of Ministers.

THEREAS in and by an AET made in the first Year of the Reign-of Her late Majesty Queen ANNE, Intitled, An Act for the more 1 A. ca. 5. effectual providing for the Support of Ministers, the Inhabitants of each District or Precinct regularly set off from any Town, are impowered to choose Affeffors

### provide Special Courts of Affize.

Preamble.

Affellors, for the affelling and raifing a Maintenance and Support for the Minister of fuch District or Precinct, and other Precinct Officers : But no Provision or Direction is yet made in the Law for the first calling and affembling the Inhabitants of any District, Precinct or Parish regularly set off from any Town in the Province, for want of which, many Inconveniencies have arisen, and may still arise :

For Remedying whereof:

Inflice of Peace upon Application to call Precinct Meet-

ings.

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Reprefentatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace in the County where fuch Precinct, District or Parish, regularly set off, (as aforefaid ) is, And fuch Justice is hereby impowred upon Application to him made by five or more of the Freeholders of fuch Precinct, District or Parish, by writing under their Hands for calling of a Meeting, to iffue out a Warrant for the affembling of fuch Diffrict, Precinct or Parish, as aforefaid, directed to one of the Free-holders, asking the same, requiring him to notify the Freeholders and other Inhabitants ( qualified by Law to Vote in Town Affairs ) of the Meeting, and the Time and Place for the same; which Notification shall be given in writing posted up in some publick Place or Places, within the faid District. Precinct or Parish, fourteen Days before the Day appointed for the Meeting: And fuch and so many of the Freeholders and other Inhabitants, as aforefaid, that are affembled and met accordingly, shall have Power by a major Vote to choose a Moderator, as also a Clerk to enter and record all Votes and Orders, that from Time to Time shall be made and passed in the said Precinct, District or Parish Meetings, who shall be sworn to the faithful Discharge of his Office. as the Law directs for the fwearing of Town Officers; and further to choose a Committee for calling of Meetings of the Precinct, District or Parish for the future : And no other Affair shall be transacted at any such Meeting, than what is expressed in the Warrant or Notification for such Meeting.

be pals'd but tain'd in the Warrant.

# An Act.

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of HisMajesty's Province of the Maffachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-seventh Day of May, 1 7 2 4.

CHAP. IV.

An Act in addition to the Act for holding specialCourts of Assize, and General Goal 12 A. ca. 4.

Delivery.

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HEREAS in and by an Ast made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of Her late Majesty Queen ANNE, Provision is made for the calling and bolding special Courts of Assize and General Goal Delivery, for the Trial of Offenders in Cases of Murder only on extraordinary Occasions, when the ordinary Fime set and stated by Law for the holding the Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Affixe and General Goal Delivery, in the respective Counties, bappens to be at a considerable Distance from the Time of the Offenders being apprebended: And it being found necessary that there should be the like Provision made for the Trial of Offenders in all capital Cases:

Preamble.

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Gover-

### Reasons of Appeal dh

Governour or Commander in Chief, for the Time being, by and with the Ad- Special Courts wice and Confent of the Council, upon any extraordinary Oceasion and Emerbe held for gency, as aforefaid, by a Precept directed to the Justices of the Court of Affize, trial of any and General Goal Delivery, to order and appoint them to hold a special Court, capital Offenas foon as may be, for the trial of any capital Offender or Offenders, where the ders. Offence is by Law made Felony of Death, and to cause Venires to be issued forth for the summoning Jurors for such Court out of the several Towns, as usual, for the stated Courts, and to make out all other necessary Processes, and do what elfe shall be requisite, according to the Powers given them in and by the Act for establishing a Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Assize and General Goal Delivery. And the Judges and Officers of fuch fpecial Court, to have fuch Allowance for their Attendance and Service, as thall be ordered by this Court.

Petamble.

## Acts and Laws.

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majerty's Province -ac Wednesday the twenty-seventh of May 1724. And continued by several in assuing Prorogations unto Wednesday the eleventh Day of November following, and then met.

#### CHAP. I.

### An Act for amending of Errors and Defects inReasons of Appeal, and better Advancement of Justice.

THEREAS the Time of the Great and General Court or Affembly of this Province is often taken up in relieving of Persons that have appealed from the Sentence or Judgment of the Inseriour Court of Common Pleas, and Court of General Sessions of the Peace in the respective Counties of Preamble. the Province, to the Superiour Court of Judicature, or Court of Affize; and through some Error or Mistake in the Party, or bis Attorney, and sometimes of the Clerk of the Court, in mifreciting the Parties or Judgment, or misnaming the Courts appeal'd to or from; or otherwise, the Parties appealing have not only lost the Benefit of their Appeal, but have been necessicated to refort to this Court for Relief :

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Res Juffices of the presentatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of Superiour the same, That the Justices of the Superiour Court of Judicature Court of Court impow-Affize and General Goal Delivery, at their respective Sessions in the several Country Reasons of ties of the Province for the future, be and hereby are allowed and impowred in Appeal. all fuch Cases, as aforesaid, upon the Appellants paying reasonable Costs to be taxed by the faid Court, to order an Amendment of fuch defective or mistaken Reasons of Appeal; and to proceed to Tryal of the Cause, as though no fuch Error had been committed.

and be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That the Juffices Juffices of of the Inferiour Courts of Common Pleas, and Courts of General Seffions of the the Inferiour Peace in the several Counties within the Province, shall, and hereby have the same Court and Quarter Seffi-Power granted to them; in Case of any Lapse or Mistake in Reasons of Apons alike peal from the Sentence or Judgment of any of his Majethy's Juffices of the impower'd. Peace, that shall come before the faid Courts: Any Law Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

CHAP.

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### Admission of Inhabitants.

EHAP. dH.

### An Act for the better regulating the Admission of Town Inhabitants within the Province of the Mallachufetts-Bay.

Preamble.

HERE AS in and by an Ast or Law of this Province made and pass d in the eighth Tear of his profest Majelly's Reign, Intilled, An Act in Addition to an Act directing the Admission of Town Inhabitants, made and pass'd in the thirteenth Tear of the Reign of King William the thirteenth Tear of the Reign of King William the third; It is "therein enacted, That upon the arrival of any Ship or Vessel in any Port

Recital from an Act of the 3th of King GEORGE which is repeal'd & not printed in this ...

" or Harbour within this Province transporting any Passengers, Servants or "others whatfoever, and before Bulk be broken, or fuch Paffengers, Servants or others be fuffered to land or come on Shore, the Master of such Ship or Veffel shall repair to the Select-Men or Treasurer of such Town where no Receiver of Impost dwells, and give in a List or Certificate of all the Paffengers, Servants and others he has brought in his Ship or Veffel from beyond Sea, with their Circumstances, and Merchandize they bring with them, as near as can be: And the Master of such Ship or Vessel shall enter into " fufficient Bonds to the Satisfaction of the faid Select-Men or Treasurer of the "Town where the Ship or Veffel arrives, to fave fuch Town harmless from " all Manner of Charge arifing or that may arife to the fame Town, by Reason " of fuch Paffengers, Strangers, Servants, or others arriving among them" And whereas The true Intent of the faid Ast was to prevent the Importation of poor, vicious and infirm Persons, who might prove either a publick Charge to the Province in general, or to some particular Town, without any Design to lay a Di-

ficulty or Discouragement upon Trade:

Mafters of Ships to give Security for their Paffengers.

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authoutp of the same, That when any Ship or Vessel importing any Passengers, shall arrive in any Port of Harbour within this Province, the Master of such Ship or Veffel before Bulk be broken, or fuch Paffengers be fuffer'd to land or come on Shore, shall repair to the Select-Men or Treasurer of such Town where no Receiver of Impost dwells, and give in a List or Certificate of all the Passengers he has brought in his faid Ship or Veffel beyond Sea, with their Circumstances, and the Merchandize they bring with them; as near as can be: And fuch Paffengers as can make it appear, that they then bring with them into this Province Effects to the Value of fifty Pounds, (not including necessary Houshold Goods and wearing Apparel) aslikewife all able-bodiedHusbandmen, Mariners. Handy-crafts-men, Labourers and indented Servants; provided they are not Perfons of viciousConversation or illFame, shall be and hereby are admitted to Land without the Master's being subject to give Security: But as for all others, the Mafter of fuch Ship or Veffel shall enter into Bond within five Days after his Bond for five arrival as aforefaid, with fufficient Sureties to the Satisfaction of the faid Select-Men or Treasurer, as aforesaid, in a Sum not exceeding one Hundred Pounds for each Paffenger, to fave fuch Town harmless from all Manner of Charge arifing, or that may arife to the faid Town from fuch Paffengers for and during the term of five Years; on Pain of forfeiting the Sum of one Hundred Pounds for the Use of the Poor of the Town or Place where such Passengers shall be landed, or fet on Shore: And in Case any Passenger or Passengers shall give fufficient Security for themselves to the Acceptance of the Select-Men or Treafurer, as aforefaid, the Mafter of the faid Veffel is exempted from giving Bond fo far as relates to them.

Perfons exempted from having Security for them.

Years.

Penalty for not giving Security.

A 13

#### Erecutors of deceas'd Constables.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Lift & Secu-Mafter of every Coafting Vessel, Wood Sloop, Fishing Vessel or others, comtity to be giving from any Port or Harbour of this or any neighbouring Governments into engers in

Bolton, or any other Port or Harbour within this Province, shall within twenty Coasting Vessel four Hours after his arrival deliver to the Receiver of Impost, where such Offi- fels, &c. on cers are, and where none are, to the Select-Men or Treaturer of the Cown, a the fame Poperfect Lift of Certificate of the Christian and Sir-Name of all Before and the control of the Christian and Sir-Name of all Before and the control of the Christian and Sir-Name of all Before and the control of the Christian and Sir-Name of all Before and the control of the Christian and Sir-Name of all Before and the control of the Christian and Sir-Name of the Chri perfect Lift of Certificate of the Christian and Sir-Name of all Passengers brought in fuch Vessel (which are not fettled Inhabitants of any Town in this Province) and their Circumstances, so far as he knows, and give Bond, as aforefaid, on Pain of forfeiting the Sum of one Hundred Pounds, for the Use of the Poor of the Town or Place where such Passengers shall be landed, or put on Shore: And the Forfeitures in this Act mention'd to be recovered by Bill, Plaint or Information, by the Select-Men or the major Part of them, or the Treasurer of such Town where the Ship or Vessel arrives, in any of His Majefty's Courts of Record within this Province : Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

And the afore recited Act in Addition to the Act directing the Admiffion of The former Town Inhabitants, is hereby repealed and declared void.

#### CHAP. III.

An Act to enable the Executors or Administrators of Constables or Collectors deceas'd, to fue for and recover any Affessments not collected by them in their Life Time.

WHEREAS the feveral Conflables and Collectors that baveRates or Taxes Preamble, committed to them to collect, stand by Law indebted and are obliged to pay in the same to the several and respectiveTreasurers or Receivers of the Rates and Taxes within this Province: But no Provision is yet made in the Law for the Executors or Administrators of any such deceased Constables or Collectors, subo have not settled and made up their Accompts, as by the faid Law is provided, to gather in or collect the same, or so much thereof as may happen to be unpaid :

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council Administration of Administration of Collector within this Province heretofore deceased, or that or Collector within this Province heretofore deceased, or that or Collector within this Province heretofore deceased, or that or Collector within this Province heretofore deceased, or that or Collector within this Province heretofore deceased, or that or Collector within this Province heretofore deceased, or that or Collector within this Province heretofore deceased, or that or Collector within this Province heretofore deceased, or that or Collector within this Province heretofore deceased, or that or Collector within this Province heretofore deceased, or that or Collector within this Province heretofore deceased, or that or Collector within this Province heretofore deceased, or that or Collector within this Province heretofore deceased, or that or Collector within this Province heretofore deceased, or that or Collector within this Province heretofore deceased, or that or Collector within this Province heretofore deceased, or that or Collector within this Province heretofore deceased, or that or Collector within this Province heretofore deceased, or that or Collector within this Province heretofore deceased, or that or Collector within this Province heretofore deceased, or the Collector within this Province heretofore deceased w fhall die before he shall have collected the several Sums committed to him by impowred to collect Rages. lawful Authority to collect of the Inhabitants of this Province for their Town, Precinct, County or Province Tax, that then and in fuch Cafe, it shall and may be lawful for the Executors or Administrators of such deceased Constables or Collectors to levy and collect fuch Sums of the Inhabitants named in the Lifts to them feverally committed, as upon the decease of such Constables or Collectors shall appear due or unpaid to them respectively: And such Executors or Administrators by themselves, or their Attorneys, are hereby impowred to do, perform and execute all the Powers granted by Law to the feveral Constables and Collectors in such Cases: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding. organization is the

#### Digh=Wars.

#### CHAP. IV.

5 W. & M. ça, Io.

### An Act for Explanation of, and in Supplement to an Act, Intitled An Act for High Ways, made in the fifth Year of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary.

Preamble.

THEREAS in and by an Ast made and pass'd in the fifth Year of the Reign of King WILLIAM and Queen MARY, Intitled An Act for High-Ways, the Inhabitants of each Town respectively within this Province are obliged (without reasonable Excuse made) under certain Penalties to attend by themselves, or other sufficient Person in their Steads, or with their Carts and Teams. for the keeping in repair and amending from Time to Time all High-Ways, &c. hing within the Precincts of such Town, upon convenient publick Notice given them by the Surveyors for the Jaid Work, as by the Jaid Act more fully appears : But for a foruch as there is no Direction in the faid Act for stated Limits to be observed by the faid Surveyors in repairing and amending the faid high Ways, and great inconveniences bave bappen'd or arisen in many Towns;

For Remedy whereof:

Select men Se, to ap. ore of High Ways.

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority point Diffricts of the same, That the Select-Men of each respective Town within this to the Survey. Province, with one or more Justices of the Peace in those Towns where such there are; or otherwise, the Select-Men by themselves, shall be and hereby are directed and impowred to appoint to the Surveyors of fuch Town, their feveral Divisions or Districts for repairing and amending from Time to Time, 'all High-Ways lying within the fame; which the faid Surveyors are hereby required to observe and conform unto,

> And to the Intent that all Persons liable by the said Act to Work in the High-Ways may have such Notice to attend the said Work, as in and by the said Act is

provided:

Surveyors to no:ify Persons to Work in the High-Ways.

Be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Surveyors respectively be and hereby are required (extraordinary Casualties excepted ) fix Days at least before the Day appointed for providing Materials and working in the High-Ways, to notify fuch Perfons to attend the faid Work. either by themselves or other sufficient Persons in their Stead, or with their Carts and Teams; the said Notifications to be by writing under the Hands of tho faid Surveyors, fignifying the Time and Place of Attendance, and to be left at the Place of fuch Persons usual abode. And if any Person being fo notifyed make Default of attending faid Work by himself or other sufficient Perfon in his Stead, or with his Cart and Team, as he shall be appointed; he shall forfeit the Sum of five Shillings for each Days Neglect, and for Default of his Cart and Team with a Driver, ten Shillings per Diem; one Moiety of the faid Forfeitures to be to the Use of the Surveyors, the other Moiety to be to the Use of the Town, and to be recovered as in and by the said Act is pro-

vided: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided, That this Act shall not extend to the preventing or altering the Practice in any Town of defreying the Charge of repairing or amending the High-Ways by a Rate or Tax, or any other Method they have, or shall agree

upon; any Thing herein contained to the coutrary notwithstanding.

Proviso.

### Ferry. Sheriffs, &c.

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CHAP. V.

An Act in addition to an Act, Intitled, An Act for the better regulating the Ferry over Charles-River, betwixt Boston and Charlstown, made in the ninth Year of the Reign of the late Oueen Anne.

HEREAS it is found necessary for the expeditious Passage both of Man and Horse over Charles-River, that there he more Boats than three which Preamble.

are already by Law established:

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authorizing of the same, That from and after the twenty-fifth Day of March next, to ply at there be four sufficient Boats kept and maintained for the more speedy Trans- Charliftown portation of Men and Horses over the said Ferry; and two Boats shall be passing Ferry. at one and the same Time, and not more than one Boat at either of the Shores, under the Penalty of twenty Shillings; one Third to the Informer, one Third OneBoat only to the Use of the Poor of the Town of Boston, and the other Third to the Shore, Poor of the Town of Charlstown; to be recover'd by Information or Complaint made to any Justice of the Peace, who may restrain the Offender or Offenders until he or they shall pay the same.

and he it further enaded by the Authority aforefaid, That there be Convenient made, and from Time to Time kept in good Repair sufficient and convenient Ways to be Ways, for passing to and from the Ferry Boats at the landing Place on either kept at the Side, at the Charge of the Persons who have the Profit or Income arising by Ferry, the faid Ferry: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Penalty.

#### Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majefty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-fixth Day of May, 1 7 2 5. And continued by feveral Prorogations unto Wednesday the third Day of November following, and then met.

CHAP. 1.

AnAct in addition to anAct Intitled, AnAct enabling Sheriffs and Constables to require Aid, &c. made in the tenth Year of the Reign of the 10 W. Ca. 12. late King William.

HEREAS notwithstanding the Provision made in the faid Act, some Question Preamble. bas arisen upon the Power of Constables, Whether they have any Authority to convey any Persons by them apprehended in pursuance of any lawful Warrants or Writs to them directed, any further than through their own Towns and Precincts?

Be it declared and enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authought of the fame, That the Constable or Constables of the several Towns within this Province, have full Power and Authority, in the Execution of the Constables detected Warrants or Writs to them directed, by lawful Authority, to convey Authority in as well any Prifoner or Prifoners, as Things that they may take into their the Execution Cuffody, either to the Justice isluing such Warrant or Writ, or the common of Writs and Warrants. Goal of the County where fuch Conftable is an Inhabitant, according as in the Writ or Warrant may be directed.

CHAP.

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CHAP. II.

An Act to impower the Sheriffs, Constables and other Officers of Justice in the neighbouring Provinces and Colonies, as well to pass and repass, as to convey such Persons or Things, as may be in their Cuftody, on the Service of any Writ, Warrant, or other Process, by and thro' any of the Roads or publick Ways lying in or leading thro' any of the Towns or Lands of this Province.

Preamble.

THEREAS many of the Towns of this Province and the neighbouring Provinces or Colonies of New-Hampshire, Connecticut and Rhode-Island, and the publick Roads leading to and from one another, are so intermixed, that the Officers of Justice of the respective Provinces and Colonies in the Execution of Writs, Warrants, and other Processes, are oftentimes obliged (the Roads or direct Way so leading) to pass and even to convey Prisoners through Towns or Londs not belonging to or under the Jurisdiction of the Province or Colony unto which the Sheriff, Under-Sheriff, Constables, or other Officers of Justice executing such Writ, Warrant or other Process belongs, and where the Writs or Warrants are returnable, but to the neighbouring Colony or Province; whereupon some Dispute, Difficulty or Inconvenience might arise, as well to the Prejudice of the publick Good, as to the Dammage of private Persons :

For Remedy whereof:

Be it enaded by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Repre-

fentatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Sheriffs, Under-Sheriffs, Constables, or other Officers of Justice, of the neighbouring Provinces or Colonies, with their Assistants, in the Sheriffe, &c. Execution of any Writs, Warrants or other Process, iffuing from and returnof the Neigh- able to their respective Provinces or Colonies, may and shall have full Liberbouring Pro-ty Power and Authority, to pass and repass, and also to convey such Persons ed to pass and or Things as they have in their Custody by Virtue of any Writ or Warrant as repair, in this aforefaid, in or by any of the Roads or Ways lying in or leading thro' any of Province, &c the Towns or Lands of this Province, in as full and ample Manner as the Officers of Justice of this Province do use and exercise in the Discharge of their Duty and Office: And all Persons insulting or obstructing such Officers of Justice of the neighbouring Colonies or Provinces, in the due Execu-tion of their Office, as they are passing thro' any of the Roads or Lands of this Province, shall be subject to the same Pains and Penalties, as is provided for the Protection of the proper Officers of Justice within this Province.

Penalty for obstructing them.

I G. ca. 3.

7 G. ca. 7.

CHAP. III.

# An Act in addition to the several Acts for the more fafe keeping the Registry of Deeds, and Conveyances of Lands.

HERE AS in an Att made and poss d in the first Year of his present Majesty's Reign, Intitled AnAct for the more fafe keeping the Registry of Deeds and Conveyances of Lands (which Act was temporary, but made perpetual by an other Act made in the seventh Year of his Majesty's Reign, Intitled, An Act in Addition to an Act Intitled, An Act for the more fafe keeping the Registry of Deeds and Conveyances of Lands) it is among other Things enacted, "That in Case " of Non-acceptance, Death or Removal of any Perion elected to be Register of Deeds, in any of the Counties of this Province, two or more of His " Majesty's

#### Cozoners.

" Majesty's Justices within such County (Quorum Unus) be impowred to grant out their Warrants directed to the Select-Men of the feveral Towns within 46 fuch County, ordering them forthwith to convene the Freeholders of the " respective Towns, and proceed to the Choice of some other meet Person, " the faid Votes to be brought in as in the Election of County Treasurer". Which is to the next Court of General Session of the Peace: By which Method a Vacancy may happen in the Jaid Office for some Months, to the great Dammage and . Risque as well of particular Persons, as of the County in general :

For Remedy of which Inconvenience:

To remedy of which inconvenience:

35e it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembles, and by the suthority epidemolecular of the same, That when any two or more of His Majesty's Justices of the robe return'd Peace (Quorum Unus) within any of the respective Counties of this Province to the Justice (living in or near the Shire Town) shall in Case of the Non-Acceptance, Death in Case of the Representation of any Person elected Register of Deeds for such County, when the Sec. Sec. 1889. or Removal of any Person elected Register of Deeds for such County, grant Death, &c of out their Warrants, directed to the Select-Men of the feveral Towns within the Register. fuch County, ordering them forthwith to convene the Freeholders of their refpective Towns, and proceed to the Choice of some other meet Person, as aforefaid: The faid Justices shall make their Warrants returnable to themselves, at a certain Day, as foon as conveniently may be, ordering the faid Select-Men to feal up the Votes for Register, and return them together with the faid Warrants: And the abovefaid Justices shall at the same Time give out their Notifications to the other Justices of such County of their Proceedings herein, defiring them to meet upon the Day appointed for the Return of the faid Warrants, at fome certain Place in the Shire Town; and the major Part of the Justices of such County being met together on fuch Day, the faid Votes for Register shall be opened and forted in Presence of the said Justices, and the Person having the most Votes shall be Register of Deeds for such County, until the Time appointed by Law for the Election of Registers throughout this Province.

and he it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That im- clerk of the mediately upon a Vacancy in the Office of Register of Deeds in any County Pleas to re-within this Province, the Clerk of the Inferiour Court of Common Pleas, being ceive Deeds, in Case first sworn before two of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace (Quorum Unus) of a vacancy for the faithful Discharge of this Trust, shall take into his Custody the several in the Regis-Books wherein the Deeds and Conveyances of Lands are register'd, together ter's Office. with the Deeds and other Papers lying in the faidOffice, and that the faidClerk be and hereby is impower'd to receive the Deeds and other Instruments bro't to be registred, and he shall note upon them the Time of their being received, and the Record shall bear Date accordingly, for which he shall be allowed fix Pence for each Deed, and no more: And upon the Appointment of a new Register as eving Deeds aforefaid, he shall deliver up the faid Books, Deeds and Papers into his Hands : 800.

Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding,

CHAP. IV.

## An Act in further Addition to the several Acts or Laws of this Province, relating to the Office and Duty of a Coroner.

HEREAS by the aforesaid Asts, a Coroner is not impowred to constitute or appoint a Deputy or Deputies under him, to serve such Writs as he is enabled by Law to serve, so that by Reason thereof there may be a Failure or Delay of Justice : T -1:5

For Prevention whereof:

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#### Trespalles.

powred to appoint Deputies for ferving Write, &c.

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Reprefentatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Publication of this Act, it shall and may be Coroners im- lawful for the feveral Coroners within this Province to conflitute and appoint one or more Deputies, for and within their respective Counties; and the Perfons fo deputed and fworn, are hereby authorized to ferve and execute all fuch Writs and Process, as shall be directed to the Coroner, or his Deputy, wherein the Plaintiff, Defendant or Complainant shall be a Sheriff, Under-Sheriff or Deputy of any of the Counties within this Province : Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

## Acts and Laws,

Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-fifth Day of May, 1 7 2 6.

#### CHAP. V.

10 W. ca. 3.

An Actin addition to, and for rendring more effectual an Act made in the tenth Year of theReignofKingWilliamthethird,Intitled. An Act for preventing of Trespasses.

Prosmble.

THEREAS the Ast or Law already made for the preventing Trespasses bath been found ineffectual for that Purpose, so that a further Provision is necessary to be made :

Fines for cut-Timber, Un-der-wood, &c without Li-, ecnce.

Be it therefoge enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Coun-cil and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the fame, That no Person or Persons do or shall cut, fell, destroy or carry away any Trees, Timber, Wood, or Under-wood whatsoever, standing, lying or growing on the Land of any others, or off or from the Commons of any Town, other than that to which he or they belong, or within the fame Town, having no Right or Privilege there, without Leave or Licence from the major Part of the Propriety of fuch Commons, or the Owner or Owners of the Land whereon fuch Trees, Timber, Wood or Underwood was flanding, lying or growing; on Pain that every Person so cutting, felling, destroying or carrying away the fame; or that shall be aiding or assisting therein, shall for every fuch Trespass forfeit and pay to the Party or Parties injured or trespassed upon, the Sum of forty Sbillings for every Tree of one Foot over; and for all Trees of greater Dimensions three Times the Value thereof, besides forty Shillings, as aforefaid, and twenty Shillings for every Tree or Pole under the Di-mension of one Foot Diameter, and for other Wood or Under-wood, treble the Value thereof; which feveral Penalties, Forfeitures and Dammages, shall and may be recovered by Action, Bill, Plaint, or Information upon Conviction of the Trespasser or Trespassers, as is hereafter specially provided and enacted, before any Justice of the Peace in the County where the Trespass is committed; if the Penalty or Dammage exceed not forty Shillings, but if it be above that Value, then before the Court of Common Pleas in the fame County.

and be it further enacted, That if any Person or Persons shall throw or Fine for leave open any Bars, Gates, Fence or Fences, belonging to or inclosing any throwing Lands held in Propriety or Common, or belonging to any particular Person open Pences, Gates, &c.

#### Trespasses.

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or Perfons, within any Town in this Province, or that shall dig up or carry And for paraway any Stones, Oar, Gravel, Clay, Sand, Turf or Mould, Roots or Plants, Stones, Oar, belonging to the Proprietors of any common Lands, or to any particular Per- Gravel, 876, fon or Perfons, as aforefaid, shall for every fuch Trespals, upon Conviction thereof, as in and by this Act is hereafter provided, forfeit and pay treble Dammages, and also a Sum not exceeding five Pounds to the Party or Parties injured thereby, according to the Nature and Aggravation of the Trespass; to be recovered in Manner, as aforefaid.

And foralmuch as it is very hard and difficult to detest and convict any Trespasser Preamble. or Trespassers against this Ast, in the ordinary Course and Method of the Law, by Reason the Trespasses are generally committed where positive Evidences can scarcely

ever be bad :

Be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That in Manner of Case any Dispute arise upon any Action, Bill, Plaintor Information brought, as the aforeaforefaid, where the Plaintiff, Complainant or Informer shall charge the De- faid Crimer. fendant in Trespass for cutting, felling, destroying or carrying away any parti-cular Tree or Trees, parcels of Timber, Wood or Under-wood, or for throwing down or leaving open any Fence or Fences, Gates or Bars; or for digging up or carrying away any Stones, Oar, Gravel, Clay, Sand, Turff or Mould, Roots or Plants, off or from any fuch Land, as aforefaid, or of being aiding or affifting therein: Then and in such Case, if the Plaintiff, Complainant or Informer, or his Agent, or Attorney, shall make Oath bona fide that there hath been cut, fell'd, destroyed or carried away such and so many Trees, parcels of Wood or Under-wood; or that any Fence or Fences, Gates or Bars have been thrown down or left open; or that any Stones, Oar, Gravel, Clay, Sand, Turff or Mould, Roots or Plants hath been dug up or carried away, as mentioned in the Writ; and that he suspects the Defendant to have committed the said Trespass; and although the Plaintiff, Complainant or Informer, or his Agent or Attorney may not be able to produce any other Evidence thereof, than fuch Circumstances as render it highly probable in the Judgment of the Court or Juffice, before whom the Trial is, then, and in every fuch Case, unless the Defendant shall acquit himfelf upon Oath (to be administred to him by the Court or Justice that shall try the Cause,) the Plaintiff shall recover against the Defendant Dammages and Costs; but if the Defendant shall acquit himself upon Qath as aforesaid; the Court or Justice may and shall enter up Judgment for the Defendant to recover against the Plaintiff double his Costs occasioned by such Profecution.

And whereas several ill-minded Persons of late, as well in the Night Time as the Preample. Day, (being disguised and painted) have pillaged and committed great Spoil inCedar Swamps, and other Lands, and have laid open the Inclosures of particular Persons, by pulling down or destroying the Fences about them, not only to the great Dammage of the Proprietors, or Persons interested, but also to the Injury of the Publick :

Be it therefore enacted by the authority aforciait, That if any Ponishment Person or Persons having his or their Face or Faces blacked, painted or any disguisted, stated by Day or Night commit any of the Trespasses painted that aforefaid, or shall beat and abuse any of His Majesty's good Subjects, and be commit Tresthereof convicted by due Course of Law, such Person so trespassing shall over passes. and above the Dammages aforementioned in this Act, be whip'd at the public whipping Post, not exceeding twenty Stripes, as the Nature of the Trespass

may require: Any Law, Usage or Cuttom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided, That nothing in this Act shall be construed so as to debar or hinder the Surveyors of High Ways of doing any Thing necessary and conveni-

ent in and about their Duty, as by Law impowred.

This Act to be in Force from the seventh Day of August next.

CHAP.

#### Scrths. bawkers, &c.

: C H-A P. VI.

## An Act against Hawkers, Pedlars and Petty Chap-Men.

Preamble.

HERE AS Complaint has been made of great Hurt to, and Docay of 'Trade occasion'd by Hawkers, Pedlars and petty Chap-Men passing to and fro through the Country to vend Goods, Wares, and Merchandizes : For Remedy of which Mischief:

No Hawker, Pedlar, or petty Chap-Man to be allowed.

Goods to be

forfeited.

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the Publication of this Act, no Hawker, Pedlar, petty Chap-Men, or other trading Person or Persons going from Town to Town, or other Mens Houses, and travelling either on Foot or with Horse, Horses, or otherwise, carrying to sell or exposing to Sale either in any Market, or in any House in any Town or Village, whereof such Person or Persons is not an Inhabitant, any Wares, Goods or Merchandizes, shall be permitted or fuffered within this Province, on Pain of forfeiting all fuch Goods, Wares or Merchandize by him or them exposed to Sale, or so conveyed or transported, as aforefaid; one Third thereof to His Majesty to and for the Use and Support of the Government of this His Majesty's Province, one Third thereof for the Use of the Poor of such Town where the Offence is committed, the other Third to him or them that shall inform against and prosecute such Offender or Offenders for the same, to be recovered by Bill, Plaint or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record within this Province, and shall further incur the Penalty of twenty Pounds, to be recovered in Manner, as aforefaid, for the Uses aforesaid

€c. before them over.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforcfaid. That it shall Justice of the be in the Power of any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace upon View, Peace to sum-Complaint or Information to him made of any such Breach or Offence, to summon Hawkers mon before him, and bind over such Offender or Offenders to the next Court him and bind of General Sessions of the Peace in the County where such Offence shall be committed; and for want of fufficient Security to commit fuch Offender or Offenders to the common Goal of the County, to answer to the Complaint that shall then and there be exhibited against him or them, and also to secure all fuch Goods, Wares and Merchandize until the Trial.

Taverners &c not to give Entertainment to them. Penalty.

And all Taverners, Ale-House Keepers, common Victuallers and Retailers, are hereby strictly forbidden to receive, or give any Entertainment to any Hawker, Pedlar or petty Chap-Man, or other trading Person, as aforesaid, on the Penalty of twenty Shillings for each Offence, to be disposed of in Manner, as aforefaid.

Officers to fee this Act put

And all Justices, Sheriffs, Under-Sheriffs, Grand-Jurors, Constables, Tything-Men, and all other Officers, are hereby strictly enjoined and required, to exert in Execution. their utmost Vigour and Power to see that this Law be duly put in Execution.

CHAP. VII.

### An Act to prevent Persons from riding with naked Scyths.

Preamble.

WHERE AS divers Perfons going to and returning from their Labour, do frequently ride swith nabed South, or his life of the state of the frequently ride with naked Scyths on high Ways, or through Lanes and Allies, which may prove burtful to themselves and others: For Prevention whereof:

25e

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Reprefentatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Person or Persons from and after the Publication of this Act shall ride with a naked Scyth on the High Ways, or through any Lanes or No Perton to Alleys; fuch Person or Persons shall forfeit and pay for every Breach of this ride with na-Act, upon Conviction thereof before any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, the Sum of ten Shillings; one Half thereof to the Poor of the Town Ways, &c. where fuch Offence is committed, and the other Half to the Informer that shall profecute or fue for the fame.

An Act for the restraining and better regulating Appeals from the Court of General Sessions of the Peace, and Inferiour Court of Common Pleas, within the Island of Nantuckett.

HERE AS by the Ast for establishing a Superiour Court of Judicature Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery within this Province; It is provided, "That the Trial of all Matters and Causes by Appeal from the Preamble, "Court of General Sessions of the Peace, or Inseriour Court of Common " Pleas respectively within the faid Island of Nantuckett, or by Writ " of Error relating to any Judgment given in the faid Inferiour Court,
fhall be in the Superiour Court of Judicature Court of Affize and General "Goal Delivery, to be held within the Counties of Suffolk or Middlesex." And whereas there are two Superiour Courts of Judicature Courts of Affice and General Goal Delivery, held in each of the said Counties of Suffolk and Middlefex in a Year; one whereof is held at Charlstown for the said County of Middlefex on the last Tuesday of January, and the other at Boston for the County of Susfolk on the second Tuesday of February: And all Appeals and other Matters to be brought forward from the Inseriour Court of Common Pleas and Court of General Seffions of the Peace held in the Month of October at the faid Island of Nantuckett, lye to one of the faid Superiour Courts in January or February, as aforefaid, which hath been found to be very inconvenient; for that oftentimes by Reason of the severity of the Weather at that Season, it is very difficult and sometimes impossible for the Parties and others concerned to come to either of the faid Superiour Courts, by Means whereof such Persons may loose the Benefit of their Appeals, or other Matters that may be there depending :

Wherefore for the Ease and Benefit of the Inhabitants of the said Island of Nantuckett :

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Reprefentatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the Appeals from same, That the Trial of all Matters and Causes by Appeal from the Court of Nantucket General Sessions of the Peace and Inferiour Court of CommonPleas respective- to Boston. ly within the faid Island of Nantuckett, or by Writ of Error relating to any Judgment given in fuch Inferiour Court, shall from henceforth be in the Superiour Court of Judicature Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery to be held at Boston within and for the County of Suffolk on the second Tuesday of August: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

#### Ferries, &c. Proprietors.

### Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majesty's Province of the Maffachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Beston, upon Wednesday the twenty-fifth Day of May, 1 7 2 6. And continued by several Prorogations unto Wednesday the twenty-third Day of November following, and then met.

#### CHAP. I.

### An Act in Addition to an Act for regulating Ferries.

Preamble.

7 HERE AS fundry Persons of late, notwithstanding the Provision already made by Law, do presume to transport Passengers over and a-cross the several stated Ferries within this Province, having no Right or Authority so to do, in prejudice of those who are assign'd and authorized to that Service, and therefore justly Intitled to the sole Benefit of the said Ferries : For Prevention whereof:

Penalty for Perfons not authorized that transport Paffengers acrofs any Ferry for Money.

Dammages to those that keep the Ferry.

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That if any Person or Persons shall from henceforth presume to keep a Ferry, or transport Passengers over or a-cross any stated Ferry within this Province, so as to demand or receive Pay, having no Right or Authority so to do; shall for every such Offence pay a Fine of twenty Shillings: The one Half to His Majesty, for and towards the Support of this Government, the other Half to him or them that shall inform and fue for the same before one of His Ma-Liable to pay jefty's Justices of the Peace, or at the Court of General Sessions of the Peace in fuch County where the Offence may be committed; and be further liable to pay fuch Dammages as may or shall accrue to the Person or Persons affigned and authorized to keep any fuch stated Ferry or Ferries.

#### CHAP. H.

AnActin addition to an Act Intitled, An Act to enable Towns. Villages and Proprietors in 6 W. & M. Common and Undivided Lands &c. to Sue ca. 5. and be fued, made in the fixth Year of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary.

Preamble.

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H E R E AS in and by the faid Att, "All Perions, Towns, Villages, "Precincts, Truftees for Schools, and Proprietors in Common and " Undivided Lands, Grants and other Estates or Interests whatsoever are im-" powred to fue, commence and profecute any Suits or Actions in any Court " proper to try the fame, and in like Manner to defend all fuch. Suits and " Actions as shall be commenced against them, or any of them, &c." whereas by the said AET, there is no Provision made for the enabling any such Proprietors to raise Money for the carrying an or defending such Actions, or for any other publick Use in such Propriety; for want whereof many such Proprietors suffer

great Loss and Dammage in their Proprieties, and lose the Benefit of the said Law: And whereas the Time of fourteen Days for the serving of Writs before the Day of the Sitting of the Court bath by Experience been found too short a Time in such Actions and Suits as are brought against any such Towns, Precinets, Villages and Proprietors, as aforefaid:

For

### Judges of Probates, &c.

For the Remedying whereof, and the enabling Proprietors in Common and Undivided Lands to raife Moneys for the carrying on and profecuting or defending any fuch Actions or Suits; or for managing any other publick

Affairs in fuch Proprieties:

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Res Proprietors of presentatives in Seneral Court assembled, and by the authority common of the same, That it shall and may be lawful to and for the Proprietors of any powed to common and undivided Lands, or the major Part of them according to the raise Money. Interests present, by themselves, or their lawful Attornies, at any Proprietors Meeting that shall hereafter meet upon legal warning, to order the raising of any fuitable Sum or Sums of Money that shall by them be thought sufficient to carry on and profecute or defend any Actions or Suits that may be brought by or against them, or for the carrying on or managing any other publick Affairs relating to fuch Proprieties, and to appoint a fuitable Number of Perfons belonging to fuch Propriety, to proportion fuch Sum or Sums as shall be thought necessary to be raised for the Ends and Uses aforesaid, upon the Proprietors of fuch common and undivided Lands, according to their feveral Interests therein; and to appoint a Collector or Collectors to gather in and col- To be collect the fame; which Collector or Collectors shall be and hereby are fully au- lected in the thorized and impowred to levy and collect the Sum or Sums fet and apportioned fame Manner for fuch Proprietors to pay, in the same Manner as Constables of Towns within as the Prothis Province are impowred to levy and collect the publickRates or Taxes, and vince Tax. to pay in the same to the Proprietors, or their Clerk (who is hereby impowred to grant Warrants for levying and collecting such Assessment) at such Time as shall be by them appointed for Payment thereof; and fuch Clerk shall be accountable to the Proprietors therefor; the Person or Persons so affesting the faid Proprietors, and the Collector or Collectors that shall be appointed for the gathering and collecting the Sum or Sums granted and agreed upon by the faid Proprietors to be affeffed and collected as aforefaid, shall be under Oath for the true and faithful Performance of under Oath. their Services respectively; which Oath shall be administred to them, as the Law provides for fwearing Town Officers.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That when it shall happen Suit shall be brought against any Towns, Precincts or Villages, or Write to be against the Proprietors of any common or undivided Lands, the Plaintiff bring-ferved on ing forward fuch Suit shall cause the Clerk of such Towns, Villages, Precincts Towns, Proone Proprietors, or one or more of their principal Inhabitants or Proprietors, to 500 Days before the ferved with a Copy of the Writ or Summons at leaft thirty Days before the fore the Court. Day of the Sitting of the Court, to which the same shall be returnable !! Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

### Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the thirty-first Day of May, 1 7 2 7.

CHAP.

An Act to disable the several Judges for the Probate of Wills and granting Administration in the respective Counties of this Province from fitting as Judges in Civil Actions, depending on, or relating to any Sentence or Decree, by them made in their Office aforefaid.

HEREAS several of the Judges of the Probate of Wills, and for granting Administration on Intestate Estates within this Province, are, or may Preamble. be Justices either of the Superiour Court of Judicature, or of the Inferiour Court of Common Pleas; before whom oftentimes Actions are brought and determined, Kk

#### Administrators, &c.

that depend upon, or relate to the Decree or Sentence of such Judges of Probate: And it being inconvenient that such Judge of Probate should have a Voice in judging or determining such Cases:

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Reprefentatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of No judge of the fattle, That from and after the Publication of this Act, no judge Probate to be for the Probate of Wills, and granting Administration on intestate Estates Judge or At- within this Province, shall be allowed or admitted to have a Voice in judging or determining, (nor shall he be admitted to plead, or act as an Attorney) in any civil Action whatfoever, which may depend on, or have Relation to any Sentence or Decree made or paß'd by him in his Office aforefaid: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

torney in an other Court in any Caufe wherein he has pass'd a Decree.

#### CHAP. IV.

# 2 A. ca. 5. An Act in addition to the Act Intitled, An Att relating to Executors and Administrators.

Preamble.

HERE AS in and by an Att made in the second Year of the late Queen Anne, Intitled, An Act relating to Executors and Administrators, (among other Things,) It is enauted, "That any Executor being a residuary " Legatary may bring his Action of Account against his Co-Executor or Exe-" cutors of the Estate of the Testator in their Hands, and may also sue for " and recover his equal and rateable Part thereof; and any other refiduary " Legatary shall have like Remedy against the Executors: " And whereas it often happens that such Executor or Executors move or dwell out of the Province, and leave the Estate of the Testator in the Hands and under the Management of their Agent or Attorney, whereby the Co-Executor and refiduary Legatee lofe the Benefit of the faid Att; by Reason of which manifest Wrong is done:

#### For Remedy whereof:

Agent of Executors out of the Province liable to Suits, &1.

Be it enafted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Agent or Attorney of any Executor or Executors removed or dwelling out of this Province, shall be liable and subject to every Action and Demand by the Co-Executor or Executors or refiduary Legatee, or any other Person, so far as said Agent or Attorney shall have received of the Estate of the Deceased into his own Hands.

Provilo.

Provided always, That the Action be brought within one Year from the Time of the Agents or Attornies receiving fuch Effects, and not after: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

#### Partition of Lands. Erccutors, &c.

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#### CHAP. V.

### An Act to enable Guardians to join in the Partition of Lands, or other real Estate wherein Minors are concerned.

W HERE AS the Partition of Lands, or other real Estate among the Per-Preamble, sons concerned, tho' much desired and of great Advantage, is often hinder'd and delay'd by Reason of Infants or Persons under Age being interested in fuch Estate, to the Dammage as well of the Infants, as others therein concern'd;

For Remedy whereof:

Be it enafted the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Repre-fentatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That it shall be in the Power of the Guardian or Guardians Guardians of any Infants concerned in any real Effate that is common or undivided, the upon Application made to, and Leave had from the Superiour Court Partition of of Judicature holden for, and within the respective Counties of this Province, Lands, & where fuch Lands or real Estate lie, either by such Guardian or Guardians, or the other Partners interested, to join in and make Partition of such real Estate, as aforefaid, to and among them: Provided, such Partition or Division be made upon Oath by five Freeholders (or the major Part of them) to be appointed by the Justices of the said Superiour Court, and a Return of such Partition to be made to the Clerk's Office of the faid Court, and there to be recorded; which Partition or Division made in Manner, as a foresaid, shall be valid and effectual to all Intents and Purpofes in the Law: Any Custom, Usage or Law to the contrary notwithstanding.

#### CHAP. VI.

### An Act to enable Executors and Administrators to profecute or defend any Suits that are depending, or hereafter shall depend upon Appeal, wherein the Testator or Intestate was or shall be Appellant or Appellee.

MI HEREAS it often happens that after Causes have been heard and tried at the Inferiour Courts of Common Pleas within the feveral Counties of this Preamble. Province, the Party who is disfatisfied with the Judgment given, doth appeal therefrom to the next Superiour Court of Judicature to be holden within and for the same County, where the Action has been first tried: And many Times it comes to pass that either the Appellant or the Appellee dies before the Sitting of the Superiour Court appealed to; by Reason whereof the Great and General Assembly of this Province are often troubled with the hearing of Petitions from the Executors or Admini-strators, or the surviving Party, and spend much of their Time in passing Resolves for their having Liberty to begin their Suit a new, or for other Relief as the Matter may require; and by Means of the Death of either Party, pending the Appeal, the Creditor for a long Time bath been kept out of bis just Dues, and the Propriehirs of Houses and Lands kept out of Possession thereof, for want of a more speedy Remedy in the Law in such Cases :

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That in Case of the Death of any Party, either the K k 2 Appellant K k 2

#### Trespasses.

Administra. tors impower'd to profecure and defend Actions commenced before their Capacity.

Executors & Appellant or the Appellee, before the Sitting of the Superiour Court appeal'd to, the Executor or Executors, Administrator or Administrators of such deceased Party, who was Appellant or Appellee shall have full Power to prosecute or defend any fuch Suit or Action (as shall be depending at the Death of the Testator or Intestate) from Court to Court until definitive Judgment: And the Juffices of the Superiour Court before whom fuch Cases are triable, are hereby dibeing in such rected and impower'd to hear and determine all such Cases, proceed to Judgment and award Execution accordingly: And when it shall so happen that either the Appellant or the Appellee be taken away by Death, fooner than the Time of the Sitting of the Court appeal'd to, so that the Executor or Administrator of the deceased hath not suitable Time to prepare for managing the Court's Power Cause depending, or to become duly qualified to prosecute or defend the same : In fuch Case it shall and may be lawful for the Justices before whom the Cause is to be heard and tried, to suspend the hearing and trying of every such Cause until the next Term after.

to grant Imparlances, &c

against the

and he it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if by the Verdict of a Jury, Default, or neglect of profecuting fuch Appeal, or otherwise, Judgment to be made up Judgment pass against the Executor or Administrator of any Person deceased, the Justices of the Superiour or Inferiour Courts respectively, are hereby autho-Estate of the rized and directed to make up Judgment against the Estate of the deceased in deceafed, &c. their Hands, and under the Administration of the Executor or Administrator, as it should have been in Case the Suit had been originally commenced by or against such Executor or Administrator in that Capacity: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

#### CHAP. VII.

An Act in further Addition to, and for rendring more effectual an Act made in the tenthYear of theReign of KingWilliam, the third, Intitled, An Act for preventing of Trespasses.

Preamble.

WHEREAS in the Act made in the twelfth Year of His present Majesty's Reign, Intitled, An Act in Addition to and formally an Act made in the tenth Year of the Reign of King William the third, Intitled, An Act for preventing of Trespasses; good Provision is made to prevent cutting, felling or destroying of Trees, Timber, Wood, Under wood, breaking Fences, digging Oar, Clay, &c. But no Provision is therein made against cutting and destroying of Grass and Sedge growing on the common Lands of any Town or Proprietors, or destroying and carrying away any Hay lying on the same, nor against taking away from any Wharff, or publick landing Place any Posts, Rails, Plank, Boards, Slitwork, Cooper-Stuff, Shingles, Wood or Timber :

Trespass in cutting or

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authoutp of the same. That if any Person or Persons after the Publication of carryingaway this Act, shall presume to cut or carry away any Sedge, Grass, Hay or Corn, Grass, Hay or thanding, lying or being on any Land belonging to any Town, Proprietors, or Corn. particular Persons, where he or they so cutting or carrying away have no Right; OrPosts, Rails or shall take away from any Wharff or common Landing Place, any Posts, &other Lum, Rails, Plank, Boards, Slit-work, Cooper-Stuff, Shingles, Wood or Timber, or ber or Goods. any other Lumber or Goods, which he or they have no Right to take, shall for Penalty, every fuch Trespass forfeit and pay the Party or Parties so trespass'd upon tre-

### Proprietoes of Common Lands, &c.

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ble Dammages; to be fued for and recovered in any Court proper to try the fame, after the fame Manner of Conviction, and by the fameRules and Methods as is directed in and by the aforefaid additional Act for preventing Trespasses; unless such Person or Persons have first obtained Leave or Licence from the major Part of fuch Town or Proprietors at a Meeting orderly warn'd and affembled for that Purpose, or from any particular Person or Persons who are in Possession of fuch Lands or Wharffs.

Provided nevertbeless, That this Act or any Clause therein shall not be under-Provided nevertheless, That this Act or any Clause discining and the Provide that Provide that Profession or Confirmed to as to bar or hinder any Town Proprietors or particular Profession Perfons from profecuting any other Perfon or Perfons for Theft, who shall carry for Theft be away any Hay or Corn fever'd from the Freehold, or fuch as shall take from not hereof any Wharff or common landing Place, any Posts, Rails, Plank, Boards, Slit-bar'd. Work, Cooper-Stuff, Shingles, Wood or Timber, or other Lumber or Goods, which he or they have no Right to take; but that in fuch Case any TownProprietors or particular Persons may proceed in such Manner as if this Law had not been made : Any Law, Ufage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

#### CHAP. VIII.

### An Act to enable Proprietors of Common and Undivided Lands to make Orders and annexPenalties thereon, for the better regulating and managing their Proprieties.

WHEREAS it so happens that in some Towns or Proprieties within this Preamble. Province, there are some parcels of Upland, Sedge-Ground or Meadow-Ground, which lie under fuch Circumstances as render a Division of the same very difficult and disadvantageous; which notwithstanding would be of considerable Use and Benesit to the Owners, if the same could be improved under due Regulations: But there being no Law of this Province to enable Proprietors to make Orders and annex Penalties to prevent Disorder, evil-minded Persons take fuch Measure as sometimes render the regular and orderly Improvement of such Lands very difficult, if not impossible :

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Proprietors Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of Common of the same, That Proprietors of common and undivided Lands at a Meeting Lands imwarn'd as the Law directs and affembled, shall and may have Power by a major make Orders Vote of the Persons then affembled, (said Votes to be collected according to and annex each ones Interest) to make and pass such Orders for fencing, improving and Penalties. timing the Improvement of fuch undivided Lands or Meadows as by them shall be thought proper and convenient, and to annex Penalties on the Breach and Non-observance of fuch Orders, provided fuch Penalty doth not exceed fifteen shillings for one Offence; provided also that fuch Order so made be allowed Provisoand approved of by the Court of General Sessions of the Peace for the County where the Land lies, and is not repugnant to the general Laws of the Province, that then fuch Order or Orders shall have fuch Force and Effect, as that fuch Proprietors thereupon by their Treasurer, Agent or Agents may recover the Penalty thereto annex'd against the Breakers or Non-observers thereof, in any Court proper to try the same; such Penalty to be disposed of as the Proprietors shall order or direct: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

CHAP.

CHAP.

An Act for the rendring more effectual the Act Intitled, An Act to prevent Nusances by Hedges, Weares, and other Incumbrances, obstructing the Passage of Fish in Rivers.

Preamble,

HERE AS in and by an Ast made and pass'd in the eighth Year of the Reign of Queen Anne, Intitled, An Act to preventNulances by Hedges, Weares, and other Incumbrances, obstructing the Passage of Fish in Rivers; all such Incumbrances in the Rivers are disallowed and ferbidden without the Approbation of the Courts of General Sessions of the Peace in the respective Counties, and ordered to be demolished and pulled down, but no Penalty is provided in the faid AET :

Wherefore, for the more effectual preventing fuch Nusances;

Penalty for making-Wears, &c. to obstruct the Passage of Fifh.

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That who loever after the Publication of this Act, shall set up, erect, or make any Weares, Hedges, Fish Garths, Stakes, Kiddles, or other lncumbrances whatfoever on or a-crofs any River for straitning, obstructing or stopping the natural, usual or common Passage of the Fish, in the Spring, or other proper Seasons of the Year, without the Approbation of the Court of General Sessions of the Peace, shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of ten Pounds, to be fued for and recovered by Plaint, Bill, or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record within the County, where the Offence is committed; one Half thereof to be to him that shall inform and sue for the same, and the other Half to the Poor of the Town or Towns, where such Incumbrances have been made or fet up.

### An Act,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majesty's Province of the Maffachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Beston, upon Wednesday the thirty-first Day of May, 1727. And continued by several Adjournments unto Wednesday the fourth Day of October following.

CHAP. I.

An Act to prevent Coparceners, Joint Tenants and Tenants in Common, from committing Strip and Waste upon the Lands by them held in Common and Undivided.

Preamble.

HEREAS it often happens that Perfons having an Interest or Share in Lots of Land not subdivided to and among the interested, do privately and without the Knowledge of the rest, enter into and upon the same, cut down or carry away the Trees for Timber and other valuable Trees, or Wood, or make other Strip and Waste thereon, whereby the rest of the Partners or interested are strip'd of their just Rights and Shares thereof:

For Prevention of the same for the future :

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Publication of this Act, no Person or Perfons

#### Strip and Maffe upon Lands undibided.

Perfons whatfoever, having a Right or Interest in any Lot or Lots of Land Copyrights. not fubdivided, but lying in Common, shall or may fell, cut down, destroy or joint Tenance not lubdivided, but lying in Common, mail or may len, cut down, delitoy of and Tenante carry away any Trees for Fimber, or other Trees, Fimber, Wood or Under-in common, wood whatfoever, franding, growing or lying on fuch Lands, or make any other, not to make Strip or Waste whatsoever, without first giving Notice in writing under his or Strip, &: their Hands, unto all the Persons interested therein, or to his or their Agents, without giv-Factors or Attorneys, forty Days before Hand, fetting forth, that he or they have Occasion for, and shall enter upon and improve such Lot or Lots of Land not fubdivided as aforefaid, under the like Penalties and Forfeitures as are pro- Penalty. vided by an Act Intitled, An Act in addition to and for rendring more effectual, An Act made in the temb Year of the Reign of King William the third, Intelled, 10 W. c. 1.5. An All for preventing of Trespasses, to be recovered before any one of His Maiefty's Justices of the Peace, or in any of HisMajesty's Courts of Record within the County where such Offence shall be committed, (as the Value of the Dammage may be) by Action, Bill, Plaint or Information to be brought and profecuted by any one or more of the Perfons interested, in the Name and Behalf of the rest (who are hereby authorized and impower'd so to do) one Moiety of the aforefaid Penalties and Forfeitures to be to and for the Use of such Person or Persons, who shall inform and sue for the same, and the other Moiety to and for the Use and Benefit of the rest of the Proprietors or Persons interested as

aforefaid. And whereas upon Suits brought for the Partition of Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments beld in Common as aforesaid, the Party or Parties, against whom such Preambles Suits are brought (who oftentimes have but a small Interest therein) before a final Judgment can be obtained, and a Division made of the same according to Law, do frequently cut down, destroy and carry away considerable Quantities of the Wood, Timber and Trees growing on fuch Land, and do otherwise burt and damnify the same Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, to the great Prejudice of the rest of the Owners thereof (especially where they are Wood Lands) who are without any

Remedy at the Common Law :

Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforefair, That when a Ko Person to Writ shall be brought and served at the Suit of any one or more Persons in- make Strip terested in any Lot or Lots of Land, Tenements or Hereditaments held in which hoit for Partition common or undivided for a Division and Partition of the same, no Person or is depending. Persons whatsoever having a Right to or Interest in any such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, or holding any Part or Share of the fame in common as aforefaid (whilft fuch Suit is depending) shall or may fell, cut down, destroy or carry away any Trees, Timber, Wood or Underwood whatfoever, standing, growing or lying on such Lands, or shall otherwise hurt or damnify any such Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, until Partition can be made of the fame according to Law, on Pain that every Person or Persons so offending shall incur the like Forfeitures and Penalties provided in the aforefaid Act, Intitled, An AEI in addition to, and for rendring more effectual an Act made in the tenth Year of the Reign of King William the Third, Intitled An Act for preventing of Trespasses; to be recovered by the Person or Persons informing or sping for the same, in Manner as aforefaid, to and for fuch Uses as are before mention'd and declared.

Penalry.

Provided always, That the Person or Persons bringing forward such Writ Writ of Par-shall prosecute the same to Effect, and after obtaining Judgment, shall cause since to be Ham projective the fairle to Enter, and the Effect, as from as the Law will projected to Effect. admit thereof, and it may conveniently be done.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid. That in all Offences against this Act, the Offencer or Offencers shall be liable to a Con-viction, in the fame Manner as is already provided in the Act before mentioned.

#### bigh Wars.

### Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-second Day of November, 1 7 2 7.

CHAP.

5 W. Bc M. Ca. 10.

An Act in addition to an Act, Intitled, An Act for High Ways.

Preamble.

"HEREAS in and by an Act made and pass'd in the fifth Year of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary, Intitled, An Act for High Ways, Provision is made to impower the Select-Men of each Town respectively, either by themselves or others, to lay out particular or private Ways for such Town only, as may be thought necessary: But no Provision is made what Methods shall be taken in order to bring them to Record; so that there seems to be apparent Danger of Such Ways being laid out and committed to Record without the Knowlege of the Town or Towns respectively; which bath and may prove of very ill Consequence:

For Remedy whereof:

Notice to be given the Towns of private Ways in March Meeting.

All private Ways to be allowed by the Town.

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That when and so often as the Select-Men, or any by their Order for the future, shall lay out any private or particular Way or Ways in and for any Town or Towns within this Province, fuch Select-Men shall make Report to the Town in which fuch Ways are laid out, at their annual Town Meeting in March; Notice of which Report shall be inserted in the Warrant for calling such Meeting, and no fuch Way or Ways shall be esteem'd establish'd private Ways for fuch Town, nor committed to Record, unless such Town at a Town Meeting warned as aforefaid, shall by a major Vote allow and approve thereof.

and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That it shall be in the Power of any Town or Towns within this Province at a legal Town Meeting, to alter or discontinue any particular or private Way or Ways within their respective Towns, which have been heretofore laid out and improved as Private Ways fuch, when it shall appear to such Town or Towns that they are unnecessary for the common Good: And all fuch particular or private Ways after fo ordered by the major Vote of fuch Town or Towns respectively, to be discontinued or alter'd, shall no longer be esteem'd as particular or private Ways for

fuch Town or Towns.

birty of Appeal.

may be al-

Town.

tered by the

Saving always to any Person or Persons who shall be aggrieved or damnified Saving a Li- by the altering, discontinuing or laying out of any such Way or Ways as aforefaid, a Liberty of applying for Remedy to the Justices of the General Sessions of the Peace within the County where such Alterations or layings out are made; who are hereby impowred and directed to inquire into, and determine the Matter by a Jury thereunto appointed, as well with Respect to the Necessity and Convenience by fuch Discontinuance, laying out or Alteration as aforesaid, as to the Dammage that may happen or accrue to any particular Person or Perfons thereby, and thereupon to award Dammages to the Party or Parties injured, against such Town; unless it appears that such particular Person or Perfons have no just Cause of Complaint; that then such particular Person or Perfons shall pay all such Cost and Charge as shall or may arise by any such Application to the Seffions.

Provided fuch Application be made to fuch Justices at their General Sessions Application to be made of the Peace, within twelve Months after fuch Ways are altered or discontiwithin a Year. nued as aforefaid, and not otherwise: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the

contrary notwithstanding.

CHAP.

#### Trespals and Ciedment. Trespasses.

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CHAP. II.

## An Act for the more safe and easy Prosecuting Writs of Trespass and Ejectment.

HEREAS fometimes the Defendants in Astions of Trespass and Ejest-ment are arrested, and held to great and excessive Bail, where no just Cause Preamble. can be for it; and sometimes the Plantiffs have their Writs abated, and the Tryal of their Right unreasonably delayed, under Pretence that all the Tenants are not

For Prevention whereof:

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Sovernour, Council and Re. In Wris of presentatives in Seneral Court assembled, and by the Authority Ejectment of the same, That whensoever any Person shall be arrested upon a Writ of only the De-Trespass and Ejectment, the Defendants own Bond and no other, shall be re-fendants

quired for his Appearance to answer the same.

And whenever any Person or Persons shall be fued in Ejectment for any required. Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, they shall be holden to answer for so much. Desendants or fuch Part of the Premisses demanded as they then hold, or are in Possession to answer for of; which they shall distinguish and fet forth by their Plea, and disclaim in no more than the rest: And if any of them disclaims in the whole, and the Plaintiff cannot they are in Possession. prove his the Defendant's Possession of the Premisses, or any Part thereof, he shall recover his Costs: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary hereof in any wife notwithstanding.

### CHAP. III.

### An Act in further addition to the several Acts relating to Trespasses.

W HERE AS the several Asts or Laws already made for the preventing Preamble. of Trespasses have been found inessection for that Purpose in some Cases, so that a further Provision is necessary to be made:

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court allembled, and by the Authority No Persons of the fame, That no Person or Persons do or shall presume to take up, break to damnisy any Milldown or damnify any Dam or Dams, made use of for the inclosing of Water Dam, Millimproved for the Benefit of any Mill or Mills, flowing or drowning of Swamp Pond, Frames, or other Lands or Meadows, or let out the Water fo inclosed, or obstruct, hin- Cellars, &c. der or ftop the natural and usual Course of any Stream of Water running from any Pond used and improved for the supplying any Mill or Mills with Water; either by stopping or shutting down the Sluce of such Dam, or by wilfully erecting, fetting up or making any Dam, or other Incumbrance a-crofs any Stream or Run of Water (having no Right or Privilege fo to do) belonging to any other Person or Persons, and where he or they have a lawful Right between his or their Pond and Mill, or shall cut down, burn, damnify, carry away or destroy any Mill or Frame of a Mill, Floom, or any of the Timber, Boards or Implements used in and about the same, or shall pull down, cut, destroy, or any Ways damnify any Edifice, Building or House not inhabited, Frame or Timber of any fuch Building, Cellar or Well, being the Property, or in the Poffession of any other Person or Persons; on pain that every Person or Persons offending against this Act, or any Part thereof, or that shall be aiding or assisting therein, shall for every such Offence or Trespass forfeit and pay to the Party or Parties so Penaity. injured or trespassed upon, treble the Value of all such Dammages as such Party or Parties shall make appear to the Justice or Court and Jury, before whom

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### Grand Jurois. Loid's-Day.

Manner of Conviction. the Trial shall be, that he or they have sustained by any Breach of this Act, to be such for and recovered in any Court proper to try the same, after the same Manner of Conviction, and by the same Rules and Methods as is directed and provided in and by an Act Intitled, An Act in addition to and for rendring more effectual on Act made in the tenth Year of the Reign of King William the third, Intitled, An Act for preventing of Trespalses, made in the twelfth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King George: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the

12 G. ca. 5.

contrary notwithstanding.

CHAP. IV.

# An Act in addition to an Act Intitled, An Act for enlarging the Fees of Grand Furors.

Preamble.

WW HERE AS the stated Allowance for a Grand Juror according to an Ast made and passed in the fixth Year of His late Majesty King George the first, Intitled An Act for enlarging the Fees of Grand Jurors, is but three Shillings per Diem, which is so small that the same will not defrey his necessary clear-ges and Expences in travelling to, and Attendance at Court:

Allowance for Grand Jurors. The it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Autifortity of the same, That from hence forward the Allowance of a Grand Juror during his Attendance on the Court, and also for his necessary travel to and from the same, be one Shilling per Diem, over and above the aforesaid Allowance, accounting five Miles for half a Day's travel, and ten Miles for a whole Day, and so pro rate, but no Allowance to be made to any Person for less than half a Day's travel.

CHAP. V.

3 G. ca. 1.

An Act in further addition to an Act Intitled, An Act in addition to the Act for the better Obfervation and keeping the Lord's Day, made and passed at a Great and General Court or Assembly held at Boston the seventh Day of November 1716. In the third Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King George the I.

Preamble.

OTWITHST AND ING the many good and wholesome Laws made to prevent the Prophenation of the Lord's Day, some wicked and evil disposed Persons do yet presume to do unnecessary Work, take their Recreation and Sport, and travel on the said Day:

For the more effectual preventing fuch vile and unlawful Practices:

The it enamed by the Lieutenant Bonernour, Council and Representatives in Benéral Court affembled, and by the Authority of the fame. That who foever shall for the future, contrary to the faid Act do or exercife any Labour, Workor Business of his or their ordinary Calling, or use any Game, Sport, Play or Recreation on the Lord's Day, or on any Part thereof, shall for feit and pay the Sum of fiften Sbillings; and upon a second Conviction the Sum of thirty Sbillings; and give Bond with Sureties for their good Behaviour to the next Court of General Sessions of the Peace in the County where the said Offence is committed:

Penalty for working or playing on the Lord's Day.

And

And that all Persons that for the future shall travel contrary to the said Act, shall for the first Offence forseit and pay the Sum of thirty Shillings, and upon a fecond Conviction the Sum of three Pounds, and give Bond with Sureties for the good Behaviour, as aforefaid: And in Case any of the Offenders mentioned in this Act shall be unable or refuse to pay and satisfy their Fines, they shall be adjudged to stand committed in the common Goal of the County, not exceeding the space of five Days, or set in the Cage or Stocks, not exceeding four Hours, according to the Discretion of the Court or Justices before whom fuch Conviction may be.

And whereas the selemnizing of Funerals on the Lord's Day oft-times occasions Preamble. great Prophanation thereon, by Servants and Children gathering in the Streets and walking up and down, to and from the Funerals, and is the Means of many Dif-

orders and Irregularities then committed:

For Remedy whereof:

Be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That from and after the Publication of this Act, no Funeral shall be attended on the Lord's Day or Evening following, except in extraordinary Cases, where the Corps by No Funerals Reason of the excessive Heat of the Season may prove offensive, if not buried, to be solem-Reaton of the executive react of the season may prove outsined, it not outside, on the or for forme fuch like Reaton, Liberty be granted therefor by one or more of nized on the His Majefty's Juftices of the Peace living in fuch. Town where the Funeral is without Living in fuch town where the Funeral is without Living in fuch. to be performed; or if there be no Justice in such Town, then by the Select-cence. Men or the major Part of them, who shall certify under their Hands, setting forth the Reason therefor to the several Sextons or Grave Diggers: And whoever shall presume to permit and direct any Funeral on the Lord's Day without Liberty as aforesaid, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of forty Sbillings, and every Grave Digger or Sexton that shall by himself or Order be any Ways affisting at any Funeral, contrary to this A&, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of twenty Shillings.

And whereas the Laws now in Force for the Observation of the Lord's Day do not impower the Justices, Constables, Tything-Men, or other Officers to inspett the Preamble. Houles of Retailers of strong Drink, as it doth the Taverners, Innholders or common Vietuallers on the Lord's Day, and the Evening preceeding and following the faid Day; by Reason whereof great Resort at such Times is made to such Houses of Retailers of strong Drink .

Wherefore, for the better finding out and discovering Persons that shall be drinking or tipling at any Retailers Houses, Out-Houses, Yards or Dependen-

cies thereof:

Be it enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That the Justices of the Officers in-Peace, Constables, Tything-Men, and all other Officers appointed for that Pur-powerd to pose, be and hereby are fully authorized to enter and fearch the Houses of Re-inspect Retailers in as large, full and ample Manner, as they may do the Houses of com-tailers Houses mon Victuallers, Innholders and Taverners, the Evening preceeding the Lord's Day, &c. Day, any Part of the faid Day or Evening following. And if any Retailer of strong Drink shall entertain or suffer any of the Inhabitants of the respective Towns, where they dwell, or others not being Strangers or Lodgers in fuch Houfes, to abide in their Houses, Yards, Out-Houses or Dependencies, drinking or Penalty for idly spending their Time on Saturday Night after the Sun is set, on the Lord's Retailers en-Day, or the Evening following, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of free Shillings tertaining for every Person found in such Houses, contrary to this Act; and that the like the Lord's Sum of five Shillings shall be paid by every Person so found and entertained in Day, &c. fuch House or Houses contrary to this Act.

Penalty.

And whereas there are different Apprehensions touching the Beginning of the Sabbath or Lord's Day:

In order therefore for the more quiet and orderly Observation of the Lord's Day, and to prevent any Indecencies and Diforders

#### Strays and lost Goods, &c.

Penalty for unneceffary walking, iiopen Shops, &c on the Evening bethe Lord's Day.

Be it further enacted, That all Persons be and hereby are strictly forbidden fwimming in the Water, unnecessary walking or riding in the Streets, Lanes, or high Ways or common Field of the Town of Boston, and all other Towns ding, keeping or Places within this Province, keeping open their Shops or Ware-Houses, or following their fecular Occasions the Evening preceeding the Lord's Day or Evening following, on Penalty, that every Person transgressing in any of the fore and after afore-mentioned Particulars, shall for the first Offence forseit and pay the Sum of ten Shillings, and for the second Conviction the Sum of twenty Shillings, and give Bond with Sureties for the good Behaviour, as in this Act is already provided; and in Case any of the Offenders shall be unable or unwilling to pay fuch Fines, then to be punished as in this Act is already provided. All Fines and Forfeitures arising by this Act to be disposed of, one Half thereof for the Benefit and Relief of the Poor of fuch Town where the Offence is committed, the other Half to him or them that shall inform and sue for the same, all His Majesty's Justices, Sheriffs, Grand-Jurors, Tything-Men and Constables, are hereby directed to take dueCare that thisLaw, and the feveral Parts thereof be observed and kept: And it is further recommended to the Justices of the Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery, and the Justices of the Peace in the feveral Counties in their General Sessions at the opening of their respective Courts immediately before the Charge is given, to cause this Act to be publickly read in Courts; and that they then give it in special Charge to the Grand-Jury, that they diligently inquire after the Violaters of this Law, and present all Breaches thereof: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

This Act to be read in the Courts.

### CHAP. VII. 10 W. ca. 6. An Act in addition to an Act Intitled, An Act relating to Strays and lost Goods, &c.

E it enaced by the Licutenant Governour, Council and Repre-fentatings in Seneral Court of Council

Fee for en tring loft Soc.

Such Entries to be fent to the Register

Penalty for asking great or Fees,

sentatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That the Fee or Allowance to be paid the Town Clerk for entring any loft Money, Goods or Strays shall be henceforward one Shilling Goods, Strays over and above the Fee allowed him by an A& made in the tenth Year of King William the third, relating to Strays and loft Goods, &c. And fuch TownClerk shall be obliged once every two Months to transmit to the Register of Deeds in the County where he lives, an atteffed Copy under his Hand of all Entries that shall be made with him, of any lost Money, Goods or Strays, and shall pay to of the County, the Register fix Pence for each Copy of an Entry, to be transmitted to him as aforesaid; and the Register shall keep a Book wherein he shall Record all Entries transmitted to him by the Town Clerk as aforesaid, and give out Copies of the fame, when defired, taking the Fee of fix Pence for each Copy, and no Register's Fee. more; and for searching his Record two Pence, and no more: And if any Town Clerk or Register shall demand and take any greater or other Fees than are before mentioned, for the Matters aforesaid, or any of them, and be thereof convicted before any Court of Record in the County where the Offence shall be committed, he shall be subject and liable to the same Penalties that are enjoined by an Act for regulating Fees, made in the fourth Year of King William and Queen Mary, Chap. XVIII. for Persons transgressing, as is therein mentioned.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That if any Town Clerk or Register shall neglect or fail of doing their Duties respectively, as by this Act is provided and directed (their respective Fees in this Act mentioned being tender'd to them) he or they shall for every such Neglect forfeit

#### Clandestine Marriages.

and pay as a Fine a Sum not exceeding forty Shillings, one Half thereof to Penalty for the Use of the Poor of the Town wherein such Town Clerk or Register reor Reg for the same before any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace in the same Duty. County.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons to take up any Horse, Gelding, Persons to Mare or other Beaft for a Stray, and Account and take Care of them as Strays take up (the Owner thereof not being known) from the first Day of November to the stray Beasts. first Day of March yearly: And such Person shall be allowed his reasonable Charges to be Charge about the same, altho' he does not proceed to procure an Apprizement allow'd with thereof (as by Law is provided) for the space of two Months next after the out apprizing finding and taking up such stray Beast; provided the Finder and taker up of the Sirays. fuch stray Beast do attend the Directions of the Law in all other Respects relating to Strays, and do not ride or otherwise improve such Ilray Bealt, until Provise. the same be apprized in Manner as by Law is already directed: Any Law, Ufage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

C. H. A. P. VIII.

### An Actin addition to an Act Intitled, An Act to prevent Incestuous and Clandestine Marriages.

HEREAS in and by an Ast made and passed in the seventh Year of King William the third, Intitled, An Act to prevent incessuous and clandestine Marriages ; It is (among other Things) Enacted, " That no Justice Preamble. of the Peace or Minister shall presume to join any Persons in Marriage with-

" out Certificate produced under the Hand of the Clerk of the feveral Towns " where the Parties respectively dwell, that the Names and Intention of the " Parties have been enter'd with him fifteen Days before Hand, and that due 7 W. ca. 6.

" Publication of fuch their Intention has been made in Manner as by Law is directed, &c." But sometimes it so bappens, that Persons who purpose Marriage live or refide in Towns or Places where there are no Town Clerks:

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Au-thousty of the same, That in every such Town or Place where there is or Where there shall be no Town Clerk, when any of the Inhabitants shall desire Marriage, in no Town they shall produce a Certificate from the Clerk of the Town next adjoining, Clerk of the that the Names and Intentions of the faid Perfons have been entred with him next Town fifteen Days before Hand, and that due Publication of fuch their Intention or to enter Purpose of Marriage hath been made in the Town where faid Town Clerk Marriages. dwells, That then and in fuch Case it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace, or ordain'd Minister, within their respective Limits, to join any fuch Persons in Marriage: And such Town Clerk is hereby directed to set up fuch Notifications, and give fuch Certificates, and shall be and hereby is in all Respects subjected to the same Pains and Penalties upon his Neglect that any other Town Clerk is by Law subjected to, for neglecting his Duty in observing the Laws relating to Marriage: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Penalty.

#### CHAP. IX.

An Act in addition to an Act, Intitled, An Act to enable Executors and Administrators to profecute and defend any Suits that 13 G. ca. 6. are depending or hereafter shall depend upon Appeal, wherein the Testator or Intestate was or shall be Appellant or Appellee.

Preamble.

FOR AS MUCH as in and by an AET made and pass'd in the thirteenth Year of His late Majesty King George the first, Intitled, An Act to enable Executors and Administrators to profecute or defend any Suits that are depending or hereafter shall depend upon Appeal, wherein the Testator or Intestate was or shall be Appellant or Appellee; no Provision is made but only for the Relief of Executors or Administrators in such Suits as are depending upon Appeal; which hath been found insufficient, for that oftentimes upon the Continuance of Actions as well in the Inferiour Court of Common Pleas as in the Superiour Court of Judicature, the Plaintiff, Complainant or Informer, or the Defendant, is taken away by Death, pending such Action or Suit, before a final Judgment can be obtained, by Reason whereof sundry Inconveniencies have happened:

Executorsand Administrators impowred to profecute or defend in Actione depending, &.

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authozitp of the same, That when any Action or Suit is or shall be depending either in the Inferiour Court of Common Pleas, or in the Superiour Court of Judicature in any of the Counties in this Province, and it so happens that either Party be taken away by Death before a final Judgment, the Executor or Executors, Administrator or Administrators of such deceased Party who was Plaintiff, Complainant, Informer or Defendant, shall have full Power to profecute or defend any such Suit or Action as shall be depending at the Death of the Testator or Intestate, from Court to Court, until definitive Judgment or Sentence; and the Defendants or Appellees are hereby obliged to answer to such Actions accordingly: And the Juffices as well of the Inferiour Court of CommonPleas, as of the Superiour Court of Judicature before whom fuch Cases are triable and depending, are hereby impowred and directed to observe the same Method of Proceeding in hearing, trying and determining fuch Cases, and of entring up Judgment, and awarding Execution thereupon, as in and by the aforementioned Act is directed in Cases depending upon Appeal.

Attachments not to be

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That when voided by the any Goods or Estate shall be attached or Bail given upon any Writ or Process Death of the that shall be depending as aforesaid, the same shall not be released or discharged by Means of the Death of either Party, but be held good to Respond the Judgment to be given on such Writ or Process in the same Manner as by Law they would have been if such deceased Party had been living: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

CHAP. X.

An Act in addition to an Act Intitled, An 4 G. ca. 31 AEt in further addition to an AEt Intitled, An AEt for regulating Fences, Cattle, &c.

7 HERE AS in and by the additional Act for regulating Fences, Cattle, &c. made and pass'd in the fourthYear of theReign of His late Majesty Preamble, King George the first; Provision is made for the proportioning of each Proprietors Part of Fence in general Fields; but no Provision is made for defreying the Charge of dividing and setting off the same, nor for making or maintaining such Parts of such Fence, as may be unfit and injurious to be set off to any particular Proprietor or Proprietors:

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council Charge of and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Au- ferring of thought of the fame, That for the future the Charge arifing by dividing and making and fatting off the favoral Parts of Fence in the common Fields to and among Fence in and fetting off the feveral Parts of Fence in the common Fields to and among Fence in the Proprietors of Lands inclosed and fenced in one general Field, and the Fields to be Charge of making and maintaining of fuch Fence as cannot justly be fet off to proportioned any particular Proprietor or Proprietors, as his or their Part, shall be born by to the Prothe several Proprietors thereof in Proportion to their respective Interests in faid prietors. Field.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall be in the Power of the faid Proprietors, or a major Part of them, (the Vote to be collected according to the interested present) at a Meeting of such Proprietors, or a Meeting tors legally warned for that Purpose, to choose Haywards or Field-Drivers, who under Oath. are to be under Oath, and to have the fame Powers as if they were chosen by a Town, and also to choose Affestors to affest the several Proprietors for the Affestors to Ends aforefaid, in proportion to each one's Interest: And in Case of Refusal of be chosen. any Proprietor to pay the Sum affeffed upon him, that then, upon Application made, a Warrant of Distress shall be granted by any Justice of the Peace in the County where such Land lies, directed to the Constable of the Town where such Proprietor lives, requiring him to levy and collect of the said Proprietor Distress to be or Proprietors, his or their Proportion of the Sum assess dupon his Goods or issued. Chattels, and for want thereof on his Person:

Provided nevertheless, If any Proprietor or Proprietors fo affes'd shall think Persons aghimself aggrieved, he shall apply to the Assessor, and if they shall refuse to re-grieved to be lieve him, he shall or may have Liberty to make Application to the Justices of the relieved at the next Court of General Seffions of the Peace for the County where the Land General Sefficies; and the Difference shall be heard and determined by the faid Court lies; and the Difference shall be heard and determined by the faid Court, Peace. whose Judgment or Sentence thereon shall be final: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided always, That nothing contained in this Act shall prevent or hinder provide. the Proprietors of any fuch common Fields already fenced from making and maintaining their Fences according to the Rules and Orders formerly agreed on by them at a Meeting legally warned.

CHAP.

#### Superiour Court at Barnstable.

CHAP. XI. An Act for establishing a Superiour Court of Juditature, Court of Assize, and General Goal Delivery, at Barnstalle, for the Counties of Barnstable and Dukes County.

Preamble.

HERE AS the Inhabitants of the several Towns within the said Counties of Barnstable and Dukes County, bave complained of the great Charge which the Jurors, Witnesses, and Parties concerned are at yearly, in travelling to and attending at His Majesty's Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery appointed by Law to be holden annually for the Counties of Plymouth, Barnstable and Dukes County at the Town of Plymouth, on the last Tuesday of April; which Town is near one hundred Miles distant from Some of the Towns in the Said Counties of Barnstable and Dukes County; and the Representatives of several of the Towns within the said two Counties, having petitioned this Court, that there may be a Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery held at Barnstable yearly, for the said Counties of Barnstable and, Dukes County only:

Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Affize, &c. to be kept at Barnstable.

All Process relating to

the Counties

of Barnftable

County to be tried at faid

and Dukes

Courts.

Time of the

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authozity of the same, That there shall be, and hereby is established a Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery to be held and kept annually at Barnstable aforesaid, for the Counties of Barnstable and Dukes County on the Tuesday in the Week immediately preceding the last Tuesday of April yearly, the Time by Law appointed for holding the Superi-Court's fitting our Court at Plymouth aforesaid.

And the Juffices of the faid Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery, shall have, hold, use, enjoy, and exercise at Barnstable aforesaid, all and singular the Powers which are by Law already given and granted unto them within any other Counties of the Province, where a Superiour Court of Judicature, and Court of Affize,  $\mathcal{E}c$ . is already eftablished.

And that all Appeals from the Judgment or Sentence of any of the Courts of General Seffions of the Peace, or Inferiour Courts of Common Pleas within the faid Counties of Barnstable and Dukes County; Reviews, Recognances, Warrants, and all other Process already issued or to be issued, brought or to be brought, taken or filed, which were to be heard and tried at the nextSuperiour Court of Judicature, Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery, to be holden at Plymouth, for the faid Counties of Barnstable and Dukes County, on the last Tuetday of April next, shall not fail, or be discontinued, but be obligatory, continued over, tried, held good and valid to all Intents and Purposes in the Law, to and at the faid Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery respectively to be held at Barnstable, for the faid Counties of Barnstable and Dukes County as aforementioned.

And in convenient Time before the faid Court's Sitting, the Clerk of the faid Court shall iffue out Warrants, directed to the Constables of the several Towns within the faid Counties of Barnstable and Dukes County, requiring such Constables to affemble the Freeholders and other Inhabitants of their respective Towns, qualified as in His Majesty's Royal CHARTER is directed, to elect and chuse so many good and lawful Men within each Town or District thereof, as the Warrant shall direct, to serve as Jurors at the faid Court, who shall attend the first Day of the said Court's Sitting: And the Constables shall summon the Perfons fo chosen to attend accordingly, at the Time and Place therein

Clerk of the Court to iffue Warrants for chofing Jurors.

appointed

## Caufelels Arrefts, &c.

appointed, and make timely Return of their Warrants, according to the Directions thereof, under the fame Penalties of the Law provided in such Cases.

and be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That for the future, the Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Affize and General Goal Superiour Delivery shall be held at Plimouth for the County of Plimouth only, on the last Court at Physics of the County of Plimouth only, on the last Court at Physics of the County of Plimouth only, on the last Court at Physics of the County of Plimouth only, on the last Court at Physics of the County of Plimouth only, on the last Court at Physics of the County of Plimouth on the County of P Tuesday of April annually; and that the Clerk of the said Court, do not in mouth to be making out Writs of Venire Facias for the Choice of Perit Jurges for the Said for that making out Writs of Venire Facias for the Choice of Petit Jurors for the faid County only. County of Plimouth, oblige them to give their Attendance until the fecondDay of the faid Court's Sitting.

and be it further enacted, That for the future the Times for holding the Court of General Seffions of the Peace and Inferiour Court of Common Inferiour Pleas within the County of Barnstable, shall be on the third Tuesday in March. Courts, &c.

And all Actions, Pleas and Suits both Civil and Criminal shall be heard and at Barnstable. tried at the abovefaid Courts, as fully and abfolutely, as if the Times for holding the fame had not been altered.

And all Officers and others concerned at the faid Courts, are to conform themselves accordingly: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary not-

Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majesty's Pro-vince of the Massacketts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednesday the twenty-ninth Day of May, 1 7 2 8.

CHAP. I.

AnAct in addition to, and for rendring more effectual an Act Intitled, An Att to prevent Causeles Arrests, &c.

THEREAS in and by an Act made and pass'd in the thiretenth Year of the Reign of the late Queen Anne, Intitled, An Act to prevent causeless Arrests, &c. It is enacted, " That every Person, Principal or Attorney, Preamble. " Executor or Administrator taking out a Writ or Attachment against

" another, before he receive it out of the Clerk's Office, shall endorse his Sirname " on the Back thereof towards the Bottom; and shall stand chargeable and be liable " to Answer and pay to the adverse Party his Costs arising by the Arrest, and 13 A. ca. I. " Charge of Imprisonment (if any be) to be taxed in common Form by the Judges

" of the Court where the Writ is returnable, in Case of Non-Prosecution, Discon-" tinuance, or that the Plaintiff be Non-suit, or Judgment pass against him; to

" be levied on the Principal, the Executor, Administrator or Attorney that " endorfed or took out fuch Writ; if the Principal be without the Province,

" or be unable to pay the fame.

withstanding.

And whereas it bath so happened when any Company or Number of Persons are joined together in one Suit, there is but one only, or not a Majority of the Plaintiffs that bath endorsed the Writ; and thereupon such Writ bath abated, because all the Plaintiffs therein named have not endorsed the same, nor their Attorney in their Names and Behalf, which by Experience hath been found to be very prejudicial, especially with Respect to the Commissioners and Trustees of the publick Loan Money, who seldom live together in the same Town, but oftentimes very remote; so that it is exceeding difficult to get a Writ endorsed by all the Plantiffs, especially when it so bappens they are straitned in Time; by Means whereof there bath been a Failure of Justice, as well as Loss and Dammage not only to the Publick, but to particular M m

Be

# Execution of Austice.

ticular Persons, occasioned by the Abatement of their Writs, when the Design of the Law was only to secure the Costs in Case of Non-Prosecution, Discontinuance, &c. as aforesaid.

For Redress whereof:

One Person endorfing a Writ, 80 fufficient, in Cafe.

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court allembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Publication of this Act, when any Writ or Attachment shall be taken out at the Suit of more than one Person, the Endorfement of one of the Plaintiffs (or his Attorney) shall be sufficient in the Law, as well to oblige the Defendant to Answer, as the Endorser to pay the Cost and Charges arifing on fuch Suit, in Case Judgment be for the Defendant or Defendants: Any Law, Utage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

CHAP. II.

AnAct for preventing of Injuries and unnecessary Delays to the Parties who shall hereafter be concerned in Suits at Law; and for the better and more speedy Execution of Iustice.

Preamble

WHEREAS beretofore Objections have been made by Parties against whom Judgment has been given in the Superiour and Inferiour Courts respectively, to several of the Articles charged in their Bills of Cost, for the Attendance and Travel of Witnesses and otherwise; which Bills have been frequently allowed long after the Court's rifing; and when the adverse Parties have not been present to make their just and reasonable Objections to such Articles :

For Prevention whereof for the future,

Bills of Coffs to be tax'd immediately after Judgment given.

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Bovernour, Council and Reprefentatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the fame. That when and to often as any Perfons shall obtain Judgment in their Favour at the Inferiour Courts of Common Pleas, or Superiour Courts of Judicature. they or their Attorneys respectively shall immediately after the recovery of such Judgment draw up their Bills of Cost, and when they are examined by the Clerks of the faid Courts respectively, present them to be taxed by one or more Adverse Party of the Juffices of the faid Courts, and the adverse Parties, or their Attorneys, to be notified attending the Courts, to be notified when the Bill is to be taxed, that so they

of it.

may make their Objections (if any they have) to any of the Articles charged in fuch Bills, before the fame be allowed. And no Bill of Coft shall be allowed after the Court is adjourned without Day, unless sufficient Reason be given for fuch Delay to the Satisfaction of one or more of the Justices of the Court who

Exception.

shall be defired to tax such Bill of Cost. And whereas it often happens that a great Number of the Judgments entred up

Preamble.

at the Inferiour Courts within this Province, are appealed from by the Defendants who fail to prosecute their Appeals to Effect at the Superiour Court appealed to; and thereupon the Plaintiffs or their Attornies enter their Complaints against the Appellants or Defendants at the faid Superiour Courts, but commonly neglect to draw up and file their Complaints, in order to have the Judgments of the Inferiour Court appealed from affirmed, until the last Day of the Sitting of the said Superiour Courts ; by which Method the Complainants (or their Attornies) have the Profit of many Day's Attendance, for which they are allowed in their Bills of Cost, and thereby throwing an unreasonable Charge upon the Defendants:

#### Wound Breach. Mills.

Bills of Coft after Judgment given upon a Complaint at the Superiour Court, low of the the Complainant shall be allowed but so many Days Attendance as the said charged in Court shall judge reasonable.

And to the Intent, that no Injuftice may be done by an Overcharge to the No Perfon to Party against whom Judgment shall be given, no Perfon obtaining Judgment receive Charshall receive any Thing for Charges of his Suit 'till such Time as the Bill of ges of the Cost be first taxed by one of the Justices of the Court who was present, when Suits, till the the Judgment was given: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary not. Bill is taxed.

#### CHAP. III.

# An Act in addition to an Act Intitled, An Ast for providing of Pounds, and to prevent Rescous, and Pound Breach.

HERE AS in and by an Att made and pass'd in the tenth Year of the Reign of King William the third, Intitled, An Act for providing of Pounds, and to prevent Rescous and Pound Breach; It is among other Things Preamble. enasted, " That there shall be a sufficient Pound or Pounds made and main-" tained from Time to Time, in every Town and Precinct within this Pro- 10 W. ca. 4. " vince, in fuch Part or Places thereof as the Select-Men shall direct and ap-

" point, &c. But no Penalty is therein set upon any Town or Precinct who shall neglect or refuse to make and maintain such Pounds:

For Redrefs whereof, Be it enacted by the Licutenant Governour, Council and Reprefentatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That every Town and Precinct within this Province that shall neglect Penalty for or refuse by the space of three Months from and after the Publication of this pounds. Act, to make and maintain a fufficient Pound or Pounds in fuch Town or Precinct, according to the Direction in the afore-recited Act, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of ten Pounds; one Half thereof to fuch Person or Persons as shall inform and fue for the same, and the other Half to the Poor of the Town so neglecting or refusing; to be recovered by Bill, Plaint or Information in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record in the County where the Offence shall be committed.

#### CHAP. IV.

An Act in addition to and for rendring more effectual an Act 8 A ca. 1. Intitled, An Act for the upholding and regulating of Mills, made 12 A.ca. 9 and passed at a Session of the Great and General Court or Affembly, begun and held at Boston, upon Wednesday, the twenty-fifth Day of May, in the eighth Year of the Reign of the late Queen Anne, Annoque Domini, 1 709.

WHEREAS great Complaint is made by the Inhabitants of the Town of Botton and Charlestown, that they are misused by the Millers in not grinding their Corn seasonably, and oft-times detaining it for a long Time unground, to Preamble. their great Dammage, and also that they are very much defrauded by the Millers in taking an unreasonable Toll:

withstanding.

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Millers to be

Penalty.

provided with Scales and Weights.

of the same, That every Miller within the Towns of Boston and Charlestocon, who shall not be provided with suitable Scales and Weights, sealed as the Law directs, for weighing Corn and Meal in his Mill, within the space of two Months after the Publication hereof, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of ten Pounds; the one Half to His Majesty for and towards the Support of this Government, and the other Half to him or them that shall inform and sue for the same in any Court of Record in the Counties of Suffolk or Middlesex. and be it further enacted, That every Miller in the Towns of Boston

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Sovernour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority

Penalty for continuing unprovided.

and Charlestown, who shall not be provided with suitable Scales and Weights, fealed as the Law directs for the End aforefaid, and shall continue in the Neglect thereof after the Expiration of the faid two Months, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of five Pounds for every Month he shall continue in such Neglect, to be recovered and disposed of as is herein before mentioned. And if any Miller in the faid Towns of Boston or Charlestown after the Expiration of the faid two Months, do or shall presume to take a greater Quantity of Toll than a sixteenth Part for any Sort of Grain by him ground, and be thereof convicted, he shall forfeit and pay for eachOffence the Sum of five Pounds, to be recovered and difposed of inManner as aforesaid. And if anyMiller in the said Towns of Boston or Charlestown, shall refuse to weigh Corn, Grain or Meal brought to or carried from his Mill, when defired, he shall, for every such Refusal, forfeit and pay the Sum of fiveSbillings, to be recovered before any Justice of the Peace within the County of Suffolk or Middlefex, by him or them that shall inform and sue for the same.

Penalty for taking too much Toil.

And for refuling to weigh Corn and Meal.

Penalty for keeping Grain unground.

And be it further enacted, That when any of the Inhabitants of the Towns of Boston or Charlestown, shall fend any Grain to be ground at the Mills there for the Use of their Families, the Miller or Millers shall receive into the Mills all fuch Grain, and within the space of three Days at least, take Care that the same be ground, on pain of forfeiting the Sum of ten Shillings, for every fuch Neglect, and the Sum of five Shillings more for every Day fuch Grain shall be unground (except in extraordinary Cases the Mill is prevented working) to be recovered before any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace in the Counties of Suffolk or Middlesex.

# Acts and Laws,

Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednesday the twenty-ninth Day of May, 1728. And continued by Prorogation unto Wednesday the twenty-fourth Day of July following, and then met.

#### CHAP. V.

An Act for repealing an Act Intitled, An Att for the punishing and preventing of Duelling, and for making other Provision instead thereof.

HEREAS to the great Dishonour of Almighty GOD, in Defiance of the Laws of Nature and Nations, contrary to the Peace of OurSovereign Lord the KING, and the precious Life of Man, there have been of late within this Province feveral Duels, Rencounters and Quarrels:

For preventing and suppressing such Mischiess for the future,

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## Briftol Ferry, &c.

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Re- Panishment presentatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority for Duels and of the same, That whoever from and after the Publication of this Act shall be so hardy and wicked as to fight a Duel, or for private Malice, Displeasure, Fury or Revenge, voluntarily engage in a Rencountier, with Rapier or fmall Sword, back Sword, Piftol or any other dangerous Weapon, to the hazzard of Life, Maihem, or wounding of the Parties, or the Affray of His Majesty's good Subjects, although Death doth not thereby ensue; or shall by Word, Meffage, or any other Way, challenge an other to fight a Duel, or shall accept a Challenge, although no Duel be fought, or shall any Ways abett, prompt, encourage or seduce any Person to sight a Duel, or to challenge an other to fight; and be by due Course of Law before the Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery in any of the respective Counties within this Province convicted thereof, shall for every such Offence be carried publickly in a Cart to the Gallows, with a Rope about his Neck, and fit on the Gallows for the space of one Hour with a Rope about his Neck, as aforefaid, and then committed to the common Goal of the County, and there remain without Bail or Mainprize, for the space of twelve Months, and at the Expiration thereof shall find Sureties for the Peace and good Behaviour, for and during the space of twelve Months more.

and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That when and fo often, as it shall appear by the Coroner's Inquest, that any Person hath been Disposition of killed in fighting a Duel, the Corps or Body of such Person so slain shall not the Body of any Person have a Christian Burial: But the Coroner of the County where the Fact shall that is kill'd be committed, shall be, and hereby is directed and impowred to take effectual in a Duel. Care that the Corps of all Perfons fo killed be immediately fecured, and buried without a Coffin, with a Stake drove through the Body, at or near the usual Place of Execution; provided it be within the space of tenMiles, if otherwise, then in the most publick Place in the Town where the Fact was committed; the Charge thereof to be defrayed out of the Estate of the deceased, (if any to be found) by Warrant of Distress to be awarded by His Majesty's Justices of the Superiour Court of Judicature Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery, upon Disposition of the Coroner's prefenting a Bill of Charge therefor: And if no Effate to be the Body of found, then the Charge to be paid by the County: And in Case any Person any Person the Charge to be paid by the County: And in Case any Person any Person to the Charge to be paid by the County: And in Case any Person any Person to the Charge to be paid by the County: And in Case any Person any Person to the Charge to be paid by the County: And in Case any Person any Person to the Charge to the Charge the shall slay or kill any other in Duel or Fight, as aforesaid, and upon Conviction ther in a Duel. thereof suffer the Pains of Death, as is by Law provided for wilful Murder, the Body of fuch Person, shall not be allowed Christian burial, but be buried without a Coffin, with a Stake driven through the Body, at or near the Place of Execution, as aforefaid.

#### CHAP. VI.

# An Act for regulating the Ferry between Bristol and Rhode-Island.

HEREAS there is a great Concourse of Travellers for Passage at the Ferry Preamble. between the Town of Bristol and Rhode-Island, the constant attending whereof is of singular Benefit to His Majesty's Subjects passing and repassing the same; and whereas great Complaint is made by the Keeper of the said Ferry, that, altho' he is at considerable Expence for keeping suitable Boats for the Service of the said Ferry, and gives his constant Attendance there; yet sundry Persons of late, notwithstanding the Provision already made by Law, have contrary to Justice, and to the prejudice of the Publick, prefumed to transport Passengers and Goods over and a-cross the said Ferry, from that Side of said Ferry which is in this Province, having no Right or Authority fo to do ;

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#### Courts aitered.

Penalty for transporting Passengers or Goods over Bristol Ferry without Authority.

Be it therefore enaded by his Excellency the Bovernour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Quthoughty of the fame, That if any Person or Persons shall from henceforth prefume to receive on Board any Boat, or other Veffel, and transport any Paflenger or Passengers, Horse or Horses, or any Sort of Cattle, or Goods from the faid Town of Bristol to Rhode Island at the Place where the Ferry is already ftated, there or within half a Mile above or below the fame, having no Right or Authority fo to do from the Court of General Seffions of the Peace within the County of Briftol, nor Leave from the Person or Persons authorized by the faid Court to keep the faid Ferry; he or they shall for every such Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of forty Shillings; the one half to His Majesty for and towards the Support of this Government, and the other Half to him or them that shall inform and sue for the same, before One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace within the faid County of Briftol, and be further liable to pay fuch Dammages as may or shall accrue to the Person or Persons assigned and authorized to keep the faid Ferry.

#### CHAP. VII.

An Act for altering the Time for holding the Court of General Sessions of the Peace, and Inferiour Court of Common Pleas within the Counties of Essex, Middle sex and Plymouth.

Preamble.

HEREAS the Time by Law appointed for holding the Court of General Selfions of the Peace, and Inferiour Court of Common Pleas at Salem for the County of Effex, on the left Tuesday of June, and at Cambridge for the County of Middlesex, on the second Tuesday of June, and at Plymouth for the County of Plymouth, on the third Tuesday of June, aforesaid, is the usual Time of the Sitting of the General Assembly; whereby the Business of the source is frequently interrupted and delayed; by Reason that several of the Members of the Court are obliged to attend at the General Assembly.

For Remedy whereof:

Time of holding divers Courts in Effex, Middlefex and Plimouth alter'd.

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Sovernour, Council and Representatives in Seneral Court affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said court of Geogral Sedions of the Peace and Inferiour Court of Common Pleas appointed to be held at Salem, for the County of Effect on the last Tueslay of Yung be henceforth holden and kept at Salem aforestaid, on the fecond Tueslay of Yung be henceforth holden and kept at Salem aforestaid, on the Peace and Inferiour Court of Common Pleas appointed to be held at Cambridge for the County of Middlesen on the second Tueslay of June, be henceforth holden and kept at Cambridge aforestaid, on the third Tueslay of May annually: And that the Court of General Sessions of the Peace and Inferiour Court of Common Pleas appointed to be held at Plymouth for the County of Plymouth, on the third Tueslay of June, be also henceforth holden and kept at Plymouth aforestaid, on the said third Tueslay of May annually: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

# Repairing the Parbour of Marblehead.

# An Act,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Salem upon Wednesday the twenty-eighth Day of May, 1 7 2 9. And continued by several Prorogations and Adjournments to Boston the nineteenth Day of November following.

#### CHAP. I.

# An Act for the speedy and effectual securing and repairing the Harbour of Marblehead in the County of Effex.

THEREAS the Preservation and securing the Harbour of Marblehead in the County of Effex, is of great Importance as well to that Town as Preamble. to the Trade of this Province: And whereas by the Incroachments of the Sea, great Breaches have happened in the Beach on the South-westerly Side of the faid Harbour, and by the continual washing away of great Quantities of faid Beach, it is now reduced fo low that almost every common Tide gains a Passage over it, insomuch that if the same is not thoroughly secured and well repaired, the Harbour of faid Town is in Danger of being destroyed :

For Remedy whereof:

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Repre- Troffes to fentatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the be chosen for fame, That the faid Town of Marblebead at their next Town Meeting legally repairing called shall be and hereby is impowred to chuse five skilful and able Persons as Marbhbad Harbour. Truftees for ordering, directing, fecuring and repairing the faid Harbour, and for the future defending and preferving the faid Beach from the Incroachments and Washings of the Sea, as aforesaid :

And for the effectual enabling them fo to do:

Be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That they shall be and advanced out hereby are impowred to receive the Sum of five Hundred Pounds out of the of the public Province Treasury: And the Treasurer is hereby ordered and directed to pay Treasury. the fame accordingly by Warrant from the Governour or Commander in Chief, for the Time being, with the Advice and Confent of the Council: which Sum hereby made payable is to be employed in fecuring and repairing the faidHarbour, and for the effectual Preservation of the said Beach and mending the Breaches thereof, as aforefaid, by the faid Trustees, or the major Part of them, in fuch Manner as they shall think most convenient: And that there shall be provided and kept by the faid Trustees one or more Book or Books, in which Books and all Monies received by them by Vertue of this Act, and all Payments and Difbursements out of the same, by Order or Direction of the said Trustees, or the the Trustees. major Part of them, under their Hands in writing, shall from Time to Time be fairly fet down and entred, expressing the Time when, and the Name of the Person or Persons from, or to, or by whom the same were so received, paid, or difburfed, and for what Ufe or Purpose such Payment or Difburfement was made: And the faid Accompts, together with Copies of all Contracts made by the faid Trustees shall in due and convenient Time after the said Work is compleated and finished, as aforesaid, be delivered to this Court, that it may Two Thirds be feen that the Money hereby granted is laid out in the best Manner to fe- of the whole cure and repair the faid Harbour of Marblehead, and the other Purpofes in-Charge to be tended by this Act: And two Thirds of all which Payments and Diffurie-Province, ments duely vouched, (the whole of faid Payments and Diffourfements not provided.

exceeding

Trespassers

ted,

## Bublick Rates of Taxes.

exceeding two Thousand Pounds) to be paid out of the Province Treasury, upon the paffing and adjusting faid Accompts: The faid Sum of fiveHundredPounds in Hand paid, as aforesaid, to be held deemed and taken as Part or Parcel of the faid two Thirds.

And whereas some evil minded Persons carry off Sand, Stones, Gravel, Sea-weed. Rock-weed and Sedge brought up by the Sea off and from the faid Beach, to the

Dammage and Weakening thereof :

Be it therefore enacted by the Authority aforciaid. That no Person or Persons whatsoever shall presume to Cart or carry from any Part of the said Beach any Quantity of Sand, Stones, Gravel, Sedge, Sea or Rock weed, on the Peon the Beach nalty of forty Shillings for every Horse or Cart-Load, or Part of a Cart-Load, to be to be profecurecovered by the faid Trustees, or any one of them, or any other Person or Persons, before any One of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace in the said County, or before any of His Majesty's Court of Record within the same: The Fines to be laid out the one Half in the said Repairs, the other to the Person or Persons that shall inform or sue for the same: And the Offender or Offenders shall be convicted in the same Manner and according to the Rule and Way prescribed in and by an Act made in the twelfth Year of His late Majesty King George, Chap. V. Intitled, An Act in Addition to and for rendring more 12 G. ca. 5. effectual an Act made in the tenth Year of the Reign of King William the third, 10 W. ca. 5 Intitled, An Act for preventing of Trespasses.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from Marblebead to and after the laying out and expending the faid Sum to and for the Uses, Intents and Purposes as aforesaid, the said Town of Marblebead, at the proper Cost and Charges of the faid Town, shall for ever secure, support and keep in good Repair the faid Harbour of Marblebead, and the Beach on the Southwesterly Side thereof, according to the true Purpose, Intent and Meaning of this

Act.

Harbour in Repair at their own Charge.

Town of

keep the

# Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Cambridge upon Wednesday the twenty-seventh Day of May, 1730. And continued by feveral Prorogations unto Wednesday the ninth Day of September following, and continued by Adjournment to Roxbury and thence to Boston.

#### CHAP. I.

An Act directing howRates and Taxes to be granted by the General Affembly, as also County, Town and Precinct Rates shall be affeffed and collected.

Preamble.

\*ORASMUCH as for the Support of the Government of this His Majesty's Province, and for the Safety and Defence thereof, and defreying the contingent Charges arifing within the same, it is necessary that a suitable Supply of Money should be from Time to Time granted by the Great and General Court or Assembly of the said Province. To the Intent therefore that there may be due Provision made and established for assessing all such Sum and Sums of Money as shall hereafter be granted by the General Court to be levied upon Polls or Estates within the Province, or upon both Polls and Estates for the Support of the Govern-

## Dublick Rates or Taxes.

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ment thereof, or any other publick Use or Uses, whereto the General Assembly shall think fit to apply such Grant or Grants; as also that there may be like due Provifion to inforce the collecting and paying into the Treasury such Sum and Sums of Money, so to be granted as aforesaid, according to the true Intent of the AEt or

Acts for granting the same :

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the Assessor to fame, That in the Month of March annually at the fame Time when Town Offi- be Annually cers are chosen by the respective Towns within this Province according to the Di-chosen in the rection of an Act Intitled An Act for regulating of Townships, Choice of Town Officers, March. and fetting forth their Power: there may be elected and chosen by the Freeholders and otherInhabitants of every Town duly qualified to vote in Town Affairs, then present, or the major Part of them, three, five, seven or nine meet Persons, to be Affeffors of all fuchRates and Taxes as the Great and General Court or Affembly shall by any Act or Acts, to be by the same duly made and passed, order and appoint such Town to pay towards the publick Charges of the Province, within the space of one Year from the Choice of such Assessors; every of which To be Sworn. so chosen shall within the space of seven Days next after, be sworn before a Justice of the Peace, or Town Clerk in any Town, where no Justice of the Peace dwells (who are hereby respectively impowred thereto) in Manner following. That is to fay :

YOUA.B. being chosen an Assessor of such Rates or Taxes, as the Great and General Court or Assembly of this Province have or shall order and appoint the Town of C. to pay into Form of Asthe Treasury of the Province during the Space of one Year next ensuing, Do swear, That in soffers Oath. affiffing or apportioning such Rates or Taxes, you will proceed equally and indifferently according to your best Skill and Judgment, and the Rules to be prescribed in the Act or Acts for granting the same. So help you GOD.

And the Town Clerk or two of the Select-Men of every Town shall forthwith make and give out unto the Constable or Constables of the same, a List of the Names of those that shall be chosen Affesfors at any Town Meeting as aforefaid. Which Constable or Constables shall thereupon summon each of the faid Affectors to appear at a certain Time and Place within the space of seven Days from the Time of their Election, before a Justice of the Peace, if any dwell in fuch Town; or otherwise before the Town Clerk thereof, to take the Oath Penalty on above-mention'd. And if any fuch Affestor shall neglect to appear accordingly; Assessors or appearing shall refuse to take the said Oath; he shall forfeit and pay to the Chosen that Use of the Poor of such Town the Sum of forty Shillings; and if in Boston, shall refuse. five Pounds; to be recovered in Manner and Form, as is by Law provided for

recovering of Fines and Forfeitures, for the Use of the Poor.

And the Select-Men of every fuch Town where any one or more of the Affeffors fo chosen shall refuse as aforesaid, shall forthwith after Notice thereof, summon a Meeting of the Freeholders and Inhabitants of fuch Town, to choose one or more Affesfor or Affesfors in the Room or Rooms of such so refusing. Which Freeholders and Inhabitants duly qualified to vote, being fo affembled, fhall accordingly choose fo many Afferfors as shall be wanting to compleat the Number which the Towns at the Control of the Contr ber, which the Town at the Time of their first Choice voted and agreed should be elected for the fame.

Provided always, That it shall be in the Power of the Court of General Court of Ge-Seffions of the Peace, upon reasonable Excuse made unto them by any Assessor neral Seffions or Affesfors chosen for any Town or Towns in the County for which such Court of the Peace is holden and kept, that shall refuse to accept as aforesaid, to abate and remit unto abate or fuch Affesfor or Affesfors (if they see Cause) the Forfeiture or Penalty aforesaid. remit the

and be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That if any Town Penalty. shall not choose Assessors as aforesaid, or if so many of them so chosen as aforefaid shall refuse to accept, as that there shall not be such a Number of them as

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# Dublick Rates of Taxes.

Select Men or Truffees of Towns to be Affestors in

Affeffors Al lowance.

Penalty on Towns that shall neglect to choose Select Men or Affeffors.

Court of General Seffions of the Peace to appoint Aff.fors, in Cafe.

A'Howance to fuch.

To be paid out of the public Treafury.

Penalty on Affeffors that their Duty.

General Seffions of the Peace to ap point other in the room of defective Affeffors.

any Town shall agree to be the Assessors thereof; then and in either of the faid Cases, the Select-Men of such Town shall be, and hereby are declared and appointed the Affesfors of the same; and every of them shall take the Oath before recited in Manner as aforefaid. And each Affesfor attending that Service, shall be allowed and paid out of the Town Treasury four Shillings per Diem.

for each whole Day, he is necestarily employed thereabout.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That if at any Time there shall be a Default or Neglect in any Town or Precinct, to make Choice of Select-Men or Affesfors, the faid Default or Neglect being certified and made appear unto the Court of General Sessions of the Peace within the fame County; fuch Town or Precinct shall forfeit and pay the Sum of twenty Pounds, for and towards the Support of the Government of this Province; and in fuch Cafe, as also where neither the Sele &-Men nor Affesfors chosen by any Town, shall accept thereof, the Justices of the Court of General Sessions of the Peace in the same County, shall and are hereby impowred to nominate and appoint three or more fufficient Freeholders within fuch County, to be Affesfors of the publickRates or Taxes in any fuch Town as aforefaid: Which Affelfors fo to be appointed by the faid Court, shall take the Oath before recited; and shall then affels the Estate and Persons of such Town or Precine, of which they shall be appointed Affesfors, their due Proportion to any publick Tax, according to the Rules fet down in the A& for railing of the fame; together with the aforefaid Forfeiture of twenty Pounds, where the Town makes Default; and fuch additional Sum as shall answer their own reasonable Charges for Time and Expence in the faidService, not exceeding fiveShillings aMan perDiem; and having affeffed the same, shall transmit a Certificate thereof to the Treasurer, with the Names of the Constables or Collectors to whom they shall commit the same to be collected.

And fuch Assessors shall be paid their Charges as abovefaid (the same being adjusted and certified by two or more Justices of the Court by whom they were appointed Affesfors, under their Hands) out of the publick Treasury, by Warrant from the Governour, with the Advice and Consent of the Council.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That all Affectors aforefaid, shall duly attend and observe all such Warrants as during the Time of their Office, they shall receive from the Treasurer and Receiver General of this Province, purfuant to an Act or Acts to be made and paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of the fame; for the affeffing and apportioning any Province Rate or Tax upon the Inhabitants or Estate within the Town, whereof they are Assessors; on pain that the Assessors of any Town or Precinc failing of their Duty by such Warrant of the Treasurer of them required. that neglect shall forfeit and pay the full Sum and Sums in such Warrant mentioned, to be by them affeffed upon the Inhabitants or Estare of the Town or Precinct whereof they are Affesfors, if the said Sum and Sums be therein made certain; which shall be levied by Diffress and Sale of the Estates Real or Personal of such defective Affeffors, by Warrant from the Treasurer directed to the Sheriff of the County (or his Under-Sheriff or Deputy) in which such Town or Precinct lies; and the Treasurer is hereby authorized and required in such Cases ex Officio, to issue out his Warrant, requiring the Sheriff or Deputy to levy the faid Sum and Sums accordingly: And for want of Estate to take the Bodies of such defective Affesfors and to imprison them, until they pay the same; which Warrant the Sheriff, his Under-Sheriff or Deputy are hereby impowred and required to execute accordingly. And the Court of General Seffions of the Peace in each respective County wherein such defective Assessors dwell, be and hereby are directed and impowred forthwith to appoint other meet Persons to be Affessors meet Persons of such Rate or Tax, according to the Directions contained in the Treasurer's Warrant issued unto the former Assessors: and the Assessors which shall then be so appointed shall take the Oath and be liable to the same Duty and Penalties as the former Affeffors.

# Publick Rates or Taxes.

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and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Persons over-Person or Persons shall at any Time be aggrieved at the Sum or Sums to be rated to be fet and apportioned upon him or them by the Affeffors of any Town or Diffrict or Precinct, and shall demonstrate that he or they are rated more than his or their Proportion with others, according to the Rule given to the faid Affesfors to the Sum fet upon such Town, District or Precinct, by any Act or Acts of the General Assembly; the said Assemblas shall ease him or them so aggrieved: And if they shall refuse so to do, such Person or Persons aggrieved complaining unto the next General Sessions of the Peace within that County, and making it appear, that he or they are affeffed more than his or their Proportion as aforefaid, shall be heard and relieved by the Justices in the faid Sessions, and shall be reimburfed out of the Town or Parish Treasury, so much as the said Justices or Assessors respectively shall see Cause to abate him or them, with the Charges; and the Court of General Seffions of the Peace are impowred upon the Complaint of any Party grieved to require the Affesfors to produce the Lifts of their Affessment.

and he it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That all County Acres County, Town, Precinct, District and Parish Rates and Assessments shall be to be apporapportioned by the Select-Men or Affeffors of the feveral Towns, Precincts, tioned by the Districts or Parishes within this Province, upon the Inhabitants and Estates fame Rule as within the same, according to the Rule that shall from Time to Time be pre-granted the scribed and set in and by the then last Act of the General Assembly which shall same Year. have been made and paffed for the apportioning and affeffing of the publick Taxes granted unto His Majesty, when such County, Town, Precinct, District or Parish Rate or Affessment shall be made or apportioned; and such Select-Men or Affesfors shall be under the like Obligation of the Oath administred to the Select-Men or Affectors who apportioned the faidpublick Tax to proportion fuch County, Town, Precinct, Diffrict and Parish Affeisments by the same Rules.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Free- Collectors of holders and Inhabitants of any Town, Precinct, District or Parish, duly quali-public Taxes fied to vote in Town Affairs, may if they see Cause, at the Time they chuse may be chosen at the Affesfors, likewise elect and chuse a meet Person or Persons to be Collector or same Time Collectors of the publick Rates or Taxes that shall be affested upon such Town, with the Af-Precinct, District or Parish, and agree upon what Sum shall be allowed and sessions. paid out of the respective Treasuries, unto such Collector or Collectors for his from their Service therein: But if fuch Collector or Collectors fo to be chosen shall refuse to accept that Service, or that none such be chosen, then the Conflable or Constables of such Town or Parish shall collect and gather such publick Rates and Taxes, and every Collector or Conftable shall have a Warrant from the Treasurer and Receiver General, or Select-Men or Affesfors impowring him to collect fuch Rates or Taxes as shall be committed to him to collect, and shall pay in the same according to the Directions in such Warrant: And in Cafe of any Constable or Collector's Decease before his perfecting the Collection of any publick Assessment committed to him, the Assessment of such Case of ConTown, Precinet, District or Parish shall impower and appoint at their publick states or Collection. Charge, some other fit Person or Persons to persect the same Collection, and lectors depresent his or their Names unto the Treasurer, Select-Men or Affessors, who cease. are hereby authorized and required to enable and impower fuch Person or Perfons to collect the same by granting a Warrant to him or them.

and he it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That the Trea-furer and Receiver-General shall fend such Warrants as he shall be from Time disperse the to Time ordered to iffue for the affesting or collecting any publick Rate or Tax Treasurer. inclosed to the Sheriff of each respective County, who is required immediately Warrants. to disperse and transmit the same unto the Assessors, Constables, or Collectors of the feveral Towns, Precincts, Diftricts or Parishes within such County, ac-

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cording

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## Publick Rates of Taxes.

To be paid out of the County Treafury.

cording to the Directions thereof; and for his Service, Charge and Expence, shall have a reasonable Allowance ordered him by the Justices in the Court of General Sessions of the Peace in the same County, to be paid out of the County Treasury, upon his laying the Accompt thereof before them.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That if any Person or Persons shall refuse to pay the Sum or Sums whereat they shall be affeffed as their Proportion to any publick Rate or Tax in the Lift committed

Constable or Collector impowred to distrein, in Case, &c.

to any Constable or Collecter under the Hands of the Affestors of such Town, Precinct, District or Parish, or the major Part of them, upon Demand thereof made by fuch Constable or Collector, by Virtue of the Warrant to him given: it shall and may be lawful to and for such Constable or Collector, and he is hereby authorized and required in fuch Case to distrein the Person or Persons fo refusing, by his or their Goods or Chattels; and the Distress or Distresses so taken to keep by the space of four Days, at the Cost and Charges of the Owner thereof. And if the Owner do not pay the Sum and Sums of Money to afferfed on him within the space of four Days, then the faid Diffress or Diffresses to be Diffrest to be forthwith openly fold at an Outcry by the faid Officer, for the Payment of the

fold by Outcry. ..

Persons to be committed. not having whereof to diffrein.

Perfons rethe Place where, they

Provision in Cafe of perfons being about to remove before the Time for Payment of the fecond Part of any Tax.

or Parish, are hereby authorized by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, to commit fuch Person or Persons to the common Goal, there to be kept without Bail or Mainprize until Payment shall be made. and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid. That when any moving from Person or Persons shall remove from any Town or Place where he or they lived, or had his or their Residence at the Time of making the Lists of any publick Tax or Affessment, not having before paid the respective Sum or Sums set upon were affected, him or them by fuch Lifts; it shall and may be lawful to and for the Constable in any other, or Collector to whom any fuch Tax or Affessment shall be committed with Warrant to collect, and he is hereby authorized and impowred to demand the Sum or Sums affeffed upon fuch Person or Persons, in what Town or Place soever he or they may be found; and upon Refusal or Neglect to pay the same. to diffrein the faid Person or Persons, by his or their Goods or Chattels as afore-

faid Money, (Notice of fuch Sale being posted up in some publick Place in the

fame Town; twenty four Hours before Hand :) and the Over-plus coming by faid Sale (if any be) over and above the Charges of taking and keeping the faid Diffress or Diffresses, to be immediately restored to the Owner. any Person or Persons affested as aforesaid, shall refuse or neglect to pay the Sum or Sums fo affeffed, by the space of twelve Days after Demand thereof, where no fufficient Diffress can or may be found, whereby the same may be levied :

In every fuch Case two or more of the Affestors in such Town, Precinct, District

faid; and for want of fuch Diffress to commit the Party to the commonGoal. there to remain until Payment be made.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That when at any Time the General Affembly shall order any publick Rate or Tax by them granted, to be paid into the Treasury at two or more several Times or Days of Payment; and any Person or Persons being Inhabitants or Dwellers in any Town, or Precinct or Parish within this Province, at the Time of making such Rate or Tax, and being affeffed thereunto, shall be about to remove him or themselves from thence before the Time that shall be prefixt for Payment of the same; it shall and may be lawful in such Case to and for the Constable or Collector of the same Town, Precinct, District or Parish, to demand and levy the whole Sum and Sums which fuch Person or Persons shall be affested at in his Lift or Lifts to fuch Conftable or Collector committed, notwithstanding the Time for collecting the fecond Part of fuch Rate or Tax may not then be And in Default of Payment to diffrein for the fame, or to take any other Way or Course for the obtaining thereof, according to the Rules and Directions herein before provided. And when and fo often as it happens that

## Publick Rates or Taxes.

the Constables or Collectors be a new chosen and sworn for any Town, Precinct, Constables to District or Parish, before the former Constables or Collectors have perfected whom any Tax shall be their Collection of any Tax or Affessment to them committed to gather; fuch committed former Constables and Collectors are notwithstanding hereby fully impowred to perfect and required to perfect all fuch Collections; and may exercise the same Powers their Collecand Authorities for the gathering and inforcing the Payment thereof, as by this other Confla-

A& they might have done before other Constables or Colle&ors were chosen bles be choand fworn. And in making any of the Distresses aforesaid, or committing any Person or Persons to Goal as aforesaid, in Case the same should be made after such the succeed-Constable or Collector shall be succeeded in his Office, it shall be lawful for ed inhis Office such Constable or Collector to demand the Aid and Affistance of any of the may demand Constables of the Town for the Time being, where the delinquent Person or Affiffance of

and affifting accordingly.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid. That where ing Diffres, the Owner or Tenant of any Lands liable to publick Taxes, shall not reside, &c. or be an Inhabitant of the Town, Precind, District or Parish in which such Lands lie, and no Stock, Corn or Hay can be found upon the said Lands, Case of Lands whereof the Constable or Collector may make Diffress to fatisfy such Sum or being rated Sums as from Time to Time fuch Lands shall be affessed at, either to the Pro- in any Town, vince, County, Town, Parish or ministerial Charges; in such Case, any Justice in which the of the Peace in the County where the Occupant of any fuch Lands dwells or Tenant refides, upon Application to him made by the Constable or Collector to whom thereof does the List wherein such Lands shall be affessed shall be committed, and upon not dwell. Sight of the same, or authentick Copy thereof, may and hereby is impowred and required to grant a Warrant unto the Constable of the Town or Place where fuch Occupant dwells or refides, to diffrein fuch Occupant by hisGoods or Chattels, the full Sum at which the faid Lands are fet in fuch Lift or Affessment, with the Charges occasioned for making such Distress, and to satisfy the fame by Sale thereof, returning the Overplus, if any be, to the Owner; and in Case no Goods or Chattels can be found whereon to distrein, to commit the Party to the common Goal of the County, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, until he pay and fatisfy the Sum or Sums fo affelfed, with the Charges.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That if any Constable or Collector to whom any publick Tax or Assessment shall be committed to collect, shall be remiss and negligent of his Duty, in not levying and paying unto the Treasurer or his Deputy, such Sum and Sums of Money, as he shall from Time to Time have received, and as ought by him to have been paid within the respective Times set and limitted by the Treasurer's Warrant, Penalty on according to the Directions therein, pursuant to Law; the Treasurer is hereby detective impowred, after the expiration of the Time so fet by Warrant under his Hand Collectors. and Seal, directed to the Sheriff or his Deputy to cause such Sum and Sumsof Money to be levied by Diftress and Sale of such defective Constables or Collectors Estate, real or personal, returning the Overplus (if any be) and for want of fuch Estate to take the Bodies of fuch Constables or Collectors, and to imprifon them, until they pay the fame. Which Warrant the Sheriff or his Deputy

is hereby impowred and required to execute accordingly.

and be it enacted. That if any Constable or Collector so failing as afore-faid, have no Estate to be found whereon to make Distress, and his Person cannot be taken within the space of two Months from the Time which was set for his paying the fame into the Treasury, in such Case, the Town or Precinct whereof the Constable or Collector so fails of his Duty, shall within three Months from the Expiration of the faid two Months, make good to the Treasury the

Perfons lives: And fuch Conftable is hereby injoined and required to be aiding for the Time

## Bublick Rates 102 Taxes.

Precina in which any defective Conftable or Collector lives, to be anfiverable for bis Pay-Treasury, the Sums committed to him to

The Town or Sum or Sums due and owing to the same from such defective Constable or Collector, which the Affesfors of such Town having Notice from the Treasurer of the failure of any Constable or Collector as aforefaid, shall forthwith thereupon without any other or further Warrant affess upon the Inhabitants and Estates of such Town in Manner as the Sum so committed to such defective Constable or Collector was affested, and commit the same to some other Constable or Collector to collect, who is to be impowred thereunto by Warrant ment into the from the Treasurer,

Provided always, That fuch Constable or Collector failing of his Duty as aforefaid for whose Default the Town is answerable as before expressed, shall at all Times afterwards be liable to the Action or Suit of the Treasurer of such Town for all fuch Sum and Sums as were affeffed upon the fame thro' his Default, and for other Dammages accraing unto the faid Town thereby.

And in Case of the Decease of any Constable or Collector, in any Town,

Executors of Administrators of Conflables decea. fed, to make up their Accompts, &c.

collect.

Precinct, Diffrict or Parish, before his having adjusted the Accompts of his Affestment to him committed, the Executors or Administrators of such Constable or Collector shall within two Months after his decease settle and make up Accompts with the Affestors of the faid Town, Precinct, District or Parisha of fuch Part of the Affessment as was received and collected by the deceased Constable or Collector in his Life-time, with which fuch Executors or Administrators shall be chargeable in like Manner as the deceased Constable or Collector should be if living: And such Assessors shall thereupon procure and appoint some suitable Person or Persons aCollector or Collectors to perfect such Collection; and they are accordingly hereby impowred and required to perform and execute all fuch. Powers as were granted to the deceafed Constables or Collectors therein. And if the Executors or Administrators of any Constable or II G. ca. 3. Collector to deceating, not having fully collected the Affelsment committed, shall fail of making up and settling the Accompt of what was received by the Deceafed as aforefaid, before the Expiration of the Time aforefaid, such Executors or Administrators shall be chargeable with the whole Sum committed to be collected by the Conftable or Collector unto whom they are Executors or Administrators, as the deceased Constable or Collector should be, if living, in Case there be sufficient Assets.

Penalty on detectiveSheriffs or Marfhals.

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That where any Sheriff or his Deputy shall make Default in accounting for or returning into the Treasury the Sum and Sums mentioned in any Warrant or Warrants of Diffress by him to be received from the Treasurer, the Treasurer in such Case is hereby authorized and impowred to make out his Warrant directed unto the Coroner or Coroners of fuch County, where any Sheriff or Under-Sheriff is defective, requiring them respectively to distrein the same upon the EstateReal or Personal of such defective Sheriff or his Deputy, as is before directed herein, referring to the Sheriff or Under-Sheriff, making Diffress upon the Estate of defective Constables or Collectors; which Warrant the Coroner or Coroners of any County shall be directed, and are hereby impowred and required to execute accordingly.

States levied disposed of.

and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That where How real E. any Sheriff or his Deputy shall by Warrant from the Treasurer pursuant to this Act diffrein and levy the Lands or Tenements of any Constable or Collector, by the Trea-or where any Coroner shall by Warrant as aforesaid distrein and levy the Lands rant shall be or Tenements of any Sheriff or Under-Sheriff for their or any of their Defaults in not collecting or not paying into the Treasury any Sum or Sums of Money, which ought to be by them collected levied and paid in as aforefaid, in every fuch Case the Sheriff, or either of his Deputies, or the Coroner executing such Warrant or Warrants of Diftress, shall cause due Apprizement to be made of any Houses or Lands so levied by the Oaths of two or three sufficient Free-

# Falle Muster Rolls.

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holders in the fame County (which Oath any Justice of the Peace is hereby impowred to administer) and after Apprizement thereof fo made, is hereby fully authorized and impowred to make Sale of fuchHouses or Lands, and to make, feal, acknowlege and execute good and fufficient Deeds and Conveyances for the fame, and out of the Produce thereof to pay and fatisfy the Sum and Sums for which fuch Estate shall be levied, with all Charges arising thereon; and to return the Overplus upon such Sale (if any be) unto the Owner. And all Deeds and Conveyances of any such Estate in Houses or Lands duly executed as aforefaid, shall be good and effectual in the Law unto the Purchaser his Heirs and Affigns forever to all Intents and Purpofes.

Provided always, and be it further enacted by the Authority Things exaforesaid, That in no Case whatsoever any Distress shall be made or taken empted from from any Person or Persons of his or their Beasts belonging to the Plow, nor Distress. of Tools or Implements necessary for his or their Trade and Occupation, nor of his or their Arms or Utenfils of Houshold, necessary for upholding of Life; nor of Bedding or Apparel necessary for him or themselves or Family: Any

Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Direction always, and it is hereby obtained and declared by the authority aforescent and the Power of and lawful for the Province-Town annually to elect and chuse in the Month of January Town to the control of Province-Town annually to elect and chuse in the Month of January Town to at a Meeting regularly called for that Purpose, all Town Officers, as the other fantary an-Towns in this Province are impowred to do at their anniversary Meeting in mully. March: Any Thing before contained herein, or any other Law, Usage or Cuftom to the contrary notwithstanding.

CHAP. II. An Act to prevent Frauds in Muster Rolls.

HEREAS it is judged necessary by this Court, that some Forts and Garrisons within this Province in Time of Peace, should be supported for the Safety thereof, which cannot be without confiderable Cost and Charge: And to the Intent that no Money may be drawn out of the publick Treasury for the Pay. Preamble. ment of any Officer, Soldier or Mariner retained in His Majesty's Service and Pay of this Government, but such as bona fide are not only inlisted, but actually in

Person do perform their Duty :

We it enacted by his Excellency the Governour Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That every Officer posted at any of the Forts, Garrisons or Truck Houses within this Province, and all fuch Officers as may hereafter be retained in His Majesty's Service, and the Pay of this Government, and have Soldiers or Mariners under their Command and Inliftment, after the Publication of this Act, that shall make any false or untrue Muster of any Man, or shall wittingly or willingly allow or fign any false or untrueMuster Roll, or anyDuplicate of such Roll,upon Proof thereof uponOath made by twoWitneffes before theSuperiour Court of Judicature, Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery, shall for such Penalty for Offence be disabled from having or holding any civil or military Office, or Imploy-falle Musters ment in this Province, and shall likewise forfeit and pay to His Majesty the Sum of one Hundred Pounds; the one Moiety or half Part of which Fine or Forfeiture, to be applied to and for the Use and Support of this His Majesty's Government, the other Part to and for the Use and Service of the Informer or Informers.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Penalty for Officer shall enter any Person on the Muster Roll by a wrong Name knowingly, conting Solupon Conviction thereof, such Officer shall suffer such Pains and Penalties as is diers by a directed to be inflicted by this Act, on those that shall make and present any wrong Name, false Muster Roll.

And

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## Intelfate Chates.

And to discourage, and as far as may be, prevent all Officers from making and presenting false Muster Rolls:

Summons to be given for Offenders Appearance.

Be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That upon any Complaint or Information filed against any Officer for Breach of this Act in the Clerk's Office of the Superiour Court of Judicature, fetting forth the Facts committed by the faid Officer fourteen Days before the Sitting of the faidCourt, upon Leave obtained under the Hand of the Captain General, or Commander in Chief, the Clerk shall issue forth a Summons to theOfficer informed against. commanding him to appear at the Superiour Court of Judicature, &c. to answer to fuch Complaint; which Summons with a Copy of the Information shall be ferved upon the Officer complained of fourteen Days before the Sitting of the Court.

Sub Panas to be iffeed for Witneffes.

and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any Witnesses to prove the Facts complained of, be retained in His Majesty's Service, and Pay of this Government at any of the Forts or Truck-Houses, or Veffels, upon Application made to and Leave therefor had from the Captain General or Commander in Chief, as aforefaid; the Clerk shall make out Sub Pænas for fuch Witnesses to attend the saidCourt, as Evidences in the saidCases.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if any Officer shall presume to detain any Soldier or Sailor under his Command, or any Ways prevent their attending the faidCourt, when fummoned and notified as before directed, such Officer upon Conviction thereof, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of one Hundred Pounds, to be disposed of in such Manner as in this Act is already provided: To be recovered by Bill, Plaint or Information in His Majesty's Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Assize and General Goal Any Law, Ufage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding. Delivery:

Penalty for an Officer's preneffer to appear.

#### CHAP. III.

An Act in addition to the Act Intitled, An 4 W. & M. Ca. 2. Act for the Settlement and Distribution of the Estates of Intestates.

Preamble.

HEREAS in and by an Ast made and pass'd in the fourth Year of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary, Intitled, An Act for the Settlement and Distribution of the Estates of Intestates; It is among other Things provided, That the Apprizement and Division of the Houses and Lands of any Person dying Intestate, shall be made by Freeholders to be appointed and sworn by the Judge for the Probate of Wills and granting Administrations; which Practice by Reason of the great Distance of the said Judge, from some such Estates, hath been found very burthensome and expensive : For Remedy whereof:

prize and di vide Inteffate Eftates, to be fworn by a Juffice of the Peace, inCafe.

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Persons to ap. Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That hence-forward when and so often as it shall happen that the Estate of any Person dying Intestate shall be more than ten Miles distant from the dwelling Place of the Judge of Probate, for the County where such Estate shall lie, it shall be in the Power of any one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, for the several Counties, to swear the Persons appointed for the Purpose aforesaid: And in Case such Estate be more than ten Miles distant from a Justice of the Peace, such Persons as aforesaid, may be sworn by the Clerk of the Town where the Estates lies, a Certificate of such Oath taken by the Justice and Clerk respectively, to be given into the Probate Office when the Persons appointed and fworn as aforesaid, make Return of their Doings: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding. CHAP.

# County of Worcester.

CHAP. IV.

An Act for erecting, granting and making a County in the Inland Parts of this Province. to be called the County of Worcester, and for establishing Courts of Justice within the fame.

It E it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and exceed by Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Aus the Name of thouty of the same, That the Towns and Places hereafter named and Wordfer.

New County

expressed, That is to say, Worcester, Lancaster, Westborough, Shrewsbury, Southborough, Leicester, Rutland and Lunenburgh, all in the County of Middle fex; Mendon, Towns there-Woodstock, Oxford, Sutton (including Haffanamisco) Uxbridge, and the Land in. lately granted to several Petitioners of Medfield, all in the County of Suffolk; Brookfield in the County of Hampshire, and the South Town laid out to the Narragansett Soldiers; and all other Lands lying within the said Townships, with the Inhabitants thereon, shall from and after the tenth Day of July, which will be in the Year of our Lord One Thousand seven Hundred and thirty one, be and remain one intire and distinct County, by the Name of Worcester, of which Worcester to be the County or Shire Town: And the faid County to have, use and enjoy all such Powers, Priviledges and Immunities, as by Law

other Counties within this Province have and do enjoy.

and he it further enaced by the authority aforefair, That there shall be held and kept within the said County of Worcester yearly and in every Year, at the Times and Place in this Act hereafter expressed, a Court of Ge-Courte of neral Sessions of the Peace, and an Inferiour Court of Common Pleas, to sit at Justice estab-Wercester on the second Tuesdays of May and August, and the first Tuesdays of listed in said November and February yearly and in every Year, until this Court shall otherwife order: Alfo, That there shall be held and kept at Worcester within the faid County of Worcester yearly and in every Year until this Court shall otherwife order, a Superiour Court of Judicature Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery, to fit on the Wednesday immediately preceeding the Time by Law appointed for the holding of the faidSuperiourCourt of JudicatureCourt of Affize and General Goal Delivery at Spring field, within and for the County of Hampthire: And the Justices of the faid Court of General Sessions of the Peace, Inferiour Court of Common Pleas, SuperiourCourt of Judicature, Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery respectively, who are or shall be thereunto lawfully commissioned and appointed, shall have, hold, use, exercise and enjoy all and fingular the Powers which are by Law already given and granted unto them, within any other Counties of the Province, where a Court of General Seffions of the Peace, Inferiour Court of Common Pleas, Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery, are already established.

Provided, That all Writs, Suits, Plaints, Proceis, Appeals, Reviews, Recognizances, or any other Matters or Things which now are, or at any Time be- Proviso sefore the faid tenth Day of July, shall be depending in the Law within any Part ferring to Matters now of the faid County of Worcester; and also all Matters and Things which now depending in are, or at any Time before the faid tenth of July, shall be depending before the Gourts of the Judges of Probate within any Part of the faid County of Worcester, shall the other be heard, tried, proceeded upon and determined in the Counties of Suffolk, Mid-Counties. dlesex and Hampshire respectively, where the same are or shall be returnable or

depending, and have or shall have Day or Days.

Provided

#### Courts to Adjourn in cale of Dickness. 288

Proviso referring to the Registry of Deeds in the other Countics.

Provided alfo, That nothing in this Act contained, shall be construed to difannul, defeat, or make void any Deeds or Conveyances of Lands, lying in the faid County of Wortester, where the same are, or shall be before the said tenth of July, recorded in the Register's Office of the respective Counties where such Lands do now lie; but that all fuch Deeds or Conveyances fo recorded, shall be held good and valid as they would have been had not this Act been made,

Register of Deeds to be chosen.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That the Justices of the Court of General Sessions of the Peace at their first Meeting in the faid County of Worcester, shall have full Power and Authority to appoint fome meet Person within the said County of Worcester to be Register of Deeds and Conveyances within the fame, who shall be sworn to the faithful Discharge of his Trust in the faid Office, and shall continue to hold and exercise the same according to the Directions of the Law, until some Person be elected by the Freeholders of the faid County of Worcester, who are hereby impowered to choose such Person on the first Thursday of September next ensuing, by the Me-# 10 8 TO N thods in the Law already prescribed, to take upon him that Trust: And until fuch Register shall be so appointed by the said Justices and sworn, all Deeds and Conveyances of Lands lying within any Part of the County of Worcefter, which shall be recorded in the Register's Office of the respective Counties where such Lands do now lie, shall be held and deemed good and valid to all Intents and Purpofes as to the recording thereof.

Manner of appointing a Register of Deeds and County Treasurer.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Methods, Directions and Proceedings by Law provided as well for the electing and choofing a Register of Deeds and Conveyances, as a County Treasurer. which Officers shall be appointed in the same Manner as is by Law already provided, on the first Thursday of September next, and also for the bringing forward and trying any Actions, Caules, Pleas or Suits both Civil and Criminal in the feveral Counties of this Province and Courts of Judicature within the fame, and choosing of Jurors to serve at the Courts of Justice, shall extend and be attended, observed and put in Practice within the faid County of Worcester. and by the Courts of Justice within the fame : Any Law, Usage or Custom Proviso about to the contrary notwithstanding.

Taxes.

Provided always, That the Inhabitants of the feveral Towns and Places herein before enumerated and fet off a diffinct County, shall pay their Proportion to any County Rates or Taxes already made and granted, in the fame Manner as they would have done, had not this Act been made.

CHAP. V.

An Act impowring Courts to adjourn and remove from the Towns appointed by Law, for holding Courts to other Towns, in Cafe of Sickness by the Small Pox.

Preamble. re: :n. :n 0 11 10/501

THEREAS the several Acts of this Province for establishing and holding the Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Assize and GeneralGoal Delivery, Courts of General Seffions of the Peace, and Inferiour Courts of Common Pleas in the several Counties of this Province, and for ascertaining the Time and Place for bolding the same, do not impower the Justices of the said Courts to adjourn to any other Town from those where the said Courts are held according to Law, the at the sameTime the Small-Pox (being a mortal infectious Distemper) may prevail there, and so endanger the Lives and Health of many of His Majesty's good Subjects obliged to attend faid Courts, or in a great Measure prevent Persons concerned attending, whereby fuffice may be greatly delayed, and the Subject oppreffed :

25e

# Meights and Bealures. Precinc Petings.

Be it therefore enacted by his Excellency the Governour Council Courts to be and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority removed in of the fame, That when any of the before-mentioned Towns shall be visited Small Pox. with the aforefaid mortal infectious Diftemper, at the Time appointed for holding faid Courts, that then it shall be in the Power of the Justices of faidCourts to adjourn and remove to one of the next adjacent Towns of Safety: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

#### CHAP. VI.

An Act in further addition to an Act Intitled. An Att for due Regulation of Weights and Measures, made in the fourth Year of the Reign of their late Majesties King William and

Queen Mary.

Eit enacted by his Ercellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, That the Brass and Copper Weights and Meafures lately fent out of England, with Certificate out of His Majesty's Exchequer to be approved Winchester Measure, according to the Standard in the Exche-Standard of quer, be the publick allowed Standard throughout this His Majesty's Province, Weights and for the proving and fealing all Weights and Measures thereby. And the Con-Measures. stables of every Town throughout this Province, not already supplied, shall within three Months next after the Publication of this Act provide upon the Town's Charge, one Bushel, one half Bushel, one Peck, one half Peck (conformable as to Bigness to the faid Standard, and of the same Breadths, as are already mentioned in an Act made in the twelfth Year of the faid King William, 12 W. ca. 11. Intitled, An Act in Addition to the Act for due Regulation of Weights and Mea- 4 A. Ca. 20 fures:) as also one Ale Quart, one Wine Pint and half Pint; one Ell, one Yard, one Sett of brass Weights, to four Pounds, (after sixteen Ounces to the Pound,) with fit Scales and Steel Beams, tried and proved by the aforesaid Standard, and fealed with a Seal (of the Letters P. M. (which shall be kept for that Purpose) by the Province Treasurer, or some other Person, in his Presence and by his Order; which faid Weights and Measures shall be kept and used only for Standards in the feveral Towns) and the faid Treasurer is hereby authorized and required to do the same, for which he shall receive from the Constables of each Town two Pence for every Weight and Measure tried, proved and fealed, as aforefaid: Any Law, Ufage or Custom to the contrary not with standing.

# An Act,

Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednesday the twenty-fixth Day of May, 1 7 3 1. and continued by several Adjournments unto Wednesday the third Day of November fol-

CHAP. I.

AnAct making more effectual Provision for the calling of Precinct or Parish Meetings.

HERE AS His Majesty's Justices of the Peace in their several Coun-Preamble. ties are, by the Acts or Laws of this Province already made, impowred, upon Application made to them, to issue out their Warrants for the calling of the O 0 2

## Petit Jurys.

first Meeting of any Parish or District regularly set off; but no Provision is made for the calling any after Meeting in Case of the Death or Refusal of any of the major Part of such a Committee, as are impowred to call other or after Parish Meetings:

Juffices im powred to call Precinct

Meetings af.

ter the firft,

in Cafe.

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That when it shall so happen by the refusal of any Committee impowred to call Meetings in any Parish or District, or their being disabled by the Death or Removal of the major Part of fuch Committee, that then it shall and may be lawful for any Justice of the Peace in the County where such Precinct, District or Parish lies; and such Justice is hereby impowred upon Application to him made by five or more Freeholders of fuch Precinct or Parish, by writing under their Hands, for calling of a Meeting, to iffue out a Warrant for the affembling such District or Parish, directed to one of the Freeholders, requiring him to notify the Freeholders and others (qualified by Law to vote) of the Time and Place of the Meeting: And the Freeholders and other Inhabitants so convened shall have full Power to choose all necessary Officers to act and transact all Matters and Things relating to their Parish, as they shall judge convenient: Provided, That fuch Matters and Things are contained in the Warrant or Notification of the taid Meeting.

Preamble.

And whereas no Provision is made in the Law for swearing of Parish Officers in Towns where no Justice of the Peace dwells, and the travelling to other Towns is attended with Charge and Difficulty:

Therefore,

Clerk to administer an Oath where no Justice dwells.

\$ 10.

De it enacted by the authouity aforefair, That the Affeliors and other Officers in any Parith or Diffrict being in a Town where no Justice of the Peace dwells, shall and may be fivor to the faithful Difcharge of their Office before the Clerk of such Parish or Precinct, who is accordingly impowred to administe the same; the said Clerk being first sworn before one of His Majesty's Justices in the said County.

# An Act,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majefty's Province of the *Maffachusetts-Bay* in *New-England*, Begun and Held at *Boston*, upon Wednesday the thirty-first Day of *May*, 1732.

## CHAP. II.

Preamble.

# AnAct providing Pay for keeping Petit Jurys.

WHERE As the several Courts of Justice established within this Province, have for Years past been in the constant Practice of appointing Perfons under Oath to keep the Jury of Tryals when they have Causes committed to them between the Crown and the Subject, or betweenMan and Man, which Usage hath been of great Service, and tended to the more equal Distribution of Justice. But in as much as there is no Fee or Allowance by Law stated for such Service:

Fees for keeping Jurys.

Be it therefore enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the Fee for keeping the Jurys in all such Cases shall be one Skilling and no more for each Action: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithsanding.

THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE

AN

# Powder house. Law Suits.

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# An Act,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majefty's Province of the Maffachufetts-Bay in New England, Begun and Held at Bofton upon Wednefday the thirty-first Day of May 1732. and continued by Adjournment unto Wednefday the first Day of November following.

CHAP. I.

# An Act in further addition to and Explanation of an Act in addition to an Act for ereaing of a Powder-House in Boston.

HERE AS the Forfeitures for keeping a greater Quantity of Gun-Preamble.
Powder than is allowed by Law, in any of the Houses or Warehouses in
the Town of Boston, as provided in an Ast made and passed in the second
Year of His late Majesty's Reign, Intitled, An Act in Addition to an
Act for erecting a Powder-House in Boston, are found not sufficient to prevent

the Breaches of that AET:

Be it therefore enacted by his Erceliency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That there shall be a further Sum of five Pounds Penalty, keeping too making in the whole ten Pounds, for every half Barrel of Powder, and so promote Gunrales, kept in any House or Warehouse contrary to that Act.

And whereas some Doubts have arisen about the Forfeiture of Powder when

found and informed against:

Be it further declared by the Authority aforefaid, That when any The whole Quantity of Powder is found to be in any House or Warehouse other than by Law Powder to permitted, all such Powder as well the Quantity allowed, as the Over-plus, be forested shall upon Conviction be declared forfeited; and if any Person selling or tecceds what tailing Powder, shall lodge any Powder in any of his Out-Houses or Buildings, is allowed in his Yard, Garden, or any of the Dependencies thereof, more than by that by Law. Law he may, the whole Quantity shall be forfeited as aforesaid.

The faid Forfeitures to be recovered in Manner as is provided in the afore-

faid Act.

# Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majefty's Province of the Maffachyletts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Bofton, upon Wednesslay the thirty-first Day of May 1732. and continued by several Adjournments unto Wednesslay the fourth Day of April following.

CHAP. II.

# An A& in Explanation of and Addition to an A& Intitled, An A& to prevent unnecessary Law-Suits.

WHEREAS by an Ast made and passed in the fourth Year of His present
Majesty's Reign, Intitled, An Act to prevent unnecessary Law-Suits: Preamble.
It is provided, "That where any Person is sued in a Plea of Debt due

" by Book, he may plead what is due upon his Book by Way of Ballance to the Plaintiff's Book: upon which many Doubts have arifen and may arife:

Wherefore

#### Civil Causes.

Wherefore, for the Explanation thereof :

Accompts open or balanced admi: ted as Evidence.

Be it enacted and declared by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the true Intent and Meaning thereof is, That if any Person be sued in any Action, either of Debt or of the Case, for any Sum of Money due upon Contract between the Parties for any Goods fold, or Service done, whether the Accompt be open, or a Ballance thereof be made

Book admitdence against the Plaintiffs Demand.

Defendants and figned by the Parties (except Specialties and express Contracts in writing) he may either plead specially, or upon the general Issue, give in Evidence what is due upon his Book by Way of Balance to the Plaintiff's Demand, and be admitted to all fuch Method and Course of proving his Accompt as any Plaintiff upon his Suit might. And inasmuch as it bath sometimes bappened that when two Persons have at the

Preamble.

same Time Execution against each other, one of them absconds and leaves a Power of Attorney with some other Person, to receive the Money due on his Execution, and by his absconding as aforesaid, avoids paying the other Execution:

For Prevention whereof, and fuch like Inconveniencies for the future;

One Execution to answer another.

Provilo,

Be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That when and so often as it shall happen that the Sheriff, his Deputy, or any Coroner, or his Deputy, or Constable, shall at the same Time have several Executions, wherein the Creditor in one Execution is Debtor in the other, that in fuch Case such Officer or Officers are hereby impowered and directed to cause one Execution to answer and fatisfy the other, so far as the same will extend.

Provided always, That this Act shall not be construed to extend to any Judgments and Executions, wherein the Creditor in one Execution, is not in the fame Capacity and Trust Debtor in the other.

CHAP. II.

# An Act in addition to the Act Intitled, An Act for Review in Civil Causes.

13 W. ch.16.

Preamble.

HEREAS in and by an Ast of this Province, Intitled, An Act for Review in Civil Causes, made and passed in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of bis late Majefly King William the third, It is enacted, "That it "shall be in the Liberty of the Party aggrieved, at the Judgment given in any " Inferiour Court of Common Pleas, or in the Superiour Court of Judicature " respectively, by new Process to Review the faid Cause, once in each Court;" And it is also thereby further Enacted, " That Execution shall not be stay'd or " suspended for, or by Reason of any Process of Review": Which Law by Experience bath been found to be in general Good and Wholfome: But by Reason of the last mentioned Clause of the Act, it bath frequently bappened in Cases where the Plaintiff in the original Action bath obtained Judgment against the Defendant, upon the Appeal at the Superiour Court of Judicature, whereupon Execution bath immediately issued, and the original Defendant, either by Means of the saidPlaintiff's living out of the Province, or of his Insolvency, or of his suing as Executor or Administrator, hath heen defeated of duly serving his Writ of Review, or smally lost or been put to great Difficulty to recover back the Money levied by Execution, altho' be prosecuted his Writ of Review at the next Superiour Court of Judicature, and Judgment there rendred for reverfing the former Judgment, with Costs; which is such an Hardship upon the original Defendant that he loses the good Effects intended by the faid Law :

For Remedy whereof for the future; Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court affembled, and by the Authority of the fame. That when the original Plaintiff in any personal Action now depend-

## Lotteries.

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ing, or hereafter to be commenced upon the Trial of the Appeal at the Superiour Court, shall obtain Judgment against the original Defendant, for any Sum or Sums of Money or other Things fued for and Cofts; in all fuch Cafes fuch Defendant entring into Bonds at the Time of making up the faid Judgment, Execution on Defendant entring into Bonds at the Time of making up the land Judgmens with fufficient Security to be approved of by the faid Court, with Condition to Judgmens on the Approfecute a Writ of Review of the faid Action with Effect, at the next Superi-peal to be our Court of Judicature to be holden within and for the same County, and to staid in Case. answer and pay to the original Plaintiff for the Debt recovered after the Rate of twelve Pounds per Cent. per Annum, being double Interest, from the Time of making up faid Judgment, for his being delayed, and double additional Costs, in Case the Judgment be affirmed, Execution shall be stay'd until Judgment upon the Review; and in Case the original Plaintiff shall not be an Inhabitant Writs of Reupon the Review; and in Cate the original rightning has not or an inhabitant view may be frainfill be deemed a good and legal Service for the Plaintiff on the Review to ferreed an Act. ferve the Attorney, Factor, Agent or Trustee of the original Plaintiff, or such in Case. Person as appeared for the original Plaintiff, on the Appeal with his Writ of Review, which shall be deemed as effectual to hold him, to Answer and Defend in the faid Action, as if he himself were served with said Process. that the double Interest aforementioned shall not extend to the letting of Cattle or Usages of the like Nature in Practice among Farmers, or maratime Contracts among Merchants, as Bottomry or Course of Exchange, as hath been heretofore accustomed.

Proviso,

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That in all real Actions where the Defendant or Defendants in the Review happen to live out of the Province, so that he she or they can't be duly served with a Writ of Writ of Re-Review, the Service of fuch Writ upon the Ter-Tenant or Person in Possession Actions may of the Premisses, shall be deemed a good Service, to hold the Defendant or De- be served on fendants to Answer and Defend in saidSuit; and theCourt of Judicature where Ter-Tenants the faid Writ is returnable, shall proceed to try the Action as if Process had in Case. been ferved upon the original Defendant or Defendants personally.

CHAP. III.

# An Act in addition to an Act Intitled, An Act 6 6 ch. 11 for the Suppressing of Lotteries.

WHEREAS the Provision made in and by an Ast Intitled, An Act for Preamble, the suppressing of Lotteries, made and pass d in the fixth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King George the first, has not been found sufficient to put a Stop to that Practice, but fundry Persons have exposed their Estates as well real as personal to Sale by Lotteries, projected, and the Tickets disposed of within this Province, reserving the drawing of the Lots in some of the neighbouring Colonies or Provinces; whereby the good and wholsome Design and true Intent and Meaning of the aforefaid Alt, is very much eluded and evaded, to the great Discouragement of Trade and Industry, and grievous Hurt and Dammage of many unwary For Remedy whereof :

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Re- Fine for fetpresentatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of ting up a the same, That from and after the Publication of this Act, if any Person or Lottery. Persons shall undertake or set up any Lottery, or expose to Sale, or dispose of any Estate, Real or Personal, by way of Lottery, such Person or Persons shall for fuch Offence forfeit and pay the Sum of five Hundred Pounds, to be recovered by Information, Plaint, Bill or Action at Law, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record within this Province; the one Half thereof to be to the King's Majesty, to be applied towards the Support of this Government; the other Half to him or them that shall inform and sue for the same.

and

the

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## Precind of Parish Deetings.

For publishing any Account of Lot-

And be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That if any Person or Persons shall be aiding or affisting in any Lottery, by printing, writing, or any otherways publishing an Account thereof, or where Tickets may be had for the same, such Person or Persons shall forfeit the Sum of one Hundred Pounds, to be recovered and disposed of in Manner as aforesaid.

For felling Lottery Tic-

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid. That if any Perfons Perfons shall offer or expose to Sale, give, fell, or otherways dispose of to any Person within this Province, any Lottery Tickets for the Sale of any Estate whatsoever, Real or Personal, such Person or Persons shall forfeit the Sum of two Hundred Pounds for each Ticket so exposed to Sale or otherwise disposed of, to be recovered in Manner as aforesaid, and for the Use aforesaid; and the Person so offending shall be uncapable of sustaining any Office or Place of

Proviso.

Profit whatfoever, within this Province.

Provided always, That this Act shall not be construed to extend to anyLottery allowed by Act of Parliament, or Law of this Province.

# An Act.

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednesday the thirtieth Day of May, 1733. and continued by Adjournment unto Wednesday the fifteenth Day of August following.

#### CHAP. I.

AnAct in further addition to anAct Intitled. An Act for making effectual Provision for the calling of Precinct or Parish Meetings.

Preamble.

HERE AS by an Act made in the fourth and fifth Years of the Reign of bis present Majesty, Intitled, An Act for making effectual Provision for the calling of Precinct or Parish Meetings, It is Enasted, "That " when it shall so happen, by the refusal of any Committee impow-" red to call Meetings in any Parish or District, or their being disabled by the " Death or Removal of the major Part of fuch Committee, that then it shall " be lawful for any Justice of the Peace in the County where such Precinct, District or Parish lies, and such Justice is impowred to iffue out a Warrant " for the affembling fuch District or Parish, &c." But no Provision is made by the faid Act for the calling of Precinct or Parish Meetings after the first Meeting, where there shall be a failure of chusing and appointing a Committee to call Meetings for the future, as it hath sometimes happened, by Means whereof many Inconveniencies bave arisen:

the Peace to call Parish Meetings after the firft Meeting in Cafe.

Be it therefore enacted by his Ercellency the Governour, Council A Juffice of and Representatives in General Court affembled, and by the Authority of the same, That where no such Committee has been chosen in any Parish or Precinct, then and in fuch Cafe, upon Application of five or more of the Freeholders and Inhabitants of fuch Precinct or Parish, to any one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the County where such Precinct or Parish lies, by writing under their Hands for calling of a Meeting, to choose PrecinctOfficers, and to transact such Matters and Things necessary for the ordering the Affairs of fuch Precinct or Parish, such Justice is hereby impowred and directed to iffue out a Warrant for the affembling fuch Precinct, District or Parish as aforefaid, directed to the Clerk (if any be) or one of the Freeholders asking

# Inteltate Chates.

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the fame, requiring him to notify the Freeholders and other Inhabitants (qualified by Law to vote in Town Affairs) of the Meeting in like Manner, and according to the Rules and Directions prescribed in an Act Intitled, An Ast in further addition to the Ast for the more effectual providing for the Support of Ministers, made in the tenth Year of the Reign of King George the first.

And whereas many Inconveniencies have arisen from a Justice of the Peace only Preamble. being impowered to swear a Precinct or Parish Clerk:

136 it therefore enacted by the Authority aforefair, That in Case The Moderathere be no Justice of the Peace present at the Choice of a Parish or Precinct for of the Clerk, that then it shall be in the Power of the Moderator of such Precinct or Meeting to Parish Meeting, to swear such Parish or Precinct Clerk, to the faithful Discharge Parish Clerk of his Office; who is hereby impowred to swear the rest of the Precinct in Case.

# An Act,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majefty's Province of the Maffachifetts-Bay in New England, Begin and Held at Bofton upon Wednedday the thirtieth Day of May 1733. and continued by several Adjournments unto Wednesday the third Day of October following.

#### CHAP. I.

An Actin further addition to the feveral Acts or Laws for the Settlement and Distribution of the Estates of Intestates.

HERE AS it esten bappens, that Persons dying Intestate are seized and Preamble, possessed of Lands, and other real Estate, lying and being in several Counties within this Province; and thereupon it bath been disputed, whether the next of Kin and Heirs at Law ough not to apply to the Judges of Probate in the respective Counties where such Lands and real Estate lie, for a Settlement and Distribution of the same, by Means whereof, not only great Trouble, Cost and Charge bath arisen and been occasioned to the Parties concerned, but the same bath been attended with many other Inconveniencies:

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Sovernour, Council and Respretentatives in Seneral Court affembled, and by the Authority of Power to fetthe fame, That when it shall so happen, that any Person shall die Intestate, the Lands in seized of Lands or other real Estate, lying in several Counties within this Province, several Counties I Judge of Probate for any such County (preference to be always given to sie by one the Judge of Probate for the County where the Deceased was an Inhabitant at Judge of Probate for the County where the Deceased was an Inhabitant at Judge of Probate in this Death, shall have full Power and Authority to make a Settlement and Distribution of the whole of the real Estate of such Intestate, in whatsoever County in this Province lying and being, in the same Manner and by the same Rules as are already prescribed by Law: And the like Power and Authority is hereby granted to the several Judges of Probate in this Province, with respect to any Intestate Estate not already settled.

Provided always, That this Act nor any Thing therein contained shall be construed to extend to, or any wife affect any intestate Estate already settled.

Proviso.

TA D

# Superiour Courts altered.

Acts and Laws.

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majefty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednesday the thirtieth Day of May, 1 7 3 3. and continued by several Adjournments unto Wednesday the tenth Day of April following.

CHAP. II.

An Act for altering the Times for holding the Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery, within and for the Counties of Plymouth, Barnstable and Dukes County, Essex and York.

Preamble.

I HEREAS at present the Superiour Court bolden at Barnstable, for the Counties of Barnstable and Dukes-County, preceeds the Time for bolding the Superiour Court at Plymouth, for the County of Plymouth; and the Superiour Cours at York, for the County of York, is holden the Week before the Superiour Court at Ipswich for the County of Essex, which is found to be inconvenient, and the transposing or altering the Order of the Courts aforesaid, would be much better and more acceptable to the respective Counties and Parties concerned:

Time of the Superiour

Be, it therefore enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authoutty of the fame, That the faid Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Courts fitting Affize and General Goal Delivery, appointed to be field at Bariftable, for the at Barnflable. Counties of Barnflable and Dukes County on the Tuefday in the Week immediately preceding the last Tuesday of April yearly, shall be henceforth holden and kept at Barnstable aforesaid, for the faid Counties of Barnstable and Dukes County on the last Tuesday of April yearly, And that the faid Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery appointed to be held at Plymouth, for the County of Plymouth, on the last Tuesday of April yearly, be henceforth holden and kept at Plymouth aforesaid for the saidCounty of Plymouth on the Tuesday immediately preceding the last Tuesday of April annually.

at Plymoutb.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That the faid Superiour Court of Judicarure, Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery, appointed to be held at Ipswich for the County of Essex on the third Tuesday of May yearly, shall be henceforth holden and kept at Ipfwich aforesaid, for the faid County of Effex, on the fecond Tuesday of May yearly: And that the faid Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery, appointed to be held at York for the County of York, on the Wednesday next immediately preceeding the Time appointed by Law for holding the Superiour Court of Judicature, &c. at Ipswich for the County of Essex, shall be henceforth holden and kept at York aforefaid, for the faid County of York, on the

at Ipfwich. at York.

third Tuesday of May annually. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Appeals, Reviews, Recogzinances, Warrants or other Process, already iffied, taken, filed, or to be filed, continued, or any Ways depending; which are to be All Processes heard and tried at the respective Towns of Barnshable for the Counties of

to fland good. Barnstable and Dukes County, Plymouth for the County of Plymouth, Ipswich for the County of Effex, York for the County of York, according to the respective Times or Days already appointed by Law, shall not fail or be discontinued, but be valid and fland good to all Intents and Purpoles in the Law, and be heard, Clerks of the tried and determined at the respective Times and Days set and appointed by

Fenires.

Court to iffue this Act: And that the Clerks of the faidCourts in making out Writs of Venire Facias for the Choice of Jurors, take Notice that they give their Attendance on the first Day of the faid Courts sitting. And all Officers and other Persons concerned are required to conform themselves accordingly. CHAP.

# Criminal Offenders. High Ways.

CHAP. III.

An A& in further addition to an A& Intitled, An Act for the punishing of Criminal 4 W & M. Offenders.

WHEREAS the Penalties already provided in and by an Act, made and passed in the fourth Year of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary, Preamble. Intitled, An Act for the punishing of criminal Offenders, bave in a great Mea-

fure proved ineffectual to restrain Persons from Drunkenness, profane Sweering and

Be it therefore enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court affembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That for the future, whoever shall be convicted of prophane Swearing or Curfing shall for the first Offence forseit and pay the Sum of ten Shillings, and for every such Oath or Curse after the first (uttered at the same Time, and in the hearing of the same Person or Persons) the Sum of two Shil-Time, and on the nearing of the man't retion of Perions, the Sun of Penalties for Visings: And if any fuch Offender shall at any other Time afterward, be con-Penalties for vicited of profane Swearing or Cursing, he or she shall forfeit and pay for every fuch Oath or Curse, the Sun of ten Skillings, and also be proceeded with in like swearing and the Carlot of the Sun of ten Skillings, and also be proceeded with in like swearing and Manner, as the aforesaid Act directs in Case of a second Conviction of Drun-curing, kenness. And if any Person shall be convicted of Drunkenness, such Offender shall forfeit and pay the Sum of ten Shillings for every such Offence!

The respective Fines before-mentioned, to be recovered in the Manner, at

the Time, and disposed of for the Use in said Act mentioned.

And in Case any such Offender as aforesaid, shall be unable or refuse to pay fuch Fine or Fines, on him or her imposed, the Justice or Justices before whom the Conviction shall be, are hereby impowred to punish such Offender agreable to the Direction of the Law made in the fifth Year of King William and 5 W. & M. Queen Mary, Intitled, An additional Ast for the punishing criminal Offences. ch. 5.

# An Ad.

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majetty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-ninth Day of May, 1 7 3.4.

## CHAP. IV.

An Act in addition to the feveral Acts re- 10 William lating to and for preventing of Encroach 11 4 ca 6. ments and Incumbrances uponHighWays, private Ways, Streets, &c.

O rodan tu

HEREAS the Provision made by the Law for removing of Incumbrances, Buildings or Fences upon, or across, or that do or may obstruct or Preamble.

Areighten the high Ways, private Ways, Town Ways, Streets or Alleys, has been found in some Cases insufficient to pay and satisfy the Charge of removing the same: And whereas also it frequently happens (in ancient Towns especially) that after Lands have been long senced in particular Lots or Proprieties, such Fences are generally reputed the Bounds between such particular Lots, Pp2

1734.

That if any

## Brisoners for Debt.

and the high Ways, private Ways, Streets, Alleys or Commons within such Town, and no Monuments remain of any other Boundaries; whereby great Advantage is given (to Persons so disposed) to encroach on said high Ways and Commons, and the Prosecution of such Offences is rendered extreamly difficult:

For Remedy whereof:

Buildings. Fences, 80 on high Ways, &c. to be removed.

Be it enacted by his Ercellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Person or Persons at any Time from and after the Publication of this Act, shall presume to fet up or cause to be set up or erected any Building, Fence or other Incumbrance whatfoever, in, upon, or over any of the Roads, high Ways, private Ways, Streets, Lanes or Alleys, in any Town within this Province, or continue any fuch Incumbrance, and be duly convicted thereof, the faid Incumbrances, Buildings or Fences, thall be removed as in and by Law is directed: And in Case the Materials of such Buildings, Fences, or Charges how other Incumbrances, be infufficient to pay and fatisfy the Charges of removing the fame, and Cofts of Profecution, the Court or Justice before whom such Profecution shall be made, shall and are hereby impowred to order the Payment thereof, out of other Goods or Estate of the Person or Persons so offending,

of spitions? and award Execution accordingly.

Boundaries

stated.

to be de-

frey'd.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That where has pursual Fences have been crefted fronting against any of the common Lands and high Banhus Ways, private Ways, Streets, Lanes or Alleys in any Town or Peculiar within this Province, where the Breadth of fuch high Ways, private Ways, Streets, Lanes or Alleys is not known, nor can be made certain by the Records thereof, nor any other Boundaries, and fuch Fences have been upheld and maintained for more than the space of thirty Years, such Fence or Fences shall then, and from thenceforth, be accepted, reputed and taken as the Lines or Boundaries between the faid Commons, high Ways, private Ways, Streets, Lanes or Alleys, and the Lands lying in particular Propriety adjoining thereto, unless the 2 . Owner or Owners of fuch Lands do make it appear by authentick Records, or credible: Witnesses, that his or their Bounds did extend further in the original

No Fences to be remov'd

mons, high

Ways, &c.

or other Per-

Grant thereof. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, nearer Com- Owner or Proprietor of Lands inclosed and fenced as aforesaid, shall remove his or their Fence or Fences further towards any fuch Commons, high Ways, withour duly Streets, Lanes or Alleys, without duly notifying the Select-Men of the Town notifying the wherein such Lands do lie, or such other Person or Persons respectively, as are Select Men, or shall be chosen and appointed by such Town or the Proprietors thereof, to take the Care and Inspection of the Boundaries between the Land of particular fons appoint-Persons, and the Lands in said Town, appropriated for Common, High-Ways, 3 M. &c. that to the Lines or Boundaries may be perambulated before the Fences be fo removed, every fuch Person and Persons so offending, or that shall be aiding

Penalty.

form and fue for the fame.

CHAP. V. An Act in addition to an Act Intitled, An

Act for the Ease of Prisoners for Debt.

or affifting therein, upon Conviction thereof, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of

for Shillings, to be disposed of, one Half to the Poor of such Town where the Offence shall be committed, the other Half to him or them that shall in-

Preamble.

HERE AS it is provided in and by an AET made and pass d in the fourth Year of the Reign of King GEORGE the second, Intitled, An AET for the Ease of Prisoners for Debt, " That any Person imprisoned for Debt, " either upon mean Process or Execution, shall be allowed the Liberty of the " Prifon

# Intestate Estates.

" Prison Yard, the Prisoner with two fufficient Sureties, giving Bond to the " Sheriff for his keeping within the Limits thereof, until lawfully discharged." And altho' it is further provided, " That in Case of an Escape the Penalty of "fuch Bond shall be to and for the Use of the Creditor, and shall be transferred and affigned over to the Creditor by the Sheriff." Yet forasmuch as

the Creditor upon putting fuch Bond in Suit can recover Judgment only for the original Debt, with Cost of Suit and Interest, by Reason of which, Escapes are not sufficiently discouraged, and many Creditors kept out of their just Dues to their great Hurt and Dammage.

For Remedy whereof:

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Re- Upon Prifopresentatives in General Court allembled, and by the Authority of new Escape, the same, That henceforward, when and so often as any Prisoner, having given Bond as aforefaid, shall make an Escape, the whole Penalty of such Bond to the Creditive Court of shall be to and for the Use of the Creditor, and shall be transferred and affigned tor. over to the Creditor by the Sheriff, with full Power to enable him to put the fame in Suit, and the Creditor shall recover the whole Sum therein expressed, and the Court shall make up Judgment accordingly.

#### CHAP. VI.

# An Act for regulating the Proceedings on Bonds of Administrators, on Intestate Estates.

HEREAS in and by an Act or Law of this Province, made in the fourth Year of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary, Intitled, An Preamble. A& for the Settlement and Distribution of the Estates of Intestates, the Judges for Probate of Wills, and granting of Administrations in the respective Counties, are required to take Bond of such Person or Persons, to whom they grant the Al-ministration of the Estate of any Intestate, and it sometimes happens, that such Judges do put those Bonds in Suit, and distribute the Sums recovered thereon, to and among the Parties interested in such Manner, as in and by the said AET is directed : And whereas it has happened, that after such Distribution as aforesaid, the Administrator has brought his Action of Review, and thereupon obtained a reversal of the former Judgment; in which Case the respective Judges of Probate are Wable to an Execution, and thereby exposed to great Charge and Inconvenience :

## For Remedy whereof:

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Reprefentatives in General Court aftembled, and by the authority Execution to of the fame. That when any of the Judges for the Probate of Wills and Judgment receiving of Administrator's Roll and a Judgment regranting of Administrations, shall put in Suit any Administrator's Bond, and re-covered by cover a Judgment for the Penalty therein expressed, or any Part thereof at any the Judge of Inferiour Court of Common Pleas, or Superiour Court of Judicature, Execution Probate, of fuch Judgment shall be staid, until the next Session of the Court whereat the same was obtained, that so such Administrator may then (if he sees Cause) have an Opportunity to review his Action t and if he shall neglect so doing, Execution shall thereupon be awarded; and the Judge for Probate shall makeDistribution of the Sum recovered to and among the Parties interested therein, agreable to the Direction of the Law: And every fuch Administrator is hereby forever precluded and bar'd from bringing any fuch Action afterward.

# Lowallyps, &c. Inteliate Estates.

CHAP. VII.

An Act in Explanation of and further addition to an Act Intitled, An Act for regulating of Townships, Choice of Town Officers, and setting forth their Power.

Preamble.

WHEREAS in and by an Ast made and passed in the fourth Year of King William and Queen Mary, Intitled, An Act for regulating of Townships, Choice of Town Officers, and fetting forth their Power, It is provided, "That the Bounds of all Townships shall be run betwixt Town and Town, and Marks renewed once in three Years, by two of the Select-Men of each "Town, or any other two Persons whom the Select-Men shall appoint; the

"Select-Men of the most ancient Town to give Notice to the Select-Men of the next adjacent Towns, of the Time and Place of Meeting for such Perambulation, six Days before Hand, on pain of forfeiting five Pounds by the Select-Men of any Town that shall neglect their Duty in any of the Particulars aforesaid; two Thirds thereof for the Use of the Poor of such Towns, and the other Third unto the Select-Men of any of the next adjacent Towns, that shall inform and such for the same in the Inferious Court of Company

"that shall inform and sue for the same, in the Inseriour Court of Common 
"Pleas within the same County." Whereupon some Disputes have arisen as to 
the Disputing to the significant state of the Double.

the Disposition of the said Forseiture of five Pounds.

For Prevention whereof and that the said Act may be rendred more effectual;

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That when the Select-Men of any Town within this Province, whose Duty it is by the said Act to give Notice unto the Select-Men of the next adjacent Towns of the Time and Place of Meeting for perambulating the Bounds betwixt them, shall neglect their Duty in that Particular, they shall forfeit and pay the Sum of fifieen Pounds. And if the Select-Men of any Town within this Province shall (upon Notice given as aforefaid) refuse or neglect by themselves or others by their Appointment, to meet and perambulate such Bounds, altho' they may be the Bounds between County and County, they shall forfeit and pay the Sum of fifteen Pounds: The faid Fines or Forfeitures to be disposed of, one Third to the Select-Men, or other Person of the Town, which is not negligent of their Duty in this Behalf, who shall inform and sue for the fame; and the other two Thirds to the Use of the Poor of the Town of which they are Select-Men; the faid Fines or Forfeitures respectively to be recovered in any Court of Common Pleas within the County where either of the faid Towns lie.

Forfeiture for not perambulating TownBounds

How to be disposed of.

mg 100,1000 of

ene Heer :

An Act,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majefty's Province of the Maffachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednesday the twenty-ninth Day of May, 1 7 3 4. and continued by Adjournments unto Wednesday the twentieth Day of November following.

AnA&in addition to anA&Intitled, An A&I for the Settlement and Distribution of the Estates of Intestates.

WHEREAS in and by an Att made and passed in the fourth Year of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary, Intitled, An Act for the Settlement and Distribution of the Estates of Intestates, "The Judges of Probate

Preamble.

# Cafes in Equity.

\* Probate of Wills, and for granting Letters of Administration of the Estates " of Intestates, are to settle the Estate both real and personal, one third Part of the personal Estate to the Wife of the Intestate for ever, besides her Dower

" or Thirds in the Houfing and Lands during Life, where fuch Wife shall of not be otherwise endowed before Marriage; and all the Residue of the real

" and perfonal Estate by equal Portions to and among his Children, and such " as shall legally represent them, &c." But sufficient Provision is not made for the Scitlement of the Estate on the Grand-Child or Grand-Children, where one or more of the Children of the Intestate are deceased: For want thereof considerable Difficulties have arisen and may arise:

For Remedy whereof;

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of Manner of the same, That the several Judges of Probate of Wills and for granting Admi- setting Intelnistration on the Estates of Intestates, where any of the Children deceased in tate Estates on the Life-Time of the Intestate, and left Isiue, shall make a full Settlement of Grand Chilthe Estate in Manner following, viz. On the Grand-Children, that Part which their deceased Father or Mother would have had or taken if living at the Time of the Intellate's decease, and shall settle two Shares or a double Portion on the eldest Son, if any be, and so in the same Manner and Proportion as if the same had descended from their immediate Father or Mother, and shall follow the fame Rules as to fettling the Lands upon one or more of the Grand-Children, (as the same are capable of making Settlements) according to the Direction of the Law of this Province, viz. An Act made in the fixth Year of King George the first, Chap. III. directing to give preference to the Sons.

Provided always, This Act shall not extend to affect the Title of any Estate

already fettled.

Provito.

# Acts and Laws.

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majesty's Province of the Maffachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-eighth Day of May, 1 713 5.

# CHAP. II.

An Act in addition to an Act Intitled, An 10 W. Ca. 14. Act for the hearing and determining Cases in Equity, made and passed in the tenth Year of the Reign of King William the third.

7 HERE AS the Conditions annexed unto Bonds and other Specialties, are fometimes for the Payment of Moneys, or the Performance of other Mat- Preamble. ters and Things at different Times; and when upon the first Breach of such Condition the Bond or Specialty has been put in Suit, it has been apprehended that the Courts of Justice, even in Equity, can chancer such Bonds or Specialties to so much only of the Debt, or other collateral Matters to be performed,

as is become due at the Time of the Action brought, whereby the Obliger may meet with Difficulty to recover his Debt as it shall become due :

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That when any Action shall be brought and prosecuted on any Bond or other Specialty with Penalties for the Payment of Sums of Money, Performance of Covenants, Contracts, Agreements, Matters or Things to be

## 2002 in the Lown of Boston.

done at feveral Times, and the Plaintiff recover the Forfeiture of fuch Penalty.

Judgment to for the whole

Thing be-

comes due.

the Court shall enter up Judgment for the whole of such Forfeiture, and award Execution only for fo much of the Debt or Dammage as is due or fuftained at the Plaintiff, his Executors and Administrators, for any further and after Paymance or Breach of the Covenants, Contracts, Agreements or Things, in fuch Bonds or other Specialties contained; and may have a Writ or Writs of Scire Writs of Scire Facias on faid Judgment, from fuchCourts where the fame was obtained against the Defendant, his Heirs, Executors, or Administrators, suggesting other and from Time to further Dammages fustained by the Non-Performance or Breach of Such Cove-Time as any nants, Contracts and Agreements; and to summon him or them to shew Cause why Execution should not be awarded upon faid Judgment for other and further Dammages, as fet forth in the Writ, and made out to the Court; upon which the faid Court shall proceed as aforefaid, and so toties quoties, or as often as fuch Dammages shall accrue, and to be sued for as aforesaid.

Bonds where that Time; fo always that the faid Judgment shall stand, and be a Security to veraPayments ments or Dammages he or they may have a just Right to by the Non-Perforiffued thereon

# CHAP. III. An Act for employing and providing for the Poor of the Town of Boston.

Preamble.

WHERE AS the Town of Boston is grown considerably populous, and the Idle and Poor much increased among them, and the Laws now in Force relating to them, not so suitable to the Circumstances of the said Town, which are different from those of the other Towns in the Province: Therefore.

TwelveOverfeers of the Poor to be Wards to be appointed.

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the fame. That from henceforth at the anniverlary Town Meeting in March, for chosen in Bof. the Choice of Town-Officers, the Town of Boston are, and shall be hereby imton & twelve powered to chuse twelve Overleers of the Poor, who shall be chosen for twelve feveral Wards respectively, into which the faid Town is or shall be divided, each Overfeer to have the more especial Care of his particular Ward, yet so as not to exclude the Authority of any other Overfeer, as there may be Occasion; which Overfeers shall visit their respective Wards, whensoever they may judge there is Occasion, at least once in every Month; and shall also once in every Month affemble together to confider and determine of the most proper Methods for the Discharge of their Office.

Preamble.

And whereas the Poor of the faid Town may upon the decay of Trade become still more numerous, and want Means to employ and set themselves to Work in any fettled or constant Manner, or by ill Habits become idle and flothful and very burthensome to the Town:

Town of for the Poor.

Be it enacted by the authority aforesaid, That in such Case, or when-Boston impowe ever the faid Town of Boston shall, at a legal Town Meeting for that Purpose red to erect a duly warned, judge it necessary or convenient to erect, provide or endow an Work-House House for the Reception and Employment of the Idle and Poor of the said Town, they the faid Town are, and hereby shall be authorized and impowered Overfeers of fo to do; which House shall be under the Regulation of the Overseers of the Poor, to be annually chosen as aforesaid; and erected, provided for, continued

the Poor to regulate it.

or discontinued, as the faid Town shall find or judge their Circumstances require: And the faid Town are hereby authorized to make Purchases and receive Donations for endowing the faid Work-House, to the Value of three Thousand Pounds per Annum; and to sue and be fued in all Assairs of said House; the several Donations to be always applied according to the Will of

The House may be endowed.

the Donors.

and

# Poor of the Town of Boston. 19036

303

and be it further enacted, That the Overseers of the Poor of the Town Overseers to of Boston, for the Time being, shall have the Inspection, Ordering and Govern- Matters of ment of the faid House, with Power of appointing a Master or Masters, and the House. one or more Affistants, for the more immediate Care and Oversight of the Per-In Security of the Interior of the Impowered in Maid House: Which Overseers at their month-ly Meetings shall have Power to make Orders and By-Laws for the better and to make Bymore decent regulating the faid House; which Orders shall be binding till the Laws to be next Town-Meeting, to which they shall exhibit them, and when approved by approv'd by the faid Town at a legal Meeting, shall be obligatory, until revoked by the the Town. faid Town.

and be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That each one of the Overfeers to end any idle and indigent Person or fend idle and Persons to the said House for Entertainment and Employment for the space of indigent Persons to the said House for Entertainment and Employment for the space of indigent Persons to the said House for Entertainment and Employment for the space of indigent Persons to the said House for Entertainment and Employment for the space of indigent Persons to the said House for Entertainment and Employment for Enter twenty-four Hours; and any two of the faid Overfeers shall have Power to con- fone to the tinue or fend to faid House such Person or Persons, till discharged by the major Work House.
Part of said Overseers at a monthly Meeting: Which Person or Persons the Mafter or Mafters and Affiftants are hereby required to receive and employ accordingly.

And whereas there are sometimes Persons rated to the publick Taxes, who are notwithstanding unable or negligent to provide Necessaries for the Sustenance and

Support of their Children :

Be it enacted. That the Overfeers shall have the same Power of binding out the Chile out into good Families, the Children of such, as where the Parents are rated as are not rated to the Parents are rated as are not rated to the provided such Parents are not rated to the parents are rated as are not rated to the parents are rated as are not rated to the parents are rated as are not rated to the parents are rated as are not rated to the parents are rated as are not rated to the parents are rated as are not rated to the parents are rated as are not rated to the parents are rated to the parents are rated to the parents are rated as are not rated to the parents are rated as are not rated to the parents are rated as are not rated to the parents are rated as are not rated to the parents are rated as are not rated to the parents are rated as are not rated to the parents are rated as are not rated to the parents are rated as are not rated to the parents are rated as are not rated to the parents are rated as are not rated to the parents are rated to the parents are rated as are not rated to the parents are rated as are not rated to the parents are rated to the pa nothing; provided fuch Persons are not rated for their personal Estate or ted for their

personal E-

And for as much as there is great Negligence in fundry Persons as to the in-firutting and educating their Children, to the great Scandal of the ChristianName,

and of dangerous Consequence to the rifing Generation:

Be it further enacted, That where Persons bring up their Children in fuch groß Ignorance, that they do not know, or are not able to diftinguish the And also such Alphabet or twenty-four Letters at the Age of fix Years, in fuch Cafe are not taught the Overfeers of the Poor are hereby impowered and directed to put or bind to read. out into good Families, fuch Children, for a decent and Christian Education, as when Parents are indigent and rated nothing to the publick Taxes; unless the Children are judged uncapable, through fome inevitable Infirmity.

And in as much as the Division of the Town of Boston into twelve Wards, and Assignation of each Ward to the more immediate Care of a particular Overseer, will give the aforesaid Overseers Opportunity of a more exact Knowledge of the Town, and all Intruders into it:

Be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That the aforesaid Overfeers of the Poor in the Town of Boston, be and they hereby are, impowered Overfeers of to warn any and all Intruders, or others, who are not Inhabitants, to depart the the Poor to Town; and in Case of refusal or neglect, to proceed in the same Manner, warn Intruand with as full Power, as the Select-Men of faid Town, by Law, may or can the Town. And the Constables are hereby required to observe and yield ready Obedience to the Orders and Directions of the Overfeers aforefaid, by Virtue and in Confequence of this Act.

# Proprietoes of Lands. Lands to pay Dehts.

CHAP. IV.

# An Act directing how Meetings of Proprietors in Wharfes or other real Estate befides Lands may be called.

Preamble.

- 1 1 tu .

THEREAS the Laws of this Province have impowered not only the Proprietors of common Lands, but of any other Estate or Interest to fue or be fued; but no Direction being given how a Meeting of fuch Proprietors may be called: And whereas by Reason of the Death or Refusal of any or the major Part of the Committee impowered to call Meetings of Proprietors in Wharfes, or other real Estates, the said Proprietors may be under Difficulties :

For remedying the fame:

A Juffice of the Peace to call a Meetctors of on Applica-

. H 12

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same. That when and so often as five or more of the Proprietors in any Wharfes or other real Estate or Interest whatsoever, shall judge a Proing of Propri- prietors Meeting necessary, and shall make Application to a Justice of the Peace within the County where fuch real Estate or Interest lies, such Justice is Wharles up- hereby impowered to grant a Warrant for fuch Meeting, directed to one of the Proprietor's asking the same, requiring him to notify the Proprietors of the Meeting, and the Time and Place for the fame : Which Notification shall be in writing posted up in some publick Place within the Town where such fister lies, sourteen Days before the Time appointed for such Meeting; and such and fo many of the Proprietors as shall affemble and meet together accordingly, shall have Power, by a major Vote of the Proprietors present, to chuse a Clerk to enter all Votes and Orders that shall from Time to Time be made at such Meetings; and shall be sworn to the faithful Discharge of his Office; and agree upon any other Method of calling Meetings; also to chuse a Committee for managing the Affairs of the Propriety; and also to pass all Orders and Roles for the further managing, improving and ordering fuch Effate or Interest as they shall agree: The Voices always to be collected according to the Interest, where the same is known; and no other Affair to be acted at such Meeting, but what is express'd in the Warrant and Notification of fuch Meeting.

and be it further enacted. That when it shall happen Suit shall be brought against any Proprietors in any real Estate besides Lands, the Plaintiff When Suit is bringing forward luch Suit, shall cause the Clerk of such Propriety or some principal Proprietor in fuch Estate, to be served with a Copy of the Writ or Summons, at least thirty Days before the Day of the sitting of the Court to the Clerk to

which the same shall be returnable.

CHAP. V.

brought a-gainft the Proprietors

be ferved.

An Act in Explanation of and further Addition to the Act for making Lands and Tenements liable to the Payment of Debts.

Preamble.

SA A Ho

HERE AS some Doubt has arisen, whether the Right which the Mort gager bath in Equity to redeem fuch Land as he has mortgaged, may be legally taken by Capias or Attachment upon mean Process, or by Execution, for satisfying or paying the Debts of the Mortgager:

For removing whereof:

## Counterfeiting Bills of Credit.

305

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembles, and by the authority of the same, That such Rights in Equity of redeeming mortgaged Lands hereto-fedeming for same, That such Rights in Equity of redeeming mortgaged Lands hereto fore have legally been, now are, and hereafter shall be liable to be taken by liable to be Capias or Attachment upon mean Process, and by Execution upon Judgment taken by the Capias or Attachment upon mean Froces, and the Mortgager, and the Person Creditor of recovered for the Payment of the just Debts of the Mortgager, and the Person Creditor of the Mortgager. at whose Suit the said Right by Equity of redeeming such Mortgaged Lands is ger. taken in Execution, shall have the same and as full and ample Right and Power of redeeming fuch Lands as the Mortgager himself had or ought to have, an Acknowledgement of Satisfaction in the Margin of the Record of fuch Mortgages, by the Mortgagee or his Heirs, shall be as sufficient a Discharge thereof to the Creditor who hath redeemed or shall hereafter redeem the same, or to his Heirs, as it would have been to the Mortgager himself or his Heirs.

Provided, That if the faid Right shall by Apprizement in due Form of Law Overplus to happen to exceed the Sum to be levied with the necessary Charges, the Over- be returned plus shall be paid by the Creditor to the Debtor, within three Months after and paid to

levying the Execution or Publication of this Act.

Provided also, and be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid, Executions That all Executions that shall hereafter be levied on Lands or Tenements, and hereon to be the Proceedings thereon, shall at the Charge of the Creditor, within three Months enter'd in the after fuch levying, be entred in the Office of the Register of Deeds for the Registry of County where fuch Lands lie.

and it is further provided and enacted, That the Debtor whose Right Debtor alin Equity as aforefaid is taken by Execution as aforefaid, shall have Liberty for low'd a Year the space of one Yeat next after levying such Execution, of redeeming such his to redeem his Right, by paying the full Sum levied by Execution on fuch Right, with lawful Right. Interest, and all Charges arising thereon, and such other Sum or Sums as the Creditor, at whose Suit the Execution was levied, shall have paid to the Person or Persons to whom it was before mortgaged, or to the Mortgager himself.

and it is further enacted, That fuch Person or Persons (at whose Suit fuch Lands or Right by Equity of redeeming any mortgaged Lands, have been, have a good are, or shall be taken by Execution as aforesaid) shall be as legally and fully intitled Title to the to the faid Lands or Right of redeeming the Mortgage or Mortgages thereof, Land. as the original Mortgager at the Time of levying the Execution was; and the faid Lands or Right of redeeming the same shall be and remain to the said Creditor, and his Heirs and Affigns for ever, unless redeemed by the Mortgager within one Year as aforefaid.

Creditor to

# Acts and Laws.

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majefty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-eighth Day of May 1 7 3 5. And continued by Adjournments to Wednesday the nineteenth Day of November following.

An A& more effectually to prevent the Counterfeiting the Bills of Credit on this

Province.

E it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and uttering of Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authouty of the same, That whosever after the Publication of this pusified with
Act shall presume to forge; counterfeit or utter any Bill or Bills (knowing the Death withsame when uttered to be false and counterfeit) of the Tenor, or in Imitation of out Benefit of

Q q 2

any

Making and

#### Collectors of Taxes. Miles Bridge.

any of the Bills of Credit on this Province by Law established, or that shall Counsel, advise, procure, or any Ways affist in the forging, counterfeiting, imprinting, stamping or figning any false Bills, or engrave any Plate, or make any other Instrument to be used for the making any such false and counterfeit Bills, every Person and Persons so offending, being thereof convicted, shall be adjudged to fuffer the Pains of Death, without Benefit of Clergy.

CHAP. II.

# An Act to impower the Collectors of Taxes to require Aid.

Preamble.

WHERE AS the Collectors of the Rates and Taxes oft-times labour under Difficulty in collecting from diverse Persons the Sums assessed on them and fometimes are prevented ever collecting the same, for that the Law doth not impower the Collectors to require and take Aid to affift them in diffreining for the Rates committed to them to collect, and apprehending Persons who refuse to pay the same which is to the publick Dammage:

For Remedy whereof:

Collectors of powered to demand Aid.

1.1 600 11

Penalty for

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any of the Collectors of the Province, County, Town and Precinct Rates and Taxes, when in the Execution of their Office, shall be hindred and impeded in collecting the Rates and Taxes committed to them, it shall be lawful for such Collectors, if Need be, to require some meer Person or Persons, to aid and affist them therein. And that all Persons so required that shall refuse their Aid and Assistance, and shall be convict thereof, before one or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace in the County where the Offence is committed, shall pay a Fine to be disposed of to the Use of the Poor of the Town where the Offence may arife, not exceeding forty Shillings, at the Difcretion of the Justice or Justices according to the Circumstances of the Offence; provided that it appear to the faid Justice or Justices that the Aid so demanded as aforefaid was necessary.

refuling to give Aid, C. edine. 13

> And if the Person so convict will not pay his Fine, the Justice or Justices may upon refusal thereof, order such Person to the commonGoal of theCounty. there to remain a close Prisoner for the space of forty-eight Hours, or order him to be fet in the Stocks for the space of two Hours.

# An Act,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majefty's Province of the Maffachufetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Bofton, upon Wednesday the twenty-sixth Day of May, 1 7 3 6.

CHAP. III.

An Act for Rebuilding the Bridge called Miles Bridge, over the River between Swanzey and Barrington.

Preamble.

11.35

HERE AS the Bridge over the River between Swanzey and Barrington, in the Country Road, commonly called Miles Bridge, has been found very beneficial, and heretofore bath been built and maintained by the said Towns of Swanzey and Barrington, but of late has been neglected, and is become wholly useless, very much to the Prejudice of the Publick : For Remedy whereof

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the saure, That the Court of General Sessions of the Peace for the County of Bristol, be and hereby are impowered and ordered to iffue and send forth War-Swanzey and Barrington to faild Towns of Seconzey and Barrington respectively, requiring the faild Towns to build a good and substantial Cart Bridge cross the faid River in Charge of the Country Road aforefaid, where the faid Bridge did ftand, two third Parts Building and to be done by the Town of Swanzey, and the other third Part by the Town of Repairing Barrington: And in Case of Neglect of the said Towns to build the Bridge Miles Bridge. aforesaid, in Manner aforesaid, for the space of three Months next after their being ordered to do the same by the said Court of General Sessions of the Peace, the faid Court of General Sessions of the Peace are hereby impowered and directed to order and fet on Work proper Persons to build the aforefaid Bridge, and to levy the Cost and Charge thereof by War-rant of Diffress on the Estate of the said Towns of Swanzey and Barrington, and for want thereof on their Inhabitants; two Thirds thereof on the faid Town of Swanzey, and the other Third on the Town of Barrington; but in Case one of said Towns only should refuse or neglect to do their porportionable Part of faid Bridge as aforefaid, then the faid Court of General Seffions of the Peace are hereby impowered and directed to order and imploy proper Persons to perform and do the same, and levy the Cost and Charge thereof by Warrant of Diftress as aforesaid, on such defective Town; and in likeManner from Time to Time for ever hereafter, the faid Court of General Seffions of the Peace, are hereby impowered and directed to order the repairing, and rebuilding, and keeping in good Condition the aforefaid Bridge.

## Acts and Laws,

Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednesday the twenty-fixth Day of May, 1736. and continued by several Prorogations unto Wednesday the twenty-fourth Day of November following, and then met.

An Act to prevent the tearing and defacing the Bills of Credit on this Province and the neighbouring Governments, as also the passing of the same after they are torn and defaced.

THEREAS by the tearing the Bills of Credit on this Province, and on the neighbouring Governments into Halves and Quarters, and then paffing Preamble; the same so torn and defaced, many Frauds have been committed by taking end joining Bills of a lower Denomination to those of a higher Denomination, and so uttering and passing the same; and likewise Parts of false and counterfeit Bills in Parts separate, or joined to Parts of true Bills, and thereby many of His Majesy's good Subjects of this Province have suffered considerable Loss and Dammage, and are likely to suffer more : For Prevention whereof:

Fe it enacted by his Ercellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of of Credit for the same, That whosever shall after the Publication of this Act, presume bidden to to tear or deface any of the Bills of Credit on this Province, or the neighbour- pass.

### Driginal Summons.

ing Governments, viz. (New Hampshire, Connetticut, or Rhode-Island) or to utter and pass, after the first Day of June next, any such Bills in Quarters or Halves, every fuch Person being convicted thereof before any one of His Majefty's Justices of the Peace in the County where the Offence shall be committed, or the Person offending lives, shall forseit the Sum of forty Shillings, to be applied the one Half to the Use of the Town where the Conviction shall be made; the other Half to the Profecutor: And in Case the Offender shall be unable to pay the Fine and Costs of Prosecution, then he or she shall suffer feven Days Imprisonment.

Treafurer forbidden to of Bills after June.

And the Treasurer of the Province shall not after the first Day of July next, receive Parts receive as Payment for any publick Debts or otherwise into the Treasury, three Quarters, Halves or Quarters of Bills of any Denomination, unless the Person offering the Part or Parts of fuch Bills, make Oath before him (who is im-

powered to administer the same) in the Words following, viz. Unless Oath

be made, &.. TOu A. B. do swear, That you did not receive this Quarter of a twenty Shilling Pill by it felf, but received the whole twenty Shilling Bill, and that it was torn by Accident fince it came into your Possession. So help you GOD. Or has made the fame Oath, mutatis mutandis, according to the Parts and Value of the Bills torn, before one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace, who shall certify the fame to the Province Treasurer under his Hand.

Be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That all the Bills Parts of Bills of Credit on this Province that are torn in Halves and Quarters, shall be brought

to be exchan- into the Treasury forthwith, to be exchanged for the Value of the Parts of faid ged.

ing in March.

Bills fo foon as the Treasurer shall be supplied with a sufficient Number of new Bills for exchanging the fame.

And for the Ends aforefaid, Be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That this Act shall be read This Act to in the anniversary Meetings of the several Towns of this Province in March be read in Town-Meet- next.

#### CHAP. II.

## An Act for making more effectual Provision for the Service of Original Summons upon mean Process.

Preamble.

HEREAS in and by an Ast made and passed in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of His Majesty King William the third, it is provided, "That " original Process may be by Summons, Capias or Attachment", and some Disputes have arisen with Respect to the Manner of serving such Summons, which bath been attended with many Inconveniencies :

For Remedy whereof;

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Re-Copy of an presentatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of original Sum the fame, That the Service of an original Summons upon any Person, either mon left at in his private Capacity, or in the Capacity of Executor or Administrator, or the Defendance of the Defendanc dant's House any other Qualification whatsoever, shall be as good and valid in Law, to all to be a fuffi. Intents and Purposes whatsoever, by an attested Copy of such Summons being cient Service Left by the Officer at the House or usual Place of Abode of the Desendant, at least fourteen Days before the sitting of the Court, as if he had been served therewith in his own Person.

Provided, That if the Defendant against whom such Suit is brought, be out Proviso of the Province at the Time of such Service, he shall have the same Benefit as to a Continuance of the Action, as is by Law provided in Suits where Goods and other Estate is attached.

CHAP.

### Digh-Ways.

### Town Inhabitants.

309

CHAP.

## AnAct in addition to an Act Intitled, An Act 1 G II Ca. 18 for High-Ways.

WHEREAS in and by an Act Intitled, An Act in Addition to an Act Intitled, An Act for High-Ways, made and passed in the first Year of Preamble. the Reign of His present Majesty, it is enacted, " That no private Way or Ways laid out by the Select-Men of a Town shall be esteemed private Ways for such Town, nor committed to Record, unless such Town at their annual Meeting in March, shall by a major Vote allow and approve thereof: "But no Provision is made for applying for Remedy to the Justices of the General Sessions of the Peace when any Town unreasonably refuses to allow and approve of any private Way laid out as aforefaid, and to put the same on Record; which may be very detrimental to particular Persons desiring the same :

For Remedy whereof: Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Re-

presentatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That when any Town shall unreasonably refuse or delay to allow and approve of any private Way laid out by the Select-Men, and to put the Persons agfame on Record, that then and in fuch Cases any Person or Persons who think grieved by themselves aggrieved hereat, may have Liberty to make their Application to refusing to the Court of General Sessions of the Peace held for that County in which the allow a pri-Way lies (provided it be within twelve Months from the Refusal or Delay of vate Way, faid Town) who are hereby authorized and impowered by a Committee of dif-may apply interested Persons whom they shall appoint, to lay out, or cause to be laid out, ral Sessions such particular or private Ways within or for such Towns as a session of the Towns as a session of th fuch particular or private Ways within or for fuch Town as may be petitioned for Relief, for as aforesaid, so as no Dammage be done to any particular Person in his Land or Propriety, without due Recompence to be made, either by the Town if it be of general Benefit, or otherwise by such of the Inhabitants as have the Benefit thereof, and defire the fame, as shall be adjudged and ordered by the Justices in their Sessions as aforesaid; and said Court are hereby authorized and impowered to inquire into the Dammages by a Jury, to be fummoned for that Purpose by the Sheriff or Coroner, as the Case may require, and shall make up Judgment with Respect to the Dammages according to Verdict of that Jury, which Judgment shall be final.

#### CHAP. IV.

## AnAct infurther addition to an Act directing the Admission of Town Inhabitants, made and passed in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of King William the third.

If E it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Reprefentatives in General Court affembled, and by the content of the fame, That the Inhabitants of the feveral Towns tained in a within this Province; who shall receive admit and entertain any Person or Town above Persons not being Inhabitants of such Towns, either as Inmates, Boarders or twenty Days, Tenants in the House where such Person dwells, or in any other House of his without given the form with the Region of the Person dwells, or in any other House of his ting Notice whatfoever, within this Province, or under any other Qualifications, for more to the Select than the space of twenty Days, and shall not in writing under their Hands, Men, &c. give an Account to one or more of the Select-Men, or the Town Clerk of fuch Town, of all fuch Person or Persons so received, admitted or entertained by

## Preventing of Theft.

Penalty ...

them, with the Time they first received them, and the Place from whence they last came, together with their Circumstances as far as they can, shall for every fuch Neglect, forfeit and pay the Sum of forty Shillings, to be recovered by Bill, Plaint or Information, before any Justice of the Peace, or in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record within this Province; the one Half of the said Fine to be employed to and for the Use of the Poor of the Town where such Offence shall be committed, the other Half to him or them that shall inform and sue for the same; and they shall be liable to answer all Charges that may arise in the said Town. by receiving and entertaining fuch Person or Persons as aforesaid, to be recovered by the Town Treasurer, or Select-Men where no Town Treasurer is appointed. Charge of who are hereby respectively impowred to bring an Action accordingly.

warning Perfont how to be paid.

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Cost and Charges arifing by warning any fuch Persons as are not Inhabitants out of Town, entring the Caution, or carrying them out of Town, shall be defreyed and paid by those who received and entertained such Person or Persons in their Houses as aforesaid, and shall be recovered by the Town Treasurer, or Select-Men, where no Treasurer is appointed, who are hereby respectively impowered

Charge to be exhibited by the Town-Treasurer or Select Men.

Accompt of to bring an Action accordingly. And the Town Treasurer or Select-Men of the respective Towns in this Province, are hereby directed and ordered, before they bring their Action, to exhibit to fuch who receive and entertain any Person or Persons in their Houses as aforefaid, an Account of the Charge arifing thereby; and upon refufing to pay the same within five Days, they shall be liable to pay said Charge, and be deprived of any Benefit by their Notification, tho' given within the twenty Days as aforefaid.

#### CHAP. V.

## An A& for the more effectual preventing and punishing of Theft.

Preamble.

THEREAS the Punishments already provided by Law against stealing. have proved ineffectual, and even those that have suffered the Penalty in such Cases, have been so bold and hardy as to perpetrate their Wickedness a second and even a third Time :

For the more effectual preventing whereof;

to be punished by fitting ping,

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Re-Second Their presentatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the first Day of May next, if any Person who stands convict upon Record, either before a Justice of the Peace, or in any lows & whip: Court of General Sessions of the Peace within this Province for stealing, shall after that presume to steal any Money, Goods or Chattels, to the Value of forty Shillings lawful Money, and be thereof convict by due Course of Law, before the Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery, holden within any of the Counties of this Province, he or they for fuch Offence, shall, besides paying treble the Value of fuch Money, Goods or Chattels fo ftolen' to the Party injured, together with Cost and Charges of Prosecution, be set upon the Gallows for the space of one Hour, with a Rope about his Neck, and one End thereof cast over the Gallows, and be severely whipt, not exceeding thirty Stripes.

And be it surther enacted by the Authority asociald, That if any

Third Theft to be punish'd with Death.

Person convicted of a second Thest, in Manner as aforesaid, shall presume a third Time to steal any Money, Goods or Chattels, to the value of three Pounds lawful Money, and be thereof convict by due Course of Law, he shall be adjudged to fuffer the Pains of Death, without Benefit of Clergy. CHAP:

An Act for the better regulating of the Service of Executions, as well by Sheriffs as Coroners, more especially in the remote Counties of the Province.

WHEREAS the Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Affice and Gereramble.

neral Goal Delivery, fits but once in the Year, in many of the Counties of this Province, so that Executions upon Indements obtained in those Counties (at the Superiour Court) are returnable but once a Year, cohereby the Creditor is or may be kept for a long Time out of his just Debt, while in the other Counties of the Province the Writs are returnable every fix Months :

Be it therefore enacted by his Ercellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembles, and by the Executions authority of the same, That from and after the Publication of this Act, the to be returned levels of the Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Assac and General Goal Month. Delivery, are hereby authorized and directed to make all Executions on Judgments obtained at the faid Courts in fuch Counties where the faid Court fits but once in the Year, returnable into the Clerk's Office, at the End of fix Months Alias Execufrom the Date thereof; and the Clerks of faid Courts are further authorized tions then to upon the return of such Execution, to renew or make out an alias Execution be made out for the whole, or the remainder, as the Case may be, returnable at the next in Case. Superiour Court, to be held in and for such County.

And whereas it has been thought warrantable for the Sheriff or Coroner that have, by Virtue of Executions to them committed, after they have taken the Whole or Part of the Debt, to detain the same from the Creditor until the Return of the Execution : SFor Remedy whereof: 138 5. 200 01

Be it further enacted by the Authority aforefaid. That when and Money levied To often as any Sheriff or Coroner shall have levied or taken the Whole or Part by Execution not to be deof the Debt, by Virtue of the Execution, he shall within twelve Hours after tained in the the Receipt of faid Money, deliver the same to the Plaintiff, Creditor, or any OfficerHands, Person authorized by him, upon Demand being made thereof in the Town where the Officer dwells: And in Case the Demand is made in another Town in faid County, then he shall be allowed forty eight Hours to pay the same : And upon his Neglect or Refusal as aforesaid, shall forfeit to the Creditor, tre-Penalty for ble the lawful Interest of the Sum so taken and detained by the Sheriff or Coro-detaining it when demanner, being convicted thereof, before the Court where the Writ of Execution is ded. returnable.

#### CHAP. VII.

AnAct obliging the Coroners within the feveralCounties of this Province to give Securityforthe due Performance of their Office.

WHERE AS by Virtue of feveral Acts or Laws of this Province, the Coroners of the Counties are enabled in some Cases to serve and execute Writs Preamble. in Civil Actions, as well original as judicial, but are not obliged to give Bond for the faithful Discharge of that Trust; whereby the Creditor or Plaintiff in such Process may be in Danger of suffering Dammage:

Be.

#### Rates and Taxes.

Coroners to give Bond before they ferve Write.

Be it therefore enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Buthority of the same, That from and after the twenty-fifth Day of March, which will be in the Year of our Lord One Thousand seven Hundred and thirty seven, no Coroner shall have Authority to serve any Process or Writ, original or judicial, tho' to him directed, until fuch Time as fuch Coroner shall have given fufficient Security, for his faithful Behaviour, in the ferving and executing all fuch Writs as aforefaid, as shall be committed to him, pursuant to the Laws of this Province, to the Satisfaction of the General Seffions of the Peace in the County where such Coroner lives; the Bond to be made payable to the Trea-Mass furer of fuch County, for the Use and Benefit of the Person or Persons that may be injured by the Failure of the Coroner in that Behalf.

Coroners anfwerable for their Deputies

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That the several Coroners within this Province shall be answerable in the Law for their refpective Deputies, in the same Manner that the Sheriffs within this Province are answerable by Law for their respective Under-Sheriffs and Deputies, with Respect to the due Execution of their Office.

## Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednesday the twenty-fifth Day of May 1 7 3 7. and continued by Prorogation and Adjournments to Wednesday the thirtieth Day of November following.

#### CHAP. I.

An Act in Addition to an Act Intitled, An Act for directing how Rates and Taxes, to be granted by the General Assembly, as also County, Town and Precinct Rates shall be affessed and collected.

Preamble.

HEREAS in and by an Att made and page'd by the Great and Gene-ral Assembly, in the fourth Year of His Majesty's Reign, it was provided, "That when and so often as the Treasurer of the Province shall fend out his " Warrant of Distress against any defective Constables, Sheriff or Under-She-" riff, the Officer executing the fame, shall destrain and levy the Lands or Te-" nements of faid defective Constable, Sheriff or his Deputy for their or any of "their Defaults, in not collecting or not paying into the Treasury, any Sum " or Sums of Money, which ought to be by them collected; levied and paid in " as aforefaid, and cause due Apprizement to be made of any Houses or Lands " fo levied, by the Oath of two or three Freeholders in the fame County, " (which Oath any Justice of the Peace is hereby impowered to administer) and "after Apprizement to make Sale of fuch Houses and Lands, and give good and lawful Deed or Deeds for the same;" which Apprizement and Sale, not being Sufficient to secure the Province, County or Towns where such Lands or Tenements lie :

For Remedy whereof:

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That when and so often as any Warrant of Distress shall be sent forth by the Treasurer of the Province, or Treasurer of any County, Town or

## Proprietoes of Townships.

Precinct, to the Sheriff or his Deputy, or to the Coroner, to levy the Lands or Houses and Tenements of any defective Constable, Sheriff or Deputy, in such Case it shall Lands of de-be lawful for the Officer executing such Warrant of Distress, upon Apr stables, epe-prizement made as aforesaid, to make Sale of such Houses and Lands to taken on Exce the highest Bidder, and give good and lawful Deed or Deeds for the same; cution to be having first given publick Notice of Time and Place of Sale at least thirty Days fold. in the Town where fuch Lands or Tenements lie, as also in the two adjacent Towns: And in Case the Produce of such Houses or Lands shall not fatisfythe Sum or Sums mentioned in faid Warrant or Warrants of Distress, together with reasonable Charges arising thereon, then the Treasurer sending forth such ficient the Bo-Warrant, shall issue an alias Execution or Warrant for such remaining Sum or dy of such Sums; and the Officer executing the same, for want of Estate, shall take the Conflable. See Body of fuch defective Constable, Sheriff or Deputy, and him commit unto His to be taken, Majesty's Goal in the County whereto he belongs, until he shall pay the same.

#### CHAP. II.

An Act to enable the Proprietors of the feveral Townships lately granted by the GeneralCourt to raiseMoneys for defraying the Charges of fettling the same.

WHEREAS the Proprietors or prefent Pesses of several Townships granted by this Court, have passed Votes for the raising several Sums of Preamble, Money upon their Rights or Lots, to defray the necessary Charges of bringing forward the Settlement of the said Townships; which Votes have not been complied with by the several Proprietors, nor is there any Method as yet prescribed to render the faid Votes effectual, or other Votes which the Proprietors may bereafter make :

Be it therefore enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That when any Person or Grantee of such new Plan- Lands of detation or Township already granted by this Court, where the Condition of the linquent Grant is not fulfilled, shall neglect or delay to pay the Treasurer or Committee Grantees in the new of fuch Township such Sum or Sums of Money, as shall be from Time to Time Townships to voted to be raised on their Lands or Rights, for thirty Days after such Rate or be sold, in Tax is made and published in the Shire Town of the County where such Lands Cafe. lie, and in the Town where the Clerk of fuch Proprietors shall live, as also in fuch other Town or Towns as have heretofore been, or as the faid Proprietors shall appoint, for the notifying of Meetings; and in thirty Days after, the Grantee or his Affigns may be notified thereof by advertifing the same in one or more of the News-Letters; that then the Committee chosen by such new Plantation or Township, or the major Part of them, may and hereby are fully impowered at a publick Vendue (Notice thereof in the publick Prints as aforefaid being given) to fell fuch delinquent ProprietorsLots and afterRights in faidTownship, to fuch Person or Persons as may appear to give most for the same, and will give Bond to the Committee, or other Person appointed by the General Court to take Bond for the Performance of the Conditions of the original Grant, and the original Grantee shall have his former Bond given up and delivered him if he defire the same; the Money arising on such Sale to be applied for the defraying Disposition fuch delinquent Proprietors Rate or Tax; and the Overplus, if any there be (after of the Produce all Charges arising about the same are subducted) shall be paid, the one Half to of such Sale. the Treasurer of faid Township for the general Use and Service of the faid Township, and the residue to the said delinquent Proprietor, his Heirs or Assigns.

#### Bills of Credit.

Proviso.

Provided always, That if fuch Proprietors are not Inhabitants of this Province, that then there be referved to them, their Heirs or Affigus, a Liberty of Redemption of fuch Rights, they paying the Purchafer or Grantee, or their respective Heirs, within fix Months, such Sum as the Lands fold for, with the Costs arisen by Improvement made thereon, and double Interest, until the same be redeemed.

Provifo:

Provided also, That where any Grantee has brought forward a Settlement, and is in the actual Possession of his Right, that then and in such Case so much only, and no more, of his Right shall be fold as may be sufficient to defray such Proprietors Rate, and the Charges arising on the Sale.

## Acts and Laws,

Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of His Majestly's Province of the Massemiletts-Bay in New England, Begun and Held at Boson upon Wednesday the thirty-first Day of May 1 7 3 8. and continued by Prorogations unto Wednesday the twenty-ninth Day of November tollowing.

CHAP. I.

# AnAct for better fecuring the Value of the Bills of publick Credit on this Province.

Preamble.

HEREAS the Emission of great Quantities of Bills of publick Credit, without certain Provision for their Redemption by lawful Money in convenient. Time, bave already stript us of all our Money, and brought them into Contempt, to the great Scandal of the Government; and for the Remedy thereof, this Province bave fixed the Value of their Bills in leversulfoney, and the Time of their Redemption in One Thousand seven Hundred and forty one; yet, the neigobouring Governments, whose Bills bave been received by the Inbabiliants of this Province promiseasely with our own, have taken no Care to fix any certain Value on theirs, and by that Means our good Intention may be frustrated, unless special Provision in this Case be made:

Persons forbid to pass or receive Bills onthe Neighboaring Governments, issued fince May 1738.

Penalty:

The it therefore enacted by his crediency the Sovernour, Council and Representatives in General Court affembled, and by the attropity of the same, That no Person shall hereafter utter, or offer to put off, take or receive any Bill or Bills of Credit on any of the neighbouring Governments, that since the first of May last have been, or hereafter shall be emitted, unless they are made redeemable by lawful Money upon good Security, (and it so appear by the Tenor, and upon the Face of the Bill) within ten Years after their first Emission, on Pain of forseiting ten Pounds for every such Bill so uttered or offered to be put off, or taken, or received in Payment of any Debt, Purchase of any Goods, or for any valuable Consideration whatsoever; to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information, in any Court of Record; one Half to the Use of him that shall inform and such for the same, and the other Half to the Use of the Poor of the Town where the Offence shall be committed.

Encouragement to the Informer,

and be it further enacted. That any Person that shall utter or receive any of the Bills aforesaid, and shall sirtly inform against, and prosecute the other Party concern'd therein, so that he be convict of uttering or receiving such Bills, the said Prosecutor or Informer shall be indemnished from the Penalty in this Act, and shall likewise be intitled to one Half of the Forseiture as before expressed.

Provilo.

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Provided, That all Suits or Profecutions for any Breaches of this Act shall commence within twelve Months from the Time the Offence is committed.

#### Oppression of Debtors.

Proprietors.

CHAP. II.

## An Act in Addition to an Act for the Relief of and to prevent the Oppression of Debtors.

HEREAS the Merchandize Trade and Business of New-England, bath Preamble. for many Years past, till this Time, been managed by Bills of publick Credit, as well on the neighbouring Governments as on this Province, which have by Courtefy promiscuously served as a Medium of Exchange, and have been alike uni-

versally pass'd in all Payments:

Be it therefore enacted by his Excellency the Governour. Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authoutty of the fattie, That no Inhabitant of this Province for any Debt here- Bills of the tofore contracted, or hereafter to be contracted, with any of the Inhabitants Government of the neighbouring Governments of New-England, by Specialty or otherwise, to answer that may be discharged by the Bills of publick Credit on this Province, shall be sued, Specialties to or have his Person or Estate taken by mean Process, or in Execution, where the Creditor such Debtor shall tender the Payment of his just Debt in such Bills of publick habitant of Credit on that Government to which his Creditor belongs, as were emitted be- fuch Governfore the twenty-fifth of March last, but such Creditor shall be obliged to accept ment. the same, or be for ever barred from any further Demands of such Debt; unless the Creditor shall make Oath that the Debtor bona fide, received, in Confideration of the Debt fued for, Bills of Credit on this Province, either in Saving. whole or in Part; in which Case the Debtor shall pay the same proportionably in fuch Province Bills.

CHAP. III.

AnAct in addition to anAct made in the eleventhYear of His Majesty's Reign, Intitled, An Act to enable the Proprietors of the feveral Townships lately granted by the General Court, to raise Moneys for defreying the Charges of fettling the same.

WHEREAS in and by faid AT Provifion is only made for the en-forcing the Payment of fuch Sum or Sums of Money as shall be from Time Preamble. to Time bereafter voted to be raised, which not being sufficient to answer or effect

the End proposed:

made and provided.

Be it therefore enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court astembled, and by the Autho: Lands of dezity of the fame, That when any Grantee or Proprietor of fuch new Planta-liequent Prothe Conditions of the Grant are not fulfilled, shall neglect or delay to pay unto the conditions of the Grant are not fulfilled, shall neglect or delay to pay unto the new the Treasurer or Committee of such Township, such Sum or Sums of Money sold for payas by the Proprietors thereof have heretofore been voted to be raifed, as welling Taxes. as those that hereafter shall be voted to be raised upon their Lands or Rights, for thirty Days after fuch Rate or Tax is made or published as in and by faid Act is directed, and the Sale be notified in the Baston Gazette twenty Days before the same be made: The Committee chosen by such new Plantation or

Township, or the major Part thereof, are hereby fully impowred to proceed in the Sale of fuch delinquent Proprietors Lands, as in and by faid Act is already

CHAP.

#### Meights and Bealures.

#### CHAP. IV.

## An Act for the more effectual obliging of Executors to Inventory the Estate of their Testators.

Preamble.

HEREAS notwithstanding the Provision by Law heretofore made, Ext. cutors many Times refuse to Inventory the Estate of their Testators, to the great Disadvantage and Injury of the Creditors and Legatees of the Deceased:

Executors to

Be it therefore enacted by his Ercellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court affembled, and by the Augive in an In- thoutty of the same, That every Executor that hath or shall take that Charge upon him, and against the Tenor of the Law in that Case provided, shall hereafter neglect to give in a full and true Inventory of the whole Estate of the Deceased, so far as is then come to his Hands or Knowledge, being duly served with a Citation from the Judge of Probate to that Purpose, shall stand chargeable with all the Debts and Legacies of his Testator, as his own properDebts : and over and above the Penalty already provided, shall forfeit the Sum of One Hundred Pounds a Month, for every Month's Neglect thereof; to be recovered by any uncertain or refiduary Legatee of the faid Testator, by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information in any Court of Record, and to be equally divided between the faid uncertain and refiduary Legatees, excluding fuch Executor from any Part thereof.

Penalty of 1.100 for, each Months Neg-

#### CHAP. V.

4W. & M. ca. 13. 12 W. ca. EI 4 A. ca. 2.

An Actin further addition to an Act Intitled. An Act for the due Regulation of Weight sand Measures, made in the fourth Year of their late Majesties King William and Queen Mary.

furnished with Wine

Towns to be Meafures.

Standards of

Penalty.

E it enacted by his Ercellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court affembled, and by the Authoutty aforesaid, That each Town within this Province shall within fix Months next after the Publication of this Act, be further provided with one Wine Gallon and one Wine Quart, to be kept and used only as Standards in And the Select-Men of every fuch Town, whose Standards of Beams, Weights and Measures have not within three Years last past been tried Weights and and proved by the Province Standards, shall on or before the first Day of June Measures to next, fend all the Beams, Weights and Measures, which fuch Town is, either be triedancew by this or any other former Act, obliged to keep as Standards, into the Province Treasury, and there have them tried, proved and sealed as the Law directs, on Penalty of forseiting the Sum of fifty Pounds; one Moiety to his Majesty towards the Support of the Government within this Province, and the other Half to him or them who shall inform and sue for the same. And every Town shall once in every five Years have their Standards tried and proved by the publick Standards, on Penalty of forfeiting the like Sum of fifty Pounds for the Uses aforementioned. The Forfeitures and Penalties aforementioned to be recovered by Action, Bill, Plaint or Information, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record within this Province, or by Presentment of the Grand Jury, who are required to prefent all Breaches of this Act.

Provided

#### Weights and Measures.

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Provided always, That in Case the Justices of the Peace at their Sessions in Proviso for either of the Counties within this Province, shall at the Charge of such County County Saapprocure for Standards, a Beam and all such Weights and Measures, as are directed by Law to be kept in the Province Treasury, and shall once every five Years try and prove them by the Province Standards, any Town may have their Standards tried and proved by the Standards of the County wherein fuch Towns lie, and it shall be accounted as sufficient and valid as if tried and proved by the Province Standards. The faid Standards to be kept by the County Treasurer, who shall have the same Fee for proving and sealing Weights and Measures as is by Law allowed to the Province Treasurer.

and be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That the Sealer duly Town Sealers appointed in each Town within this Province from Time to Time, is hereby their Wardirected and impowered, instead of sending out his Warrant in the Month of ranteforbring-April, to fend forth his Warrant fometime in the Month of May annually to ing Weight the Conflable or Conflables, requiring him or them to warn all the Inhabitants and Meafores of fuch Towns, to bring in both the great and small Beams, Weights and Measures, which they make use of, at such Time and Place as he shall appoint. And such Constables are hereby obliged within fix Days, after having received fuch Warrant, to warn all the Inhabitants, and return to the Sealers a List of all Persons so

fummoned.

And each Sealer and Constable neglecting his Duty herein, shall for each Penalty for Neglect forfeit and pay the Sum of forty Shillings, to be levied by Diffress by Scaleror Con-Warrant from any Justice of the Peace of the County where the Offence is flibles Neglect committed.

and be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That if any Penalty for Person shall refuse or neglect to bring or send in his Beams, Weights and Mean fures to the Sealers, in order to be tried and proved by the Town Standard, for and Measures the space of seven Days next after legal Warning has been given such Person to be sealed, for that Purpole, every Person so offending shall forfeit and pay the Sum of forty Shillings; oneMoiety thereof to the Poor of the Town where such Offence shall be committed, and the other Moiety to the Sealer, who is hereby obliged to inform and fue for the fame; to be heard and determined by one or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the County where the Offence shall be committed.

And whereas it bath been found that the Fees already allowed by Law to the Sealers of Weights and Measures are insufficient :

Be it enacted by the authority aforefaid, That every Scalet shall be Additional paid by the Owners of all such Beams, Weights, Scales and Measures, as shall Feet to the be by faid Sealer found not conformable to the Town Standard, one Penny over Sealer. and above what is already allowed by Law, for each Beam, Weight and Meafure, and also one Penny for every Beam, Weight and Measure which shall be found conformable to the Town Standard upon his trying and proving them.

and he it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That if any Fine for ex-Perions thall, after the Publication of this Act, tell or expose to Sale any other possing to sale Beams, Weights or Measures, than such as have been tried, proved and sealed Weights according to Law, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of forty Shillings for each Measures not Offence, for the Uses as last before mentioned, and to be heard and determin-sealed. ed by one or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace.

and it is hereby further ordered and declared, That the feveral Acts Weights and for regulating Weights and Measures, be publickly read in each Town at their Measures to be read in the anniversary Meeting in March, from Time to Time.

ings.

#### 318 Farmers of Excise. Town Inhabitants.

An Act,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of the Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednesday the thirtieth Day of May 1 7 3 9.

CHAP. VI.

An Act to enable the Executors or Administrators of deceased Farmers of Excise to collea fuch sums as are due to themat the Time of their Decease.

Preamble,

THEREAS the Law of this Province pass'd in the tenth and eleventh Y Years of the Reign of His present Majesty King GEORGE the Second, Intitled, An Act for granting unto His Majefty an Excise upon Wines and Spirits distill'd, sold by Retail, and upon Lemons and Limes, bas made no Provision bow any Sum due to a Farmer of Excise, shall be collected after his De-

cease, by Reason whereof Difficulties have and may arise:

Be it therefore enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authought of the fame, That when any Farmer of Excise shall die before any Sum or Sums due to him for any Duties of Excife shall be collected by him, it shall and may be lawful for the Executors or Administrators of such deceased tors of Farm- Farmer or their Attorneys specially appointed for that Purpose, to collect all such Sums as aforefaid, as also to do and perform all such Matters and execute all such Powers as the Farmer himself was enabled to do by any Law of this Province.

Executors or Administraers of Excise to collect the Excise due.

## Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majefty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednefday the thirtieth Day of May 1 7 3 9. and continued by Prorogations to Wednefday the fifth Day of December following.

U palita O and Stand of C H A P. I.

An Act in Explanation of fundry Acts heretofore made, referring to the Admission of Town Inhabitants.

Preamble.

TOtwithstanding the Provision made by the Act pass'd in the twelfth and thirteenth Years of King William the third, (Intitled, AnAct directing the Admission of Town Inhabitants) "That no Town shall be obliged to be at Charge for the Support of any Person residing there, up-" less such Person have continued in such Town (without being warned to de-" part thence) by the space of twelve Months, or else have obtained the Ap-" probation of the Town, or the Select-Men thereof for his dwelling there : Tet inasmuch as it is not expressly declared in what Way and Manner such Approbation shall be given, some Doubt hath thereupon arisen, whether the Select-Men or Affesfors in any Town, their rating or affessing any Person residing there, to Town Charges, and the Inhabitants reaping the Benefit of his Rate, ought not (within the Meaning of the faid AEI) to have the Force of an Approbation for such Perfons dwelling there, so far as to Subject Such Town to the Charge of his Support in Case be stands in Need; by Means whereof sundry Disputes and expensive Law-Suits have arisen and may arise unless prevented by this Court:

Be

Be it therefore enacted byhis Ercellency the Sovernour, Council and Reprefentatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That no Town shall be obliged to be at Charge for the Support of any Person resident in such Town that hat not continued there so long teemed Inhaas to become an Inhabitant; unicis he have obtained the Approbation of the birance of any Town (at a Meeting of the Inhabitants regularly affembled) or the Approba-Town. tion of the Select-Men (at their Meeting) for his dwelling there; fuch Approbation of the Select-Men to be given in writing under their Hands or under Their being probation of the Select-Men to be given in writing under their Hands or under rated not to the Hands of the major Part of them: And no Act of the Select-Men or Affeffors make them fo in rating or affeffing any fuch Perlon unto any Charges whatfoever, shall subject fuch Town to any Expences for his Support.

And whereas upon the first Paragraph in the AEt made in the fourth and fifth Years of his present Majesty's Reign, and likewise that made in the tenth Year of Preamble. the same Reign, directing the Admission of Town Inhabitants, which relates to the Charges which the Inhabitants of any Town shall be liable to answer, who shall admit and entertain any Person (not being an inhabitant of such Town) in his House as Tinant or otherwise, for more than twenty Days, and shall not in writing give such Account to one of the Selest-Men or Town-Clerk of such Town, as in said Ast is prescribed; a Doubt hath arisen whether the Words [all Charges] are to be con-Brued to extend to the Charges of Supporting the Persons so received and entertained, which may arise after be shall have continued in such Town so long as to become an Inhabitant :

Be it therefore declared and enaded by the Authority aforesaid. That the Words [all Charges] in the faid Paragraph do extend to and include the Charge of supporting the Person so received and entertained after he shall have continued his Refidence in fuch Town fo long as to become an Inhabitant; and that such Charges may be recovered at any Time after they have arisen, although the Term limitted for the Continuance of the said Act or

Acts may (at the Time of bringing the Suit) be expired.

and it is hereby further occlared and enaded by the authority afore For Forbear faid, That no Forbearance of the Select-Men to warn the Person received and ance of the Seentertained as aforesaid to depart the Town, shall free the Inhabitant of such left. Men to Town by whom he was admitted and entertained from the Charge aforefaid, warn Persons out of Town, who shall violate the said Act by neglecting to give Account or Notice in Man-not to excuse ner as is therein directed. And each Person offending (in Violation of said Act) those that enshall be liable to answer the whole of the Charge incurred for the Relief of the tertain them: Person by him admitted and entertained as aforesaid; and all such Charges are and ought to be understood and accounted to have arisen and accrued to the Town by Reason only of such his Mis-deed and Neglect; any others in like

Manner offending notwithstanding. And that the feveral Acts aforefaid, are and were intended as herein explained, and ought always so to be understood and put in Execution.

CHAP. II.

AnAct in addition to anAct Intitled. AnAct in further addition to the feveral Acts or Laws of this Province relating to the Office and Duty of a Coroner.

HERE AS some of the Coroners within this Province have of late greatly Pecamble, multiplied their Denuties, and under Column of Stall Province multiplied their Deputies, and under Colour of such Deputation, Persons have pretended to be exempted from Duties and Services whereto by Law they are liable:

#### Limitation of Actions.

paries but for particular Oc calions.

No Coroners Deputies to be excased from Daties.

Be it therefore enacted by his Excellency the Governour. Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority Coroners not of the fame, That from and after the first Day of Marth next, no Coroner shall to appoint De- have Power to appoint a Deputy otherwise than for a particular necessary Occafion, and after fuch Deputy's Service therein his Power shall cease; and that all Deputy Coroners that may have received a general Deputation before the faid first Day of March, their Deputation shall be of no Force or Virtue after the faid Term, but shall then cease and be determined, and no Person under Pretence of any fuch Deputation, shall be excused from any Duties or Services whatfoever which he may by Law be otherwise obliged or liable to.

#### CHAP. III.

## An Act for Limitation of Actions and for avoiding Suits in Law where the Matter is of long standing.

Preamble.

for bringing Actions.

HERE AS it is highly reasonable, and conduces much to the Peace and Welfare of the Subject that a certain and reasonable Time should be set

for the prosecuting of Actions:

Be it therefore enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Au-Time limited thought of the same, That the several Actions hereafter mentioned, which for bringing shall be brought at any Time after the End of this present Session of the General Court, shall be commenced within the Time and Limitation hereafter expressed: That is to say, Actions of Trespass upon Lands, or Quare Clausum fregit, within five Years next after the Cause of such Actions or Suits, and not afterwards; all Actions for Arreages of Rent, or grounded upon any Lending or Contract without Specialty; all Actions upon the Quantum meruit, or for Service within the space of four Years next after the Cause of such Actions or Suits, and not afterwards; all Actions of Trespass, of Assault, Menace, Battery, Wounding or Imprisonment; all Actions for malicious Prosecution within two Years next after the Cause of such Actions or Suits, and not afterwards; and all Actions of Detinue, Deceit, Trover, Trespass and Replevin for taking away Goods and Chattels, within the Term of three Years, and not afterwards; and all Actions of Slander, or for Words within one Year next after the Words

fpoken, and not afterwards. Provided however, That each and every of the Actions before mentioned, the Cause whereof hath arisen before the Publication of this Act, may be com-Publication of menced in the like Term of Time from the Publication hereof, as herein before this Act when is fet and limitted, for bringing such Action or Actions respectively from and

after the Cause thereof.

of Actions.

to be bro't.

Actions where the Caule arifes after the

and be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid. That in all Regulation of Actions of the Cafe for flanderous Words; all Actions of Affault and Battery; all Actions for false Imprisonment; and all Actions for malicious Prosecution feveral Kinds to be fued or profecuted in any of the Courts of Record within this Province, if the Jury upon the Trial of the Issue in such Action do find or allow the Dammage under forty Shillings, the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs in fuch Actions shall have and recover only so much Costs as the Dammage so given amount unto, without any further Increase of the same.

Provisa refering toInfants, Sec.

Provided always, and be it further enacted. That this Act shall not be understood to bar any Infant Feme Covert, Person imprisoned, beyond the Seas, or non compos mentis, from bringing either of the Actions before mentioned within the Term before fet and limitted for bringing fuch Action, reckoning from the Time that fuch Impediment shall be removed.

CHAP.

## Little-Compton Ways. Waste on Lands prebented.

Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majefty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednesday the twenty-eighth Day of May 1 7 40. and continued by Prorogation unto Wednesday the twentieth Day of August following.

CHAP. I.

## An Act to establish the several High Ways in Little-Compton, in the County of Bristol.

THEREAS the Proprietors of the Lands in said Little-Compton, did, in their Divisions thereof take special and early Care to lay out, or provide Preamble. Ways, and left Land for Ways in, and surrendred the same to said Town, whereby the said Proprietors might pass and re pass to and from their several Allotments, for the Use of it's Inhabitants and others: And although the faid Town and Inhabitants have used and improved most of said Ways as openWays more than sorty Years last past, in the several Parts of the Town, yet as they omitted or neglected to cause the said Ways to be laid out by the Select-Men, the said Town has by that Means been led into divers Difficulties and Controversies, and divers Incroachments have been made on them by private Persons:

For Remedy whereof:

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and IRepresentatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all the Ways or Roads which appear by Record to be laid out, or Land left for Ways by the Proprietors of Little-Compton, which have High Ways not been disposed of by them, be and hereby are ratified, established and confirmed to be and remain open Ways for the Use of said Town, as fully and ton established amply to all Intents and Purpofes, as if the faid Ways had been heretofore established or laid out as is by Law otherwise provided.

and be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid, That when and fo often as it shall happen that there shall be any Occasion for the altering or Method for exchanging of any of faid Ways, or that where there is, or hereafter shall be, altering the any Incumbrance or Incroachment made on any of the faid Ways or Roads, in Ways. fuch Cases, the Methods for proceeding thereon shall be such as are by Law already provided in Case of exchanging of Ways, and of removing of Incumbrances on Ways or Town Roads.

CHAP. II.

## An Act to prevent Strip and Waste on Lands, while Suits are depending in the Law for the same.

THEREAS it often bappens that Perfons are in Possession of Lands to Preambles which they have noTitle, and theOwners or Proprietors thereof, are obliged to bring their Writ of Ejectment to recover their Title and Possession of such Land, and the Tenants in Possession, or some others under them, after fuch Writs are brought, and before final Judgment and Possession is had, make great Strip andWaste, to the great Prejudice of the legalOwners and Proprietors,&c.

For Prevention whereof for the future:

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority of the fame, That from and after the Publication of this Act, if any Person or Per-

Sf2

#### Common-Pulances.

No Trees or fons shall bring forward and profecute any Writ of Ejectment for the recovery

Poles to be cut of the Poffession of any Lands and real Estate which shall be unjustly witheld down on any from him or them by any Person, and such Person in Possession, or any other Persons whatsoever, during the Time such Writs or Suits are depending in the Law, shall prefume to make Strip or Waste by cutting, felling or destroying the Wood, Timber, Trees or Poles standing or growing on such Land sued for, shall for every such Offence, forfeit and pay to the Party aggrieved twenty Shillings for every Tree of one Foot Diameter, over and above the true Value thereof; and for every Tree or Pole under that Dimension cut, felled or destroyed as aforesaid, twenty Shillings; to be recovered by Action, Bill, Plaint or Information in any Court of Record proper to try the same; after the Plaintiff or Defendant has recovered his Title and Possession of such Estate sued for.

Penalty.

### An Act

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of the Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednefday the twenty-eighth Day of May 1 7 4 0. and continued by feveral Prorogations unto Wednesday the twenty-sixth Day of March following.

#### CHAP. III.

## An Act in Addition to the several Acts heretofore made relating to common Nusances.

Preamble.

70R preventing of Desolation by Fire that may happen by eresting of Potters Kilns and Houses near to dwelling Houses and other Buildings; and the Inconvenience and Mischief that may accrue to the Neighbourhood by the offensive and unwholfome Smoak and Stench proceeding from the Kilns, when

Be it enacted by his Excellency the Sovernour, Council and Re-

or Sea Port Towns without Licence.

presentatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority Potters Kilos of the fame, That if at any Time after the Publication of this Act, any Pernot to be fet fon or Persons shall presume to erect or set up any Potters Kiln or Kiln House up in Market in any Place within either of the Sea-Port or Market-Towns in this Province, other than fuch Place as heretofore has been used for that Purpose, or as the Select-Men of fuch Town, with two or more of the next Justices of the Peace shall affign or approve of as most fafe and convenient, and least offensive to the Neighbourhood; every Perfon and Perfons fo offending, and being thereof duly convicted before the Court of General Seffions of the Peace, in such County, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of thirty Pounds, one third Part of the said Forfeiture to be to the Use of His Majesty for the Support of this Government, one thirdPart to the Poor of the Town where fuch Offence shall be committed, and the other Third to him or them who shall inform and sue for the same; and the Offender or Offenders fo convict shall likewife enter into Recognizance to take down fuchKiln-House, and inDefault of entring intoRecognizance as aforesaid, shall be committed to Prison, until he doCause the same to be taken down, or otherwise fuchKiln-House shall be taken down by Order of the faidCourt; and the Charge thereof be levied by Diftress and Sale of such Offenders Goods, returning the Overplus if any be.

Penalty.

## Proprietors of Lands.

#### General Fields.

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## Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the eighth Day of July 1741.

CHAP.

An Act to enable Proprietors in common and undivided Lands to chuse Treasurers for their respective Proprieties as Oc-

cafion may require.

E it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court affembled, and by the Authority Proprietors of of the fame, That it shall and may be lawful for the Proprietors of any common common and undivided Lands or the major Part in Interest of them that are Landsimpowpresent at any of their lawful Meetings, whenever Occasion shall require, to red to chuse chuse some suitable Person for their Treasurer, who shall be sworn before a Treasurers Justice of the Peace to the faithful Discharge of his Trust; and such Treasurer is hereby impowered to demand, fue for, recover and receive all fuch Sums of Money, Debts and Dues, as shall at any Time belong to the faid Proprietors, Treasurers or be any Ways due or coming to them, and make Payment thereof again to Power. fuch Persons, and for such Uses as he shall be lawfully ordered and directed from the Proprietors; and of all this render his reasonable Account on Demand; and fuch Treasurer shall continue in his Office till the Proprietors shall seeCause to chuse another.

#### CHAP. II.

## AnAct to enable Proprietors of general and common Fields to raise Taxes, &c.

If E it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives, in General Court assembled, and by the Authought of the fame, That in every Town in this Province where feveral Allotments of Lands are inclos'd in one general or common Field or Proprietors of Inclosure, and as such improved, or where all the Proprietors of Lands shall Fields imhereafter see Cause to inclose, fence and improve the same in such Manner ; powred to that in fuch Case the Proprietors of such general Fields respectively shall be and raise Taxes are hereby fully authorized and impowered in a Proprietors Meeting for that Purpose regularly convened, by a major Vote of the Proprietors then present, (the Vote to be collected according to the Interest of the Proprietors) to agree upon and pass one or more Votes for the raising and collecting such Sum or Sums of Money from Time to Time as they shall judge necessary for the carrying on, or managing any publick Affairs relating to fuch Proprietors; and And to chuse that they be alike impowered to chuse three or five Assessment as the affesting and Assessment that they be alike impowered to chuse three or five Assessment as the affesting and Assessment that they be alike impowered to chuse three or five Assessment as the affesting and Assessment that they be alike impowered to chuse three or five Assessment that they be alike impowered to chuse the assessment that they be alike impowered to chuse the assessment that they be alike impowered to chuse the assessment that they be alike impowered to chuse the assessment that they be alike impowered to chuse the assessment that they be alike impowered to chuse the assessment that they be alike impowered to chuse the assessment that they be alike impowered to chuse the assessment that they be alike impowered to chuse the assessment that they be alike impowered to chuse the assessment that they be alike impowered to chuse the assessment that they be alike impowered to chuse the assessment that the assessment that they be alike impowered to chuse the assessment that the assessment apportioning fuch Sum or Sums fo agreed on and voted, upon the Proprietors of fuch Lands, according to their feveral Interests therein; and to appoint a Collector or Collectors to gather in and collect the fame, which Collector or Collectors shall be and are hereby fully impowered to levy and collect the Sum or Sums fo fet and apportioned for fuch Proprietors to pay, in the fameManner Proprietors of as Constables of Towns within this Province are impowered to levy and collect their Clerk to the publick Rates or Taxes, and to pay in the fame to the Proprietors or their grantWarrate Clerk, for fuch Taxes

#### Lord's-Day.

Clerk, who is hereby impowered to grant Warrants for the levying and collecting fuch Affessment at such Time as shall be by them appointed for the Payment thereof; and fuch Clerk shall be accountable to the Proprietors therefor: The Person or Persons so affesting the said Proprietors, and the Collector or Affectors and Collectors that shall be so appointed for the gathering and collecting the Sum Collectors to or Sums fo granted and agreed upon by the faid Proprietors to be affeffed and be under Oath collected as aforefaid, shall be under Oath for the true and faithful Performance of their Services respectively, which Oath shall be administred to them as the

Aggrieved of appealing.

Law provides for fwearing Town Officers. Provided nevertheless, That any such Proprietor who apprehends himself ag-Proprietors to grieved or over-rated in the making or apportioned fuch Affessment, shall have have Liberty Liberty to apply to the Justices of the General Sessions of the Peace in the respective Counties where such Lands lie for Relief; and in such Case the faid Justices are hereby fully impowred to grant Relief accordingly.

## Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednesday the eighthDay of July 1741. and continued by Prorogation and Adjournment to Wednesday the fixteenth of September following.

CHAP. I.

An Act in further addition to the feveral Acts for the Observation and keeping of the Lord's Day.

Perfore of-

IF E it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court affembled, and by the Quthouttp of the fame, That from and after the Publication of this Act, when any Person or Persons that shall be found by any one or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace loitering, or idly spending his, her or their Time, tending a Majesty's Justices of the Feace softering, or may pending misner or their rune, gainst this Act or unnecessarily assembled or assembling themselves in any of the Streets, Lanes, to be bound High-Ways or Commons in any Town or Place within this Province, on the Court of Ge. Lord's Day or any Part of it, and being ordered by such Justice or Justices to neral Sessions disperse or retire to his, her or their respective Lodgings, or repair to the pubof the Peace. lick Worship, shall refuse or neglect so to do, such Justice or Justices shall bind over fuch Offender or Offenders to appear at the next Court of GeneralSeffions of the Peace for the County where the Offence shall be committed, to answer therefor, and to bind over fuch Persons as shall be then present, or a sufficient Number of them, to give Evidence concerning the same, and shall make a Record thereof, and deliver or transmit such Record to His Majesty's Justices at their next General Seffions of the Peace for fuch County, who shall thereupon direct His Majesty's Attorney General, or in his Absence such other suitable Person as they shall appoint, forthwith to file an Information against such Offender or Offenders, who being convicted of the aforefaid Offence, either by Verdict or Confession in Court, shall for his, her or their first Offence, forfeit and pay for the Use of the Poor of such Place where the Offence shall be committed, twenty Shillings, with Costs of Prosecution, and stand committed until

Payment thereof; and for his her or their fecond and every other the likeOffence

the Sum of forty Shillings for the Use aforesaid, with Costs of Prosecution, and

give fufficient Security for his her or their good Behaviour till the next Court

of General Sessions of the Peace, and stand committed till the same shall be

Penalty upon Conviction.

Penalty upon a second Offence, &c.

performed.

Provided

### Ascertaining the Claine of Boncy.

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Provided always, That it shall and may be lawful for any Person or Persons convicted as aforefaid, to appeal to the Court of Affize then next to be held Provifo. in and for fuch County, the Appellant or Appellants recognizing with fufficient Sureties to profecute such Appeal there with Effect, as the Law directs.

#### C H A P. II.

An Act to ascertain the Value of Money, and of the Bills of public Credit of this Province, granted this presentYear for the Supply of the Treasury, and for securing the Credit of said Bills.

# it enacted by his Ercellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court affenibled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the first Day of February next, all The Value of coined Silver of Sterling Alloy shall be accounted, paid and taken as lawful Silver Money Money of this Province at the Rate of fix Shillings and eight Pence per Ounce flated at 64 34 Troy Weight, and other Money in the same Proportion, and no otherwise, and per Quase: a all private Trade and Dealings where no other lawful Money or Thing is exprefly contracted for shall be intended to be in and for the Money aforesaid.

And whereas the Bills of publick Credit on this Province have been fluctuating and uncertain in their Value, whereby many Mischiefs and Inconveniencies have

arisen :

For preventing whereof for the future ;

Be it enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That the Province Bills Value of Bills emitted for the Supply of the Treasury this present Year, shall be valued and of Credit taken at the Rate following, viz. Every Bill of fix Shillings and eight Pence, flated. at the Rate of one Ounce Troy Weight of coined Silver Sterling Alloy, and

all other Bills of faid Emission at the same Proportion.

And be it further enacted. That fix Shillings and eight Pence of all Debts and Dues to be contracted within five Years from the last Day of March next (Specialties and express Contracts excepted) shall be deemed and to all Intents and Purpofes adjudged to be equal to one Ounce of coined Silver Sterling Alloy, and shall be accordingly paid with one Ounce of Silver, or with fix Shillines and eight Pence of the Bills to be emitted for the Supply of the Treasury this present Year (excepting as herein after excepted) or in so much of the Province Bills thereafter to be emitted, as shall be equal to oneOunce of Silver at the Time of Payment, and so in Proportion for a greater or less Sum.

Provided nevertheless, That if the Bills ordered to be emitted this present Allowance to Year, or other Bills hereafter to be emitted, shall be depreciated or commonly be made to pass at any lower Rate than they are set at by this Act, or by the Act by which the Creditor in Case the fuch other Bills shall be emitted, that then and in such Case the Justices of the Bills be derespective Courts shall give Judgment for so much in Silver as the true Debt preciated. appears to be, and in Want thereof for so much in said Province Bills, with the Addition of so much more as will make Amends for the depreciating faid Bills from their present stated Value, or the Value at which such other Bills shall be stated.

And to the Intent that there may be one certain Rule by which the Justices of Courts prothe respective Courts shall proceed in making up their Judgments;

Be it enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That the General Astembly shall once in every fix Months determine the Rates that faid Bills then commonly pass at in Proportion to Silver and Bills of Exchange payable in London, and

J. Rule for the ceeding

CA HIL

#### 326 Ascertaining the Calue of Boney.

in Want thereof it shall be determined by the eldest Counsellor for the Time being in each of those Counties where any Member of His Majesty's Council is an Inhabitant, who are hereby appointed a Committee for that Purpole, and to ascertain the said Proportion by a Certificate under their Hands, or the Hands of the major Part of them, which Certificate shall be lodged in the Secretary's Office, and in Case of their Failure, that then the Justices of the Superiour Court of Judicature in their feveral Terms in the County of Suffolk annually shall appoint five able and sufficient Men upon their Oaths, to consider and report the true Value of those Bills as they will produce in Silver or Bills of Exchange to the best of their Judgment, and certify the same into the Secretary's Office; and the Secretary on Receipt of either of the aforefaid Certificates shall forthwith fend attested Copies thereof to the Clerks of the Courts in the feveral Counties, to be by them laid before their respective Courts for their Direction.

And whereas the purchasing Silver at high Rates, has often brought a Discount on the Bills of publick Credit :

Penalty for giving more forSilverthan in this Act.

Be it therefore further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That whofoever shall at any Time within five Years from the first Day of February next, directly or indirectly by himself or by any other for him, wittingly at the Rate fet give, contract or offer to give, receive, contract, or offer to receive more than fix Shillings and eight Pence in the Bills of publick Credit; ordered to be emitted this present Year for the Supply of the Treasury, for one Ounce of Silver Troy Weight of Sterling Alloy, or proportionably for any greater or less Sum, or more in any other Bills of Credit than (at the Rates at which they shall obtain a Currency) shall be equal to fix Shillings and eight Pence in the Bills ordered to be emitted this prefent Year, for one Ounce of Silver, and proportionably for a greater or lefs Sum, or more than a proportionable Value, whether Payment be made or proposed to be made in Bills or any other Way and Manner whatsoever, he shall forfeit the Sum of fifty Pounds, in the Bills ordered to be emitted this Year for the Supply of the Treasury, or equivalent thereto in other Province Bills, or in Silver or Gold; one Half to His Majesty for the Use of the Province, and the other Half to the Informer, to be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information in any Court of Record within the County where the Offence shall be committed, or by Indictment or Presentment of the Grand Jury; and in every fuch Profecution, if the Profecutor only, or other credible Person (who was Party in such Contract, Trade or Dealing) shall tender his Oath to the Truth of the Matter alledged (unless the Defendant will thereof acquit himself by his Oath) the Prosecutor or such other credible Person as aforefaid, shall be admitted to swear to the Matter of Fact charged upon the Defendant, and that shall be taken for full Evidence against the Defendant, and the Profecutor or fuch other Person who shall so testify, shall not be liable to any Fine or Forfeiture he may have incurred by and in the fameContract, Trade, or Dealing; and if any Person thought probably concerned in any such Contract, Trade or Dealing, refuse to be sworn or to give Evidence either before the Court before whom the Trial shall be, or to the Grand Jury, he shall (by the Court who shall require such Oath) be fined such Sum as if he had been convict of buying Silver contrary to this Act, and shall stand committed till he pay the same, and the Fine shall be in like Manner applied.

Provilo.

Provided, That nothing herein contained shall be construed to restrain the buying or felling of Silver wrought into Vessels or other Things commonly made by Goldsmiths, at a higher Rate than six Shillings and eight Pence per Ounce.

#### Appellants. Alewives.

CHAP. III.

An Act to alter several Laws that require Appellants to file and produce the Reafons of their Appeal.

HERE AS it is found by Experience that the Appellant's filing Reasons Preambles of Appeal in the Courts of the common Law, is a meer Matter of Form, and gives no Light in the Cause, but many Times occasions vain Disputes upon their Forms, to the needless Charge of the Appellants, and sometimes to the utter Overthrow of their Causes :

Be it therefore enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the fame, That henceforth when any Party shall be aggrieved No Reasons at the Sentence or Judgment of any Justice, or Court of General Sessions of of Appeal to the Peace, or Inferiour Court of Common Pleas, and appeal to any higher Ju- be given in dicatory, the Appellant shall not be required to file or produce any Writing any Cause, purporting the Reasons of his Appeal, but the Cause may be entred and tried upon the Appeal without any Reasons filed or produced, as heretofore hath been accustomed: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary hereof in any

#### CHAP. IV.

## An Actin addition to an Act made to prevent the Destruction of the Fish called Alewives, and other Fish.

HEREAS notwithstanding the several Acts made for the Preservation of the Fish, and to give them free Passage up and down the Rivers in their Seasons, yet by Reason of the many Dams erected, and often erecting across Preamble. fuch Rivers and Streams where the several Sorts of Fish pass up into the natural Ponds to cast their Spawns, said Fish are diverted in their Passage to the great Decay

and Ruin of such Fishery:

wife notwithstanding.

Be it therefore enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority aforesaid, That whosoever shall hereafter erect or build any Dam across any fuch River or Stream where the Salmon, Shad, Alewives, or other Fish usually Passage in pals up into the natural Ponds to caft their Spawn, shall make a sufficient Passage Dami to be Way for the Fish to pass up such River or Stream through or round such Dame. the Fish at the and shall keep it open for the free Passage of the Fish from the first Day of proper Season. April to the last Day of May annually, and all the Owners or Occupants of any Mill Dam or other Dams heretofore erected and made across any fuch River or Stream where the Fish can't conveniently pass over, shall make a sufficient Way either round or through fuch Dam, for the Paffage of fuch Fish at or before the first Day of September next, and after that to keep such Passage Way open from the first Day of April to the last Day of May annually, on Pain that every Person offending in any of the Particulars aforesaid, shall forseit and pay the Sum of fifty Pounds for each Offence.

Provided nevertheless, Whereas in some of the Rivers or Streams the faid Fish Towns the do not pass up to spawn in the Times by this Act provided for, that it shall be in Select. Mente the Power of the several Towns wherein such Streams are, or are adjoining, or the appoint the T t

#### Alewives and other fill.

Select-Men of such Towns, or the major Part of them, to appoint or order the Times of keeping open such Sluice-Ways, as in their Judgment may be agreable to the natural Time of Said Fish passing up to spawn, so as it do not exceed fixty Days annually.

Oaners of the Dams to allow a Paffage.

and he it further enacted by the authority aforefaid. That the Owners or Occupants of fuch Damor Dams shall allow sufficient Water Passage round through or over fuch Dams for the Paffage of fuch Fish or their young Spawn in the Seafon of their going down fuch Rivers or Streams, on Penalty

of forfeiting the Sum of fifty Pounds for every Offence.

Provided nevertheless, That whosover is an Owner or Occupant of such Dans

or Dams erected before the Year One Thouland seven Hundred and nine, and by this Act is obliged to make fuch Passage Way for the Fish as aforesaid, shall after he has effected the fame, present his Account of the reasonable Charge thereof to the Court of General Seffions of the Peace of the fame County for their Allowance, who are hereby impowered to proportion the feveral Towns-Charge there-Parts thereof who are advantaged thereby, and order each of faid Towns to by those that affels and pay the same to such Owner or Occupant accordingly, and the Owners or Occupants of fuchDam shall afterwards maintain such Passage Way at

of to be paid have the Benefit. Towns to

his or their own Coft and Charge. and be it further enacted by the authority aforefaid, That it shall be chuse Persons in the Power of any Town at their annual Meeting in March to chuse one or more Persons whose Business it shall be to see that the said Passage Ways are open pursuant to this Act, and that said Fish may not be obstructed in their usual passing up and down Stream, and to appoint the proper Place or Places for the taking such Fish with ScoopNets, and to limit the particular Times and Days for the taking the fame.

this Act be observed. Proviso.

to fee that

Provided also, That this Act shall not be construed so as to affect the Order of this Court, pass'd in January One Thousand seven Hundred and thirty eight,

relating to Watertown Mill-Dam.

Disposition of the Fines.

And that the feveral Fines and Penalties arifing by Virtue of this Act, shall be fued for and recovered in any Court of Record proper to try the fame, by any Person that shall prosecute and sue for the same, one Half of such Sum to be to and for the Use of the Prosecutor, and the other Half to be to and for the Use of the Poor of the Town where the Offence shall be committed.

Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England, Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednesday the eighth Day of July 1 7 4 1. and continued by Prorogation and Adjournments unto Wednelday the seventeenth Day of March following.

CHAP. V.

AnAct in Supplement of an Act Intitled, An Act in Addition to an Act made to prevent the Destruction of the Fish called Alewives and other Fift.

Preamble.

HERE AS in and by an Ast made in the prefent Year of His Majeshy's
Reien, Intitled. An Astrin Addition to Reign, Intitled, An Act in Addition to an Act made to prevent the Destruction of the Fish called Alewives and other Fish; the several Towns within this Province are enabled and impowered to chuse one or more Persons whose Busi-

## Bookinston and Upton Lands.

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ness it should be to see that the Passage Ways for Fish (in said Ast ordered to be made) be kept open during the Term therein mentioned, that so the Fish may not be obstructed in their usual passing up and down Stream, and to appoint the proper Place or Places for the taking such Fish with Scoop Nets, and to limit the particular Times and Days for taking the same; but no Penalty is therein ordered to be imposed on such as shall take Alewives or other Fish at other Times or Places than such as shall be appointed in Pursuance of said Act:

Be it therefore enacted by the Governour, Council and house of Representatives, That whosever shall presume to take any Penalty for of the Kinds of Fish in faid Act enumerated (whether with Scoop-Nets or carching Fish otherwise) in any River or Stream within or adjoining to any Town within this with Nets &c. Province at any other Place or Time than fuch as has been or shall be limitted out of Scalon. and appointed by any Town in Pursuance of faid Act, such Offender or Offenders shall forfeit and pay the Sum of ten Shillings for each Offence, one Moiety thereof to be for the Use of the Poor of the Town where the Offence shall be committed, the other Moiety to be to him or them who, shall inform and sue for the fame before one or more of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace in the fame County.

Provided, That this A& be not construed to affe& any Person taking Fish in any Town where fuch Town shall not in Manner as aforesaid appoint the Time and Place for taking the Fish aforesaid.

#### CHAP. VI.

An Act to enable the Trustees appointed in His Majesty's High Court of Chancery to purchase Houses or Lands and improve the fame for perpetuating the Charity of the honourable Edward Hopkins, Esq; more effectually to fecure the Interest of their feveral Tenants in Possession of their Hopkinston and Upton Lands, and the Revenue of those Lands to the College and Grammar School at Cambridge, according to the true Intent of all Parties at the first Settlement of that Town.

WHEREAS the Trustees appointed in His Majesty's high Court of Chancer to purchase Houses or Lands and improve the same for perpetuating the Pecambles of April 1716, agreed that those Lands should be leased out at the annual Rent of three Pence an Acre for the Term of ninety nine Years, and not exceeding nine Pence an Acre to those Termors their Heirs and Assigns at any Time coming after the Expiration of that Term, and afterwards when the Leafes were made for that Term to commence the twenty-fifth of March 1723, as on the one Hand they did not secure to the particular Termors their Heirs and Assigns the Right of renewing their Leases from Time to Time for ever upon an annual Rent not exceeding nine Pence an Acre, to the great disadvantage of the Tenant, so on the other Hand they obliged the Trustees to discharge and save the Tenants from paying any Province Tax for three Quarters of the Premises, to the utter Loss of the Rent therein reserved for the pious Uses aforesaid:

### Dopkinston and Apton Lands.

New Indenrares to be given on Hopkin ton and Upton Land.

Be it therefore enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the authority of the same, That it shall be lawful for the said Trustees, and they are hereby impowered by certain Indentures between them and the Tenants of those Lands to be executed, to confirm the several Tenements in the Tenure of the original Termors or their Assigns, to hold to them their Heirs and Assigns forever, referving a Rent Charge of one Penny Sterling Money of Great Britain or equivalent in Province Bills by the Acre, payable the twenty-fifth of March annually in Lieu of the Rent referved in their respective Leases, till the twenty-fifth of March One Thousand eight Hundred and twenty three, and three Pence an Acre like Money payable the twenty-fifth of March annually from that Time forward for ever, the Tenants covenanting for themselves their Heirs and Affigns to pay all Province Taxes for their Lands to be rated by this Court from Time to Time for what they are worth above the Rents referved as aforefaid.

And whereas the Trustees aforesaid have by an Endorsement on their several Leases granted to the Termors and their Assigns the Right of Common in all their Lands in Hopkinston and Upton (above twelve Thousand five Hundred Acres designed for the several Tenants and other particular Uses) in proportion to the Quantity of their Lands leased to them, and these Tenants apprehend they can more beneficially

improve the said common Lands if divided to every one their Share:

Now therefore,

Tenants impowredato divide their Commons,

Preamble.

Be it further enacted by the Authority aforciaid, That the Trustees aforefaid instead of granting them the Common aforefaid, be impowered by the Indentures aforefaid the better to enable them to pay the Land Tax aforefaid, to give, grant, convey and confirm to the Tenants aforefaid all the Lands aforefaid, in proportion to their Lands leafed to them as aforefaid, to hold to them and their Heirs for ever, that they may either improve the fame in Common as was first intended, or divide and seperately improve the same as shall seem good to them or the major Part of them upon Advisement and mature Consideration

And for the better securing of the several Tenants Estate in the Premises, and more clear Discovery of their respective Interests, and the recovery of the Rents

aforesaid :

A Register to be appointed Leafes &c.

Be it further enacted, That the Trustees aforesaid shall, and they are hereby impowered to appoint a Register for those Lands, and swear him to the for recording faithful Discharge of his Duty, and from Time to Time upon his Misbehaviour or Failure by Death or otherwise, to substitute and swear another in his Room, who shall keep fair Books of Record, and therein record one of those Leases already recorded by the Register of the County of MiddleJex, with the mean Conveyances thence down to the present Tenant in Possession, as also a Certificate from the Register of the County of Middlesex of all the rest by him recorded, expressing the Lesses Premises Dates and the Terms of Continuance, with all the mean Conveyances down to the present Tenant in Possession; and he shall likewise record all those Leases and mean Conveyances not yet recorded by the Register of the County of Middlesex, and all future Conveyances of any of the faid Lands: And after the twenty-fixth Day of April next no Conveyance of those Houses or Lands, the Revenue whereof goes to the College and GrammarSchool in Cambridge, shall be good to hold the same against any other Perfons but the Grantors and their Heirs only, unless the Deed thereof be recorded by the Register aforesaid, who shall take of the Purchasers at the Rate of eight Pence Sterling, or equivalent in Province Bills, for every Page of twenty eight Lines, eight Words in a Line for recording the fame, and no more: And no Purchaser shall be obliged to record any of these Deeds in the Records of the County of Middlesex henceforward.

#### Executions. Support of Pinisters.

CHAP. VII.

## An Act to limit and direct in fuing out Executions upon Judgments of Courts.

E it enacted by his Excellency the Governour, Council and Representatives in General Court assembled, and by the Authority Method for of the same, That when Judgment shall be given in any Court of Executions. Record, the Party obtaining it may fue out Execution thereon at any Time within a twelve Month, and afterwards renew it as often as Occasion shall require; and where any Execution shall be returned without any Satisfaction made, or fatisfied only in Part, the Clerk of the faid Court within a twelve Month after the Return thereof into the Office, may ex Officio renew or make out an alias or Plureis Execution for the whole or the Remainder as the Cafe may be, till the Judgment be fully fatisfied: But if the Party shall neglect to fue out his Execution, Alias or Plureis, within the Times afore limitted, he shall fue out a Writ of Scire Facias, and cause the adverse Party to be served therewith, or an attefted Copy thereof, to be left at his Dwelling or Place of usual and last Abode, seven Days inclusive before the Court's sitting, requiring him to shew Cause, if any he have, why Execution ought not to be done; and upon his Non-Appearance, or not flewing fufficient Caufe, the Court shall award Execution for what remaineth, with additional Cost.

## An Act.

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of the Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England: Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednefday the twenty-fixth Day of May 1 7 4 2.

#### CHAP. VIII.

## An Act in addition to the feveral Acts or Laws of this Province for the Settlement and Support of Ministers.

THERE AS the professed Members of the Church of England have complained that they are unreasonably taxed for the Support of divine Wor- Preamble, ship in the Manner established by the Laws of this Province, while they and their Families constantly attend the Worship of GOD according to the Usage and Order of the Church of England, either within their own or some neighbouring Town, Parish, or Precinct:

Be it enacted by the Sovernour, Council and house of Representatives, That the Members of the Church of England and their Effates shall Tax of Perbe taxed to the Support of the publick Worship of GOD with the other son attending Estates and Inhabitants within the Bounds of any Town, Parish, or Precinet, at the Chauch according to the Laws of this Province: And the Treasurer of such Town, be paid their beginning to the Laws of this Province. Parish, or Precinct, as he receiveth any such Tax, shall deliver the Taxes col- own Minister. lected of every profess'd Member of the Church of England unto the Minister of the faid Church, with whom he usually and frequently attends the publick Worship of GOD on the Lord's Days, which Minister shall have Power to receive, and if need be to recover the same in the Law, to support him in the Place whereunto he is duly defigned and fent,

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#### Incumbrances about the Court House.

Differency provided for.

And if by that Means any Deficiency happeneth in the Salary of any Minifter fettled by the Laws of this Province, fuch Town, Parish or Precinct within two Months after fuch Deficiency appeareth, shall make good the same.

Members of the Church of of Ministers &c.

Provided nevertbeless, That all such professed Members of the Church of England seeu: England shall be intirely excused from paying any Taxes towards the Settle-fedfrom Charment of any Minister, or building any Meeting-House, pursuant and according the Settlement to the Direction and Orders of the Laws of this Province, and utterly debarred from voting any Ways concerning fuch Ministers or Meeting-Houses.

Proviso.

Provided also, That no Person shall be exempted or his Tax paid over to any Minister of the Church of England, unless such Minister and his Church Wardens shall first certify to the Treasurer of such Town or Parish where he lives, that fuch Person is a Member of the Church of England, and usually and frequently attends the publick Worship of GOD with them on the Lord's Days as aforefaid.

## Acts and Laws.

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of the Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England: Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednefday the twenty-fixth Day of May 1742, and continued by Prorogation and Adjournments unto Thursday the eighteenth Day of November following.

#### CHAP. I.

## An Act to prevent Incumbrances about the Doors of the Court House in Boston.

Preamble.

THERE AS the Doors of the Court House in the Town of Boston, are often incumbred by Teams and otherways, so as very much to obstruct the Members of the General Court in their Passage to and from the faid House :

Penalty for incumbering the Doors of the Court-, House.

Be it therefore enacted by the Governour, Council and House of Representatives. That no Person or Persons whatsoever shall presume to incumber the faid House by stopping or suffering to stand any Coach, Chaise, Chair, Team, Cart, Sled, Truck or Wheelbarrow, or by laying any Lumber, Stones, Mud, Dirt, or other Incumbrance whatfoever within the Distance of twenty-four Feet from the West End, thirty Feet from the Bottom of the Steps at the East End, and ten Feet from either Side of the said House, upon Pain of forfeiting five Shillings unto the Door-Keeper to the General Court for the Time being, and by him to be recovered before a Justice of the Peace.

Penalty for offending after Warning by the Door-Keeper.

And in Case any Person or Persons offending in either of the Particulars before mentioned, after being thereto required by the Door-Keeper, shall not forthwith remove any fuch Incumbrance, he or they shall forfeit the Sum of twenty Sbillings, to be recovered in like Manner as aforefaid.

Proviso.

Provided nevertbeless, That this Act shall not be construed so as to hinder any Coach, Chariot, Chaife or Chair, from ftanding within the Limits aforefaid, which shall be used by the Governour, Lieutenant Governour, or any of the Members of the General Court for the Time being.

## Petit Jurois.

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#### CHAP. II

An Act for preventing unnecessary Expence in the Attendance of Petit Jurors on the feveral Courts of Justice within this Province.

WHEREAS Petit Jurors are often Times detained at the Trial and Hear-ing of Causes which are not committed to them by Reason of the Agreement of Parties, Abatement of the Writ, or Discontinuance; whereby the Plaintiff becomes Non-suit, and frequently (especially in the Inferionr Court of Common Pleas)
Judgment is entred up against the Defendant by Default, whereby great Part of the Jury's Time is taken up, without their being allowed any Benefit by Law, notwithstanding their being obliged to give their constant Attendance during the Time of the Courts fitting, until all the Actions depending there are finished:

Be it enacted by the Governour, Council and House of Representatives, That Petit Jurors (in the Court of General Seffions of the Peace and The Time of Inferiour Court of Common Pleas to be held within and for the County of Attendance of Petit Juros Suffolk) shall not be obliged to give their Attendance until the second Tuesday stated, of faid Courts Sitting; and at the faid Courts that are to be held within all other Counties within this Province, on the fecond Day of the faid Courts Sitting, to the End that the faid Courts may proceed upon and determine all Pleas in Bar and Abatement of Writs, and all other Matters and Things that relate to fuch Actions as are not committed to the Jury; so that their Time and Attendance be not unnecessarily taken up and delayed. And the Clerks of the respective Courts aforesaid are hereby ordered and directed in making out Writs of Venire Facias for the Choice of Petit Jurors to give Directions accordingly.

And be it further enacted, That no Action be entred in any of the Courts No Action to aforesaid after the first Day of their Sitting: And all Pleas in Bar of the be entred af-Action or Abatement of the Writ be either entred thereon or filed with the ter the first Action or Abatement of the Will be the Large than the Defendant Day of the Clerk of the faid Court before the Jury be impanneled; and if the Defendant Court's Site in any Action suffer Default, and comes into Court and moves for a Re-entry ting of his Action, (after the Jury be impanneled) on paying the Plaintiff or his Attorney such legal Cost as shall then have arose, and half Fees to the Petit Jury, to whom the same shall be ordered by said Court, he shall be admitted to a Re-entry of his Action, and to all fuch Privileges as by Law he was intitled to on his first Entry.



# Acts and Laws,

Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England: Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednesday the twenty fixth Day of May 1742. And continued by Adjournments and Prorogations unto Thursday the thirty first of March following.

#### CHAP. III.

An Act for fixing the Times for holding the Superiour Courts of Judicature, Courts of Affize and General Goal Delivery, and Courts of General Sessions of the Peace, and Inferiour Courts of Common Pleas within the several Counties in this Province. er franzischer der Germafand form

fit enacted by the Governour, Council and House of Representatives, That the Times and Places for holding and keeping the Courts of General Seffions of the Peace, and Inferiour Courts of Com- The Times mon. Pleas within the respective Counties in this Province for the source and Places of holding Inference as followeth; That is to fay, For the County of Suffolk, at Boston on the root Courts and Salem on the second Tuesday in July, and last Tuesday in December, at General Self-Newbury on the last Tuesday in September, at Ipswick on the last Tuesday in one of the Peace. March: For the County of Middlefen, at Cambridge on the third Tuesday in May, at Charlestown on the second Tuesday in December and March, at Concord on the last Tuesday in August: For the County of Hampshire, at Springfield on the third Tuesday in May and last Tuesday in August, at Northampton on the fecond Tuesday in February and November: For the County of Worcefter, at Worcester on the first Tuesday in November and February, the second V. v.

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Tuesday in May, and the third Tuesday in August: For the County of Plymouth, at Plymouth on the first Tuesday in March, on the third Tuesday in May, September and December: For the County of Barnstable, at Barnstable on the last Tuesday in June, and on the third Tuesday of March, October and January: For the County of Briffol, at Briffol on the fecond Tuesday in March, June, September and December: For the County of York, at York on the first Tuesday of April, July and January, at Falmouth on the first Tuesday in October: For Dukes County, at Edgartown on the first Tuesday in March and last Tuesday in October: For the County of Nantucket, at Sherburn on the last Tuesday in March and first Tuesday in October yearly, and in every Year from Time to Time.

Times and Places of hol-Ø €.

and be it further enacted, That the Times and Places for holding and keeping the Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Affize, and General Goal ding the Supe- Delivery, shall for the future be as followeth: That is to fay; Within and for riour Courts, the County of Suffolk, at Boston on the third Tuesday in August and February: Within and for the County of Effex, at Salem on the second Tuesday in November, at Ipswich on the second Tuesday in May: Within and for the County of Middlesex, at Cambridge on the first Tuesday in August, at Charlestown on the last Tuesday in January: Within and for the County of Hampshire, at Springfield on the sourth Tuesday in September: Within and for the County of Worcester, at Worcester on the third Tuesday in September: Within and for the County of Plymouth, at Plymouth on the fecond Tuesday of July: Within and for the County of Barnstable and Dukes County, at Barnstable on the third Tuesday in July: Within and for the County of Bristol, at Bristol on the fourth Wednesday in Ostober: Within and for the County of York, at York on the third Wednesday in June yearly, and in every Year, from Time to Time until this Court shall order otherwise.

#### CHAP. IV.

## An Act in Addition to the feveral Acts for regulating Fences.

Preamble.

WHEREAS the several Laws already made are ineffectual for obliging Per-fons to make and maintain Partition Fences between their Lands under Improvement, whereby the aggrieved Parties are put to great Expence and Charge in forcing a Compliance by the Rules of the Law:

Be it enacted by the Governour, Council and House of Representatives. That from and after the first Day of May next, that the respective Rules for the Proprietors of all Lands enclosed with Fence, shall keep up and maintain Par-Chargeof Par tition Fences between their and the next adjoining Enclosures, in equal Halves tition Fences according to Law, fo long as both Parties continue to improve the fame, and in Case either Party lay his Enclosure common, the Party improving shall allow for his Half of faid Partition-Fence what the same shall be judged worth in the Estimation of two or more of the Fence-Viewers of such Town; and if any Person shall enclose such Land afterwards, or by joining Fences with another, enclose his Lands before lying common, he shall thereupon pay to the Person who owns the Partition-Fence the Value of one half of the same, in the Judgment of the Fence-Viewers as aforefaid, and all Partition-Fences hereafter to be made, shall be in like Manner done and maintained by the improving Parties in equal Halves; and in Case either Party refuse after six Days Notice to make up his Half thereof, the aggrieved Party shall forthwith apply himself to two or more of the Fence-Viewers of such Town, who hereby are impowered

#### Fences.

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impowered and enabled to make up the fame according to Law, and upon fuch Person's Refusal, who ought to pay for the same, with their Costs and Charges thereon, to profecute and fue for it in any Court of Law proper to try the fame, and in Case any Dispute shall arise about the respective Owner's Right to any Methods for Application made to two or more of the Fence-Viewers of fuch Town where the Land lies, they are hereby impowered to affign to each Party his Share Partition Fenthereof, and fuch Settlement being recorded in the Town-Clerk's Office, shall cen be binding upon fuch Persons, and they obliged always thereafter to maintain their Part of faid Fence as aforefaid; and in Case any of the Parties aforefaid refuse or neglect (after six Days Notice given) to erect, keep up and maintain the Partition-Fences as is by this Act prescribed, upon Application made to two or more of the Fence-Viewers aforesaid, they shall do or cause the same to be done at the Cost of the Person neglecting his Duty, who (in Case of Refusal) shall be liable to the Suit of such Fence-Viewers for the Recovery thereof in Manner as aforefaid, who shall be allowed double for all their Charge and Expence in procuring Materials, and doing the Workmanship thereof: Saving always, to every Person and Persons any particular Agreement touching the making and maintaining Partition-Fences between their Lands.

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#### BOSTON, N. E.

Printed and Sold by Samuel Kneeland and Timothy Green, by Order of His Excellency the GOVERNOUR, Council and House of REPRESENTATIVES, MDCCXLIII.







Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England: Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednesday the twenty fifth Day of May 1743.

#### CHAP. I.

An Act in Addition to and in Explanation of fundry Clauses of an Act intitled An Act to ascertain the Value of Money and of the Bills of publick Credit of this Province, &c. made and pass'd in the fifteenth Year of His Majesty's Reign.

HERE AS in the Law for ascertaining the Value of Money and of the Bills of publick Credit of this Province paffed in the fifteenth Year of his Majesty's Reign, it is enasted, That all Debts contrasted after the last Preamble. Day of March A. D. 1742, (Specialties and express Contrasts excepted) should be deemed equal to lawful Money, and every Debt of fix Shillings and eight Pence Value fo contracted should or might be discharged by oneOunce of Silver, or fix Shillings and eight Pence of the Bills of publick Credit emitted that Year, or that should thereafter be emitted, equal in Value to anOunce of Silver. Provided nevertheless, that in Case such Bills should be depreciated below the Value they were stated at by said AEt, that an Addition should be made of so much more as would make them equal to the then fixed Value aforesaid. And the Judges of the Superiour Court, agreable to the Directions of the aforesaid Law, have made Inquiry by a Committee for that Purpose appointed, who have certified into the Secretary's Office that seven Shillings and two Pence of the Bills of Credit of the last Form and Tenor is equal to one Ounce of Silver; in Consequence whereof Judgments have been made up in several Courts on Debts contracted since the last of March aforesaid at that Rate, whereby an Addition of fix Pence is made to the Creditor

### Ascertaining the Calue of Boncy.

on every Debt of fix Shillings and eight Pence Value. And whereas by faid Certificate compared with the Rates of Bills of Exchange in March aforesaid, it is manifest that the said Bills are not depreciated below the Value they passed at when first emitted, in as much as fix Shillings and eight Pence in said Bills will now go as far in purchasing Bills of Exchange as when said Ast was made, and the aforesaid Loss has happened to the Debtor from his not strictly attending the Direction of faid Law, whereby every Debt of fix Shillings and eight Pence is deemed equal to an Ounce of Silver, (Specialties and express Contracts excepted) and should have been considered by the Debtor at the Time of contracting such Debt as if the same had been payable in lawful Money. And whereas the Bills of publick Credit currant in this Province are at present the only Medium of the common Trade and Business within it, there will be continual Danger of the Debtor's computing his Debt according to the depreciated Value of fuch Bills whilft it is deemed by faid Law to be contracted for lawful Money; and thereby great Damage may enfue to Debtors contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of the faid Law : Wherefore

All Debts to deemed according to Bills when contracted.

Be it enaded by the Governour, Council and bouse of Representatives, That all Debts contracted fince the last of March A. D. One thou-Vilue of the fand feven Hundred and forty two, or that shall hereafter be contracted (Specialties and express Contracts excepted) shall be deemed and adjudged equal to the real Value only fuch Bills have passed or shall pass at when such Debt was or shall be contracted; and every Debt of twenty Shillings contracted as aforefaid, shall or may be always hereafter discharged by twenty Shillings in saidBills, and fo pro rata for a greater or less Sum; unless such Bills have already of should hereafter be depreciated below the Value they passed at when such Debt was or shall be contracted; and in such Case so much shall always be allowed by the respective Courts in this Province as shall make said Bills equal in Value to fuch Debt when contracted: Any Thing contained in the aforefaid Law to the contrary notwithstanding.

Saving an Allowance for Bills depreciating.

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#### BOSTON,

Printed and Sold by Samuel Uncelland and Timothy Green, by Order of His Excellency the GOVERNOUR, Council and House of REPRESENTATIVES. MDCCXLIII.

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Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majefty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England : Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednesday the twenty-fifth Day of May 1743, and continued by Adjournment to Thursday the eighth Day of September following.

#### CHAP. I.

## An Act for erecting of Work-Houses for the Reception and Employment of the Idle and Indigent.

HEREAS the erecting of Houses for the Entertainment and Employment of idle and slothful Persons who refuse to exercise any lawful Calling or Business whereby to support themselves and Families, and of the Poor Preamble, and Indigent that want Means to employ themselves, may be of great Advantage to the Publick, and more especially to the Towns that shall be concern'd in such an Undertaking :

Be it therefore enacted by the Governour, Council and Any fingle boute of Representatives, That whensoever any Town within this Pro- Town may vince shall see meet to erect or provide an House for the Purpose before mentioned, such Town shall be and hereby is authorized and impowered so to do. House, aptioned, fuch Town shall be and hereby is authorized and impowered so to do; point Over-as also at their publick Meetings for the Choice of Town Officers in the Month seri, &c. of March annually, to chose five seven or nine Overseers of said House, who shall have the Inspection, Ordering and Government thereof, with Power of appointing a Master and needful Affistants for the more immediate Care and Overfight of the Persons received into, or employed in said House; which Overseersmay Overfeers once in every Month, and at other Times as Occasion shall require, shall make needful affemble together to confider and determine of the most proper Methods for regulating the Discharge of their Office; and at their stated monthly Meetings shall have such House. Power to make needful Orders for the Regulation of fuch House, which Orders shall be binding till the next publick Meeting of the Inhabitants of such Town (to whom fuch Orders shall be presented for Approbation) and when by them approved shall be obligatory until revoked by faid Town,

And be it further enacted, That when any Number of Towns shall ag ee

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Torns may erecta Work-House.

Two or more (at their joint Charge and for their common Benefit) to erect or provide a Work-House for the Employment of Persons residing in such Towns that are indigent or idle, or to purchase Land whereon to erect such House and for the Accommodation of it, they shall be and hereby are yested with Authority so to do; and the Regulation Inspection and Government of such House when erected, ordering the needful Repairs of it, with Power of appointing a Master and other Affistants, and him or them (in Case of any irregular Behaviour, Incapacity, or other just Cause) to remove from their respective Offices or Trusts, shall be in the Hands of the Overseers to be from Year to Year specially appointed or chosen by the several Towns concerned at their anniversary publick Meetings in the Month of March; each Town to choose five, unless all the Towns engaged in the Undertaking shall agree upon any other Number or Proportions; and in Case of the Death of any Overseer, or his removal out of the Town for which he was appointed, the Vacancy-thereby made may be fupply'd by fuch Town at any other publick Meeting; and if any Town or Towns concern'd, shall neglect to choose such Overseers, in such Case the Perfon or Persons chosen by the other Towns may proceed in all Affairs of said

May appoint Overfeers to inspect the House, and order the Affairs of it.

Overfeers to ly Meetings.

and be it further enacted, That there be stated Quarterly Meetings of all the Overleers on the first Tuesday of the Months of April, Fully, October hold quarter- and January, from Year to Year, to be held at the Work-House, in order to inspect the Management thereof, and for the ordering the Affairs of said House; and befides these stated Meetings, intermediate Meetings (to be held at the Work-Houle) may be called (when Need requires) by the Overseers of any Town concern'd, due Notice of the Time and Occasion thereof being given to the rest in such Way and Manner as shall be agreed on by the Overseers at any General stated Meeting:

House, any such Neglect or Refusal notwithstanding.

May choose Clerk, &c.

And be it surther enacted, That the Overseers when duly assembled a Moderator, may choose a Moderator to regulate the Business of the Meeting, who shall have a Voice in Matters voted or transacted by the Overseers, in Case only of an Equi-Vote; and at their first general Meeting in every Year shall likewise choose a Clerk to enter and record all Votes and Orders that from Time to Time shall be made and passed by the Oversees, who shall be sworn to the faithful Discharge of his Trust.

and be it further enacted, That the Overfeers for the Time being at a

May make Orders and By Laus.

general quarterly Meeting (whereat one half at least of the whole Number of Overseers shall be present) shall have Power to make needful and reasonable Orders and By-Laws (not repugnant to the Laws of this Province) for the better and more decent regulating the faid House, and well ordering the Affairs of it; which Orders shall be binding until the Expiration of the Year for which fuch Overfeers shall be chosen, or until they shall be by them revoked : and at fuch Meeting may likewife agree with the Master or other Assistants, and or-

May order a meet Allowance to the Mafter and Affittants.

der meet Allowance for their Care and Service during the Term for which fuch Overseers shall be chosen, or such further Term as the Towns concern'd shall agree; all other Matters of less Importance relating to the faid House, may be transacted at any other Meetings duly warned, when but seven of the Overfeers are present; subject nevertheless to be altered or reversed at any general stated Meeting.

and beit further enacted, That the yearly Stipend or Allowance to the Matter and Affistants over and above what is provided for by this Act for their Care and Trouble, together with the Charge of keeping the House in Repair, shall be paid by the several Towns concerned in Proportion as they

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fet or rated in the Province Tax at the Time when fligh Repairs shall be By whomand made, or fuch Allowance flated by the Overfeers, or in fuch other Proportion as all the Towns concern'd flall agree, and the Town or Towns refufing or neg Allowance to lecting to advance their respective Proportion of such Allowance or other the Master lecting to advance their respective Proportion of facility and Alloware of order of Charges before mentioned, after they shall have been stated and adjusted by the and Charge Overseers, the same may be recovered of such delinquent Town or Towns (in the House) any Court proper to try the fame) by Action to be brought by the Perfon or shall be de-Persons whom the Overseers may appoint for that Purpose.

and be it further enacted, That any three or more of the Overfeers in Overfeers of any Town already provided with fuch a House, and of the Overseers in any each Town Town that (either by themselves or in Conjunction with other Towns) shall concern'd imhereafter erect a Work-House, be and they are hereby directed and impowred powered to to commit to fuch House (by writing under the Hands of the said Overseers) commit Perto be employ'd and govern'd according to the Rules and Orders of the House Work Bouse. any Person or Persons (residing in such Town) that hereafter in this Act are declared liable to be fent thither : Provided that no greater Number of Persons belonging to any Town be received into the House than such Town's Proportion of faid House (to be allotted them) can accommodate, when the receiving them will exclude or incommode fuch as belong to other Towns.

and be it further enacted, That the Persons who shall be liable to be Qualification fent to, employed and governed in any Work-House erected or to be erected of Persons by one or more Towns, purfuant to this or any former Act, are all Poor and liable to be indigent Persons, that are maintained by or receive Alms from the Town stallo fant thinkers all Perfons able of Body to Work (and not having Estate or Means otherways to maintan themselves) who refuse or neglect so to do, live a diffolute or vagrant Life, and exercise no ordinary or lawful Business or Calling whereby to gain an honest Livelihood; and all such as having some rateable Estate but not enough to qualify them to vote in Town Affairs, do neglect the due Care and Improvement of it, and by confuming their Time and Money in publick Houses to the Neglect of their proper Business, or by otherways mispending what they earn to the Impoverishment of themselves or Families, are likely to become chargeable to the Town.

and it is hereby further provided and enacted, That if any Town lecting to shall refuse or neglect to provide their Proportion of the needful Furniture for Proportion of fuch House, or of the Materials, Implements and other New Materials. fuch House, or of the Materials, Implements and other Necessaries for carrying Materials, &c on the Work there to be performed, according to their Agreement, or as shall deprived of be ordered by the Overfeers, fuch Town shall be deprived of the Privilege fending any Person thither, until such Time as they shall comply with such Persons this Order or Agreement.

Towns neg-

and be it further enacted. That besides the aforesaid Proportion of The Master Materials &c. to be found by the Towns concerned, each Town may likewife to keep the provide fuch Materials, Implements and Tools for Work as the Overfeers for Materials fent fuch Town shall judge any Person by them committed to said House can be by each Town employed about with most Profit and Advantage, during his or her Abode these sent by there; and the Master of the Flouse shall receive such Materials and keep them other Towns. feperate and apart from those that shall be sent by any other Town, and shall To be acbe accountable to the Overfeers of each Town concerned, as well for the prime countable for Stock as for all Profits and Earnings that shall be made by the Labour of those the prime (belonging to fuch Town) under his Care; and shall keep a Register of the Stock and Names of the Persons committed to such Work-House, with the Time of their Earnings. being received into and discharged from it, and of their Earnings by their Labour, To keep a that so the same may appear to any of the Overseers whensoever they shall see Register, &c.

## Work-houses.

betwixt the Mafter and Overfeers of

any Town how to be determined. bear the Charge of fupporting fuch as they How Perfons committed may be difcharged Persons comkept to Labour.

orderly, to be punished. The Mafter to have one

Earnings.

Controversice Cause to inspect them; and all Controversies between the Master or Keeper of fuch House, and the Overseers of any Town touching his Accompts or other Affairs whatfoever, may be determined by the Overfeers of the House at a General Meeting.

and be it further enacted, That no Town shall be at Charge for the Sup-Each Town to port or Relief of any Person committed to said House, who was not sent thither by the Overfeers belonging to fuch Town; nor any Person orderly committed to it, shall be discharged from it, but by the Overfeers by whom he was committed, or by the Overseers at a General Meeting, commit to the or otherwise by the Justices of the Court of General Sessions of the Peace in the fame County, upon Application to them made for that Purpose; and every Person so committed (if fit and able to Work) shall be held and kept ftrictly and diligently imployed in Labour, during his or her abode there; and in Case they be idle and shall not duly perform such Task or Stint as shall be mitted to be reasonably affign'd them, or shall be stubborn and disorderly, shall be punish'd according to the Orders that shall be made for the ruling, governing, and punishing of the Persons there to be committed, not repugnant to the Laws of this In Case they Province.

and be it further enacted. That one third Part of the Profits or Earnings of the Work done by the Persons detained in such House, shall be to the Mafter for and towards his Support, over and above such further annual Stipend Third of the as the Overfeers fee meet to order and allow him as before mentioned for his Care and Service.

How the other two Thirds of the Earnings and the prime Stock shall be disposed of.

and be it further enacted, That the primeStock, together with the other two Thirds of the Profits or Incomes of the Labour of the Persons employed there, shall be disposed of by the Overseers of the respective Towns to whom it belongs, either to the Master in Satisfaction for hisService, Care and Expence about the Persons by them committed to him, and at such Rate as the said Overseers and Master snall agree, or for the Support of the Families of the Perfons there detained (if any fuch they have) or otherwise for the Use of such Town as Occasion shall require.

and be it further enacted, That any Work-House erected as aforesaid Any Work-House may be may be discontinued or applied to any other Use whensoever the Town or Towns discontinued, concerned shall find or judge their Circumstances require it, and shall agree so in Cafe. to do.

> Provided nevertbeless, That nothing herein contained shall be construed or understood to abridge the Town of Boston, or the Overseers of the Poor thereof, any Priviledge or Power (with Relation to a Work-House) already granted them by a lateLaw of this Province for that Purpose made and provided.

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BOSTON: N. E.

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#### Land Bank.



Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England: Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednesday the twenty-fifth Day of May 1743, and continued by Adjournment and Prorogation to Thursday the twentieth of October following.

CHAP. II.

## An Act for the more speedy finishing of the Land Bank or Manufactory Scheme.

HEREAS notwithstanding the Directors and Partners of the late Land Preamble. Bank Company have in general publickly renounced their Scheme, and great Numbers of them have redeemed their just Proportions of the faid late Company's Bills, and delivered them up to be confumed, yet many of the Partners still neglect to do it, by Means whereof those who have paid a due Obedience to the Law, in this Regard still remain exposed to the Actions of the Possessors of the said late Company's Bills, commonly called the Manufactory Bills, which are now outstanding, and many of them have suffered great Loss thro' the Default of their Partners, who contemptuously refuse to redeem their due Proportions of the faid Bills.

Now for the more speedy finishing of the said Scheme in as equitable a Manner as may be, and preventing such of the Directors and Partners as have complied with the Law from fuffering Ruin or Dammage thro' the Obstinacy or Neglect of their delinquent Partners:

Be it enacted by the Governour, Council and House of Reure. Commission actives. That John Jeffries, Samuel Danforth, and John Chandler, Eiges, per forfinishing the Land be Commissioners to receive Commission for the Purposes hereafter mentioned BankScheme. from the Governour, and the faid Commissioners or any two of them, shall by Virtue of this Act, have full Power effectually to order and adjust all the Affairs and Business necessary for the just and equal finishing of the said Land Bank and Manufactory Scheme; which Commissioners before their entring Their Power. upon the Execution of the faid Trust, shall take the following Oath, viz.

#### Land Bank.

Commission

A. B. do Swear, that I will faithfully beneftly and impartially manage and difiburge the Irust reposed in me by the Commission for ordering and adjusting all the Affairs never for the smissing of the Land Bank Scheme, without Favour or Assertion, Prejudice or Malice, to the hest of my Skill. So help me GOD.

And the faid Commissioners, or any two of them, shall have full Power to call before them and examine upon Oath any Persons whomsoever, touching the Affairs and Trade of the faid late Company, and to order all the Essets, Books, Papers, and Writings, relating to the faid Scheme and Trade, to be delivered up to them, that they may discover all the Debts and Credits of the said late Company, and the Quantity of their Bills emitted, how many of them are redeemed and consumed, or lying ready to be consumed, and by whom they were redeemed, how many are fill outstanding; what Loss and Charge hath already incurred upon them; and what is the Proportion of every Director and Partner of the said late Company for the Redemption of the outstanding Bills.

For preventing fraudulent Conveyances, And for preventing any fraudulent, Alienations or Conveyances of the Estates of such of the aforesaid late Directors and Partners, who have not redeemed their just Proportions of the said Eills, in order to defraud the said late Company's Creditors, and avoid the Effect of this Alt:

Commissioners Power. Be it further enacted, That from and after the Publication of this Act the Estate of each and every such Director and Partner shall be thereby bound and subjected to the Payment of such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be affested upon him by the faid Commissioners, or any two of them, with the Approbation and Allowance of the Great and General Court of this Province (as is herein after mentioned) for the Redemption of their respective Proportions of the Bills of the faid late Company, and their equitable Part and Share of all Lots and Charges arifing by the faid Scheme, in fuch Manner as the fame or any Part of it would be bound and subjected by the actual Service of Process of Attachment upon it at the Suit of any Creditor, according to the ordinary Course of the Law, and the Usage within this Province : And the said Commissioners or any two of them, are hereby enabled in their own Names to demand and receive such Sums of Money as shall be so affessed upon any of the delinquent Directors or Partners, and allowed by the General Court as aforefaid, and also to raise the same by mortgaging in their own Names that Part of any delinquent Directors or Partners Estate which he had mortgaged to the said late Company for Performance of his Covenants and Agreements with them : or, if need be in their own Names to fue for and recover the aforefaid Sums or any Part thereof, in any of His Majesty's Courts within the County of Suffolk, by fuch Actions as the Nature of the Case shall require: And the said Commissioners, or any two of them, are hereby likewise enabled in their own Names to demand and receive of and from any Person or Persons whatsoever, anyMoney, Goods or Effects what foever, due or owing from them to the faid late Land Bank Company, and if need be in their own Names to fue for and recover the fame in any of His Majesty's Courts within the County of Suffolk. by fuch Action as the Nature of the Case shall require; and shall apply all fuch Sums of Money, Goods and Effects as they shall receive and recover of and from the faid delinquentDirectors and Partners, and the Debtors of the faid late Company, or any of them, together with fuchSums of Money as they shall raife by mortgaging the aforefaid Estates of the said delinquent Directors and Partners, or any of them, towards the Redemption of the outstanding Bills of the faid late Company, and shall from Time to Time give publick Notice in the Boston Gazette, of what Sums of Money they shall so receive, that the Possessors of the said Bills may bring the same in to them, to be redeemed: And the faid Commissioners, or any two of them, are hereby enabled equita-

bly to apportion whatfoever Lofs shall finally appear to arise by the saidScheme or Trade to the faid late Company in general, or to any of the faidDirectors or Partners in particular, either thro' the Infolvency of any of the faid lateDirectors and Partners, or by Means of the Charge attending the faid late Manufactory Scheme, or otherwise howsoever, among the faid late Directors and Partners in general, as the Justice of the Case shall require, so as that each of them may bear as near as may be his equitable Proportion of the Lofs and Burthen arifing by their faid lateScheme or Trade; and are hereby enabled in their own Names to demand, fue for and recover in any of His Majesty's Courts within the County of Suffolk, in such Manner as is aforesaid, of and from each and every of the said late Directors and Partners, such Sum and Sums of Money as shall be for affelled upon any of them, with the Approbation and Allowance of the Great and General Court for their respective Shares of the aforesaid Loss and Burthen from Time to Time, till the aforesaid Scheme shall be finished, and thereupon all the faid Manufactory Bills which shall be received by the faid Commissioners shall be burnt, and the Plates of the faid late Company from whence they were struck, be defaced and broken, and all the Securities given by any of the faid late Directors and Partners to the faid late Company, shall be cancelled by the faid Commissioners, or any two of them, in their own Names.

Provided always, That this Act shall not be adjudged or confirmed to be intended to hinder the Possessions of any of the Manufactory Bills from making Directors and the same Demands upon any of the late Directors and Partners of the faid late Partners have Manufactory Company for the Redemption of the faid Bills, as they might ble to the have made upon them before the Publication of this Act; and that the Estates Saiss of the of the faid Directors and Partners shall be as liable to be attach'd at such Suits Possessions of of the Poffeffors of the faid Bills, or of any other just Creditor, as they were the Bills and others. before the making of this Act; any Thing herein contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

Provided also, That the faid Commissioners shall make a Report of their Provision for Proceedings in the Execution of their aforefaid Truft, to the Great and Gene- an Appeal 10 ral Court at their Session which will begin and be held in May next, for their the Governor Approbation and Allowance or Difallowance thereof, either in Whole or in and Council. Part, and that any of the faid late Directors and Partners who shall think himself aggrieved by such Proceedings of the said Commissioners, may file his Appeal from their Determination to the faid Court at their aforefaid Seffion in the Secretary's Office, at any Time before the faid Seffion of the faid Court, and in Case the Receipt of any Sum in the said Manufactory Bills charged upon any of the faid late Directors and Partners by the faid Commissioners shall be denied in such Appeal, or the Redemption of any of the said Bills or the Payment of any Sum of Money to the faid late Company, for which no Allowance has been made by the Commissioners, shall be infifted upon in fuch Appeal, or any Person upon whom the Commissioners shall assess any Matters to be Sum of Money to be paid, shall deny in such Appeal that he was either a tried in the Superiour Partner or Director, or any Ways concerned in the faid late Manufactory Cours. Scheme, and the Appellant in any of these Cases pray that a seigned Issue at Law may be directed to be try'd for the Determination of any of the faid Matters of Fact in one of His Majefty's Courts of Judicature, then the Great and General Court shall upon the Appellant's depositing ten Pounds lawful Causion to be Money in the Secretary's Office as Caution Money for the Payment of Costs, given in the if the Verdict upon the trial of fuch Issue shall be found against him, direct an Office. Iffue at Law accordingly, to be tried at the SuperiourCourt of Judicature to be held for the County of Suffolk next after fuch Order made; which Trial shall be a final Determination of fuch Matter: And in Case the Verdict in the same

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#### Land Bank.

shall be for the Appellant, then his aforesaid Caution Money deposited in the Secretary's Office, thall be returned to him: And the Clerk of the Superiour Court of Judicature is hereby directed to return a Copy of the Record of fuch Trial into the Secretary's Office as foon as may be, for the Information of the Great and General Court therein, which shall thereupon proceed to the Determination of the Appeal.

Mortgages to be made by the Commission oners to be good.

and be it further enacted. That all Mortgages of any Lands or Tenements of any of the faid late Directors or Partners made by the faid Commissioners, or any two of them as aforesaid, shall be good and effectual to all Intents and Purposes in the Law; and the former Mortgages thereof made by the Owners to the faid late Company, shall be thereupon cancelled and difcharged by the faid Commissioners, or any two of them, in their own Names,

Preamble.

And whereas several Parcels of the said Manufactory Bills may be lodged in some or other of His Majesty's Courts of Judicature within this Province, upon Judgments obtained there by some of the Possessors of such Bills agains some of the Directors or Partners of the late Land Bank Company, for the Redemption of the Said Bills:

ed to the Commillio-

Be it further enacted, That the Justices of such Courts shall within thirty Bills lodged Days after the Publication of this Act cause such Bills to be delivered up to in the Courts the aforesaid Commissioners, with a Certificate of the Names of the Possessions to be deliver- who lodged the faid Bills in Court, and of the Directors or Partners of the faid late Company against whom Judgment was obtained for the Redemption of the faid Bills.

oners.

And the faid Commissioners shall be allowed each ten Shillings for everyDay Allowance to of their Attendance upon the Execution of their faid Truft, and no more, to he the Commissi-paid by the late Directors and Partners of the aforesaid Scheme, as also all other necessary Charges which they may be at in profecuting the Affair aforefaid, out of the Effects of the faid late Company, and shall render an Account of their Proceedings to the Great and General Court, when and fo often as thereunto required, and shall sit three Days at least in a Week for the Dispatch of faid Business, until the same shall be finished.

Provision in Case of a Vacancy.

and be it further enacted. That in Case of the Death or Refusal of any of the Commissioners aforesaid, such Vacancy shall be supply'd by the Great and General Court.

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## Justices to fummon Witnesses.



# Acts and Laws

Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England : Begun and held at Boston upon Wednesday the twenty-fifth Day of May 1743, and continued by Adjournment and Prorogations to Wednesday the eight Day of February following.

CHAP. III.

## An Act to impower Justices of the Peace to fummon Witnesses.

HEREAS it often happens that when Disputes of a civil Nature arise between Parties, the Matter is submitted to the Arbitrament and Determination of Persons mutually chosen between them, or where Preamble. Actions are commenced the Parties enter into a Rule of Court, whereby much Cost and long Contentions in the Law are prevented, but for want of proper Authority to summon Witnesses before the Arbitrators and Referees, such Submissions, References and peaceable Settlements of Disputes are not so easy as otherwise they

Wherefore, Be it enacted by the Governour, Council and House of Reprefentatives, That when any such Dispute or Difference arising between Justices im-Parties shall by them be submitted to the Arbitrament and Determination of powred to Perfons mutually chosen between them, or where Actions are commenced and fummon! the Parties have entred into a Rule of Court, it shall and may be lawful for Witnesses any one of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace within this Province in the ref- in Arbitrapective Counties, on Application of either of the Parties or of the Perfons tions, Refearbitrating, to grant Subpænas to fummon and cause to appear before the Ar-rences &c. bitrators or Referees such Person or Persons as shall be named for Evidences in the Premises, as fully and in the same Manner as by Law he might in Cases depending before himself; and every Person so summoned that shall resuse or neglect to appear and make Oath before a Justice of the Peace in the Presence of the Arbitrators or Referees as aforesaid (having first been paid as in civil Witnesses Causes is allowed to Witnesses) shall be subject to the same Forfeiture and Dam-refusing to mage as by Law he might be were he summoned to appear before any Court give Evi-

of Record, and should refuse or neglect Obedience thereto. Aaa

and

## Preservation of Wood in Ipswich.

How Witneffes going abroad are to be fworn.

and be it further enacted. That when any Witness may be going to Sea, or lives more than thirty Miles from the Place of the Sitting of the Referees or Arbitrators, or by Reason of Age, Sickness, or other bodily Infirmities is uncapable of travelling and appearing in Person, then any Justice of the Peace to whom Application may in fuch Cafe be made, is hereby impowered and directed to proceed in taking fuch Person's Evidence according to the Law made for taking Affidavits out of Court.

#### CHAP. IV.

## An Act for the Preservation of and to promote the Growth of a certain Parcel of Wood and Timber in the Township of Ipswich in the County of Essex.

Preamble.

WHEREAS there is a large Tract or Parcel of Wood Land lying in the VV faid Township of Ipswich, commonly known by the Name of Chebacco-Woods, situate more particularly between Chebacco-Ponds and Manchester Town-Line, which Wood Land is lotted laid out and owned by a considerable Number of Persons. And whereas it would be of great Advantage to said Town, as well as to the particular Owners of the said Wood and Timber, that the Growth thereof should be preserved from the feeding and browsing of Cattle and Sheep, which are frequently turn'd and kept there, in considerable Numbers; and the Laws already in Force for imbodying Proprietors of common Fields, not reaching this Case, there needs a further Provision: Wherefore,

Method for calling a Meeting of theProprietors of Che-

Be it enacted by the Governour, Council and Bouse of Reprefentatives, That after the Publication of this Act it shall and may be lawful for any five of the Proprietors of said Wood Land to apply to a Justice of the Peace within the fame County, fetting forth in writing the intended Bounds by which they would limit their proposed Propriety, together with bacco Woods, their Intention for Imbodying for that Purpose, with the Time and Place of their intended Meeting, on which Application the Justice shall make out his Warrant to one of the principal Proprietors fo applying to notify the faid Owners and Proprietors to affemble and meet by posting up a Notification for that End on one publick House in each of the Parishes in said Town twenty Day at least before the Time of such Meeting, at which Time and Place it shall be lawful for the said Proprietors to meet to choose a Moderator and Clerk, and if twoThirds of the whole Proprietors (to be reckoned by Interest) shall see meet they may by a Vote imbody themselves into a Society, in which Society the whole Proprietors owning Lands within the proposed Limits Power of the shall be concluded, and may at faid Meeting agree upon some proper Methods for calling Proprietors Meetings for the future, and the faid Proprietors fo imtors in their bodyed shall have and enjoy all the Powers and Privileges for the ordering and managing the Affairs of the faid Wood, and for the Preservation and Increase thereof, as fully and amply to all Intents and Purposes, as any Proprietors of Common or General Fields already imbodyed, do or may enjoy by Laws of this Province already in Force respecting any Improvements.

faid Proprie-Meeting.

Aggrieved Persons may apply to the General Seffions of the Peace,

Provided nevertheless, That if any one of the faid Proprietors shall think himself aggrieved by their imbodying as aforesaid, and shall then enter his Diffent with the Clerk of faid Meeting, he may apply for Relief to the Court

of

### Alewives and other fill.

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of General Seffions of the Peace next to be holden within the faid County; and the faid Court may thereupon appoint three Persons indifferent and disinterested to hear the Parties, duly weigh and consider the Circumstances, and report their Opinion to the faid Court what may be reasonable to be done between the faid Parties, which Report being returned the Court shall enter up Judgment thereon, and such Judgment shall be binding, any Thing herein contained notwithstanding. And the said Proprietors shall observe the same Rules and Methods in ordering and managing their whole Affairs in all Respects as the Laws have provided in Cases of Common or General Fields.

#### CHAP. V.

An Act in Addition to an Act made in the fifteenth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, Intitled, An Act in Addition to an · Ad made to prevent the Destruction of the Fish called Alewives and other Fish.

WHERE AS in and by an Ast made in the fifteenth Tear of his present Majesty's Reign, Intitled An Act in Addition to an Act made to prevent the Destruction of Alewives and other Fish, it is provided, That all Persons Preamble. that should thereafter build any Mill Dam or Dams, or that had before the Time of the paffing the same built any such Dam across any River or Stream where the Salmon, Shad, Alewives or other Fish usually pass up into the natural Ponds to cast their Spawn, shall make or open a sufficient Passage Way for the Fish to pass up such River or Stream through or round such Dam, and shall keep it open for the free Passage of the Fish from the first Day of April to the last Day of May annually; and also that a sufficient Water Passage round, through or over such Dams should be made for the Passage of such Fish or their young Spawn in the Season of their going down such River or Stream, on Penalty of fifty Pounds for every Offence: But by Reason that no Direction is therein given with Respect to the sufficiency of the Sluice or Passage so to be made or less open, there arises great Difficulty to the Owner or Occupant of such Dams in complying therewith. And whereas by Reason that in some Streams and Rivers the said Fish pass sooner and in others later in the Year than the Time prescribed in said additional Act, as well as that the Time of their passing up and down, is in some Streams and Rivers longer, and in some shorter, so that it is found by Experience that the general Rule in the aforesaid Cases by Law provided, does not only fail of the good Ends proposed thereby, but also exposes the Owners and Occupants of such Dams to Trouble and Dammage not necessary to answer the good Purposes of said additional Wherefore, AEt:

Be it enacted by the Governour, Council and house of Represof Dams fentatives, That it shall and may be lawful for any Owner or Occupant of may apply to any fuch Dam or Dams already built, or that may hereafter be built, and who the Seffions are or may be obliged by faid additional Act to open or leave open fuch Passage to order the as aforefaid to apply to the next Court of General Sessions of the Peace to be Passages for holden in and for the County where fuch Mill Dam is, and the Justices of the Fish and the Court respectively on such Application are impowered and directed to appoint Circumstan-

Owners or ces thereof.

## 352 Alewives and other filly.

a Committee of three fufficient, and as much as may be, difinterested Persons under Oath, to repair to the Dam where the Passage is proposed to be opened, and carefully view the same, and in the best Manner they are able to inform themselves of the most proper Place for the Passage of such Fish up and down Stream, of what Dimensions the same shall be made or appointed to be, and what Part of each Year, and how long the same shall be kept open, and return the same under their Hands, or the Hands of the major Part of them, to the said Court for their Acceptance: which Return so made and accepted, shall be deemed and adjudged the lawful Rule of Proceeding in making and keeping open the Passage and Passages for the Fish in passing up and down the Rivers and Streams for the future 4- Any Thing contained to the contrary in said additional Act notwithstanding.

Parties aggrieved by fuch Order to apply to the Seffions for Relief.

Provided nevertheless, That if at any Time after such Determination either Party shall think themselves aggrieved by such Determination, it shall and may be lawful for the Owner or Owners, Occupant or Occupants of such Mill Dam or Dams, or any other sive Persons of the other Party who may expect Benefit by said Fish passing up such Rivers on Streams once more to apply to the said Court for a new View and Report on the Premises in Manner aforesaid, which being by said Court accepted shall be sinal; the Charge of such Application, to be born by the Persons applying in Case no material Alteration on the first Return is made, but otherways be born by the Owners of the Dam, in Proportion to their Interest, to be first stated and allowed by the said Court of General Sessions, and may be recovered by Action or Actions of Debt in any Court proper to try the same.

Charge how to be born.

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# Acts and Laws

Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England: Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednesday the twenty-fifth Day of May 1743, and continued by Adjournment and Prorogations to Wednesday the eighthDay of February following.

#### CHAP. VI.

An Act to explain a Paragraph in an Act of this Province made in the present Year of his Majesty's Reign, for the more speedy finishing the Land Bank or Manufactory Scheme.

HEREAS in and by an Ast made and pass'd at the Session of this Court Preamble. beld the twentieth Day of October last intitled An Act for the more speedy finishing the Land Bank or Manufactory Scheme, it is (among other Things) provided that the faid Att " shall not be adjudged or " construed to be intended to hinder the Possessors of any of the Manufactory " Bills from making the same Demands upon any of the late Directors and " Partners of the faid late Manufactory Company for the Redemption of the " faid Bills, as they might have made upon them before the Publication " of the faid Act, and that the Estates of the faid Directors and Partners " shall be as liable to be attached at such Suits of the Possessors of the said "Bills or of any other just Creditor, as they were before the making of the "faid Act, any Thing therein contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding." And in and by another Clause of the said Act it is enabled, "That whereas several Parcels of the said Manufactory Bills may be lodged in " some or other of his Majesty's Courts of Judicature within this Province upon "Judgments obtained there by some of the Possessor of such Bills against some of the Directors or Partners of the late Land Bank Company for the Redemption a of the faid Bills; The Justices of the faid Courts shall within thirty Days " after the Publication of that Act cause such Bills to be delivered up to the " aforesaid Commissioners with a Certificate of the Names of the Possessors ВЬЬ

who

## Sealers of Weights and Measures.

who lodged the faid Bills in Court, and of the Directors or Partners of the " faid late Company against whom Judgment was obtained for the Redemp-

" tion of the faid Bills."

And whereas it may have happened that some of the Possessors of the said Manufactory Bills who had before the making of the aforesaid Act obtained Judgments in some or other of his Majesty's Courts of Judicature within this Province against some of the Directors or Partners of the said late Manufactory Company for the Value of some of the said Bills and Interest due thereon, pursuant to the Act of Parliament in that Case made and provided, and had thereupen lodged such Bills in the Court where they had obtained such Judgments, but had not then nor

bave yet received Satisfaction upon those Judgments.

And whereas some Doubt has arisen whether the Justices of his Majesty's Courts of Judicature where any of the said Manusactory Bills are lodged as aforesaid, are not directed and bound by the last recited Clause of the aforesaid Act of this Court to deliver up all the same without Exception to the aforesaid Commissioners, as well in Cases where the late Possessors of the said Bills who have obtained Judgment in their Court for the Value of the same and Interest due thereon with Costs of Suit, have not received full Satisfaction upon such Judgments, as in Cases where they have received Satisfaction upon the same; Which Construction of the said Clause is contrary to and inconsistent with the plain Sense of the herein before first recited Clause of the same Act, and to the Intent and Meaning of the said Act in general.

Now for removing the faid Doubt and preventing any Misconstruction of the faid Act in the Case before-mentioned:

Be it enacted and declared by the Governour, Council and bouse of Representatives, That the true Intent and Meaning of the herein before . recited Clauses of the aforesaid Act for the more speedy finishing of the Land ry Bills that Bank or Manufactory Scheme, was at the Time of passing the said Act, and shall be adjudged, construed and taken to be, that such only of the said Manufactory Bills, for the Value of which Judgments as aforefaid have been obtained, and the late Possessors have received full Satisfaction according to fuch Judgments, and it so appears by the Records of the said Courts, shall be delivered out of any of the faid Courts of Judicature to the aforefaid Commiffioners: Any Thing in the afore recited Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

Manufactofor which Value has been receiv'd only to be delivered to the Commissioners.

### CHAP. VII.

An Act to enable Justices of the Peace and Town Clerks to administer an Oath to Sealers of Weights and Measures, &c. and to establish their Fees.

Preamble.

WHERE AS by Law it is provided, that Sealers of Weights and Measures when chosen shall be presented to the Court of General Sessions of the Peace to be sworn, which by Reason of the Distance of many Towns in this Province from anyfuch Court, often occasions great Delay and unnecessary Troub'e.

For preventing of which for the future :

### Leicester Clotes confirmed.

Be it enacted by the Governour, Council and boule of Repres Juffices of tentatines. That from and after the Publication of this Act, it shall and may be lawful for any one of his Majethy's Justices of the Peace in the respective to administer an Oath to any Sealer of Weights and Measures that may be chosen (as by Law already provided) in any Town within the County there shall be described by Law already provided) in the Towns where no Justice Weights and Wei dwells, and fuch Sealer fo chosen and fworn shall be deemed legally qualified Measures. for his Trust.

And whereas in the late Law for establishing Fees no Provision is made for fuch Officers, and by the Alteration of the Value of Money, the former Fees are become unequal:

15c it enaften, That for the future the Fees for the first Sealing any Fees for Weight, Measure, Scale or Beam shall be one Penny half Penny, and for each Sealers fixed. After-sealing any such Weight, Measure, Scale or Beam, one Penny, which the Sealer may demand and take, and no more: Any Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

#### CHAP. VIII.

## An Act to confirm feveral Votes of the Proprietors of the westerly Half of Leicester.

W HEREAS the Proprietors of the westerly Half of the Town of Leicester Preambles at their Meeting on the second of November last, voted that their Lands be subjected to a Tax of two Pence old Tenor per Acre for the Year 1744, and a further Tax of two Pence old Tenor per Acre yearly for the four next Years, for and towards the Support of a learned orthodox Minister in that Part of the faid Town; and also that their said Lands shall be subjetted to a further Tax of a Penny old Tenor per Acre for the first Year, viz. the Year 1744, to pay contingent Charges; And that the said Proprietors at their Meeting on the fifteenth of this Instant February, chose Mr. Samuel Hunt their Treasurer, and voted that the Lands shall be subjected to a further Tax of a Penny new Tenor per Acre towards the Settlement of a Minister; provided always that those of the Proprietors and Setlers that have subscribed a Writing dated the 27th of December last for that Purpose shall pay to Mr. Treasurer Hunt the several Sums therein set against their Names, amounting together to the Sum of a hundred and feven Pounds old Tenor: And at both the Meetings aforefaid, the faid Proprietors voted, that Messieurs James Wilson, John Stebbins, and Moses Smith, Inhabitants of the westerly Half of Leicester be Assessors of the Monies voted as aforesaid, and that Messeurs John Cunningham, Samuel Bemus, Jun. and Joshua Barton, be Collectors to collect the Monies that shall be affeffed on the said Proprietors by the said Affeffors; and also that the Clerk be desired to make Application to the Great and General Court to confirm the Votes aforesaid.

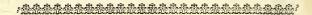
And whereas Samuel Tyley, Jun. Clerk of the said Proprietors hath prefer'd his bumble Petition in Behalf of the said Proprietors to the Great and General Court now sitting, praying them to pass an Act or Law for confirming the Votes afore aid, and enabling the faid Affessors to assess and the said Collectors to collest, and the said Treasurer to receive the Monies asoresaid:

Therefore

### 356 Leicester Clotes confirmed.

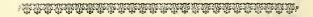
Votes of the Proprietors of the West Part of Leicester confirmed.

The it enacted by the Governour, Council and House of Representatives, That the Votes aforesaid, nade by the said Proprietors in Manner as aforesaid, be and hereby are confirmed, and that the said Affestors (or any two of them) and the said Collectors (after they have been duly fwom for those Purposes) be and hereby are impowered and enabled to affest the said Inhabitants, and collect and receive the Moneys aforesaid in the same Manner as other Towns or Precincts have heretofore affested and collected their Rates and Taxes, and that the said Treasurer or his Successors be and hereby is enabled to receive the same; which the said Collectors are to pay to the said Treasurer accordingly.



#### BOSTON:

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Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majefty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England; Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednesday the thirtieth Day of May 1744, and continued by Adjournment to Thursday the ninth Day of August following.

#### CHAP. IX.

An Act in further Addition to and Explanation of the Act for the more speedy finishing of the Land Bank or Manufactory Scheme.

HERE AS in and by an Ast passed in the seventeenth Year of his present Preamble. Majesty's Reign, intitled An Act for the more speedy finishing of the Land Bank or Manufactory Scheme; it is provided, that the Commissioners therein named, should make a Report of their Proceedings in the Execution of their Trust to this Court at their present Session for their Approbation and Allowance, or Disallowance thereof, either in Whole or in Part, and that any of the late Directors and Partners of the late Land Bank or Manufactory Company, who should think himself aggrieved by the Proceedings of the said Commissioners, might file his Appeal from their Determination to this Court in the Secretary's Office at any Time before the present Session thereof.

And whereas the Affairs of the said late Company have been since found to be so circumstanced, that an Assessment on all the late Directors and Partners for their respective Proportions of the whole of the Charge and Loss that has arisen on faid Scheme and Trade could not be made before the present Session of this Court; but the faid Commissioners bave, during the present Session thereof, assessed such of the delinquent Partners in faid Scheme as have paid no Part of what is due from them to the said late Company, nor have otherwise redeemed any Part of the Bills which they borrowed and received of the said late Company, in divers Sums of Money, confisting of the principal Sums by the faid delinquent Partners respectively received from the faid late Company in Land Bank or Manufactory Bills, and the

#### Land Bank

Interest due thereon, together with the further Sums of fix Pounds on every Hundred of the original Sum drawn out of the faid late Company's Stock, or borrowed out of the same by such of the said assessed Partners as were concerned in Trade, and three Pounds on the Hundred, as the Proportion of the other affeffed Partners, and so pro rata for any greater or less Sum; and have made a Report of their faid Proceedings to this Court, which Report is dated 16th of August But inasmuch as the Parties so assessed have had no Opportunity, in Case they should think themselves aggrieved by the said Proceedings, of filing their Appeal from the aforesaid Determination of the said Commissioners, to this Court, at their present Session, as in and by the before in Part recited Act it is provided they Should have Liberty to do ::

Appeal allowed to the Partners of the LandBank to the General Court from oners Determinations.

Be it therefore enacted by the Governour, Council and boule of Representatives, That the faid Partners of the Taid late Manufactory Company, who have been affeffed by the faid Commissioners in Manner aforefaid, and every of them shall have Liberty, in Case they or any of them shall think themselves aggrieved by the before-mentioned Determination and Assessment to appeal from the fame to this Court at their next Sellion, provided they shall the Commissi- file fuch Appeal or Appeals in the Secretary's Office on or before the seventh Day of September next enfuing, and fuch Appeals and the Matters arifing thereon shall be wholly governed, tried and determined by the Rules prescribed touching Appeals by the faid in Part recited Acti: And the aforefaid Proceedings of the faid Commissioners, and every Part thereof, are hereby declared to to be allowed and approved of by this Court against such of the Partners affeffed as aforefaid, who shall not file their Appeals from the fame as aforefaid, within the Term herein before limited for that Purpose: And such of the taid Partners shall be chargeable to pay to the said Commissioners the respective Sum or Sums affeffed upon them; and on Neglect of Payment thereof, the faid Commissioners may in their own Names raise, sue for, and recover the same in fuch Manner as in and by the faid former Act is provided.

Provided nevertheless, That the said Commissioners thall give Norice to the late Partners of the late Manufactory Company by them affelfed as aforefaid, of the feveral before-mention'd Affeliments, by caufing a Lift of Schedule of Notice of their Afferment in the fame, together with a Copy of this Act, to be inferted in the four weekly Prints, called, The Boston Weekly Post-Boy, The Boston Even the Post, The Boston Gazette, or Weekly Journal, and The Boston Weekly News Letter, which News Papers

shall be next published after the Publication of this Act. in

Preamble.

Commissio-

the Bofton

ners to give

And whereas the Affairs of the faid late Company are under fuch Circumstances that the same cannot be adjusted and finished in an equitable Manner by one single Affessment, but divers Affessments by the said Commissioners on the late Director's and Partners of the Said late Company, and divers Reports of their Proceedings to this Court, are requifite for that Purpolesting has evolven I al st to you wat

Majefty's Leign, intitles !

Be it further enacted, That the faid Commissioners, or any two of them, shall and may from Time to Time with the Affairs of the faid late Gompany be wholly fettled and finished, as often as there shall be Occasion, inlake fisch Commissio-Afferiments on any of the faid late Directors and Partners as they there judge divers Affer- necessary for finishing the faid Land Bank or Manufactory Scheme with most equitable Manner, purfuant to the Directions of the fait in Part recincul ACP of and upon every fuch Affestiments being made the faith Commissioners that give

the Parties thereby affelled Notice thereof, by canting Lifts or Schedules of fuch Affeffments to be inferted in the before mention'd Weekly Phire, which shall be next published after the making the said Assessment; and that any of the faid late Directors or Partners, who shall think himfelf nggriev'd by any fuch Determination and Affeffment to be made by the faid Commissioners, vara the fact the Compan tand manufactor ... it is

ners to make ments if they judge fit.

Appeal to be allow'd from them.

#### Land Bank.

may at any Time within fourteen Days next after, Notice thereof being published in the four before-mention'd weekly Prints, file his Appeal from the fame to this Court in the Secretary's Office; and all fuch Appeals, and the Matters arising thereon, shall be wholly govern'd, try'd and determin'd by the Rules prescribed touching Appeals by the faid in Part recited Act.

and be it further enacted, That every further Affeffment made by the Affefiment to faid Commissioners, shall remain in the Chamber of the Court-House in Boston, be lodged in the Commission of the Court-House in Boston of the Commission of the Commission of the Commission of the Commission of the Court-House in Boston of the Commission of the Court-House in Boston of t wherein the faid Commissioners usually meet for the Execution of their Trust, ones Chamuntil the Expiration of the faid fourteen Days herein before limited for the ber. filing of Appeals, ready for the Inspection of such of the Parties therein affested as shall defire the same, and Copies thereof attested by the Clerk of the said Commissioners shall be deliver'd to them upon their Request, and at their proper Charge; and that the faid Commissioners shall make Report of their Pro- Directors and ceedings in every fuch Affelment to this Court as foon afterwards as may be, for their Approbation and Allowance or Difallowance thereof, in Whole or file Sums in Part; and each and every of the faid late Directors and Partners shall be affested. chargeable to pay to the faid Commissioners the Sum or Sums in which he or they shall be from Time to Time affested by the said Commissioners, with the Commissio-Approbation of this Court, and on Neglect of Payment thereof, the faid Commissioners may in their own Names raite, sue for, and recover the same in such detections. Manner as by the faid former Act is provided.

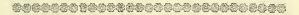
and be it further enacted, That attefted Copies of the Affeffment here- fefiments to in before-mentioned to be already made by the faid Commissioners, shall be be delivered in before-mentioned to be arready indee by the land Commissioned to be arready indee by the land commission afferfied upSecretary's Office to any of the Parties therein afferfied upSecretary's

on their Request and at their proper Charge.

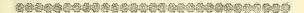
Copies of Af-

And whereas in and by the before-mentioned Act, the faid Commissioners are obliged to fit three Days in a Week for the Dispatch of the Affairs of Said Scheme, Preamble: until the same shall be finished: And whereas their Attendance for so great a Part of the Week may not be necessary after they shall have made their next Assessment; and reported the same :

Be it therefore enacted, That the faid Commissioners shall not be obliged Commissioners (after they shall have presented their next Assessment on the aforesaid Manusher factory Company to this Court for their Allowance) to fit more than one Day more than one in a Week, unless when they shall judge that the Affairs of said Company Day in the shall require more frequent Attendance.



BOSTON: Printed by Samuel Unecland and Timothy Green, by Order of His Excellency the GOVERNOUR, Council and House of REPRESENTATIVES. MDCCXLIV.



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# An Act,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majefty's Province of the Majlachufetts-Bay in New-England: Begun and Held at Bofton upon Wednesday the thirtieth Day of May 1744, and continued by Adjournment and Prorogations to the tenth Day of OBober following.

CHAP. X.

An Act for appropriating a Part of the Island called Governour's-Island in the Harbour of Boston, to the public Use of this Government.

HEREAS it has been represented by the Captain General, and it appears to this Court, that it is of great Importance to the Safety of this his Majesty's Province, that two Batteries with a suitable Number of Cannon Preamble. to be planted thereon, he without delay built and erected on the Island called Governour's Island, situate and lying in Boston-Harbour and easterly of his Majesty's Cassle William, which Island is now the Property and in the Possession of Mrs. Anne Winthrop of said Boston in the County of Sustoik Widow, and after her Decease is by the Indenture of Adam Winthrop of Boston Merchant, of the one Part, and John Wainwright of Ipswich, Esq. on the other Part, hearing Date the twenty-seventh Day of December One Thousand seven Hundred, to descend to the Use and Beboof of the Heirs begetten of the Bodies of Adam Winthrop late of said Boston, Esq. deceased, and the said Anne Winthrop forever; and in Default of such Heirs to the Use and Beboof of the next and right Heirs of him the said Adam Winthrop for ever, and to no other Use Intent or Purpose whatspewer.

And whereas by Reason of said Indenture it is found impracticable to obtain a sufficient Deed of Conveyance of a suitable Part of said Island from the said Anne Winthrop or any other Person whereon to creet and build the said Batteries, and consequently for the Captain General to proceed in creeting and building the same without the Interposition of this Court, altho it is judged by them of absolute Necessity for the publick Safety:

Therefore

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Be

## Governour's Illand.

Sheriff of Mand, and take Poffession of it.

Be it enaded by the Governour, Council, and House of Repre-Suffick to lay out Land for tentratives, and it is hereby enacted. That it shall and may be lawful the Province for the Captain General and Governour in Chief in and over his Majesty's on Governour's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay, to iffue his Order directed to the High Sheriff of the County of Suffolk, requiring him forthwith to repair to the faid Island, and in the Name and Behalf of this Government to bound out in such Place thereof and in fuch Form as the Captain General shall direct, the full Quantity of three Acres and an half thereof, and in the Name and for the Use of this Government to take Poffession of the said three Acres and an half he shall so bound out with the Flatts before the same; and the saidSheriff shall certify his Proceedings herein, with the Bounds of the faid three Acres and an half laid out as aforefaid into the Secretary's Office, by him to be recorded in the Book of Records of this Province.

Said Land to ted for building Batteries thereon.

and be it further enacted, That the faid three Acres and an half of faid be appropria. Island so bounded out, (Possession thereof being taken, and Return and Record thereof being made as aforefaid) and also the Flatts before the same, shall thence forward by Virtue and Force of this Act be adjudged and deemed the lawful Right and Property of this Government, and shall be and remain to their Use for the building and improving the said Batteries, and for other defensible Preparations for ever hereafter.

Any Action to be brought for Recovery of the faid Land or against the Sheriff to be bar'd by this A&.

Be it further enacted, That if any Action or Actions of what Name or Nature foever shall at any Time hereafter be brought by any Person or Persons for the Recovery of the faid three Acres and an half of the faid Island and the Flatts out of the Hands of this Government, or for Dammages for the Improvement of the same, or against any particular Person or Persons, such Action or Actions tending to defeat or in any wife to interrupt or impede the plain and necessary Intent and Design of this Act, or against the said Sheriff for any Matter or Thing he shall do in Consequence hereof, this Act may be pleaded in Bar to all and every fuch Action or Actions respectively, and the same shall be bar'd and made void accordingly.

And to the Intent that full Satisfaction may be made by this Government to the faid Anne and the Heirs before mention'd :

Persons to be appointed for apprizing the faid Land

Be it further enacted, That fix prudent and fufficient Persons shall be appointed, three thereof by the Secretary of this Province, and three by the faid Anne Wintbrop, or in Case of her Neglect or Refusal, by his Majety's Justices of the Superiour Court, or any three of them; and in Case the major Part of faid Appraizers shall not agree, they shall have Power to chuse a seventh, and faid Appraizers shall be under Oath to estimate and apprize the faid three Acres and an half of Land and the Flatts aforefaid in lawful Money; and the Appraizement and Value so made and taken by them or the major Part of them shall be returned to the faid Secretary, and shall by him be recorded in the aforefaid Book for the Benefit and Behoof of the faid AnneWintbrop and Heirs aforesaid in Manner following, viz. The lawful Interest of the whole Sum shall be annually paid by the Treasurer of this Province for the Time being, out of the the Proprietor Appropriations that are or may be made for fatisfying of Grants, to the faid Anne Wintbrop during her natural Life, and at her Decease the Principal shall be paid to the faid Heirs in fuch Proportion as the remaining Part of faid Island shall be lawfully distributed and settled on them in Consequence of the Indenture aforesaid.

Satisfaction to be made to out of the public Treafury.

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# Acts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of HisMajesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England : Begun and held at Boston upon Wednesday the thirtieth Day of May 1744, and continued by Adjournment and Prorogations to Wednesday the twenty-eighth Day of November following.

CHAP. XI.

An Act in further Addition to an Act ascertaining the Value of Money, and of the Bills of public Credit of this Province.

HEREAS notwithstanding the Provision that is made in and by an Ast pass'd in the fifteenth Year of his present Majesty's Reign (intitled An Preamble. Act to ascertain the Value of Money, and of the Bills of publick Credit of this Province, granted this present Year for the Supply of the Treasury, and for securing the Credit of said Bills) for securing to any Creditor or Creditors what the Bills of Credit might fink or depreciate in their Value between the Time of contracting the Debt and the Payment thereof, it has been a frequent Practice for Creditors to exact and take of their Debtors for the Loan of any Sum or Sums of Money lent, and for Forbearance of their Debts, more than fix perCent; by which Practice some of the good and wholesome Laws of this Province, and the equitable Intent and Defigns of them are eluded, and great Oppression and Injustice No Allowintroduced, to the Reproach of this Government.

Now, for the Prevention thereof for the future:

Be it enacted by the Governour, Council and House of Repres depreciating fentatives, That in all Actions hereafter to be brought for the recovering of the Bills any Debt or Sum due upon Bond, or otherwise contracted and payable in Bills Thing has of Credit fince the thirty first Day of March One Thousand seven Hundred been allow'd and forty two, or that may be contracted within five Years of that Date, if already for it

ance to be made for the

the Debtor will tender his Oath in Court that the Creditor has received any Thing for the Loan or Forbearance of fuch Debt either in Money, Bills, Goods, or by any new Bond, Bill, Note of Hand, Order, or under Colour of being paid for any Service or Thing, or by keeping back any Part of the Sum specified to be paid in the Condition of any Bond or other Specialty, or by any other Way or Means whatfoever, either directly or indirectly, more than fix Pounds for the Loan or Forbearance of one Hundred Pounds for a Year, and fo after that Rate for a greater or lefs Sum, or for a longer or shorter Time, then and in fuch Case, unless the Owner will make Oath to the contrary, Judgment shall be made up only for the exact nominal Sum received by or due from the Debtor (with lawful Interest for the same, if it be payable with Interest) but if the Creditor will tender and actually give his Oath as aforefaid, then Judgment shall be entred up for the full Value of faid Debt, as it was at the Time of contracting the fame.

Preamble.

And whereas there may be Debts and Sums payable in Bills of Credit or lawful Money yet due and owing from Man to Man, that were contracted before the Said thirty first Day of March One Thousand Seven Hundred and forty two, and no Provision made in the Law for making good to the Creditors what the Bills, in which such Debts or Sums might be discharged, have depreciated on fallen: And inasmuch as it appears just and equal that the Loss and Dammage arising to such Creditors by the falling and depreciating of the Bills of Credit since the said thirty

first Day of March, should be made good :

Provision for making good fore March 31. 1742.

Be it further enacted, That in all fuch Cases it shall be in the Power of the Justices of the feveral Courts within this Province, to make up Judgment the Value of for fuch additional Sum or Sums as the faid Bills shall be found to have deprethe Debts be- ciated from the faid thirty first Day of March, until the Time of making up fuch Judgment, but not for any other or longer Time; in which Judgment the fame Rule shall be observed as in Case of Debts contracted after the said thirty first Day of March, as in this Act is before provided; faving always to the Debtor the same Relief in Case he has in any Manner or Way, directly or indirectly paid or allowed more than fix per Cent. as aforefaid, as is provided for him in this Act respecting any Debt or Sum that was contracted or agreed

upon after the faid thirty first Day of March.

Preamble.

And whereas many of His Majesty's Subjects in this Province, from an Apprebenfion that the Bills of Credit of the new Tenor were to be valued, taken and esteemed as lawful Money, from which Apprehensions many Persons have obliged themselves by their Bonds and otherways, to pay lawful Money where nothing but faid Bills were received, or Goods for which the Creditor would have received Bills in Payment, nor was any Thing else intended or expected by either Party at the Time of contracting the Debt; notwithstanding which, some of the executive Courts of this Province have, contrary to the Expectation and Intention of the Parties as aforesaid, made up their Judgments on said Debts for lawful Money only, and construed the same not to be payable in said Bills, whereby the Debtor has been capable of discharging or satisfying the Execution only with Silver, the extream Scarcity of which renders it almost impracticable to satisfy the Debt without paying such additional Sum to the Creditor as he will be pleased to take in said Bills, much to the Debtor's Oppression, which this Government ought to prevent:

Wherefore,

Judgment to be given only for Bills where Silver was not lent or received.

23e it enacted, That when any Sum or Sums of Money, due or contracted for fince the first Emission of the faid New Tenor Bills in the Year One Thoufand seven Hundred and forty one, or that shall be contracted for within the Space of five Years from that Date, on Bond, Bill, Note, or otherwise, whether with Interest or without, if the Debtor will tender his Oath that he received of the Creditor no Silver on which faid Debt or Sum then fued for arose, or that

## Fire Thards.

it was not agreed by the Parties that Silver should be paid in Discharge of such Debt or Sum due, that then and in every such Case, unless the Creditor will bona Fide make Oath that Silver was received or agreed for, and understood, and intended to be paid by the Parties at the Time of contracting the faid Debt or Agreement for the Sum fued for, the Judgment shall be given for Bills of Credit or lawful Money at the Debtor's Election, allowing in such Judgment for what the faid Bills may have depreciated from the thirty first Day of March One Thousand seven Hundred and forty two, to the Time the Judgment is made up.

Saving always to the Debtor the same Relief in Cases of this Nature which Saving. is by this Act already provided for him, where more than fix per Cent. has been

paid for the Loan or Forbearance of any Sum as aforefaid.

#### CHAP. XII.

## An Act for the more speedy Extinguishment of Fire, and preferving Goods indangered by it.

THEREAS the Contiguity or Nearness of Houses in many Towns in this Province makes it difficult when they accidentally take Fire, to preserve Preamble. them, and prevent its spreading, by Reason of the Inhabitants being terrified by so grievous a Calamity, and the Want of proper Persons appointed to direct such as may be ready to assist: And moreover ill-minded Persons take the Advantage of the Hurry and Confusion attending such Accidents to plunder, and to embezzle the Goods of their distressed Neighbours. Wherefore,

Be it enacted by the Governour, Council and House of Repres All Towns fentatines, That the feveral Towns within this Province may, if they fee fit, impowered ar their anniversary Meeting in March annually appoint a suitable Number of to chuse Fire Persons (not exceeding ten) who shall be denominated Fire-Wards, and have Wards. each for a diftinguishing Badge of the Office, a Staff of five Feet long, painted

Red, and headed with a bright Brass Spire six Inches long.

And the Fire-Wards afore-mentioned are hereby required, upon Notice of the breaking forth of Fire, (taking with them their Badges respectively) immediately to repair to the Place, and vigoroufly exert themselves in requiring and procuring Affiftance to extinguish and prevent the spreading of the Fire, and for the pulling down or blowing up any Houses, or any other Service relating Their Duty. thereto, as they may be directed by two or three of the chief civil or military Officers of the Town, to put a Stop to the Fire, and in removing Houshold Stuff, Goods and Merchandizes out of any Dwelling-Houses, Store-Houses, or other Buildings actually on Fire, or in Danger thereof, in appointing Guards to fecure and take Care of the fame, and to suppress all Tumults and Disorders. And due Obedience is required to be yielded to them, and each of them accordingly for that Service.

And all Disobedience, Neglect or Refusal in any, shall be informed of to fome of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace within two Days next after, and Penalty for the Offenders therein, upon Conviction thereof before any two Justices Quorum through the Sum of forty Shillings each, to be levied and difftributed by the Diferetion of the Select-Men among the Poor most distressed ing of Fire. by the Fire: And in Case the Offender or Offenders are unable to satisfy the

Fine, then to suffer ten Days Imprisonment.

and be it further enacted, That if any evil-minded Persons shall take Advantage of fuch Calamity to rob, plunder, purloin, embezzle, convey away

266

Town of Dighton.

Penalty for Persons purloining or concealing Goods fav'd

or conceal any Goods, Merchandizes or Effects of the diffressed Inhabitants. whose Houses are on Fire, or endangered thereby, and put upon removing their Goods, and shall not restore and give Notice thereof to the Owner or Owners, if known, or bring them into fuch publick Place as shall be appointed and from the Fire affigned by the Governour and Council, within the Space of two Days next after Proclamation made for that Purpose; the Person or Persons so offending, and being thereof convicted, shall be deemed Thieves, and suffer the utmost Severities of the Pains and Penalties by Law provided against fuch.

> CHAP. XIII.

## An Act for ascertaining the Bounds of the Town of Dighton, and for the Confirmation of their Powers and Privileges.

Preamble.

HERE AS in the Year One Thousand seven Hundred and twelve, the South Precinct in Taunton was erected into a Township by the Name of Dighton, but the Bounds thereof were not fully ascertained, and by Reason thereof of late there have some Disputes arisen, and Application hath been made to this Court to ascertain the Bounds: Be it enacted by the Governour, Council and house of Renres

Bounds of Dighton stated.

fentatives. That the Bounds of the faid Town of Digbton shall be as follows, viz. Beginning at a Heap of Stones by a Rock near the Water Side on the the Town of westerly Side of Broad Cove, and from thence running Westerly to a Heap of Stones near Briftol old Path, and from thence Westerly to a Heap of Stones near two Miles from faid Broad Cove, and then running Northerly about two Miles to a Stump of an Ash Tree, thence West and by North to Reboboth ancient Line, to a Stake and Stones about it, being the North Corner of the Town of Swanzey, and the Southwest Corner of the said Town of Dighton, thence Northerly on a streight Line to a marked Tree, commonly called the Horse-Shoe, thence Easterly by marked Trees down to the three Mile River, fo called, then with faid River to Taunton great River, then down Taunton great River 'till it comes to the Bounds first mentioned, together with Assorbe-Neck, fo far Northerly as to come to the northerly Bound of the Land that was Mr. Edward Shove's; and that the Land included within the Bounds aforefaid, shall always hereafter be deemed a Township by the Name of Dighton as aforefaid, and that the Inhabitants thereof be invested with the Powers, Privileges and Immunities that the Inhabitants of any of the Towns within this Province by Law are, or ought to be invested with, any Law, Order or Custom

Inhabitants vefted with the Powers of a Town.

to the contrary notwithstanding. And all former Acts and Proceedings of the Inhabitants of the faid Town Former Acts of Dighton are hereby declared, to all Intents and Purposes, as valid, and of as full Effect as if the faid Town had by an Act of this Court been incorporated and invested with the Powers and Privileges of a Township at the Time of their being taken off from Taunton, or separated as aforesaid.

of the faid Town confirmed.

Provided always, That Property shall not be affected by this Act, any Construction thereof, or of any Part thereof, to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provifo.

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# Acts and Laws

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of HisMajesty's Province of the Maffachusetts-Bay in New England : Begun and held at Boston upon Wednesday the twenty ninth-Day of May 1745. And continued by Adjournments and Prorogations to Wednesday the eleventh Day of December following.

#### CHAP. I.

An Act in Addition to an Act Intitled An Act directing how Rates and Taxes to be granted by the General Assembly, as also County Town and Precinct Rates shall be affessed and collected, made and pass'd in the fourth Year of his present Majesty's Reign.

HEREAS no Provision is made (in the AET Intitled An Act directing Preamble. how Rates and Taxes granted by the General Affembly, as also County Town and Precinct Rates shall be affested and collected) for appointing Collectors or Constables, where Towns neglect to choose them : whereby unless there be some Remedy, the good Design of said Act to secure the Payment of the Taxes granted by the General Assembly will be Sheriffs imfrustrated :

Te it therefore enacted by the Sovernour, Council and house collect Rates of Representatives, That where any Town or Towns have neglected or Taxes in Towns that shall neglect to choose Constables or Collectors to gather the Rates or Taxes have or shall granted by the General Court, that in such Case the Sheriff of the County neglect to shall be and hereby is impowred and directed to collect such Rates or Taxes, choose Conhaving received an Affeffment made of the Proportion of the feveral Persons stables or

powred to rateable Collectors.

Fff

### Rates and Taxes.

rateable in fuch Town, together with a Warrant under the Hands of fuch Affeffors as shall be appointed by the Court of General Sessions of the Peace in the County where fuch deficient Town lies, according to the aforefaid Act of the fourth Year of his present Majesty's Reign; and the said Assessors are hereby directed where any Town has for divers Years past or shall for several Years together hereafter neglect to choose Assessors or Constables and Collectors to add together the feveral Sums annually due, as also the feveral Fines of twenty Pounds due for each Year's Neglect, and their own Allowance by Law established, to be proportioned among the several Inhabitants and others rateable in fuch Town according to their best Judgment.

Sheriff topoft up Copy of Affessment & Warrant.

belong.

And be it further enaded by the Antholity afolesaid, That the Sheriff upon receiving the aforefaid Affeffment and Warrant for collecting it. shall forthwith post up in some publick Place of the Town affested, an attested Copy of fuch Affestment and Warrant, and shall make no Distress for any of the Sums fo afferfied till after thirty Days from his posting it up; and any Person or Persons paying the Sum or Sums respectively aff. ffed on him or them to the Sheriff before the Expiration of the aforefaid thirty Days, shall pay at the Rate of five per Cent. over and above to the Sheriff for his Fees. and no more : But all fuch as shall neglect to pay the Sum or Sums afferfled for the Space of thirty Days or longer from the aforefaid posting up the Copy of the Affestment, shall be proceeded against by the Sheriff in Way of Distress as Collectors by Law are impowred, and may require fuitable Aid for that Purpose, and they shall each one pay the Fees for the Sheriff's Service and Travel as in other Cases where Distraint is made.

And to the Intent the Courts of General Seffions of the Peace in the several Counties where such deficient Towns shall respectively belong, may from Time to Be it enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That the Province Trea-

Time feafonably appoint Affesfors as needful:

furer for the Time being shall as soon as may be after he hath issued his Warficate to the ent Towns

Treasurer to rants to the Ass store of the several Towns for assessing and collecting the fend a Certi- Rates and Taxes granted by the General Affembly for the Space of fixty Clerk of the Days, without any Account of such Towns choice of Collectors or Constables. Court of Gc- whether it be a Town that hath neglected to make such Choice, or that hereneral Seffions after shall neglect fo to do, in every such Case the said Treasurer shall send a of the County Cerithcate to the Clerk of the Court of General Sessions of the Peace for the where defici- County whereto the deficient Town belongs, of fuch their Deficiency, who shall lay it before said Court of Sessions at their next Sitting; whereupon the faid Court shall forthwith proceed to appoint Assessor to assess and proportion the Rates and Taxes granted as aforefaid, and the Aff fors to appointed, shall as foon as may be take an Oath to the faithful Discharge of their Trust before the said Court or some one or more of the Justices by the Court of Seffions to be appointed for that Purpose; and if any Person appointed an Assessor as aforesaid shall refuse to serve, he shall forfeit the Sum of Twenty Pounds to His Majesty for the Use of the Province; and the Court of Sessions shall immediately proceed to appoint others.

## Alewives and other filly

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#### CHAP. X.

An Act in addition to and for rendring more effectual the Laws already in being for preventing the Destruction of the Fish called *Alemines* and other Fish.

HEREAS in and by an AB made in the fifteenth Tear of his prefent Mejety's Reign, intitled An Act in Addition to an Act made to Preambles prevent the Destruction of allewives, and other Fish, it is provided, "That all Persons that should hereaster build any Mill-Dam or Dams, or that had before the Time of passing the same, built any Dam'a-cross any such River or Stream where the Salmon, Shadd, Alewives, or other Fish, usually pass up into the natural Ponds to cast their Spawn, shall make or open a sufficient Passage Way for the Fish to pass up such River or Stream through or or round such Dam, and shall keep it open for the free Passage of the the Fish from the first Day of April to the last Day of May annually, and also that a sufficient Water Passage round, through, or over such Dam, should be made for the Passage of such Fish or their young Spawn in the Season of their going down such River or Stream, on Penalty of fifty

And in and by an Ast made in the seventeenth Year of his present Mejesty's Reign, intitled An Act in Addition to an Act made in the fifteenth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, intitled An Act in Addition to an Act made to prevent the Destruction of the Fish called Alewives, and other Fish, it is provided, "That it shall and may be lawful for any Owner or Occupant of " any fuch Dam or Dams already built, or that may hereafter be built, and " who are or may be obliged by faid additional Act to open or leave open " fuch Paffage as aforefaid, to apply to the next Court of General Seffions of the Peace to be holden in and for the County where fuch Mill-Dam is ; " and the Justices of the Court respectively, on such Application, are im-" powered and directed to appoint a Committee of three fufficient, and as 55 much as may be, difinterested Persons under Oath, to repair to the Dam " where fuch Passage is proposed to be opened, and carefully view the same, " and in the best Manner they are able, to inform themselves of the most " proper Place for the Paffage of fuch Fish up and down Stream, of what Dimensions the same shall be, or be appointed to be made, and what Past " of each Year, and how long the fame shall be kept open, and return the " fame under their Hands, or the Hands of the major Part of them, to the " faid Court for their Acceptance, which Return fo made and accepted shall " be deemed and adjudged the lawful Rule of Proceeding in making and 66 keeping open the Passage and Passages for the Fish in passing up and " down the Rivers and Streams for the future; any Thing contained to the 66 contrary in faid additional Act notwithstanding."

" Pounds for every Offence."

And whereas it may happen that in some Rivers or Streams, a cross which Dams are built, it may be doubtful whether the Fish may be faid usually to pass or cast their Spawn, and so as to render it netessary that a Way should be left open in such Dams for their free Passage, and many Inconveniencies may arise from such Doubt or Uncertainty:

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## Alewives and other fish

Court ofGethe Expediency of Dams, &c. upon the Report of a Committee.

Be it therefore enacted by the Governour, Council and issuice neral Seffions of Representatives, That when and so often as Application shall be made to determine to the Court of Seffions by the Owner or Occupant of any Mill-Dam or Dams, either of fuch Dams as have no Passage Way, or of such Dams through which a Paffage Way has already been made, and a Committee shall thereupon be appointed by fuch Court pursuant to the last recited Act, and such Committee shall repair to any Dam or Dams, and it shall appear to them upon Inquiry that the Fish do not, or in Case of a Passage being made or kept open would not usually pass up the River or Stream a-cross which such Dam is or shall be built, in such Numbers as that it is necessary a Passage Way through fuch Dam should be made or kept open, or that the passing of the Fish up such River will not be of greater general Benefit than the leaving open of Passage Ways in such Dams will be of Dammage to the Owners of the Mills and other Persons, then and in either of such Cases, said Committee shall be impowered to make a Report that such Passage Way is not necessary, and such Report being accepted by the Court of Sessions, the Owner or Occupant of fuch Dam shall thereupon be freed from all Obligation to make or keep open any Passage; any Thing in the afore-mentioned Acts to the contrary notwithstanding. And the Charge of the Application that shall be made by the Owner or Occupant of any Mill-Dam or Dams. and all Proceedings of the Court thereupon, pursuant to this Act, or to the faid last recited Act, shall be born and paid by such Owner or Occupant.

Proviso.

Provided always, That if at any Time after such Determination, any Perfon apprehending it necessary that a Passage Way should be opened in such Dam, shall thereupon make Application to the Court of Sessions, faid Court shall be impowered to appoint a new Committee, who shall have the same Power the first Committee by Law had, or might have had, and upon such Committee's reporting that a Paffage Way is necessary in such Dam or Dams, and the Dimensions thereof, and the Time it shall be kept open, and upon fuch Report being accepted by the Court of Sessions, the Owner or Occupant of fuch Mill or Dam shall be as fully obliged to keep open such Passage as if the former Report had never been made and accepted; any Thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding. The Charge of such Application and all Proceedings thereupon to be paid by the Person or Persons making the same, or by the Owner or Occupant of such Dam, as the Court of Seffions shall order.

Preamble.

And whereas in some Counties within this Province, the Justices of the Court of Sessions have refused to admit any Application from the Owner or Occupant of any Mill or Mill-Dam, by Reason that such Application has not been made at the Court next immediately following the Publication of the last recited Act:

Further Power of the Court of Seffions.

Be it further enacted, That the several Courts of Sessions within this Province be and hereby are impowered and directed to admit, proceed and determine upon any fuch Application at any Court at any Time held for the County, and all fuch Proceedings shall be deemed as valid to all Intents and Purposes as if they had been acted upon at the Court next immediatly following the Publication of faid Act.

Preamble.

And whereas in many Rivers or Streams within this Province neither Shad, Salmon, nor Alewives usually swim, or would pass up such River or Stream, although a Passage Way was made and kept open through the several Dams built a-cross such Rivers or Streams, and the Advantage of other Fish that pass up fuch Rivers or Streams is not equal to the Dammage that may arise by keeping open a Passage Way through such Dams :

Be

### Courts altered.

Be it therefore enacted, That no Owner or Occupant of any Mill Dam or Dams built or to be built within this Province, shall be liable to any In what Case Penalty for not making or keeping open a Passage Way through such Dam or Dams, except those Dams only which are built a-cross those Rivers or bekept open.

Mill Dam or

wives usually swim or pass; any former Law, Usage or Custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided always, That it shall be in the Power of any Person at any Time Application to make Application to the Court of Sessions, setting forth that the Passage may be made of other Fifth up such Rivers or Streams is of such Advantage as to render a to the Court Paffage Way through any Dam or Dams necessary, and the Justices of the of Sessions Court of Seffions are impowered on fuch Application to appoint a Committee relating to to repair to fuch Dam or Dams, and upon fuch Committee's reporting that Dams &c. a Passage Way or Ways for the Fish is necessary, the Dimensions thereof, and the Time for keeping it open, and upon such Report's being accepted the Owner or Occupant of fuch Dam or Dams shall be as fully obliged to make and keep open such Passage Way or Ways as if Shad, Salmon or Alewives usually passed up such River or Stream.

Streams where either of the afore-mentioned Fish, viz. Shad, Salmon, or Ale-

And whereas the Mill-Dam in the Town of Watertown, referred to in the Preamble. aforesaid Act of the Fifteenth of his present Majesty, has not been subjected in

like Manner with the other Mill-Dams within this Province :

Be it therefore enacted, That if any Person or Persons whatsoever shall cause the Dam of said Mill to be raised, so as to prevent the Passage of Mill Dam in the Fish over the same at any Time between the breaking up of the Ice in Watertown the Winter or Spring and the first Day of May annually, and in any Year hereafter, without the express Leave or Consent of the Select-Men of the Towns of Waterstown and Newtown, every Person so offending shall forset in Time, except &c. and pay the Sum of five Pounds for each Offence, to be recovered in any Court of Record proper to try the same, and for the Use of him or them that shall inform and sue therefor.

#### CHAP. III.

An Act for altering the Times for holding the Superiour Court of Judicature Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery within the Counties of Effex and York.

WHEREAS the Time by Law appointed for holding the Superiour Courts Preamble. for the Counties of Effex and York is found on some Accounts incon-

Be it therefore enacted by the Governour, Council and House Alteration of of Beging that the Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of of the Time for holding for the County of Essay, on the second Tuesday of May Yearly, shall be held the Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of of Yearly: And the Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Affize and Essay and General Goal Delivery, that was by Law to have been holden within and for York. the County of York, at York, on the third Wednesday in June Yearly, shall be held at York aforesaid, for the said County of York, on the second Tuesday of June Yearly.

## Lord's=Dav.

All Appeals not to be discontinued but proceeded upon.

and be it further enacted, That all Appeals, Reviews, Recognizances. alreadyiffued Warrants, or other Processes, already issued, taken and filed, which were to be heard and tried at either of the Courts aforefaid, shall not fail or be difcontinued, but be obligatory, continued over, held good and valid to all Intents and Purposes in the Law, and may be pleaded, heard and proceeded on at the next respective Courts appointed by this Act to be held in the several Counties aforefaid, and all Officers and other Perfons concerned therein are to conform themselves accordingly.

Provided also, That all Executions returnable to the respective Courts formerly established, be returned at the Times therein mentioned, the Altera-

tions aforefaid notwithstanding.

CHAP. IV.

## An Act for the Explanation and further Enforcement of the Laws made for the Observation of the Lord's-Day.

Preamble.

Precedent

ing to the

Laws relat-

Lord's-Day

but remain,

and Virtue.

THEREAS in and by an Att made and pass'd in the fifteenth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, intitled An Act in further Addition to the several Acts for the Observation and keeping of the Lord's-Day, it is enacted, " That His Majesty's Justices of the Peace shall bind over the Offenders " against that Act to appear before the next Court of General Sessions of the

" Peace for the County where the Offence shall be committed &c.

And whereas it so bappens, that divers such Offenders are Strangers, and not Inhabitants in the Town where the Offence is committed, nor of any other Town in this Province, and Persons so mean and obscure that they cannot afterwards be found, so that voithout a speedy Way of proceeding against them, they will have an Advantage to avoid Justice, and with Respect to such Persons the good Intent of the faid Law may be thereby wholly frustrated and defeated. And whereas a Doubt has arisen in divers Persons, who are enjoined by Law to put in Execution the Laws made for the due Observation of the Lord's Day, whether the Ast above mentioned does not repeal some Clauses in an Ast made in the fourth Year of King William and Queen Mary, for the better Observation and keeping of the Lord's Day, and other subsequent Ass made for the same good Purposes; and through these Means there have been great Neglects of prosecuting and punishing Persons guilty of the Prophanation of the Sabbath.

Now to prevent the evil Consequences of such wrong Constructions of the

Laws in that Cafe made and provided;

It is hereby veclared by the Governour, Council and House of Representatives, That it is not the true Intent and Meaning of the first mentioned Act made in the fifteenth Year of his prefent Majesty's Reign to repeal any of the precedent Laws made for the Observation of the Lord's not repeal'd, Day, or any Paragraphs or Clauses thereof, but that the same ought to re-

main in full Force and Virtue. ... Ind it is hereby accordingly enacted. That the faid precedent Laws. in full Force do and shall remain in full Force and Virtue, as if the faid Act of the fifteenth Year of his present Majesty's Reign had never been made: Saving that by the faid Act His Majeffy's Juffices of the Peace have Liberty given them to profecute the Offences therein mentioned in the Manner as is therein directed, if they judge it will best answer the general Intention of the Laws for the; better Observation of the Lord's Day.

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Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of HisMajesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England: Begun and held at Boston upon Wednesday the twenty-eighth of May 1746. And continued by Adjournments to Thursday the fixth of November following.

#### CHAP. I.

An Act for making the Town of Taunton the Shire or County Town of the County of Bristol, instead of the Town of Bristol, and for removing the Books of Records and Papers of the County of Bristol that are in the Town of Bristol to the said Town of Taunton.

E it enaced by the Governour, Council and House of Res Tauntee presentatives, That from and after the thirteenth Day of Novemmade and ber, in the Year of our Lord One Thousand seven Hundred and established forty fix, the Town of Taunton shall be, and hereby is made and established the Shire the County or Shire Town of the County of Briftol, instead of the Town of Town in the Briftol, and that the Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Assize and County of Recipel General Goal Delivery, and the Court of General Seffions of the Peace, and Briffel. Inferiour Court of Common Pleas, which by Law were heretofore to be held and kept at the faid Town of Briffol, for the faid County, shall for ever here-Courts to be after be held and kept at the faid Town of Taunton, within and for faid hereafter County, on fuch Days respectively from Time to Time as are now by Law kept at Tannestablished for said County, and for the same respective Ends and Purposes, ton. and with the fame Authority respectively as heretofore the faid Courts were held and kept in the Town of Bristol, and all Causes, Suits and Actions,

## Taunton the Shire Town.

Actions depending to be heard and try'd at Taunton.

Writs &c. made returnable to Taunton.

depending and to have been heard in the feveral Courts in faid Town of Briffol, for faid County, shall be heard and tried at Taunton by the faid Courts respectively on the same Days on which they should have been heard and tried at Briftol before the passing of this Act, and all Writs, whether Original, or of Execution, Informations, Presentments, Venires for Jurymen, and all other Writings and Instruments that by Law were returnable to the feveral Courts or Offices in Briltol, shall be and hereby are made returnable to the fame Courts and Offices respectively in the Town of Taunton; and all the Records and Papers of the Court of General Sessions of the Peace, Inferiour Court of Common Pleas, Court of Probate of Wills and for granting Letters of Administration, and of the Register of Deeds, now in the faid Town of Briftol, shall be forthwith delivered to George Leonard, Esq; Mr. Thomas Foster, and John Shephard, Esq; or the major Part of them, who shall cause them immediately to be conveyed to the said Town of Taupton, and there fafely deposited under the Care of the same Persons as heretofore, or others, as the faid Committee shall judge best, who shall serve in these Offices Records &c. with full Power, and shall give the same Obligations, and be under the like

to be deliver'd to a Committee and convey'd to Taunton.

Penalties as they or others had or were under heretofore, until this Court shall further order, or others shall be duly appointed in their Stead : And the faid Committee are also directed to demand and receive of the Treasurer of faid County now living in the Town of Briffol, all Money, Records and Papers to faid County belonging, which they are also directed to remove and d-posit at Taunton, in the same Manner as is before directed concerning the Records and Papers to the faid Courts belonging; and the feveral Clerks. Treasurer, Register, and all other Persons who are possessed of any Records, Books, Papers, Money, or other Things belonging to faid County (fuch Perfon or Persons living now in said Town of Bristol) are hereby impowered and required to deliver them forthwith to the faidCommittee; and theSheriff of the faid County is hereby directed to cause all Prisoners now in His Majesty's Goal in the County of Briftol, to be conveyed to faid Town of Taunton, and there put under fafe Custody in some proper Place to be kept for that Purpose, 'till said County shall provide a proper Goal in said Town of Taunion. or 'till they shall be delivered by due Course of Law.

Sheriff directed to convey Prifoners to Taunton.



### OSTON:

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Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England : Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednesday the twenty-seventh Day of May 1747, and continued by Adjournments to Wednesday the twelfth Day of August following.

CHAP. VII.

An Act in further addition to and for Explanation of certain Clauses in three feveral Acts herein after mention'd made and pass'd in the fifteenth, seventeenth; and eighteenthYears of his present Majesty's Reign, for ascertaining the Value of Money, and of the Bills of publick Credit of this Province.

THEREAS in and by an AnAEt made and pass'd in the fifteenth Year of bis present Majesty's Reign, entitled; AnAct to ascertain the Value of Money and of the Bills of publick Credit of this Province granted this present Year for the supply of the Treasury, and for securing Preamble. the Credit of faid Bills ; the feveral Courts of Judicature are directed in making up Judgments for Debts that should be contracted within the Term of five Years therein limitted (except as therein excepted) in Cafe the Province Bills by faid Ast emitted, or that should thereafter be emitted, should be depreciated below the Value they were fet at by faid AEt, to allow the Creditor fo much in faid Bills, as should make amends for their Depreciation below their then stated Value, or the Value at which fuch other Bills should be stated; And whereas in the Rule by said Att prescribed for determining the Value of such Bills from Time to Time for the Purpose aforesaid only Silver and Bills of Exchange are made the Standard whereby said Bills are to be estimated in order to the Payment of private Debts to be contracted within the Time aforesaid; which Rule by Experience has been found to be unequal, and not to answer the good Intention of the said AET, inasmuch

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as the Bills of Credit, being the only Medium of Trade and Commerce in this and the other Governments in New-England, their Value cannot be truly estimated by the Prices of any one or two particular Commodities or Merchandizes, such as Bills of Exchange and Silver now are and have for several Years past been within this and the aforesaid other Colonies, and the Prices of which in Bills of publick Credit have been found liable to be very suddenly and immoderately increased by a few Persons for the sake of serving their own particular Trade or Interest, whereby the Bills of Credit have often been to the great Grievance of Debtors much depreciated with respect to Bills of Exchange and Silver, the at the same Time they have kept their Value with respect to all other Commodities and Merchandizes in this Province:

Now for preventing any futureInconvenience which may arise to theDebter from estimating the Value of Bills of Credit by comparing them with

the Prices of Bills of Exchange and Silver alone;

Be it enacted by the Governour, Council and House of Reprefentatives. That when any Valuation shall be made of the Bills of publick Credit on this Province in Pursuance of faid Act, and for the Purposes therein be confider'd mentioned, regard shall be had not only to Silver and Bills of Exchange, in the Valua- but to the Prices of Provisions and other Necessaries of Life, and to the Diftion of the ference that may arise from the Plenty or Scarcity of them, or other Circumstances which may casually occasion the rife or fall of them, at the respective Seafons wherein such Valuation shall be made as aforesaid.

And whereas the aforemention'd Ast dirests that the Valuation of the Bills of publickCredit as aforesaid, for the Purposes aforesaid, shall be made once in every fix Months by the General Assembly, and in want thereof by a Committee confishing of the eldest Councellor for the Time being, in each of those Counties, where any Member of his Majesty's Council is an Inhabitant : And whereas the fand All doth not expressly declare that the Determination made by any Number of the jaidCommittee short of the whole; shall be accounted valid for the Purposes aforefaid; and Doubts and Disputes have thereupon arisen:

For Prevention whereof for the future'; Be it enacted by the Governour, Council and House of Reprefentatines, That any five of the faid Councellors shall be a Quorum, and every Valuation of the Bills of publickCredit to be made by the wholeNumber of the faid Councellors or the major Part of fuch of them as shall convene and be present, at the Time of making the same (provided the Number present be not less than five, and that due Notice has been previously given to the rest that shall then be within this Province, of the Time, Place and Occasion of their Meeting ) shall be deemed and counted valid in the Law,

for the Purposes in faid Act mentioned.

Expence and loss of Time to those concerned therein.

And whereas altho' the Method of making up Judgment on private Debts (with Allowance for the finking of the Value of the Province Bills) as prescribed in the aforesaid Act, and in another Act made and pass'd in the eighteenth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, entitled; An Act in further Addition to an Act for ascertaining the Value of Money, and of the Bills of publick Credit of this Province, is limitted to Debts contracted within or before certain Periods mentioned in faid AEIs respectively, and is not extended to Debts thereafter to be contracted; yet unless some certain Term of Time be limitted for calling in such Debts, and for the Continuance of the aforesaid Method of making up Judgment thereupon, many of said Debts may be long outstanding, and in Consequence thereof it will be requisite ( for a Rule to the executive Courts in their Proceedings ) that a Valaation of said Bills be from Time to Time made either by the General Assembly or such others as by Law are appointed for that Service, 'till every of those Debts shall be discharged, how long soever that Time may be protracted, to the Hindrance and Interruption of the publick Affairs of the Province, or to the great Trouble.

Price of Provifions &c.to Bills.

Five Councellors to be a Quorum for valuing the Bills.

## Ascertaining the Malue of Money.

For Prevention of which and other Inconveniencies ;

Be it enacted by the Governour, Council and House of Repres of the Time fentatives, That in all and every Action and Actions which shall be brought for bringing from and after the last Day of September, which will be in the Year of our Adjons on Lord, One Thousand Seven Hundred and forty Nine, the aforementioned this Act. Method of making up Judgments in the feveral executive Courts of this Province, on all Debts and Dues contracted before the last Day of March, One Thousand Seven Hundred and forty Seven, by Virtue or in Consequence of the Power and Directions given in the Acts aforesaid, or either of them, shall cease and determine, and no Allowance shall be made in making up such Judgments for any Depreciation of the Bills of Credit, unless the Debt on which such Action shall arise, did not become payable 'till after the last Day of September, Anno Domini One Thousand Seven Hundred and forty Nine, or unless the Saving. Creditor now be and shall continue out of this Province 'till after the Expiration of the faid Term, and have no lawful Agent or Attorney therein, or be a Person non Compos Mentis, and have no lawful Guardian, or be under some other legal Incapacity of bringing his Action for the Recovery of such Debt within the Term herein before limitted for that Purpole. And if after that Term Suit shall be brought for any such Debts, Judgments shall be made up according to the last Valuation that shall have been then made.

And whereas in and by an Act made and pass'd in the seventeenth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, entitled; An Act in Addition to and in Explanation Preamble. of fundry Clauses of an Act, entitled; AnAct to ascertain the Value of Money, and of the Bills of publick Credit of this Province, made and pass'd in the fifteenth Year of his Majesty's Reign; It is enacted, " That all Debts " contracted fince the last of March, One Thousand Seven Hundred " and forty Two, or that shall thereafter be contracted (Specialties and express " Contracts excepted ) shall be deemed and adjudged equal to the real Value. " only fuch Bills have paffed or shall pass at when such Debt was or shall be

contracted; and every Debt of twenty Shillings contracted as aforesaid. 66 shall or may be always hereafter discharged by twenty Shillings in said Bills, " and so pro rata for a greater or less Sum, unless such Bills have already or " fhould hereafter be depreciated below the Value they passed at when such

" Debt was or shall be contracted; and in such Case so much shall always be allowed by the respective Courts in this Province as shall make faid

" Bills equal in Value to fuch Debt when contracted."

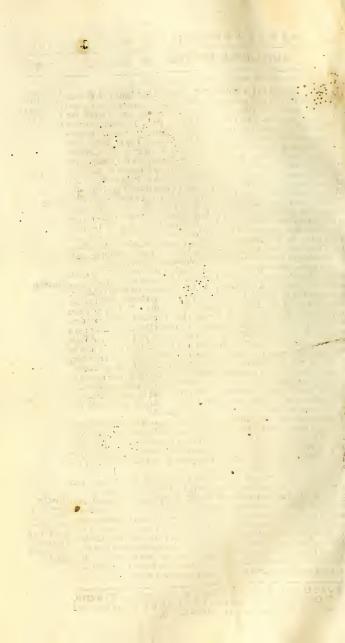
And whereas the Debts referred to in the faid Ast appear by the purview thereof, to be such only as then had been or should be contracted within five Years from the last Day of March, One Thousand seven Hundred and forty two, yet as the faid Act has by some been construed to extend to Debts to be contracted after the Expiration of faid Term; and in Consequence of such Construction (if admitted) many Inconveniencies may arife:

Wherefore for Prevention thereof, and for removing any Doubts or Difputes touching the Meaning of faid Act in the Case before-mentioned :

Be it enacted and declared by the Governour, Council and Time for Doute of Bentefentatives, That the Debts referred to and intended in the lath herein before recited Act are such only as had been or should be contracted within the before-mentioned Term of five Years from the last Day Benefit upon for the Depreciation of the Bills of publick Credit, was intended and shall stated be adjudged, construed, and taken to be restrained to Debts, contracted within the Term aforesaid, and not to extend to any other whatsoever.

of March One Thousand Seven Hundred and forty Two, and that the Rule Depreciatitherein given to the Courts of Judicature respecting the Allowance to be made on of the Bills

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# Alteration of Courts.

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Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of HisMajesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England: Begun and held at Boston upon Wednesday the twenty-seventh Day of May 1747, and continued by Adjournments and Prorogations to Wednesday the third Day of February following.

CHAP. VIII.

An Act for altering the Times appointed for holding the Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Assize and General Goal Delivery within and for the Counties of Effex and Bristol.

THERE AS the Times by Law appointed for holding the Superiour Court Preamble. of Judicature, Court of Affice, and general Goal Delivery at Salem, within and for the County of Effex, and at Taunton, within and for the County of Bristol, are found to be inconvenient

Be it therefore enacted by the Governour, Council andhouse of Alteration Representatives, That the Time for holding the faid Superiour Court of of Courts at Judicature, Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery at Salem, for the Coun- Salem and ty of Effex, shall henceforth be the third Tuesday in Ollober annually : And Taunton. the Time for holding the faid Court at Taunton, for the County of Briftol, shall henceforth be the fecond Tuesday in May annually: And all Officers and other Persons concerned, are required to conform themselves accordingly.

and be it further enacted, That all Appeals, Writs of Review, Recognizances, Warrants, and other Process already issued, taken or depending in the faidCounty of Briftol, which were to have been returned or proceeded on at the Time heretofore appointed by Law for holding the faid Court at Taunton, shall be valid and fland good to all Intents and Purpofes in the Law; and shall be returned and proceeded on at the Time appointed by this Act for holding the fame.

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# Durchale of Indians Lands.

CHAP. IX.

An Act for explaining an Act intitled, An Act to prevent and make void clandestine and illegal Purchases of Lands from Indians, so far as relates to the Devise or Bequest of any real Estate by the last Will and Testament of any Indians.

Preamble.

WHEREAS Doubts have arisen, whether the Ast pass'd in the thirteenth Year of King William the Third, Intitled, An Act to prevent and make void clandestine and illegal Purchases of Lands from the Indians; doth extend to any Device or Bequest of real Estate made by the last Will and Testament of any Indian : "

Explanation dians felling Lands.

The Sales

Be it therefore declared and enaded by the Governour, Council and boule of Representatives, That the faid Act was intended to exof an Actre- tend, and did, doth and ought to be understood to extend to all Devises of lating to In- real Estates made by the last Wills and Testaments of any of the said Indians : And all fuch Devifes of Lands or other real Estate whatsoever by any last Will and Testament from any Indian or Indians inhabiting within this Province, to any English Person or Persons that have been heretofore made, and have not been approved by the General Court; and also all such as shall hereafter be made, unless the Approbation of the General Court shall be obtained, are hereby declared utterly void and of no Effect.



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# An Act

Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts- Bay in New-England : Begun and held at Boston upon Wednesday the twenty-fifth Day of May 1748, and continued by Prorogation and Adjournments to Wednesday the twenty-first Day of December following, and then met.

### CHAP. X.

An Act for drawing in the Bills of Credit of the feveral Denominations which have at any Time been issued by this. Government and are still outstanding, and for ascertaining the Rate of coin'd Silver in this Province for the future.

HEREAS the Sum of One Hundred and eighty three Thousand six Hundred and forty nine Pounds two Shillings and feven Pence half Preamble. Penny Sterling Money, has been granted by the Parliament of Great-Britain, for reimburfing to this Province, their Expences in taking and

fecuring Cape-Breton : Be it enaded by the Governour, Council, and House of Repres Persons imfentatives, That the Honourable Sir Peter Warren, Knight of the Bath, powred to William Bollan, Esq; Agent for this Province, and Eliakim Palmer, Esq; act for the of London, Merchant, they or two of them (the faid William Bollan Agent Province in as aforesaid, except in Case of his Death always to be one) be and are hereby taking Care authorized and impowered, to give a full Discharge to the right honourable granted by the Lords Commissioners of the Treasury for the Sum granted as aforesaid Parliament whenfoever the same shall have been issued, or to the Bank of England, in for the Case the same shall have been there deposited, or to any Person or Persons Charge at in whose Possession or Custody soever the same is or shall be; to prefer the Cape-Breton. humble Address of the General Court of this Province to the King's most excellent Majesty, that he would be graciously pleased to order the said Sum

# Redaming Bills of Credit.

to be transported to this Government in foreign coin'd Silver, on board some one or more of his Majesty's Ships; and to pursue such Instructions as the faid General Court shall judge necessary concerning the Transportation of the faid granted Sum to this Province.

The Province Treafurerimpowred to receive faid Money on its Arrival.

and he it further enacted, That the Treasurer of the Province for the Time being, be and hereby is fully authorized and impowred to demand and receive the whole and every Part of the Money aforesaid from the Commander of any Vessel or Vessels on board of which the same shall be ship'd. upon the arrival thereof within this Government.

ThefaidMo-

and be it further enacted, That from and after the thirty-first Day ney to beex- of March which shall be in the Year of our Lord One Thousand seven changed for Hundred and fifty, the Possessor and Possessors of each and every of the Bills BillsofCredit of Credit of this Province which shall be then outstanding, upon bringing fuch Bill or Bills to the Treasurer aforesaid, shall be intitled to and receive in Exchange for every fuch Bill or Bills Silver at the Rate following, viz. for every forty five Shillings in Bills commonly known and understood by Bills of the old Form and Tenor, one Piece of Eight, and for every eleven Shillings and three Pence in Bills of the new Form and Tenor, and also of the middle Form and Tenor, one Piece of Eight, and so proportionably for a greater or less Sum in the Bills of each and any of the Forms and Tenors aforesaid. Provided nevertheless, That if the Possessors aforesaid shall not offer such Bills in Exchange within one Year from and after the faid thirty-first Day of March One Thousand seven Hundred and fifty, all Right or Claim to the Redemption or Exchange thereof shall determine and cease.

Provided alfo, That fuch of the Bills of Credit of this Province, as shall Proviso refpecting Bills be the Property of the Inhabitants of Connecticut, New-Hampshire, and Rhodeof the neigh-Island, may and shall be redeemed or exchanged by the Bills of Credit of each bouring Goof those Governments respectively that may be in the Hands of the Inhabivernments. tants of this Government : Any Thing in this Act to the contrary notwith-

standing.

Preamble.

And whereas all Debts, Dues, Demands, Bargains and Contracts whatfoever, unless otherwise specially agreed or contracted, are now understood to be payable and may be discharged by the publick Bills of Credit of this Province, and upon any Action or Actions being brought in the Courts of Judicature within this Province, and Judgment being made up upon such Action and Execution issued, such Execution may be now satisfied and discharged by the publick Bills of Credit as aforesaid, with the Addition of a greater or less Sum according to the Time when fuch Debts were contracted :

Contractsafunderftood to be in Silver Money.

Be it enafted, That from and after the thirty-first Day of March, which ter Mar. 31. shall be in the Year of our Lord One Thousand seven Hundred and fifty, 1750. to be all Debts, Dues, Demands, Bargains and Contracts, payable in Bills of Credit as aforesaid, shall be understood to be payable in coined Silver only; and all Executions in Confequence of any Judgment of Court in all Actions heretofore brought or that may at any Time hereafter be brought for the Recovery of fuch Debts, Dues, Demands, Bargains and Contracts made and contracted as aforesaid shall and may be then discharg'd by Silver at the Rate following, viz. Every forty fiveShillings of fuchDebtsDues orDemands which were payable or might be discharged by Bills of the old Tenor, shall and may be discharg'd by one mill'd Piece of Eight, and every eleven Shillings and three Pence of fuch Debts Dues or Demands which were payable or might be discharged by Bills of the middle Tenor, or by Bills of the new Tenor, shall and may be discharged by one mill'd Piece of Eight, with such Addition, according to the Time of contracting, as the Laws of this Province do or shall require; and so proportionably of any Debt or Demand of greater or less Value.

And

# Redeeming Bills of Credit.

And whereas in and by the several Asts of this Government for issuing the publick Bills of Credit Provision bas been made for drawing said Bills into the publick Treasury again by certain Taxes which it is provided by said Ads shall be laid on the several Towns in this Government in each of the several Years from this present Year until the Year One Thousand seven Hundred and fixty :

Be it further enacted, That the several Clauses'in the Acts aforesaid, Repealof the providing for the bringing into the Province Treasury by Taxes the several Clauses in Sums in Bills of Credit iffued by Virtue of fuch Acts, be and hereby are repealed for Taxes.

and declared null and void.

And whereas the Sum granted by Parliament as aforefaid may prove insufficient to redeem or exchange the whole Sum which is now outstanding in said Bills of

Credit at the Rates aforefaid :

Be it further enacted, That there be and hereby is granted unto his Tax of 1.75, most excellent Majesty a Tax of seventy five Thousand Pounds to be levied ooo to be leon Polls and Estates both Real and Personal within this Province according vied in1749. to fuch Rules and in fuch Proportions on the feveral Towns and Districts within the fame, as shall be agreed upon and ordered by this Court at their Session in May One Thousand seven Hundred and forty nine, to be paid into the publick Treasury on or before the last of December then next ensuing : And the Tax aforesaid is hereby declared to be payable in Bills of Credit of the new Form and Tenor, or of the middle Form and Tenor according to their respective Denominations, or in Bills of the old Tenor, accounting four for one, or in Spanish mill'd Dollars at the Rate of eleven Shillings and three

Pence each.

And be it further enacted, That in Case the General Court shall not Treasurer to at their Sessions in May and before the twentieth Day of June One Thousand issue his War feven Hundred and forty nine, agree and conclude upon an Act apportion- rants in Cafe ing the Sum which by this Act is engaged shall be in faid Year apportioned there be no affeffed and levied, that then and in fuch Case each Town and District within Act for apthis Province shall pay (by a Tax to be levied on the Polls and Estates portioning both Real and Personal within their Districts) the same Proportion of the faid Tax. faid Sum as the faid Towns and Districts shall have been taxed by the General Court in the Tax Act then last preceeding, and the Province Treasurer is hereby fully impowred and directed some Time in the Month of June in the Year One Thousand seven Hundred and forty nine to issue and send forth his Warrants directed to the Select-Men or Affessors of each Town and District within this Province, requiring them to affess the Polls and Estates both Real and Personal within their several Towns and Districts for their respective Part and Proportion of the Sum before directed, and engaged to be affeffed, and the Affeffors as also Persons affeffed, shall observe, begoverned by and subject to all such Rules and Directions as shall have been given in the last preceeding Tax Act; and if there be any Surplusage it shall remain as a Stock in the Treasury.

And whereas it is provided by this All that the whole Sum now outstanding Preamble. in Bills of Credit which have been the Medium and Instrument of Trade and Commerce for many Years past shall be sunk, partly by a Tax, and partly by being exchanged for the Sum granted by Parliament as aforesaid, which Sum may

great Importance that all possible Means should be us'd for establishing an inva-

riable Silver Currency for the future:

Contracts &c

BC it enacted, That all Bargains and Contracts Debts and Dues what
Debts to be foever which shall be agreed, contracted or made after the thirty-first Day paid after of March One Thousand seven Hundred and sifty, shall be understood and 1750 in Silare hereby declared to be in Silver at fix Shillings and eight Pence per Ounce, ver Money, and all Spanish mill'd Pieces of Eight of full Weight, shall be accounted taken and paid at the Rate of fix Shillings per Piece for the discharge of any Rates of Spa-

prove sufficient to serve as a Medium instead of said Bills, and it being of

Contracts &c

# Redeeming Bills of Credit.

Penalty to those who receive or pay Silver Money at any higher Rate.

Contracts or Bargains to be made after the faid thirty-first Day of March One Thousand seven Hundred and fifty, the Half's Quarters and other less Pieces of the same Coin, to be accounted received taken or paid in the same Proportion; and if any Person shall for the discharge of any such Contracts or Bargains account receive take or pay any Silver Coin or any of the faid Pieces at any greater or higher Rate than that at which the same is hereby regulated and allowed, every fuch Person so accounting receiving taking or paying the same, shall forfeit the Sum of fifty Pounds for every Offence, one Moiety thereof to his Majesty his Heirs and Successors to and for the Use of this Government, the other Moiety to him or them that shall sue for the same, to be recovered with full Costs of Suit by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint, or Information in any of his Majesty's Courts of Record within this Province. or by Presentment of the Grand Jury; and all Persons whatsoever are hereby required to conform their Books and Accounts according to the Regulation aforelaid, any former Usage to the contrary notwithstanding; and any Books and Accounts which shall not be made to conform to the saidRegulation shall not be admitted or allowed to be produced in Evidence for the Recovery of any Debt in any of his Majesty's Courts within this Province.

And whereas Bills of Credit have been the only Medium of Trade within this Government for many Years past, and the Bills of Connecticut, New-Hampshire, and Rhode-Island, have passed promiseuously with the Bills of this Government, and the Inhabitants of this Government will be liable to greater Evils than they have ever yet suffered, if the Bills of those Governments continue current within

this Province :

Penalty for receiving or passing Bills vernments.

Preamble.

Be it further enacted, That if any Person from and after the thirtyfirst Day of March One Thousand seven Hundred and fifty, shall account receive take or pay anyBill or Bills of Credit of either of the Governments of of the neigh- Connecticut, New-Hampfeire, or Rhode-Island, in discharge of any Contract or houring Go- Bargain, or for any valuable Confideration whatfoever, every fuch Perfor fo accounting receiving taking or paying the fame, shall forfeit the Sum of fifty Pounds for every Offence, to be recovered and applied in like Manner with the Forfeiture or Penalty for receiving or paying Silver Coin at any higher Rate than is regulated by this Act.

Oath to be fons chosen toOffice that theyhave not received or

and be it further enacted, That from and after the last Day of March takenbyPer- which shall be in the Year of ourLordOneThousand sevenHundred and fifty, until the last Day of March, which shall be in the Year of our Lord One Thousand fevenHundred and fifty four, every Person who shall be chosen to serve in any Office in any of the Towns of this Province, shall before his Entrance upon faid paid faid Bills Office take the following Oath, to be administred by a Justice of the Peace, or where no Iustice of the Peace shall be present, by the Town-Clerk, who is hereby impowred to administer the same, viz.

Form of the

TOU A. B. do in the Presence of GOD, solemnly declare, that you have not fince the last Day of March 1750, wittingly and willingly directly or indirectly, either by your felf or any for or under you, been concerned in receiving or paying within this Government, any Billor Bills of Credit of either of the Governments of Connecticut, New-Hampshire or Rhode-Island. So help you GOD.

Penalty in Cafe of Refufal to take faid Oath.

Oath.

And where any Person chosen as aforesaid shall refuse or neglect to take the Oath aforesaid on tendering the same, the Town shall proceed to the Choice of another Person in his Room; and where any Person shall be elected during the Term aforesaid by any Town into any Office to the Non-Acceptance orRefusal whereof a Penalty is by Law annex'd, such Person neglecting or refusing to take the Oath aforefaid, shall be liable to the same Penalty as is by Law Perfons cho- provided for the Non-Acceptance or Refusal of such Office.

Oath.

and he it further enacted, That when any Person during the Term fentatives to aforesaid, shall be chosen to represent any Town within this Province in the take the faid General Court or Affembly, fuch Person so chosen shall take the Oath aforefaid.

faid, and Return shall be made by the Select-Men upon the Back of the Precept, rhat the Person so chosen, bas taken the Oath required in the Att made and possed in the twenty second Year of his Majesty King George the Second, intitled An Act for drawing in the Bills of Credit of the several Denominations which have at any Time been issued by this Government and are still outstanding, and for ascertaining the Rate of coin'd Silver in this Province for the future.

And if any Person so chosen shall refuse or neglect to take the Oath aforefaid, such Refusal or Neglect shall be deem'd a refusal to serve as a Representative, and the Town shall proceed to the Choice of another Person in his

Room.

and be it further enacted, That the Oath aforesaid shall be admini- Councellors fired to each of the Members of his Majesty's Council every Year, during to take said the Term aforesaid, at the same Time when the usual Oaths required to be Oath, raken by the faid Members of his Majesty's Council shall be administred. And all Officers civil and military within this Government, who shall be nominated or appointed during the Term aforefaid, shall before they receive As also Offitheir respective Commissions take the Oath aforesaid, and their respective cers chosen Commissions shall otherwise be void: And all Persons elected into any Office by the Geneduring the Term aforefaid by the General Affembly shall be deem'd not ral Court. qualified to enter upon the Execution of their respective Offices, until they have taken theOath aforesaid: And all Officers civil and military appointed Officers civil by this Government who shall be in Commission in the Month of June One and military. Thousand seven Hundred and fifty three, shall some time in said Month take the Oath asoresaid; and in Case of Neglect thereof their respective Commissions shall become and are hereby declared to be void.

and be it further enacted, That no Execution shall be issued during The faid the Term aforesaid from the Office of any Clerk of any of the Inferiour Oath to be Courts of CommonPleas or of the Superiour Courts of Judicature for any Sum taken upon whatfoever, unless the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs (fuing in his or their own Right issuing Exeand dwelling within this Province) shall first take the Oath aforesaid, and cutions on Certificate thereof shall be made on such Execution; and if any Execution Judgments shall issue or go forth during the Term aforesaid without such Certificate, of Courts. the same shall be and is hereby declared to be void. And no Licence shall be granted to, nor any Recognizance taken from any Taverner, Taverners Innholder or Retailer, by the Justices of any of the Courts of Sessions within Innholders this Province during the Term aforefaid, until fuch Taverner Innholder or and Retailers Retailer, shall have taken said Oath in Presence of the Court, or Certificate to take said of his having so done from a Justice of Peace, shall be presented to the Court. Oath. of his having to done from a plattice of each control of the Contr Credit of the Government to which his Creditor belongs, before the faid Governthirty-first Day of March One Thousand seven Hundred and fifty, and has ments. continu'd to be so possess'd, he shall have Liberty to tender the same; and the Creditor shall be oblig'd to accept the same towards Payment or Discharge of such Debt in like Manner as if this Act had never pass'd. Provided also, Provise in And it is accordingly to be understood, that if the Bills of Credit of faid Case the Bills Governments of Connecticut, New Hampsbire, and Rhode-Island, shall be drawn of the other in and funk, and the Paper Currency of faid Governments shall be brought Governto an End and cease, at any Time before the said thirty-first Day of March ments shou'd One Thousand seven Hundred and fifty four, then and in such Case the three besunk. last preceeding enacting Clauses of this Act, shall become void and have no further Effect.

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# Redamina Bills of Credit.

Preamble.

And whereas the Sum of One Hundred and eighty three Thouland fix Hundred and forty nine Pounds two Shillings and feven Pence half Penny Sterling, granted by Parliament as aforesaid, and the further Sum of Seventy five Thousand Pounds, now granted to be affes'd in Bills of Credit in the Year One Thousand seven Hundred and forty nine, on the Polls and Estates of the Inbabitants of this Province, are by this Ast become the fole Fund and Security for the whole Sum in Bills of Credit outstanding, and in Case the said Sterling Sum granted as aforesaid, be not imported into this Province before the said thirty-first Day of March One Thousand seven Hundred and fifty, the exchanging the Bills of Credit as is above intended will be rendered impracticable, and, the former Funds or Securities being made void, there will remain a Fund for Seventy five Thoufand Pounds only, and the Remainder of the faid Bills of Credit will become of no Value to the Possessors:

Acts for drawing in theBills to be inForce in ver Money should not

Be it therefore provided. And it is accordingly hereby Enacted. that if the Sum granted by Parliament as aforefaid, shall not be received Case the Sil- within this Government on or before the thirty-first Day of March One Thoufand seven Hundred and fifty, then and in such Case the several Acts of this Province for drawing in the faid Bills, and all and every Part of faid Acts. arrive in the shall be and continue in full Force, any Thing in this Act to the contrary Province be- notwithstanding; and all and every Part of this Act shall be void, and have fore the 31ft no further Effect.

of Mar.1750

Saving always, That whereas the Sum of OneHundred and thirty Thousand five Hundred Pounds in faid Bills of Credit is engaged by faid Acts to be drawn in by a Tax in the Year One Thousand seven Hundred and forty nine, and by Saving 1.55. this Act Provision is made for drawing Seventy five Thousand Pounds, Part 500, which is tobe added of faid Sum only in faid Year, which Part of this Att may have had its Effect, to the Tax and the Time will be elapsed for drawing in the remaining Part of said One

in 1750. Hundred and thirty Thousand five Hundred Pounds:

It is therefore hereby enacted and declared, That in such Case the Sum of Fifty five Thousand five Hundred Pounds the remaining Part of said Sum of One Hundred and thirty Thousand five Hundred Pounds, shall be and hereby is added to the Tax of Thirty fiveThousandPounds,engag'd to be affels'd in the Year One Thousand seven Hundred and fifty, and the Inhabitants of this Province shall be affes'd for saidSum at the same Time and in likeManner and Proportion as is by Law provided that they shall be affes'd for said Thirty five Thousand Pounds, and the Treasurer is hereby required to iffue his Warrants accordingly.

BOSTON: Printed and Sold by S. Unceland and T. Green, by Order of His Excellency the GOVERNOUR, Council and House of REPRESENTATIVES. MDCCXLVIII.

CVENCE THE ENDING TO VENCE AND VENCE

## CHAP. XI.

An Act in further Addition to an Act entitled, An Act for the more speedy finishing the Land Bank or Manufactory Scheme.

T appearing to this Court, notwithstanding the Provision made for the Preamble. speedy finishing the Land-Bank or Manufactory Scheme, in the Act of the Seventeenth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, Intitled, AnAct for the more speedy finishing the Land Bank or Manufactory Scheme, That there are great Difficulties in the Way of the Commissioners by faid Act appointed to finish said Scheme, without the further Aid of this Court, more efpecially occasioned by the Destruction of the Books and Papers of the said late Land Bank Company, and of the faid Commissioners, in the late burning of the

Court-House in Boston :

Be it therefore enacted by the Governour, Council and Representatives, That the said Commissioners or a major Part of them, commissioners impowers be directed and impowered, and hereby they are directed and impowered, ered and dias foon as may be, to make an Affelsment on those Persons mentioned in reded to a Lift printed in the Supplement of the Boston Gazette, 1745 which Lift affestersons is hereby declared to contain a true and exact Account of the Partners in according to faid late Land Bank Scheme, and the faid Affessment shall be made for the the Lift, full Sum in faid Lift, printed in faid Gazette, and fuch further Sum as faid Commissioners shall judge necessary to redeem all the Outstanding Bills of faid Company, Principal and Interest, make good Deficiencies by the failing of any Partners, and to defrey the just incidental Charges; and every Receipt from faid Commissioners, or other fatisfactory Evidence of Payment on the aforesaid Assessment lately printed in the Boston Gazette, shall be taken and received by faid Commissioners as Payment for the Sum or Sums they amount to, in the Affessment now directed to; upon and according to which Affessment now ordered being first approved by the General Court, after being inferted in all the Weekly News Papers printed in Boston, Warrants of fixty Days before it's Presentation to the General Court, that all concerned Diffress to may object if they fee Caufe) the faid Commissioners shall issue their War- be issued. rants of Diftress against such Partners as shall neglect to pay for fixty Days after the General Court's Approbation : Which Warrant of Diffress shall be in the Form following, viz.

Province of the Massachujetts-Bay.

John Jeffries, Samuel Danforth, John Chandler, Elgrs; Commissioners for the more speedy finishing the Formthereos Land Bank or Manufactory Scheme.

To the Sheriff of the County of A., bisUnder Sheriff or Deputy, ( or either of the Constables of B ) Greeting.

BY Vertue of an Act of the Great and General Court or Assembly of said Province, made at their Session begun and held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-fixth Day of Ollober 1748. entitled, An All in further Addition to an Att entitled, An Att for the more speedy finishing the Land-Bank or Manufactory Scheme, there was an Affeffment made on the late Directors and Partners in faid Scheme, for the drawing in the Remain-Nnn der

## Land Bank.

der of the outstanding Bills emitted on said Scheme, which Assessment has been duly published in all the publick News-Papers in Boston, agreable to faid Act, and passed the Approbation of the General Court; fince which more than fixty Days are passed: In which Affessment A B. of C. in the County of E. a late Partner in faid Scheme, was affessed the Sum of in lawful Money or Manusactory Bills as his Part or Proportion, and altho' publick Notice has been given of faid Affessment, as aforesaid, yet the said A. B hitherto neglects to pay

in the fame, as is by faid Act required : Wherefore, by Virtue of the Authority to us given in and by the aforesaid Act; These are in his Majesty's Name, to require you to Levy by Diffress, and Sale of the Estate Real and Personal of the faid A. B. the above Sum of lawful Money, and bring the same to us at our Office in Boston forthwith, returning the Overplus (if any be) to the faid A. B. and if there cannot be found in your Precinct Estate sufficient to discharge the same, then you are to commit the faid A. B. if to be found in your Precinct, to the common Goal of the County of E. there to remain until he has paid the faid Sum of lawful Money, and Charges; for all which this shall be your sufficient Warrant; fave only, that if you shall take the Real Estate of the said A. B. that then the said A. B. his Heirs, Executors, Administrators or Affigns, shall have Liberty for three Months thereafter, to redeem the fame, and if the fame shall not be Redeemed

within three Months as aforefaid, by paying faid Sum of and Charges, then you are required to fell the same as aforefaid, and return this Warrant and your Doings thereon, into the Office of the Register of Deeds for the County of E. there to be recorded.

Given under our Hands and Seals at Boston, the in the Year of our Sovereign Lord 174 by the Grace of God King of Great Britain, &c.

 $\mathcal{F}_{D}$ 

Direction Ita the Sheriffs Coronersand Conftables, for executing the Warrants.

And all Sheriffs, their under Sheriffs and Deputies, and where they are interested, all Coroners, and where the Sum exceeds not ten Pounds all Constables, are impowred and required to execute them on the Persons whose Names are contained in faid Lift, or their EstatesReal or Personal: And as fome of faid Partners are or may be deceased, or out of the Province, before fuch Warrant or Warrants of Diffress shall be iffued, the faid Sheriffs, Coroners, and Constables, are hereby impowred and directed to take such Estate as they may find belonged to fuch deceased Person, or was by Law liable to be taken, if such deceased Person or Persons were then living, and in the Province: The Eftate taken whether Real or Perfonal, to be fold, and the Overplus, if any, to be returned as by Law required in ordinary Cases of Execution or Diffress, fave only that the Liberty of redeeming the Real Estate shall extend to three Months only, after being taken, upon the Expiration of which Term of three Months, if the same be not redeemed, the Sheriff or other Officer who took the fame, shall return the Warrant of Distress, with his Doings thereon, into the Office of the Register of Deeds, in the Surplus how County where the Lands lie, there to be recorded.

to be disposed of.

Time and Place of the Commissioly notified,

And if there shall be a Surplus in the Hands of the Commissioners after redeeming faid Bills, and paying the necessary Charges, the faid Commissioners shall divide and pay the same equitably to and among the faid late Partners, faid Division being first approved by the General Court.

And to the Intent all Possessor said Land Bank Bills may more readily nersmeeting and eafily receive such Sum or Sums as may be due upon or for their Bills:

Be it further enacted, That the faid Commissioners, or a major Part ing the Bills of them, shall as soon as they are enabled to redeem them, give publick Noto be public-tice in all the faid Weekly News-Papers, of the Time or Times, and Place or Places in the Town of Boston, when and where they will attend to redeem them; which publick Notice (being inferted fix Weeks fucceffively in all the Weekly News-Papers printed in Boston) hereby is made and declared to be a legal Tender to all and every Possessor and Possessor of said Bills.

And for as much as by the said Burning many Papers and Evidences were lost, whereby said Commissioners may be much embarras'd, which might be

Be it enacted and beclared, That faid Commissioners be and hereby Commissioners

eased by Papers, Books or Receipts, in other Persons Hands:

they are authorized and impowred to demand and receive of the late ners impowred pany, any and all Papers they shall judge needful, giving Receipt for them, and to examine the said Persons on Oath touching the Affairs of said late Company: And the said Commissioners or a major Part of them, are directed to meet for the first four Weeks after the Publication of this Act two Days in each Week, and after that one Day each alternate or every other Week, 'till the Scheme be finished, and no forer, unless on a Representation made to the Governout and Council, they shall direct the Commissioners to meet more frequently.

### CHAP. XIL.

An Act in addition to, and for Explanation of an Act, entitled; An Act for Limitation of Actions, and for avoiding Suits at Law where the Matter is of long standing.

HERE AS in and by an ASI made in the 131b Year of his present Majesty's Reign, entitled, An Act for Limitation of Actions, and for avoiding Suits in Law where the Matter is of long standing; It is Preamble,

among other Things enacted, " That all Actions for Arrearages of Rent, or " grounded on any Lending or Contract without Specialty, should be " brought within four Years next after the Cause of such Action, in Cases " where the Cause of Action should arise after the Publication of the said 66 Act, and in those Cases where the Cause of Action had arisen before " within four Years after the Publication thereof, and not afterwards;" And whereas the latter Part of the faid Clause was at the Time of making the said Ast, generally understood to be meant and intended only of such Astions grounded on Lending, or Contrast without Specialty as are express'd in the Att of Parliament, which was pass'd in the 21st Year of the Reign of King James the first, entituled, An Act for Limitation of Actions and avoiding Suits at Law ; (from which Att the beforerecited Law of this Province is (with Refpett to the Attions therein mentioned) in a great Measure copied; ) but yet the same construed in it's utmost Latitude, may be understood to include Actions of the Case upon Bill or Note of Hand, and has lately been so adjudged by some of the Courts of Judicatute within this Province; (and by the like Con-Bruttion may be deem'd to extend to all Actions of Account, and upon the Cafe what soever, not excepting such Accounts as concern the Trade of Merchandize between Merchant and Merchant, their Fatiors or Servants; ) by which Construction in the Courts of Judicature, very many Creditors have been greatly surprized and injured, who upon the aforestial general understanding of the said Clause of the aforestial Provincial Act and thro Lenity to their Debtors, have foreborn to bring Actions for the recovery of Debts due to them by promissary Note or otherwise howsoever upon simple Contract, within the Time limitted in the aforesaid Law of this Province for bringing Actions grounded upon Lending or Contract without Spe-

## Limitation of Actions.

cialty; and will thereby (upon the aforefaid Construction of the latter Part of (aid recited Clause) be barr'd from bringing Actions for the recovery of the same. and great Mischief and Inconvenience may arise in the Trade of Merchandize and Dealings between Merchant and Merchant, and other Traders within ibis Province;

Now for remedying and preventing the fame,

Further on the Cafe.

Be it declared and enacted by the Governour, Council and Time allow- Boufe of Representatives, That all Actions of Account or upon the ed for bring- Case grounded on any Lending or Contract or otherwise howsoever, in ing Actions of which the Cause of Action has arisen before the Publication of this Act. Account and and which have not yet been commenced or profecuted to Effect, may be brought and profecuted at any Time within four Years after the Publication hereof; and in Cases where such Actions have been commenced and Judgment hath been given upon Plea in Bar or on Tryal for the Defendant, the Plantiff or Plantiffs in such Action, their Executors or Administrators, may bring and profecute a Writ of Review of the faid Action in such Court where the same was Tried, within three Years after the making up fuch Judgments, for the reverting the fame, and recovering of their Debt, any Thing in the aforefaid Act contain'd to the contrary notwithflanding, and shall have the like Advantage for recovering the same, as if the faid Act had never been made: And that all Actions of Account and upon the Case other than such Accounts as concern the Trade of Merchandize between Merchant and Merchant, their Factors or Servants (the Cause whereof shall arise after the Publication of this Act) shall be brought within the Term of four Years next after the Caufe of fuch Actions, and not afterwards; And that all Actions of Account which concern the Trade of Merchandize between Merchant and Merchant, their Factors or Servants as aforefaid, may be brought and profecuted at any Time after the Caufe of fuch Action, at the Pleasure of such Persons as may be concerned, any Thing in the aforefaid Act to the contrary in any wife notwithstanding.

Time limited for bringing Actions of Account. and on the Cafe.

> Provided always, and be it further enacted. That this A& shall not be understood to bar any Infant, Feme-Covert, Person imprisoned, beyond the Seas, or non compos mentis, from bringing either of the Actions beforementioned within the Term before fet and limited for bringing fuch Actions, reckoning from the Time that such Impediment shall be removed.

Provilo. Preamble.

And whereas it may happen that some Debtors may be out of this Province during the whole or some considerable Part of the Term of Time by this Act allowed and limitted for bringing such Actions as aforesaid, and the Creditors in tuch Case not have like Advantage wish other Creditors for recovering their Debts:

Provifo where Debtor continue out of the

Province.

It is therefore hereby further Provided and Enacted, That if any Debtor shall continue out of this Province more than twelve Months within the aforefaid Term, in such Case the Creditor shall be allowed such further Time for bringing his Action and recovering his Debt as shall appear (to the Satisfaction of the Court in which fuch Action shall be brought) that the Debtor had continued out of the Province within the four Years beforementioned.

# Garage and Campen and

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ો કે માટે કે લોક કોઈ કોઈ કોઈ લોક લોક લોક લોક લોક લોક કોઈ કોઈ કોઈ લોક કોઈ લોક લોક લોક લોક લોક લોક લોક



# Acts and Laws

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of his Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England: Begun and held at Boson upon Wednesday the thirty-first Day of May 1749, and continued by sundry Prorogations to the twenty-third of November following, and then met.

CHAP. III.

An Act in Addition to and rendring more effectual an Act Intitled An Act for drawing in the Bills of Credit of the feveral Denominations, which have at any Time been iffued by this Government, and are still outstanding, and for ascertaining the Rate of coined Silver in this Province for the suture; made in the stwenty-second Year of his prefent Majesty's Reign.

HEREAS it is declared and provided in faid Ast in the Words Preamble. following, "And whereas the Sum of One Hundred and eighty three Thousand six Hundred and forty nine Pounds two Shillings "and seven Pence bass Penny Sterling, granted by Parliament as affected in the Sterny five Thousand Pounds now pranted to be assessed in Bills of Credit in the Year One Thousand seven Hundred and sorty nine on the Polls and Estates of the Inhabitants of this Province, are by this sell become the sole Fund and Security for the whole Sum in Bills of Credit outstanding, and in Case the said Sterling Sun granted as aforesaid be not imported into this Province before the said thirty sins Day of March One Thousand seven Hundred and fifty,

000

# Meratious Law Suits.

" the exchanging the Bills of Credit, as is above intended, will be rendred imprasticable, and the former Funds and Securities being made void, there " will remain a Fund for seventy five Thousand Pounds only, and the Re-

" mainder of faid Bills of Credit will become of no Value to the Poffeffors : " Be it therefore probibed, And it is accordingly hereby enacted.

66 that if the Sum granted by Parliament as aforefaid, shall not be re-" ceived within this Government on before the thirty-first Day of March " One Thousand seven Hundred and fifty, then and in such Case the

" feveral Acts of this Province for drawing in the faid Bills, and all and " every Part of faid Acts, shall be and continue in full Force; any Thing

" in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding; and all and every Part " of this Act shall be void, and have no further Effect."

And whereas certain Deductions and Stoppages have been made from the aforefaidSum of One Hundred and eighty three Thousand six Hundred and forty nine Pounds two Shillings and seven Pence half Penny Sterling; by Means whereof the whole and every Part of faid Sum has not yet been and cannot be received within this Government before the said thirty-first of March One Thousand seven Hundred and fifty, which has occasioned Doubts and Uncertainty in the Minds of some whether the said All is not or may not thereby become void and of no Effect :

Act fordrawing in the firmed.

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and house of Representatives, That the faid Act be and hereby Bills of Cre- is declared to be in as full Force, and thall have the same Effect to all Indit, &c.con- tents and Purpoles as if the exact Sum of One Hundred eighty three Thou-Sand six Hundred and forty nine Pounds two Shillings and seven Pence half Penny Sterling, had been received within this Government without any Deductions or Stoppages made as aforefaid; any Construction that has been or may be put on the aforefaid Paragraph to the contrary notwithstanding.

## CHAP. IV.

# An Act to prevent vexatious Law Suits.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is the Practice of divers Persons in this Government to vex their Neighbours, and put them to excessive Costs, by suing them to Some distant Court, in some County of the Province where neither Plaintiff nor Defendant is an Inhabitant; and such Suits are frequently sustained, notwithstanding the Law of this Province enables the several Inferiour Courts of Common Pleas, and the Superiour Court of Judicature to try Matters only that happen and arise within the County where the Court is held; by Reason whereof many Inconveniencies have arisen :

### For Prevention whereof:

No personal tried at the Inferiour Court, &c. ty where neitherParty is an Inhabitaut.

Saving.

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Action to be Doule of Representatives, That from and after the Publication of this Act, no personal Action or Suit shall be brought by any Plaintiff or Plaintiffs (that are Inhabitants of this Government) to any Inferiour Court of Common Pleas in any of the Counties within this Province, in any Coun- where neither the Plaintiff nor Plaintiffs by whom such Suit is brought, nor the Defendant nor Defendants against whom such Suit is brought. shall be an Inhabitant within such County where such Suit is brought as aforefaid, but all fuch Actions or Suits shall be barred, and the Defendant or Defendants fo fued shall recover double Costs of the Suit; faving where fuch Defendant or Defendants against whom such Suit is brought are not Inhabi-

## Adjournment of Courts.

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Inhabitants of this Province, in fuch Case such Action or Suit may be brought in any of the Counties within this Province :

Provided nevertbeless, in Cases of Trespass vi et armis, and Debts due Proviso. by Bond that by the Face of faid Bond are made local, those Actions may be tried where the Trespass shall have been committed, or where said Bonds have been given.

CHAP. V.

# An Act in Addition to the Act to enable two lustices to adjourn a Court upon fpecial Occasions.

THEREAS in and by an Ast made in the seventh Year of the Reign of Preamble. King William the Third, Intitled An Act to enable two Justices to adjourn a Court upon special Occasions; any two of his Majefty's Juftices of the Superiour Court of Judicature &c. and Inferiour Court of Common Pleas respectively, whenever such Courts by any Providential, necessary and unavoidable Let or Hindrance of their Attendance cannot be held and kept on the Day by Law appointed for bolding the same, are impowered by Writ under their Hands and Seals directed to the Sheriff of the County to adjourn such Court unto a further Day; but no Provision is made in and by faid Att for any further Adjournment; which may be found necessary for the same Reasons :

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Coun- Two Juffices cil and Poule of Representatives, That when and fo often as it shall impower'dto happen that either of the faid Courts cannot, for any of the Reasons men- adjourn a tioned in the faid Act, be held and kept on the Day to which, by Virtue Court after a of the aforesaid Act, the same may have been adjourned, or on any Day first Adjournto which the Justices of the respective Courts at their Session may have ment in Case. adjourned the fame, or on any Day to which the fame may be adjourned by the General Court; it shall and may be lawful for any two of the Justices of such Court, in like Manner as in the said Act is mentioned, to adjourn the same to some further Day : And the Sheriff upon Receipt of fuch Juffices Writ for that Purpole, shall conform himself to the Directions of the former Law.

and be it further enacted, That whenever by Reason of any extraordinary Let or Hindrance such two Justices cannot, without extream Difficulty, transmit any Writ for the Adjournment of such Court to the suchAdjourn Sheriff, they may cause a Notification of such Adjournment or Adjournments. ments to be posted up on the House where the Court was to have been held, and at fuch other publick Places as they may judge most suitable to give speedy Notice thereof to the County; and such Adjournment shall be adjudged good to all Intents and Purpofes.

Manner of

# Swanzey Lotterp.

## CHAP. VI.

An Act to allow the Town of Swanzey in the County of Bristol to set up and carry on a Lottery for the Re-building and keeping in Repair Miles-Bridge in faid Town.

Preamble.

HEREAS by a Law of this Province made in the fixth Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King George the first, Intitled An Act to suppressLotteries; and another Law made in the fixth Year of his present Majefly's Reign, in Addition to the aforesaid AEt, the setting up or carrying on Lotteries are suppressed, unless allowed by Act of Parliament or Law of this Province: And whereas the faid Town of Swanzey have represented their Inability of Re-building and keeping in Repair the Great Bridge and Causeway in said Town called Miles-Bridge, by Reason great Part of said Town is taken off to Rhode-Mand by the late Settlement of the Boundary Line betwint the two Governments, and pray the Allowance of fetting up and carrying on a Lottery in said Town for that Purpose:

Town of powered to

ing Miles

Bridge.

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Coun-Swanzey ime cil and Doule of Representatives, That the faid Town of Swanzey be and hereby is allowed and authorized to fet up and carry on a Lottery have aLotte- within faid Town, for the Use and Purpose aforesaid, of the Amount of ry for repair- twenty five Thousand Pounds old Tenor, drawing out of each Prize ten per Cent. and faid Town be impowred to makeRules for the regular and practicable Proceeding in faid Affair, and to appoint Times and Places, and meet Persons for Managers therein, who shall be sworn to the faithful Discharge of their Trust.

And in order to prevent any Bubble or Cheat's bappening to the Pur-

Town of Swanzey tobe answerable ciency or Milmanage-

St F 5

ment.

chasers or Drawers of the Tickets : Be it further enacted, That faid Swanzey shall be answerable to for any Defi. the Purchasers or Drawers of the Tickets for any Deficiency or Misconduct of the Managers, according to the true Intent of Lotteries.

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# Acts and Laws

Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England: Begun and held at Boston upon Wednesday the thirty-first Day of May 1749, and continued by fundry Prorogations and an Adjournment to the twenty-fecond Day of March following, and then met.

### CHAP. VII.

An Act in Addition to an Act made and passed in the twenty second Year of his Majesty's Reign, Intitled An Act for drawinginthe Bills of Credit of the several Denominations which have at any Time been issued by this Government and are still out-Standing, and for ascertaining the Rate of coined Silver in this Province for the future.

HEREAS in and by an Ast made and passed in the twenty-second Year of his present Majesty's Reign, Institled An Act for drawing Preamble. in the Bills of Credit of the feveral Denominations which have at any Time been iffued by this Government, and are still outflanding, and for ascertaining the Rate of Coined Silver in this Province for the future; it is among other Things enacted and declared in the Words following, viz. " That no Execution shall be issued during the Term a-" foresaid from the Office of any Clerk of any of the Inferiour Courts " of Common Pleas or of the Superiour Courts of Judicature, for any

" Sum whatfoever, unless the Plaintiff or Plaintiffs (suing in his or their " own Right) shall first take the Oath aforesaid, and Certificate thereof Ppp

## Rates of Coins.

" shall be made on such Execution." And whereas such Clerk exOfficio is not impowered to administer such Oath, and by Means thereof great Delay may be occasioned to many Plaintiffs, and Loss and Damage thereby arise .

Clerks of the Courts impowred to administer Oaths upon taking out Executions.

The it therefore enacted. That the Clerks of the Superiour Court of Judicature and the several Clerks of the Inferiour Courts of Common Pleas within this Province be and hereby are impowred to administer fuch Oath (when it hath not already been done before a Justice of Peace. and certified to the Clerk) to any Plaintiff or Plaintiffs whatfoever (luing in his or their Right and dwelling within this Province) and Certificate may and shall be made thereof accordingly; and for administring the Oath as aforesaid such Clerk shall be allowed three Pence, and no more,

Fee for administring for certifying it.

and be it further enacted, That for each Certificate on an Execution, the Clerk of the Court figning the same shall be allowed three theOath and Pence lawful Money, and no more; and the Cost and Charge of such Oath and Certificate shall be added to the Sum in the Execution required to be levied accordingly.

## CHAP. VIII.

# AnAct for ascertaining the Rates at which coinedSilverandGold and EnglishHalf-Pence and Farthings may pass within this Government.

Preamble.

THEREAS in and by an AEI made and possed in the twenty-second Year of his prefent Majesty's Reign, Intitled AnAst for drawing in the Bills of Credit of the several Denominations which have at any Time been issued by this Government and are still outstanding, and for afcertaining the Rate of coin'd Silver in this Province for the future; it is enacted in the Words following, viz. " That all Bargains, and " Contracts, Debis and Dues whatloever which shall be agreed, contractes ed or made after the thirty-first Day of March 1750, shall be under-" flood, and are hereby declared to be in Silver at fix Shillings and eight 66 Pence per Ounce, and all Spanish mill'd Pieces of Eight of full Weight " shall be accounted, taken and paid at the Rate of fin Shillings per Piece of for the discharge of any Contracts or Bargains to be made after the faid 66 thirty-first Day of March 1750, the Halves, Quarters and other less Pieces of the fame Coin to be accounted, received, taken or paid in the " fame Proportion." And whereas there is great Reason to apprehend that many and great Inconveniencies may arise in Case any coin'd Suver or Gold. or English Half Pence and Farthings should pass at any higher Rate than in a just Proportion to Spanish Pieces of Eight or coin'd Silver at the Rates aforefaid :

Rates of

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council Coins flated, and Doute of Representatives, That it shall not be lawful for any Person within this Government from and after the thirty first Day of March One Thousand seven Hundred and fifty, to receive take or pay any of the following Coin at any greater or higher Rate than is allowed by this Act, viz. A Guinea at twenty eight Shillings: An English Crown at fix Shil-

# Inteltate Elfates.

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lings and eight Pence: An half Crown at three Shillings and four Pence :: An English Shilling at one Shilling and four Pence : An English fix Pence at eight Pence : A double Johannes, or Gold Coin of Portugal of the Value of three Pounds twelve Shillings Sterling, at four Pounds fixteen Shillines : A fingle Johannes of the Value of thirty fix Shillings Sterling, at forty eight Shillings: A Moidore at thirty six Shillings: A Pittole of full Weight at twenty two Shillings: Three English Farthings for one Penny; and English Half Pence in greater or less Numbers in Proportion.

and be it further enacted, That if any Perfon within this Govern- Penalty for ment shall after the thirty-first Day of March One Thousand seven Hun- giving more ment inail after the thirty-mit Day of marks One Tragian, account, te-died and fifty, for the dicharge of any Contract or Bargain, account, te-ceive take or pay any of the feveral Species of Coins before mentioned at than accordany greater or higher Rate than at which the same is hereby regulated, ing to Estabfettled and allowed to be accounted, received, taken or paid, every Person liftment. fo accounting, receiving, taking or paying the same contrary to the Directions herein contained, shall forfeit the Sum of fifty Pounds for every such Offence, one Moiery thereof to his Majesty for the Ule of this Government, the other Moiety to fuch Person or Persons as shall sue for the fame; to be recovered with full Costs of Suit by Action of Debt, Bill,

Plaint or Information in any of his Majesty's Courts within this Province.

Provided always, and it is hereby declared, That nothing in this Act proviso relashall be understood to restrain any Person or Persons from accounting, ting to Barreceiving taking or paying any of the abovementioned Species or Coins gains &c. in discharge of any Debts, Contracts or Bargain's made before the thirty- made before first Day of March One Thousand seven Hundred and fifty, at the follow- March 31st ing Rates, viz. For any Debt contracted before the faid thirty-first Day 1750. of March, and understood to be payable in Bills of the old Tenor in such Proportion higher or greater than the Rates fet at in this Act, as forty five Shillings is to fix Shillings; and for any Debt contracted before the faid thirty-first Day of March, and understood to be payable in Bills of the middle Tenor or Bills of the new Tenor, in fuch Proportion higher or greater than the Rates fet at in this Act as eleven Shillings and three Pence is to fix Shillings: Any Thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding.

#### CHAP. IX.

# An Act in further Addition to the several Acts of this Province made for the Diftribution and Settlement of the Estates of Intestates.

THEREAS by the Laws of this Province made for the Distribution Preamble. and Settlement of the Estates of Intestates, it is provided that such real Estates as cannot (without Prejudice to or spoiling them) be divided among all the Children of any Person dying Intestate and leaving Children, may be settled on one or so many of them as the Estate will conveniently accommodate; but no Provision by Law bas as yet been made for the like Settlement of Estates (uncapable of a Division among all the Heirs) where the Intestate dies without Iffue :

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# Intestate Estates.

Settlement of intestate Estates where there is no Issue. Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Dobernour, Council and Doute of Reprefentatives, That where the real Estate of any Person dying Intestate and not leaving Issue, cannot be divided among all the Heirs, without great Prejudice to or spoiling the whole, the Judge of the Probate of Wills in the County in which such Intestate Person last dwelt, shall have Power, and he is hereby authorized to order and affign the same to one or so many of the next of kin to such Intestate in equal Degree, or their legal Representatives, as such Estate will conveniently accommodate without Prejudice to or spoiling the whole (Preference being given to the Male Heirs among such as are of Kin in equal Degree) in Manner as the lame might by Law have been settled on the Children of the Intestate in Case he or she had left Issue.

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OTECH, by Order of His Excellency the GOVERNOUR, COUNCIL
and House of REPRESENTATIVES. MDCCL.



# An Act

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of his Majethy's Province of the Majachuletts-Bay in New-England: Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednesday the thirtieth Day of May 1750, and continued by Prorogations to Wednesday the twenty-fixth of September following.

### CHAP. I.

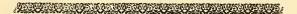
An Act in Explanation of an Act made in the Reign of King William the Third, Intitled An Act for Review in Civil Causes.

HEREAS some Doubt has arisen and may arise, whether Preamble, the Ast made in the thirteenth Year of the Reign of King William the Third, Intitled, An Act for Review in Civil Causes, extends to Judgments given, on Informations slide by Impost Officers or their Deputies for the Declaration of the Forseiture of Goods by them seized:

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Countril and house of Representatives. That the said Act doth not, nor of an Act on ever did, neither ought to be construed to extend to Judgments given on Reviews. Such Informations.

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Importation of Germans &c...

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# Acts and Laws

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of his Majesty's Province of the Maffachusetts-Bay in New-England: Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednesday the thirtieth Day of May 1750; and continued by Prorogations to Thursday the tenth of January following.

### CHAP. II.

An Act to regulate the Importation of Germans and other Passengers coming to settle in this Province.

HEREAS Germans and other Persons may be imported in so great Numbers in one Vessel, that through want of necessary Preamble. Room and Accommodations, they may often contract mortal and contagious Distempers, and thereby occasion not only the Death of great Numbers of them in their Passage, but also by such Means on their Arrival in this Province, these who may survive, may be so infested as to spread the Contagion, and be the Cause of the Death of many others:

To the End therefore that such an evil Practice may be prevented, and

Inconveniencies thence arifing avoided as much as may be;

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Boule of Representatives, That from and after the Publication of Room & Prothis Act, no Mafter or Commander of any Ship, or other Veffel whatfo- vifions to be ever, bound to the Port of Boston, or elsewhere within this Province, allowedtoPafshall import into faid Port of Boston, or into any other Port within this fengers com-Province, any greater Number of Paffengers in any one Ship or other ing in any Veffel than fuch only as shall be well provided with good and wholesome tle in this Pro-Meat, Drink and other Necessaries for Passengers and others during the vince. whole Voyage; and shall have Room therein to contain for fingle Freight or Paffengers of the Age of fourteen Years or upwards, at least fix Feet in Length, and one Foot and fix Inches in Breadth, and if under the Age aforesaid, to contain the same Length and Breadth for every two

# Amportation of German's &c.

Penalty to any delinquent Mafter.

fuch Paffengers; and if any Mafter or Commander of any Ship or other Veffel against the Tenor of this Act, shall import into this Province any one or greater Number of Passengers not accommodated or provided during his Voyage with good and wholesome Meat, Drink, Room and other Necessaries as aforesaid, such Master or Commander shall forfeit and pay for every Passenger so imported into this Province, the Sum of five Pounds, to be recovered by Action of Debt with full Costs of Suit in any Court of Record within this Province: The one Half of faid Forfeiture to any one who will fue for the fame to Effect, and the other Half to the Province Treasurer, to be applied towards Payment of the Charges and Expences of this Province: Provided fuch Action shall be commenced within the Space of forty Days next after any fuch Offence shall be committed; or fuch Delinquent may be indicted for the fame in the next Court of General Sessions of the Peace for the County where the Offence shall be committed; and on due Conviction be fined at the Difcretion of the Court not exceeding five Pounds for each Passenger, exceeding the Number by this Act allowed to be imported as aforefaid.

And to the End this AET and the Provisions berein made may be more par-

ticularly observed;

The Impost Officer & his Deputies impowred to referring to the Observati-

Be it further enacted, That the Commissioner of Impost for the Time being, or his lawful Deputies, in going on board any Ship or other Veffel importing Paffengers either by his or their View, or otherwife, make Inquiry shall and is hereby required to inform himself of the Condition and Circumstances of the Passengers on board, and whether they have been provided for and accommodated with the Provisions, Room and other on of this Act. Necessaries herein directed; and where at any Time a Deficiency shall appear to him or any of them, he or they shall forthwith give Notice of the same to some one or more of the Justices of the Peace for the County where the Offence is committed, to the End the Perfon or Perfons delinquent may be fent for or bound over to the next Court of General Sessions of the Peace, then and there to answer for such Offence.

Provision for faving the MoneyGoods &c. of any Paffengers that may die on the Passage.

and be it further enacted. That every Master or Commander of any Ship or other Veffel importing any Paffenger or Paffengers to be landed within this Province, who in their Paffage hither, or foon after their Arrival may happen to die, leaving Goods, Chattles, Money or other Effects on board fuch Ship or other Veffel, or in the Hands or Cuftody of any fuch Master or Cammander, every such Master or Commander within the Space of twenty Days next after his Arrival, or after the decease of every such Passenger, shall exhibit to the Register of the Judge of Probate of Wills, and granting Administration for the County where fuch Goods and Effects shall be, a true and perfect Inventory, upon Oath, of all fuch Goods, Chattles, Money or other Effects, to the End that after Payment of all just Demands which shall be due to the faidMaster or Commander, or to his or their Owner or Owners, the Remainder of fuch Goods and Effects may be committed to the Custody of some proper Person or Persons, for the Benefit of the Wife and Children, or other Kindred or Creditors of the Deceased, as the Case may require, and the Law in fuch Cafe shall direct.

Penalty for any Masters ventory of.

and be it further enacted, That if any fuch Master or Commander of any fuch Ship or other Veffel shall neglect or refuse to exhibit such an Neglect of ex- Inventory of the Goods and Effects of any fuch Passenger or Passengers fo dying as aforefaid, every fuch Master or Commander shall forfeit and suchGoods&c pay the Sum of two Hundred Pounds, to be recovered and applied as aforefaid.

# Special Court.

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CHAP. III.

An Act for holding a Superiour Court of Judicature Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery at other Times than those already appointed by Law.

WHERE AS the Time by Low appointed for holding the Superiour Court Preamble. of Judicature Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery, is but once

in fix Months in any County, and but once a Year in many Counties, by Reason whereof Felons by making their Escape, or by the Death of Witnesses, may avoid Justice, or great Charges may arise by keeping such Offenders in Goal, as well as Damages accrue to Witnesses by being detained until the Time by Law appointed for holding the Court where suchOffenders are triable: And as there is not by the Laws of this Province sufficient Provision made for remedying the Inconveniencies aforesaid :

Fe it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Governour House of Representatives, That the Governour or Commander in and Council Chief for the Time being, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Council, may upon fuch Occasions, by Precept directed to the Justices CourtofAffice of the Superiour Court of Judicature Court of Affize and General Goal &c. Delivery, order and appoint them to hold a Superiour Court of Judicature Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery, for inquiring of, hearing and determining all fuch Felonies on certain Days and Places by them to be appointed in the County where fuch Offence by Law is triable; and that the Justices aforesaid upon the Receipt of such Precept, shall cause Process to iffue for summoning Grand Jurors and Petit Jurors out of the feveral Towns, as is usual for the stated Courts, to attend such Special Court at the Time and Place appointed by the Justices thereof for holding the fame, and make out all other necessary Process, and do whatever else is or may be requifite to be done for the holding such Court, inquiring of fuch Felonies, hearing and determining the fame, giving Judgment and awarding Execution thereon, as fully as the Superiour Court of Judicature Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery might or could do at a Time by Law appointed for holding suchCourt.

and be it further enacted, That if any fuch special Court can't be How the held on the Day appointed therefor, any one of the Justices thereof may Court may be adjourn the fame from Time to Time until fuch Court can be held.

adjourned.

#### CHAP. IV.

An Act for raising the Sum of Twelve Hundred Pounds by Lottery, for building and maintaining a Bridge over the River-Parker in the Town of Newbury, at the Place called Old-Town-Ferry.

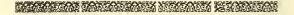
THEREAS the building a Bridge over the River-Parker in the Preamble. Town of Newbury in the County of Effex at the Place called Old-Town-Ferry, will be of publick Service; And whereas the Town of Newbury

## Newbury Lottery.

Newbury have by Mr. Daniel Farnum their Agent, applied to this Court for Liberty to raife the Sum of Twelve Hundred Pounds by Lottery, for building and maintaining a Bridge over the said River at the Ferry Place aforesaid, under the Direction of Persons to be appointed by this Government:

A Lottery to be fet up in Newbury for building a Bridge over the River-Parker.

"The it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Sovernour. Council and house of Representatives, That Thomas Berry, John Greenleaf, Joseph Gerrish, and Joseph Alkins, Esquires, and the faid Daniel Farnum, (or any three of them) be and hereby are allowed and impowred to set up and carry on a Lottery within the said Town of Newbury, amounting to such a Sum as by drawing ten per Cent. out of each Prize, they may thereby raise the Sum of Twelve Hundred Pounds, to be applied (by them or any three of them) towards building and maintaining a good and sufficient Bridge at the Place aforesaid; and for defraying the necessary Charges of the Lottery aforesaid: And that the said Thomas Berry, John Greenleaf, Joseph Gerrish, Joseph Alkins, and Daniel Farnum, (or any three of them) be and hereby are impowred to make all necessary Rules for the regular Proceeding therein, and shall be sworn to the faithful Discharge of their Trust atoresaid, and be answerable to the Purchasers and Drawers of the Tickets for any Desiciency or Misconduct; and that the Money so raised shall be applied to the Uses and Purposes aforesaid.



BOSTON: Printed and Sold by S. Mneeland and T. Green, by Order of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governour, Council and House of Representatives. 1750.





# Acts and Laws

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England: Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednesday the thirtieth Day of May 1750; and continued by Prorogations and Adjournment to Wednesday the twentyfe enth Day of March following.

## CHAP. V.

An Actin Addition to the feveral Laws already in Being for the more speedy finishing the Land Bank or Manufactory Scheme.

HEREAS an Affessional was made by the Commissioners appointed by the Ast. of this Province, passed in the seventeenth Year of his present Massely's Reign, Intitled, "An Act for the "more speedy finishing the Land-Bank or Manusactory "Scheme," on certain delinquent Partners, so called, and said Assessment was published in the Boston Gazette or Weekly Journal, of the 21st of August 1744; and another Assessment was made by saidCommissioners on other delinquent Partners, so called, and published in the Boston Gazette or Weekly Journal of the 13th of November 1744, and a further Affessment was made by faid Commissioners on the late Directors and Partners of faid Company, and published in the Supplement to the Boston Evening-Post of the 27th of December 1745: All which Affessments have been received in Part only. And whereas by Reason of the burning of the Court-House in Boston, and the Papers that were therein relating to the Land Bank or Manufactory Scheme, it is now become impossible to ascertain the exact Sum which has been paid by faid Director and Partners in Consequence of faid Affessments, otherwise than from the Books, Papers or other Evidence Directors and which may be produced by said Directors and Partners themselves :

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Couns Payment of cil and house of Represensatives, That each and every one of the Sum affixfaid late Directors and Partners affeffed by faid Commissioners, whose ed to their Names are published in the aforesaid Gazettes or Jeurnals of the 21st of Research SII

held to the August &c.

# Land Bank.

Saving what

August 1744, and of the 13th of November 1744, and the Supplement to the Boston Evening-Post of the 27th of December 1745, and their Estates shall be held and are hereby declared to be liable to the Payment of the Sums affixed to their Names respectively, saving such Part isalreadypaid, thereof only which faid Directors and Partners or their Representatives fhall make appear by Receipts or other Evidence, which shall be fatisfactory to the Commissioners, has already been paid in Discharge of faid Affessments; and each and every of the faid Directors and Partners in Six per Cent. the feveral Affessments aforesaid, and their Estates, shall likewise be held added as Inteand are hereby declared to be liable to the Payment of Interest on the whole or fuch Part of their respective Assessments as they shall not make appear to have been discharged, at and after the Rate of fix per Cent. per Annum, to be computed from the Time such Affessment or fuch Part thereof respectively as shall remain unpaid became payable or due, until the Time of Payment; and each and every of the delin-

quent Partners whose Names were published in the Gazettes of 21st Ten per Cent. August and 13th November 1744, and their Estates as aforesaid, are held and hereby declared in he lighter the December 2. of ten per Cent, and each and every of the Directors and Partners whose Names were published in the Supplement to the Boston Evening-Post of the 27th December 1745, and their Estates, are held and hereby declared to be liable to the Payment of five per Cent. on the Sums refpectively due and unpaid, over and above the Interest aforesaid, in Confideration of the Charges which have been caused by their Nonpayment

Five perCent. added for Charges.

of their respective Parts of the Assessments aforesaid.

Preamble

And whereas there appears to be a Balance due from several of said Directors, agreable to a Report of a Committee of the General Court figned John Wheelwright per Order, and dated April 17th 1751, and the Vote or Order of the General Court accepting faid Report, amounting in the whole to feven Hundred and forty-eight Pounds three Shillings and three Pence Land-Bank Money, fo called : And whereas it is reasonable that each and every of the Directors of faid Company should pay the Sum of forty Pounds Land Bank Money as their Proportion to what the Partners have already been affeffed for the Charge and Loss Justained by faid Land-Bank or Manufactory Company, over and above the Sum of twenty Pounds lawful Money which has heretofore been affeffed on each of said Directors :

Directors to pay theBalances in the Committees Report.

Be it therefore enacted, That the feveral Directors still furviving and mentioned in faid Report, and their Estates, and also the Estates of fuch of faid Directors as are deceased; be and hereby are declared to be held and made liable to the Payment of the aforefaid Balances as are respectively declared by faid Report to be due from them to faid Company; and also to the further Sum of forty Pounds Land Bank Money each as aforefaid, such Payments to be made in Land Bank Money or lawful Money equivalent.

Warrants to be iffued against the Directors and Partners.

and be it further enacted, That if either of the late Directors and Partners, or their Heirs, Executors or Administrators, shall not have paid the Sums which by this Act they the faid Directors and Partners or their Estates are held and made liable to the Payment of, on or before the first Day of August 1751, then and in such Case the saidCommissiners be and hereby are impowred and required (any Judgments of Court heretofore obtained and unfatisfied notwithstanding) forthwith to iffue their Warrants of Diffress against the Persons or Estates of each furviving Director and Partner, and the Effates of each Director and Partner deceased, from whom any Part of the Sum required by this Act to be paid as aforefaid shall then remain due: Which Warrant shall be in and on the Form following to ) Mention are published in the streetied saires or fen e in of the e il en No mes in the

1 83.

# Land Wank

To the Sheriff of the County of A. his Under-Sheriff or Deputy. Greeting.

BY Virtue of the Authority given to us in and by an Act made and pass'd in the twenty fourth Year of his Majesty King GEORGE the Second, Form of the Intitled, An Act in Addition to the feveral Laws already in Being for Warrants of the more speedy finishing the Land Bank or Manufactory Scheme; These Distress. are in bisMajesty's Name to require you to levy by Distress and Sale of the Estate of A. B. of C. in the County of E. the Sum of Lawful Money, and bring the same to us at our Office in Boston forthwith, returning the Overplus (if any be) to the faid A. B. and if there cannot be found in your Precinet Estate sufficient to discharge the same, then you are to commit the faid A. B. if to be found in your Precinct, to the common Goal of the County of E. there to remain until he has paid the faid Sum of Lawful Money and Charges: For all which this shall be your sufficientWarrant; fave only that if you shall take the Real Estate of the said A. B. that then the faid A. B. bis Heirs, Executors, Administrators or Assigns, shall have Liberty for three Months thereafter to redeem the same; and if the same shall not be redeemed within three Months as aforesaid, by paying said and Charges, then you are required to fell the same as aforesaid, and return this Werrant and your Doings thereon, into the Office of the Register of Deeds for the County of E. there to be recorded. Given under our Hands and Seals at Boston the Day of 175 by the Grace of GOD, Year of our Sovereign Lord King of Great Britain &c. 7. 7.

7. C. And all Sheriffs, their Under-Sheriffs and Deputies, are impowred Officers imand required to execute the faid Warrant on the Persons whose Names powred to exshall be inserted therein, or their Estates Real or Personal: And where ecute said the Sheriff his Under-Sheriff or Deputy is concerned, fuch Warrant, Warrants may be directed to the Coroner of the County of A. or his Deputy, and be executed by either of them: And as some of said Persons are or may be deceased, or out of the Province, before such Warrant or Warrants of Diffress shall be iffued, the faid Sheriffs and Coroners are hereby impowred and directed to take such Estate as they may find belongdeceafed Person or Persons were then living, and in the Province, The allowed to re-Estate taken, whether Real or Personal, to be Sold, and the Overplus, deem real if any, to be returned, as by Law required in ordinary Cases of Execu- Estates. tion or Diffress, fave only that the Liberty of redeeming the RealEstate shall extend to three Months only after being taken; upon the Expiration of which Term of three Months, if the same be not redeemed, the Sheriff or other Officer who took the fame, shall return the Warrant of Diffress, with his Doings thereon, into the Office of Register of Deeds in the County where the Lands lie, there to be recorded.

And whereas it may happen that a further Sum may be still necessary to Preamble. be raised in order to finish the Affairs of the said Land Bank or Manu-

factory Company : Be it further enacted, That if the whole Sum which shall be due and which shall be recovered on or before the first Day of December 1751, Commissioon the feveral Affelsments aforefaid, and from the feveral Directors for hers impowwhat is by this Act declared to be due from them, shall not be sufficient further to exchange the whole of the Bills of faid Company that are now out- Affesments. ftanding, and to pay the Charges that have arisen or may arise therein, then and in fuch Case the Commissioners aforesaid be and hereby are impowred and required to make a further Affesment on Directors and

Partners

Partners in Proportion to the Sum which shall appear to the Satisfaction of the Commissioners to have been originally received or taken out by

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## Land Bank.

each Person, saving only that each Director shall be affessed in Proportion as if he had received or taken out two Hundred and fifty Pounds, altho' the certain Sum by fuch Director received or taken out shall not Affessmenssto appear: And faid Commissioners shall cause such Affessment to be pubbe published. Inhed in the Boston Gazette or Weekly Journal, and each of the Persons who may be so affested and their Estates shall be held and are hereby declared to be liable and obliged to the Payment of the respectiveSums on them affeffed in like Manner as those Directors and Partners who have not paid the former Affessments, are by this Act declared to be liable and obliged to the Payment thereof: And if either of the Directors or Partners fo affeffed or their Executors or Administrators shall not within fixty Days after the Publication of fuch Affessment, pay to

faid Commissioners the Sum on such Director or Partner asses'd, the faid Commissioners are hereby required and impowred, unless such

Affessment shall be set aside or disannulled by the General Court, forth-

with to iffue their Warrants of Distress against the Persons or Estates of

each furviving Director and Partner, and the Estates of each Director

and Partner deceased respectively; which Warrants shall be in the Form before prescribed by this Act: And all Sheriffs, Under-Sheriffs and their Deputies, and where they are interested, all Coroners are impowred and required to execute fuch Warrants in like Manner, and observe the same Rules as prescribed for the executing Warrants for any of the

Warrants to be iffued on fuch Affessments.

Preamble.

former Affessments mentioned in this Act. And whereas in and by the aforerecited AEI Intitled An Act for the more speedy finishing the Land-Bank or Manufactory Scheme, it is enacted in the Words following; " That from and after the Publication of this Act " the Estate of each and every such Director and Partner shall be thereby " bound and subjected to the Payment of such Sum or Sums of Money as " shall be assessed upon him by the said Commissioners or any two of them, " with the Approbation and Allowance of the Great and General Court of "this Provinte (as is berein after mentioned) for the Redemption of their respective Proportions of the Bills of the Said late Company, and their equitable Part and Share of all Losses and Charges arising by the Said " Scheme, in fuch Manner as the fame would be bound and subjected by " the actual Service of Process of Attachment upon it at the Suit of any " Creditor according to the ordinary Course of the Law and the Usage within this Province ::

Real Estates fubjected to fatisfy the fame.

Be it further enacted, That all and every Part of the Lands and Tenements of each and every Director and Partner which were bound and fubjected by the faid last recited Clause, in whose Possession soever the fame now is or hereafter may be, be and hereby is declared to continue to be held subjected and liable to the Payment or Discharge of the Sums declared by this Act respectively to be due from or required to be affested upon such Director and Partner, as well those who shall be deceased as those who shall have survived, and shall be liable to be taken by Diffress, as if then in the actual Possession of such Director or Partner.

Notice to be missioners, of their redeem-Bank Notes.

and be it further enacted, That as foon as the Commissioners' given by Com shall have received a sufficient Sum in their Judgment to redeem the Land Bank Bills, fo called, which may be outstanding, they shall give ing the Land publick Notice thereof in all the WeeklyNews-Papers published in the Town of Boston three Weeks successively, of the Time or Times and Place or Places in faid Town when and where they will attend to redeem faid Bills, which publick Notice hereby is made and declared to be a legal Tender to all and every Poffessor and Poffessors of said Bills.

CHAP.

## CHAP. VI.

An Act in further Addition to an Act, made and pass'd in the twenty-second Year of his present Majesty's Reign, Intitled, An Act for drawing in the Bills of Credit of the several Denominations which have at any Time been issued by the Government and are still outstanding, and for ascertaining the Rate of coinedSilver in this Province for the future.

HEREAS, notwithstanding the Provision made for enforcing the Pay Preamble. ment of the publick Taxes into the Treasury, many of the Constables and Collectors of the Towns within this Province, have neglected or delayed to pay in the Sums committed to them to collect, and other unforefeen Accidents have happened, by Means whereof a larger Sum in Bills of Credit is now outstanding, than there is Silver in the Treasury sufficient to redeem to now outperment, and the Possessian of said Bills will be injured, unless relieved by the Government, and the Paper Currency of the Province cannot be brought to a full Period by the Time proposed. In order therefore that the Possessian outperforms the Possessian ou seffors of the Bills which still remain outstanding, and the Possessors of the Orders given by the Committee of the General Court for Bills brought in and burnt, may have Justice done them;

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Covernout, Council and the Bills entit-Boufe of Representatives, That the Possessors of the Bills of Credit led to one 8th of this Province, which are now outstanding, who shall bring in the in Silver. fame by the third of June next, shall; be entitled to the immediate Exchange of one Eighth Part thereof in Silver, at the like Rate with Exchange of one Legislat Rates those which have been redeemed or exchanged already; and the remaining feven Eighths shall be redeemed or exchanged with Silver at the like der to be paid Rate, on or before the thirty first Day of December, One Thousand seven by the 31st of by the 31st of Hundred and fifty one, with the Addition of a Premium of One per Cent. Decemb. 1751. andInterest from the thirty firstDay of March last, until paid, at theRate of Six per Cent.perYear: And each and every of theOrders which shall have been given before the thirty first of March, One Thousand seven Hundred and fifty one, by the Committee aforefaid, shall be redeemed and Interest to be paid off with Silver at the same Time, and at the like Rate with Interest allowed. as aforefaid, from the Date of faid Order, until paid.

and be it further enacted, That the Committee appointed by the Committeefor General Court, for receiving from the Polfesfors the Bills of Credit of exchanging this Province, may and shall continue to sit until the Third Day of June id ill June 3d ill June 3d. next, and no longer; and whenfoever any of the faid Possessors shall 1751. bring any of the faid Bills to the Committee, fuch Possessor shall receive therefor two Orders for every Sum, each Order to be figned by Three of the Committee at leaft, viz. one for one eighth Part of the Orders for principal Sum, which the Treasurer shall cause immediately to be diferent Sum received. charged and paid out of the Silver now remaining in the Treasury, or ceiv'd. that may hereafter be bro't in for Taxes, and the other for feven eighths of faid Sum, which Order shall be accepted by the Treasurer, and shall te in the Form following, viz.

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# Drawing in Bills of Credit.

To the Treasurer of the Province of the Massachusetts-Bay, S I R,PAY to A. B. or Bearer

Form of the Order for SevenEighths.

in Lawful Silver Money at fix Shillings and eight Pence per Ounce, or Spanish mill'd Dollars at fix Shillings a Piece, by the Thirty first of December next, with a Premium of one per Cent. and lawful Interest for faid Sum from Thirty-first March past, 'till paid, being for

in Bills of Credit this Province, of the old

Which may be received by theCollectors of Taxes.

Tenor, received of the said A. B. this Day of 1751. And be it further enacted, That the Orders given as aforelaid, shall-and may be received by the feveral Constables and Collectors for all Taxes that are already due, accounting the principal Sum only, without any Allowance for Interest or Premium, and the Treasurer shall receive them from, and give Discharge to the said Collector or Constables accordingly. And in Case any of the faid Orders shall remain outstanding after the Warrants for the Tax for eighteen Thousand four Hundred Pounds, Lawful Money, conditionally engaged to be affelfed in the Year one Thousand sevenHundred and fifty-one shall go forth, said Orders shall be received in Discharge of faid Tax, accounting both the principal Sum, Interest and Premium due on said Orders; provided the fame be paid before the thirty-first of December next.

Committee to of theirOrders to the Treaforer

and be it further enacted, That the Committee of the General transmit Lists Court shall from Day to Day, transmit to the Province Treasurer, an exact Lift of all the Orders by them given, and fuch Perfons as shall first bring their Bills to be exchanged, and shall first take Orders therefor, shall be entitled to have such Orders first paid off and discharged; and immediately upon the Treasurer's being possessed of a Sum not less than Three Thousand Pounds, Lawful Money in Silver, he shall give publick Notice in all the News Papers, that fo as many of the first dated tice to be giv- Orders as shall amount to the Sum of Three Thousand Pounds, may then be paid off and discharged; and the like publick Notice shall be given from Time to Time, when and fo often as there shall be a Stock of Three Thousand Pounds for the Purpose aforesaid: And if any Orders shall not be tendered within thirtyDays after such publickNotice given, the Interest and also the Premium which would be otherwise due on fuch Orders, shall then determine and cease.

Publick Noen when the Treasury is in

ENTERNENT FOR MANAGEMENT OF THE STATE OF THE

BOSTON: Printed and Sold by S. Buceland and T. Green, by Order of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governour, Council & House of Representatives. 1751.

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# New Plantations.

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# Acts and Laws

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England: Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednesday the twenty-ninth Day of May, 1751.

## CHAP. I.

An Act to enable and impower the Inhabibitants of new Plantations within this Province enjoined and fubjected by Law, or that may hereafter be enjoined and fubjected to pay Province and County Taxes, to affefs, levy and collect the fame.

HEREAS there are fundry new Plantations within this Pro- Preamble. vince by Law enjoined to pay Province and County Taxes, that are not impowered to choose the proper Officers to assess levy and collect the faid Taxes:

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Freeholders Doute of Representatives, That the Freeholders of every fuch new of new Plan-Plantation be and are hereby impowred and required to affemble together on the first Monday of August next, arthe usual Places for holding August next, arthe usual Places for holding August next tor and Clerk for faid Meeting; which Clerk shall be immediately cers. fworn truly to enter and record all fuch Votes as shall be passed at faid Meeting, by a Juftice of the Peace if any be present; otherwise by the Moderator of faid Meeting: And shall then proceed to choose three Affestors to make a Valuation of Estates and Faculties of Persons in fuch Plantations, agreable to Law, and to affess fuch Province and County Taxes as are or shall be set on the Inhabitants of such newPlan-

tation

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tation, to be paid this or any former Year; as also a Collector to levy and collect the fame, which Affesfors and Collectors shall be sworn to the faithful Discharge of the Duty of their respective Offices before a Justice of the Peace for the County within which such new Plantation lies, if present, otherwise by the Clerk for faid Meeting.

New Plantations to meet in March annually.

and be it further enacted, That the Inhabitants of the above-Inhabitants of faid Plantations, qualified as by Law is required of Voters in Town Affairs, are hereby impowred and enjoined fometime in the Month of March annually to affemble together (upon due Notice given by the Collector or Collectors then in Office, pursuant to Warrant under the Hands of the Affeffors or the major Part of them who shall have been last chosen, and who are hereby impowred and required to iffue such

Warrant) at fuch Time and Place as shall be by faid Affessors appointed; and shall then and there choose a Clerk for faid Meeting, who shall be fworn in Manner as is before prescribed for the Swearing the Clerk for the first Meeting, and three Affesfors, and one or moreCollectors to

Duty of Affet. affels and levy fuch Province and County Taxes on faid Inhabitants, as they shall from Time to Time be enjoined by Law to pay; and said Assessors and Collectors, as well those that shall be chosen on the said first Monday of August, as those who shall by Virtue of this Act be hereafter an-

nually chosen in faid new Plantations, shall be liable to all such Penalties (in Case they or any of them shall refuse to be sworn and serve in faid Offices, or in Case of any Default therein) as the Assessor Province and County Taxes for Towns are by Law hable, or may be fubjected to; and faid Affeffors are hereby impowered and required to

make out such Warrants (mutatis mutandis) as Assessors of County Taxes for Towns are by Law impowered to make out, and to direct the fame to faid Collector or Collectors; and the faid Collector or Collectors are hereby impowered to levy, collect and enforce the Payment

of all the aforefaid Taxes in all fuch Ways, and by all fuch Means as Constables and Collectors of Province and County Taxes are by Law impowered to do of the Inhabitants of the Towns within this Province. And the Clerk at faid annual Meeting shall immediately on the

Election of faid Affeffors and Collectors, make and give out to the Collector or Collectors for the then last preceeding Year, a List of the Names of those Persons who shall be chosen Assessors and Collectors at faid Meeting for the enfuing Year, which Collector or Collectors shall forthwith thereupon summon each of faid Assessors and Collectors for the then enfuing Year, to appear at a certain Time and Place, within the Space of feven Days from the Time of their Election, before a Justice of the Peace, if any dwell in fuch new Plantation, or otherwise before

the Clerk chosen at faid Meeting, to take the Oath (mutatis mutandis) which Affeffors and Collectors of publick Taxes for Towns are by Law enjoined to take, which Oath faid Clerk in fuch Cafe is hereby impowered to administer.

And to the Intent that the Inhabitants of faid new Plantations may have due Notice and Warning given them of the Meeting, which they are before in this AEt impowered and required to hold on the first Monday of August next,

and of the Ends and Purposes thereof:

Be it enacted. That each Clerk of the Court of General Sessions of the Peace for the feveral Counties within this Province wherein any County to no- of the aforesaid new Plantations lie, shall in some convenient Time before the faid first Monday of August next, make and cause to be delivered a Warrant under his Hand directed to some principal Inhabitant in each of faid new Plantations within their respective Counties, therein

fors and Collectors of Taxes.

Duty of the Clerks.

> Clerk of the Peace in the tify the Meeting in August next.

> > expressing

# Light-house.

expressing the Time, Place and Purposes for holding saidMeetings, and requiring such Inhabitants to notify all theInhabitants of said new Plantation (qualified as in this Act is provided) of said Meeting, and the Time, Place and Purposes thereof, three Days at the least before the Time set in this Act for holding the same; which Warrant the Inhabitant to whom said Warrant shall be directed, is hereby enjoined and required to execute, and make Return of under his Hand into said Meeting, under the Penalty of sorty skillings, to be recovered by Complaint, Information or Action of Debt, before any of His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the County wherein said Inhabitant (making Default in the Premisses shall dwell;) said forty Skillings to be for the Use and Benefit of the Person or Persons who shall inform or sue for the fame.

### CHAP. II.

An Act in Addition to an Act made and passed in the first Year of the Reign of his Majesty King George the first, Intitled An Act for building and maintaining a Light-House upon the Great Brewster (called Beacon-Island) at the Entrance of the Harbour of Boston.

W Hereas the Light-House at the Entrance of the Harbour of Boston preamble. bath been greatly damaged by Fire; and it bath been ordered by this Court that it should be repaired; and it being reasonable that the Charge of such Repairs should be born by those who receive the immediate Benefit thereof:

The it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governout, Council and Boule of Reprecentatives, That the Commissioner New Duty for of Impost be and hereby is directed by himself and his several Deputies, to demand and receive of the Master of every Vessel (which House, within the Space of two Years from the Publication of this Act shall Clear-out from any Port within this Province, being bound to any Port without this Province) over and above what is already by Law provided, the following Rates at each Time of Clearance; viz. For every Vessel of labove one Hundred Tons, two Sbillings; for every Vessel of above one Hundred Tons, and not exceeding two Hundred Tons, three Sbillings; and for every Vessel of above two Hundred Tons, four Sbillings: The Tonnage to be computed according to what such Vessels may Measure in Carpenter's Tonnage, and not according to the Register of such Vessel: And the said Commissioner of Impost shall receive for the aforesaid Duties, to the Province Treasurer, to be applied to the Uses aforesaid.

CHAP.

# Alteration of Courts.

CHAP. III.

An Act for altering the Time appointed for holding the Court of General Sessions of the Peace and Inferiour Court of Common Pleas at *Concord* within and for the County of *Middlefex*.

Preamble.

WHEREAS the Time appointed by Law for bolding the Court of General Seffons of the Peace and Inferiour Court of Common Pleas at Concord, within and for the County of Middletex, is found to be inconvenient:

Time for holding the Courts at Concord altered.

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Education, Council and house of Representatives, That the Time for holding the faid Court of General Sessions of the Peace and Inferiour Court of Common Pleas at Concord for the Councy of Middlesen, shall henceforth be on the first Tuesday of September annually; and all Officers and other Persons concerned, are required to conform themselves accordingly.

Processes to remain good.

And be it further enacted, That all Writs, Suits, Plaints, Proceffes, Appeals, Reviews, Recognizances, Warrants, or other Matters or Things whatfoever which now are, or at any Time before the faid first Tuesday of September shall be issued, taken or depending in the said County of Middlesex, which were to have been returned or proceeded on at the Time heretofore appointed by Law for holding the said Courts at Concord, shall be valid and stand good to all Intents and Purposes in the Law, and shall be returned and proceeded on at the Time appointed by this Act for holding the same.

### CHAP. IV.

AnAct for altering the Time for holding the Court of General Selfions of the Peace and the Inferiour Court of Common Pleas for the County of *Nantucket*.

Preamble.

HEREAS the Time by Law appointed for holding the Court of General Sessions of the Peace, and Inferiour Court of Common Pleas for the County of Nantucket, on the less Tuesday of March annually, is found on divers Accounts inconvenient:

Time for holding Nantucket Courts altered. The it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Bouse of Representatives, That the said Court of General Sessions of the Peace, and Inferiour Court of Common Pleas appointed to be holden for the County of Nantucket upon the last Tuesday of March, shall hereafter be holden and kept upon the first Tuesday of March annually.

BOSTO N: Printed and Sold by S. Hanceland and T. Green, by Order of His Honour the Lieutenant-Governour, Council & Houseof Representatives, 1751.



At the Parliament begun and holden at Westminster, the Tenth Day of November, Anno Dom. 1747, in the Twenty first Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord GEORGE the Second, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, France and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by feveral Prorogations to the SeventeenthDay of January, 1750, being the Fourth Seffion of this prefent Parliament.

An Act for Regulating the Commencement of the Year; and for Correcting the Calender now in Use.

HEREAS the legal Supputation of the Year of ourLord Preamble; in that Part of Great-Britain called England, according to which the Year beginneth on the Twenty fifth Day of March, hath beenfound by Experience to be attended with diversInconveniencies, not only as it differs from the Usage of neighbouring Nations, but also from the legalMethod of Computation in that Part of Great-Britain called Scotland, and from the common Ufage throughout the whole Kingdom, and thereby frequentMistakes are occasioned in theDates of Deeds, and other Writings, and Disputes arise therefrom: And whereas the Calender now in use throughout all his Majesty's British Dominions, commonly called, The Julian Calender, hath been discovered to be erroneous, by Means whereof the Vernal or Spring Equinox, which at the Time of the General Council of Nice, in the Year of our Lord Three Hundred and twenty-five, happened on or about the Twenty-first Day of March, now happens on the Ninth or Tenth Day of the same Month; and the said Error is still increasing, and if not remedied, would, in Process of Time, occasion the several Equinoxes and Solftices to fall at very different Times in the Civil Year from what they formerly did, which might tend to mislead Persons ignorant of the said Alteration: And whereas a Method of correcting the Callender in fuch Manner as that the Equinoxes and Solftices may for the future fall nearly on the same nominal Days, on which the same happened at the Time of the faid General Council, hath been received and established, and is now generally practifed by almost all other Nations of Europe: And whereas it

will be of general Convenience to Merchants, and other Persons correspond-

### Regulation of the Stile.

after Dec. 1751

ing with other Nations and Countries, and tend to prevent Mistakes and Disputes in or concerning the Dates of Letters and Accounts, if the like Correction be received and established in his Majesty's Dominions: May it therefore please your Majesty, that it may be enacted: And be it enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lord's Spiritual and Temporal and Commons, in this present Parliament assemputation of the bled, and by the Authority of the same, That in and throughout all his Ma-Year, not to jefty's Dominions and Countries in Europe, Afia, Africa and America, belonging or subject to the Crown of Great-Britain, the said Supputation, according to which the Year of our Lord beginneth on the Twenty-fifth Day of March, shall not be made Use of from and after the last Day of December. One Thousand seven Hundred and Fifty-one; and that the first Day of January, next following the faid last Day of December, shall be reckoned, taken, deemed, and accounted, to be the first Day of the Year of our Lord One Thousand seven Hundred and fifty-two; and the first Day of January, which thall happen next after the faid first Day of January One Thousand seven mence, for the Hundred and fifty-two, shall be reckoned, taken, deemed, and accounted. to be the first Day of the Year of our Lord One Thousand seven Hundred and fifty-three, and so on from Time to Time, the first Day of January, in every Year which shall happen in Time to come, shall be reckoned, taken, deemed and accounted, to be the first Day of the Year; and that each new Year shall accordingly commence, and begin to be reckoned, from the first

Year to comfuture, on 1 Jan.

The Days to be numbered in the fame Moveable Feasts to be afcertained, as they now are, until 2 Sept. and the Day Sept. omitting for that Time the intermediate 11

All Writings after 1 Fan. 1752, to be dated accord-

Hilary and Michaelmas Terms, and all Courts, to be held on the fameNominal Days and Times they

Day of every fuch Month of January, next preceeding the Twenty-fifth Day of March, on which such Year would, according to the present Supputation Order, and the have begun or commenced . And that from and after the faid first Day of January, One Thousand seven Hundred and fifty two, the several Days of each Month shall go on, and be reckoned and numbred, in the sameOrder; and the Feast of Easter, and other moveable Feasts thereon depending shall be afcertained according to the same Method, as they now are, until the 1752 inclusive; second Day of September; in the said Year One Thousand seven Hundred and and the Day followed to be fifty two inclusive; and that the natural Day next immediately following accounted 14 the saidsecondDay of September, shall be called, reckoned, and accounted, to be the fourteenth Day of September, omitting for that Time only the Eleven intermediate nominal Days of the common Calendar; and that the feveral natural Days, which shall follow and succeed next after the faid fourteenth Day of Nominal Days September, shall be respectively called, reckoned and numbred forwards in numerical Order from the faid fourteenth Day of September, according to the Order and Succession of Days now used in the present Calendar: And that all Acts, Deeds, Writings, Notes, and other Instruments of what Nature or Kind foever, whither Ecclefiaftical or Civil, publick or private, which shall be made, executed, or figned, upon or after the faid first Day of January, One Thousand seven Hundred and fifty-two, shall bear Date according to the ing to the New faid new Method of Supputation; and that the Two fixed Terms of Saint Hilary and Saint Michael, in that Part of Great-Britain called England, and the Courts of great Seffions, in the Counties Palatine, and in Wales, and also the Courts of General Quarter Sessions, and General Sessions of the Peace, and all other Courts of what Nature or Kind foever, whether Civil, Criminal or Ecclefiaftical, and all Meetings and Affemblies, of anyBodies Politick, or Corporate, either for the Election of any Officers or Members thereof, or for any fuchOfficers entering upon the Execution of their respectiveOffices, or for any other Purpose whatsoever, which by any Law Statute, Charter, Custom or Usage, within this Kingdom, or within any other the Dominions or Countries fubject or belonging to the Crown of Great-Britain, are to be holden and kept new are, after on any fixed or certain Day of any Month, or on any Day depending upon the the faid 2 Sept. Beginning, or any certain Day, of any Month (except fuch Courts as are usually holden or kept with any Fairs or Marts) shall, from Time to Time, from and after the faid fecond Day of September, be holden and kept upon or ac-

cording to the fame respective nominal Days and Times, whereon or accord-

ing

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ing to which the same are now to be holden, but which shall be computed according to the faid new Method of numbering and reckoning the Days Courts held of the Calendar as aforefaid; that is to fay, Eleven Days fooner than the with Fairs of respective Days whereon the same are now holden and kept: Any Law, ed. Statute, Charter, Custom or Usage to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithftanding.

And for the continuing and preferving the Calendar or Method of Reckoning and computing the Days of the Year in the fame regular Course, as Hundredth near as may be, in all Times coming; Be it further enacted by the Authority Years, except aforefaid. That the feveral Years of our Lord, One Thousand eight Hundred, every Fourth One Thousand nine Hundred, to One Thou two Hundred, Two Thousand three Hundred, or any other Hundreth Years Common of our Lord, which shall happen in Time to come, except only every Fourth Years confisthundredth Year of our Lord, whereof the Year of our Lord Two thousand ing of 365 shall be the First, shall not be esteemed or taken to be Bissextile or Leap Days. Years, but shall be taken to be Common Years, consisting of Three hundred and fixty five Days, and no more; and that the Years of our Lord, Two

thousand, Two thousand four Hundred, Two thousand eight Hundred, and Years which every other Fourth hundred Year of our Lord, from the faid Year of our are to be ac-Lord Two thousand inclusive, and also all other Years of our Lord, which counted Biffex; by the present Supputation are esteemed to be Biffextile or Leap Years, shall tile or Leap for the surface, and in all Times to come, be esteemed and taken to be Biffexing of 366
tile or Leap Years, consisting of Three hundred and sixty fix Days, in the Days, fame Sort and Manner as is now used with respect to every Fourth Year of our Lord.

And whereas according to the Rule prefixed to the Book of Common Prayer of the Church of England, Easter-day is always the First Sunday after Easter and the the First Full Moon which happens next after the One and twentieth Day of other Move-March, and if the Full Moon happens upon a Sunday, Easter-day is the Sunday not to Be offered, which Rule was made in Conformity to the Decree of the faid Geferved, after neral Council of Nice, for the Celebration of the said Feast of Easter: And the said 2Sept. whereas the Method of computing the Full Moons now used in the Church according to of England, and according to which the Table to find Easter for ever, pre- the Table fixed to the faid Book of Common Prayer, is formed, is by Process of Time to the Book become confiderably erroneous: And whereas a Calendar, and also certain of Common Tables and Rules for the fixing the true Time of the Celebration of the faid Prayer: Feaft of Easter, and the finding the Times of the Full Moons on which the fame dependeth, fo as the fame shall agree as nearly as may be with the Decree of the faid General Council, and allo with the Practice of Foreign Countries, have been prepared, and are hereunto annexed.; Be it therefore further and the faid tries, nave been prepared, and are intermed aniexed. Be it veregor jurior Table, and remarked by the Authority aforefaid. That the faid Feath of Eagler, or any of the Column of the Moveable Feaths thereon depending, shall, from and after the faid Second Golden Numarked. Day of September, be no longer kept or observed in that Part of Great-Britain bers, to be left called England, or in any other the Dominions or Countries subject or belonging to the Crown of Great-Britain, according to the faid Method of Supputation now used, or the faid Table prefixed to the faid Book of Common and the New Prayer; and that the faid Table, and also the Column of Golden Numbers, Calendar, Ta-as they are now prefixed to the respective Days of the Month in the said bles, and Calendar, Italy the better the said of the Column of the faid Pools of Calendar, to be Calendar, shall be left out in all future Editions of the faid Book of Com-prefixed, in the mon Prayer; and that the faid New Calendar, Tables, and Rules, hereunto Roomthereof. annexed, shall be prefixed to all such future Editions of the said Book, in The Feats the Room and Stead thereof; and that from and after the faid Second Day and Fafts, &c. of September, all and every the fixed Feast-days, Holy-days, and Fast-days, to be observed which are now kept and observed by the Church of England, and also the after the faid feveral folema-Days of Thanksgiving, and of Fasting and Humiliation, <sup>2</sup> September, which by virtue of any Act of Parliament now in Being, are from Time to the New Catime, to be kept and observed, shall be kept and observed on the respective lendar. Days marked for the Celebration of the fame in the faid New Calendar;

that is to fay, On the fame respective Nominal Days on which the same are now kept and observed; but which according to the Alteration by this Act. intended to be made, as aforefaid, will happen Eleven Days fooner than the fame now do; and that the faid Feaft of Easter, and all other Moveable Feafts thereon depending, shall, from Time to Time, be observed and celebrated according to the faid New Calendar, Tables, and Rules, hereunto annexed, in that Part of Great-Britain called England, and in all the Dominions and Countries aforesaid, wherein the Liturgy of the Church of England now. is, or hereafter shall be used; and that the Two Moveable Terms of Easter and Trinity, and all Courts of what Nature or Kind foever, and all Meetings and Affemblies of any Bodies Politick or Corporate, and all Markets, Fairs, and Marts, and Courts thereunto belonging, which by any Law, Statute, Charter, Cuftom, or Usage, are appointed, used, or accustomed to be holden and kept at any Moveable Time or Times depending upon the Time of Easter, or any other such Moveable Feast, as aforesaid, shall, from Time to Time, from and after the faid Second Day of September, be holden and kept on fuch Days and Times whereon the fame shall respectively happen or fall, according to the happening or falling of the faid Feaft of Easter, or fuch other MoveableFeafts, as aforefaid, to be computed according to the faid New Ca-Courts of Set. lendar, Tables, and Rules. And be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the feveral Meetings of the Court of Seffion, and Terms fixed for the Court Scotland, and of Exchequer in Scotland, the April Meeting of the Governor, Bailiffs and Com-Markets, Fairs monalty of the Company of Conservators of the great Level of the Fens, and and Marts, to the holding and keeping of all Markets, Fairs, and Marts, whether for the be held upon the fame Na. Sale of Goods or Cattle, or for the hiring of Servants, or for any other Purter and Na. pose, which are either fixed to certain Nominal Days of the Month, or depending upon the Beginning, or any certain Day, of any Month, and all Courts incident or belonging to, or usually holden or kept with any such this Act had Fairs or Marts, fixed to fuch certain Times as aforesaid, shall not from and notbeen made after the faid Second Day of September, be continued upon, or according to the Nominal Days of the Month, or the Time of the Beginning of any Month, to be computed according to the faid New Calendar, but that from and after the faid Second Day of September, the faid Courts of Seffion and Exchequer, the faid April Meeting, and all fuch Markets, Fairs, and Marts as a forefaid, and all Courts incident or belonging thereto, shall be holden and kept upon, or according to the fame Natural Days, upon, or according to which the same should have been so kept or holden, in Case this Act had not been made; that is to fay, ElevenDays later than the fame would have happened, according to the Nominal Days of the faid New Supputation of Time, by which the Commencement of each Month, and the Nominal Days thereof, are anticipated or brought forward, by the Space of Eleven Days; any Thing in this Act contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

And whereas, according to divers Customs, Prescriptions, and Usages, in certain Places within this Kingdom, certain Lands and Grounds are, on particular Nominal Days and Times in the Year, to be opened for Common of Pasture, and other Purposes; and at other Times, the Owners and Occupiers of fuch Lands and Grounds have a Right to inclose or thut up the fame, for their own private Use; and there is, in many other Instances, a temporary and diffinct Property and Right vested in different Persons, in and to many fuch Lands and Grounds, according to certain Nominal Days and Times in the Year: And whereas the anticipating or bringing forward the faid Nominal Days and Times, by the Space of ElevenDays, according to the faid New Method of Supputation, might be attended with many Inconveniencies; Be it therefore further declared, provided, and enacted by the Authority aforefaid, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend, or be Pasture, not al-construed to extend, to accelerate or anticipate the Days or Times for the opening, inclosing, or shutting up any such Lands or Grounds as aforesaid.

The Natural Days and Times for the opening and tered by this

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or the Days or Times on which any fuch temporary or diffinct Property or Right in or to any fuch Lands or Grounds as aforesaid is to commence; but that all fuch Lands and Grounds as aforefaid shall, from and after the faid Second Day of September, be, from Time to Time, respectively opened, inclosed or shut up, and such temporary and distinct Property and Right in and to fuch Lands and Grounds as aforefaid, shall commence and begin upon the same Natural Days and Times on which the same should have been fo respectively opened, inclosed, or shut up, or would have commenced or begun, in Case this Act had not been made; that is to say, Eleven Days later than the fame would have happened, according to the faid New Account and Supputation of Time, so to begin on the said Fourteenth Day of September, as aforefaid.

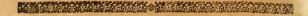
Provided also, and it is hereby further declared and enacted, That nothing The Natural in this present Act contained shall extend, or be construed to extend, to ac- Days and celerate or anticipate the Time of Payment of any Rent or Rents, Annuity Times of Payor Annuities, or Sum or Sums of Money whatfoever, which shall become ment of Rents, Annuities, payable by Vertue or in Consequence of any Custom, Usage, Lease, Deed, Sums of Mo-Writing, Bond, Note, Contract, or other Agreement whatfoever, now fub-ney, or Intefifting, or which shall be made, signed, fealed, or entered into, at any Time reit, before the faid Fourteenth Day of September, or which shall become payable by Vertue of an Act or Acts of Parliament now in Force, or which shall be made before the faid Fourteenth Day of September, or the Time of doing any Matter or Thing directed or required by any fuch Act or Acts of Parliament to be done in Relation thereto; or to accelerate the Payment of, or increase the Interest of, any such Sum of Money which shall become payable as aforefaid; or to accelerate the Time of the Delivery of any Goods, or of the Deli-Chattels, Wares, Merchandize, or other Things whatfoever; or the Time very of Goods. of the Commencement, Expiration, or Determination of any Leafe or Demise of any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, or of any other Contract or Agreement whatfoever; or of the accepting, furrendering, or delivering up Commencethe Possession of any fuch Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments; or the ment of Expl-Commencement, Expiration, or Determination of any Annuity or Rent; ration of Leafor of any Grant for any Term of Years, of what Nature or Kind foever, by es, &c. Virtue or in Consequence of any such Deed, Writing, Contract, or Agreement, or the Time of the attaining the Age of One and twenty Years, or any other Age requifite by any Law, Cuftom, or Ufage, Deed, Will, or or of attaining the Age of Writing whatfoever, for the doing any Act, or for any other Purpose what- 21 Years, &c. foever, by any Person or Persons now born, or who shall be born before the not altered by faid Fourteenth Day of September, or the Time of the Expiration or Deter- this Act. mination of any Apprenticeship, or other Service, by Virtue of any Indenture, or of any Articles under Seal, or by Reason of any simple Contract or Hiring whatfoever; but that all and every fuch Rent and Rents, Annuity and Annuities, Sum and Sums of Money, and the Interest thereof, shall remain and continue to be due and payable; and the Delivery of fuchGoods and Chattles, Wares and Merchandize, shall be made; and the faid Leases and Demifes of all fuch Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, and the faid Contracts and Agreements, shall be deemed to commence, expire, and determine; and the faid Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments, shall be accepted, furrendered, and delivered up; and the faid Rents and Annuities, and Grants for any Term of Years, shall commence, cease, and determine, at and upon the fame respective Natural Days and Times, as the same should and ought to have been payable or made, or would have happened, in Case this Act had not been made; and that no further or other Sum shall be paid or payable for the Interest of any Sum of Money whatsoever, than such Interest shall amount unto, for the true Number of Natural Days for which the principal Sum bearing such Interest shall continue due and unpaid; and that no Person or Persons whatsoever shall be deemed or taken to have

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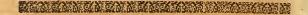
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#### Regulation of the Stile.

attained the faid Age of One and twenty Years, or any other fuch Age, as aforefaid, or to have completed the Time of any fuch Service, as aforefaid, until the full Number of Years and Days shall be elapsed on which such Person or Persons respectively would have attained such Age, or would have completed the Time of such Service, as aforesaid, in Case this Act had not been made; anyThing herein before contained to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.



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### Providing in Cale of Sickness.



Paffed by the Great and General Courtor Affembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England: Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednesday the twenty-ninth Day of May 1751, and continued by Prorogations to Friday the twenty-seventh Day of December following.

CHAP. VI.

An Act in addition to an Act made and passed in the thirteenth Year of King William the Third, intitled, An Act providing in Cafe of Sickness.

E it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Cloathingand Boute of Representatives, That when and as often as there shall other Gods be brought into any Town within this Province, whether it shall be be infected to be infected to from any other Town within the Province, or from Parts without the Pro- be liable to be vince, any Baggage, Cloathing or Goods of any Kind foever, and it shall stop'd and sebe made to appear by the Select-Men of the Town (or major Part of cured. them) to which tuch Baggage, Cloathing or other Goods shall be brought to the Satisfaction of any one of his Majesty's Justices of the Peace, that there is just Cause to suspect such Baggage, Cloathing or other Goods to be infected with the Plague, Small-Pox, Pestilential Fever, or other malignant contagious Distemper, it shall and may be lawful for such Justice of the Peace, and he is hereby required in such Case by Warrant under his Hand and Seal directed to the Sheriff or his Deputy or any Constable of the Town in which fuch Baggage, Cloathing or other Goods shall be, requiring him to impress fo many Men as said Justice shall judge necessary to secure Manner of fuch Baggage, Cloathing or other Goods to be fecured, and faid Men to fet proceding and poft as a Guard and Watch over the House or Houses or other Place therein. or Places where such Baggage, Cloathing or other Goods shall be lodged; which Guard and Watch are hereby required to take effectual Care to prevent fuch Baggage, Cloathing or other Goods being removed or intermedled with by any Persons whatever, until due Inquiry be made into the Circumstances thereof; and in Case it shall appear to the said Justice highly probable that fuch Baggage, Cloathing or other Goods are infected with the Plague, Small Pox, Pestilential Fever, or other malignant contagious Distem-

his Hand and Seal directed to the Sheriff or his Deputy or the Constable of

#### Review in Civil Caules.

the Town where fuch Goods, Cloathing or Baggage shall be, requiring faid Sheriff, Deputy or Conftable to remove faid Baggage Cloathing or other Goods, to some convenient House or Place from whence there shall be the least Danger of the Infection's Spreading, or being conveyed, there to remain until fuch Baggage, Cloathing or other Goods shall be sufficiently aired, and until it shall appear to the Satisfaction of the Select-Men of the Town where fuch Baggage, Cloathing or other Goods shall be, that they be free from all Infection; and faid Sheriff, Deputy Sheriff or Conftable in the Execution of faid Warrant, are impowred and directed if need be, to break up any House, Warehouse, Shop or other Place or Places (particularly mentioned in fuch Warrant) where fuch Baggage, Cloathing or other Goods shall be; and in Case of Opposition or Resistance, to require such Aid and Affistance as shall be necessary to effect the Removal of such Baggage, Cloathing or other Goods, and repel the Force and Refiftance which shall or may be made thereto: And all Persons are hereby required at the Commandment of either of the faidOfficers having fuch Warrant (under the Penalty of forty Shillings to be recovered before the Justice granting the fame) to affift faid Officer in the removing faid Baggage, Cloathing or other Goods, unless they make an Excuse to the Satisfaction of such Justice; and the Charges of securing such Baggage, Cloathing and other Goods, transporting and airing the fame shall be born and paid by the Owners thereof, at fuch Rates and Prizes as shall be set and appointed by the Select-Men of the Town, where fuch Baggage, Cloathing or other Goods shall be, and in Case of Refusal, to be recovered by Suit at Law by all and everyPerson and Persons concerned and employed in and about the Business of securing, re-

moving and airing faid Baggage, Cloathing or other Goods.

And be it futther enacted, that if Need fo require, any Justice of the Peace may, and is hereby impowred on Application to him made by the Select-Men of the Town in which such infected Baggage, Cloathing or other Goods shall be, to make out a Warrant to the Sheriff of the County or his Deputy or Constable of the Town where such Baggage, Cloathing or other Goods shall be, requiring said Officer with the Advice and Direction of the Select-Men of said Town, to impress and take up convenient Housing or Stores for the receiving, lodging and safe keeping thereof until the same

shall be sufficiently aired as aforesaid.

CHAP. VII.

### An Act in further Addition to the Act, intitled, An Act for Review in Civil Causes.

Preamble.

HERE As the Defendant in any Personal Astion may by Force of the Ast made in Addition to the Ast Intitled An Ast for Review incivil Causes, howe Execution of the Judgment of the Superiour Court of Judicature Court of Assignment of the Superiour Court of Assignment of the Appeal, stayed six Months in some Counties, and a Year in others, only by giving Bond with Security approved of by that Court at the Time of entring such Judgment conditioned to projecute a Writ of Review of such Assion with Effect at the next Superiour Court of Judicature Court of Assion with Effect at the next Superiour Court of Judicature Court of Assion with Effect at the next Superiour Court of Judicature Court of Mize and General Goal Delivery to be bolden in and for the County was fully Judgment is given, and to answer and pay the original Plaintiff double Interest for the Debt recovered, and double additional Costs in Case the Judgment be affirmed, although the Estate attack'd by Force of the original Writ is not thereby held or subjected

Penalty for not affifting the Officer.

Charges to be born by the Owner of the Goods &c.

Warrants to be made out to take up convenient Housing.

to

to satisfy the Plaintiffs Demand for more than thirty Days after the Judgment given on the Appeal, and in all Cases where Bail is given to the Action the Sureties cannot be compelled either to satisfy the Judgment or deliver up the Principal.

Wherefore for preventing Creditors being defrauded of their just Debts by

Executions being fo stayed :

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Bood to be House of Representatives, That Execution of the Judgment of the given for pro-Superiour Court of Judicature Court of Affize and General Goal Deli-fecting Revery given on the Trial of the Appeal in any Suit, shall not be stayed, un-less the original Defendant his Executors or Administrators give Bond at stayed in dearthe Time of entring fuch Judgment to the Party or Parties that obtained ble the Sum the fame, with fufficient Sureties, to be approved of by the Court, in double recovered and the Sums recovered to review the Action at the next Superiour Court of Costs. Judicature Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery to be holden in and for that County, and to pay to the Party or Parties that obtained the Judg-ment upon the Tryal of the Appeal the Sum fo recovered with Interest therefor, after the Rate of twelve per Cent. per Annum, and double the Costs arising on such Review, if the Judgment be not thereon reversed, in whole or in Part, or otherwise satisfied, and if reversed in Part only then to pay him or them that obtained the Judgment on the Trial of the Appeal what remains due by Force thereof, and is not reverfed by the Judgment of faid Court given on fuch Review or otherwise fatisfied, together with Interest therefor after the Rate of fix per Cent. per Annum. Provided always, That nothing in this Act shall extend to any Suit al- Proviso.

ready commenced, wherein upon the mean Process Bail was given or Estate attached.

CHAP. VIII.

An Act for erecting the Village-Parish and Middle-Parish so called in the Town of Salem, into a diftinct and seperate District by the Name of Danvers.

HEREAS the Town of Salem is very large, and the Inhabitants of the Preamble. Village and middle Parishes, so called, within the same (many of them at least) live at a great Distance from that Part of the first Parish in Salem where the publick Affairs of the Town are transacted, and also from the Grammar School which is kept in the faid first Parish; And whereas most of the Inhabitants of the faid first Parish are either Merchants, Traders or Mechanicks, and those of the said Village and middle Parishes are chiefly Husbandmen, by Means whereof many Disputes and Difficulties have arisen, and may hereafter arise in the managing their publick Affairs together, and especially touching the apportioning of their publick Taxes:

For preventing of which Inconveniencies for the future;

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council, and Village and House of Representatives, That that Part of the said Town of Salem Middle Pre-which now constitutes the Village and middle Parishes in said Town, constitutions according to their Boundaries, and the Inhabitants thereon be erected into a Precinct. seperate and distinct District by the Name of Danvers; and that said Inhabitants shall do the Duties that are required and enjoined on other Towns, and enjoy all the Powers, Priviledges and Immunities that Towns in this Province by Law enjoy, except that of feperately chufing and fending one or more Representatives, to represent them at the General Assembly: In Lieu whereof;

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### Palmer a Townshiv.

Be it further enacted, That the faid Inhabitants of faid Parishes shall Inhabitants of from Time to Time have fullPower and Liberty to join with the faidTown faid Diffrict to of Salem in the Choice of one or more Representatives to represent them and Inhabitants of the faid Town at the General Affembly, and also of being chosen for that Salem in the Purpose, as if this Act had not been made; and the said Town of Salem Choice of Re- are required to notify faidInhabitants of the faidMiddle, and Village Parishes presentatives. of all Meetings that shall be called for the Choice of Representatives as aforefaid, as by Law they have heretofore been obliged to do.

Salem to fulfil Inhabitants ofthis Diffrict.

and be it further enacted, That the faid Town of Salem and the Intheir Agree- habitants by this Act erected into a seperate District shall respectively be ment with the held to fulfil the Agreement entred into on the twenty third Day of October last, in like Manner as if the said Inhabitants had been by this Act erected into a seperate and diffinct Township.

#### CHAP. IX.

### An Act for erecting the Plantation called the Elbows into a District by the Name of Palmer.

Preamble.

TITHEREAS it bath been represented to this Court that the Inhabitants of the Plantation, in the County of Hampshire, called the Elbows, labour under Difficulties, by Reason of their not being incorporated into a District': Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and

The Plantation called the Elboros erected into a Diftrict.

Spoule of Representatives, That the Plantation aforefaid be and hereby is erected into a District by the Name of Palmer, bounding as follows; viz. Easterly on the Town of Western, Northerly, partly on the Plantation called Cold-Spring, and partly on Ware-River Precinct, called Bounds there- Roads-Farm, Southerly and Westerly on the Town of Brimfield; and that the Inhabitants thereof be and are hereby invefted with all the Powers, Priviledges and Immunities that the Inhabitants of Towns within this Province are or by Law ought to be vefted with; faving only in the Choice of a Representative; which it is represented said Inhabitants are not at present de-

Rates and

firous of. Be it further enacted, That all Rates and Taxes heretofore af-Taxes herefeffed or ordered to be affeffed, purfuant to the Laws and Orders of this tofore order'd Court upon the Inhabitants of faid Elbows Plantation, shall be levied colshall be col- lected and fully compleated, agreable to the Laws or Orders by which they

to be affefs'd lected.

were affeffed.

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ome and the contraction was a substitution of the contraction of the c

Limitation of Actions.

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# Acts and Laws

Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England: Begun and Held at Concord in the County of Middlefex, upon Wednesday the twenty-seventh Day of May, 1752.

#### CAAP. I.

An Act in further Addition to the Act for Limitation of Actions, and for avoiding Suits atLaw where the Matter is of long Standing.

HEREAS in a late Law of this Province entitled, " An Act in Preamble. " Addition to and for Explanation of an Act, entitled, An Act " for Limitation of Actions, and avoiding Suits at Law where the Matter is of long Standing," made and passed in the twentysecond Year of bis present Majesty's Reign, the Time limited for commencing of all Actions of Accompt, and upon the Cafe (excepting as therein is excepted) will expire in Septemper next; and whereas the Difficulties arisen by the Exchange of the Medium of Trade in this Province, and the Prevalency of the Small-Pox in Boston, and fundry other Towns in this Government, render it almost im-

practicable to have such Accompts and Actions of the Case settled within the

Time by said Att limitted for that Purpose: Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council Act continued and Doufe of Representatives, That the Time for commencing of till Sept. 1754. Actions of Accompts and of the Case, by said Act limited as aforesaid, be and the same is hereby extended to the first Day of September, which will be in the Year of our Lord One Thousand seven Hundred and fifty-four; and no Suit hereafter to be brought in fuch Cases shall be barred, if com-

menced before the Expiration of faid Term.

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### fire Wards.

#### CHAP. II.

An Act in Addition to an Act for the more fpeedyExtinguishment of Fire, and preserving Goods endangered by it.

Preamble.

WHEREAS in and by an Ast made and passed in the eighteenth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, entitled, "An Act for the more "speedyExtinguishment of Fire, and preserving Goods endan-"gered by it." It is enasted that the several Towns within this Province may, if they see fit, at their anniversary Meeting in March annually, appoint a suitable Number of Persons, not exceeding ten, who shall be denominated Fire Words; whose particular Business shall be to take Care and govern at Fires, (which from Time to Time may break out.) as in and by said Ast, they are directed and impowered to do: And whereas by Experience the Fire Wards who have been annually chosen by the Town of Boston, have been sound to be of great Use and Service to the said Town at Times of Fires, and it is apprehended, it would greatly serve the said Iewm if their Numbers were increased:

Town of Boston impowered to chuse Twelve Fire Wards.

The it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and ipoute of Representatives, That it shall and may be lawful for the Town of Boston, (who at present have Ten Fire Wards) at any Town Meeting warned for that Purpose, to eleck and appoint two mere meet Persons as Fire Wards who shall serve in that Office, till their anniversary Meeting in March next; and from thenceforward (as they shall see Cause) to chuse Twelve Persons for that Purpose annually, who shall do the Duty and be invested with the like Powers and Priviledges as Fire Wards in and by the said Act are invested withal.

## I CONTRACTOR OF 
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## 

Higher Control of the 
### Attestation of Wills, &c.



At the Parliament begun and holden at Westminster, the Tenth Day of November, Anno Dom. 1747, in the Twenty first Year of the Reign of ourSovereign Lord GEORGE the Second, by the Grace of GOD, of Great Britain, France and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.

And from thence continued by feveral Prorogations to the Fourteenth Day of November, 1751, being the Fifth Session of this present Parliament.

An Act for avoiding and putting an End to certainDoubts andQuestions, relating to the Attestation of Wills and Codicils, concerning Real Estates, in that Part of Great Britain called England, and in his Majesty's Colonies and Plantations in America.

THEREAS by an Act made in the Twenty ninth Year of the Preamble re-Reign of His late Majesty King Charles the Second, intitled, citing Claufe An A3 for Prevention of Frauds and Perjuries; it is, amongt in an Ast or 20 Car. II. other Things, enacted, That from and after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord One Thousand fix Hundred and feventy feven, all Devifes and Bequests of any Lands or Tenements deviseable, either by Force of the Statute of Wills, or by that Statute, or by Force of the Custom of Kent, or the Custom of any Borough, or any other particular Custom, shall be in Writing, and signed by the Party so devising the same, or by some other Person in his Presence, and by his express Direction; and shall be attested and subscribed in the Prefence of the faid Devisor, by Three or Four credible Witnesses, or else they shall be utterly Void and of none Effect, which hath been found to be a wife and good Provision: But whereas Doubts have arisen who are to be deemed legal Witnesses, within the Intent of the faid Act: Вывь Therefore

### Attestation of Wills, &c.

Therofore for avoiding the fame.

Devisee, &c. attefting, the Devife void, but he admit ted to prove Will

Be it enacted by the King's mod excellent Majetty, by and with the Advice and Confent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament acsembled, and by the Authority of the same, That if any Person shall attest the Execution of any Will or Codicil, which shall be made after the Twenty-fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord One Thousand seven Hundred and fifty two, to whom any beneficial Devife, Legacy, Estate, Interest, Gift, or Appointment of, or affecting any Real or Personal Estate, other than and except Charges on Lands. Tenements, or Hereditaments, for Payment of any Debt or Debts. shall be thereby given or made, such Devise, Legacy, Estate, Interest. Gift, or Appointment, shall, so far only as concerns such Person attesting the Execution of such Will or Codicil, or any Person claiming under him, be utterly null and void; and fuch Perion shall be admitted as a Witness to the Execution of such Will or Codicil, within the Intent of the faid Act; notwithstanding such Devise, Legacy, Estate, Interest, Gift, or Appointment, mentioned in such Will or Codicil.

Creditor atto the Will.

and be it further enaded by the authority aforefaid, That tetting, admit- in Cafe, by any Will or Codicil already made, or hereafter to be made, any Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, are, or shall be charged with any Debt or Debts; and any Creditor, whose Debt is so charged. hath attested, or shall attest the Execution of such Will or Codicil, every fuch Creditor, notwithstanding such Charge, shall be admitted as a Witness to the Execution of such Will or Codicil, within the Intent of the faid Act.

Legatee who has been paid or fhall refuse his Legacy, admitted a Witness to the Will.

and be it further enaded by the Authority aforefair. if any Person hath attested the Execution of any Will or Codicil already made, or shall attest the Execution of any Will or Codicil which shall be made on or before the faid Twenty-fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord One Thousand seven Hundred and fifty two, to whom any Legacy or Bequest is or shall be thereby given, whether charged upon Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, or not; and such Person, before he shall give his Testimony concerning the Execution of any fuch Will or Codicil, shall have been paid, or have accepted or releafed, or shall have refused to accept such Legacy or Bequest, upon Tender made thereof; fuch Person shall be admitted as a Witness to the Execution of fuch Will or Codicil, within the Intent of the faid Act, notwithstanding such Legacy or Bequest.

After Tender and Refufal, he is barred fr om the Legacy; but after Aceptance, he may retain the fame, tho' theWill be adjudged void.

Provided always, and be it further enacted, That in Case of fuch Tender and Retufal, as aforefaid, fuch Person shall in no wife be intitled to fuch Legacy or Bequest, but shall be for ever afterwards barred therefrom; and in Case of such Acceptance, as aforesaid, such Person shall retain to his own Use, the Legacy or Bequest which shall have been fo paid, fatisfied, or accepted, notwithstanding such Will or Codicil shall afterwards be adjudged or determined to be void, for want of due Execution, or for any other Cause or Defect whatsoever.

Legatee attesting, and dying in the Lifetime of the Testator, or before he has received or refused his Legacy,admitted a Witness to the Will.

and be it further enacted, That in Case any such Legatee, as aforefaid, who hath attefted the Execution of any Will or Codicil already made, or shall attest the Execution of any Will or Codicil, which shall be made on or before the faid Twenty-fourth Day of June, in the Year of our Lord One Thousand seven Hundred and fifty two, shall have died in the Life-time of the Testator, or before he shall have received or releafed the Legacy or Bequest so given him, as aforesaid, and before he shall have refused to receive such Legacy or Bequest, on Tender made thereof, fuch Legatee shall be deemed a legal Witness

### Attestation of Mills, &c.

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to the Execution of fuch Will or Codicil, within the Intent of the faid Act, notwithstanding such Legacy or Bequest.

Provided always, That the Credit of every such Witness, so attesting Witness to be the Execution of any Will or Codicil, in any of the Cafes in this Act confiderable before-mentioned, and all Circumstances relating thereto, shall be determined by Subject to the Consideration and Determination of the Court, and the the Court. Jury, before whom any fuch Witness shall be examined, or his Testimony or Attestation made Use of; or of the Court of Equity, in which the Testimony or Attestation of any such Witness shall be made Use of; in like Manner, to all Intents and Purposes, as the Credit of

Witnesses in all other Cases ought to be considered of, and determined.

No Devise,
Mind be it sutther enacted by the Authority asopelist, That
where the Deno Person, to whom any beneficial Estate, Interest, Gat, or Appointvise is made ment, shall be given or made, which is hereby enacted to be null and void; nor Lement, that oe given or made, which is nerecy enacted to be mill and you'd, as aforefaid, or who thalf have refused to receive any juch Lega. gare, who has refused to according to the company of the com examined as a Witness concerning the Execution of fuch Will or Co- gacy; being dicil, shall, after he shall have been so examined, demand or take Post examined to feffion of, or receive, any Profits or Benefit of or from, any fuchEstate, the Execution of the Will. Interest, Gift, or Appointment, so given or made to him, in or by shall afterany fuch Will or Codicil; or demand, receive, or accept, from any wardsdemand Perfon or Perfons whatfoever, any fuch Legacy or Bequeft, or any Benefit, or Satisfaction or Compensation for the same, in any Manner or under Compensation any Colour or Pretence whatfoever.

Provided always, and be it enacted by the Authority aforefaith. That this Act, or any Thing herein contained, shall not extend, Casesparticular or be construed to extend, to the Case of any Heir at Law, or of any harvastidity of the Case of any Heir at Law, or of any harvastidity of Devise in a prior Will or Codicil of the same Testator, executed and Vills and attested according to the faid recited Act, or any Person claiming un- Competency der them respectively, who has been in quiet Pollession for the Space of of Witnesses two Years next preceding the fixth Day of May, in the Year of our arenotaireded by this Ach. ments, and Hereditaments, whereof he has been in quiet Possession as aforefaid; and also that this Act, or any Thing herein contained, shall not extend, or be construed to extend, to any Will or Codicil, the Validity or due Execution whereof hath been contested in any Suit in Law or Equity commenced by the Heir of fuch Devisor, or the Devifee in any fuch prior Will or Codicil, for recovering the Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, mentioned to be devifed in any Will or Codicil fo contested, or any Part thereof, or for obtaining any other Judgment or Decree relative thereto, on or before the faid Sixth Day of May in the Year of our Lord One Thousand seven Hundred and fifty one, and which has been already determined in Favour of fuch Heir at Law, or Devisee in such prior Will or Codicil, or any Person claiming under them respectively, or which is still depending, and has been profecuted with due Diligence; but the Validity of every fuch Will or Codicil, and the Competency of the Witnesses thereto, shall be adjudged and determined in the fame Manner, to all Intents and Purposes, as if this Act had never been made; any Thing herein before contained to the contrary thereof in any wife notwithstanding.

Provided alwars nevertheless, and it is hereby declared, Possessions that no Possession of any Heir at Law, or Devisee in such prior Will or Codicil as aforesaid, or of any Person claiming under them respective ded within the ly, which is confishent with, or may be warranted by or under, Meaning of any Will or Codicil attested according to the true Intent andMe ming the preceding of this Act, or where the Estate descended or might have descended, Clause.

for the fame.

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to fuch Heir at Law, till a future or executory Devise, by Virtue of any Will or Codicil attested according to this Act, should or might take Effect, shall be deemed to be a Possession within the Intent and Meaning of the Clause herein last before contained.

And whereas in some of the British Colonies or Plantations in America, the said Act of the Twenty-ninth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, has been received for Law, or Alts of Assembly have been made, whereby the Attestation and Subscription of Witnesses to Devises of Lands,

Tenements, and Hereditaments, have been required:

Therefore, to prevent and avoid Doubts which may arise in the faid Colonies or Plantations, in Relation to the Attestation of fuch Devises

of Lands, Tenements, and Hereditaments;

This Act to of the British Colonies in a Law, &c.

Be it enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act, and extend to fach every Clause, Matter, and Thing therein contained, shall extend to fuch of the said Colonies and Plantations, where the said Act of the Twenty-ninth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, is by Act where the Act of Assembly made, or by Usage received as Law, or where by Act of of 19 Car. II. Affembly or Usage, the Attestation and Subscription of a Witness or is received as Witnesses are made necessary to Devises of Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments; and shall have the same Force and Effect in the Construction of, or for the avoiding of Doubts upon, the faid Acts of Affembly, and Laws of the faid Colonies and Plantations, as the fame ought to have in the Construction of, or for the avoiding of Doubts upon, the faid Act of the Twenty-ninth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second in England.

Devises, &c. by VVills 1 March 1753,

Provided always, That as to Cases arising in any of the saidColonies or Plantations in America, no fuch Devise, Legacy, or Bequest as aforesaid, shall be made null and void, by Virtue of this Act, unless tobeonly void, the Will or Codicil whereby fuch Devile, Legacy, or Bequest shall be given, shall be made after the first Day of March, which shall be in the Year of our Lord One Thousand seven Hundred and fifty three.

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and water that the state of the



Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England: Begun and Held at Concord in the County of Middlesex, upon Wednesday the twenty-feventh Day of May 1752. And continued by Prorogations to Wednefday the twenty-fecond Day of November following, and then met at Cambridge.

### CHAP. III. An Act for dividing the Town of Groton, and making a District by the Name of Shirley.

HEREAS the Inhabitants of the Southwesterly Part of the Town Preamble. of Groton, by Reason of the Difficulties they labour under, being remote from the Place of the publick Worship of GOD, have ad-dressed this Court to be set off a seperate District, whereunto the

Inhabitants of faid Town have manifested their Consent :

Beittherefoze enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council Southwerly and boute of Representatives, That the Soutwestwardly Part of the Part of Groton Town of Groton, comprehended within the following Boundaries, viz. made a Di-Beginning at the Mouth of Squanacook-River, where it runs into Lan-Name of cafter River, from thence up faid Lancaffer till it comes to Land belong- skirley. ing to the Township of Stow, thence Westwardly bounding Southwardly to faid Stow Land, till it comes to the Southwest Corner of the Township of Groton, thence Northwardly bounding Westwardly to Lunenburgh and Townsend to Squanaccok-River aforesaid, thence down said Bounds there-River, and joining thereto to the Mouth thereof being the first Bound, of. be and hereby is fet off from the faid Town of Groton, and erected into a separate and distinct District by the Name of Shirley: And that the Inhabitants thereof be and hereby are vested with all the Powers, Priviledges and Immunities which the Inhabitants of any Town within Priviledges this Province do or by Law ought to enjoy; excepting only the Priviledge of chosing a Representative to represent them in the Great and General Court, in chusing of whom the Inhabitants of faidDistrict shall join, with the Inhabitants of the Town of Groton as heretofore has been usual, and also in paying said Representative.

### 432 Southampton a District.

Previfo.

Provided nevertheless. The faid Diffriet shall pay their proportionable Part of all such Town, County, Parish and Province Charges as are already affessed upon the Town of Groton in like Manner as though this Act had never been made.

Mr. John Whitney impowred to call the first Meeting.

and be it further enacted. That Mr. John Whitney be and hereby is impowered to iffue his Warrant directed to some principal Inhabitant in said District, requiring him to notify and warn the Inhabitants of said District qualified by Law to vote in Town Affairs, to meet at such Time and Place as shall be therein set forth, to chuse all such Officers as shall be necessary to manage the Affairs of said District.

An Act for erecting the second Precinct in the Town of Northampton into a seperate District, by the Name of Southampton.

Second Precinct in Northampton made a feperate Diffrict.

Diffrict.

Bounds thereof.

Privileges, Se. granted faid District.

Provifo

Provifo.

Dav. Ingerfole, Efq; impowred to call the first Meeting.

It enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and boufe of Representatives, That the faid fecond Precinct in Northampton, bounding North on the Long-Division (fo called) of common Lands in Said Northampton, Easterly on the Country Road, until it comes to the South End of the Mountain Division of Commons, then East on that Division until it comes to Spring field North Line, then on Spring field North Line aforefaid until it comes to the South East Corner of Northampton Bounds, and South on the Town of Westfield, and West on the Lands some time since Country Land, now belonging to David Ingersole, Esq; of Sheffield's Equivalent Land, so called. be and hereby is erected into a seperate and distinct District by the Name of Southampton; and that the faid Diffrict be invested with all the Powers, Priviledges and Immunities that Towns in this Province by Law do or may enjoy, that of fending a Representative to the General Affembly only excepted; and that the faid District shall have full Liberty and Right from Time to Time to join with the Town of Northampton in chofing a Representative to represent them at the General Assembly, and that the District shall from Time to Time be at their proportionable Part of the Expence of fuch Representative, and that the Town of Northampton as often as they shall call a Meeting for the Choice of Representatives, shall from Time to Time give seasonable Notice to the Clerk of faid Diftrict for the Time being, of the Time and Place of holding faid Meeting, to the End that faid Diftrict may join them therein, and the Clerk of faid Diffrict shall fet up in some publick Place in faid Diffrict a Notification thereof accordingly.

Provided nevertheless, and be it further enacted. That the said District shall pay their Proportion of all Town, County and Province Taxes, already set on or granted to be raised by said Town, as if

this Act had not been made.

and be it further enacted. That Joseph Hawley, Esq. be and hereby is impowered to iffue his Warrant directed to some principal Inhabitant in said District, requiring him to notify and warn the Inhabitants of said District, qualified by Law to vote in Town Affairs, to meet at such Time and Place as shall be therein set forth, to chuse all such Officers as shall be necessary to manage the Affairs of said District.

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# ts and Laws,

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England: Begun and Held at Concord in the County of Middlesex, upon Wednesday the twentyfeventh Day of May 1752. And continued by Prorogations and Adjournment, to Wednesday the twenty eighth of March following, and then met at Boston,

#### CHAP. V.

An Act for altering the Times-for holding the Superiour Court of Judicature Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery, within the Counties of Plymouth, Barnstable and Bristol.

HEREAS the holding of the Superiour Court of Judicature Court of Assize and General Goal Delivery at Taunton, within and for the Preamble. County of Brittol, at the Time appointed by Law, being the fecond Tuesday in May yearly, would (as the Style of the Year is now altered) be in many Respects inconvenient: And whereas the Time for holding the same cannot be conveniently altered, without altering likewise the Times for holding the faid Court in the Counties of Plymouth and Barnstable:

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Coun- Time of the til and boute of Representatives, That the Time for holding the Compeniour Court of Judicature, Court of Assize and General Goal in Phymouth, Delivery at Taunton, within and for the County of Bristol, shall for Barnstable and the future be the fecond Tuesday of July yearly; and that the Brissal Coun-Time for holding the said Court at Plymouth, within and for the ties altered. County of Plymouth, shall hereafter be the third Fuesday of July yearly; and that the Time for holding the faid Court at Barnstable for the Counties of Parnstable and Dukes-County, shall hereafter be the fourth Tuesday of July yearly. Dddd

#### Suppressing of Lotteries. 434

All Matters depending in faid Courts continued:

and be it further enacted, That all Writs and other Process already isfued, and all Appeals, Reviews, Recognizances and other Matters whatfoever taken, filed, continued or any Ways depending, which were to be heard tried or proceeded on in the faidCourt at the respectiveTowns of Taunton for the County of Bristol, Plymouth for the County of Plymouth, Barnstable for the Counties of Barnstable and Dukes County, according to the respective Times or Days already appointed by Law, shall not fail or be discontinued, but be valid and stand good to all Intents and Purposes in the Law, and be heard, tried and determined at the respective Times and Days fet and appointed by this Act : And all Officers and other Persons concerned are required to conform themselves accordingly.

#### CHAP. VI.

## An Act in Addition to the feveral Acts or Laws for the suppressing of Lotteries.

Preamble.

THEREAS divers good and wholesome Laws have been made and pass'd by this Government for suppressing of Lotteries, and thereby preventing a vain and foolish Expence, tending to the Impoverishment of unwary People; which Laws are in a great Measure rendred ineffectual by the Lotteries which are frequently fet up in the neighbouring Governments, and by the Sale of Such Lottery Tickets to the Inhabitants of this Province :

Penalty for publishing Lottery Tickets of other

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Doule of Representatives, That if any Person or Persons after the tenth Day of May next, shall within this Province be aiding or Governments, affifting in any Lottery, by Printing, Writing, or any otherways Publishing an Account of the Sale of such Lottery Ticket or Tickets, such Person or Persons shall for such Offence forfeit a Sum not exceeding twenty Pounds, to be recovered by Information, Plaint, Bill or Action at Law, in any of His Majesty's Courts of Record within this Province; the one Half thereof to His Majesty to be applied towards the Support of this Government, and the other Half to him or them that shall inform and fue for the fame.

Penalty for felling Lottery Tickets.

and be it further enacted. That if any Person or Persons shall within this Province give, fell, or otherwise dispose of, or shall therein offer or expose to Sale any Ticket or Tickets in any Lottery, excepting such as shall be established by Act of Parliament, or by Act of this Government, fuch Person or Persons so offending, shall forfeit a Sum not exceeding forty Pounds for each Ticket so given, fold or disposed of, or fo exposed to Sale, to be recovered in Manner and for the Use aforesaid.

Penalty for buying Lottery Tickets.

and be it further enacted. That if any Person or Persons within this Province, shall receive or purchase any such Lottery Ticket or Tickets, fuch Person or Persons shall likewise forfeit a Sum not exceeding forty Pounds for each Ticket fo received or purchased by him or them, to be likewise recovered and applied as in Manner aforesaid.

Person informing to be freed.

Provided nevertheless, That if such Receiver or Purchaser shall inform against or profecute the Person or Persons who gave, sold or disposed of the same, so as that he or they shall be convicted of saidOffence, fuch Receiver or Purchaser shall not in that Case be liable to the Penalty aforefaid, but shall be wholly freed and exempted therefrom.

#### CHAP. VII.

### An Act for erecting the fecond Precinct in the Town of Groton into a seperate District.

E it enaded by the Lientenant Governour, Council and Second Precinet in Graton Douse of Representatives, That the fecond Precinct in made a Diffriet Graten, bounding foutherly on the old Country Road leading to by the Name Townshend, Westwardly on Townshend Line, Northerly on the Line last of Peppervill. run by the Government of New Hampsbire, as the Boundary betwixt that Province and this, Easterly to the middle of the River called Lan-Bounds therecafter-River, from where the faid Boundary Line croffes faid River, fo on. up the middle of the faid River to where the Bridge did stand, called Kemp's Bridge, to the Road first mentioned; be and hereby is erected into a seperate District, by the Name of Pepperrell; and that the said District be and hereby is invested with all the Privileges, Powers and Immunities, that Towns in this Proxince by Law do or may'enjoy, that of fending a Representative to the General Assembly only excepted; and Priviledges that the Inhabitants of faid Diffrict shall have full Power and Right from Respecting a Time to Time to join with the faid Town of Groton in the Choice of a Representa-Representative or Representatives, in which Choice they shall enjoy all the Privileges which by Law they would have been intitled to if this Act had not been made: And that the faid District shall from Time to Time pay their proportionable Part of the Expence of fuch Representative or Representatives, according to their respective Proportions of the Province Tax; and that the faid Town of Groton, as often as they shall call a Meeting for the Choice of a Representative, shall give seasonable Notice to the Clerk of faid Diffrict for the Time being, of the Time and Place of holding fuch Meeting, to the End that faid District may join them therein; and the Clerk of faid District shall set up in some publick Place in faid District a Notification thereof accordingly, or otherwife give feafonable Notice, as the District shall determine

Provided nevertheless, and be it further enacted, That the The Inhabifaid District shall pay their Proportion of all Town, County and Province tants to pay Taxes, already fet on or granted to be raifed by faid Town, as if this their Pro Act had not been made; and also be at one Half the Charge in building and repairing the two Bridges on Lancoster-River aforesaid in faided in faided in Graton.

District.

Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no poor Perfon refiding in faid District, and who have been warned by the Select. Proviso about Men of faid Groton to depart faid Town, shall be understood as hereby the Poor. exempted from any Process they would have been exposed to if this Act had not been made.

and be it further enacted, That William Lawrence, Esq; be and Meeting to be hereby is impowered to iffue his Warrant directed to some principal In- called. habitant in faid District, requiring him to notify the Inhabitants of faid District, to meet at such Time and Place as he shall appoint, to chuse all such Officers as by Law they are impowered to chuse tor conducting the Affairs of faid District.

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#### CHAP. VIII.

### An Act for erecting the fecond Precinct in the Town of Leicester into a seperate District.

cefter.

A new Diariet All E it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and house of Representatives, That the said second Precinct in Liecefter, bounding North on the Town of Rutland, Easterly on the first Parish on Leicester, Southerly on Land called the Country Gore, Bounds there- Westerly on the Town of Brookfield, be and hereby is erected into a se-

perate and diffinct Diffrict by the Name of Spencer; and that the faid District be invested with all the Powers, Privileges and Immunities that Towns in this Province by Law do or may enjoy, that, of fending a

Privileges. of.

Representative to the General Assembly only excepted if and that the faid District shall have full Liberty and Right from Time to Time to join with the Town of Leicester in choosing a Representative to reprefent them at the General Affembly; and that the District shall from Time to Time be at their proportionable Part of the Expence of fuch Representative. And that the Town of Liecester as often as they shall call a Meeting for the Choice of Representatives shall from Time to Time, give feafonable Notice to the Clerk of faid District for the 7 ime being, of the Time and Place of holding of faid Meeting, to the End that faid District may join therein; and the Clerk of faid District shall fet up in some publick Place in faid District a Notification thereof accordingly.

Taxes already made in Leicester to be good.

Provided nevertheless, and be it further enacted, That the faid District shall pay their Proportion of all Town, County and Province Taxes already fet on or granted to be raifed by faid Town, as if this Act had not been made.

Meeting to be called.

and be it further enacted, That Thomas Steel, Efg; be and hereby is impowered to iffue his Warrant, directed to some principal Inhabitant in faid District, requiring him to notify and warn the Inhabitants of faid District, qualified by Law to vote in Town Affairs, to meet at such Time and Place as shall be therein set forth, to choose all such Officers as shall be necessary to manage the Affairs of faid District.

#### CHAP. IX.

### An Act for erecting the North-westerly Part of the Town of Rutland into a seperate Diffrict.

A newDiftrict made in Rutland.

E it enacted by his Honour the Lieutenant Governour, Council and House of Representatives, That the Northwesterly Part of the Township of Rutland, as delineated and described in a Plan presented to the General Assembly in April One Thousand seven Hundred and forty nine, on file in the Secretary's Office, be and hereby is erected into a seperate District by the Name of Rutland-Diffrict; and that the faid Diffrict be and hereby is invested with all the Powers and Priviledges that Towns in 2 1 92 1 this

### Sonth-Hadley a District.

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this Province by Law do or may enjoy, that of fending a Reprefenta- Prileges. tive to the General Affembly only excepted; and that the Inhabitants of faid District shall have full Power from Time to Time to join with the faid Town of Rutland in the Choice of a Representative, or of being chosen, in which Choice they shall enjoy all the Privileges which by Law they would have been entitled to if this Act had not been made, and shall pay their proportionable Share or Part of the Expence of such Representative: And that the faid Town of Rutland, as often as they call a Meeting of fuch Town for the Choice of a Representative, shall give seasonable Notice to the Clerk of faid District for the Time being, of the Time and Place of holding such Meeting, to the End that faidDistrict may join with them therein, and the Clerk of saidDistrict shall forthwith give Direction to the Constable or Constables of faid District to notify as usual in other Town Meetings; and that such Meetings from Time to Time shall be regulated by the Select-Men of faid Town and Diffrict jointly, or fuch of them as shall be present and take upon them the faid Truft.

and be it further enacted. That all the Acts done by the Inhabitants of faid Diffrict as such, and by Virtue of an Order of the General Acts of the faid Difference of the faid Differe ral Affembly pass'd the fourteenth Day of April One Thousand seven strict since Hundred and forty nine, which were otherwise according to Law, shall April 1759. be held good and valid to all Intents and Purposes; and all Officers confirmed. then chosen and now in Office shall be esteemed proper Officers, and invested with the same Power and Authority as if the said Inhabitants had been erected into a seperate District by a Law of this Province, instead

CHAP. X.

of faid Order.

## An Act for erecting the second Precinct in the Town of Hadley into a seperate Distret.

E it enaded by the Lientenant Governour, Council and Second Pre-Doule of Representatives, That the faid second Precinct in cincin Hadley Hadley bounding Westerly on Connecticut-River, Southerly on the made a District NorthLine of the Town of Spring field, and Easterly on the Westerly Line of by the Name the Precinct or Plantation called Cold Spring, and Northerly on the highest of Sputh Hadley Part of the Mountain called Mount Holyoke, so far as that extends, and from the Mountain Gate at the West-End of said Mountain by the Bounds there-Meadow Fence to Connesticus-River, and from the East End of said of. Mountain on an East Line, from thence to Cold Spring West Line aforefaid, be and hereby is erected into a seperate District by the Name of South-Hadley; and that the faid District be and hereby is invested with all the Privileges, Powers and Immunities that Towns in this Province by Law do or may enjoy, that of fending a Representative to the General Assembly only excepted; and that the Inhabitants of faid District respecting a shall have full Power and Right from Time to Time to join with the Representafaid Town of Hadley in the Choice of a Representative, in which Choice tive. they shall emoy all the Privileges which by Law they would have been entitled to, if this Act had not been made; and that the faid Diffrict Thall from Time to Time pay their proportionable Part of the Expence of fuch Representative, according to their respective Proportions of the Province Tax; and that the faid Town of Hadley as often as they shall call a Meeting for the Choice of a Representative, shall give seasonable

Eeee

Notice

The Inhabi-

tants to pay

and enjoy their Part of

the Land,

Proviso about

the Poor.

called.

#### Annexing certain Lands.

Notice to the Clerk of faid District for the Time being, of the Time and Place of holding fuch Meeting, to the End that faid Diffrict may join them therein; and the Clerk of faid Diffrict shall fet up in some publick Place in faid District a Notification thereof accordingly.

Provided nevertheless, and be it further enacted. That the faid District shall pay their Proportion of all Town, County and Province 1 Taxes already fet on or granted to be raifed by faid Town, as if this

their Propor-Act had not been made.

already grant-Provided also, That the Inhabitants of said District shall retain and ed in Hadley, enjoy the fame Right and Share in all common and undivided Land, and in all School Lands in faid Township of Hadley, if any such there be, as they would have had if this Act had not been made.

Drovided allo, and be it further enacted. That of all Monies as also of Moor other personal Estate belonging to said Town (if any such they have). nies, &c. the Inhabitants of the faid District shall have and enjoy a Proportion thereof, equal to the Proportion they paid of the Charges of faid Town, I

according to their last Town Tax.

Provided also, and be it surther enacted, That no poor Perfons refiding in faid Diffrict, and who have been warned by the Select-1 Men of faid Hadley, to depart faid Town, shall be understood as hereby exempted from any Process they would have been exposed to, if this Act had not been made.

Meeting to be

and be it further enacted, That Eleazer Porter, Efq; be and hereby is impowered to iffue his Warrant directed to some principal Inhabitant in faid Diffrict, requiring him to notify the Inhabitants of faid Diffrict. to meet at fuch Time and Place as he shall appoint, to chuse all such, Officers as by Law they are impowred to chuse for conducting the Affairs of faid District.

#### CHAP. XI.

An Act for annexing certain Lands within this Province to the Counties of Hamphire, Worcester and York.

And E it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and boule of Representatives, That all the Lands within this annexed to the Province, not belonging to any particular County, and lying Westward of Connecticut-River, and from said River to the utmost Western Bounds of the Province, be and hereby are annexed to the County of Hampsbire:

To the County of Worcefter.

Province Province

Lands to be

County of

Hampsbire.

and be it further enacted. That all the Lands within this Province adjoining to the County of Worcester, and not laid to any other County; be and hereby are annexed to the County of Worcester.

Ind be it further enafted, That all the Lands within this Province, lying Eastward of the Province of New-Hampskire, be and hereby are annexed to the County of York.

To the County of York.

BOSTON: Printed and Sold by S. Breeland and T. Green, by Order of His Honour the Lieutenant Governour, Council and House of Representatives. 1753.

### Proprietors Deetings.

1753. 439



## Acts and Laws,

Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England: Begun and held at Boston in the County of Suffolk, upon Wednesday the thirtieth Day of May, 1 7 5 3.

CHAP. I.

An Act in Addition to an Act Intitled An Act directing how Meetings of Proprietors of Lands lying in common may be called.

HEREAS there are fundry Trasts of common and undivided Lands in Preamble. this Province lying within no Township or Precinst, which are owned by considerable Numbers of Proprietors, and no effectual Provision bas as yet been made by Law, either for calling Meetings of the Proprietors of fuch Lands, or for the raising and collecting Moneys granted for the common Good and Service of such Proprietors; whereby the Settlement and Improvement of such Lands bave been much obstructed and delayed:

Be it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council Method of and house of Representatives. That whensever five, (where there are so prictors Meetmany) or the major Part of the Owners or Proprietors of such common ings. Lands (where the Number shall be less) shall judge it expedient to have a Meering of the Proprietors thereof, and shall thereupon by Writing apply by Petition to any Justice of the Peace for the County wherein such their Lands at aforesaid lie, or to a Justice of the Peace thro' this Province, to call a Meeting of any fuch Proprietors as aforefaid, to behad at fuch Time and Place and on fuch Occasions as shall be expressed in such Petition, such Justice so applied unto, is hereby authorized and directed to grant and iffue out his Warrant directed to one of the Proprietors defiring fuch Meeting or to the Clerk of fuch Propriety (if there be one) requiring him to notify and warn. the other Proprietors of fuch common Lands to meet and affemble together . at the Time and Place appointed therefor as aforefaid; which Notice and Warning shall be given by advertising the same, with the Time Place and Occasions of Meeting, in the several Boston Weekly News-Papers forty Days at least before the Day appointed for such Meeting; and such Pro-Ffff prietors

faid Proprie-

tors in their

Meetings.

#### 440

Powers of the prietors may by themselves or their lawful Attorneys at such Meeting appoint fuch a Method for calling their Meetings for the future as they shall judge most convenient, which shall always be under the same Regulations as all other Proprietary Meetings are, and may chuse a Clerk and such other Officers as are usually chosen by other Proprieties, then and from Time to Time as their Occasions shall require, and may transact and pass upon any other Matters and Affairs for the Benefit of such Propriety, which the Proptietors of new Townships or Plantations granted by this Government are by Law enabled to do, provided fuch Matters be mentioned in the Notifications for fuchMeetings; and fuchClerk being duly fworn as the Clerks of other Proprieties by Law ought to be, shall have the like Power with them.

To raise Moneys for the Use of the Propriety.

and be it further enacted, That such Proprietors at any of their Meetings pursuant to this Act, may by themselves or their lawful Attorneys, grant and order any fuitable Sum or Sums of Money to be raifed and levied upon their feveral Rights in fuch Lands equally and rateably according to their respective Interests and Shares therein, for bringing forward and compleating the Settlement of fuch common Lands, and for the Profecution or defending any Law Suits for or against such Proprietors, and for carrying on and managing any other Affairs for the common Good of fuch Proprieties; and every fuch Proprietor as shall neglect to pay to the Cole lector or Treasurer or Committee of such Propriety such Sum or Sums of Money as shall from Time to Time be duly granted and voted to be raised and levied upon his Right and Share in fuch Lands for the Space of fix Months to those who live in the Province, and twelve Months to those who live out of the Province, after fuch Grant and his Proportion thereof shall be published in the several publick Prints as aforesaid, then the Committee of the Proprietors of fuch common Lands, or the major Part of fuch Committee may and are hereby tully impowered from Time to Time at a publick Vendue to fell and convey away fo much of fuch delinquent Proprietors Right or Share in faid common Lands, as will be fufficient to pay and fatisfy his Tax or Proportion of fuch Grant, and all reasonable Charges attending fuch Sale, to any Person that will give most for the same; Notice of fuch Sale being given in the faid Prints forty Days at least before Hand, and may accordingly execute and give a good Deed or Deeds of Conveyance of the Lands fo fold, unto the Purchaser thereof, to hold in Fee Simple.

And to make Sale of the Lands of the Delinquents.

Proviso.

Provided nevertheless, that the Proprietor or Proprietors whose Right or Share in fuch Lands shall be so sold, shall have Liberty to redeem the same in twelve Months after faid Sale, by paying the Sum the Land fold for and Charges, together with the further Sum of twelve Pounds for each Hundred Pounds produced by fuch Sale; and fo pro rata for any less or greater Sum.

#### CHAP. II.

An Act for erecting the Township of New-Salem, so called, in the County of Hampshire, into a District.

New-Salem conflituted a Diffrict.

Powers thereof:

I C it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and boule of Representatives, That the faid Township of New-Salem, with the Additional Grant made to faid Township, be and hereby is erected into a District by the Name of New Salem; and that the faid District be and hereby is invested with all the Privileges, Powers and Immunities that Towns in this Province by Law do or may enjoy, that of fending a Representative to the General Assembly only excepted; and the Inhabitants

#### Greenfield a Diaria.

Inhabitants of faid Diffrict shall have full Power and Right from Time to Tojoin with Time (until the further Order of this Court) to join with the Town of Sun-Choice of a derland in the Choice of a Representative; and that the said District shall Representafrom Time to Time pay their proportionable Part of the Expence of fuch tive. Representative, according to their respective Proportions of the Province Tax; and that the faid Town of Sunderland as often as they shall call a Meeting for the Choice of a Representative, shall give seasonable Notice to the Clerk of faid District for the Time being of the Time and Place of holding such Meeting, to the End that faid District may join them therein: And the Clerk of faid District shall set up in some publick Place in faid District a Notification thereof accordingly.

and be it sutther enacted. That all the Lands in faid District be Lands to be taxed one Penny per Acre for the Space of three Years; and that the Motaxed there. nies thereby raifed shall be employed in finishing the Meeting House, repairing Roads, and for defreying other publick Charges in faid Diffriet.

Provided nevertheless, That nothing contained in this Act shall be un- Proviso. destood to superscede the Order of this Court in April last, respecting the Province, their taking Possession of all forfeited Grants after the Time limitted in faid Order.

And be it further enacted, That Eleazer Porter, Efq, be and hereby Meeting to be is impowered to iffue his Warrant directed to fome principal Inhabitant in called. faid District, requiring him to notify the Inhabitants of faid District to meet at fuch Time and Place as he shall appoint to chuse all such Officers as by Law they are impowred to chuse for conducting the Affairs of said Diffrict.

#### CHAP. III.

## An Act for erecting the North Easterly Part of the Town of Deerfield into a seperate District.

E it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Bounds of the Doule of Representatives, That the North-Easterly Part of the District of Town of Deerfield, bounding South by the Line called the Eight Greenfield. Thousand Acre Line, to run from Connecticut-River West to the West End of the first Tier of Lots, which lie West of the seven Mile Line, so called, from thence North nineteen Degrees East to the North Side of the Town Bounds, thence East on the Town Line to Connecticut-River, thence on faid River to the first mentioned Bounds; be and hereby is erected into a seperate District by the Name of Greenfield; and that the said District be and hereby is invested with all the Privileges, Powers and Immunities that Towns Powers therein this Province do or may enjoy, that of fending a Representative to the of. General Court only excepted; and that the Inhabitants of faid Diffrict shall have full Power and Right from Time to Time to join with the faid Town of Deerfield in the Choice of a Representative or Representatives (who may be chosen either in the Town or District) in which Choice they shall enjoy To join with all the Privileges which by Law they would have been intitled to, if this Act Deerfield in had not been made; and that the faid District shall from Time to Time fending a Repay their proportionable Part of the Expence of fuch Representative or Representatives, according to their respective Proportions of the Province Tax, and that the faid Town of Deerfield as often as they shall call a Meeting for the Choice of a Representative, shall give seasonable Notice to the

#### Greenfield a District.

Clerk of faid Diffrict for the Time being of the Time and Place of holding fuch Meeting, to the End that faid District may join them therein; and the Clerk of faid Diftrict shall fet up in some publick Place in faid Diftrict a Notification thereof accordingly, or otherwife give feafonable Notice as the District shall determine.

Proviso.

Provided neverthelefs, and be it further enacted, That the faid District shall pay their Proportion of all Town, County, and Province Taxes already fet on or granted to be raifed by faid Town, as if this Act had not been made.

Cheapfide Land.

Meeting

House.

and be it further enacted. That the Lands in a certain Interval or Meadow called Cheap fide, which do now belong to Timothy Childs, Jun. and David Wells, shall pay their Taxes to faid District so long as they are owned by any Perfons living within faid Diftrict.

Provided also, and be it further enacted, That the first Meeting Place of the House in said District shall be fet up at a Place called the Trap-Plain, where the Committee of the Town of Deerfield have fixed a White Oak Stake.

Unimproved Lands to be taxed for the Ministry &c.

Provided also, and be it further enacted, That a Tax of one Penny Farthing per Acre be levied upon the unimproved allotted Lands in faid District fo foon as the Frame of a Meeting House is erected at the aforesaid Place; and also a further Tax of one Penny Farthing per Acre upon faid unimproved Lands fo foon as a Minister is settled within saidDistrict, which Taxes are to be employed for building faid Meeting House and settling and

supporting a Minister.

Provifo.

Provided nevertheless, and be it further enacted, That the Nonrefident Proprietors of Lands in faid Diffrict shall be allowed to vote in the Meetings of faid Diffrict with Regard to building a Meeting House, and also with Regard to the Salary and Settlement that shall be given to a Minister.

Proviso.

Provided also, that the faid District shall have the Improvement of one Half of the sequestred Lands on the North Side of Deersteld-River, until there thall be another Diffrict or Parish made out of the faid Town of Deer field.

Propertion of Province and County Tax.

Provided alfo, and be it further enacted, That the faid Diffriet shall hereafter pay the fame proportionable Part of all County and Province Taxes that shall be laid on the Town of Deerfield as there was levied on the Polls and rateable Estate within the Limits of said District for the last Tax, until this Court shall otherwise order, or set out their Proportions.

Proviso about Poor warned to depart.

Provided also, and be it further enacted, That no poor Person or Perfons residing in taid District, and who have been warned by the Select-Men of faid Deerfield to depart faid Town, shall be understood as hereby exempted from any Process they would have been expos'd to if this Act had not been made.

and be it further enacted, That Elijah William, Efq; be and hereby District Meet- is impowred to iffue his Warrant directed to some principal Inhabitant of ing to be call- faid District to meet at such Time and Place as he shall appoint, to choose all fuch Officers as by Law they are impowered to choose for conducting the Affairs of faid District.

#### Newcastle a District.

CHAP. IV.

An Act for erecting a Place called Sheepscot, in the County of York, into a District, by the Name of Newcastle.

W HEREAS it bath been represented to this Court that the Inhabitants of Preamble. Sheepscot aforesaid, labour under Difficulties by Reason of their not being incorporated into a District.

Be it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and bouse of Representatives, That the said Place or Plantation called Sheepston, Newcossile with the Inhabitants thereon, be and hereby is erected into a District by Constituted a the Name of Newcossile, bounding as following, Beginning at the Narrows called Sheepscot Narrows, at the upper End of Wiscasset-Bay, and so extending from the Narrows up the faid River eight Miles, from thence South-East to Damariscotta-River, and to extend down said River eight Miles, and from thence Powers thereto run to Sheepscot-River, at the Place first mentioned; and that the said of, District be and hereby is invested with all the Privileges, Powers and Immunities that Towns in this Province by Law do or may enjoy, that of fending a Representative to the General Assembly only excepted.

and be it further enacted, That the Affelsment made by the Select-Affeliment for Men chosen by the said Inhabitants for the Year One Thousand seven Hun- 1751, condred and fifty one, be confirmed, and that the Conftable or Collector chosen firmed. for the same Year by faid Inhabitants who have collected some Part of faid Affessment, be and hereby are impowered and directed to finish their Collection, and pay it according to the Direction of their Warrant and the bleect-Men who shall be chosen by said Inhabitants for the Year One Thoufand seven Hundred and fifty three, be and hereby are directed and impowred Inhabitants to forthwith to affels on the faid Inhabitants and their Estates, the Sum set upon be taxed. them in the Province Tax Anno Domini One Thousand seven Hundred and fifty two, and that the Constable or Constables or Collectors who shall be chosen for the Year One Thousand seven Hundred and fifty three, be and hereby are impowred and directed to collect the fame, and pay it into the Province Treafury as foon as may be.

And be it further enacted, That Mr. James Cargill be and hereby Meeting to be is impowred to notify and warn the Inhabitants of faid District qualified by called, Law to vote in Town Affairs, to meet at fuch Time and Place as he shall appoint, to chuse all such Officers as shall be necessary to manage the Affairs of faid District.



BOSTON: Printed and Sold by S. Breeland and I. Green, by Order of His Honour the Lieut. Governour, Council and House of Representatives. 1 7 5 3.



A STATE OF THE STA



# n Act

Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts Bay, in New England: Begun and held at Boston, in the County of Suffolk, upon Wednesday the thirtieth Day of May 1753. and continued by Prorogations to Wednesday the fifth Day of September following, and then met.

#### CHAP. V.

An Act for fetting off the Inhabitants as also Estates of the Proprietors of that Part of the Precinct of Salem and Beverly (fo called) which is Part of Salem, to the Town of Beverly.

BE it enacted by the Governour, Council and House of Rebivers Inhabivers Inhathe Estates of the Proprietors of that Part of said Precinct which Beverly. is Part of Salem by the same Bounds as it was heretofore set off to make the Precinct of Salem and Beverly, be and hereby are fet off and annexed to the Town of Beverly, and made Part and Parcel thereof, to do Duty and receive Privileges therein for the future with the rest of the Inhabitants of the faid Town of Beverly.

Be it further enacted, That the Sum of thirteen Pounds six Shillings Money to be and eight Pence allowed by the Town of Salem to the aforesaid Inhabitants paid by Salem and Proprietors, agreable to the Vote of faid Town on the nineteenth Day to Beverly. of March last, shall be paid into the Treasury of the Town of Beverly, for the Use and Service of said Town.

Be it further enacted, That one tenth Part of the Province Tax, Part of Salem, which according to the last Valuation was set upon the Town of Salem, Tax set to Beschall hereaster be taken off from the Town of Salem, and laid upon the wirk.

### 446 Salem and Beverly Inhabitants.

Town of Beverly: And the Treasurer of the Town of Beverly shall pay into the Treasury of the Town of Salem one tenth Part likewise of the Sum of the Province Tax set on the Town of Salem the current Year, being the said Inhabitants and Proprietors Proportion of said Tax.

Charge of High-Ways to be born by Beverly.

And be it further enacted. That all Charges for repairing the Highyay in Salem Part of faid Precinct, or otherwise fince the nineteenth Day
of March laft, fhall be borne and paid by the Town of Beverly, and affested
on the Estates and Inhabitants there accordingly: And the Inhabitants of
that Part of said Precinct shall be exempted from paying any Taxes in the
Town of Salem for Province, County, or Town Charges, from and after
the said nineteenth Day of March last.

CHECKE CONTROL 
BOSTO N: Printed and Sold by S. Enceland and T. Green, by Order of the Governour, Council and House of Representatives. 1753.

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Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England: Begun and held at Boston in the County of Suffolk, upon the thirtieth of May 1753, and from thence continued by Prorogations to Tuesday the fourth Day of December, 1 7 5 3.

#### CHAP. VL

An Act to incorporate William Starkey, and others, by the Name of the Marine-Society.

PHEREAS a confiderable Number of Persons that are or have been Preamble.

Masters of Vessels, have for many Years past associated themselves in the Town of Boston, and the principal Ends of Said Society are to improve the Knowledge of this Coast by their several Members upon their Arrival from Sea communicating their Observations Inwards and Outwards of the Variation of the Needle, the Soundings, Courses and Distances, and all other remarkable Things about it in Writing, to be lodged with the Society to make the Navigation more safe, and to relieve one another and their Families in Poverty or other Accidents in Life, which they are more particularly liable to ; and for this End they have raifed a confiderable common Stock, out of which they have from Time to Time contributed largely to the aforefaid Purposes; and finding themselves under Difficulties and Discouragements in preserving the Designs of their Institution without an Incorporation, have by their Committee petitioned to this Court to be incorporated for the aforesaid Purposes; And whereas their Intention appears laudable and deserving Encouragement;

Be it therefore enacted by the Governour, Council and bouse Names of the of Representatives, That William Starkey, Edward Cabill, Isaac Freeman, Names of the Richard Humphrys, Edward Fryer, Moses Bennet, Jonathan Clarke, John Marineseity. Cullom, Joseph Prince, John Graham, Abraham Remmick, James Collingwood, John Church, Malachia Salter, John Cowley, John Jones, William Ellery, Adam Mc Neale, Thomas Oliver, Joshua Loring, Richard Wait, Nathaniel Howland, Francis Wells, Efq; Abraham Hammett, Francis Ingraham, Samuel Coverly, . William Sharrad, Roger Passmore, MatthewWest, Thomas Allison, WilliamOrne,

### Marine Hociety.

James Hodges, Jonathan Bennet, Jonathan Fuller, Jeremiah Rogers, William Hutchinson, Benjamin Hallowell, Jun. Joseph Inches, James Gould, SimonTufts, SamuelTufts, GilesTidmarsh, LewisTurner, Samuel Wells, William Ward, Daniel McCarty, Job Prince, James Hatch, Waffe Rand, Charles Giles, Peter Oliver, William Rhodes, David Baschard, William Eggleston, George Briggs, John Bradsord, John Catheart, Christopher Gardner, Henry Aitken, James Clarke, Joseph Dummet, Thomas Auston, James Belson, William Gowen, Nebemiah Robbins, Henry Bethune, James Clouston, Jonathan Waldo, William Coffin, Andrew Craige, Samuel Gallop, Nathanael Patten, Richard Mower, Jonathan Snelling, Philip Lewis, William Bathaw, James Kirkwood, William Gorden, Thomas Mitchell, Thomas Potts, John Phillips, John Simpson, Jun. Abraham Francis, Patrick James, NathanaelWilliams, Thomas Adams, John Gaffney, Edward Emerjon, Joseph Trout, the Members of faid Society, be incorporated and made a Body Politick for the aforesaid Purposes, by the Name of the Marine-Society at Boston in New-Marine Society England; and that they, their Affociates and Succeffors, have perpetual Succeffion by faid Name, and have a Power of making By-Laws, for the Prefervation and Advancement of faid Body not repugnant to the Laws of the Government with Penalties either of Disfranchisement from faid Society. or of a Mulct not exceeding Twenty Shillings, or without Penalties as it shall feem most meet, and have Licence to make and appoint their common Seal; and be liable to be fued, and enabled to fue, and make Purchases. and take Donations of Real and Personal Estates for the Purposes aforesaid. not exceeding the Sum of FiveHundred Pounds per Annum, and to manage and dispose saidEstate as shall seem sit; and said Society shall have aMaster. Deputy-Master, Treasurer and Clerk, and other Officers they shall think

in Bofton incorporated.

Regulation of cheirMeetings first, second, third and fourth Tuesdays of February next, assemble to ap-

afted.

proper.

point their first Master, Deputy-Master, Treasurer and Clerk, and other Officers they shall think proper, and their Seal, and make By-Laws; and faid Officers shall continue till the first Tuesday in November next, on which Day the faid Marine-Society shall meet and annually afterwards on faid Day of the Month of November at Boston, to chuse a Master, Deputy-Matter, Treasurer and Clerk, and other Officers they shall think proper, Matters to be and to make, alter and annul their By-Laws; and if by Reason of any therein trans- Emergency the Buliness of said annual Assembly cannot be compleated on the faidDay, they may adjourn once to a short Day to finish it, and no more; and faid Society shall meet at faid Boston on the first Tuesday of every Month for all other Bufinels; and when ever any of the Officers of faid Society shall die or be disabled or remove out of the Government, others shall be appointed or elected in their Room at the next Meeting; And all Instruments which said Society shall lawfully make, shall when in the Name of faid Society and pursuant to the Votes thereof, and figned and delivered by the Master, Deputy-Master, Treasurer and Clerk, and such other Officers and Persons as the said Society shall appoint, and sealed with their common Seal, bind faid Society and be valid in Law; and the Commander in Chief

of this Province is hereby authorized to give a Charter of Incorporation

under the Province Seal to the aforenamed Persons and their Associates

and be it further enacted, That the faid Marine-Society shall on the

The Governour impowred to grant a Charter.

accordingly.

is you Ern. " Jonail "a . arke, reel w. John , ones, William Thony, Adam ett, Iranes , grabam, wel County, . w.ec. cetherwifeft, " mas Alife: " Hisan Orme,

CHAP.

CHAP. VII.

An Act in Addition to an Act entitled An Act impowering Justices of the Peace to decide Differences not exceeding Forty Shillings.

THERE AS in and by an Ast made and passed in the ninth Year of his late Majesty King William the Third, impowering Justices of the Peace to Preamble. decide Differences not exceeding Forty Shillings; it is among other Things provided, that all Justices skall keep fair Records of all their Proceedings from Time to Time ; but no Provision is therein made in Case of a Justice's Death for executing a Judgment given and recorded by him, which remains un-

fatisfied at the Time of bis Decease :

Be it therefore enacted by the Governour, Council and House Writ of Scire of Representatives, That where Judgment is or shall be given by a Facias to be Justice of the Peace in any Civil Action of which by Law he had Cogni- iffued on the zance, and a fair Record thereof made by him; if the fame remains unfa- Judgment of tisfied at the Time of his Decease, it shall and may be lawful for any a deceased Justice of the Peace of the same County (upon Application made to him Justice. by the Party who recovered the Judgment) to iffue out a Writ of ·Scire Facias thereon, returnable to himself in seven Days; and upon the Debtor's Default of Appearance, or not shewing just Cause to the contrary, the same Justice may award Execution of such Judgment, returnable to himself in thirty Days, and likewise award reasonable Costs on the Scire Facias; provided that no Writ of Scire Facias thall be granted as aforesaid. unless Application be made therefor within twelve Months after the Decease of the Justice before whom the Judgment was recovered.

and he it further enacted, That any Person who hath in his or her Persons have keeping the Records of a deceased Justice (being requested by the Party ing such Judgwho hath a Judgment there entered as aforefaid, and being tendered a rea- ments in who hath a Judgment there entered as anotation, and being tendered a feeping from the found for his or her Time and Trouble) fhall without Delay deliver an attested Copy of such Records to the Person requesting the same, which attested Copy of such Records to the Person requesting the same, which Copy certified on Oath, shall be received and accounted fas sufficient Evidence, as if the Justice was then living; And if he or she shall neglect it by the Space of three Days, he or the shall for his or her Neglect forfeit the Penalty for Neglect or Sum of Three Pounds, to the Use of the Party aggrieved, to be by him re- Refusal.

covered in an Action of Debt in any of his Majesty's Courts of Record. And whereas in and by an All made and paffed in the second Year of the

Reign of ber late Majesty Queen Anne, entitled An Act relating to Executors and Administrators, Provision is made in Case of Waste for awarding Execution against an Executor or Administrator of his own proper Goods or - Estate on a Scire Facias to be iffued out of the Clerk's Office of the Same Court, where Judgment has been recovered against the Estate of a Testator or Intestate, but no Provision bath been made in like Cases cognizable before a Justice of the

Peace :

C 14 . 1 P.

Be it therefore further enacted, That in all fuch Cases, it Justices of shall and may be lawful for a Justice of the Peace to issue out a Writ of Peace im-Scire Facias, and award Execution thereupon in like Manner as may be iffue fuch done in any Court of Record, by Vertue of the Provision in the Act last Writs of mentioned.

Scire Facias.

Warrant of

ges on the Division of

Estates.

Proviso.

Superiour

fy Persons

divided.

#### Partition of Lands. Town Officers.

C H A.P. VIII.

An Act for the more easy recovering the Charges that attend the Partition and Settlement of Real Estate, and to cause the Persons interested in such Estates to be duly notified before Partition be ordered.

HEREAS it sometimes happens that some of the Persons interested in real Estates refuse to pay their rateable Proportion of the necessary Charge

which attends the dividing or fettling the same :

Be it therefore enacted by the Governour, Council and House of Distress to be Representatives, That when and fo often as Partition shall be made of any iffued on Perreal Estate by the Rules of the Common Law, and when and so often as fons refufing any real Estate shall be settled or divided, agreable to the special Provision to pay Charmade by the Laws of this Province, in any and every fuch Cafe when any one or more of the Parties interested shall neglect or refuse to pay their just Proportion of the Charge which may attend fuch Division or Settlement, it shall and may be lawful for the Court by which such Division or Settlement shall be made, to issue forth a Warrant of Distress against any Delinquent or Delinquents interested as aforesaid.

Provided, an Account of fuch Charge be first laid before the faid Court, and the just Proportion of the Persons interested settled and allowed, they having been duly notified to be present at such Settlement or Allowance, if

they fee Cause.

and be it further enacted, That when and fo often as any Petition Court to noti- shall be prefer'd to the Justices of the Superiour Court to order Partition of any real Estate held in common and undivided, the said Justices shall not concerned beforeEstates be proceed to order such Partition until it shall be made appear to them that the feveral Persons interested in such Estate, and living within this Province, or the Attorneys of fuch as are absent and have Attorneys residing within this Province, have been duly notified of fuch Petition, and have had Opportunity to make their Exception to the granting the fame.

CHAP. IX.

An Act in Addition to an Act made in the fifth Year of her late Majesty Queen Anne, entitled, An Act for a new Choice of Town

Officers on special Occasions.

Preamble.

THEREAS in and by Said Ast it is provided, that in Case of the Nonacceptance, Death or Removal of any Person chosen to Office in any of the Towns in this Province, at their annual Meeting in March, the faid Towns may upon due Warning given and Notice of the Occasion, chuse any Officer or Officers to fill up fuch Vacancy, but by faid Ast no Provision is made respecting Precinets, from which Inconveniencies have often happened:

Precincts to have the fame Power in chufing Officers

Be it therefore enafted by the Governour, Council and House of Representatives, That from and after the tenth Day of January next, the feveral Precincts within this Province shall have and enjoy the same Towns have. Power and Privileges in the chufing any Officer or Officers where fuch Vacancy happens in them, as Towns by Law are invested with.

CHAP.

# Counterfeiting Money. Granville a District.

CHAP X.

An Act in Addition to an Act entitled An Act against diminishing or counterfeiting Money.

HEREAS in and by an Ast made and passed in the twenty third Year of Preamble. W bis present Mejesby's Reign, entitled, 'An Act against diminishing or counterfeiting Money," it is among other Things provided, that when any Person shall be convisted of any of the Offences therein mentioned at the Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery; every fuch Person shall be fined at the Discretion of the said Court; And whereas it sometimes happens that such Offender is not able to pay the adjudged Fine, or so

much as the Costs of Prosecution:

Be it enacted by the Governour, Council and House of Repre-230 it enacted by the Courtifulty, Whilith and Bothle of Burpher Persons conticted by That when any Person shall be convicted as a forefaid, and thereupon sentenced by the said Court to pay a Fine, if such Offender shall counterfeing be unable, or shall refuse to pay the same, together with the Costs of Pro- ordininishing secution, the Sheriff of the County where such Offender shall have been so Money to be convicted, shall be and hereby is impowred to dispose of faid Offender in Case. Service to any of his Majesty's Subjects for such Term as shall be assigned by the Court aforesaid, not exceeding the Space of ten Years; And the Sheriff shall pay the Money thereby raised into the publick Treasury, having first deducted so much as shall be necessary to pay the Cost of Prosecution.

CHAP. XI.

An Act for incorporating the Plantation called Bedford in the County of Hampshire into a seperate District by the Name of Granville.

NHEREAS it is represented to this Court, that the Inhabitants of Said Plantation labour under great Difficulties and Inconveniencies by Reason Preamble. of their not being invested with the Privileges of a District : Therefore,

Be it enacted by the Governour, Council and House of Reprefentatives, That the whole of the Tract of Land in the County of Hampsbire, called Bedford, bounding as follows, viz. Beginning at a large Granville Heap of Stones at the South East Corner of faid Tract, on the Line of the Diffrict. Colony of Connecticut, thence running North 10 Degrees, East 448 Perch, to a Pine Tree marked, thence North 17 Degrees, West 90 Perch, thence North 160 Perch, thence North 35 Degrees, East 123 Perch, thenceNorth 24 Degrees, East 210 Perch, to a Heap of Stones over Man's Brook; thence North 4 Degrees, East 200 Perch, to a Heap of Stones with a Chesnut Staddle marked, thence North 11 Degrees, West 164 Perch, to a large Heap of Stones, thence North 200 Perch, to the North East Corner of the faid Tract, being two small Chesnut Staddles, marked with Stones about them; from thence West 22 Degrees, North 916 Perch on Westfield Line, to the South East Corner of Blanford, being a Birch Tree marked on the Bank of a Brook, thence on faid Blanford Line West 20 Degrees, North 2240 Perch to the South West Corner of said Blanford, thence the same Course 660 Perch, to a Hemlock Tree marked with Stones about it on the West Branch of Farmington River, and is the North West Corner of faid Tract, from thence bounding on faid West Branch of Farmington River, as the fame runs to a great Hemlock Tree at the Colony Line, being the South West Corner of said Tract, from thence on the said Colony Line East 9 Degrees, South 3220 Perch to the first Station; be and hereby is erected into a distinct and seperate District by the Name of Granville.

And

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## Montague a District.

Privileges.

And that the Inhabitants thereof be and hereby are invefted with all the Powers, Privileges and Immunities that Towns in this Province by Law do or may enjoy, that of fending a Representative to represent them at this Court only excepted.

Provifo.

Provided that nothing in this Act shall be understood or so construed as in any Manner to superceed or make void any Order or Orders of this Court now in Force respecting the Method of making Assessments within faid Plantation; but that the fame shall remain and be as effectual as if this A & had not been made.

Power for callingaMeet-

and be it further enasted, That John Worthington, Esq; be and hereby is impowred to iffue his Warrant to some principal Inhabitant of the faid Plantation, requiring him in his Majesty's Name to warn and notify the faid Inhabitants qualified by Law to vote in Town Affairs, that they meet together at such Time and Place in faid Plantation as by faid Warrant shall be appointed, to chuse such Officers as may be necessary to manage the Affairs of faid District, and the faid Inhabitants being so met, shall be and hereby are impowred to chuse such Officers accordingly.

#### CHAP. XII.

An Act for erecting the North Parish in the Town of Sunderland into a seperate District

by the Name of Montague.

Bounds of Montague District.

E it enacted by the Sovernour, Council and Bouse of Representatives, That the faidNorth Parish in Sunderland, bounding as follows; To begin at Connetticut River twenty Rods North of the Mouth of Slate-Stone Brook, from thence East to the East Side of the TownBounds, thence on the Line of the faid Town to the North East Corner of the Town Bounds, and from thence North to Millers River, from thence Westerly by Millers River to the Mouth thereof where it enters into Connecticut River, and from thence by Connecticut River, unto the first mentioned Bounds; be and hereby is erected into a seperateDistrict by theName of Montague; and that the faid Diffrict be and hereby is invefted with all the Privileges, Powers and Immunities that Towns in this Province by Law do or may enjoy, that of fending aRepresentative to the General Assembly only excepted; and that the Inhabitants of faid District shall have full Power and Right from Time to Time to join with the faid Town of Sunderland in the Choice of a Representative, in which Choice they shall enjoy all the Privileges which by Law they would have been entitled to, if this Act had not been made, and that the faid District shall from Time to Time pay their proportionable Part of the Expence of fuch Representative, according to their respective Proportions of the Province Tax; and that the faid Town of Sunderland as often as they shall call a Meeting for the Choice of a Representative shall give seasonable Notice to the Clerk of faid Diffrict for the Time being, of the Time and Place of holding fuch Meeting, to the End that the faid District may join them therein; and the Clerk of faid District shall set up in some publick Place

Privileges.

in faid Diffrict a Notification thereof accordingly. Provided nevertheless, and be it surther enacted, That the said District shall pay their Proportion of all Town, County and Province Taxes already fet or granted to be raifed on faid Town, as if this Act had not been made.

Proviso.

and be it further enacted, That Elijah Williams, Esq; be and hereby Powerfor cal- is impowred to iffue his Warrant to some principal Inhabitant in faid District, requiring him to notify and warn the Inhabitants of faid Diffrict qualified by Law to vote in Town Affairs to meet at such Time and Place as shall be therein fet forth, to chuse all such Officers as shall be necessary to manage the Affairs of faid District.

ling a Meeting.

> BOSTON: Printed and Sold by S. Kneeland and T. Green, by Order of His Excellency the Governour, Council and House of Representatives. 1754.

### Writs and Processes Confirmed.



# Acts and Laws,

Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay, in New-England: Begun and held at Boston, in the Country of Sassol, upon Wednesday the thirtieth Day of May 1753, and continued by Prorogations to Wednesday the twenty-feventh Day of March following, and then met.

#### CHAP. XIII.

An Act for establishing and confirming divers Writs and Processes issued out of the Office of the Clerk of the Inferiour Court of Comman Pleas for the County of Essex, since the twenty-fourth Day of January last, so far as relates to the Teste which such Writs and Processes bear.

HEREAS in and by an Ast paffed in the thirteenth Year of King Wil- Preamble. liam the Third, Intilled, An Act preferibing Forms of Writs in Civil Causes, it is among other Things provided, That all Original or Judicial Processes or Writs issuing out of the Clerk's, Office of the Inferiour Court of Common Pleas, shall bear Teste of the first Justice named in the Commission for holding such Court, and upon any Vacancy by his Death or Removal, then of the Justice next named in the saidCommission for the Time being: And whereas on the twenty fifth Day of January 1754, upon the Resignation of Timothy Lindall, Esq. sinst Justice of the Inferiour Court of Common Pleas, for the County of Esiex, Henry Gibbs, Esq. was Commissioned to be one of the Justices of the said Court in the Room and Stead of the said Timothy Lindall; notwithstanding which, divers Processes and Writs have issued out of the Office of the Clerk of the said Court, dated on or since the said twenty still Day of January, tearing the Teste of the said Timothy Lindall, whilst others have bourn the Teste of Thomas Berry, Esq. the next eldest Justice in the Commission for the said Court, as by Lave they ought to do: Wherefore,

For

### Alteration of Courts.

For removing all Exceptions against the Validity of such Processes and Writs bearing the Teste of Timothy Lindall so far as relates to the said Teste:

Writs &c. bearing Tefte Efq; in Effex confirmed.

Be it enacted by the Governour, Council and Doule of Represensentatives, That all Writs and Processes whatsoever, at any Time iffued from the Office of the Clerk of the Inferiour Court of Common Pleas for the County of Effex, and dated fince the twenty-fourth Day of Inferior Court January 1754, bearing the Teste of Timothy Lindall, Esq. late first Justice of faid Court, shall be deemed, and they are hereby declared to be to all Intents and Purposes whatsoever as valid and effectual in Law as if said Writs and Processes had bore the Teste of Thomas Berry, Esq; the next Justice in Commission for faid Court, as according to the true Intent and Meaning of the aforefaid Act of the thirteenth of King William the third, they should and ought to have done.

CHAP. XIV.

An Act for altering the Times appointed for holding the Superiour Court of Judicature Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery within and for the Counties of Effex and York, and also for altering some of the Courts of General Sessions of the Peace and Inferiour Courts of Common Pleas within and for the Counties of Plymouth, Barnstable and York.

Preamble.

THEREAS the Times by Law appointed for holding the Superiour Court of Judicature Court of Assize and General Goal Delivery at Ipswich within and for the County of Effex, and at York within and for the County of York, and the holding the Courts of General Sessions of the Peace, and the Inferiour Court of Common Pleas the third Tuesday of September, within and for the County of Plimouth; and the helding the Courts of General Sessions of the Peace and the Inferiour Courts of Common Pleas on the last Tuefday of June, the third Tuesday of October, and the third Tuesday of January, within and for the County of Barnstable; and the holding the Court of General Sessions of the Peace and the Inferiour Court of Common Pleas within and for the County of York on the first Tuesday of July, are found inconvenient :

Superior Court in Effex and York Countys alter'd.

Be it therefore enacted by the Governour, Council and House of Representatives, That the Time for holding the Superiour Court of JudicatureCourt of Affize andGeneralGoalDelivery at Ip/wich for theCounty of Effex, shall henceforth be the second Tuesday of June annually; and the Time for holding the faidCourt at York for the County of York shall henceforth be the third Tuesday of June annually; And the Time for holding the Court of General Sessions of the Peace and the Inferiour Court of Common Pleas within and for the County of Plymouth, shall henceforth be the last Tuesday of September annually; and the Times for holding the faid Courts of General Sessions of the Peace and the Inferiour Courts of Common Pleas within and for the faid County of Barnstable, shall henceforth be the second Tuesday in May, the third Tuesday in September, and the first Tuesday in December annually; And the Time for holding the Court of General Seffions of the Peace and the Inferiour Court of Common Pleas within and for the County

#### Limitation of Actions.

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ot York, shall henceforth be the second Tuesday of July annually; And all Officers and other Persons concerned are required to conform themselves

accordingly.

Appeals &c. and be it further enacted, That all Appeals, Writs of Review, Re- to the Supericognizances, Warrants and other Processes already issued taken or depend- or Court alcognizances, Warrants and other Florenes already filter taken or depend-ing in the faid Counties of Effew or 70rk, which were to have been returned out for Effex or proceeded on at the Times heretofore appointed by Law for holding the faid Superiour Courts at *Ipfwich* or *York*, shall be valid and stand good to be returned all Intents and Purposes in the Law, and shall be returned and proceeded at the alterd on at the Times appointed by this Act for holding the faid SuperiourCourts Time. respectively.

and be it further enacted, That all Appeals, Writs, Recognizances, Warrants, and other Processes already issued taken or depending in the Writs Appeals faid County of Barnstable, which were to have been returned or proceeded e.e. already upon at the Time heretofore appointed by Law for holding the faid Court iffued for the of General Seffions of the Peace and Inferiour Court of Common Pleas at Inferior Court Barnflable on the laft Tuesday of June, shall be valid and stand good to all for Barnflable and Purposes in the Law, and shall be returned and proceeded on at the contract of the Time appointed by this Act for holding faid Court of General Seffions next Term. of the Peace and Inferiour Court of Common Pleas on the third Tuesday of September next.

and be it further enacted, That all Appeals, Writs, Recognizan- The like for ces, Warrants and other Processes already issued, taken or depending in the the Inferior faid County of York, which were to have been returned or proceeded on at the Time heretofore appointed by Law for holding the faid Court of General Seffions of the Peace and Interiour Court of Common Pleas at York on the first Tuesday of July, shall be valid and stand good to all Intents and Purpofes in the Law, and shall be returned and proceeded on at the Time appointed by this Act for holding faid Court of General Seffions of the Peace and Inferiour Court of Common Pleas on the fecond Tuesday of July next.

#### CHAP. XV.

An Act in further Addition to the Act for Limitation of Actions, and for avoiding Suits in Law, where the Matter is of long Standing.

WHEREAS by a Law of this Province, entitled An Act in further Ad-Preamble. Suits at Law where the Matter is of long Standing, made and paffed in the twenty fifth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, the Time limitted for commencing all Actions of Account and upon the Case, excepting such as are excepted in another Act, Entitled An Act in Addition to and for the Explanation of an Act Intitled An Act for the Limitation of Actions and avoiding Suits at Law where the Matter is of long Standing, made and paffed in the twenty-second Year of his present Majesty's Reign, will expire in September

next: And whereas it is almost impracticable to have such Accounts and Acti- Time contions settled within the Time now limitted by Law for that Purpose:

Be it therefore enacted by the Governour, Council and House mencing Actiof Reprefentatives. That the Time for commencing of Actions of the Ons apon the Cafe, upon Notes of Hand, or upon Book Accounts, limitted by the fail of Hand and Act of the twenty second, or by faid Act made in the twenty-fifth Year of Book Achis present Majesty's Reign, shall be and is hereby extended to the lastDay counts.

nued for com-

# Lincoln a Township.

of March, which will be in the Year of our Lord One Thousand seven Hundred and fifty six; and no Suit hereaster to be brought in such Cases shall be barred, if commenced before the Expiration of said Term.

This Act to] be read in Town Meetings.

And

At the Sessions of the Peace, And that this Law may be more generally known, 15e it further enaces, That the Clerk of every Town and Diffrict within this Province shall read or cause the same to be read in their respective Towns and Districts, at their Anniversary Meetings in March and May annually; And the Justices of the several Courts of Common Pleas within the respective Counties, shall cause the same to be publickly read at the opening of their Courts from Time to Time after the Publication of this Act, and until the last Day of March One Thousand seven Flundred and fifty six.

#### CHAP. XVI.

# An Act for erecting a new Town within the County of Middlefex by the Name of Lincoln.

Preamble.

WHEREAS the Inhabitants of the Easterly Part of Concord, the Southwesterly Part of Lexington, and the Northerly Part of Weston, have addressed this Court, setting forth the many Dissirulities they now labour under, which might be effectually remedied if they were constituted a Township:

A new Town make called Lincoln.

Bounds of

Be it therefore enacted by the Governour, Council and Boufe of Representatives, That the Easterly Part of the faid Town of Concord, the Southwesterly Part of the faid Town of Lexington, and the Northerly Part of the faid Town of Weston, as hereafter fet forth and described, be and hereby are fet off, conflituted and erected into a seperate and distinct Township by the Name of Lincoln: The Bounds of the said Township to be as follows, viz. To begin at Cancord-River where the Line goes over faid River between Concord and Sudbury, and runs down faid River to a Brook that runs out of Well-Meadow (fo called), from thence to the Southeafterly Side of Walden-Pond (fo called), from thence to the Northwesterly Corner of a Lot of Land lately belonging to Daniel Brooks on the South Side of the Country Road, then running Eafterly with the Country Road, (one Half whereof to belong to and be maintained by each Town) until it comes to Joshua Brooks's Tann-House, and from the Northwest Corner of faid Tann-House to the Northwest Corner of John Wheat's Land adjoining to BenjaminWheeler's Land, and thence by faidWheeler's Land to Bedford Line, and by Bedford Line to Concord Corner, adjoining to Lexington, and from thence in a strait Line to a little Bridge in the Country Road a little Westerly of Thomas Nelfon's House, thence to the Top of a little Hill Eastward of Nebemiah Abbot's House, thence to Waltham Northwest Corner including Elisha Cutler's Land, from thence on Waltham Line to the Southwest Corner of John Bemis's Land, thence running South to the South East Corner of Benjamin Brown's Land, thence turning and running Westerly by said Brown's Land to a Stake and Heap of Stones, being the North West Ccrner of Bradyl Smith's Land, thence to a Rock in the Squadron Line a little Northwest of the School-House, thence to the Corner of the Wall on the North Side of Concord Road (fo called) being upon the Division Line between Theophilus Mansfield and Johab Parks, thence running South upon the Division Line between said Mansfield and said Parks to the Squadron Line, thence in the same Course to the Division Line between Nathanael Allen and Ephraim Parks, thence Westerly by the Division Line between faid Allen and faid Parks till it comes to a Town Way, thence Westerly in a strait Line a cross a Corner of said Parks's Land to a Heap of Stones, being a Corner between faid Allen and faid Parks, thence Westerly between faid Allen and the faid Parks, till it comes to Abbot's Meadow,

#### Carlifle a District.

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thence in the same Course to Sudbury Line, and by said Line to the Place first mentioned: And that the Inhabitants of the faid Land as before bounded and described, be and hereby are vested and endowed with the Powers, Priviledges and Immunities that the Inhabitants of any of the Towns within this Province are or ought by Law to be vefted or endowed with.

Provided that the Inhabitants of the faid Town of Lincoln shall pay their Lincoln Inha-Proportion (agreable to what the Inhabitants taken off by the faid Town of bitants to pay Lincoln from the Town of Concord paid in the last Tax) of the Charges that their Propormay hereafter arise in building or repairing of a Bridge or Bridges over the great River in the Town of Concord and the said Town of Lincoln; and also their Proportion of the Charges of maintaining any poor Person or Persons that are now out of the Town of Concord, but by Reason of their former Residence there, may become a Charge to the said Town of Concord.

Provided alfo, and be it further enacted, That the faid feveral Inhabi- Proviso. tants taken from the Towns of Concord, Lexington and Weston by this Act, shall pay their Proportion of all Town, County, Precinct and Province Taxes already afferfied on faid Towns or Precincts, as if this Act had not

and be it further enacted, That James Minot, Efq, be and hereby is directed and impowered to iffue his Warrant to some principal Inhabitant Power for in faid Town of Lincoln, requiring him to notify and warn the Inhabitants Meeting. of the faid Town of Lincoln, qualified by Law to vote in Town Affairs, to meet at fuch Time and Place as shall therein be set forth, to chuse all such Officers as Towns chuse in the Month of March annually, and said Officers shall be enjoined to take the Oaths now required by Law to be taken by Town Officers.

#### CHAP. XVII.

# An Act for dividing the Town of Concord and making a Diffrict of the Northerly Part thereof by the Name of Carlifle.

WHEREAS the Inhabitants of the Northerly Part of the Town of Concord by Reason of their being remote from the Place of the publick Worship of GOD, have petitioned this Court to be jet off a seperate District :

Be it enacted by the Sovernour, Council and House of Repre-Bounds of fentatives, That the Northerly Part of the Town of Concord within the Carlifle following Bounds, viz. Beginning at Concord River at the Mouth of Ralph's Diffrict. Brook (so called) and running Westerly to a white Oak Tree on or by the High-Way on the Eafterly Side of Hunt's Hill, otherwise called Gravel-Hill, thence still Westerly to a Heap of Stones by the Wall in the High-way about four Rods Northerly of Daniel Coles Barn, and fo extending on a streight Line to a Way a little Westerly of Richard Temple's House, and then running Northerly by faid Way which leads toward Acton Line till it comes to Benjamin Temple's Land, thence running to Acton Line (so as to take into the new District the faid Renjamin Temple's Land) and from thence bounded on Acton and Billerica until it comes to Concord River, taking in Blood's Farm fo called, and then on Concord River to where the Line first began; Be and hereby is fet off from the faid Town of Concord, and erected into a seperate and distinct District by the Name of Carlifle: And that the In. habitants thereof do the Duties that are required, and be invested with all the Powers, Priviledges and Immunities which the Inhabitants of any Town Mmmm within

## Greenwich a Township.

within this Province do or by Law ought to enjoy; excepting only the Privilege of chuling a Representative to represent them in the Great and General Court, in chusing of whom the Inhabitants of faid District shall join with the Inhabitants of the Town of Concord as they have heretofore done, and also in paying said Representative; And that the Town of Concord as often as they shall call a Meeting for the Choice of a Representative, shall give feafonable Notice to the Clerk of faid District for the Time being of the Time and Place of faid Meeting, to the End that the faid District may join them therein: And the Clerk of faid District shall set up in some publick Place in faid District a Notification thereof accordingly: Provided nevertheless the said District shall pay their proportionable Part of all such Town, County, Parish and Province Charges as are already affested in like Manner as though this Act had never been made.

Carlife Inhabitants to pay their Proportion of the Great-Bridge.

and be it further enacted, That the Inhabitants of the faid Diffrict shall from Time to Time for ever hereafter pay their proportionable Part of the Charge of keeping in good Repair the great North-Bridge (10 called) over Concord-River ; And that James Minot, Efq; is hereby impowered to iffue his Warrant directed to fome principal Inhabitant in faid Diffrict, requiring him to warn the Inhabitants of faid Diffrict qualified by Law to vote in Town Affairs, to meet at fuch Time and Place as shall be therein fet forth, to chuse all such Officers as shall be necessary to manage the Affairs of faid District.

Power for calling the first Meeting.

#### CHAP. XVIIII.

# An Act for incorporating the Plantation called Quabin in the County of Hampshire into a Town by the Name of Greenwich.

Preamble.

HEREAS it is represented to this Court that the Inhabitants of the Plantation called Quabin in the County of Hampshire, labour under great Difficulties and Inconveniencies by Reafon of their not being invested with Priviledges of a Town :

A new Town made called Greenwich.

Bounds of faid Town.

Therefore be it enacted by the Governour, Council and House of Representatives, That the whole of that Tract of Land in the County of Hampshire called Quabin, bounded as follows, viz. Eastwardly on Lamb's-Town, Southerly on Read's Land, Westerly partly on Equivalent Land, and partly on Salem Town, Northerly partly on Salem Town and partly on White's Town; be and hereby is erected into a diffinct and feperate Town by the Name of Greenwich; And that the Inhabitants thereof be and hereby are invested with all the Powers, Privileges and Immunities that Towns in this Province by Law do or may enjoy.

Proviso relaments.

Provided that nothing in this Act shall be understood or so construed as ting to Affess in any Manner to superfede or make void any Order or Orders of this Court now in Force respecting the Method of making Assessments within faid Plantation, but that the fame shall remain and be as effectual as if this Act had not been made.

Power for calling thefirst Meeting.

And be it further enacted, That John Worthington, Efg; be and hereby is impowred to iffue his Warrant to some principal Inhabitant of the faid Plantation, requiring him in his Majesty's Name to warn and notify the said Inhabitants qualified to vote in Town Affairs, that they meet to-gether at such Time and Place in said Plantation as by said 'Warrant shall be appointed, to chuse such Officers as may be necessary to manage the Affairs of faid Town; and the Inhabitants being fo met, shall be and hereby are impowred to chuse such Officers accordingly; And the said John Worthington, Esq; is hereby appointed Moderator of faid Meeting to order and regulate the fame. CHAP.

### Petersham a Township.

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CHAP. XIX.

An Act for erecting a Town in the County of Worcester at a Plantation called Nichewoag, by the Name of Petersham.

HEREAS the Plantation commonly called Nechewoag in the County of Preamble. Worcester, is compleatly filled with Inhabitants, who have built and finished a convenient Meeting-House for the publick Worship of GOD, and have settled a learned Protestant Minister amongst them, and have addressed this Court to be erected into a seperate and distinct Township, to hold and enjoy equal

Powers and Privileges with the other Towns in the Province :

Be it enacted by the Sovernour, Council and Pouse of Repre-sentatives, That the Plantation of Nichewoag in the County of A new Town Worcester, as the same is hereafter bounded and described, be and hereby called Paeris set off and constituted a seperate and distinct Township by the Name of Jham. Petersham: The Bounds of faid Township being as follows, viz. Beginning at a Heap of Stones on Rutland District Northwest Line, and running fix Bounds of Miles from the Northerly Corner thereof; from thence running North faid Town. thirty four Degrees West by the Needle One Thousand eight Hundred and twenty four Perch to a Beach Tree with Stones; from thence running West thirty five Degrees South Two Thousand one Hundred and twenty eight Perch to the West Angle, from thence running South thirty six Degrees East One Thousand fix Hundred and fifty Perch to a Heap of Stones the Westerly Corner of faid Rutland District; and from thence on Rutland District Northwest Line to where it began: And that the Inhabitants thereof be and hereby are vested and endowed with equal Powers, Priviledges and Immunities that the Inhabitants of any other Towns within this Province are or ought by Law to be vested or endowed with.

And be it further enacted, That such of the Grantees as have not Delinquent fully complied with the Conditions of Settlement be and hereby are subject - Proprietors to ed each one to pay a fixtieth Part of all Rates and Taxes that shall hereafter pay 60th Part be laid on the Inhabitants of faid Town as well as for the Support of the of all Rates, Ministry among them, and other Town Charges, until they have complied

with the Conditions of Settlement.

#### CHAP. XX.

An Act to enable the Justices of the Court of General Sessions of the Peace at their several Sessions in the County of Dukes-County, more effectually to regulate and keep up a constant Ferry from Dukes-County to Falmouth in the County of Barnstable.

HEREAS there is Provision already made by Law for the Justices in their Preamble. Quarter Seffions throughout this Province to Licence Persons to keep Ferries, and state the Fairs or Prices of each Ferry both for Man and Beast, and to take Bond of each Ferry-man &c. but no Provision is made by Law to enable the Justices in their Sessions to lay a Tax on any County for the upholding

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### ferry in Dukes-County.

and maintaining of Ferries, either by building Boats, Wharves, Way, &c. where no particular Person or Persons will be at the Cost thereof; By Means whereof the faid County of Dukes-County is wholly destitute of a Ferry from faid County (which is an Island) to the Main Land, whereby many Inconveniencies daily bappen to those that have Occasion to go to and from said County :

one in Dukes-Countyto affess the Inhabitants for keeping a Ferry.

Be it therefore enacted by the Sovernout, Council and House of Quarter Seffi- Representatives, That the Justices of the Court of General Sessions of the Peace at any of their Sessions hereafter to be held in and for faidCounty of Dukes-County, are hereby enabled and directed to raise Monies and to affess the Inhabitants of said County of Dukes-County and their Estates, as well for the building of Ferry-Boats, making and maintaining fuitable Wharves and Ways for Ferry Ways for the Conveniency of keeping a Ferry in faid County, in as full and ample a Manner as the Justices in said Quarter Seffions are by Law already enabled to do for defreying the necessary Repairs of Bridges, Prisons, the Maintenance of poor Prisoners, and all other proper County Charges, and under the fame Regulations and Restrictions.

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# Acts and Laws

Passed by the Great and General/Court or Assembly of His Majesty's Province of the Maffachusetts-Bay, in New-England: Begun and held at Boston, in the County of Suffolk, upon Wednesday the twenty-ninth Day of May 1754.

CHAP. I.

An Act for impowering the Corporation of Harvard College in certain Cases to alienate Lands or other Real Estate, and to make Sale of a Farm in Billerica.

HEREAS the President and Fellows of Harvard-College, by Virtue of Preamble. the Charter of Incorporation granted them by the General Court of the late Colony of the Massachusetts, in the Year 1650, are im-powered to purchase and acquire to themselves, or take and receive upon free Gift or Donation any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments, not exceeding the Value of Five Hundred Pounds per Annum; but no Power is given them by the faid Charter to alienate any Lands or other Real Estate what soever; which in some Cases may be necessary for promoting the good Ends designed in

their Incorporation: Be it therefore enacted by the Governour, Council and Boufe Prefident and of Representatives, That where the President and Fellows of Harvard Fellows of College are or shall become seized of any Lands, Tenements or Heredita Harvard Colments by Virtue of a Judgment recovered on any Mortgage, or by Virtue of an Execution for the Satisfaction of a Judgment in any Personal Action Sale of Lands, of the Time allowed (the Time allowed by Law for Redemption being expired) it may and thall be lawful for the faid Prefident and Fellows, and they are hereby authorized and impowered, with the Advice and Confent of the Overseers of faid Coilege, to make Sale of fuch Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments, or any Part thereof, and to execute Deeds effectual in Law for conveying the fame, the Monies arifing by fuch Sales to be applied to the Uses in the faid Charter mentioned, and to no other Use or Purpose whatsoever.

#### Records atteffed.

And whereas it bath been represented to this Court, that it would be for the Interest of the faid College, if Sale were made of a certain Farm or Trast of Land belonging thereto, which is situated in that Part of the Town of Billerica called Shawshin :

Prefident &c. of a Farm in Billerica.

Be it therefore enafted, That it shall be lawful for the President and to make Sale Fellows of faid College to make Sale of the faid Farm or Tract of Land, and they are hereby authorized to give and execute a good and fufficient Deed or Deeds of Conveyance of the same; the Proceeds of such Sale to be vested in other Real Estate, which they may judge will be of greater Advantage to that Society.

#### CHAP. II.

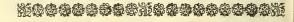
An Act to enable John Payne of Boston, Gentleman, to attest certain Records in the Probate Office of the County of Suffolk.

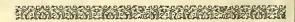
Preamble.

WHEREAS the Records in the Probate Office of the County of Suffolk from the seventeeth Day of Verbrusey, Carefring to from the seventeeth Day of February One Thousand seven Hundred and forty three, until the first Day of February One Thousand seven Hundred and fifty four, have not been attested by the Register of Probates for Said County; And whereas John Payne of Bolton, Gentleman, for and during the whole Term aforesaid, has asted as a Clerk in said Osfice, and all original Papers registred in the Books of said Office have by the said Payne been compared with the Registry or Records, before such Papers were delivered out of said Office:

John Payne, Gentleman, impowred to atteffRecords.

Be it therefore enacted by the Governour, Council and Poufe of Representatives, That the aforesaid John Payne, be and he hereby is fully authorized and impowered to attest the Books of Records of the said Probate Office, from the seventeenth Day of February One Thousand seven Hundred and forty three, until the first Day of February One Thousand feven Hundred and fifty four, having been first sworn to the saithful Performance of his Trust. And all Records in faid Office during the Term aforesaid, so attested, shall be and are hereby declared to all Intents and Purpofes as valid and effectual as if fuch Attestation had been made by the Register of Probate for faid County, duly appointed by the Governour, with the Advice and Confent of the Council.







# Acts and Laws

Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England : Begun and held at Boston upon Wednesday the twenty-ninth Day of May 1754. And continued by Adjournment unto Thursday the seventeenth Day of October following.

CHAP. III.

An Act for the better fecuring and rendering more effectual Grants and Donations to pious and charitable Uses, and for the better Support and Maintenance of Ministers of the Gospel, and defreying other Charges relating to the publick Worship.

THEREAS many Grants and Donations have heretofore been made by Preamble. fundry well-disposed Persons, in and by such Expressions and Terms as plainly show it was the Intent and Expectation of such Grantors and Donors, that their several Grants and Donations should take Effect so as that the Estates granted should go in Succession: But Doubts have arisen in what Cases such Donations and Grants may operate, so as to go in Succession:

For ascertaining whereof,

Be it enacted by the Governour, Council and Poule of Reprefentatines, That the Deacons of all the feveral Protestant Churches, Deacons and not being Episcopal Churches, and the Church Wardens of the several Epis. Church Wardens of the several Epis. copal Churches, are and thall be deemed to far Bodies Corporate, as to take testant Churin Succession all Grants and Donations whether Real or Personal, made either thes to take to their feveral Churches, the Poor of their Churches, or to them and their in Succession Successors, and to sue and defend in all Actions touching the same; and Donations&c. wherever

0000

# Grants and Donations. wherever the Ministers, Elders or Vestry shall in such Original Grants or

Ministers to take in Succeffion Parfonage Lands

to be made without Confent of the

Church.

Donations have been joined with fuch Deacons or Church Wardens as Donees or Grantees in Succession, in such Cases such Officers and their Successors, together with the Deacons or Church Wardens, shall be deemed the Corporation for fuch Purposes as aforesaid. And the Minister or Ministers of the feveral Protestant Churches of whatever Denomination are and shall be deemed capable of taking in Succession any Parsonage Land, or Lands granted to the Minister and his Successors, or to the Use of the Ministers, and of fuing and defending all Actions touching the fame; Saving that nothing in this Act shall be construed to make void any final Judgment of any Court of Common Law or Judge of Probate; faving also, that no Alienation of any Lands belonging to Churches hereafter made by the Deacons without the No Alienation Confent of the Church or a Committee of the Church for that Purpose appointed, or by Church Wardens without the Confent of the Veftry, shall be fufficient to pass the same. And that no Alienation hereafter made by Ministers of Lands by them held in Succession shall be valid any longer than during fuch Alienors continuing Ministers, unless such Ministers be Ministers of particular Towns, Diffricts, or Precincts, and make fuch Alienation with the Confent of such Towns, Districts or Precincts, or unless such Ministers so aliening be Ministers of Episcopal Churches, and the same be done with the Confent of the Vestry. And the several Churches in this Province nor being EpiscopalChurches, are hereby impowered to chuse a Committee, to call the Deacons or other Church Officers to an Account, and if need be, commence and profecute any Suits touching the fame, and also to advise and affift fuch Deacons in the Administration of the Affairs aforesaid.

Limitation of Church Grants

and be it further enacted, That the Income of the Grants made or to the Income of be made to any one fuch Body Politick for pious and charitable Uses, shall not exceed the Sum of Three Hundred Pounds per Annum; and also that all fuch Donations hereafter made by Deed, which shall not be recorded in the Register's Office in the County where the Lands lie three Calendary Months before the Death of the Donor; and all fuch Bequests or Devises which shall not be made before the last Sickness of the Person making the same, or at least three Months before the Death of the Testator, shall be utterly void and of no Effect: any Thing in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

And whereas the several Congregations in the Town of Boston, and some others under the like Circumstances, are not by Law enabled by Vote to raise Money for

the Support of the Ministry and publick Worship among them :

Pews may be taxed for the public Wor-fhip &c.

Be it further enacted, That in every fuch Case where Moneys cannot be raifed as aforefaid for the Support of the Ministry and defreying the other Charge of the Charges necessary for the upholding and maintaining of publick Worship, and Repairs of the House in which the same is performed, by Vertue of any Provision in the Laws already made for that Purpose; the Proprietors of the Pews or Persons to whom they are allotted in the several Houses for publick Worship, may, if they think fit, at a publick Meeting to be called tor that Purpose by the Proprietors Clerk, Deacons or Church Warden's, and Notice thereof immediately after divine Service given ten Days at leaft before faid Meeting, cause the several Pews in such Houses to be valued according to the Convenience and Situation thereof, and a new Estimate to be put upon faid Pews from Time to Time, as shall be found necessary, and a Tax to be laid upon each Pew according to the Convenience and Situation thereof as aforefaid; provided the faid Tax shall not exceed two Shillings per Week on any one Pew: the Money fo raifed to be applied towards the Support of the Ministry and other Charges necessary for maintaining publick

Worship

Proviso, the Tax exceed not 2 s, per Week.

Worship or Repairs of the House; and that the faid Proprietors may at a Proprietors to Meeting to be called as aforefaid, chuse a Clerk and Treaturer, and likewise chose a Clerk appoint forme suitable. Persons to demand and receive the several Same & Treaturer &c. appoint some suitable Persons to demand and receive the several Sums so affeffed of the Owners of fuch Pews ; And in Case of Denial on such Demand or Neglect of Payment three Months after fuch Demand, to fell the same, and after deducting such Taxes and Costs, to return the Surplus to the Owners.

Provided nevertheless, That when the Owner of any Pew shall make a Tender of the fame to the Proprietors or to their Committee at the Valuation which shall have been last put thereon, and they shall refuse or neglect to accept the fame, no Sum shall be deducted out of the Sale of faid Pew, but fuch only as shall have become due before the making of such Tender.

CHAP.

An Act for making an Addition to the second Precinct in the Town of Brookfield in the County of Worcester, and dividing the first Precinct in faid Town into two Precincts.

HEREAS it is made evident to this Court that the annexing some of the Inhabitants of the first Precinct in the Town of Brookfield with Preamble. their Lands to the fecond Precinet in faid Town, and the dividing the Remainder of faid first Precinct into two Precincts, would serve very much to remove many Difficulties and Inconveniencies which divers of the Inhabitants of faid first Precinct at prefent Labour under, and also very much to accommodate the

greatest Part of the Inhabitants of faid first Precinct ;

Be it therefore enacted by the Governour, Council and House of Representatives. That all the Lands in the prefent first Precinct in faid Town lying Northward of a Line beginning at the North-East Corner feinet in Brook-interior from the North-East Corner feinet from the North-E of George Herrington's Lands upon Spencer Line, and running Westward by field. his the faid George's Lands to five Mile River Bridge at the Country Road; from thenceWesterly on the most Southwardly Parts and Lines of the Lands of Thomas Slayton, Captain Nathaniel Woolcot, Thomas Moor, Ebenezer Jennings, John Jennings, Obadiah Rice, William Parks, Josiah Converse, Francis Dodge, Paul Dealand, the Heirs of John Green, deceased, Stephen Green and Joseph Ranger, Junr. And from faid Ranger's South-West Corner, to the South-West Corner of William Ayre's Meadow on Coy's-Brook (io called) near the Place where the Old School-House stood, and from thence Northward on the most EastwardParts and Lines of the Land of JohnTuff, and Johah Gilbert, and on the most Westward Parts and Lines of the Land of Jeremiah Woodbury, and John Hill, to Abner Tyler's Land, and from thence on the most Eastward Part and Lines of the Lands of Jacob Abbot, and Joshua Dodge, and Joshua Dodge, Junr. to the Center I ine of faid Town, and from thence all the Lands Eastward of that Part of faid Center Line which is Northward of the Place where the above described Line meets with the faid Center Line to New-Brainiree District, be and hereby are annexed to the fecond Precinct in faid Town of Brookfield, and that all those Persons that now are or hereafter may be Inhabitants on Remainder faid Lands, be and hereby are incorporated with the second Precinct, and of the Lands shall be always hereafter obliged to do all Precinct Duties, and shall receive divided into all Precinct Priviledges in the faid fecond Precinct.

and be it further enacted, That the Remainder of the Lands in the faid first Precinct in said Town of Brookfield, be divided into two Precincts

two Precincts.

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### Charlton a District.

Bounds of the first Precinct.

in Manner following, viz. The dividing Line shall begin at the South-East Corner of Paul Dealand's Land, and shall run from thence to the Country Road in faid Brookfield, so as to take in and include all John Rich's Land where he dwells, into the West Precinct or Division, and from faid Country Road, faid dividing Line shall run in the Midst of the Town Road that leads Southward from faid Country Road to the River called Quaboag-River to the South-East Corner of Ephraim Bartlet's Land, and from thence Westward Southward of all Ephraim Bartlet's, and Obadiah Wright's Land to Quaboag-River, and from thence the faid River shall be the dividing Line down faid River to the Mouth of Salmon-Brook, and from thence the dividing Line shall run strait to a large white Oak-Tree standing in the North-Fast Corner of a Tract of Land called the Mile-Square, faid Tree being a Boundary between the Townships of Brookfield and Western, and that the Lands lying in the faid Town of Brookfield, (and not included in the fecond Precinct) Westward of the above dividing Line, be and hereby are made a Precinct by the Name of The first Precinct in the Town of Brookfield; and that the Inhabitants of faid Lands Westward of the faid dividing Line above defcribed, be and hereby are invefted with all the Powers and Priviledges, and fubjected to all the Duties that Precincts in this Province by Law are invested Bounds of the with and subjected to. And that the Lands lying in the said Town of third Precinct. Brookfield, (and not included in the second Precinct) Eastward of the above dividing Line, be and hereby are made a seperate Precinct by the Name of The third Precinct in the Town of Brookfield; and that the Inhabitants of the faid Lands Eastward of the faid dividing Line above described, be and hereby are invested with allthe Powers and Priviledges, and subjected to all the Duties that Precincts in this Province by Law are invested with and subjected to.

the first and fecond Preed from all Charges of ing House

and be it further enacted, That all the Inhabitants of the Lands which Inhabitants of by this Act are made the first Precinct, and all the Inhabitants of those Lands which by this Act are annexed to the faid fecond Precinct, be and hereby are and shall forever hereafter be exempted from paying or contributing any cinet exempt- Part towards the Charges and Debts that have already arisen, or may hereafter arise by Reason of the Building the new Meeting-House, which has the new Meet- lately been erected in faid Town, on the Lands by this Act made the third Precinct in faid Town, any of the Votes of the late first Precinct notwithlately erected. standing; and that all the Materials of the old Metting House, which was lately flanding in faid Town now taken down, be equally divided between the faid three Precincts. And that all the Ministerial Revenues arising from all and any Lands lying in any Part of the faid Town of Brookfield hereto. fore sequestred to the Use of the Ministry in said Town, shall be always hereafter equally divided between the faid three Precincts: And that the Charge of the Committee who were appointed by this Court in April One Thousand feven Hundred and fixty four, to view the faid Town, be born and paid by the Inhabitants of faid Town.

CHAP. V.

An Act for fetting off the Inhabitants as also the Estates of the Westerly Part of Oxford into a seperate District by the Name of Charlton.

E it enacted by the Governour, Council and Pouse of Representatives, That the inhabitants with their Lands on the Westerly Part of Oxford, beginning on the South Side of Oxford, one Mile West of the Village Line so called, thence running North Paralel with said

Village Line to Oxford North Line, be and hereby is fet off and erected Bour into a seperate District by the Name of Charlton; and that said District be Charlinvested with all the Powers, Priviledges and Immunities that Towns in this District. Province by Law do or may enjoy, that of fending a Representative to the General Affembly only excepted, and that the Inhabitants of faid Diffrict shall have full Power and Right from Time to Time to join with the faid Town of Oxford in the Choice of a Representative or Representatives (who may be chosen either in the Town or District) in which Choice they shall enjoy all the Priviledges which by Law they would have been Intitled to if this Act had not been made.

Provided nevertheless, And be it further enacted, That the faid Diffrict Provide. shall pay their Proportion of all Town, County and Province Taxes already fet on or granted to be raifed by faid Town as if this Act had not been made.

and be it further enacted, That Moses Marcy, Esq; be and hereby is Moses Mar impowered to iffue his Warrants directed to fome principal Inhabitant in Efgytofi faidDiftrict, requiring him to Notify and Warn the Inhabitants of faid Diftrict his Warra qualified by Law to Vote in Town Affairs, to meet at fuch Time and Place as shall be therein set forth, to chuse all such Officers as shall be necessary to manage the Affairs of faid Diffrict.

#### CHAP. VI.

An Act declaring in what Manner the Decrees and Orders of the Governour and Council in Controversies concerning Marriage and Divorce shall be carried into Execution.

THEREAS in and by an Ast of this Province made and pass in the joursh Year of the Reign of King William and Queen Mary, it is Preamble. among other Things Enasted and Declared, That all Controversies concerning Marriage and Divorce, shall be heard and determined by the Governour and Council, but no express Provision has been made by the Laws of this Province for carrying the Decrees and Orders of the Governour and Council in such Cases into Execution;

Be it therefore enacted by the Governour Council and House of Persons re Representatives, That if any Person shall refuse or neglect to observe and fing to cor conform to any legal Decree or Order, whether interlocutory or final, made, or form to an that shall hereafter be made by the Governour and Council in any Controversy legal Decr concerning Marriage and Divorce, every such Person shall be and is hereby declared liable to suffer the Pains of Imprisonment, and it shall and may be liable to be lawful for the Secretary of the Province to iffue a Warrant under his Hand imprisoned. and Seal by Order of the Governour and Council, directed to any Sheriff or his Deputy, requiring him forthwith to arrest the Body of such Person so refuting or neglecting, and him to commit unto his Majesty's Goal, there to remain without Bail or Mainprize, until he shall comply with such Decree or Order made as aforefaid.

THE STATE OF THE REPORT OF with although the same and



# An Act

Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England: Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednesday the twenty-ninth Day of May 1754, and continued by fundry Prorogations unto Tuesday the twenty-fifth Day of March following.

CHAP. VII.

An Act in further Addition to the feveral Laws already in Being for the more speedy finishing the Land Bank or Manufactory Scheme.

THEREAS the Land Bank or Manufactory Scheme cannot be equita- Preamble. bly finished, unless further Provision be made by Law for the Sale of such Real Estates of Delinquents, as are or may be taken by Execution

or Warrants of Distress:

Be it therefore enacted by the Governour, Council and Poule of Sheriffs im-Representatives, That every Sheriff, Under Sheriff or Deputy-Sheriff, powered to who (upon the Receipt of any Execution or Warrant of Diffres iffued or to make Sale of forfeited Ebe iffued by the Commissioners by Law appointed to finish the said Scheme, states in the against the Estates of any of the late Directors or Partners therein, for any Land Bank, Sum or Sums of Money affeffed or that may be affeffed on them, or either of in Cafe. them, or which their Estates are by Law made liable to the Payment of ) hath or shall have levied such Sum or Sums on the whole or any Part of the Real Estate of any such Director or Partner, and shall have obtained from the Register of Deeds in the County where such Lands lie, a Certificate that upon a careful Search made in the Registry of Deeds there, it doth not appear that any Conveyance or Alienation of fuch Estate hath been made by fuch Director or Partner, and entred or lodged in fuch Registry at any Time before the Month of Oslober Anno Domini One Thousand seven Hundred and forty three (at which Time those Estates were by Law subjected to the Qqqq

Payment of what should appear to be due therefrom to the Company of Partners) fuch Sheriff or Under-Sheriff or Deputy shall be and hereby is authorized and impowered (after the Time allowed by Law for the Redemption of such Estates shall be expired) to make Sale thereof, and to make, sign and execute (in due Form of Law) a Deed or Deeds of Conveyance thereof with Warrantie; which Instrument or Instruments of Conveyance shall make a good Title to the Purchaser, his Heirs and Assigns for ever.

Proviso in Cafes where the Estates is in other Hands befides the Directors and Partners.

Provided always, and be it further enacted, That any Person or Persons (other than the Director or Partner) whose Estate shall be taken and fold as aforefaid, or his Heirs, Assigns or Devisees claiming any Right in or to such Estate) may (anyThing in this Act before-mentioned notwithstanding) bring his or their Action for the Recovery thereof, provided the fame be commenced and pursued within one Year from the Time of making such Conveyance: and every Action of Trespass, Ejectment or other Action against the Sheriff or other Officer for his Doings therein, or that shall be brought to Evict or in any wife to moleft the Purchafer his Heirs or Affigns, in the peaceable Possession of the Estate (fold him as aforesaid) at any Time after the Expiration of faid Term, shall be utterly barr'd; faving fuch Action or Actions as may be brought by any Person or Persons who at the Time of such Conveyance shall be and shall continue out of this Province 'till after the Expiration of faid Term, or that shall be brought by any Person who during that Time shall be under some legal Incapacity of bringing his Action; in either of which Cafes fuch Action may be brought within one Year from and after the Removal of fuch Impediment, and not afterwards.

furviving and deceased Directors and wer Charges.

and be it further enacted, That the feveral furviving Directors and The Estates of Partners in faid Scheme and their Estates, and the Estates of fuch of them as are deceased, shall be and they are hereby subjected and made liable to answer and refund allCosts andCharges that may arise inConsequence of any suchCon-Partners made veyance; fuch Charges to be affessed on them by the saidCommissioners, and liable to Anf- to be raifed and collected in Manner and Proportion as fet forth in the Act made in the twenty-fourth Year of his present Majesty's Reign Intitled An AEt in Addition to the several Laws already in Being for the more speedy finishing the Land Bank or Manufactory Scheme.

Preamble.

And whereas divers of the Mortgages given by the Partners (at their first Entrance on faid Scheme) to secure the Payment of their Dues to the Company of Partners are not as yet discharged by the Commissioners, nor such Dues to the Company paid: And whereas the Original Mortgages (lodged in the Court-House in Boston) were consumed by Fire:

Attelled Copy of the Mortgages to be valid as the Original.

Be it therefore further enacted, That upon Suit brought, or that may be commenced upon any fuch Mortgage remaining not discharged, an attested Copy of the Record thereof in the Registry of Deeds in the County where the Estate so Mortgaged lies, shall be deemed good and sufficient to all Intents and Purpofes as if the original Mortgage was produced in Court on the Trial.

Provifo that the Commissioners Power be not invalidated.

Provided, that nothing in this or any former Act shall be construed or understood to abridge the faid Commissioners of the Power formerly given them by the Laws of this Province, by due Courfe of Law, in such Cases as they shall judge may require it, to recover of any Director or Partner what became due from him to the Company of Partners by Force of any former Affefsment or otherwife, or of making and executing Deeds of Conveyance of fuch Estates as have been or may be taken by Execution in Satisfaction of fuch Dues.

#### Teticut Lotterp.



Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England : Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednesday the twenty-eighth Day of May, 1755.

CHAP. I.

An Act to enable the Precinct of Teticut in the County of Plymouth, to raise a Sum by Lottery towards building a Bridge over Teticut River.

HEREAS the Precinct of Teticut have represented to this Court Preamble.
the Necessity of building a Bridge over Teticut River, and prayed this Court would enable them to raise a Sum by Way of Lottery for that

Purpole :

tentatives, That Samuel White, Eliq, of Taunton, Ifrael Waßburn of Raynbam, Epbraim Keith and James Keith, both of Bridgewater, and David Alden
of Middleborough, or any three of them, be and hereby are allowed and impowered to fet up and carry on a Lottery, amounting to fuch a Sum as by
drawing Ten per Cent. out of each Prize, may raife a Sum of Two Hundred
and Minety Pounds Lawful Money, and no more; and that the faid Sum be
tical Bridge. by them, or any three of them, applied to the Building a good sufficient Bridge over the said River, and paying the Charges of said Lottery: And that the said Samuel White, Ifrael Washburn, Ephraim Keith, James Keith and David Alden, or any three of them, be the Managers of faid Lottery, and Said Manaimpowered to make all necessary Rules for managing thereof; and shall be gers with the sworn to the faithful Discharge of their said Trust: And as well the said Teticut to be Managers as the faid Precinct shall be and are hereby declared answerable to answerable theOwners of the Tickets, in Case of any Deficiency or Misconduct. And if &c.

the Sum raifed thereby shall be more than sufficient (after paying of the Charges of the Lottery) to build the said Bridge, the Surplusage shall be lodged in the Hands of the Treasurer of the said Precinct, to be put at Inte-

We it therefoge enaced by the Bobernour, Council and houle of Repre- Samuel White

rest, and the Interest applied towards the Repairs of said Bridge. Rrrr



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## Proceedings of Court confirm d.



Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England: Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednesday the twenty-eighth Day of May, 1755. And continued by Prorogations to Wednesday the twenty-fourth Day of September following and then met.

CHAP. II.

An Act for confirming the Proceedings of the General Assembly convened on the fifth of September, Anno Domini 1755.

HEREAS upon Advices of great Importance received from the Troops Preambles gone upon an Expedition against Crown-Point, His Honour the LieutenantGovernour andCommander inChief, andHisMajesty's Council, judged it absolutely necessary that the General Assembly which stood Prorogued to the twenty-fourth Day of September Instant, should be sooner convened, and the same was accordingly convened (by his Honour's Proclamation) and held on the fifth of the same Month, and from Day to Day continued until the ninth Instant, during which Time divers Matters of publick Importance were transacted; and whereas some Doubt may possibly arise touching the Legality of the Proceedings of that Affembly, held before the Time to which the same stood Prorogued :

THEREFORE for the Preventing or Removing all Doubts and Disputes touching the same :

We it enacted by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Poule of Re- All Proceedpreferntatives, That all Votes, Orders, Laws and other Matters, made, ingo of the paffed or transacted by the General Assembly convened and held on the fifth late Convenience of the co of this Instant September, and which was held until the ninth Day of the same, tion of the be and they are hereby established and confirmed, and shall to all Intents and confirmed; Purposes be deemed valid and effectual in the Law, as if the Great and General Court or Affembly had flood Prorogued to the faid fifth Day of September, and had been then held; and the same Votes, Orders, Laws and other Matters had been pass'd or transacted by the said Great and General Court during fuch their Seffion.

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#### Rates and Taxes.



# An Act

Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England: Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-sixth Day of May 1756. And continued by Prorogations and Adjournment, to the fifth Day of Oslober following, and then met.

#### CHAP. I.

An Act in Addition to and for Explanation of an Act made in the fourth Year of his Majesty's Reign, Intitled,

An Act directing how Rates and Taxes to be granted by the General Assembly, as also County Town and Precinet Rates shall be assessed and collected.

WHEREAS in and by an Act made in the fourth Year of his prefent Majefty's Reign, Intitled An Act directing how Rates and Taxes Preamble. to be granted by the General Assembly, as also County; Town and Precinct Rates shall be assessed and collected, It is among other Things provided, "That two or more Assessed hall have Power by Warrant under their Hands and Seals, to commit to the common Goal, such Persons as being duly assessed feall result or neglect to pay the Sums so assessed by the Space of twelve Days after Demand thereof, where no sufficient Distress can or may be found, whereby the same may be levied?" And whereas a Doubt bath axilen, Whether by the Assessment in improvered be meant and intended the Assessment were assessed in the Assessment when the Persons to be committed were assessed.

Be it therefore enauth by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and Josufe Affilias for of Reprefentatives. That by the Affelors fo impowered in and by the Aft the Time beaforefaid, the Affelfors for the Time being, and they only, are meant and ing intended, intended; and that the faid Aft shall be and always ought to have been so understood.

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And

## Rates and Taxes.

Perfons over rated unlefs relieved by the Affeffors, may app y to the General Sessions of the Peace.

by Affesfors.

and be it further enacted, That any Person apprehending himself over rated, and applying to the Assessor for the Time being for Relief, shall upon their Refusal to case him, have Liberty to make Application to the Court of General Sessions of the Peace to be held within and for the same County within which the Affellment was made, next after fuch Refufal, the Juffices of which Court are hereby authorized to grant him Relief in fuch Manner as is directed in and by the Act aforefaid.

And he it further enacted, That the Warrant for Commitment to be granted by the Affeffors as aforefaid, shall be in the Form following:

ff. To A. B. one of the Constables (Collectors) of the Town of C. in the

Form of the County of S. Greeting. Warrant of Commitment

Whereas Application has been made to us the Subscribers, Assessors for to be granted the faid Town of C. by the faid A. B. one of the Constables (or Collectors) of faid Town of C. in faid County, that H. 1. of faid Town of C. is affeffed to the Province Tax in the Rate-Bill committed to him the faid A. B. to collect as Constable (Collector) for the Year the Sum of

And altho' the faid Tax has been demanded of the faid H. I. vet be neglects and refuses to pay and satisfy the same, and there being no Estate of the faid H. I. to be found whereon to levy the same : These are therefore in his Majesty's Name to require you the said A. B. to take into safe Custody the Body of the said H.I. and him commit to the common Goal of the faid County of S. there to remain until he the faid H. I. Shall pay and fatisfy the above Sums with all necessary Charges, or be discharged by due Course of Law.

Given under our Hands and Seals at C. this Day of in Year of his Majesty's Reign, Annoque Domini.

Affeffors of the Town of C.

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### B O S T O N: N. E.

Printed by SAMUEL KNEELAND, by Order of His Honour the Lieut. GOVERNOUR, COUNCIL and House of REPRESEN-TATIVES. 1756.







Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Max jesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New England & Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-fixth Day of May 1756. And continued by fundry Proregations, to the fixth Day of January following, and then met.

#### C H-A P. II.

An Act for altering the Times appointed for holding the Superiour Court of Judicature, &c. in the Counties of

Plymouth, Bristol and Barnstable.

THEREAS the Times appointed by Law for holding the Superious Court of Judicature, Court of Affize and General Goal Delivery, within the Counties of Plymouth, Briftol and Barnstable, are found to be inconvenient in Regard of the extream heat of the Seafon, as well as in other Respects :

The it therefore enacted by the Lieutenant Cohernout, Council and Times for House of Representatives, That for the future the Time for holding the Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Asirce and General Goal Delivery Courts in the at Plymouth, within and for the County of Plymouth, shall be the last Tues- Counties of day in April annually: And that the Time for holding the faidCourt at Barn- Plymouth Tuesday in May annually; and that the Time for holding the faid Court and British.

Tuesday in May annually; and that the Time for holding the said Court and British. at Taunton, within and for the County of Briftol, shall be the second Tuesday in October annually.

And he it further enacted, That all Writs and other Processes already issued, All Processes returnable to the faid Court at the Days heretofore appointed for holding the relating therefame in the feveral Counties aforefaid, shall be returned; and all Matters described on the feveral Courts. pending at faidCourt, in either of faidCounties, shall be proceeded on at the Days at faidCourts. respectively appointed by this Act for holding the same : And all Officers and other Persons concerned, are required to conform themselves accordingly.

Preamble.

#### CHAP. III.

An Act in further Addition to an Act Intitled, An Act for regulating the Affixe of Cask, and preventing Deceit in packing Fish, &c. for Sale, made in the fourth Year of King William and Queen Mary.

Preamble.

REAT Complaints having been made of Fraud in the Cash and I Manner of packing Mackerel and other pickled Fish, notwithstanding the Provision heretofore made for preventing it: Therefore,

Affize of Cafk.

Be it enaded by the Lieutenant Governour, Council and house of Representatives, That all Casks for pickled Fish shall be made of Staves, which shall be well Worked, twenty nine Inches long, and the Head shall be of the Diameter of seventeen Inches and an half, and the Chine or Part of the Stave without each Head, not more than an Inch and an half, and the Head not more than an Inch thick, the Cask to have the usual bilge, and to be tight and well made, or otherwise shall hold thirty one Gallons and an half, and be marked before packing by a Guager duly appointed and fworn.

Manner of packing Fish, &c.

And be it further enacto, That the Mackerel and other pickled Fish, shall be carefully packed, well falted, and duly filled by a Packer chosen and sworn for the Purpose, the whole of each Barrel to consist of the same Kind of Fish, and every Packer shall brand each Barrel, thus made and packed with the first Letter of his Christian Name, and his Sir-name at length, and with the first Letter of the Name of the Town where the Fish is packed, for which he shall be paid by the Owner of such Fish at the Rate of eight Pence by the Ton and no more.

Forfeiture for fhewing or of-Fish not described as above.

And he it further enacted, That all and everyPerson orPersons who shall after the first Day of March One Thousand seven Hundred and fifty-eight, fering to Sale offer or shew for Sale any Cask or Casks of Mackerel or other pickled Fish not branded, or smaller than the Barrels or Casks described above, or where there shall be any Fraud in packing the Fish, the Person or Persons so offering them to Sale, shall ferfeit such Cask of Fish; and any Justice of Peace on Complaint made, may and shall issue his Warrant for seizing and securing fuch Forfeiture for Trial.

Penalty for Fraudulent packing or branding:

And he it further enacted, That every Packer who shall pack and brand any Barrels or Casks which are smaller than above directed, or fraudulently packed, for every fuch Offence shall incur the Penalty of twenty Shillings for each Barrel thus unjustly branded.

Preamble.

And inasmuch as it is found very difficult for such Persons as are appointed Packers in fundry Maritime Towns, to repair in order to be Sworn, to the Town where the Court of General Sessions of the Peace is beld, which is now Requisite:

Packers may be fworn before a Justice.

15e it enaced, and ordered, That fuch Packers may be fworn before any one Justice of the Peace for such County in such Town or Place as may be nearest or most convenient, such Justice certifying the Caption to the Clerk of the Court of General Sessions of the Peace, at or before the next Sitting of faid Court. Provided, that this Act shall not be construed or understood to prohibit the packing of Oysters or other Kinds of Fish in Kegs, which have heretofore usually been packed in such small Casks.

Disposal of Fines.

And be it further enaced, That all Fines and Forfeitures by this Ad, shall be and belong one half to his Majesty for the Use of this Province, and the other half to him or them who shall inform and sue for the same.

#### CHAP. IV.

An Act in Addition to an Act made and passed in the fifth Year of the Reign of their late Majesties William and Mary, Intitled An AEt for High-Ways.

WHERE AS in and by an Act made and passed in the fifth Year of Preamble.

the Reign of their late Maiestine William William Intitled An Act for High-Ways; it is provided, that where High-Ways or Common Roads are wanting, or where old Ways may with more Conveniency be turned or altered, upon Application made to the Justices in Quarter Selfions in the County where they are wanted, they having first by a Committee enquired into the necessity and conveniency thereof, the Said Justices are to Order the same to be laid out or altered by a Jury to be summoned by the Sheriff for the faid Purpose; which Method is found inconvenient, and causes great and needless Charge to the respective Counties in this Province:

For Remedy whereof:

The fit enacted by the Lieurenant Covernour, Council and House of Court of Representatives, That where a new High-Way or Common Road from Town to Town or Place to Place shall be wanting, or where an High-Way mittee to lay or common Road already laid out, stated and established, may or can with grea- out or alter ter convenience be turned or altered, upon Application made to the Justices High-Ways. of the Court of General Sessions of the Peace within the same County, and it being judged by them to be of common Convenience or Necessity to have fuch new Way laid out or old one altered, the faid Court be and hereby are impowered to appoint a Committee of five difinterested sufficient Freeholders in the fame County to view and lay out such High-Way or Road, (which Committee shall give seasonable Notice to all Persons interested) of the Time and Place of their Meeting, and shall be under Oath to perform the faid Service according to their best Skill and Judgment with most convenience to the Publick, and least Prejudice or Damage to private Property; and shall also ascertain the Place and Course of said Road in the best Way and Manner they can, which having done, the faid Committee or the major Part of them, shall make Return thereof to the next Court of General Sessions of the Peace to Return to be be held in the faid County, after the faid Service is performed under their made to faid Hands and Seals, to the End the same may be allowed and recorded, and after Court. known for a publick High-Way.

Provided nevertheless, That if any Person be damaged in his Property by Proviso. the laying out or altering such High-Way, the Town or District where the same is, shall make such Person or Persons reasonable Satisfaction according to the Estimation of the Committee or major Part of them who laid out the fame; which faid Committee are impowered and required under Oath to estimate the same, and make Return thereof as aforesaid; and if such Person or Persons so damaged find him or themselves agrieved by any Act or Thing done by the faid Committee in Living out faid Way or Estimate of his or their Damages, he or they may apply unto the Court of General Sessions of the Peace, provided such Application be made to the Court that shall be held in fuch County next after fuch Return; and faid Court is hereby impowered to hear and determine the same, and shall and may enquire by a Jury under Oath, to be summoned by the Sheriff or his Deputy for said Purpose, if the Person complaining desires the same; and if the Jury shall not alter said

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Way,or increase the Damages, the Person complaining shall be at all Costs, to be taxed against him by said Court, otherwise such Cost shall be paid by the County; and the increase of Damage sound by the Jury, shall be paid by the Town or District in which such Way shall be laid.

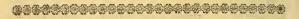
Jurys Verdict to determine Damage, and fix High-Ways.

And be it further enace, That the Verdict of such Jury, Return thereof being made under their Hands and Seals to said Court, shall conclude the Person or Persons complaining with Regard to the Damage, and also fix and determine the Place of such Road or High-Way, and Record shall be made thereof accordingly.

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### BOSTON:

Printed by Samuel Kneeland, by Order of his Honour the Lieut. GOVERNOUR, Council and House of Representatives. 1757.



Rainsford's-Illand.



Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England: Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-fixth Day of May 1756. And continued by fundry Prorogations and Adjournment, to the thirtieth Day of March following, and then met.

#### CHAP. XXVII.

An Act for regulating the Hospital on Rainsford's-Island, and further providing in Case of Sickness.

THEREAS a good and convenient House bath been provided at theCharge Preamble. of the Province on the Island called Rainsford's-Island, for the Recep-

tion of fuch Persons as shall be visited with any contagious Sickness:

15e it therefore enaded by the Countil and House of Representatives, Inquiry to be That Enquiry shall be made by the Officer or other Person on Duty at made at the Castle-William, of every Vessel coming from Sea, and passing by faid Castle, Castle respectwhether they are all well on board, and also whether any intectious Sickness ing infectious has been on board, fince they left the Port from whence they last came; and if any Vessel inquired of as aforesaid shall have any Sickness on board, and upon further Inquiry the same shall be the Plague, Small-Pox, or any other malignant infectious Distemper, in such Case Order thall be given to the Master or Commander of such Vessel, forthwith to go down with his Vessel, and Anchor as near the Hospital at Rainsford's-Island as conveniently may be, or if any Vessel enquired of as aforefaid, shall have had any infectious Sickness on board since they left the Port from whence they last came, in such Case Orders shall be given to the Master or Commander of such Vessel immediately to Anchor, and to remain at Anchor until a Certificate shall be obtained from the major Part of the Select Men of the Town of Select-Men Boston, that they are of Opinion such Vessel may come up to Town, without to certify the Danger to the Inhabitants, or until the faid Malter shall receive Orders from the faid Select. Men to go with his Vessel and Anchor near the Hospital a feet with the state of the fair foresaid; and in Case any Master or Commander shall by himself or Peo. bour.

## Rainsford's-Alland.

Penalty for Master's Offence.

ple on board, make false Answer when hail'd by the Castle, or (after Orders given as aforesaid) shall neglect or resuse to Anchor near the Castle as aforesaid, or come on Shore, or suffer any Passengers or Persons belonging to the Vessel to come on Shore, or any Goods to be taken out before the Vessel shall have Anchor'd, or without Liberty from the Select-Men as aforefaid; or in Case any Master or Commander order'd to Anchor near the Hospital aforesaid, shall neglect or resuse so to do; in every such Case, every Master or Commander so offending, shall forfeit and pay the Sum of One Hundred Pounds, or fuffer fix Months Imprisonment.

Leave to be had of the Select-Men for Landing Passengers or Goods.

the Mafter

and others.

And he it further enaced, That upon Application made to the Select-Men of the Town of Boston by any Master or Commander of any Vessel at Anchor near the Hospital as aforesaid, the said Select-Men are hereby impowered to permit such Passengers, Goods or Lading as they shall judge free from Infection to come on Shore, or to be taken out and disposed of as the Owners shall see meet: And such Passengers and Goods as shall not be permitted as aforesaid, shall remain on board, or be landed on faid Island, or if any Master or immediate Commander of any such Vessel for the Time being, shall come on Shoar, or suffer any of his People or Passengers to come on Shoar, or any Boats to come on board, or fuffer any Goods to be taken out of his Vessel, unless permitted as aforesaid, or shall come up with his Veffel, until by a Certificate under the Hands of the Select-Men or major Part of them as aforefaid, it shall appear to the Captain-General that faid Veffel Company and Goods are clear of Infection, and the Orders Forfeiture for for stopping and detaining the same be removed and taken off, he shall for every fuch Offence forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and in Case he be not able to pay that Sum he shall suffer three Months Imprisonment; and if any Sailors or Passengers coming in faid Vessel, shall without the Knowledge or Consent of the Master presume to come on Shoar, or up above the faid Castle, or if any Person from Town or Country shall knowingly prefume to go on board such Vessel, or go to the aforesaid House or Island in Time of Infection there, without Leave as aforesaid, or if any Person put fick into the faid House, or sent there on Suspicion of being infected, shall presume to go off the Island without Leave as aforesaid, every Person offending in any of the Particulars above-mentioned shall forfeit the Sum of Forty Pounds, and in Case any Person be not able to pay the said Sum, he shall suffer two Months Imprisonment. All the before-mentioned Fines to be fued for and recovered by the Select-Men of the Town of Bofton for the Time being, one Moiety thereof to be to his Majesty for the Use of this

Justices of the Peace to order infectious Vessels or Persons to the

Hospital.

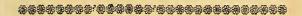
Government, the other Moiety to the Informer.

And he it further enamed, That when and so often as any Ship or other Vessel wherein any Infection or infectious Sickness hath lately been, shall come to anyPort orHarbour within this Province; or when and so often as any Perfon or Persons belonging to or that may either by Sea or Land come into any Town or Place near the publick Hospital within this Province shall be vifited, or who lately before may have been vifited with any infectious Sickness; two of the Justices of the Peace or Select-Men of such Place, be and hereby are impowered immediately to order the faid Vessel and sick Persons to the Province Hospital or House aforesaid, there to be taken Care of according to the Directions of this Act; and where any fuch Ship Veffel or Persons cannot without great Inconvenience and Damage be ordered to the aforesaid House or Hospital, in every such Case the Rules and Directions are to be observed which are already made in and by an Act pass'd in the 13th Year of the Reign of his late Majesty King William the Third, Intitled An Att providing in Case of Sickness.

#### Rainsford's-Alland.

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And be it further enaced, That if any Master, Seaman or Passenger Penalty for belonging to any Ship, on board which any Infection is or hath lately been ont answering or is suspected to have lately been, or coming from any Port where any inferring to I fectious mortal Diftemper prevails, shall refuse to make Answer on Oath to fection. fuch Questions as may be asked him or them by the Select-Men of the Town (who'are liereby impowered to administer the same) to which such Ship shall come, relating to such Infection, such Master, Seaman or Passenger, shall forseit the Sum of Fifty Pounds; and in Case he be not able to pay faid Sum he shall suffer six Months Imprisonment; the above-mentioned Fine to be fued for and recovered by the Select-Men of the respective Towns where the Offence shall be committed; one Moiety thereof to be to his Majesty for the Use of this Government, and the other Moiety to the Intormer; and where any Person shall be convicted of any Offence against this Act, and suffer the Pains of Imprisonment, and shall be unable to pay Sciect-Men the Costs of Prosecution, such Costs shall be paid by the several Towns to directed and which such Persons respectively belong, or if not Inhabitants shall be allowing ed and paid out of the Province Treasury, and the Select-Men of Boston are Nurses Atdirected and impowered to provide Nurses, Affistance and other Necessaries tendance &c. for the Comfort and Relief of fuch fick Persons sent to faid Hospital as aforesaid, the Charge thereof to be born by the said Persons themselves, if able, or if Poor and Indigent, by the Towns to which they respectively belong, or if not Inhabitants, then at the immediate Charge of the Province.



#### BOSTON: N.E.

Printed by Order of the Honourable his Majesty's COUNCIL, and House of REPRESENTATIVES. And Sold by S. KNEELAND, in Queen-Street. 1757.





### Liberty for Sale of Lands.



# Acts and Laws.

Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England: Begun and Held at Boston upon Wednesday the twenty-fifth Day of May, 1757.

CHAP. I.

An Act impowering Margaret Pollard of Boston, in the County of Suffolk, Widow, Executrix of the last Will and Testament of Benjamin Pollard, Esq; deceased, to make Sale of certain Lands that were conveyed to the faid Benjamin Pollard, in Trust.

HEREAS it appears that Jonas Clarke, Efg; on the fourth Day of June 1756, by his Deed of that Date, Registred in the Registry preamble. of Deeds for the County of Middlesex, in Book 53, Page 452, conveyed unto the faid Benjamin Pollard, Efg; certain Lands sciuate

veyed unto the said Benjamin Pollard, Esq; certain Lands sciuate partly in Waltham, and partly in Weston in the County of Middlesex, containing one Hundred and thirty-feven Acres, to hold to the faid Benjamin as an absolute Estate of Inheritance in Fee-Simple; that altho' the said ConveyancePurports to be an absolute Sale of said Premises, yet in Fact the Intent of the same was only to secure the Payment of sundry Sums of Money due from the said Jonas, to fundry Persons which the said Benjamin stood liable for the Payment of : And the faid Jonas on the twelfth of November last, by his other Deed of that Date, Registred in the Registry of Deeds for the County of Worcester, Book 38, Page 138, conveyed unto the faid Benjamin, a certain Farm in Shrewsbury, in the County of Worcester, containing about one Hundred and twenty Acres; also about one Hundred and sixty Acres of Land in Holden in faid County; also a Tract of Land in Rutland in faid County, containing about one Hundred and fifteen Acres and three Quarters of an Acre; also another Tract of Land in Rutland aforesaid, containing about one Hundred and ten Acres; also the said Jones's Right in the Great Farm Numb. XXII. in the North-West Quarter of Rutland aforefaid, to hold the same to the said Benjamin and his Tieirs, upon Trust; that he the faid Benjamin or his Heirs, Executors or Administrators, should within nine Months from the Date of Said Deed, by Deed or Deeds of Bar-

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gain,

gain, and Sale legally executed, make Sale of all or so much of the faid Lands and Premises as should be sufficient to pay and discharge all and every the Debts of the faid Jonas, which are mentioned in a Schedule to the same Deed annexed, amounting to Three Hundred and thirteen Pounds three Shillings and two Pence, and for the Payment of which the faid Benjamin became liable; and the faid Benjamin Pollard is deceased, and faid Lands remain unfold, and his Heirs are all Minors, and the faid Margaret Pollard, and Jonas Clarke, have Petitioned that the faid Margaret Pollard may be fully impowered to execute said Trust in as ample Manner as the said Benjamin Pollard could, and ought to have done if living : Therefore,

Margaret Pollard allow'd

Be it enaced by the Council and Coule of Representatives, in General Court assembled, That the faid Margaret Pollard, be and hereby is authorized and fully impowered to fell all or so much of the faid Lands and Premisses as shall be sufficient to Reimburse, Pay and Discharge all such Sum and to fell Lands. Sums of Money, and the Interest thereof, as the said Benjamin in his Lifetime paid and advanced for the faid Jonas; also such further Sums of Money as the faid Benjamin's Estate now stands liable for the Payment of, for and on Account of the faid Jonas, and to that End to execute fuch Deed or Deeds as shall be necessary for the bargaining and conveying the aforesaid Lands and their Appurtenances, or any Part thereof unto any Person or Persons in Fee.

To 'be accountable for Produce of faid Sale.

And he it further enamen, That the faid Margaret Pollard, be and here-by is fully authorized and impowered to Re-convey to the faid Jonas or his Heirs, fuch Part of the faid Lands and the Appurtenances thereof, as shall remain unfold (if any there be) after the Payment of all fuch Sum and Sums of Money as the faid Benjamin in his Life-time paid and advanced for the faid Jonas, with the Interest thereof, and fuch further Sums of Money as the faid Benjamin's Estate now stands liable for the Payment of, for and on Account of the faid Jonas, and to that End to pass and execute such legal Deed or Deeds as shall be found needful for that Purpose: And if it happen that upon Sale of the Premisses, or such Part thereof as shall be necessary for the Purposes aforesaid, there should be an Overplus of Money in the Hands of the faid Margaret, that then and in fuch Cafe the faid Margaret, pay fuch Overplus unto the faid Jonas, his Executors or Administrators.

CHAP. II.

An Act for erecting the District of Danvers into a Town-

ship by the Name of Danvers.

Preamble.

THEREAS in the twenty-fourthYear of his present Majesty's Reign. the Village-Parish and Middle-Parish so called, in the Town of Salem, were erected into a District; and by the Act for their Incorporation, they were enjoined to do the Duties that are enjoined on other Towns, and enjoy all the Powers, Priviledges and Immunities that Towns in this Province by Law enjoy, except that of seperately choosing and sending one or more Representatives to represent them at the General Assembly; which Exception has been found burthensome and inconvenient:

Danvers a Township.

Be it therefore enacted by the Council and House of Representatives, That the faid District be and hereby is erected into a Township by the Name of Danvers, according to the Boundaries of said District; and that the Inhabitants of faid District, be and hereby are vested and endowed with all the Powers, Priviledges and Immunities that the Inhabitants of the Towns within this Province, are, or by Law ought to be vested or endowed with.

登録等等等を表現しています。 BOSTON: N.E. Printed by Order of HisMajetty's COUNCIL, and House of REPRESENTATIVES. And Sold by S. KNEELAND, in Queen-Street.



# Acts and Laws

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England : Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-fifth Day of May 1757. And continued by Prorogations to Wednesday the twenty-third Day of November following, and then met.

CHAP. XI.

An Act in Addition to an Act Intitled, An Act for regulating the Hospital on Rainsford's-Island, and further providing in Case of Sickness.

PHEREAS in and by an Ast Intitled, " An Ast for regulating the " Hospital on Rainsford's Island, and surther providing in Case of Preamble.

45 Sickness, it is provided, That when and so often as any Ship or other Vessel, wherein any Infection or infectious Sickness hath lately se been, shall come to any Port or Harbour within this Province; or when and 5 often as any Person or Persons, belonging to or that may either by Sea or Land, come into any Town or Place near the publick Hospital within this 46 Province, shall be visited, or who lately before may have been visited with any " infectious Sickness; two of the Justices of the Peace, or Select Men of such Place, be and hereby are impowered immediately to order the faid Vessel and 46 fick Persons to the Province Hospital or House aforesaid, there to be taken

But no Penalty is annexed to the Breach of the afore-recited Paragraph of

Wherefore, faid AET :

We it enaced by the Governour, Council and House of Representa: Justices of the That when any Ship or other Vessel, wherein any insectious Sickness Peace&c tooris, or hath lately been, shall come to any Port or Harbour in this Province, der insectious and either two Justices or the Select-Men of the Place, shall order the faid Persons to the Vessel to the Province Hospital; and the Master or Mariners of such Vessel, Hospital. shall refuse or delay by the Space of six Hours after said Order, given to faid Mafter or either of the Owners of faid Vessel, or of the Factors of either of said Owners, to come to sail, if Wind and Weather permit, in order to proceed to faid Hospital, the Master of said Vessel shall forfeit and pay

Zzzz

Lottery for Building a Bridge.

Penalty for Disobedience to the Act.

the Sum of One Hundred Pounds, and fuffer fix Months Imprisonment; one half of faid Fine to be to the Informer or Profecutor, and the other half to the Poor of the Town or District, to which such Port or Harbour belongs; the Offender to be profecuted in any Court of Justice proper to try the fame.

#### CHAP. IV.

An Act for raising the Sum of One Thousand two Hundred Pounds by Lottery, for building and maintaining a Bridge over Saco and Pefumpfcot Rivers, in the County of York.

Preamble.

THERE AS the Eastern Part of Said County of York has been formerly broke up by the Enemy, and the getting Troops to their Relief is extreamly difficult, if not impracticable in some Seasous of the Year, there being no passing in Boats or any other Way over the Rivers of Saco and Pelumpscot, and the building a Bridge over faid Rivers, will be of public Service:

Lottery al-lowed to be fet up for building and Bridge over Saco and Pe-Sumpscot Rivers in the County of York.

Be it therefore enaced by the Governour, Council and House of Representatives, That Sir William Pepperrell, Baronet, Daniel Moulton, Edward Milliken, Joseph Sayer, and Rushworth Jordan, Esqrs; Messieurs Benjamin maintaining a Chadburn, and Stephen Longfellow, or any three of them, be and hereby are allowed and impowered to let up and carry on a Lottery or Lotteries, which shall amount to such a Sum as by deducting ten per Cent. out of each Prize. will raise the Sum of One Thousand two Hundred Pounds, to be applied by them, or any three of them, towards building and maintaining a good and fufficient Bridge over each of faid Rivers of Saco and Pefumpfcot, at or near the lower Falls of faid Rivers, and for de reying the necessary Charges of the Lottery aforesaid: And the said Sir William Pepperrell, Daniel Moulton, Edward Milliken, Joseph Sayer, Rushworth Jordan, Efgrs; Benjamin Chadburn, and Stephn Longfellow, or any three of them, may, and hereby are, impowered to make all necessary Rules for the regular Proceeding therein, and shall be sworn to the faithful Discharge of their Trust aforesaid, and be answerable to the Owners of the Tickets, and for any Deficiency or Misconduct; and that the Monies fo raifed, shall be applied for the Uses and Purposes aforesaid, and no other. And if the Sum raised shall be more than fufficient (after paying of the Charges of the Lottery) to build the faid Bridges, the Surplufage shall be lodged in the Hands of the Treasurer of the County of York, to be drawn out and applied towards Repairs of the faid Bridges.

CHAP. V.

An Act for Incorporating a Neck of Land called Merriconeag-Neck, and certain Islands adjacent in the County of York, into a seperate District by the Name of Harpswell.

Preamble,

THEREAS the Inhabitants of Merriconeag-Neck, and the Islands adjacent, have bumbly represented to this Court the Difficulties and great Inconveniencies they labour under, in their present Situation, and have earnestly requested that they may be invested with the Powers, Privileges and Immunities of a District : Therefore,

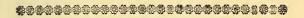
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Be it enanted by the Gebernoue, Council, and Houfe of Representa: Lands in the tibes, That the faid Neck of Land, beginning where brunfwick Line inter York erected fects the upper End of faid Neck, which is four Rods above the Narrows into a Diffrict. of faid Neck, commonly called the Carrying Place, from thence including the whole of faid Neck down to the Sea, together with the Islands adjacent, hereafter mentioned; viz. Great Sebasco-degin Island, alias Shapleighs Island, Little Sebaseo degrie- fland, and Wills-Island, lying to the South East Side of Bounds therefaid Neck; Birch-Island, Whites-Island, and the two Goofe Islands, lying on the ot. North West Side of faid Neck, and Damariscove-Islands, lying at the lower End of faid Neck, be and hereby are Incorporated into a seperate District by the Name of Harpfwell.

And the Inhabitants of faid Neck of Land, and Islands, shall be and TheirPowers, hereby are invested with all the Powers, Privileges and Immunities, that &c. the feveral Towns in this Province by Law do or may enjoy, that of fend-

ing a Representative only excepted.

And he it further enacted, That John Minot, Eig; be and hereby is impowered to iffue his Warrant to fome principal Ichabitant of the faid Diffrict, how to be requiring him in his Majesty's Name to warn and notify the faid Inhabi-notify'd. tants, qualified to vote in Town Affairs, to meet together at such Time and Place in faid Diffrict, as by faid Warrant shall be appointed, to chule such Officers as the Law directs, and may be necessary to manage the Affairs of faid Diffrict: And the faid Inhabitants being fo met, shall be and hereby are impowered to chuse Officers accordingly.

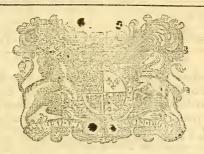


#### BOSTON. N. E.

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# Acts and Laws

Paffed by the Great and General Court or Affembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England: Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-fifth: Day of May 1757. And continued by Prorogations to Thursday the fecond Day of March following, and then met.

#### CHAP. VI.

#### An Act to prevent Bribery and Corruption.

t it enaced by the Governour, Council and House of Representatives, That it any Person shall directly or indirectly give, or engage to pay any Sum of Money, or other valuable Consideration to anongage any ther, in order to induce such other Person to procure for him by his Interest, Sum of Mo-Influence or any other Means whatsoever, any Office or Place of Trust with new for the control of the control o in this Government, and be thereof convict, shall forseit a Sum not exceed- Office or Place ing One Hundred Pounds, nor less than Twenty Pounds, at the Discretion of to a Penalty. the Court which shall have Cognizance of the same, and be rendered for ever after incapable of fustaining any Office or Place of Trust within this Province. Persons who

And be it further enaced, That if any Person shall receive of another any shall receive Sum of Money, or other valuable Confideration as a Reward for procuring, any Sum of Money &c. for Money &c. for or to procure any Office or Place of Trust within this Government, for any procuring any other Person, and be thereof convicted, shall forfeit a Sum not exceeding Office or Place One Hundred Pounds, nor less than Twenty Pounds, at the Discretion of the of Trust lia-Court which shall have Cognizance of the same. And if such Offender be ble to aPenalin any fuch Office, he shall on the Conviction be disabled from holding the ty. fame, and be for ever after incapable of fustaining any Office or Place of Trust within this Province.

And for the more easy Conviction of such Offenders:

Be it further enaded, That if either of the Parties offending as aforesaid, Persons inshall give Information uponOath against the other offending Party, and shall forming freed duly prosecute said Information, such Informer shall be freed from every the from Penalties. Penalties aforesaid.

### 492 Hingham Meadows and flat Ground.

Offences to be tried before the Court of Affize.

And all Offences against this Act, shall be heard, tryed and determined before the Superiour Court of Judicature, Court of Assize and General Goal Delivery; and all pecuniary Penalties accruing thereby, shall be one Third thereof to the Informer, and the other two Thirds to the Province.

#### CHAP. VII.

An Act for Regulating the Proprietors of the Meadow and Flat-Ground within the Cove called the *LittleHarbour* in the Township of *Hingham*, in the County of *Suffolk*.

Preamble.

WHERE AS the Proprietors of the Meadow and Flat-Ground within the County of Suffolk, in the Year One Thousand seven Hundred and forty, at a great Expence erested a Dam at the Mouth of said Harbour, by Means of which the same yearly produces a considerable Quantity of Thatch; but that a growing Charge arises from Time to Time in keeping the said Dam in Repair, and that of letting in and drawing off the Water as is necessary, and that the same for Time to come may be well Regulated, and the Charge thereof equally born:

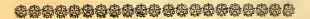
Proprietors invested with the Powers and Privileges of calling Meetings &c.

Be it enaced by the Governour, Council and House of Representatives, That the Proprietors aforesaid be and hereby are invested with the same Powers and Privileges of calling and regulating Meetings, and choosing proper Officers, as the Proprietors of Common and undivided Lands by Law are invested with; and by a major Vote of the Proprietors (to be collected according to their Interest) may make Orders and Rules as they shall judge necessary, touching the Repairing or making any Dam or Dams, and drawing off the Water, and grant and raise any Tax or Taxes for the defreying their necessary Charges, to be affessed and levied on the several Occupants of such Meadow or Flatts, in Manner as by Law public Taxes are to be levied.

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Passed by the Great and General Court or Assembly of His Majesty's Province of the Massachusetts-Bay in New-England : Begun and Held at Boston, upon Wednesday the twenty-fifth Day of May 1757. And continued by Prorogations and Adjournment to Tuesday the eighteenth Day of April following, and then met.

#### CHAP. VIII.

An Act for preventing Lofs or Damage by Means of a Non-observance of a late Act of this Province, Intitled An Act for granting to his Majesty several Duties upon Vellum, Parchment and Paper, for two Years, towards defreying the Charges of this Government.

THEREAS during the Continuance of a late Ast of this Province, Intitled Preamble An Act for granting to his Majesty several Duties upon Vellum, Parchment and Paper, for two Years, towards defreying the Charges of this Government, made in the twenty-eighth Year of his present Majesty's Reign, there were divers Deeds and Mortgages of Real Estates, and Bonds, wrote on Vellum, Parchment and Paper, with a Stamp thereon different from what was required by faid Act, and divers others wrote on unstamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper, whereby many innocent Persons are likely to be great

Be it enaded by the Bovernour, Council, and House of Representas Deeds, Morttities, That all fuch Deeds, Mortgages and Bouds, be and are hereby de- gages, &c clared as valid and effectual to all Intents and Purpoles, as if they had been unflamped &c wrote on Vellum, Parchment and Paner, marked and fearment in Marchment in March wrote on Vellum, Parchment and Paper, marked and stamped in Manner as by faid Law required.

For Remedy whereof,

Sufferers:

Bbbbb

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